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Continental Securities 5s, 1942 Cuban Tobacco 5s, 1944
M. W. Kellogg 6s, 1938
Mayflower Hotel 2nd 61/2s, 1948 Portland Gas & Coke 5s, 1940

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Ohio Power4	%s. 1956
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September 17, 1928

Dividends

PREFERRED DIVIDENDS Michigan Electric Power Company

At a meeting of the Board of Directors the regular quarterly dividends of one and three-quarters per cent. (14%) on the 7% Preferred Stock, and one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the 6% Preferred Stock were declared, both payable October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 15, 1928.

C. B. ZEIGLER, Treasurer.

PREFERRED DIVIDENDS

Ohio Electric Power Company

At a meeting of the Board of Directors the regular quarterly dividends of one and three-quarters per cent. (114%) on the 7% Preferred Stock, and one and one-half per cent. (114%) on the 6% Preferred Stock were declared, both payable October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 20, 1928.

C. B. ZEIGLER, Treasurer.

PREFERRED DIVIDENDS

Virginia Public Service Company

At a meeting of the Board of Directors the regular quarterly dividends of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¼%) on the 7% Preferred Stock, and one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the 6% Preferred Stock were declared, both payable October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 17, 1928.

C. B. ZEIGLER, Treasurer.



General Ice Cream Corporation

Schenectady, New York A regular quarterly dividend of 75¢ per share has been declared on the outstanding Common Stock of this Company, payable October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 24, 1928.

L. C. ANDERSEN, Secretary

September 14, 1928.

We are pleased to announce that

Mr. Varnum S. Evans

is now associated with us in charge of our

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NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF
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RAILROAD FIRST AND REFUNDING
MORTGAGE 5% BONDS OF
DECEMBER 1, 1939.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned
as Trustee under the Indenture securing the
above bonds, has funds in the amount of \$125,000,
which is to be applied to the purchase and retirement of bonds.
Offers of bonds will be received up to the
close of business September 21, 1928, and should
be addressed to the undersigned at 231 South La
Salle Street, Chicago, Illinois. The right is
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in part.

in part.
ILLINOIS MERCHANTS TRUST COMPANY.
By F. E. MUSGROVE, Assistant Secretary.

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120 Broadway

New York City

\$7 Preferred Stock \$6 Preferred Stock \$5 Preferred Stock Quarterly Dividends

Quarterly Dividends
The Board of Directors has declared the regular
quarterly dividend of \$1.75 per share on the
7 Preferred Stock and \$1.50 per share on the
6 Preferred Stock, payable October 1, 1928, to
stockholders of record at the close of business
september 15, 1928, and \$1.25 per share on the
75 Preferred Stock, payable November 1, 1928,
to stockholders of record at the close of business
October 15, 1928.

LAMAR ALDRIDGE, Treasurer.

Birmingham Electric Company

The regular quarterly dividends of \$1.75 per share on the \$7 Preferred Stock and \$1.50 per share on the \$6 Preferred stock of the Birmingham Electric Company have been declared for payment on October 1, 1928, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on September 12, 1928.

A. C. RAY, Asst. Treasurer.

Panama Power & Light Corporation Preferred Stock Dividend No. 46.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1½% on the Preferred Stock of the Panama Power & Light Corporation has been declared for payment October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 13, 1928. A. C. RAY, Treasurer.

General Baking Company Preferred Stock Dividend No. 67

New York, September 11, 1928.

A dividend of Two Dollars (\$2.00) a share on the Preferred Stock of this Company will be paid on September 29, 1928, to stockholders of record as at the close of business September 21, 1928.

A. A. CLARKE, Treasurer.

THE NATIONAL SUPPLY COMPANY
OF DELAWARE

A quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters
per cent (\$1.75 per share) on the Preferred Stock
of The National Supply Company of Delaware
has been declared, payable September 29th, 1928,
to Preferred Stockholders of record at close of
business September 19th, 1928.

J. H. BARR, Chairman.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON
COMPANY
Edison Building
Los Angeles, California
The regular quarterly dividend of 2% on the outstanding Original Preferred Stock (being Original Preferred Stock Dividend No. 77) will be paid on October 15, 1928 to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 20, 1928.
EDGAR G. MILLER, Treasurer.

Kansas City, September 12, 1928.
Directors of White Eagle Oil and Refining
Company declared quarterly dividend fifty cents
per share payable October 20th to stockholders
of record September 28th. Increase of twentyfive cents per share from last dividend.

WHITE EAGLE OIL AND REFG. CO.

Bibidends

PIE BAKERIES OF AMERICA, Inc.

Newark, N. J., September 12, 1928. Newark, N. J., September 12, 1928.
The Directors of Pie Bakeries of America, Inc., have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 134% upon the 7% Cumulative Preferred Stock, payable October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 15, 1928.

F. W. BIRKENMANN.

F. W. BIRKENHAUER, President,

Warren Brothers Company Preferred Stock Dividend No. 106

Dividends of one and one-half per cent (1½%) on the First Preferred Stock and one of one and three-quarters per cent (1½%) on the Second Preferred Stock of this Company have been declared for the quarter ending September 30, 1928, payable on October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 17, 1928.

E. SUTCLIFFE, treasurer.

Warren Brothers Company Common Stock Dividend

A quarterly dividend of One Dollar (\$1.00) per share has been declared on the Common Stock of this Company, payable on October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 17, 1928.

E. SUTCLIFFE, Treasurer.

Florida Power & Light Company PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.

PREFERRED SIOCA DIVIDEND.

The regular quarterly dividend of \$1.75 a share on the Preferred Stock of Florida Power & Light Company has been declared, payable October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 12, 1928.

A. C. RAY, Treasurer.

KANSAS GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.

Wichita, Kansas

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 74.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and threequarters per cent. (1½%) on the Preferred Stock
of this Company has been declared for payment
October 1, 1928, to preferred stockholders of
record at the close of business September 14, 1928.

P. F. GOW, Treasurer.

THE DETROIT EDISON COMPANY 60 Broadway, New York, September 5, 1 60 Broadway, New York, September 5, 1928. A quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. (\$2.00 share) on the Capital Stock of the Company ill be paid on October 15, 1928 to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 20, 1928. The stock transfer books of the Company will not be closed. will not be closed.
S. C. MUMFORD, Treasurer

El Paso Electric Co.

Preferred SeriesA Dividend No. 18

A \$1.75 quarterly dividend is payable OCT. 15, to stockholders of record OCT. 1, 1928.

Transfer Agent Stone & Webster, Inc.

financ al



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Dibidends

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DELAWARE

New York, September 13, 1928

THE Board of Directors have de-clared a regular quarterly dividend of 40c per share, being at the rate of \$1.60 per annum on the Cumulative Convertible Participating Class A Stock of this Company payable October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of buser 20, 1928. Checks to be mailed. Transfer books will not close.

> J. LYMAN PRATT Treamrer

FLOUR MILLS
OF AMERICA, INC.
Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 11, 1928.
The Board of Directors of Flour Mills of America, Inc., have declared the regular quarterly dividend of Two Dollars (\$2.00) per share on the \$8 Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series A, payable October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 15, 1928.
THAD. L. HOFFMAN, President.

Bibidends

THE TEXAS CORPORATION



A dividend of three percent (3%) on the par value of the shares of The Texas Corporation was declared on August 14, 1928, payable as follows: (a) on October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record as shown by the books of the corporation at the close of business on September 7, 1928, and (b) on or after October 1, 1928, to the holders of record as shown by the books of the depositary at the close of business on September 7, 1928, of certificates of deposit issued by Blair & Co., Inc. under and in accordance with the offer of exchange authorized by the Board of Directors on behalf of this corporation on January 19, 1928, as and when this cor-Corporation was declared on August 14, January 19, 1928, as and when this corporation, being advised that such certificates of deposit have been surrendered, has issued its own definitive stock certificates in exchange for shares of California Petroleum Corporation.

The stock transfer books will remain open.

C. E. WOODBRIDGE, Treasurer. August 14, 1928.

GENERAL BAKING CORPORATION

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of One Dollar and Twenty-five Cents (\$1.25) per share on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable on October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 18, 1928.

R. E. PETERSON.

September 11, 1928.

UTAH COPPER CO.

A quarterly distribution of \$2 per share has this day been declared payable Sept. 29, 1928 record Sept. 14, 1928.

C. V. JENKINS, Treasurer.

Dated Sept. 5, 1928.

NEVADA CONSOLIDATED COPPER CO.

A quarterly distribution of 37½ cents per share has this day been declared payable Sept. 29, 1928, record Sept. 14, 1928.

C. V. JENKINS, Treasure Dated Sept. 5, 1928.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON
COMPANY
Edison Building
Los Angeles, California
The regular quarterly dividend of 1.375% on the outstanding Series "C" 5½% Preferred Stock (being Series "C" 5½% Preferred Stock Dividend No. 5) will be paid on October 15, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 20, 1928.
EDGAR G. MILLER, Treasurer.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH AND CABLE CORPORATION

New York, September 12, 1928.

The Directors of the Postal Telegraph and Cable Corporation at their meeting September 12, 1928, authorized the quarterly dividend of 1%% on the 7% Non-cumulative Preferred Stock, payable October 1, 1928, to Stockholders of record September 21, 1928.

E. de C. JAMES, Treasurer.

Electric Bond & Share Securities Corporation

Capital Stock Dividend

A dividend of 25 cents per share on the capital stock of the Electric Bond and Share Securities Corporation has been declared for payment October 15, 1928, to stockholders of record September 17, 1928.

A. C. RAY, Treasurer.

INTERNATIONAL PAPER COMPANY
New York, August 29, 1928.
The Board of Directors have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one and three quarters per cent (1½%) on the Cumulative 7% Preferred Stock of this Company, and a regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent (1½%) on the Cumulative 6% Preferred Stock of this Company, for the current quarter, payable October 15, 1928, to holders of record at the close of business, September 20, 1928.
Checks to be mailed. Transfer books will not lose.

OWEN SHEPHERD, Vice-President and Treasur

Financial

If You Are Puzzled About the Investment to Make-

TOU will find that this organization can help you with your investment problems no matter how "knotty" they may appear to you.

We have a well organized Investors' Advisory Department which will gladly help you analyze your security holdings or tell you what investments are best suited to your needs.

You are under no obligations to us we will be more than happy to serve you.

> Write, call or phone for Special Letter CF-362

AMERICAN BOND & MORTGAGE CO.

Capital and Surplus over \$9,000,000

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Philadelphia Cleveland Detroit Buffalo

AMERICA!

345 Madison Avenue New York City

and over 30 other cities

Established 1904

AN OLD RESPONSIBLE HOUSE ROTHERED

Incorporated

Bibidenbs

LEHIGH VALLEY COALSALES CO.

The Board of Directors of the Lehish Valley Coal Sales Company have declared a dividend of Ninety Cents per share, payable Oct. 1st 1928, to those stockholders of the company who are holders of full-share certificates of stock. registered on the company's books at the close of business, Sept. 17th 1928. Checks will be mailed. W. J. BURTON, Secretary & Treasurer.

INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CORPORATION

New York, Sept. 13, 1928.

The Directors of the International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation at their meeting September 13th, authorized the regular quarterly dividend of 1½% payable October 15, 1928, to stockholders of record September 21, 1928.

H. B. ORDE, Treasurer.

United Shoe Machinery Corporation

The Directors of this Corporation have declared a dividend of 37½ cents per share on the Preferred capital stock. They have also declared a dividend of \$1.62½ cents per share on the Common capital stock. The dividends on both Prefired and Common stock are payable October 5 1928 to Stockholders of record at the close of business September 18 1928.

H. E. ABBEY, Treasurer.

Dividends

Fort Worth Power & Light Company

Preferred Stock Dividend No. 69 The regular quarterly dividend No. 69

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three quarters (1¾%) per cent on the Preferred Stock of Fort Worth Power & Light Company has been declared for payment November 1, 1928 to stockholders of record at the close of business October 15, 1928.

R. B. BOYLE, Treasurer.

R. B. BOYLE, Treasurer.

SECOND INTERNATIONAL SECURITIES CORPORATION

Dividends for the quarter ending September 30, 1928, have been declared as follows:

Cumulative First Preferred Stock, 6% series . Cumulative Second Preferred Stock, 6% Series..... 0.75 Class A Common Stock 0.371/2

Payable October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 15, 1928. Dividends will be paid through Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

Stacy V. Jones Secretary

September 11, 1928

\$5,000,000 Loan School District of Philadelphia

41/4% Serial Gold Bonds

Dated October 15, 1928

Free of All Tax, Including the Federal Income Tax

The bonds will be interchangeable, coupon or registered. Registered bonds to be in denominations of \$100 each or in multiples thereof.

Coupon bonds to be issued only in denominations of \$1,000, \$10,000 and \$100,000 each.

\$250,000 of loan will mature each year from April 15, 1939, to April 15, 1958.

Interest payable April 15 and October 15 of each year.

Both the registered and coupon bonds of this loan shall be fully interchangeable from registered to coupon bonds and from coupon to registered bonds.

SEALED PROPOSALS

will be received by Edward Merchant, Secretary, in the Office of The Board of Public Education, Keystone Building, 19th Street above Chestnut, Philadelphia, until 3 o'clock P. M.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1928

for five million dollars (\$5,000,000) school loan on conditions as follows:

FIVE MILLION DOLLARS (\$5,000,000) SCHOOL LOAN

for the purpose of raising the necessary funds for procuring sites and erecting buildings and additions for elementary and high schools in the School District of Philadelphia, authorized by resolution of The Board of Public Education, School District of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, approved September 11, 1928.

The said sum of five million dollars (\$5,000,000) will bear interest at the rate of four and one-quarter per centum (4½%) per annum. Interest payable semi-annually on the fifteenth days of April and October, the first payment of interest to be made on the fifteenth day of April, 1929, said loan and interest thereon to be payable free from all taxes.

Proposals must be submitted upon blanks to be obtained from the

No bid will be considered unless accompanied by a certified check drawn to the order of the School District of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, for two per centum (2%) of the par value of the bonds bid for.

Checks or certificates accompanying bids not accepted will be returned to the bidders within forty-eight hours after the opening of the bids. Deposits of successful bidders will applied in partial payment of the amount of the loan awarded them.

Settlement in full for the loan awarded must be made with the Secretary on Monday, October 15, 1928.

Bids at less than par will not be considered.

The Board of Public Education reserves the right to reject any or all proposals, or to award any portion of the loan for which bids shall be received, as it may deem best for the interest of the School District of Philadelphia.

Being municipal bonds, certificates of the School District of Philadelphia constitute legal investments for trust funds and estates.

Bids may be made for "all or none" or for any portion of the issue.

THE BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION

School District of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

EDWARD MERCHANT, Secretary.

TRUST SHARES

Dividends Payable Semi-Annually Against Coupons Attached to Certificates.

FIXED TRUST SHARES are sold to investors by estab-lished investment houses and banks in most of the important cities of the United States and in several foreign countries.

Booklet on Request

American Basic-Business Shares Corporation, Depositor, 67 Wall Street, New York

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, Trustee

Bibibenhe

The New York Central Railroad Co.

New York, Sept. 12, 1928.

A Dividend of Two Dollars (\$2.00) per share on the capital stock of this Company has been declared payable Nov. 1 1928, at the office of the General Treasurer, to stockholders of record at the close of business Sept. 28, 1928.

H. G. SNELLING, General Treasurer.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY New York, September 13, 1928. PREFERRED STOCK.

A dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. (1½%) on the Preferred Stock of Southern Railway Company has been declared payable on October 15, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 24, 1928.

COMMON STOCK

A dividend of two per cent. (2%) on the Common Stock of Southern Railway Company has been declared payable on November 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 1, 1928.

Cheques in payment of these dividends will be mailed to all stockholders of record at their addresses as they appear on the books of the Company unless otherwise instructed in writing.

C. E. A. McCARTHY, Secretary.

Federal Water Service Corporation

Notice of Dividends on PREFERRED STOCKS

The Board of Directors of Federal Water Service Corporation has declared the regular quar-terly dividends of one dollar seventy-five cents (\$1.75) a share on the \$7 Preferred Stock and one dollar sixty-two and one-half cents (\$1.62½) a share on the \$6.50 Preferred Stock, both pay-able October 1, 1928, to stock-holders of record at the close of business September 20, 1928.

The transfer books will not be

WALTER A. CULIN, Treasurer.

Insuranshares Corporation

New York, September 12, 1928.
Preference Stock Dividend No. 6.

A regular quarterly dividend of 1½% has been declared on the Preference Stock of this Corporation, payable October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 20, 1928.

EDWARD W. ERNST, Treasurer.

CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDENDS

The regular quarterly dividends of \$1.75 per share on the \$7 Preferred Stock and \$1.50 per share on the \$6 Preferred Stock of the Carolina Power & Light Company have been declared for payment on October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 15, 1928.

A. C. RAY, Treasurer.

Pennsylvania Power & Light Company Cumulative Preferred Stock Dividends

Cumulative Preferred Stock Dividends
The regular quarterly dividends of one
dollar and seventy-five cents (\$1.75) per
share on the \$7 Cumulative Preferred Stock
and one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) per share
on the \$6 Cumulative Preferred Stock of the
Pennsylvania Power & Light Company have
been declared for payment on October 1, 1928,
to Stockholders of record at the close of business
September 15, 1928.

C. M. WALTER, Treasurer.

West Penn Power Company

NOTICE OF DIVIDENDS

The Board of Directors has declared quarterly dividend No. 51 of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¼%) upon the 7% Cumulative Preferred Stock, and quarterly dividend No. 12 of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) upon the 6% Cumulative Preferred Stock of West Penn Power Company, for the quarter ending October 31, 1928, both payable November 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business on October 5, 1928.

G. E. MURRIE, Secretary.

Dibidends

Midland Utilities Company

Notice of Dividends

The Board of Directors of the Midland Utilities Com-pany has declared the following regular quarterly dividends:

One and three-quarters per cent (13/4%) on each share of the outstanding seven per cent (7%) Prior Lien Stock.

One and one-half per cent (1½%) on each share of the outstanding six per cent (6%) Prior Lien Stock.

One and three-quarters per cent (134%) on each share of the outstanding seven per cent (7%) Class A Preferred Stock.

One and one-half per cent (1½%) on each share of the outstanding six per cent (6%) Class A Preferred Stock.

The above dividends are payable October 6, 1928 to stockholders of record September 22, 1928.

B. P. SHEARON,

AMERICAN GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

Preferred Stock Dividend

New York, September 12, 1928.

The regular quarterly dividend of One Dollar and Fifty Cents (\$1.50) per share on the issued and outstanding no par value Preferred cap tal stock of the company has been declared out of the surplus net earnings of the company ter the quarter ending October 31, 1928, payable November 1, 1928, to holders of such stock of record on the books of the company at the close of business October 10, 1928, and payable to stockholders who have not, prior to October 10, 19.8, surrendered their certificates for par value shares in exchange for no par value shares upon the making of such exchange. New York, September 12, 1928.

FRANK B. BALL, Secretary.

AMERICAN GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

Common Stock Dividend

New York, September 12, 1928.

New York, September 12, 1928.

The regular quarterly dividend of Twenty-five Cents (25c) per share on the no par value Common capital stock of the company has been declared out of the surplus net earnings of the company for the quarter ending September 30, 19.8, payable October 1, 1928, to holders of such stock of record on the books of the company at the close of business September 17, 1928.

FRANK B. BALL, Secretary.

ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE CO.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 92 The regular quarterly dividend of one and one half (1½%) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE COMPANY has been declared for payment on November 1, 1928, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 13, 1928.

A. C. RAY, Treasurer.

KAUFMANN DEPARTMENT STORES, Inc.

Preferred Dividend No. 63

Pittsburgh, Pa., September 12, 1928.
The Directors have declared a Dividend of \$1.75 per share on the Preferred Stock, payable October 1, 1928, to all holders of record September 20, 1928.
Cheques will be mailed.
OLIVER M. KAUFMANN, Treasurer.

150th DIVIDEND DECLARED

The Home Insurance Company 59 MAIDEN LANE

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS has this day declared a quarterly dividend of FIVE PER CENT on the Capital Stock, payable October 1, 1928, to stockholders of record September 20, 1928, or their legal representatives.

V. P. WYATT, Secretary.

New York, September 10, 1928.

MO22



The largest training school in the industrial world

THE Bell System employs more than 350,000 people; and throughout the System training courses are provided not only for the details of the every-day work, but for the new duties and new responsibilities which telephone expansion and improvement are creating each year.

Why conservative investment counselors recommend American Telephone and Telegraph Co. securities

Bell System Service has grown and

is growing with the nation. Its management is far-sighted, conservative, and yet progressive. The System has a plant investment of more than \$3,000,000,000. It operates more than 59,000,000 miles of wire, of which more than 39,000,000 miles are in underground cables. American Telephone and Telegraph Company owns more than 93% of the combined common stocks of the Associated Companies in the Bell System which furnishes an indispensable service to the nation.

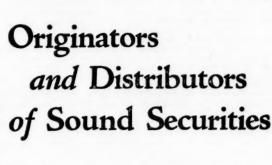
Write for booklet "Some Financial Facts"

BELL TELEPHONE SECURITIES CO. Inc.

195 Broadway



New York City



This Company underwrites and distributes conservative investment securities, offering a complete investment service to individual investors, banks, corporations, institutions and estates.

St FIRST NATIONAL COMPANY
Investment Division of the First National Bank
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New England's Largest Financial Institution

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1784 * 1928

as their bank, not only because of its age and its size, but because of the convenience of finding every banking facility under one roof. You are invited to make use of its services.

Capital and Surplus, \$50,000,000

Rotices

Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc.

Notice of Redemption of Class A Stock and Expiration of Conversion Privilege.

To the Holders of Class A Stock of Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc.:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc., a Delaware corporation, pursuant to the provisions of its Certificate of Incorporation as amended, has called, and does hereby call, for redemption the entire outstanding Class A Stock of said Corporation on the next dividend date, viz., on December 1, 1928, at the redemption price of \$17 per share together with all unpaid accumulated or accrued dividends thereon to the date fixed for such redemption, amounting in all to \$21.50 per share, payable at the principal office of The New York Trust Company, Transfer Agent, 100 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Accordingly, on December 1, 1928, there will become and be due and payable to every holder of record of shares of said Class A Stock, upon surrender of his certificate or certificates therefor (duly assigned in blank for transfer) at the principal office of The New York Trust Company, 100 Broadway, New York, N. Y., the sum of \$21.50 for each such share.

On and after December 1, 1928, dividends on said Class A Stock

On and after December 1, 1928, dividends on said Class A Stock shall cease to accrue and all rights of the holders thereof as stock-holders of said Corporation shall, after such redemption date, cease and determine, except only the right of the holder to receive the redemption price, but without interest. The transfer books for said Class A Stock will be closed at the close of business on November 30, 1928, and will not be reopened.

The rights of the holders of the Class A Stock to convert their shares into Common Stock of the Corporation shall cease and determine at the close of business on December 1, 1928.

Holders of Class A Stock may convert said stock into Common Stock of the Corporation, share for share, by surrendering their certificate or certificates for Class A Stock for the purpose of such conversion, duly assigned in blank for transfer, before the close of business on December 1, 1928, at the principal office of The New York Trust Company, Transfer Agent, 100 Broadway, New York, N. Y. The holders of certificates for Class A Stock not so converted by December 1, 1928 shall not be entitled to convert said stock after said date but shall be entitled only to receive the redemption price of \$21.00 per share on or after the redemption date, as above stated.

By order of the Board of Directors,

WARNER BROS. PICTURES, INC.

Dated September 12, 1928.

HARRY M. WARNER, President.

Chartered 1836



Institutions Desiring Philadelphia Connections

are invited to avail themselves of the Banking, Trust, Real Estate and other facilities of this Company, which is now serving many clients in other cities.

The continued growth of this Company, without consolidation, since its establishment under perpetual charter in 1836, is evidence of the satisfactory service rendered

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY

Broad & Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia

financial.

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL COMPANY

Government, municipal, railroad, public utility, real estate, industrial and foreign securities

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1412 First Wisconsin Nat'l Bank Building MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

731 Metropolitan Bank Building CLEVELAND, OHIO

1637 Union Trust Building

ST. LOUIS, MO. 1703 Boatmen's Bank Building NEW YORK
5 Nassau Street

HOUSTON, TEX. 505 First National Bank Building

KANSAS CITY, MO. 209 Dwight Building

DES MOINES, IA. 214 Equitable Building

WICHITA, KANSAS 1006 Union National Bank Building

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of chicago

POWER CORPORATION OF CANADA

-LIMITED

Appraisals - Financing - Engineering - Investigation - Operation - Management

Controlling through stock ownership or holding a substantial interest in:

BRITISH COLUMBIA POWER CORPORATION.

DOMINION POWER AND TRANSMISSION COMPANY, LIMITED

SOUTHERN CANADA POWER COMPANY, LIMITED

CANADA NORTHERN POWER CORPORATION.
LIMITED EAST KOOTENAY POWER COMPANY, LIMITED MANITOBA POWER COMPANY, LIMITED

WINNIPEG ELECTRIC COMPANY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

A. J. NESBITT, Montrea President

A. W. McLIMONT, Winnipeg Col. J. R. MOODIE, Hamilton

J. B. WOODYATT, Montreal Vice-President

J. M. ROBERTSON, Montreal

P. A. THOMSON, Montreal

N. A. TIMMINS, Montreal

GROSS EARNINGS	1927 \$796,634.93 135,182.86	1926 \$324,476.92 78,090.69
NET EARNINGS	 \$661,452.07	\$246,386.23

1	Balance S	heet as	at June 30th,	1928	
A	SSETS		LIA	BILITIES	
	1928	1927	To Public-	1928	1927
Cash on hand and in			Bank and other loans	\$ 1,299,940.74	\$ 1,086,966.1
Bank	\$ 4,071,344.90 \$	57,610.74	Accounts and Accrued		****
nvestments in Com-			Liabilities	1,381,948.75	299,915.4
mon Stocks of and			Dividend payable July		
advances to affiliated		7 012 500 00	15, 1928 on 6% Cum.	75 000 00	75,000.0
companies	10,471,234.21	7,012,599.08 3,496,835.92	Preferred Stock 6% Non-Cumulative	75,000.00	75,000.0
Other Investments Accounts Receivable—	13,927,529.01	3,470,033.72	Participating Pref.		
Including Accrued			Stock	75,000.00	
Revenue	307,182,36	806,082.12	5% 30-year Convertible		
Miscellaneous Assets.	8,680.36	10,595.39	debentures, Series A.		
	,		due 1957	4,979,500.00	
				\$ 7,811,389.49	\$ 1 461 881 5
			To Shareholders-	* * (011,00).1)	¥ 1,101,001.0
	/		Capital Stock First		
/			Cum. 6% Pref., Auth.		
/			50,000 shs. \$100. each	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
/			issued 50,000 shs	5,000,000.00	5,000,000.0
/			Non-Cumulative 6%		
/			Participating Pref.		
			Authorized 100,000		
/			shs. \$50. each issued 100,000 shs. / 50,000		
			shs	5,000,000.00	2,500,000.0
/			Common Stock no par	3,000,000.00	2,300,000.0
			value auth. 1,000,000		
/			shs., issued 200,205/		
			160,000 shs	3,495,500.00	1,875,000.0
/			Paid in by subscribers		
			to capital stock	5,541,174.03	
			Miscellaneous reserve.	255,975.19	1,595.8
			Profit and Loss	1,681,932.13	545,245.9
	\$28,785,970.84 \$	11.383.723.25		\$28,785,970.84	\$11.383 723 2

Signed on behalf of the Board A. J. NESBITT, Director J. B. WOODYATT, Director

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE

The President and Shareholders Power Corporation of Canada, Limited.

We have examined the books and accounts of the Power Corporation of Canada, Limited and certify that the foregoing Balance Sheet and relative Statement of Surplus exhibits a true and correct view of the state of the Corporation's affairs at that date and the results from the operations thereof according to the information and explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Company We have received all the information and explanations required by us.

Montreal, 27th. August 1928.

(Sgd.) P. S. ROSS & SONS, Chartered Accountants

Profit and Loss Account

Balance at Credit 1st, July 1927		545,245,91
Earnings for year ended 30th. June 1928		1,802,557.44
Premium on Preferred Stock Issued		500,000.00
Interest	\$178,371.22	
Dividend on 6% Cumulative Preferred Stock	300,000.00	
Dividend on 6% Non-Cumulative Participating Preferred Stock.	187,500.00	
Discount on Debentures issued.	350,000.00	
Transferred to General Reserve	150,000.00	
Balance at Credit 30th. June 1928	1,681,932.13	

\$ 2,847,803.35 \$ 2,847,803.35

Magnitude of Operations

The following condensed statement of the operations of the public utility companies which Power Corporation of Canada, Limited, controls, or is substantially interested in, is indicative of the magnitude of its operations. It comprises the operations of the above named Companies.

(1) Combined gross earnings for the fiscal period

(2) Net earnings for the same period available for Reserves and Common Dividends.

Dividends

(3) Total k.w. hours generated.

(4) Total plant capacity (horse-power).

(5) Projects under development.

(6) Undeveloped power sites

(7) Total ultimate capacity of plants....

1926 1927

1928

,974,984.90 \$14,681,610.14 \$27,432,824.00

2,072,651.83 4,312,128.00 1,153,262,000 1,674,170,411 436,600 689,172 48,000 92,700 263,000 569,928 747,600 1,351.800 1,891,703.65 850,000,000 400,000

The story of Power Corporation "What it is—What it does" sent on request Write to 330 Coristine Building, Montreal.





Financia!

NEW ISSUE

\$4,100,000

Salt River Valley Water Users' Association

Stewart Mountain Power Project 51/2% Serial Gold Bonds

Dated June 1, 1928

Due Serially October 1, 1931 to June 1, 1958, Incl.

Interest payable semi-annually April 1 and October 1 (first coupon payable October 1, 1928) without deduction for Normal Federal Income Tax not exceeding 2% per annum. Principal and interest payable at the office of Los Angeles-First National Trust & Savings Bank, Los Angeles, or at the Bankers Trust Company, New York City, or at the Harris Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago. Coupon bonds of \$1,000 denomination, registerable as to principal only. Redeemable as a whole at any time after June 1, 1938 at 100 and accrued interest pius a premium of ½ of 1% for each unexpired year, or fraction thereof, of the respective maturities, but not exceeding in any case 103 and accrued interest. The Association agrees to reimburse to owners resident in the respective states, upon proper application within sixty days after payment, the following state taxes in respect to these bonds: Any personal property taxes imposed by California, Pennsylvania or Connecticut not exceeding 4 mills per annum on each dollar of taxable value; any personal property taxes imposed by Michigan, Kentucky, Tennessee or the District of Columbia not exceeding 5 mills per annum on each dollar of taxable value; any Maryland securities taxes not exceeding 4½ mills per annum on each dollar of taxable value; or any Massachusetts income tax not exceeding 6% per annum on interest.

LOS ANGELES-FIRST NATIONAL TRUST & SAVINGS BANK, Los Angeles, TRUSTEE

Mr. F. A. Reid, President of the Association, summarizes from his letter to us as follows:

ORGANIZATION: Salt River Valley Water Users' Association was incorporated in Arizona on February 9, 1903, to co-operate with the United States Bureau of Reclamation in the development of the Salt River Project. The Association embraces approximately 240,000 acres of highly developed agricultural lands, in a compact area, surrounding the City of Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona. The population within the Association boundaries is officially estimated at 110,000. The average annual value of all products marketed from the Association during the past five years was \$24,000,000. The Project obtains its water supply from Roosevelt Lake and the flow of the Salt River, regulated and controlled by a series of impounding reservoirs, augmented by the uncontrolled flow of the Verde River.

These bonds are being issued and sold for the purpose of supplying the Association with funds to defray the cost of constructing the Stewart Mountain dam and power plant; to complete project electrification; and to fund certain capital improvements to Project made from revenues during the past two years, proceeds to be invested OF ISSUE: by payment on U.S. Government debt.

POWER
REVENUES:
The Association controls all power sites on the Salt River below and including Roosevelt Dam, 70 miles above Phoenix, and is the largest producer of hydro-electric power in Arizona. Last year the Horse Mesa power plant of 40,000 h.p. was completed. This increased to 83,000 h.p. the generating capacity of hydro-electric power in Arizona. Last year the Horse Mesa power plant of 40,000 h.p. was completed. This increased to 83,000 h.p. the generating capacity of hydro-electric power in Arizona. The Stewart Mountain Power Project to be constructed from part of the proceeds of these bonds, will add approximately 12,000 h.p. thus increasing the Association's generating capacity to 95,000 h.p. The Association sells power at wholesale, under long term contracts, to Central Arizona Light and Power Company, Magma Copper Company and Miami Copper Company, and also sells power to several municipalities located in the Valley and to certain irrigation districts. Certain of its long term contracts provide for guaranteed minimum annual payments, and such annual guarantees at present exceed in the aggregate, \$1,100,000.

The Association's power revenues, as certified to by H. T. Cuthbert & Company, Accountants and Auditors, Phoenix, 1928 amounted to \$1,711,404, equal to approximately 2½ times maximum annual interest charges of \$691,100 on the Association's total outstanding bonded indebtedness, including this issue.

total outstanding bonded indebtedness, including this issue.

CONTRACT:

Contracts have been entered into with the Central Arizona Light and Power Company for the sale to it of 9,400 h.p. under a minimum annual payment to the Association of \$240,000, which together with additional minimum annual payments available from the same source, will provide the sum of \$277,000 to be devoted to the debt service of this issue for the full life of the bonds. The Central Arizona Light and Power Company is the largest public utility company in Arizona engaged in the retail distribution of electric power and gas, and is a subsidiary of the American Power & Light Company.

The operations of the American Power & Light Company and its subsidiaries are under the supervision of the & Light Company. The operation Electric Bond and Share Company.

SECURITY: These bonds will be direct general obligations of the Association and will be secured, in the opinion of counsel, by:

1. Pledge of revenues from contracts with the Central Arizona Light and Power Company estimated to average annually in excess of \$500,000 and providing a guaranteed minimum annual payment of \$277,000 for the full life of the bonds.

2. Pledge of additional power revenues to the extent required to amortize these bonds completely, principal and interest.

In addition, these bonds will be secured, in the opinion of counsel, as to principal and interest by assessments to be levied against all the lands within the Salt River Project to which the stock of the Association is appurtenant. Said assessments, in the opinion of counsel, will be a lien against the lands and rank prior to all present and future mortgages including those securing Federal Land Bank and Joint Stock Land Bank bonds, and will be subject only to assessments levied to secure the Association's bonds heretofore issued and to assessments that may be levied to secure installments due the United States Government on the construction debt

The lands of the Association were appraised in 1924 by the California Superintendent of Banks at \$42,000,000. After giving effect to this financing, the investment, property and indebtedness will be as shown below:

Total cost of power and irrigation projects (including U. S. Government Contract Cost) \$25,692,795
Proposed Additions (including this project)—Estimated Cost \$3,500,000
Value of Lands, as appraised in 1924 by Superintendent of Banks of State of California 42,000,000

Total Value. \$71,192,795

Bonds Outstanding (including this issue). \$11,860,000

U. S. Government Debt (no interest). 5,493,749*

*After deducting payment of \$600,000 to be made from the proceeds of this issue. \$17,353,749

CASH RESERVE A reserve fund is to be set up and deposited with the Trustee in cash at the rate of 10% of the annual FUND:

surplus power revenues until such fund reaches an amount equal to two years' principal and interest requirements of this issue. This fund is to be accumulated as above as rapidly as possible and requires a maximum cash deposit thereunder of \$554,000 during the first fifteen years, increasing to \$630,000 thereafter. The fund is to be

The validity of the legal proceedings incident to the issuance of these bonds is subject to the approval of Messrs. Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher, Los Angeles, California, for the Undercriters and Messrs. Kibbey, Bennett, Gust, Smith & Lyman, Phoenix, Arizona, for the Association. Books and accounts of the Association audited by H. T. Cuthbert & Company, Accountants and Auditors, Phoenix, Arizona. Feasibility and estimated costs of the Stewart Mountain Power Project have been approved by Messrs. Quinton, Code & Hill, Engineers, Los Angeles.

PRICES TO YIELD 5.70% FOR ALL MATURITIES

Plus Accrued Interest

Delivery when, as and if issued and received by us and subject to the approval of counsel

FIRST SECURITIES COMPANY

finally used to retire the last maturities of this issue.

ANGLO LONDON PARIS COMPANY

San Francisco

HARRIS TRUST & SAVINGS BANK RUTTER & COMPANY THE VALLEY BANK, PHOENIX

All statements made herein are based upon information obtained from official and other sources, which we regard as reliable, and while not guaranteed, are the data upon which we have acted in the purchase of these bonds. All securities offered subject to prior sale and change in price without notice.

September 14, 1928.

This advertisement appears as a matter of record only

Additional Issue

\$2,000,000

CENTRAL STATES POWER & LIGHT CORPORATION

First Mortgage and First Lien Gold Bonds, 51/2% Series Due 1953

Dated 'anuary 1, 1928 Principal and interest payable at The Chase National Bank of the City of New York; interest also payable at the Continental National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago. Interest payable semi-annually, January 1 and July 1. Coupon bonds in interchangeable denominations of \$1,000 (registerable as to principal), \$500 and \$100. Fully registered bonds in denominations of \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000 and \$25,000 or a multiple thereof. Coupon bonds of \$1,000 denomination and registered bonds are interchangeable. Redeemable as a whole at any time, or in part on any interest date, on 30 days' published notice, at 105 prior to January 1, 1933; at 104 on said date and thereafter prior to January 1, 1933; at 103 on said date and thereafter prior to January 1, 1943; at 102 on said date and thereafter prior to January 1, 1948; and at 101 on said date and thereafter prior to maturity, plus accrued interest in each case.

The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, Corporate Trustee

Interest payable without deduction for normal Federal income tax up to 2%. Pennsylvania and Connecticut 4 mills, Maryland 4½ mills and California 5 mills taxes, and Massachusetts 6% income tax on interest, refundable upon application within 90 days after payment.

From his letter, Mr. H. C. Orton, President of the Corporation, summarizes as follows:

BUSINESS AND PROPERTIES: Central States Power & Light Corporation (organized under the laws of Delaware in 1925) furnishes electric light and power, and (or) gas and (or) other public utility services to 97 cities and communities located in the States of Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Oklahoma and Texas. Through subsidiaries, controlled through ownership of more than 99% of all outstanding stocks, it also serves 92 communities in the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Michigan, Missouri, North Dakota and in New Brunswick, Canada. The total population of the territories served by the system is approximately 331,000 and the customers total more than 49,000. The combined annual electric output is about 26,000,000 k.w.h., the electric properties including 9 steam electric generating stations, 11 hydro-electric generating stations, and 1,397 miles of electric transmission lines. As a result of recent financing the Corporation has acquired directly and through a subsidiary mission lines. As a result of recent financing the Corporation has acquired directly and through a subsidiary a comprehensive system for the production, transportation and sale of natural gas at wholesale and retail to growing communities in the eastern and northeastern part of Oklahoma. Total sales of these properties for the 12 months ended on March 31, 1928, approximated 10,133,000,000 cubic feet.

CAPITALIZATION:

First Mortgage and First Lien Gold Bonds, 51/2 % Series due 1953 (including Outstanding

EARNINGS: The following statement of consolidated earnings of the Corporation and its subsidiaries for the year ended March 31, 1928, has been prepared by Messrs. F. W. Lafrentz & Company, Certified Public Accountants, based upon their audits of the properties recently acquired, and, in respect of the property theretofore owned or controlled, upon audits of Messrs. Haskins and Sells, Certified Public Accountants, Messrs. Thulin & Company, Public Accountants, and the records of the Corporation:

Net Earnings (before Interest, Reserves, &c.)
Annual Interest Requirements on \$10,500,000 First Mortgage and First Lien Gold Bonds,
5½% Series due 1953 (including this issue) \$1,760,052.33 *Actual maintenance expenditures of \$203,248.28 included herein.

Net Earnings (before Interest, Reserves, &c.), as shown above, were equivalent to over 3 times annual interest requirements.

SECURITY: The First Mortgage and First Lien Gold Bonds are secured, in the opinion of counsel, by SECURITY: The First Mortgage and First Lien Gold Bonds are secured, in the opinion of counsel, by a direct first mortgage on all real estate, plants, transmission lines, distribution systems, and other fixed public utility properties of the Corporation now directly owned (located in Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Oklahoma and Texas) or hereafter acquired (subject, as to after-acquired properties, to prior liens within limits permitted by the mortgage), and by the pledge of all outstanding bonds and more than 99% of all outstanding capital stocks of subsidiaries owning properties situated in Alabama, Arkansas, Michigan, Missouri, North Dakota, Oklahoma and in Canada. The properties heretofore owned have been examined by Messrs. Sanderson & Porter, who have estimated that the cost to reproduce new, less physical depreciation, plus an allowance for "going concern value" is substantially \$13,900,000. Adding to this the appraised value of the properties recently acquired (as determined by independent engineers and geologists) the total is in excess of \$18,000,000. The First Mortgage and First Lien Gold Bonds are issued on the basis of approximately 58% of the value of the properties.

The proceeds of the present financing were used to provide part of the funds PURPOSE OF ISSUE: with which to make payment for the properties lately acquired and for other corporate purposes.

The Corporation has the benefit of the management of Utilities Power & Light MANAGEMENT: Power & Light Corporation has had an extensive and successful experience in the management of public utility properties.

This information, while not guaranteed, is taken from sources which we believe to be reliable.

All legal matters relating to the issuance of these Bonds have been passed upon by Messrs. Rushmore, Bisbee & Stern, and Messrs. Davisson & Manice, New York City, for the Bankers, and by Messrs. Matthews & Koeget, Chicago, for the Corporation. It is expected that delivery will be made on or about September 24, 1928, in the form of interim receipts.

Price 96 and Accrued Interest to Yield About 5.80%

CHASE SECURITIES CORPORATION

WEST & CO. PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO. PYNCHON & CO. FEDERAL SECURITIES CORPORATION W. S. HAMMONS & CO.

New Issue

September 10, 1928

\$20,000,000

North American Edison Company

51/2% Debentures, Series B

To be dated August 15, 1928

To mature August 15, 1963

Interest payable February 15 and August 15, without deduction for normal Federal income tax not exceeding 2% per annum. Principal and interest payable in New York in United States gold coin. Coupon debentures of \$1,000 denomination, registerable as to principal only. Redeemable as a whole, or in part by lot, on the fifteenth day of any month on 30 days' notice, (1) to and including August 15, 1930 at 104 and interest, with successive reductions in the redemption price of $\frac{1}{2}$ % during each two-year period thereafter to and including August 15, 1960, and thereafter until maturity at 100 and interest, and (2) under certain conditions upon sale of certain assets, at 100 and interest. The indenture is to contain provision for refund of Pennsylvania personal property tax not exceeding four mills per annum. Central Union Trust Company of New York, Trustee.

The company has agreed to make application in due course to list the Series B debentures on the New York Stock Exchange.

The following information has been summarized by Mr. Edwin Gruhl, President of North American Edison Company, from his letter dated September 7, 1928, copies of which may be obtained upon request, and is subject to the more complete information contained therein:

BUSINESS

North American Edison Company, organized under the laws of Delaware in March, 1922, as a subsidiary of The North American Company, controls through stock ownership important public utility operating companies, including The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, Union Electric Light and Power Company (St. Louis), Mississippi River Power Company, The Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company, Wisconsin Electric Power Company, Wisconsin Gas & Electric Company and Wisconsin Michigan Power Company. The earnings of the operating subsidiaries of the company are derived principally from electric light and power business, more than 78% of gross earnings and more than 87% of net income from operation during the twelve months ended June 30, 1928 having come from that source.

Consolidated gross earnings of subsidiaries of North American Edison Company, during the period of twelve months ended June 30, 1928, represented more than 55% of the consolidated gross earnings of all subsidiaries of The North American Company during that period.

CAPITALIZATION

Upon completion of this financing, the capitalization of the company (subject to further conversions of Series A debentures into preferred stock after September 5, 1928) will be as follows:

	Authorized	Outstanding
5% Debentures, Series A, due March 1, 1957		\$18,341,000
51/2% Debentures, Series B (this issue)	•	20,000,000
Preferred Stock (without par value), cumulative dividends \$6 per share per annum	**500,000 shares	266,590 shares
Common Stock (without par value)	500,000 shares	385,000 shares
*Additional debentures of any series may be issued subject to indenture restrictions		

PURPOSE OF ISSUE

Proceeds of the sale of this issue of Series B debentures will be used for the payment of unfunded debt of the company and for other corporate purposes.

EARNINGS

Consolidated earnings of the company and its subsidiaries for the three years ended December 31, 1927, and the twelve months ended June 30, 1928, before deducting interest charges of the company, were as follows:

Gross earnings Operating expenses, maintenance and taxes	1925 \$72,563,287 43,628,873	1926 \$81,365,671 46,318,534	1927 \$83,941,982 46,422,188	12 months ended June 30, 1928 \$86,205,078 47,291,544
Net income from operation	\$28,931,414	\$35,047,137	\$37,519,794	\$38,913,534
Interest charges and preferred dividends of sub- sidiaries, and minority interests	11,372,738	13,213,205	14,443,532	14,714,815
Balance before depreciation Depreciation	\$17,561,676 7,396,579	\$21,833,932 8,372,945	\$23,076,262 8,770,941	\$24,198,719 8,859,469
Balance before deducting interest charges of North American Edison Company	\$10,165,097	\$13,460,987	\$11,305,321	\$15,339,250
Annual interest requirement on debentures to be				\$2,017,050

The above balance of \$15,339,250 for the twelve months ended June 30, 1928 is more than $7\frac{1}{2}$ times the annual interest requirement of \$2,017,050 on the \$38,341,000 principal amount of debentures of the company to be outstanding, as shown above, upon completion of this financing.

We offer these debentures for delivery if, when and as issued and accepted by us, subject to the approval of legal proceedings by counsel. It is expected that delivery will be made on or about September 20, 1928, in the form of temporary debentures, or interim receipts of Dillon. Read & Co.

Price 100 and interest

Dillon, Read & Co.

financ al

NEW ISSUE

\$4,500,000

Department of Cauca Valley

(REPUBLIC OF COLOMBIA)

External Secured 7% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of 1948

Dated June 1, 1928

Due June 1, 1948

Interest payable June 1 and December 1

A cumulative sinking fund commencing December 1, 1928, operating semi-annually, is calculated to retire the entire issue by maturity through purchases in the open market below par or drawings at par.

NON-CALLABLE UNTIL JUNE, 1 1938, EXCEPT FOR THE SINKING FUND

Redeemable as a whole (but not in part except for the sinking fund) at the option of the Department on any interest payment date on and after June 1, 1938, upon sixty days' notice at 102½ and accrued interest. Coupon bonds in interchangeable denominations of \$1,000 and \$500, registerable as to principal only.

Authorized \$8,000,000. To be presently issued \$4,500,000. Principal and interest payable in New York City at the principal office of International Acceptance Trust Company, Trustee, in gold coin of the United States of America of the present standard of weight and fineness, without deduction for any taxes, present or future, levied by the Republic of Colombia or by any taxing authority therein or thereof.

Sr. Don Carlos Holguin Lloreda, Governor of the Department of Cauca Valley, summarizes as follows his letter to us:

Department of Cauca Valley

Situated in western Colombia, the Department of Cauca Valley has an area of 7,960 square miles and a population estimated at 325,000. Its topography and soil have made it a rich agricultural region producing coffee, sugar, tobacco, plantains, cotton, rice, cacao, bananas and corn. Large areas of excellent pasturage sustain an important cattle and live-stock industry, while extensive coal deposits of good quality, and other minerals, complete the Department's varied and well balanced supply of natural resources.

Purpose The proceeds of these bonds will be used: (1) to construct certain public works, including highways, part of which are already in course of construction; (2) to finance in part the construction.

Security and Pledged Revenues

These bonds will be the direct external obligations of the Department of Cauca Valley and will be secured: (1) by a lien and charge on all revenues derived from the registry and mortgage tax and the tobacco tax, on 90% of the revenues derived from the foreign liquors tax, and on 80% of the revenues derived from the slaughter tax and the liquor tax or from the sale, manufacture or monopoly of liquors or grant of franchises in connection therewith; subject only to a lien and charge in favor of the Department's 7½% loan of 1926 upon certain of these revenues, namely, all those derived from the tobacco tax and 80% of those derived from the slaughter tax and the liquor tax or from the sale, manufacture or monopoly of liquors or grant of franchises in connection therewith or otherwise from liquors; (2) by a first lien pledge of 1,150,000 Colombian dollars par value of the 8% First Mortgage Gold Bonds of the corporation owning the Cali-Buenaventura highway, and 600,000 Colombian dollars par value of the capital stock of that corporation. Until these securities are pledged, cash at least equal to the amount payable by the Department from the proceeds of this issue for said securities will be held by the Trustee in lieu thereof.

For the fiscal year 1927-28 revenues pledged to the service of this loan, after deduction of all existing prior charges, amounted to \$3,092,424 or over 7.33 times service requirements of this loan.

All conversions to U. S. dollars made at par of exchange, \$.9733 per Colombian dollar. Present quotation Colombian dollar \$.9733.

We offer these Bonds when, as and if issued and received by us, and subject to approval of Counsel for the Bankers, Messrs. Curtis, Mallet-Prevost, Colt and Mosle, and for the Department, Messrs. Hardin, Hess, Eder and Freschi.

It is expected that temporary bonds or interim receipts will be deliverable in the first instance.

Price 96 and accrued interest to yield over 7.38%

Baker, Kellogg & Co., Inc.

Field, Glore & Co.

The information contained herein is derived from official and other sources which we believe to be reliable but do not guarantee.

September, 1928.

193,907 Shares McKesson & Robbins

Preference Stock Series A 7% Convertible

Preference Stock Series A is convertible to and including redemption date into Common Stock, share for share. Redeemable in whole or in part at any time on 30 days' notice at \$60 per share and accrued dividends.

CAPITALIZATION	 To be
Preference Stock (par value \$50 per share)	presently issued
cumulative from September 15, 1928) Common Stock (no par value)	309,648 shares†

† 10,352 additional shares may be issued in connection with the acquisition of shares of preferred stocks of the proposed subsidiaries not now under agreements nor presently to be called for redemption.

**Of the authorized common stock, 309,648 shares are reserved for conversion of the above 309,648 shares of Preference Stock Series A, and 100,000 shares are to be reserved against certain options.

**A Based on the acquisition through exchange of all of the common stock of McKesson & Robbins, Incorporated, of Connecticut, to be presently outstanding, of which over 96.8% is committed for exchange.

Copies of a letter dated Sept. 8, 1928 from Mr. F. Donald Coster, President of the Compnay, setting forth information regarding the Company and this issue of stock, may be obtained from the undersigned. Mr. Coster gives the substance of this letter in part as follows:

HISTORY AND BUSINESS

"McKesson & Robbins, Incorporated, has been formed under the laws of Maryland to acquire (either directly or through subsidiaries) all or substantially all of the outstanding common stocks and in certain cases preferred stocks of the following companies:

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Western Wholesale Drug Company Los Angeles, Cal. 1901

The purpose of this consolidation is to combine under one ownership a group of old, well-established wholesale drug houses, widely distributed geographically, and a manufacturing unit producing a nationally known line of merchandise and capable of handling, in addition, all of the supplementary manufacturing activities ordinarily conducted separately by the wholesale distributors themselves. The manufacturing unit of the Company (namely McKesson & Robbins, Incorporated, of Connecticut) has been engaged for many years in the manufacture and sale of a group of national specialties and of approximately 200 standard household remedies known as "McKesson's Health Helps". The fifteen wholesale distributors which will become subsidiaries of the Company represent the outstanding houses in their respective localities and constitute a large channel of distribution more extensive geographically and with more intensive coverage than any other single factor in the wholesale drug trade Many economics can be effected in the operation of the several businesses in buying, selling, advertising and in the operation of laboratories. The chief emphasis in the business will be placed upon the efficient and economical distribution of goods and the rendering of service to the independent retail drug trade through which over 85% of the retail drug business of the country is done.

It will be the policy of the Company to expand its activities and its ownership of wholesale houses to the end of creating the most efficient possible medium of national distribution in this field. The Company already has options on stocks of several additional companies which may later be added to its organization.

SALES AND PROFITS

The combined net sales of the businesses to be acquired and the combined net profits applicable to the Company, as certified by Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Co., as defined and after adjustments* incident to such acquisitions as set forth in their certificate attached to the above-mentioned letter, were as follows:

Year ended December 31,	Net Sales	profits applicable to the Company as defined in the above mentioned certificate†	times dividend requirement on 309,648 shares of Preference Stock Series A
1925	\$71,347,330	\$2.669.122	2.4 times
1926	74.160.859	2.746.168	2.5 "
1927 1928 (4 mos.	74,950,250	2,770,036	2.5 "
ended Apr. 30)	25,950,073	1,136,453	3.1 "

* Adjustments averaged an addition to profits of \$5,317 per year.
† In the event that the Company does not acquire any of the shares of common stock of McKesson & Robbins, Incorporated, of Connecticut not now committed for exchange, the combined net profits applicable to the Company for the three years and four months would have been less by an average of \$18,527 per annum.

MANAGEMENT

The Board of Directors will consist of the presidents of each of the subsidiaries, representatives of each of the bankers and others. The president of each of the constituent wholesale companies will become a vice-president of the Company. I will continue as President of McKesson & Robbins, Incorporated, of Connecticut as well as President of the Company. Substantially all of those who will be active in the management of the Company and its subsidiaries will have a large financial interest in the Company

ASSETS

ASSETS

The consolidated balance sheet of the Company and its proposed subsidiaries as at April 30, 1928, as certified by Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Co., after giving effect to the various transactions involved in this financing, as set forth in their certificate attached to the above-mentioned letter, shows net tangible assets (after deducting the redemption value of preferred stocks of subsidiaries and the amounts applicable to minority common stock interests as shown on the balance sheet of more than \$28,000,000, or the equivalent of more than \$90 per share of the above 309,648 shares of Preference Stock Series A. The valuable good-will and trade names of the proposed subsidiaries are carried on such balance sheet at \$1.00.

Certificates of deposit for common stock of McKesson & Robbins, Incorporated, of Connecticut are currently selling at more than \$80 per share (the equivalent of over \$40 per share of common stock of the Maryland Company) which indicates a market equity junior to the Preference Stock of over \$25,000,000."

The Company has agreed to make application to list its Preference Stock Series A s d Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange,

\$51 per Share and Accrued Dividend, to yield 6.86%

An offer to holders of preferred stocks of certain of the Company's proposed subsidiaries, not now committed under agreements or options, to exchange their shares for cash or Preference Stock Series A is now in effect (against which a maximum of 26,113 shares of Preference Stock Series A may be issued directly or for the cash required); to the extent that shares of such preferred stocks are not exchanged for cash or called for redemption, the number of shares of this issue available for sale will be reduced below 193,907.

This stock is offered subject to allotment or prior sale and in all respects when, as and if issued in form acceptable to us and subject to approval of Messrs. Root, Clark, Buckner, Howland and Ballantine and of Messrs. Sullivan & Cromwell. It is expected that delivery of temporary stock certificates or of interim receipts will be made on or about September 28, 1928, at the office of Goldman, Sachs & Co., 30 Pine Street, New York, N. Y. against payment therefor in New York funds.

Bond & Goodwin, Inc. Goldman, Sachs & Co. The Bridgeport Trust Company The R. F. Griggs Company

The above statements, while not guaranteed are obtained from sources which we believe to be reliable.

Tinancial

NEW ISSUE

\$6,300,000

Memphis Natural Gas Company

First Mortgage Six Per Cent Sinking Fund Gold Bonds (Closed Issue)

With Stock Purchase Privilege

Dated August 1st, 1928

Due August 1st, 1943

Principal and semi-annual interest (February 1st and August 1st) payable at the office of the Trustee in Philadelphia, or at The Farmers Loan and Trust Company in New York City, or at the Continental National Bank and Trust Company in Chicago. Coupon bonds in interchangeable denominations of \$1,000 and \$500; registerable as to principal. Redeemable as a whole or in part upon thirty days' published notice, to and including August 1st, 1934, at 103 and accrued interest; thereafter to and including August 1st, 1942, at 101 and accrued interest; and thereafter at par and accrued interest. Interest payable without deduction for any Federal Income Tax not in excess of two per cent. Certain State taxes will be refunded as provided in the Mortgage. The Pennsylvania Company for Insurances on Lives and Granting Annuities, Philadelphia, Trustee.

The holder of each \$1,000 bond will be entitled to purchase on or before August 1st, 1943, a unit of ten shares of the common stock of Memphis Natural Gas Company at prices per share varying from \$4 to \$8 (subject in certain contingencies, as provided in the mortgage, to reductions in the prices to be paid for said shares) dependent upon the date on which the privilege is exercised. Any or all stock purchase privileges may be terminated by the Company upon thirty days' published notice by the appropriation of the sum of \$40 for each \$1,000 bond and upon the expiration of such thirty days' notice and such appropriation, all such purchase privileges not previously exercised shall cease. Holders of \$500 bonds will have a proportionate purchase privilege.

The following information has been summarized from a letter to the Bankers by Mr. H. G. Scott, President of the Company:

Business: Memphis Natural Gas Company, organized under the laws of Delaware, will purchase and tained under a favorable long-term contract from Industrial Gas Company, a subsidiary of Electric Power & Light Corporation, and will be sold under long-term contracts to Memphis Power & Light Company, Mississippi Power & Light Company and Arkansas Power & Light Company, which companies are under the supervision of the Electric Bond and Share Company.

supervision of the Electric Bond and Share Company.

The Company, upon the completion of the project, will own 210 miles of 18 inch gas pipe line, together with compressor stations and other facilities for the transportation of natural gas, extending from the Monroe gas field of Louisiana to a terminus connection with the gas distributing system of the Memphis Power & Light Company at Memphis, Tennessee. This pipe line will afford direct transportation from one of the largest known natural gas areas in the United States and will supply the gas requirements to extensive industrial and domestic markets in Memphis, with a population of about 250,000, and intervening territory in the States of Mississippi and Arkansas.

Security: These bonds will, in the opinion of counsel, constitute a direct obligation of the Memphis Natural secured by a First (Closed) Mortgage on its entire fixed physical properties consisting of pipe lines, compressor stations and complete auxiliary equipment, subject to the usual farm mortgages affecting pipe line rights-of-way. These bonds will be further secured by pledge with the Trustee of all gas purchase and sales contracts hereinbefore mentioned.

The properties of the Company are conservatively estimated by Ralph E. Davis, Engineer, Pittsburgh, Pa., to have a value in excess of \$10,000,000 upon completion and operation of the pipe line and compressor stations, as compared with a total funded debt of \$6,300,000.

Sinking Fund: The Mortgage under which these bonds are to be issued will provide for a fixed semi-ary 1st, 1930, calculated to retire this entire issue on or before maturity.

Gas Supply and Reserves: Industrial Gas Company, a subsidiary of Electric Power & Light Corporation, has contracted for a period extending beyond the maturity of these bonds to supply, subject to the provisions contained in the contract, the entire gas requirements of the Memphis Natural Gas Company. This gas supply is obtained from the Monroe and Richland gas fields in Louislana, one of the largest natural gas areas in the world. As of May 1st, 1928, Ralph E. Davis, Engineer, estimated that the net total gas reserves available to the Industrial Gas Company and at present not contracted for were not less than \$11,000,000,000 cubic feet. The requirements for the Memphis Natural Gas Company contract are estimated to be approximately 250,000,000,000 cubic feet.

Management: Memphis Natural Gas Company will be managed by the Union Management and Engineering Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Union Utilities, Inc. The total population to be served by companies under the operation of Union Management and Engineering Corporation is estimated to be in excess of 600,000.

Earnings: Based on the above mentioned contracts Ralph E. Davis, Engineer, has estimated the earnings of the Company to be as follows:

Gross Income	1929. \$1,609,715	1930. \$2,042,392	1931. \$2,455,837
Operating Expenses, Maintenance and Taxes (not including Federal Income Tax)	791,714	916,614	1,032,116
Balance		\$1,125,778 \$373,605	\$1,423,721 \$355,485

Average annual earnings available for bond interest for the first five years of operation are estimated to be \$1,295,456, or over 3.6 times the average maximum annual interest requirements.

These bonds are offered when, as and if issued and received by us and subject to the approval of counsel, Messrs. Chapman and Cutler.

In the first instance delivery of bonds may be made in temporary form.

THESE BONDS ARE LISTED ON THE CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE

Price 99.50 and Interest to Yield Over Six Per Cent.

A Circular containing more detailed information will be sent upon request.

P. W. Chapman & Co., Inc.

Peabody, Smith & Co., Inc.

Peabody, Houghteling & Co.

C. T Williams & Co.

Rogers Caldwell & Co., Inc.

Reilly, Brock & Co.

Carman, Snider & Co., Inc.

Commerce Securities Company

The information contained herein, while not guaranteed, has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable.

#inancial

New Issue

\$22,500,000

Rochester Central Power Corporation

5% Gold Debentures

Series A

Dated September 1, 1928

Due September 1, 1953

Interest payable March 1 and September 1 at the office or agency of the Corporation in New York City. Redeemable in whole or in part at the option of the Corporation on at least thirty days' published notice at 105% and accrued interest. Denominations of \$1,000 and \$500, in coupon form, interchangeable and registerable as to principal; fully registered debentures in the denomination of \$1,000 fully registered and coupon debentures of the denomination of \$1,000 interchangeable. The Corporation agrees to pay the normal Federal Income Tax to the extent of 2%. Certain California, Connecticut, Maryland, Massachusetts and Pennsylvania taxes refundable upon timely and proper application, as provided in the Indenture.

Manufacturers Trust Company, New York, Trustee

The letter of Mr. E. L. Phillips, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Rochester Central Power Corporation, is summarized as follows:

Business: Rochester Central Power Corporation was organized under the laws of the State of New York in June, 1928. Upon completion of the present financing, it will own, directly or indirectly, all of the outstanding Common Stock of a number of operating companies, including Rochester Gas and Electric Corporation, Empire Gas and Electric Company, Elmira Water, Light and Railroad Company, and New York Central Electric Corporation.

These companies furnish, directly or indirectly, electric power and light to 195 communities and gas to 34 communities in the State of New York. Among the communities served with electric power and light are Rochester, Elmira, Auburn, Corning, Hornell, Geneva, Newark, Seneca Falls, Canandaigua, Dansville, Penn Yan, Lyons and Warsaw. The territory served extends from Lake Ontario to the Pennsylvania State line and from a point near Syracuse on the east to within about fifty miles of Buffalo on the west, the population in the territory being estimated in excess of 700,000.

Purpose of Issue: The proceeds from the sale of these Debentures, together with \$18,-000,000 of Preferred Stock and 1,600,000 shares of Common Stock, will be used for the acquisition of all the common stocks of the above companies. These entire issues of Preferred and Common Stocks have been sold, or exchanged for securities, at prices showing an equity of over \$55,000,000 for these Debentures.

Consolidated Earnings:

The consolidated earnings of the Rochester Central Power Corporation and subsidiaries, after giving effect to the present financing, are as follows:

Twelve Months Ended May 31 Gross Earnings Operating Expenses, Maintenance and Taxes	1927 \$19,047,198 10,900,553	1928 \$20,333,930 11,354,572
Net Earnings Interest and Other Deductions of Subsidiaries Preferred Dividends of Subsidiaries		\$8,979,358 2,623,621 2,102,783
Balance Annual Interest on 5% Gold Debentures (this issue)		\$4,252,954 1,125,000

The balance of \$4,252,954, as shown above, amounts to over 3¾ times the annual interest requirements on this issue of Debentures and, after deducting \$1,395,643 for reserves for renewals and replacements (depreciation), amounts to over 2½ times such interest requirements. Of the above gross earnings, approximately 64% was derived from the sale of electric power and light and 28% from the sale of gas.

Management: The same efficient personnel that has been responsible for the prosperity of the various operating companies is continued in their management. The Corporation will be controlled by the same interests that control Long Island Lighting Company, Queens Borough Gas & Electric Company and Kings County Lighting Company.

We offer these Debentures when, as and if issued and received by us, and subject to approval of counsel, Messrs. Jonas & Neuburger and Messrs. Seibert & Riggs for the Bankers; Messrs. Henry R. Frost and Elmer B. Sanford for the Corporation. Interim receipts or temporary debentures will be delivered in the first instance.

Price 90 and accrued interest

Manufacturers Trust Company W. C. Langley & Co. Bonbright & Company

Incorporated

All statements in this advertisement, while not guaranteed, are based upon information which we regard as reliable, being taken from the data upon which we have acted in our purchase of this issue.

Radios

ATWATER KENT RADIO

The radio that moves

QUICK and generous profits from unusually rapid turnover of capital have come to dealers who concentrate their sales effort on Atwater Kent Radio.

These comparative figures, showing the turnover in several retail lines, are worth noting:

Hardware 2.2 Musical instruments . . 3.1

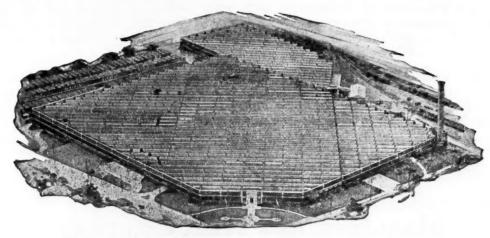
Furniture 2.6 Auto accessories 5.9

ATWATER KENT RADIO . 6.2

Because of its reputation for fine workmanship combined with moderate price, Atwater Kent Radio is a consistent profit-payer year in and year out. Since January 1, sales have been six times greater than in the corresponding period of any previous year.

The financial requirements of Atwater Kent dealers are worthy of the thoughtful attention of bankers.

ATWATER KENT MANUFACTURING COMPANY
A. Atwater Kent, President, 4726 Wissahickon Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.



In this 15-acre factory one in every ten employees is an inspector or tester and every receiving set has to pass 222 tests or inspections before it can leave.

ADDITIONAL ISSUE

\$15,000,000

Georgia Power Company

First and Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

5% Series due 1967

Dated March 1, 1927

Due March 1, 1967

Interest payable March 1 and September 1 without deduction for Federal Income Taxes not exceeding 2% per annum. Pennsylvania Four Mills Tax refundable upon timely application. Redeemable at any time on thirty days' published notice at 105% on or before March 1, 1937; thereafter at successively reduced premiums. Coupon Bonds in denominations of \$1,000 and \$500 registerable as to principal. Fully registered Bonds in denominations of \$1,000 and authorized multiples. Coupon Bonds in denomination of \$1,000 and fully registered Bonds interchangeable.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE

Issuance subject to authorization by the Georgia Public Service Commission

Mr. P. S. Arkwright, President of the Company, has summarized as follows his letter to us describing these Bonds:

BUSINESS AND TERRITORY

Georgia Power Company supplies electric light and power, directly or indirectly, in substantially all of northern and central Georgia, including over 188 communities in this territory. Among the cities directly served are Atlanta, Rome and Athens. In addition, the Company furnishes transportation service in Atlanta and vicinity and in Rome and Athens, and gas service in Athens. It also controls the companies which own the gas properties in Atlanta, the electric, street railway and gas properties in Macon and adjoining communities and the electric, gas and water properties in Brunswick. The market for the system's services throughout the region is large and diversified and the territory is developing rapidly along industrial and agricultural lines. The population of the territory served by the electric system is estimated to be in excess of 1,900,000.

PROPERTIES

The properties of the Company and its controlled companies include 20 hydro-electric generating plants with installed capacity of over 362,000 hp. steam generating plants aggregating over 35,000 hp. capacity, over 3,120 circuit miles of high-tension transmission and primary distribution lines, street railway properties which carried over 101,000,000 passengers for the twelve months ended July 31, 1928, and gas plants with a daily capacity of 10,400,000 cubic feet. The electric system of the Company forms an important link in the inter-connected power systems serving the southeastern section of the United States.

SECURITY

In the opinion of counsel, these Bonds are secured by a first mortgage on certain electric light and power properties, which properties, in the opinion of engineers, have an estimated value of more than one-half of the value of the entire fixed properties of the Company, and are further secured by a direct mortgage on the remaining fixed property of the Company, (except certain undeveloped land as stated in the Mortgage), subject to closed divisional underlying mortgages securing \$18,177,000 of bonds. The total value of the Company's fixed properties as they existed on October 31, 1926, as estimated by independent engineers, not including any additions made since that date and exclusive of the Company's interest in the properties of Atlanta Gas Light Company, is largely in excess of the total funded debt of \$96,177,000 to be outstanding on completion of this financing.

PURPOSE OF ISSUE

The proceeds of these bonds will reimburse the Company for expenditures for additions and improvements to its property and will provide funds for further additions and improvements and for other corporate purposes.

CAPITALIZATION

Following its funded debt, the Company had outstanding as of July 31, 1928, 373,469 shares of \$6 Preferred Stock, 400,000 shares of \$6 Second Preferred Stock and 2,000,000 shares of Common Stock, all of no par value.

EARNINGS

TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 1927	1928
Gross Revenues (including other income)*\$17,781,308	\$19,985,151
Operating Expenses, Maintenance and Taxes (except Federal Taxes) 8,728,093	9,429,810
Net Earnings \$9,053,215	\$10,555,341
Annual interest on Funded Debt (to be outstanding upon completion	
of this financing, including interest on outstanding bonds of	
Atlanta Gas Light Company)	4,843,500
Balance	\$5,711,841

NET EARNINGS OVER 2.1 TIMES THE ABOVE INTEREST CHARGES

*Other income includes net income of controlled companies accruing to Georgia Power Company amounting to \$170.673 for the 1928 period and a deficit of \$92,409 for the 1927 period but does not include interest during construction amounting to \$395,040 and \$414,752 for the respective periods.

Of the net earnings, over 80% was derived from the electric and gas business.

MANAGEMENT

The Company is controlled through stock ownership by Southeastern Power & Light Company, which also controls Alabama Power Company, Mississippi Power Company and Gulf Power Company, all located in contiguous territory and serving practically all of Alabama, northern and central Georgia, eastern Mississippi and northwest Florida, and South Carolina Power Company, serving southeastern South Carolina.

THE FOREGOING IS SUBJECT TO THE MORE COMPLETE STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THE PRESIDENT'S LETTER, COPIES OF WHICH WILL BE FURNISHED ON REQUEST

These Bonds are offered subject to sale and when, as and if issued and received by us and subject to approval of our counsel, Messrs. Winthrop, Stimson, Pulnam and Roberts, New York, of the form and validity of the documents and proceedings. All legal matters will be passed on for the Company by Messrs. Simpson, Thacher and Bartlett, New York. It is expected that Definitive Bonds or Interim Receipts of Drezel & Co. will be available for delivery on or about October 5, 1928.

Price 98 and interest to yield about 5.12%

DREXEL & CO. BONBRIGHT & COMPANY INCORPERATED

HARRIS, FORBES & CO.

financia!

\$4,000,000

Fox-New England Theatres, Inc.

(Poli Properties)

6½% Convertible Sinking Fund Gold Debentures

Due August 1, 1943

Price 100 and Interest

These Debentures will be convertible at any time at their principal amount on five days' notice at the option of the holders on August 1, 1929 and thereafter to and including July 31, 1933, into Class "A" Stock of Fox Theatres Corporation listed on the New York Curb Market on the following terms: on August 1, 1929 and thereafter to and including July 31, 1930 at \$35 a share; thereafter to and including July 31, 1931 at \$40 a share; thereafter to and including July 31, 1932 at \$45 a share; and thereafter to and including July 31, 1932 at \$50 a share unless earlier redeemed, all as set forth in the Agreement covering the conversion privilege, which Agreement contains provisions designed to protect the conversion rights of the Debenture holders in the event of dilution.

A letter from Mr. William Foz, President of the Company, is summarized as follows:

Business and Territory: Fox-New England Theatres, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Fox Theatres Corporation, acquired on August 23, 1928 the assets of all the well known Poli enterprises in New England. These include 18 theatres, 15 being owned in fee and 3 under leaseholds and occupy a major position in the motion picture entertainment field in Springfield, Worcester, Bridgeport, Hartford, Meriden, New Haven, Norwich and Waterbury which have a combined estimated population in excess of 975,000. These properties form one of the most important links in the Fox Theatres Corporation's chain of motion picture houses.

Debenture Provisions: These Debentures are a direct obligation of Fox-New England Theatres, Inc. secured by a closed mortgage on the fee and leasehold properties of the Company, more fully described in the Trust Indenture, subject to a First Closed Mortgage securing \$14,-060,000 principal amount First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, due August 1, 1953, and the rights of tenants under existing leases. The properties have recently been appraised by independent engineers who have established the estimated cost of reproduction new less depreciation at \$23,380,290. The Trust Indenture provides for a sinking fund beginning February 1, 1930 and ending February 1, 1943, operating through Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., calculated to retire \$2,700,000 principal amount of this Issue prior to maturity exclusive of Debentures which may be converted and cancelled.

Earnings: Fox Theatres Corporation estimates that the net earnings of Fox-New England Theatres, Inc. available for interest, amortization and Federal taxes will be as follows: for the first year \$1,620,137; for the second year \$2,212,552. Maximum annual interest requirements on the Company's Funded Debt (including these Debentures) will be \$963,000.

Guarantee of Earnings: Sylvester Z. Poli, former owner and operator of the properties acquired, guarantees to Fox-New England Theatres, Inc., all as set forth in a Guarantee Agreement, that the net income of the properties as therein defined will each year during the first three years of operation, by Fox-New England Theatres, Inc., be equal to at least \$1,500,000 per annum. As security for the performance of the Guarantee, there has been deposited in escrow with an independent trustee, \$4,500,000 principal amount of the First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds received as partial consideration for the sale of the properties.

Fox Theatres Corporation: Fox Theatres Corporation, into whose Class "A" Common Stock these Debentures are convertible, prior to its acquisition of the Poli Circuit directly or through subsidiaries, operated or leased 24 theatres including the Roxy Theatre in New York City. With the acquisition of the Poli properties, Fox Theatres Corporation's chain of motion picture houses totals 42, with theatres in eight different states. In addition, Fox Film Corporation, which is owned and operated by the same interests, controls through subsidiaries approximately 250 theatres extending from coast to coast.

Through an affiliated Company, Fox Case Corporation, "Movietone," one of the most successful means yet devised for recording pictures and sound at the same time, is produced.

Management: Fox-New England Theatres, Inc. which is under the management of William Fox and associates—men of long experience in the motion picture business, is an integral part of an organization occupying a major position in the three branches of the motion picture industry, including production, distribution and exhibition.

A circular fully descriptive of the issue will be sent upon request

HALSEY, STUART & CO. A. B. LEACH & CO., Inc.

Dated August 1, 1928 and redeemable. Principal and interest parable at the offices of Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. in New York or Chicago. Interest payable February 1 and August 1, without deduct. : the Federal normal income tax not in excess of 2% per annum. Debentures will be in coupon form in interchangeable denominations of \$1.0.0, \$500 and \$100. The Company agrees to reimburse the holders of these interceurses upon application within 60 days after payment thereof by the holders as provided in the Trust Indenture for any State, Commonwealth or District of Columbia Personal Property Taxes or Securities Taxes, but in no event to exceed 5½ mills per annum on each dollar of taxable value of the importance, and any State, Commonwealth or District of Columbia Income Taxes on interest, but in no event to exceed 6% of such 'nterest per annum. Interim Receipts of Halsey, Strart & Co., Inc., later exchangeable for definitive Debentures will be ready for delivery 6 or about September 24, 1928. All statements herein are official or are based on information which we regard as reliable and while we do not guarantee them, we ourselves have relied upon them in the purchase of this security.

These Certificates having all been sold privately, this advertisement appears as a matter of record only.

\$8,911,000

Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company

41/2% Equipment Trust Gold Certificates

(Philadelphia Plan)

Series E, \$2,535,000—Series F, \$4,920,000—Series G, \$871,000—Series H, \$585,000

Guaranteed unconditionally as to principal and dividends by endorsement thereon by Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company

Certificates will be dated July 2, 1928 and will mature each July 1 in equal annual instalments, Series E and Series F maturing 1929 to 1943, inclusive, and Series G and Series H maturing 1929 to 1941, inclusive. They will be in denominations of \$1,000 and payable to bearer with optional registration as to principal only. Principal and dividend warrants (January 1 and July 1) will be payable in New York City in gold coin of the United States. Issuance and sale of these Certificates authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

A letter from H. A. Scandrett, President of the Company, under date of June 12, 1928, has been summarized as follows:

Full title to the equipment securing these Series of Equipment Trust Certificates will be vested in the Trustee for the benefit of the Certificate holders. The Trustee will lease the equipment to the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company at a rental sufficient to pay the principal amount of these Certificates and dividend warrants thereon. The Series E and F Certificates will represent not more than 75% of the cost of new standard railroad equipment. Series G and H Certificates will represent not more than 65% of the cost of new standard railroad equipment which has been placed in operation within the past fourteen and twelve months, respectively. Under the terms of the lease, the Railroad Company will covenant to maintain and keep this equipment in good order and repair and to replace any of such equipment which may become lost or destroyed.

Series E—Title to the following new equipment, to cost not less than \$3,396,340, will be vested in the Trustee: 900 box cars, 50-ton capacity; 200 ore cars, 70-ton capacity; 448 hopper cars, 70-ton capacity.

Series F—Title to the following new equipment, to cost not less than \$6,566,573, will be vested in the Trustee: 1585 box cars, 50-ton capacity; 300 automobile cars, 50-ton capacity; 500 single deck stock cars, 40-ton capacity; 150 double deck stock cars, 40-ton capacity; 551 hopper cars, 70-ton capacity; 2 special flat cars, 200-ton capacity.

Series G—Title to 500 automobile cars, 50-ton capacity, constructed new within the last fourteen months at a cost of not less than \$1,349,960, will be vested in the Trustee.

Series H—Title to 500 stock cars, 40-ton capacity, constructed new within the last twelve months at a cost of not less than \$910,485, will be vested in the Trustee.

A circular fully descriptive of this issue will be sent upon request.

HALSEY, STUART & CO.

INCORPORATED

Temporary Certificates are now ready for delivery at the office of Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. All statements herein are official or are based on information which we regard as reliable and while we do not guarantee them, we, ourselves, have relied upon them in the purchase of this security.

Of Importance to Growing Industries



To executives of well-managed companies desiring highly trained counsel in matters of new financing, we offer our services and long years of experience. During the past twenty-five years we have served, as investment bankers, many of the leaders in the growing industries of the country.

We invite inquiry from executives of sound, well-established companies.

JOHN BURNHAM & COMPANY

Investment Securities
120 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO

LONG IDENTIFIED WITH THE PROGRESS OF MIDDLE WEST INDUSTRY

Commercial & Financial Commercial & Office of the Commercial of th

VOL. 127.

SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 15 1928.

NO. 3299.

Financial Chronicle

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

Terms of Subscription-Payable in Advance

Including Postage— 12 Mos. 6 Mos. Within Continental United States except Alaska \$10.00 \$3.00 In Dominion of Canada 11.50 6.7 Other foreign countries, U. S. Possessions and territories 13.50 7.7

NOTICE.—On account of the fluctuations in the rates of exchange, remittances for European subscriptions and advertisements must be made in New York funds.

The following publications are also issued. For the Bank and Quotation Record the subscription price is \$6.00 per year; for all the others is \$5.00 per year. For any three combined the subscription price is \$12 per year, and for the whole five combined it is \$20 per year.

COMPENDIUMS—
PUBLIC UTILITY—(semi-annually)
RAILWAY & INDUSTRIAL—(semi-ann.)
STATE AND MUNICIPAL—(semi-annually)

MONTHLY PUBLICATIONS—
BANK AND QUOTATION RECORD
MONTHLY EARNINGS RECORD

Terms of Advertising

WILLIAM B. DANA COMPANY, Publishers,

Front, Pine and Depeyster Streets, New York

Published every Saturday morning by WILLIAM B. DANA COMPANY. President and Editor, Jacob Seibert; Business Manager, William D. Riggs; Treas., William Dana Seibert; Sec., Herbert D. Seibert. Addresses of all, Office of Co.

The Financial Situation.

Whatever may have been the case in other Presidential years, there is not the slightest trace of any slump in business the present year. Nor does there appear any likelihood of any during the remaining weeks of the campaign. The contrast in that respect is particularly noteworthy when comparison is made with the Presidential election period of four years ago, when the set-back in trade proved to be one of the most pronounced in the country's history. But that was the year when the late Senator La Follette ran on an independent ticket, and when many long established principles in government appeared to be at stake. Barring unforeseen developments such as might easily grow out of frenzied speculation on the Stock Exchange, there seems no reason why business activity should not continue and spread, for the foundations of industrial activity are being laid broad and deep in an agricultural situation the present season of unusual promise. And Secretary of the Treasury Mellon is undoubtedly justified in taking an optimistic view of business prospects, as he did in a statement given out on Thursday.

The September crop reports of the Agricultural Bureau at Washington have been issued the present week and they furnish striking testimony to the truth of what we have said regarding the bright agricultural promise. These reports are dealt with in some detail further along in this article. Suffice it to say here that they show larger crops than the ordinary in the case of such leading productions as wheat, corn, oats, barley, potatoes and a number of others. In not a few instances the yield is the largest in a long series of years. Moreover, the great improvement in outlook and prospects as compared with the rather poor outlook in the spring, consti-

tutes one of the noteworthy characteristics of the current season in the agricultural world. As one illustration we may note that the latest estimate of the production of winter wheat is for a crop of 578,-599,000 bushels, which compares with the Department's estimate of 543,782,000 bushels on July 1, 512,252,000 bushels on June 1 and only 479,086,000 bushels on May 1, an increase of almost 100,000,000 bushels. At the same time, also, there has been marvelous improvement in the outlook for spring wheat. A crop of 322,473,000 bushels (including durum wheat) is now foreshadowed against 312,693,000 bushels on Aug. 1 and only 256,155,000 bushels on July 1. Altogether, the combined production of wheat of all kinds is now put at 901,072,000 bushels, against 891,292,000 bushels on Aug. 1 and no more than 809,000,000 bushels on July 1. In other words, a gloomy agricultural outlook in the spring has been converted into an unusually bright promise in the autumn.

These large agricultural yields mean a large grain traffic for the railroads and mean resulting benefit in many other directions. Coming along with the continued activity in the steel trade, which in turn owes its activity in great measure to the revival of the automobile industry, they afford strong ground for confidence in the steady development of trade and business for the remaining months of the year. The accounts regarding the steel trade have been particularly encouraging the present week. Production of steel is being maintained at a high rate, the "Iron Age" putting Chicago operations at slightly over 80% of capacity and output in the Greater Pittsburgh area at between 80% and 85%, while the average of the various subsidiaries of the United States Steel Corporation remains at about 75%. As indicating how much higher steel production is running the present summer than it did last summer, the August statement of the American Iron & Steel Institute, issued the present week, is enlightening. The production of steel ingots in August the present year is put at 4,178,481 tons as against 3,498,549 tons in August last year. In July the comparison was between 3,811,573 tons in the month the present year and 3,204,135 tons in 1927. The same high rate of production is evidently being maintained during the current month of September, while on the other hand in that month of 1927 the trend was strongly in a downward direction, the September output of 1927 having been only 3,268,881 tons.

It should also be noted that the U. S. Steel Corporation in its return for the close of August showed some increase in the unfilled orders of the subsidiary corporations, the amount of such unfilled orders for Aug. 31 being 3,624,043 tons against 3,570,927 tons on July 31. On Aug. 31 a year ago, the aggregate of unfilled orders was only 3,196,037

tons. Most important of all, the iron and steel makers are able now to get rising prices for their products. Quoting again from the "Iron Age," this authority in its review for the current week takes occasion to say that "the salient features of the iron and steel markets are the country-wide advances in prices, further evidences of strength in pig iron, and the accumulation of substantial back logs in finished steel," all significant indications as to the active and urgent demand for iron and steel.

Of course, the activity of the steel industry has not yet been communicated to other industries, except in the case of a few closely allied to the steel trade, but it would seem as if the beneficial effects could not be much longer delayed now that agricultural prospects are beginning to wear such a bright One important section of the country is already enjoying what is tantamount to a complete economic revival. We allude to the spring wheat territory of the Northwest, where an unusually abundant harvest of spring wheat was raised in 1927, following a series of poor crop yields, and where the same good luck has been repeated in an equally abundant production the present year. Our analysis of the returns of railroad earnings for the month of July which is given in a separate article on a subsequent page, affords evidence of what is going on in that part of the country. The roads serving the spring wheat sections lie in what is known as the Northwestern region of the Western District, and there are two other regions in the same district. The whole three stand out for their good returns in contrast with the rather poor returns for the other districts and regions. The Western District as a whole shows 5.85% gain in gross and 31.36% gain in net. The Eastern District, on the other hand, registers a trifling decrease in gross, with a small increase in net, while the Southern District falls heavily behind in both gross and net. Pretty soon, we may expect these other regions and districts will fall in line with the Western, not excepting the roads in the Southern District which have long been laggardsalways barring unforeseen developments as already noted.

With speculation on the Stock Exchange again growing apace, the weekly returns of the Federal Reserve Banks continue a tell-tale of what is going on. Thus brokers' loans the present week again show an increase and a very important one, too. The further addition the present week has been no less than \$95,-982,000. This, moreover, follows \$54,061,000 increase the previous week and \$34,017,000 increase the week preceding, making the expansion for the three weeks \$184,060,000. In other words, the total of the loans to brokers and dealers (secured by stocks and bonds) by the 45 reporting member banks in New York City now (Sept. 12) stands at \$4,385,191,000 as against \$4,289,209,000 on Sept. 5, \$4,235,148,000 Aug. 29 and \$4,201,131,000 Aug. 22. As to the distribution of these loans, under the different categories or headings, the loans made by these reporting member banks for their own account, which last week showed a large increase, thereby reversing previous experience, this week again show a decrease, dropping from \$906,779,000 September 5 to \$864,807,000 September 12. Contrariwise, the loans made for out-of-town banks and those "for account of others," which last week for once

sumed their upward tendencies, the loans for the out-of-town banks having risen from \$1,521,723,000 to \$1,599,300,000 and the loans for account of others from \$1,860,707,000 to \$1,921,084,000.

This last establishes a new high record total, and makes it evident that no success is attending the effort of the New York Clearing House Association to hold down direct loaning by the large depositors, corporate and individual, in order to get the benefit of the high rates of interest obtainable for call loans on the Stock Exchange. As against the present aggregate of \$1,921,084,000 of these loans for account of others, the amount on the corresponding date in 1927 (Sept. 14) was no more than \$912,491,,000. And the grand total of all these brokers' loans at \$4,385,191,000 compares with only \$3,249,251,000 at the corresponding date a year ago.

One other important development in recent periods finds reflection in these weekly returns. It has been a common remark of late that it was almost impossible to obtain time loans on the security of stock and bond collateral, banking institutions preferring not to make time loans. We see that out of the grand total of brokers' loans the present week of \$4,385,191,000, only \$743,535,000 were loans made on time, whereas \$3,641,656,000 were loans on demand. Going back to the beginning of July when the grand total of the loans was \$4,307,076,000, no less than \$1,046,409,000 consisted of time loans and \$3,260,667,000 were call loans. This tells how the wind is blowing.

Borrowing by the member banks at the Reserve institutions continues large, though the amount the present week was somewhat reduced, being reported at \$1,069,246,000 Sept. 12 against \$1,080,117,000 Sept. 5. On Sept. 14 1927 such borrowing aggregated only \$375,334,000. Notwithstanding, however, the slightly smaller borrowings by the member banks, the total amount of Reserve credit in use was not allowed to go lower by the Federal Reserve authorities, but rather was further augmented. This was accomplished by increasing the holdings of acceptances from \$186,796,000 Sept. 5 to \$211,160,000 Sept. 12 and enlarging the holdings of U.S. Government securities from \$206,385,000 to \$221,344,000. These purchasing operations give color to the reports which have been current that the Reserve authorities intend to extend the use of Reserve credit in precisely that way, that is, by purchases of Government securities and acceptances (which would be repeating the mistake of a year ago), while seeking to hold down direct borrowing by the member banks. The result of the past week's changes is that total bill and security holdings Sept. 12 stand at \$1,503,770,000 against \$1,474,288,000 on Sept. 5 and only \$1,101,947,000 on Sept. 14 last year. Federal Reserve note circulation was reduced during the week from \$1,701,035,000 to \$1,688,267,000, while gold reserves increased from \$2,609,149,000 to \$2,-628,946,000, but deposits at the same time ran up from \$2,305,577,000 to \$2,388,120,000.

ing member banks for their own account, which last week showed a large increase, thereby reversing previous experience, this week again show a decrease, dropping from \$906,779,000 September 5 to \$864,807,000 September 12. Contrariwise, the loans made for out-of-town banks and those "for account of others," which last week for once took a downward turn, the present week have re-

\$49,456,000. The long and short of the matter is that more than the whole of the increase in the use of Reserve credit during the week at the twelve Reserve institutions is found to have occurred at New York, the speculative centre.

Speculation on the Stock Exchange the present week has continued its onward and upward sweep, and further large and general advances in prices have occurred. This has been in face of continued high rates for money on the Stock Exchange, showing that the tension in the money market is not acting as a deterrent on the speculation. The speculative fraternity has become accustomed to call money rates of 7%@8% and the pools and cliques seem to have no difficulty in obtaining money at those figures. An occasional spurt upward in the rate simply serves to induce temporary demonstrations against the market on the part of bear operators while on the other hand a temporary downward reaction in money impels these same bear operators to rush in and cover their outstanding short accounts. Temporary downward recessions in prices seem really to be encouraged by the big financial interests, as they prevent the speculation from getting out of hand.

The course of the market the present week has been like that of all preceding recent weeks. There have been days when considerable irregularity has prevailed with values taking a downward turn, and there have been other days when the market has been positively buoyant, prices sweeping upward in most spectacular fashion. Saturday and Monday have been days when extensive selling occurred, in part on bear account, but in part also to realize profits. The market took the selling well, but had a ragged look and prices tended downward. On Tuesday and Wednesday the buoyancy was so pronounced that it carried everything before it. On Thursday, on the other hand, there was a renewed pause, with a downward reaction. On Friday, prices were again bid upward with great rapidity, notwithstanding the news of a further large increase in brokers' loans. Trading on the Stock Exchange has been steadily growing in volume. On Saturday, the halfday session, transactions again ran above the 2,000, 000 share mark, aggregating 2,079,010 shares. On Monday the sales were 3,673,930 shares; on Tuesday 4,110,850 shares; on Wednesday 4,572,081 shares; on Thursday 4,041,770 shares, and on Friday 4,562, 400 shares. In the curb market the dealings reached 370,275 shares on Saturday; 574,010 shares on Monday; 569,647 shares on Tuesday; 666,515 on Wednesday; 635,381 shares on Thursday, and 891,820 shares on Friday.

As on other occasions, the specialties commanded most favor and have enjoyed the largest advances. These specialties embrace not only stocks which have been leaders in all recent upward movements, like U. S. Steel, but also stocks which for some special reason have been taken in hand and whirled upward with great rapidity, such as Warner Bros. Pictures on the announcement that the company had acquired control of Stanley Company of America. U. S. Steel common was strong on the increase in the company's unfilled orders during the month of August and the highly favorable accounts regarding the steel trade. The stock reached a new high figure for the year at 159% on Sept. 14 and closed yesterday at 158½ against 157% on Friday of last week.

Among other stocks which established new high records for the year may be mentioned the following: Advance Rumely, Am. Beet Sugar Pref., Am. Smelting & Refining, Am. Sugar Refining, Atlantic Refining, Best & Co., Briggs Manufacturing, Columbia Gas & Elec., Commercial Solvents, Corn Prod. Refining, Fox Film Cl. A, Gulf States Steel, Inland Steel, Int. Nickel, Loose-Wiles Biscuit, Ludlum Steel, Mathieson Alkali Works, May Dept. Stores, Montgomery Ward, Nat. Enameling & Stamping, Peoples Gas Light & Coke, Pub. Serv. Corp of N. Jersey, Republic Iron & Steel, Shubert Theatre, Stewart-Warner Sp., Timken Roller Bearing, Union Carbide & Carbon, U. S. Industrial Alcohol, Warner Bros. Pictures Cl. A, Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg., and General Amer. Tank Car.

General Motors maintained its record of great activity, though not being conspicuous for the size of its advance. It closed yesterday at 2051/2 against 205 the previous Friday; Radio Corporation closed at 206 against 2191/4; Montgomery Ward & Co. at $251\frac{1}{2}$ against $236\frac{1}{4}$; American Tel. & Tel. at $181\frac{7}{8}$ against 1811/2; General Electric at 1671/2 against 1667/8; Allied Chemical & Dye at 198 against 198; Sears, Roebuck at 1525% against 154; American Can at 105½ against 1075%; International Harvester at 292 against 2961/2; International Nickel at 1281/4 against 1241/4; Stewart Warner at 105 against 104; Union Carbide & Carbon at 1751/2 against 1671/4; Consolidated Gas (new shares) at 791/2 against 821/8; Paramount Famous Lasky at 1401/2 against 1451/8; Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc., after the news regarding the acquisition of the Stanley Co., showed a downward reaction. It reached a high of 1391/4 on Sept. 11 and closed yesterday at 97 against 1171/2 the previous Friday.

The copper stocks were again prime favorites, the following having reached new high levels for the year: Anaconda Copper, Cerro de Pasco Copper, Chile Copper, Magma Copper and Utah Copper. American Smelting & Refining closed yesterday at 249½ against 246¾ on Friday of the preceding week; Kennecott Copper closed yesterday at 983/4 against 97% the previous Friday; Anaconda Copper at 771/4 against 751/2; Cerro de Pasco at 93% against 80; Greene-Cananea at 1203/4 against 118; Calumet & Hecla at 32½ against 315/8; Chile Copper at 51\% against 48\%; and Granby Copper at 60 against 591/8. The independent steel shares shared in the strength of U.S. Steel. Bethlehem Steel closed yesterday at 6634 against 6338 the previous Friday; Republic Iron & Steel at 89% against 71; Inland Steel at 68 against 681/4; and Ludlum Steel at 681/2 against 625/8.

The motor stocks were again prominent. Chrysler, Packard and Studebaker established new highs for the year. Chrysler closed yesterday at 1053/4 against 1043/4 the previous Friday; Studebaker at 81\% against 79\%; Packard at 86\% against 84\%; Nash at 95½ against 94%; Hudson at 80% against $83\frac{1}{4}$ and Hupp at $73\frac{1}{4}$ against $72\frac{3}{4}$. The rubber shares displayed renewed strength and U. S. Rubber com. closed yesterday at 40% against 381/2 the previous Friday, though the preferred closed at 713/4 against 73; Goodyear Tire & Rubber closed at 63½ against 63¾; and B. F. Goodrich at 79¾ against 801/2. In the oil group, Atlantic Refining closed yesterday at 1721/8 against 1675/8 the previous Friday; Marland Oil closed at 40 against 391/2; and Standard Oil of New Jersey at 45% against 45%.

The railroad stocks were distinctly laggards, being about the only group so distinguished, and the most of them show declines for the week. Missouri Pacific, however, reached a new high record for the year. New York Central closed yesterday at 1761/2 against 1745/8 the previous Friday; Baltimore & Ohio at 1153/8 against 1143/4; Chesapeake & Ohio at 186¾ against 189; Atchison at 192¾ against 194¼; Canadian Pacific at 212 against 214; Great Northern at 100 against 100; Northern Pacific at 98 against 981/2; Wabash at 84 against 821/4; Union Pacific at 1961/4 against 1961/4; Southern Pacific at 1253/4 against 125; New York Chicago & St. Louis at 1261/2 against 127; St. Louis-San Francisco at 115 against 115%; St. Louis South Western at 108¾ against 106½; Milwaukee & St. Paul pref. at 53% against $53\frac{3}{4}$; Rock Island at $120\frac{1}{4}$ against $122\frac{1}{2}$; Missouri Kansas & Texas at $41\frac{1}{2}$ against $41\frac{3}{4}$; and Missouri Pacific at 721/8 against 74.

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The September crop report adds further to the prospective yield of most of the leading grain crops of the United States for the current season. The Department of Agriculture in its latest report, issued at Washington on Monday last, indicates a larger production than a month ago for wheat, due to a further improvement in spring wheat; also a larger yield for oats. Corn is an exception, but as to this crop the estimated reduction in yield still leaves a substantial output in sight, and when the crop has fully matured and been finally gathered all or more of what was lost during August may be recovered. The September 1 condition of corn is placed by the Department of Agriculture at 78.4% of normal. This compares with 83.3% the condition on Aug. 1, a loss during the month of 4.9 points. The yield for this year is now estimated at 2,930,586,000 bushels, which compares with 3,029,561,000 bushels, the estimate a month ago, and the harvest of last year of 2,773,708,000 bushels. Not since the crop of 1923 has the total yield of corn been larger than now appears for this year's production.

Winter wheat promises a yield for this year of 578,599,000 bushels, while for spring wheat the latest estimate is 322,473,000 bushels, a total production for all wheat of 901,072,000 bushels. This compares with the final estimate for last year of 872,595,000 bushels, or an increase roughly of 30,000,000 bushels. Not since 1919 has the total production of wheat in the United States been in excess of 900,000,000 bushels. The condition of spring wheat on Sept. 1 this year is placed by the Department at 82.1% of normal, which compares with 81.8% on Aug. 1 and 82.7% on Sept. 1 1927. The harvest of spring wheat last year was 319,307,000 bushels, which was considerably higher than in any preceding year back to 1918. The yield per acre for all wheat will be higher this year than last year, being estimated now at 15.6 bushels against 14.9 bushels last year and a fiveyear average (1922-26 inclusive) of 14.3 bushels per acre.

Production of oats for this year is now estimated at 1,453,829,000 bushels, which is 11,656,000 bushels higher than was indicated a month earlier, and compares with 1,184,146,000 bushels harvested in 1927. The oats crops of 1924 and 1925 were slightly higher than is now indicated for this year, but with these exceptions the present crop will exceed all other years back to 1920. The average yield of oats per acre, too, for this year, is quite a little higher than

for the preceding ten years, excepting only the years 1920 and '24. Production of barley this year is now placed at 346,027,000 bushels, against 264,392,000 bushels harvested last year; rye 43,300,000 bushels this year and 58,800,000 bushels in 1927, while for tobacco there is an indicated yield for this year of 1,371,782,000 pounds against the harvest of 1,211,301,000 pounds in 1927.

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The Department of Agriculture declares that even with sharp changes in individual States, the crop situation in the country as a whole averages about as it did a month ago. Prospects on the 1st of September indicated crop yields per acre 3.3% above the average yields during the last ten years. Prospects have declined along the Atlantic Coast, chiefly as the result of excessive rain, and, with the exception of Kansas, have declined in the great plains area from South Dakota to Texas as a result of drought. Crop yields are now expected to be a little below the average in most of the Southern States east of the Mississippi River and in the eastern Lake States.

The cotton crop report for September also indicates some increase in the yield of cotton over the estimate made a month earlier. The probable growth this year is now placed at 14,439,000 bales, by the Department of Agriculture. This is 148,000 bales larger than the August estimate, and compares with 12,955,000 bales, the actual production in 1927. During the past month the progress of the crop was not entirely satisfactory. The Department in its present report says that in the Central portion of the Cotton Belt, except in Louisiana, conditions improved somewhat, but in portions of the Atlantic Coast there was too much rain and in western Oklahoma the crop deteriorated in consequence of a drought.

The plants set bolls freely during the early part of August but later in the month there was excessive moisture, with increasing insect damage. The rains continued into early September, with damage through rotting of bolls. Weevil infestation is said to be quite general and very threatening in most of the Belt. With dry warm weather throughout the rest of September, continuing in October, as was the case last year and the year before, further deterioration may be avoided.

The Department bases its latest estimate of yield on the Sept. 1 condition of the crop, which is placed at 60.3% of normal. The Sept. 1 1927 condition was 56.1%, while the ten-year average condition for that date is 57.1%. The condition of cotton on Aug. 1 of this year was placed by the Department at 67.9% of normal, so that the deterioration during August was 7.6 points. The deterioration during August, 1927, amounted to 13.4 points, and in 1926, the year of the record crop, 10.2 points. The estimate of the abandonment of area since July 1, made by the Department of Agriculture, places the abandonment for the current season at 1,779,000 acres. This is 3.8% of the 46,695,000 acres in cultivation on July 1. The estimate of area remaining for harvest is 44,916, 000 acres, so that the indicated yield per acre from this year's crop, based on the Sept. 1 condition report, will be 153.9 pounds of lint cotton. The Aug. 1 estimate was 152.2 pounds of cotton, while the final estimate of yield for the 1927 crop was 154.5 pounds an acre. The ten-year average yield of cotton per acre (1917-1926 inclusive) is 156.3 pounds of lint. Considering only the States of large yields, the highest ratio of abandoned area is in Oklahoma, 5.5%. For Texas the area abandoned is 4.0%, leaving for harvest 17,631,000 acres, slightly under 40% of the acreage for entire cotton belt. The area abandoned in Arkansas and Georgia is also 4.0%, but for the other larger cotton States, it is less, being only 1.7% in North Carolina. Missouri and Tennessee had a somewhat higher ratio, the former 6.0% and the latter 4.5%.

As to the yield by States, Texas makes a very good showing. With the large area and excellent conditions throughout the autumn, there is no telling what the production in Texas may be. The Sept. 1 condition for that State of 61% of normal compares with a condition of 56% on Sept. 1 1927 and a tenyear average Sept. 1 condition of 52%. The yield of cotton for Texas this year is estimated at 5,100,-000 bales; last year the final yield for Texas was 4,352,000 bales. For Arkansas also the Sept. 1 condition is 61% of normal, comparing with 55% a year ago, and the present year's Arkansas crop is now estimated at 1,250,000 bales against 1,000,000 bales last year. Oklahoma reports a condition of 53% on Sept. 1 this year and the crop is put at 1,306,-000 bales against 1,037,000 bales in 1927. The other important cotton States show a higher condition, notably North Carolina at 69% of normal, while the same is especially true of Tennessee and Missouri.

Larger yields are now promised for nearly all of the cotton growing States than in 1927, the only noteworthy exceptions being Alabama and Mississippi. The Bureau of Census reports 956,486 bales of cotton ginned from the 1928 crop up to Sept. 1, against ginnings of 1,533,577 bales up to the corresponding date of last year, but only 696,556 bales to Sept. 1 1926, the latter the year of the record crop. The falling off in the ginnings this year compared with a year ago, is largely in Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana and Mississippi. For Texas, the ginnings on Sept. 1 this year of 842,600 bales are slightly under 90% of all ginnings for the year to date, and compare with 925,900 bales ginned to Sept. 1 of last year.

European stock exchanges were quiet and fairly steady this week, although on the Continental markets a little heaviness was apparent in some of the sessions. The London Stock Exchange began the week with only a moderate volume of business, centered chiefly in the miscellaneous shares. The old international favorites, such as the phonograph issues and the artificial silks, were most prominent in the dealings, while Mond Nickel also continued active. The great majority of the issues, however, moved no great distance either way, and this held true of trading all week. A few flurries, chiefly of a professional character, occurred in the industrial section Tuesday and Wednesday. Unfavorable traffic reports on home railways, issued in the mid-week session, had a depressing effect on these issues. Home railroads were weak also on Thursday, with the heavier junior stocks losing about one point. Fluctuations in the gilt-edged section were very small, owing chiefly to a rather even tendency of money rates. Oil, mining and rubber shares attracted no great amount of attention. Settlement day, Thursday, was one factor in the quietness at London. A considerable amount of week-end profit taking occurred in the industrial section yesterday, but this was absorbed without great disturbance. Declines were noted in some gramaphone issues, but artificial the discussions occurred within the halls of the

silk shares were steady. The gilt-edged division was firm.

Trading on the Paris Bourse was slow for the most part, with quotations showing very little change. Some irregularity and heaviness occurred early in the week in industrial and mining shares. Speculative accumulation of bank stocks began on Tuesday, forcing these issues up, but the gains disappeared again on Wednesday when operators attempted to realize their profits. In the subsequent sessions trading was very quiet, but no apparent weakness developed. The public obviously would not participate, which left matters at the close of the week very much where they began. The Berlin Boerse moved about more actively than either London or Paris, owing to the special influences that prevailed. In the opening session and on Tuesday stocks were depressed because of the French Foreign Minister's anti-German speech at Geneva. Trading was quiet, however, as many of the leading bankers had gone to Cologne to attend a convention. Active trading and a strong market set in Wednesday, on expectations that the Geneva discussions about the Rhineland would bring about some sort of settlement. Spirited advances took place in bank stocks and in a number of industrial favorites. A moderate reaction occurred subsequently, with business quieting down again.

Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg returned from Paris Monday on the steamship "Leviathan," bringing with him the general treaty renouncing war as an instrument of national policy which fifteen world powers signed at the French Foreign Ministry Aug. 27. While Mr. Kellogg was on the high seas, suggestions were made in Republican Party circles in Washington that the treaty be featured in the present Presidential campaign as a great party triumph. These reports brought a statement from Mr. Kellogg on his arrival that the new pact is not a matter for partisan political treatment. "I do not think the treaty for the renunciation of war should be made a party issue either in the campaign or in the Senate," he said, "and I cannot conceive that it will be. It is an international matter of world-wide importance. The promotion of world peace is an ideal common to all civilization. It is not the prerogative of any one country or any one group within a country. The treaty was signed by fifteen nations and thirty more have already signified their intention to adhere to it. There is every indication that it will be accepted by every nation in the world." Since Mr. Kellogg's return, additional Governments have indicated their intention to adhere to the new compact in accordance with the invitations extended to forty-nine other Governments on Aug. 28. Reports from Mexico, Persia and Honduras early this week were to the effect that the respective Governments definitely would adhere. A total of thirty-five nations have thus far signified their intention of subscribing to the documents out of the forty-nine Governments.

A number of the most important international problems with which the world is faced today received consideration at Geneva the past week, where statesmen from all member states gathered for the Ninth Assembly of the League of Nations to discuss adjustments, accords and disarmament. Not all of

League of Nations. In fact, it would appear that League consideration of one of the most important of European problems,-that of the Rhineland occupation by allied troops—was merely a sort of introduction to the private parleys designed to end this troublesome question between Germany and her former enemies in Western Europe. Statements were made before the League Assembly and to gatherings of press correspondents as the needs of the plenipotentiaries seemed to dictate, and in the meanwhile private conferences were being arranged for more intimate consideration of matters. Among the subjects touched on was also that of the Anglo-French naval agreement which was announced to a startled world on July 30 by Sir Austen Chamberlain, Foreign Secretary in the British Cabinet. Other problems which have long been the peculiar concern of the League also came up for discussion; while running like a thread through all the meetings, the general question of disarmament came up again and again, indicating how important this matter is for every nation on the globe.

The Anglo-French Naval Compromise Agreement was the subject of an extraordinary amount of conjecture the past week in the capitals of all naval powers. Rumors were rife on every hand as to the actual terms of the agreement and the deeper significance that might underlie it. There were also sharp criticisms in the public prints of England and Germany, while considerable dubiety was expressed in the United States. The return of both President Coolidge and Secretary of State Kellogg to Washington early this week caused discussion to turn toward the likelihood of an early American reply to the British note of Aug. 1 in which a summary of the compromise agreement was given the United States Government. In accordance with diplomatic proprieties, only unofficial comments have been made in this country regarding the agreement, but these have been unanimously unfavorable. "Naval circles here take the view," a Washington dispatch of Monday to the New York "Herald Tribune" said, "that the Paris-London agreement is designed to checkmate the American Navy's desire to build sufficient 10,000 ton cruisers for this navy's needs, while permitting Great Britain unlimited numbers of small cruisers peculiarly adaptable to the British navy's needs." Similar pronouncements have been published frequently since the summary of the agreement was received in Washington, causing a good deal of anxiety in Great Britain and some perturbation also in France.

Reports were widely circulated in England late last week that the agreement had been quietly dropped by the British and French Governments and that nothing more would be done to further the aims it embodied. The reports were to the effect, as one London journalist put it, that London had "dropped the compromise, although nobody has heard it drop." These reports were promptly denied last Saturday by officials of the British Government, but they persisted nevertheless. "Government circles pointed out," a London dispatch to the Associated Press said, "that no action on the naval accord could be taken Italy and Japan, to which the proposals have been submitted. The officials recognize that the accord may not meet the views of one or more of these other countries, in which case it may be necessary

for the British and French to use some other method in bringing about an understanding on naval disarmament." After these declarations were made on behalf of the British Government, at least four influential London newspapers continued to regard the compromise as abandoned. "The reports," the "London Observer" remarked last Sunday, "should be considered erroneous only in the sense of 'intelligent anticipation."

Attempts were made by both British and French statesmen at Geneva to deal with the immense amount of conjecture aroused by the compromise agreement. On his arrival at the League center Lord Cushendun, Acting Secretary for Foreign Affairs in Britain, said: "Speculations as to secret clauses and so forth have no foundation whatever, I see it suggested, for instance, that we were going to arrange for pooling our navy with the French. There is absolutely nothing in any such suggestion, nor is there anything at all in the shape of an agreed policy between ourselves and the French. It is not a question of policy. That has never been discussed. There are no secret clauses nor any arrangement as to an alliance or co-operation of navies. All that is absolutely beside the mark; nothing of the sort has ever been suggested." To Lord Cushendun's assurances Foreign Minister Aristide Briand of France added his own, Monday, in a speech before the Assembly of the League of Nations. M. Briand complained of the unfavorable reception given the accord in many quarters. "We have worked together for the peace of the world and have been singularly unfortunate," he said. "We had a very definite difference of view regarding certain questions concerning disarmament. We saw very little chance for success on the part of the Preparatory Commission for Disarmament unless we could come to some agreement, so we got together and produced-I will not call it a treaty, I will not call it even an agreement from the international point of view, but a certain rapprochement which made disarmament possible."

M. Briand, late last Monday, assured the correspondent of the Associated Press that he had definitely decided to make the full accord public during the disarmament discussions before the Assembly committee on disarmament. He stated that the understanding would be introduced merely as an example of the efforts being made to hasten disarmament. This was followed Wednesday by further remarks on the accord by Lord Cushendun, who gave the first official intimation that the agreement has not proved entirely acceptable to other Governments. "Unfortunately," he said, "intimations have reached us that our compromise may prove distasteful to other parties concerned who have the same right as we to have their votes and their voices heard." He remarked that he could not understand why France and Britain should be represented as making a secret treaty with sinister consequences and ulterior motives. The reason for the discussions between the French and British Governments, he said, was that differences had arisen over the draft conventions submitted by them to the Disarmament Commission. They had attempted to agree on texts, he added, and the compromise agreement resulted. until an answer is received from the United States, It now appears likely that the text of the accord will be published very shortly after a reply is made by the United States to the British note of August 1 to Washington.

Diplomatic moves of various kinds were made in Geneva this week in connection with the German efforts to secure early withdrawal of Allied troops from from the occupied zones in the Rhineland. Chancellor Herman Mueller proceeded to Geneva himself last week, with the announced intention of negotiating with Allied representatives for complete evacuation at an early date, even though French, British and Belgian troops may be maintained in German territory until 1935 under the terms of the Treaty of Versailles. The German leader also announced beforehand that he had an important speech to make before the League Assembly. Herr Mueller conferred with M. Briand, Foreign Minister of France, at the latter's hotel in Geneva, Sept. 5, and the understanding was conveyed to him, dispatches said, that no negotiations could take place unless the Reich was willing to offer certain definite concessions. The promised speech to the Assembly was made by Chancellor Mueller Sept. 7, the principal note struck being one of protest at Germany's disarmament while other nations have the right to build up powerful military and naval machines. This action was followed by conferences last Saturday morning between Herr Mueller and the represen-After these tatives of Great Britain and Italy. meetings it was reported that prospects were undimmed as regards having a round table talk by delegates of all the Powers interested in the Rhineland occupation.

The next move in the matter was made by M. Briand, Monday, in a speech which, like Herr Mueller's was made before the full Assembly of the League. In the course of the address, which dealt with many matters, M. Briand referred to the remarks of the German Chancellor. "Instead of being disarmed," he said, "Germany has an army of 100,-000 men. Germany also has a magnificent reservoir of man power from which she may draw a much larger army." He disparaged the claim that Germany has no war material and said that the rapidity with which she had rebuilt her merchant marine showed the remarkable national capacity to reconstruct instruments of peace suitable for the manufacture of weapons of war. He especially pointed out, according to a Geneva dispatch from Wythe Williams, special correspondent of the New York "Times," that the eventual ally of Germany in case of war-Soviet Russia-instead of decreasing, was increasing armaments. That meant, he declared, that there still existed in Europe enough military force to justify French precautions. Concerning minorities, he referred directly to the movement to annex Austria to Germany. Before the war, he declared, the unsatisfied, complaining minorities amounted in Europe to 100,000,000, with Germany caring very little about them, whereas now that there were only 20,000,000, Germany had become their protector.

M. Briand's speech, according to the "Times" dispatch, was heard with amazement by the German delegation which at first pronounced it as spelling the ruin of the Locarno agreement and also the end of the policy of rapprochaent. The French Minister subsequently declared to press correspondents, however, that he had fulfilled his duties of clearing the atmosphere and putting the negotiations on safe ground, and that he would be quite ready to start in with the Geneva official conversations which may lead to negotiations relative to evacuation of the

Rhineland. Despite these assurances, M. Briand's speech produced a severely unfavorable reaction throughout Germany. The British Government, however, was understood to be thoroughly in accord with the French attitude toward the German request for evacuation of the Rhineland. "It awaits an offer by Chancellor Mueller of some quid pro quo satisfactory to France," a London dispatch of Monday to the New York "Times" said. In Berlin it was announced Tuesday that Chancellor Mueller would make an official reply to M. Briand's speech within a week or ten days.

Notwithstanding these rumblings, Tuesday saw the actual beginning of the conferences on evacuation of the Rhineland. The meeting was planned, dispatches reported, as a preliminary one with an eye to more formal conversations later. It was attended by Chancellor Mueller and Under Secretary von Schubert for Germany, Lord Cushendun for Great Britain, M. Briand for France, Signor Scialoja for Italy, M. Hymans for Belgium and Mineachiro Adachi for Japan. The conference was held in the hotel where Lord Cushendun made his headquarters. An official communication on the meeting was issued in the evening. It said: "Conversations have commenced on the question of evacuation of the Rhineland. There was a full exchange of views. The discussion is continuing and will be resumed on Thursday." The meeting Thursday was a brief one, although it was described by one of the participants as "hopeful." Adjournment was taken with an agreement to sit again tomorrow (Sunday) morning. Officially it was stated that several points arose which require further elucidation, while unofficially it was intimated that these points had to do with a French plan for new provisions for security in the Rhineland frontier zone in case troops are either reduced or withdrawn entirely. "France, in other words, wants the Rhineland frontier zone made stronger than is possible under existing treaties," an Associated Press dispatch from Geneva said. "The Germans, on the other hand, say they would resent any new form of security as offensive to German pride and prestige," the report added.

The meeting scheduled for tomorrow will see the presentation of a definite formula upon which a committee of conference experts will begin work, according to a dispatch dated Thursday to the New York "Times." The immediate evacuation of the Second Zone will be promised by M. Briand, it was indicated, provided Germany accepts the proposal for Rhineland control in some definite form. "Summing up the results of to-day's meeting," the report continued, "it may be asserted, first, concerning reparations, that Chancellor Mueller agreed to the appointment of experts by both sides in order to discuss the German proposals. It is now visualized that one limited financial operation will be possible on the European markets, which later will be extended and submitted to the United States. The conversation developed the opinion that a quick loan flotationmobilization of German bonds-might be accomplished without waiting for the "official" attitude of the United States. This in the belief that the loan would be guaranteed by German industry and that the other powers would get a quick response from the American market, anyhow. It also developed that one of the main points of the German proposals will be a reduction in the number of the annuities,

the same to be paid at the same rate and the same instalments as the Allied debts to the United States. The Allied statesmen apparently are ready to cut the total of reparations in order to pay the United States more quickly than under the various Washington agreements, but holding back a small amount for the devastated areas." The form of control commission, it was further indicated, will be such that the German populace will think matters are in their own hands, while the average Frenchman will think that the iron hand of Allied authority still lay over the Rhine.

Sessions of the League of Nations Council and of the League Assembly late last week and early this week were devoted to a consideration of some of the existing international difficulties in Europe as well as to the general question of disarmament. two League bodies meet concurrently at this time every year, the quarterly session of the Council coinciding with the annual meeting of the full Assembly. The eight-year old dispute between Poland and Lithuania over the possession of the former Lithuanian capital of Vilna, again reached the Council last Saturday. That body issued a warning to the two disputants that unless the question is settled shortly, the Council will appoint a commission to determine how far the dispute menaces the relations of the Baltic nations generally. In the Assembly on the same day Chancellor Seipel of Austria delivered an address on minorities. His remarks were viewed as directly related to the widespread Austrian desire to unite with Germany. "I advise each of you," Mgr. Seipel said, "to weigh in his own mind the different conceptions of the expressions 'nation,' 'minority' and 'rights of minorities.' Once you have done this we can meet again and state how the question of minorities really stands. But we must reflect and state our views quickly lest anything happen meanwhile to prejudice the great ideal of peace."

The only plenary session of the Assembly to be held this week was that of Monday, wherein Foreign Minister Briand of France discoursed on German disarmament and on the Anglo-French naval compromise agreement as detailed above. M. Briand began his speech with high praise of the League, declaring that it has prevented more than one conflict. At this session of the Assembly, Spain, Venezuela and Persia were elected to three-year terms on the Council, Spain winning semi-permanency by receiving the privilege of re-eligibility. Delegates from these Governments will hereafter take the places on the Council of those from China, Holland and Colombia, whose terms have expired. Following these meetings, four Commissions of the League Assembly set to work Wednesday to consider the problems alloted to them. Of these bodies, only the Third, or Disarmament Commission, attracted general interest because of its consideration of the date for the next meeting of the Preparatory Disarmament Commission of the League of Nations. Notwithstanding lengthy discussions, no date was fixed.

Charles Evans Hughes, of the United States, was formally elected a Judge of the Permanent Court of International Justice at sessions of the League of Nations Council and Assembly on Sept. 8, to fill the unexpired term of John Bassett Moore, who resigned. Mr. Hughes was formerly Secretary of State

United States Supreme Court. He is expected to serve for at least the two unexpired years of the term for which Mr. Moore was originally elected. His selection was virtually assured early in August, a sufficient number of League member States having nominated him by that time to dispel all doubt on the matter. By the end of August twenty-six nations had nominated the distinguished American and thirty-two votes were assured him. In the balloting at Geneva last Saturday, the League Council voted for Mr. Hughes unanimously. The League Assembly, meeting separately, gave the American candidate 41 votes, Dr. Walter Simons of Germany 5, Sir Johannes Wessels of South Africa 1, and Sir Abdul Rohin of India 1. Haiti and Liberia did not vote. Following the election, a Geneva dispatch to the Associated Press said hopes were voiced informally by many delegates that the choice of Mr. Hughes would reawaken interest in the United States regarding the question of American adherence at the World Court. Mr. Hughes, who was in Italy at the time, sent formal acceptance to the League Secretariat on Sept. 10 of his election to the Permanent Court of International Justice. He voiced the deepest interest in the work of the Court and said it would be a privilege for him to serve. The United States Senate, it will be recalled, made adherence to the World Court by this country conditional upon adoption of a rule that without American consent no advisory opinions could be given on questions in which the United States possesses or claims an interest. This reservation proved unacceptable.

The seventy-fifth annual session of the British Trades Union Congress, which opened at Swansea, Wales, on Sept. 3, has given ample indication that the ebb of labor "militancy," which set in with the collapse of the general strike in 1926, continues to run strong. Not only is there every apparent indication of a desire for a policy of industrial co-operation with employers, but also a continued aloofness from Russian labor bodies. In the opening session of the Congress, Ben Turner, President, scored the British workingman's social customs of drinking and gambling which he estimated entailed an expenditure of \$3,000,000,000 yearly. J. H. Thomas, former Cabinet Minister, on the following day deplored the loss of 2,000,000 trade union members within a limited period. Referring to the continuing decrease in memberships, he contended that after the effects of trade depression had been allowed for, the main cause of secessions was to be found in the discrediting of the trades unions, "not by people outside the movement, but by some who sit in the General Council and some who are general secretaries or paid organizers in the movement and who tell the workers not to believe what the leaders say because the leaders have sold them."

The Congress subsequently voted 6 to 1 endorsement of the policy of industrial co-operation as embodied in recent discussions between representatives of labor and employers. This was followed on Sept. 7 by decisive rejection of a resolution calling for one united world international which really envisaged, a London dispatch to the New York "Times" said, the resurrection of the Anglo-Russian Trades Union Committee. The motion came from the minority which represents the Communist movement in British labor. The present policy of the General Counof the United States and at one time a Judge of the | cil of Labor, the "Times" dispatch stated, is a complete reversal of that of three years ago, when the Council declared that the Trades Union movement must organize for the overthrow of capitalism. "Most of the men who then talked glibly of forcing the capitalists to relinquish their grip on industry have realized the futility of this sort of warfare," the dispatch said. "Labor leaders have learned from bitter experience that while the English people may be won over to a new policy by persuasion and argument, they will not accept it at the cannon's mouth. Even the omens in regard to Labor's acceptance of the recommendations of its General Council in favor of continuing the conferences between employers and employed instituted by Sir Alfred Mond, now Lord Melchett, are good, and if the outcome does not belie them, it may well be that British labor will ere long see the advent of a new era in industrial relations."

Hundreds and possibly thousands of arrests were made throughout Spain early this week in connection with an alleged plot to overthrow the Government which was to culminate Sept. 13, on the fifth anniversary of the regime of the Dictator, Premier Primo de Rivera. The arrests, according to an announcement by the Ministry of the Interior, Wednesday, were part of precautionary measures intended to eliminate the possibility of any unsympathetic or unpleasant disturbances during celebrations planned in commemoration of the establishment of the dictatorship. As always on such occasions, a strict censorship was promptly established on all dispatches from Spain, and as a consequence, only dispatches that had the approval of the authorities have been received direct from that country. Dispatches from Handaye, France, and Gibraltar, however, indicate that the plot was directed against the dictatorship and not against the monarchy. King Alfonso left Madrid Monday for a visit to Sweden. General de Rivera sent a message through the Associated Press, Wednesday, in which he said: "The condition of public order in Spain could not be better in all the country. It is not certain that delegates to the Labor Congress which is being held tranquilly, have been arrested, nor also a single soldier, although it was proved that a plot to produce disorders on Sept. 13 had been made. There have been some arrests among politicians, revolutionists and other elements which live and prosper by provoking disorders." Demonstrations were held in Madrid, Thursday, in honor of Premier de Rivera, and passed off without disorder.

Rapid industrial development of Mexico has been officially announced as the program of Dr. Puig Casauranc, who was named Minister of Industry and Commerce recently on the resignation of Luis Morones. In a statement issued last Sunday, Dr. Casuaranc declared that whatever can be produced within the Republic must be protected by tariffs and that the Government must work in co-operation with private enterprise. The proposals of the Mexican Minister, as summarized in a dispatch to the New York "Times," are as follows: "Government inspectors shall visit all the producing centers of the Republic and obtain such statistical and other commercial data as will place the Ministry in a position to study efficient means of stimulating national production and establish such private and national cooperation as, it is hoped, to place Mexico much nearer a self-supporting basis.

"One of the principal objectives of these inspectors will be to obtain details of the raw materials used in various manufacturing centers, the quantity consumed annually and their origin, whether entirely foreign or partly national. Data will be obtained on the distances of the factories from rail and other means of transportation, and of the nearest markets from the producing centers. When the capacity of production and the actual output is established, the Ministry will confer with factory owners in an effort to find means to increase local sales. source of raw materials is considered by the Ministry a factor of the greatest importance in the proposed studies. Every measure will be taken by the Government to protect national resources that can be developed competitively with imported materials, and protective taxation will be also imposed in favor of Mexican goods. The Ministry also considers the question of freights of high importance, and the railways and all other carriers will be invited to cooperate with the Government in furthering the policy of developing Mexican industry."

No changes have been reported this week in discount rates by any of the central banks of Europe. Rates continue at 7% in Germany; $6\frac{1}{2}\%$ in Austria; $5\frac{1}{2}\%$ in Italy and Norway; 5% in Denmark and Madrid; $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ in London, Holland and Sweden; 4% in Belgium, and $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ in France and Switzerland. In London open market discounts remain at $4\frac{1}{4}\%$ for short and $4\frac{1}{4}\%4$ 5-16% for long bills, the same as on Friday of last week, and on the three previous Fridays. Money on call in London was $3\frac{7}{8}\%$ most of the week, but were down to $3\frac{3}{8}\%$ yesterday. At Paris open market discounts remain at $3\frac{1}{4}\%$ and in Switzerland at 37-16%.

Another gain in bullion and an extra high reserve ratio are the features of this week's Bank of England statement, made public on Thursday. The gain in gold amounted in only £8,139 and as there was a contraction in notes in circulation of £761,000, the reserve of gold and notes in the banking department rose £769,000. The ratio of reserve to liabilities shot up this week from 47.67% up to 55.13% which is the highest for the year to date, and compares with a low for the year of 21.94% on Jan. 4. Public deposits declined £5,413,000 and "other" deposits, £10,-498,000. Loans on Government securities fell off £10,590,000 and loans on other securities, £6,060,000. The Bank's gold holdings, which now total £176,-584,789 are said to be the largest in the history of that institution. At this time last year the total was £151,059,783 and two years ago, in 1926, £155,850,207. Note circulation aggregates £134,-607,000, against £136,102,470 in 1927. of England's discount rate remains unchanged at Below we furnish comparisons of the various $4\frac{1}{2}\%$. items of the Bank of England return for five years.

a Includes, beginning with April 29 1925, £27,000,000 gold coin and bulkion previously held as security for currency note issues and which was transferred to the Bank of England on the British Government's decision to return to gold standard, b Beginning with the statement for April 29 1925, includes £27,000,000 of Rank of England notes issued in return for the same amount of gold cein and buillen held up to that time in redemption account of currency note issue

In its statement issued September 13, for the week ending last Saturday the Bank of France reports a decrease in note circulation of 631,000,000 francs reducing the total to 60,752,951,030 francs. Note circulation last week amounted to 61,383,-951,030 francs and the week before 60,315,951,-On the other hand creditor current accounts rose 138,000,000 francs and current accounts and deposits gained 86,000,000 francs. Gold holdings now total 30,426,061,605 francs due to an in-crease during the week of 74,719,315 francs. French commercial bills discounted showed an expansion of 701,000,000 francs and bills brought abroad rose 285,000,000 francs while credit balances abroad dropped 236,935,943 francs and advances against securities 29,000,000 francs. Below we furnish a comparison of the various items of the bank's return for the past three weeks.

BANK OF FRANCE'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

Sept. 8 1928. Sept. 1 1928. Aug. 25 1928. Changes for Week. Francs. Francs. Francs. Francs. Francs. Gold holdings....Inc. 74,719,315 30,426,061,605 30,351,342,290 30,361,673,115 Credit bals. abr'd_Dec. 236,935,943 14,005,063,226 14,241,999,169 14,064,322,425 French comm. bills

discounted____Inc. 701,000,000 3,272,652,554 2,571,652,554 3,306,652,554 Bills bought abr'd. Inc. 285,000,000 17,992,434,993 17,707,434,993 17,173,434,993 Advances agst. sec. Dec. 29,000,000 2,014,693,171 2,043,693,171 1,938,693,171 Note circulation_Dec. 631,000,000 60,752,951,030 61,383,951,030 60,316,951,030 Creditor curr.acets.Inc. 138,000,000 16,119,054,964 15,981,054,964 17,390,054,964 Curr. accts.&dep.Inc. 86,000,000 5,512,830,750 5,426,830,750 6,697.830.750

In its statement for the first week of September. the Bank of Germany reports a decrease in note circulation of 219,290,000 marks reducing the total to 4,453,744,000 marks. Note circulation for the corresponding week last year aggregated 3,800,004,-000 marks and for the year before, 3,101,660,000 marks. Other daily maturing obligations dropped 59,494,000 marks while other liabilities rose 22,-852,000 marks. On the asset side of the account gold and bullion increased 21,566,000 marks, notes on other German banks, 7,673,000 marks, and other assets 30,246,000 marks while reserve in foreign currency dropped 14,862,000 marks, bills of exchange and checks 214,196,000 marks. Silver and other coin 2,889,000 marks and advances 83,469,000 marks. Deposits abroad and investments remained unchanged at 85,626,000 marks and 93,819,000 marks respectively. Below we furnish a comparison of the various amounts of the bank's return for the past three years.

REICHSBANK'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Ch	anges for			
	Week.	Sept. 7 1928.	Sept. 7 1927.	Sept. 7 1926.
Assets— Rei	chsmarks.	Reichsmarks.	Reichsmarks.	Reichsmarks.
Gold and bullion Inc.	21,566,000	2,269,696,000	1,852,614,000	1,518,662,000
Of which depos. abr'd. Un	changed	85,626,000	66,543,000	200,439,000
Res've in for'n currDec.		180,046,000		483,090,000
Bills of exch.&checks_Dec.	214,196,000	2,394,212,000	2,498,471,000	1,281,453,000
Silver and other coinDec.	2,889,000	87,857,000	75,324,000	113,521,000
Notes on oth. Ger.bks.Inc.	7,673,000	17,295,000	17,998,000	14,077,000
AdvancesDec.	83,469,000	45,413,000	27,401,000	7,527,000
Investments Ur	nchanged	93,819,000	92,261,000	91,424,000
Other assetsInc. Liabilities—	30,246,000	520,587,000	510,548,000	665,931,000
Notes in circulationDec.	219,290,000	4,453,744,000	3,800,004,000	3,101,660,000
Oth. daily matur.obligDec.				
Other liabilities Inc.	22,852,000	243,053,000	380,083,000	140,772,000

The New York money market was featured this week by a further sharp advance in time loan rates and by official consideration in Washington of the possible consequences of the high figures now prevailing. Time loans, after closing at $6\frac{1}{2}\%$ for all maturities in the final session (Friday) of the previous | bid and 4½% asked for bills running 30 days and also week advanced on Tuesday to 7% for shorter terms for bills running 60 and 90 days, 43/4% bid and 45/8% and to 63/4% for longer periods. These figures con- asked for 120 days, and 5% bid and 47/8% asked for tinued the rest of the week. It was pointed out in 150 and 180 days. The posted rate of the Acceptance the meantime that only on three occasions in the Council for call loans against acceptances continued

These occasions—1920, 1914 and in Wall Street. 1907—were all periods of world-wide credit strain. At present, however, European credit is relatively easy and in consequence the conclusion seems warranted that the tremendous absorption of American credit in securities speculation is the chief and possibly the only important factor in the very real monetary stringency now existing. In Washington, Thursday, Secretary of the Treasury Mellon gave it as his opinion that the higher money rates now prevailing will not affect business adversely for the present, although if continued too long they might have a bad effect.

Banks continued to manifest this week a desire to avoid longer commitments in the money market, although sufficient funds were available for daily loans. Call loans opened at 71/2% Monday but rapidly advanced to 8% on heavy inquiry and withdrawals by the banks of about \$20,000,000. From Tuesday onward greater ease prevailed in this department of the market. The Stock Exchange rate Tuesday and Wednesday was $7\frac{1}{2}\%$ for all loans, but in the outside market funds were available on both days at 7%, notwithstanding withdrawals Tuesday of \$15,000,000 Demand loans on the Stock Exchange dropped to 7% in Thursday's trading, while in the outside market 61/2% was quoted. These rates were continued in the final market session of the week yesterday. A \$2,500,000 shipment of gold from London to New York was arranged Thrusday and money market authorities saw in this circumstance the likelihood of a reversal of the heavy export movement which began at this time last year. According to some authorities the gold movement from London to New York is likely to attain \$25,000,000. Brokers' loans against stock and bond collateral reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York for the week ended Wednesday increased \$95,982,000, reflecting the heavy speculation in securities.

Dealing in detail with the rates from day to day the renewal rate on Monday was $7\frac{1}{2}\%$, but as the day advanced the charge on new loans rose to 8%. On Tuesday and Wednesday all loans were at 7½% including renewals. On Thursday the renewal charge was still $7\frac{1}{2}\%$, but there was a drop in the general rate to 7%. On Friday all loans were at 7%. For time loans rates have again been advanced the present week. On Monday (Sept. 10) the quotation for the shorter maturities was advanced from $6\frac{1}{2}\%$ to $6\frac{5}{8}\%$, while on Tuesday the figure for 30, 60 and 90-day maturities was advanced to 7% and the four, five and six month's periods were raised to $6\frac{3}{4}$ %. These latter quotations held for the rest of the week. For commercial paper names of choice character maturing in four to six months continue to be quoted at 51/2@ $5\frac{3}{4}\frac{\%}{0}$, with prime names of short maturity selling at $5\frac{1}{4}\%$. For names less well known the quotation is $5\frac{3}{4}$ @ $6\frac{9}{0}$. The rate for New England mill paper is $5\frac{1}{2}$ @ $5\frac{3}{4}$ %.

The posted rates of the American Acceptance Council for prime bankers' acceptances eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve banks have not been changed during the week and remain at 45/8% past 30 years have time loans been quoted at 7% at 61/2% until yesterday when there was a reduction to 6%. Open market rates for acceptances have been reduced this week for the shorter maturities and are now as follows:

	SPOT	DELIVE	RY.			
	180	Days-	150 D	ays-	120	Days-
	Bid.		Btd.	Asked.		Asked.
Prime eligible bills	5	436	5	436	436	456
	90	Days-	60 De	2ys	30	Days-
	Bid.	Asked.	Btd.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Prime eligible bills	456	436	456	436	456	436
FOR DELI	VERY	WITHIN	THIRTY	DAYS.		
Eligible member banks						4% bld
Eligible non-member banks						

There have been no changes this week in Federal Reserve Bank rates. The following is the schedule of rates now in effect for the various classes of paper at the different Reserve banks:

DISCOUNT RATES OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS ON ALL CLASS AND MATURITIES OF ELIGIBLE PAPER.

Federal Reserve Bank.	Rate in Effect on Sept. 14.	Date Established.	Previous Rate.	
Boston	5	July 19 1928	436	
New York	5	July 13 1928	436	
Philadelphia		July 26 1928	436	
Cleveland	5	Aug. 1 1928	436	
Richmond	5	July 13 1928	416	
Atlanta	5	July 14 1928	416	
Chicago		July 11 1928	436	
St. Louis	5	July 19 1928	436	
Minneapolis	436	Apr. 25 1928	4	
Kansas City		June 7 1928	4	
Dallas		May 7 1928	4	
San Francisco		June 2 1928	1 4	

Sterling exchange has again been under pressure this week. On Saturday last cable transfers sold at 4.85 1-16, which was below the gold export point, and in Wednesday's market the rate went still lower., when cable transfers sold at 4.85 1-32. range this week has been from 4.845% to 4.84 27-32 for bankers' sight, compared with 4.84\(\frac{3}{4}\) to 4.85 last week. The range for cable transfers has been from 4.85 1-32 to 4.85 5-32, compared with 4.85 \(\frac{1}{8} \) to 4.85 11-32 a week ago. The prospects of gold imports from England are increased. These imports materialized when London dispatches on Wednesday reported an export of £500,000 gold to Canada. On Thursday private dispatches stated that gold had been bought in London open market for American account. Besides the seasonal pressure arising from the mounting autumn commercial import requirements and the cessation of tourist money transfers, the continued high money rates on this side are an important influence in bearing down the sterling rate. It is generally accepted as a fact that most American bankers have reduced their sterling holdings to the minimum required for routine business. This indicates a general feeling that sterling will go lower as the season advances. A rise in the Bank of England discount rate could easily cause a sharp rally, but the general opinion among bankers both in New York and London seems to be that no change in the Bank, rate is expected during the remainder of the year unless a severe gold drain is experienced. The Bank of England is keeping control of the London money market, and while money rates there are slightly firmer than they were in June before money began to rise sharply here, the English rates are still low and credit is abundant. It is undoubtedly the aim of the British banking world to keep money rates as low as practicable and to hold down the Bank of England redisount rate in the general interest of trade.

The close co-operation which appears to be maintained between the Bank of England, the Federal Reserve Bank, the Bank of France, and the Reichsbank is giving considerable comfort to London bankers, who feel safe in their assumption that the

rediscount rate will not be altered, and since Bank of England gold holdings are at record levels, they would look with equanimty on a rather large export of gold, if it had to be. There is a confident feeling that the central banks will not permit a gold flow of excessive proportions and certainly not to this side. The New York banks appear to be reluctant to import gold from England, because of the general impression that the Federal Reserve authorities would not welcome such a movement. Nevertheless, it has been asserted in respnosible quarters that an important movement of gold from England amounting to approximately \$25,000,000 in the next several weeks would not be surprising. If a gold movement of this proportion should take place, sterling would of course be strengthened, and English banking interests would take it calmly. It is doubtful if a larger movement would be permitted, for a loss of more than \$25,000,000 would probably be considered as interfering with the plan to amalgamate the Bank of England and British Treasury note issues.

This week the Bank of England shows an increase in gold holdings of £8,139, the total standing at £176,584,789, compared with £151,059,783 a year ago. On Wednesday the Bank of England reported an export of £500,000 in gold to Canada and the sale of £37,000 in sovereigns. On Thursday the Bank of England sold £124,000 in gold bars and exported £8,000 in sovereigns to India. Yesterday it sold £502,000 in gold bars, destination not revealed. This may probably be the identical shipment of \$2,500,000 reported as imported by Wertheim & Co., New York bankers. The British customs returns for four days ended September 10 show gold imports of £100,000 in sovereigns from Arabia and £5,000 bar gold from Germany. Exports totaled £82,211, of which £39,500 went to Switzerland, and £15,300 to Germany. At the Port of New York the gold movement for the week September 6-12 inclusive, as reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, consisted of imports of \$37,000 from Latin America. Gold exports totaled \$593,000, of which \$202,000 was shipped to Java; \$151,000 to Mexico, \$126,000 to Straits Settlements, \$51,000 to Germany, \$40,000 to Ceylon and \$23,000 to Costa There was no Canadian movement of gold either to or from New York. As noted above, a shipment of £500,000 gold was engaged in London for Canada. Montreal funds continued at a premium throughout the week ranging from 7-64 of 1% on Saturday to 5-128 of 1% on Friday. New York bankers are expecting a movement of gold to Montreal at almost any time.

Referring to day-to-day rates, sterling on Saturday last was under pressure and moved below gold point, when cable transfers sold at 4.85 1-16. Bankers' sight was 4.84 11-16@4.84 25-32, cable transfers 4.85 1-16@4.85\\[\frac{1}{8}\]. On Monday trading was on a small scale. The range was 4.84 11-16@ 4.84 27-32 for bankers' sight and 4.85 1-16@4.85 5-32 for cable transfers. On Tuesday the market continued depressed. The range was 4.84 11-16@ 4.84 13-16 for bankers' sight and 4.85 1-16@4.851/8 for cable transfers. On Wednesday sterling moved to a new low for the year, when cable transfers sold at 4.85 1-32. Bankers' sight was 4.84 21-32@4.843/4 and cable transfers 4.85 1-32@4.85 3-32. On Thursday the market was steady. The range was 4.845/8@ 4.843/4 for bankers' sight and 4.85 1-32@4.851/8 for cable transfers. On Friday the range was 4.84 2-132 @4.84¾ for bankers' sight, and 4.85 1-32@4.85 1-16 for cable transfers. Closing quotations yesterday were 4.84 11-16 for demand and 4.85 1-16 for cable transfers. Commercial sight bills finished at 4.84 9-16 60-day bills at 4.80 15-16, 90-day bills at 4.79¼, documents for payment (60 days) at 4.80 15-16 and seven-day grain bills at 4.83 13-16. Cotton and grain for payment closed at 4.84 9-16.

The Continental exchanges have been extremely inactive and for the most part inclined toward ease, a natural consequence of the lower sterling rate and of the seasonal accumulation of commercial inport bills, together with the practical cessation of the demand of tourists for Continental currencies. Bank of France statement for the week ended on Saturday last shows a decline of more than 1,300,-000,000 francs in the total foreign balances, that is, sight balances, foreign bills, and foreign exchange loans. The reduction in these items confirms the market belief that the Bank of France has been a heavy buyer of francs recently in order to prevent the franc from going below the gold point. The total of these three items is more than 36,000,000,000 francs, or around \$1,500,000,000. It is believed that the Bank of France will continue to liquidate its foreign holdings as such a policy may prove necessary to prevent gold exports, for the holdings are abnormally large and a reduction is desirable. The Bank of France support is in evidence every time the rate tends to go below 3.90½ for cable transfers. The primary reason for the opposition of the Bank of France to gold exports is that the ratio of the Bank's reserves to sight liabilities, which declined last week to 38.83% and on Sept. 13 stood at 39.17%, is but little more than 3\%\% above the necessary minimum. The decrease in the reserve ratio was chiefly due to the repayment of large amounts of foreign exchange previously borrowed from the Bank by other institutions. Through the liquidation of these loans the Bank regains the power to use the foreign balances concerned for the regulation of exchange, but it has to credit the accounts of the private banks with a corresponding amount in francs, which proportionately increases the Bank's liability account. There have been heavy transfers of French funds to the American market in the past few months. The weak ness at times in franc exchange is largely a reflection of the export of this capital. Much of it is supposed to have gone into the New York money market, although considerable French funds have gone to Berlin and other German centres.

German marks, while slightly easier than a week ago, are nevertheless firmer than most of the Continental currencies, and the rate is well above dollar par. Germany continues to draw gold from London, as shown above in the report on sterling exchange, and this week a small shipment of \$51,000 was taken from New York, making the fifth successive shipment of a like amount in the past five weeks. Germany's purchasing of gold despite the adverse trade balance is attributed in London to continued heavy borrowing abroad, especially on short-term contracts, which are believed to be sufficient not merely to offset the trade deficit, but to provide a surplus, which is being brought in to Germany in The short-term contracts are the form of gold. made in London, Paris, and New York. More than £4,000,000 gold have been exported from London to Germany in the past three months.

The last statement of the Reichsbank shows gold holdings of 2,269,696,000 marks, an increase over the previous week of 21,566,000 marks, and an increase over a year ago of 417,000,000 marks. The Disconto Bank of Berlin, in a recent estimate, placed German foreign borrowings at amounts ranging between 8,600,000,000 and 9,300,000,000 marks. Germany has actually paid on reparation account 4,700,000,000 marks, and from this the Disconto Bank concludes that Germany has received from abroad almost double the amount she has paid in reparations. The Berlin money market continues firm and this is an important factor in the strength of the mark, while it tends to weakness in other units, especially francs, guilders, and sterling.

Italian lire, like most of the European currencies, show slight weakness. While the unit has been dull in this market, the currency is more active than any of the other Continentals except the mark. Money is plentiful in Italy and the Government is anxious to give reviving industry the full benefit of cheap credit. The Bank of Italy rate continues at 5½%, but foreign exchange traders are inclined to believe that the rate may move down to 5%. There has been considerable foreign buying of Italian industrial securities in recent weeks, which seems to come from New York, London, Stockholm, and Amsterdam. These transactions largely offset the curtailment of tourist demand for lire. grant remittances continue to go over from this side and from the Latin-American countries. The worst effects of deflation have been weathered, the labor situation is healthy, and the general outlook in Italy is good, all factors contributing to the security of the lire position.

The London check rate on Paris closed at 124.18 on Friday of this week, against 124.23 on Friday of last week. In New York, sight bills on the French centre finished at 3.90 5-16, against 3.901/4 a week ago; cable transfers at 3.90 9-16, against 3.901/2, and commercial sight bills at 3.90 1-16, against 3.90. Antwerp belgas finished at 13.893/4 for checks and $13.90\frac{1}{2}$ for cable transfers, as against 13.90 and 13.90\% on Friday of last week. Final quotations for Berlin marks were 23.82 for checks and 23.83 for cable transfers, in comparison with 23.82 and 23.83 a week earlier. Italian lire closed at 5.22 13-16 for banker's sight bills and at 5.23 1-16 for cable transfers, as against 5.231/4 and 5.231/2. Austrian schillings have not changed from 14½. Exchange on Czechoslovakia finished at 2.9615, against 2.9615; on Bucharest at 0.61, against 0.61; on Poland at 11.25, against 11.25, and on Finland at 2.52, against 2.52. Greek exchange closed at 1.29 for checks and at 1.29½ for cable transfers, against 1.29¼ and $1.29\frac{1}{2}$.

The exchanges on the countries neutral during the war have been extremely dull this week so far as the New York market is concerned. Most of the influences having any bearing on the neutral exchanges have arisen in European markets. Holland guilders have been more active than any of the other neutral currencies in New York, but inclining somewhat to ease from seasonal causes. The easier tone in the guilder, whenever it occurs, arises largely from the transfer of funds from Amsterdam to Berlin and other centres where returns are higher than at home. The guilder is decidedly firm with respect to its parity with other European exchanges. The Scandinavian

currencies have been dull, all of them showing fractional ease as compared with a week ago, but rates at Oslo, Stockholm, and Copenhagen are firm with respect to other European rates. The Scandinavian units are expected to rule relatively low for the remainder of the year. Spanish pesetas, despite the operations of the foreign exchange committee of Spain, seem to be working lower, although this week the fluctuations have been less violent than in several weeks past. It would almost appear that official support is often lacking. London has been offering pesetas in this market but with few takers, as news of the attempted revolution in Spain made buyers cautious. The censorship in Spain on all political news of an unfavorable nature complicated the situation and induced considerable selling by speculative holders, especially in the European centers.

Bankers' sight on Amsterdam finished on Friday at 40.08, against 40.071/4 on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 40.10, against 40.091/4, and commercial sight bills at $40.04\frac{1}{2}$, against $40.04\frac{1}{2}$. Swiss francs closed at 19.243/4 for bankers' sight bills and at $19.25\frac{1}{2}$ for cable transfers, in comparison with 19.25 and 19.253/4 a week earlier. Copenhagen checks finished at 26.66 and cable transfers at 26.67, against 26.67 and 26.68. Checks on Sweden closed at $26.75\frac{1}{2}$ and cable transfers at 26.76½, against 26.76 and 26.77, while checks on Norway finished at 26.66 and cable transfers at 26.67, against $26.66\frac{1}{2}$ and $26.67\frac{1}{2}$. Spanish pesetas closed at 16.44 for checks and at 16.45 for cable transfers, which compares with 16.57

and 16.58 a week earlier.

The South American exchanges have been dull. Argentine pesos have moved lower. Labor troubles still continue but they are much less grave. The business prospects in Argentina are decidedly good and the general economic condition of the country continues to be satisfactory. Money is comfortable and plentiful in Buenos Aires. At present rates of exchange it would be reasonable to expect a gold export movement from Argentina to New York, but banking opinion seems to be that no such movement is likely to take place. Brazilian milreis are steady. The announcement a few weeks ago that the Brazilian Government intends soon to put into force a decree for the conversion of the milreis has rekindled interest in Brazil's stabilization program. It will be recalled that in December 1926 a bill was passed which aimed at the stabilization of the paper milreis at a gold value of around 12 cents, by creating a new gold unit to be called the cruzeiro, which would be equivalent to four paper milreis. At that time a stabilization office was set up, with branches in London and New York, to receive gold and to buy and sell exchange at a fixed rate. As is well known, the stabilization office has functioned satisfactorily mainly through the raising of large foreign loans both in London and New York. By this means substantial amounts of gold have been acquired. Naturally, industrial interests are anxious that any uncertainty about the future should be removed by the passage of the final decree, especially as six months' notice must be given by the Government before the decree is introduced. So far as the stabilization rate is concerned, there would appear to be little doubt that the Government will adopt the 12-cent rate, but the final step in monetary reform is being held up chiefly by the existence of a very large volume of inconvertible paper notes. Argentine paper pesos closed yesterday at 42.10 for checks, as

compared with 42.15 on Friday of last week, and at 42.16 for cable transfers, against 42.20. Brazilian milreis finished at 11.93 for cheeks and at 11.96 for cable transfers, against 11.93 and 11.96. Chilean exchange closed at 121/8 for checks and at 12 3-16 for cable transfers, against 12.10 and 12.15, and Peru at 3.98 for checks and at 3.99 for cable transfers, against 3.98 and 3.99.

The Far Eastern exchanges have been dull and while relatively steady are on the whole fractionally easier than a week ago. The weakness is due partly to lower silver prices, but perhaps more largely to some disquieting reports of a political character. In the past several weeks London and New York have been buying yen, although this buying has been less in evidence this week. Such a factor, while tending to support the currency, is offset by Japanese buying of securities in London and New York markets. The Chinese trade boycott against Japanese goods is still in effect, and while this continues it is doubtful if there can be any decided recovery in Japanese exchange. Closing quotations for yen checks yesterday were 45\%,@45.88 against 45.86@46\% on Friday of last week; Hong Kong closed at 49.80@50 1-16, against 49.80@50 1-16; Shanghai at 63\\@64 1-16, against 641/4@643/8; Manila at 493/4, against 493/4; Singapore at $56.5-16@.56\frac{1}{2}$, against $56\frac{1}{4}@.56\frac{1}{2}$; Bombay at 36½, against 36½, and Calcutta at 36½, against $36\frac{1}{2}$.

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 522 of the Tariff Act of 1922, the Federal Reserve Bank is now certifying daily to the Secretary of the Treasury the buying rate for cable transfers in the different countries of the world. We give below a record for the week just past:

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES CERTIFIED BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS TO TREASURY UNDER TARIFF ACT OF 1922. SEPT. 8 TO SEPT. 14 1928, INCLUSIVE.

Country and Monetary	Noon	Noon Buying Rate for Cable Transfers to New York, Value in United States Money.							
	Sept. 8.	Sept. 10.	Sept. 11.	Sept. 12.	Sept. 13.	Sept. 14			
EUROPE-	8	3	8	3	3	2			
Austria, schilling	.140846	.140775	.140778	.140836	.140828	.140801			
Belgium, belga	.139027	.139029	.139025	.139021	.139017	.139002			
Bulgaria, lev	.007236	.007186	.007177	.007218	.007213	.007204			
Czechoslovakia, krone		.029621	.029623	.029622	.029622	.029621			
Denmark, krone	.266705	.266682	.266663	.266661	.266652	.26666			
England, pound ster-		120000							
sterling	4.850568	4.850681	4.850738	4.850355	4.850357	4.85034			
Finland, markka	.025171	.025165	.025158	.025165	.025159	.02517			
France, franc	.039045	.039044	.039042	.039043	.039045	.03905			
Germany, reichsmark.		.238241	.238231	.238238	.238245	.23827			
Greece, drachma	.012946	.012945	.012938	.012939	.012941	.01293			
Holland, guilder	.400857	.400856	.400844	.400834	.400842	.40088			
Hungary, pengo		.174225	.174241	.174242	.174233	.17421			
Italy, lira		.052301	.052289	.052291	.052291	.052293			
Norway, krone	.266695	.266690	.266663	.266659	.266656	.26666			
Poland, zloty	.112017	.111995	.112000	.112060	.112045	.11200			
Portugal, escudo		.044990	.045080	.045150	.044990	.04487			
Rumania, leu	006095	.006093	.006092	.006110	.006098	.00609			
Spain, peseta	.165776	.165781	.165683	.165527	.165159	.16461			
Sweden, krona	.267628	.267601	.267601	.267582	.267583	.26760			
Switzerland, franc	.192545	.192535	.192538	.192529	.192497	.19248			
Yugoslavia, dinar	.017596	.017596	.017591	.017596	.017594	.01759			
ASIA—	.01100	.01.000	.02,002	1021000	.021002	102100			
China-				1	1				
Chefoo tael	.653541	.653750	.654375	.650833	.649166	.65104			
Hankow tael	653958	.654166	.653958	.652083	.649583	.65104			
Shanghal tael	.639821	.640000	.640178	.638839	.638750	.63785			
Tientsin tael	.671875	.672083	.675208	.669583	.668750	.66937			
Hong Kong dollar	.497410	.497500	.497857	.497589	497678	.49741			
Mexican dollar	.463500	464250	.464750	.464250	.464250	.46350			
Tientsin or Pelyang	. 200000	1.101200	,,,,,,,,						
dollar	.464583	.465000	.465833	.465000	.465000	.46458			
Yuan dollar	.461250	.461666	.462500	.461666	.461666	.46125			
India, rupee	.363137	.363121	.363190	.363289	.363378	.36336			
Japan, yen	.457765	.456855	.457566	.457277	.455775	.45774			
Singapore(S.S.) dollar.	.560000	.560000	.560000	.560000	.560000	.56000			
NORTH AMER.	.00000	.000000	100000	1.00000					
Canada, dollar	1.000928	1.000924	1.000877	1.000598	1.000429	1.00045			
Cuba, peso	.999562	.999500	.999437	.999500	.999500	.99925			
Mexico, peso	.479375	.479900	.481333	.478166	.481833	.48133			
Newfoundland, dollar.	.998531	.998218	.998437	.998156	.998000	.99806			
SOUTH AMER.	.555551	.000210		1					
	.956962	.957216	.956618	.956830	.956706	.95648			
Argentina, peso (gold)	.119241	.119263	.119190	.119234	.119207	.11926			
Brazil, milrels	.120683	.120726	.120726	.120723	.120723	.12072			
Chile, peso	1.021444	1.021519	1.021519	1.021250	1.021750	1.02137			
Uruguay, peso	.970900	.970900	.970900	.972100	.972100	.97210			

Owing to a marked disinclination on the part of two or three leading institutions among the New York Clearing House banks to keep up compiling the figures for us, we find ourselves obliged to discontinue the publication of the table we have been giving for so many years showing the shipments and receipts of currency to and from the interior.

As the Sub-Treasury was taken over by the Federal Reserve Bank on Dec. 6 1920, it is also no longer possible to show the effect of Government operations in the Clearing House institutions. The Federal Reserve Bank of New York was creditor at the Clearing House each day as follows:

DAILY CREDIT BALANCES OF NEW YORK FEDERAL RESERVE BANK AT CLEARING HOUSE.

Saturday,	Monday,	Tuesday,	Wednesd'y,	Thursday,	Friday,	Aggregate for Week.
Sept. 8.	Sept. 10.	Sept. 11.	Sept. 12.	Sept. 13.	Sept. 14.	
	105 000 000	8 000 000	100 000 000	117 000 000	125 .000 .000	C7.650.000.00

Note.—The foregoing heavy credits reflect the huge mass of checks which come to the New York Reserve bank from all parts of the country in the operation of the Federal Reserve Systems par collection scheme. These large credit balances, however, reflect only a part of the Reserve Bank so operations with the Clearing House institutions, as only the items payable in New York City are represented in the daily balances. The large volume of checks on institutions located outside of New York are not accounted for in arriving at these balances, as such checks do not pass through the Clearing House but are deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank for collection for the account of the local Clearing House banks.

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks:

Dank of	S	ept. 13 1928	B	Sept. 15 1927.			
Banks of-	Gola.	Stiver.	Total.	Gold.	Stiver.	Total.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	
England	176,584,789		176,584,789	151,059,783		151,059,783	
Francea	243,408,493	d	243,408,493	147,260,559	13,680,000	160,940,559	
Germany b	109,203,500	c994.600	110,198,100	89,303,550	994,600	90,298,150	
	104,341,000		132,602,000	103,907,000	27,157,000	131,059,000	
Italy	54.093.000		54,093,000	46.817.000	3,849,000	50,666,000	
Netherl'ds.		1.872.000	38,116,000	32,184,000	2,300,000	34,484,000	
Nat. Belg	22,993,000	1,250,000	24.243.000	18,807,000	1.177.000	19,984,000	
Switzerl'd.	17,972,000	2.134.000	20,106,000	17.737.000	2,667,000	20,404,000	
Sweden	12,753,000		12,753,000	12,283,000		12.283.000	
Denmark _		605,000	10.703.000	10.121.000	723,000	10,844,000	
Norway	8,163,000		8,163,000			8,180,000	
Total week	795,853,782	35,116,600	830,970,382	637,654,892	52.547.600	690,202,492	
Prev. week	794,186,588	35,122,600		638,487,403			

a These are the gold holdings of the Bank of France as reported in the new form of statement. b Gold holdings of the Bank of Germany are exclusive of gold held abroad, the amount of which the present year is £4,281,300. c As of Oct. 7 1924. d Silver is now reported at only a trifling sum.

Railway Rates on Farm Products and the Hoch-Smith Resolution.

In a statement issued on Sept. 7, and reproduced in large part in our issue of last week, F. J. Lisman, the New York banker, instanced, among the causes of the relative lack of prosperity of the railway in the northwestern section of the United States, "the Hoch-Smith resolution which prevents the Interstate Commerce Commission from allowing advances on farm products as long as the farm is not prosperous." If the resolution in question has the force which Mr. Lisman ascribes to it, it would seem to have created a situation in which the Commission is prevented by an act of Congress (a joint resolution has the same force as a statute, and requires the approval of the President) from raising rates until it has first determined that the industry to which the increase will apply has attained some undefined measure of prosperity. The Hoch-Smith resolution has been repeatedly referred to in discussions of the railway rate question, and the general assumption regarding it undoubtedly accords with Mr. Lisman's interpretation. It seems worth while, however, in view of Mr. Lisman's statement, to examine with some care the text of the resolution and the circumstances which led to its adoption, with a view to ascertaining the scope of its requirement and the object which it seeks to accomplish.

The Hoch-Smith joint resolution, approved Jan. 30 1925, reads as follows:

"Resolved . . . That it is hereby declared to be the true policy in rate making to be pursued by the Interstate Commerce Commission in adjusting freight rates, that the conditions which at any given time prevail in our several industries should be considered in so far as it is legally possible to do so, to the end that commodities may freely move.

"That the Interstate Commerce Commission is authorized and directed to make a thorough investigation of the rate structure of common carriers subject to inter-State commerce act, in order to determine to what extent and in what manner existing rates and charges may be unjust, unreasonable, unjustly discriminatory, or unduly preferential, thereby imposing undue burdens, or giving undue advantage as between the various localities and parts of the country, the various classes of traffic, and the various classes and kinds of commodities, and to make, in accordance with law, such changes, adjustments, and redistribution of rates and charges as may be found necessary to correct any defects so found to exist. In making any such change, adjustment, or redistribution the commission shall give due regard, among other factors, to the general and comparative levels in market value of the various classes and kinds of commodities as indicated over a reasonable period of years, to a natural and proper development of the country as a whole, and to the maintenance of an adequate system of transportation. In the progress of such investigation the commission shall, from time to time, and as expeditiously as possible, make such decisions and orders as it may find to be necessary or appropriate upon the record then made in order to place the rates upon designated classes of traffic upon a just and reasonable basis with relation to other Such investigation shall be conducted with due regard to other investigations or proceedings affecting rate adjustments which may be pending before the commission.

"In view of the existing depression in agriculture, the commission is hereby directed to effect with the least practicable delay such lawful changes in the rate structure of the country as will promote the freedom of movement by common carriers of the products of agriculture affected by that depression, including livestock, at the lowest possible lawful rates compatible with the maintenance of adequate transportation service; *Provided*, that no investigation or proceeding resulting from the adoption of this resolution shall be permitted to delay the decision of cases now pending before the commission involving rates on products of agriculture, and that such cases shall be decided in accordance with this resolution."

The foregoing text is not identical with the proposals which were first brought before Congress. The origin of the joint resolution is to be found partly in a resolution introduced in the Senate in the first session of the 68th Congress, "declaring agriculture to be the basic industry of the country" and committing Congress to fostering it, and partly in another resolution, identical with the first paragraph of the joint resolution as eventually adopted, offered in the House at about the same time. Out of these two resolutions, together with various proposed amendments, a conference committee framed, in the second session, the draft which the two Houses accepted and the President approved.

The brief report of the debates in the Senate and House, as given in the "Congressional Record," makes it reasonably clear that the purpose of those who sponsored and supported the resolution was to give some benefit to the farmers by bringing about a reduction of freight rates on farm products. Representative Hoch, while admitting that the resolution "does not direct particular rates upon farm products," declared that he was "firmly convinced that a study will show that those rates in many cases ought to be reduced." Senator Cummins, replying to the objection that the resolution did not add to the existing powers of the Commission, said: "Undoubtedly the Interstate Commerce Commission has complete and adequate power to reduce freight rates in exact accordance with the declaration made by this joint resolution, and while the Interstate Commerce Commission has, since the first of Sept. 1920, reduced rates upon agricultural products very markedly, yet I think it is wise again to call the attention of the Commission and of the country to the principle which should underlie rate making in

basic commodities." The weightiest criticism, however, was directed at the requirement of the lowest possible "lawful" rates for agricultural products. Doubt was expressed as to whether, in view of the provisions of the Interstate Commerce act and the various amendatory acts, there was or could be any such thing as a "lawful" rate in contradistinction to a rate that was reasonable or just, and some concern was manifested at the reflection which the use of the term "lawful" appeared to cast upon the wisdom and discretion of the Commission.

A careful reading of the joint resolution as ultimately adopted seems hardly to sustain without qualification Mr. Lisman's statement that the Hoch-Smith resolution "prevents the Interstate Commerce Commission from allowing advances on farm products as long as the farm is not prosperous." What the resolution does, in the first place, is to devolve upon the Commission the huge task of revising the rate structure of the country, and in so doing to pay regard to "the general and comparative levels in market values of the various classes and kinds of commodities as indicated over a reasonable period of years, to a natural and proper development of the country as a whole, and to the maintenance of am adequate system of transportation." In conformity with this requirement, the fulfillment of which, it was easily perceived, might be a work of years, the Commission presently sent to the railways an elaborate questionnaire calling for a vast amount of detailed information (see the "Chronicle" for Sept. 4 1926, pages 1203, 1204). In the second place, the resolution directs the Commission, "in view of the (then) existing depression in agriculture," to make such "lawful" changes in the rate structure as will provide for the movement of agricultural products "at the lowest possible lawful rates compatible with the maintenance of adequate transportation service."

It is this obligation on the part of the Commission to see that, whatever happens to the rates, an adequate transportation service is maintained, that the statement of Mr. Lisman to which we have referred seems to overlook. What constitutes such a service ought not, in general at least, to be a matter of debate. If by an adequate service is meant a physical provision of freight cars and locomotives, without regard to cost, sufficient to haul whatever farm products or other commodities are offered, it may at once be conceded that such a service was actually being rendered at the time the Hoch-Smith resolution was adopted, has been constantly rendered since, and can continue to be rendered until the roads themselves become bankrupt. If, on the other hand, an adequate service means not only a physical provision of transportation facilities, but their provision at rates which will leave to the railways a reasonable profit, the requirement of the resolution at this point can not be said to have been met. Mr. Lisman himself, who is certainly an authority in such matters, declares in his statement that "it would take about 20% of the railroad companies' gross earnings to pay 6% on the capital invested, and the average surplus or net earnings of the railroads applicable to interest on capital has been around 15% . . . When demagogues shout for substantial reduction in freight rates they either do not know or do not want to realize that a reduction of 15% in freight rates all around would wipe out all earnings applicable to capital, and that thereafter the railroads would be unable to render any service."

Mr. Emlen Roosevelt, Chairman of the Security Holders' Committee, whose statement on the subject we also quoted last week, points out that, on the basis of the Interstate Commerce Commission's own figures in accordance with the decision in the O'Fallon case, the eight typical northwestern trunk line roads, for the period 1921-1927, "had a return on their property value averaging only 3.29%... That the destruction of railroad values and credit in western trunk line territory has been due wholly to an unduly low rate structure cannot be disputed. There is ample tonnage, if carried at a fair price, to produce non-confiscatory revenues . . . It is low rates alone that are producing the crisis."

If the Interstate Commerce Commission, in construing the Hoch-Smith resolution, has adjudged itself to be debarred from raising railway rates for the transportation of farm products in the northwestern trunk line territory until such time as the farms in that territory are "prosperous," its decision must have been taken upon other grounds than that afforded by the resolution in question. There is nothing in the resolution that erects such a bar. As a matter of fact, the Commission has repeatedly made changes in rates since the resolution was adopted, and while it cannot be said that such changes have not been made with some regard to the broad general considerations set out in the resolution, there is no evidence that they constitute a part of the general revision of the rate structure of the country which the resolution calls for.

The plain truth of the matter appears to be that the whole question of railway rates, especially in the agricultural sections of the country, has become political. The cry has been raised that the farmers are in distress, and that a large part of their distress is due to the railways. Under such circumstances the Interstate Commerce Commission may well have hesitated to precipitate an acrimonious political debate in Congress by increasing the transportation rates on farm products, on the assumption that the depression in that industry, however real, was no longer as great as it was in 1925. It would not do, politically speaking, to raise such a question at a moment when both political parties apparently stand ready to vote some hundreds of millions of dollars for the relief of a situation in whose diagnosis there is no general agreement, and for whose relief no generally accepted remedy has yet been propounded. If such is the attitude of the Commission, it ought, in justice to the railway corporations, to be made clear, and not dissembled as an attempt to meet the obligation of a Congressional resolution which, whatever may be thought of the burden which it imposes in regard to a general revision of the rate structure of the country, nevertheless devolves upon the Commission the specific duty of maintaining for the country an adequate system of transportation.

Vagaries in Political Issues.

The cablegram of Mr. Hearst announcing his support of Hoover for President contains the following paragraph: "Any number of tom-toms can be beaten on false issues until our ears are deafened with the noise of the campaign, but the actual and crucial questions before the country are national finances, international relations and public prosperity." Now while we can hear the tom-toms beating and are somewhat deafened by the false issues it will be very satisfactory to have some one write us a bill of par-

ticulars clearly defining "national finances," "international relations," and "public prosperity." We do not find in either platform adequate definitions. "National finances" includes far more than allusions to debt reduction, or what party if any incurred the debts. "International relations" are not explained by vague asseverations of good-will, whether it be to the "republics to the south of us," or to the nations at large. And "public prosperity" is so broad a term that we do not know what it means. And taking the last first, does the term mean the prosperity of the people collectively or individually -and what is "prosperity"? We have told ourselves so often that we are the "most prosperous people on earth" that there does not seem any reason to believe a divisional issue lies there.

Of course, there is the matter of unemployment to talk about. But statistics and comparisons are inadequate as a political definiation. Textiles may have been having a hard time, but that is only one division of our industry. We find nothing to divide us on such a question. It is one of the conditions the cure of which lies outside politics and seems to have been overlooked, specifically, by both of the contending parties. The farmers, by all political accounts, are in a bad way, but agriculture is agriculture and cannot be made over by law or government. And though attention is called to the fact that it affects manufacture, it is still more of a sectional than a national problem. Collectively we seem to boast, while by class we complain. As to the individual, he is prosperous or in a "hard row of stumps," as the case may be. Unfortunately, or otherwise, the "public" is made up of so many men that even the great and benign government cannot assure to each of them a prosperous business. So that it would seem "public prosperity" is a will-othe-wisp.

Most of us are having a good time—dancing, dining, even wining; racing the highways in our new, or second-hand, "cars"; living under "better conditions" than ever; enjoying more benevolences in the way of eleemosynary institutions than our forefathers ever dreamed of; having more free schools and systems of education than we know what to do with; and borrowing more money governmentally, industrially and individually, than heretofore we believed existed; attending more "meets," prize contests, athletic games, movie shows, band, opera, radio concerts, than the Knights of Medieval times could equal in all their jousts and tournaments; and betting more on the Stock Exchange for better or worse in a year than in any ten of the golden years of the past. If this does not spell "prosperity," what would you? And yet we are not all of us happy, contented, and serene in mind. So that we do not let the opportunity of a general election go by without entering "public prosperity" in the lists of debatable subjects though no one can quite define either "public" or "prosperity."

Somehow "international relations" as a campaign issue is equally nebulous. What is new about these relations unless it be the Briand-Kellogg peace pact and no one is really "kicking" about that. We are no more anxious to join the "League" or the "Court" than we were. We are on friendly terms with all the Pan-American States. We do not seek "entangling alliances" in Europe. Our efforts to reduce armaments may not be quite what we expected in results, but we have taken no backward step.

Most of our so-called "international relations" are of home make and for home consumption. What really are we expected to do? No one is calling for anything from us from overseas unless it be by way of faint hints that we ought to cancel all the war debts owing us. This we do not do, and proper refunding, on most favorable terms, is almost completed. On foreign trade we are selling all we can and buying what we must; what more? Just how can we divide among ourselves and vote on what does not concern us?

But "national finances" are suggested as an imminent issue! True, we have still with us a lusty national debt of many billions. If we had none we would have no interest to pay to these holders of our own bonds. But they are not asking for payment and would rather let them run. And taxes for principal and interest are as heavy as we can bear, though if Congress was capable of framing an income tax that would be equable on all classes of incomes, and would actually make this needed revision, no one would "howl" very loud or long. In fact, we are all too complacent about this debt and payment and our 1928 political platforms are not very tempestuous over the matter. Not much of an issue there. Heavy campaign expenses seem to be about six of one and half dozen of the other. Congressional budgets and appropriations are not quite harmonious, but we are all guilty together. Some individuals in both parties, say in Washington, New York, and no doubt Chicago and Philadelphia, ought to be in the penitentiary for graft in or through office, but we have tried or are trying to put them

In just what way does "national finances" fit into the urgent need for campaign issues? There is some room for explanation. Sometimes, the more one reads the current political news, one thinks of a straw stack hit by a cyclone. The air is full of "flying rumors," "whisperings" that are never printed, radio addresses that are sadly disjointed by static, trumpet announcements that Tom, Dick or "Jerry" have changed their politics, loud asseverations that the principal candidates are "born leaders," but there are not many figures on national finances, save, as we said above, concerning the war debts, and tax reduction totals. These, like the poor, we have always with us, speaking of our own generation. Add a feeble effort to revive the tariff, as father of all "prosperity," full dinner pails, difference in cost of manufacture at home and abroad, and some help for the farmer by increasing the rates on his "surplus." Bryan in his glory in one speech could invoke more figures on "national finances" than now troubles the whole United States. Why conjure up this shade to vex an otherwise indifferent people?

In the campaign of 1928, wanted—a single clear-cut issue. It is important that the parties be taught by public opinion to write platforms in which there are major and decisive issues. If we want one explanation of the apathy of voters, it is in the fact that there is nothing worth voting for or against, some times. That on some of our leading questions the parties are swinging together may be a credit to us. But if there is a growing unity on our structural forms and on the common needs, then we can still maintain our government by voting for "men" and minor issues, if clearly stated. But there are major issues, always. One of the greatest issues

ever presented to us since the foundation of the Government exists now—the curtailment of bureaucracy. But with both parties talking about a Federal Farm Board we are not even considering the matter of Commissions and Bureaus.

The Value of Moral Impressions in Foreign Relations.

Everyone knows how difficult it is to remove an adverse personal impression, and how important to make a favorable one if serious matters are at stake. The aptness of the old-time saw about ability to "smile and smile and be a villain," lies in the well-known truth.

It is in the larger relations of life, especially in national affairs, that the influence of general impressions abides, such as arise from single acts, or hear-say and chance expressions, or current vogue about little-understood conduct. Such impressions prevailed 500 years ago even in the Continental university circles. The English were "drunkards and cowards," the Germans "gluttonous and choleric," the French "proud and effeminate"; and for others there were equally definite allegations. Call them idle and malicious; but they went far to explain much individual and national conduct. Now that the world is drawn close together, as never before, and intercourse, personal, commercial and national, bound to increase, personal impressions however casual are sure to be widely transmitted, and national doings however imperfectly understood certain to be accepted as popularly interpreted, it is easy to see that impressions, especially those pertaining to underlying character, gain importance even though they may be wide of the truth.

This takes on new importance when international relations are involved. The special difficulties in the way of the foreign traveler are well known, and, we may hope, are giving way before more frequent contact. The difficulty, however, has greatly increased as the nations far and near are coming into a necessary and somewhat forced relationship. Economic and financial as well as political interests presenting intricate and often opposing features are to be dealt with, and argument however cogent, does not carry conviction against rooted preconceptions, personal and national pride of opinion, and the self-ishness which always arouses suspicion as to motives.

Take, for instance, the debt question. It will not down; difference of opinion in regard to it is as warm and as wide as ever. It was thought that the Dawes plan had gone far to settle it, or at least to open the way for a definite settlement that would allay all hostile feeling. The close of its first period is at hand, and it certainly has worked as well or even better than was expected. Other individual treaties have been made; ours with Great Britain in 1923, followed by similar ones with the lesser states; with some treaties of amity between different nations, and now the widely-signed Kellogg pact. But much as has been gained in financial lines by re-establishing currencies, sound banking and commercial exchange, and opening the way for private loans, it cannot be said that much progress has been made in establishing friendlier relations between the peoples. Recriminations are constant; harsh terms are frequent; motives are distrusted and impugned; and studied and wholly friendly efforts to promote an assured peace between neigh-

boring states or even to render immediate benefit are repudiated, or accepted with many doubts.

Many attempts are making to ameliorate the situation. There is constant friendly official and private intercourse. Leaders of thought, economists and scholars, no less than statesmen and publicists, are putting out elaborate argument to allay misunderstanding and justify accepted courses of action.

The National Foreign Trade Council has made the latest of its important publications a pamphlet, "The Mythical Transfer Problem," by Mr. George P. Auld, former Accountant-General of the Reparation Commission, which is an elaborate and convincing vindication of the Dawes plan. He finds it to date an unqualified success, and fundamentally sound. It is powerfully supported by a public opinion which is far better informed and more potent in international affairs than ever before. He takes up in turn the attacks that have been made upon the plan and points out their fallacies as for one cause or another unsound and the predictions of its failure unsubstantial and based largely on theories which have acceptance in the street mainly because they disregard former established standards of business integrity and introduce new elements which have no sound economic base. The war has introduced no new factor in the matter of paying debts; the only essential fact in the relation of debtor and creditor nations is when they change places. Nations suffering the intense depletion caused by the war have no export surplus until with the aid of extensive loans they re-establish their production, and only when with such aid and increased production they come to the point of being natural creditor nations will their debts be paid.

The two questions that concern them meanwhile are the interest and sinking fund charges. They must meanwhile always be in the market for new foreign loans which will only gradually be met as prosperity is re-established. Present ability to pay is no measure of their present or their future. He holds that it would be ridiculous for us to talk of canceling foreign loans as they have been made on the basis of helping to restore Europe's prosperity. The only ground which at the end of his argument he can see for such action would be to secure good-will by relieving Europe's overburdened taxpayers, and such economic benefit as that might furnish us.

A new book, "The War Debts," by Philip Dexter and John H. Sedgwick, published by Macmillan, states the situation more comprehensively, even if not with new force. There is, we are told, abundant evidence that the present relations between the United States and the Allies are unsatisfactory. The ill-feeling has not become so serious as to affect diplomatic relations, but is sufficiently constant between the peoples of the countries to find frequent expression and to be a source of danger, it is argued, in case of any critical disturbance. Our great prosperity in the face of their constant material difficulties does not diminish the ill-feeling which the continued pressure of the war debts keeps alive. Prolonged controversy creates unrest on both sides and there is much need of better understanding of the essential facts.

The entire ground is gone over with the view of making clear the prevalent misunderstandings growing out of the history of the past, the difference of geographical position and even in the case of the

French, difference in the meaning of terms, as with them "associated" implies obligations as under contract, which it does not with us. The "Fourteen Points" and "ability to pay" are gone into. But we cannot be content in our strength and prosperity to let misunderstandings settle themselves. We have encountered many on the part of Europe, from the beginning, but we must not forget, it is contended, that we were largely responsible for some of them. We have every reason to wish them removed, and that, even in our interest, no less for the peace which the world so eagerly desires. When we have dealt with contending arguments and done all in our power to straighten out the understanding of the facts, there remains one which, because it is somewhat vague and indefinite, is overlooked, while it is the chief cause of strife; that is the moral one, or a prevailing feeling of dislike and antagonism. This is what defeats all reasoning and sweeps aside earlier convictions whenever the nation goes to war, and as long as it exists, makes war always possible.

Our authors also contend that we must not forget that although the Allies did not fight the war to protect the United States, their fighting it did indeed protect us. It will be long before Europe recovers from her grievous losses. It forces some of the nations which have always been leaders, dominant and in every way creditors, now to recognize that they are debtors and in many ways dependent upon others; and this in the face of the sacrifices they have made. We may well consider how we should feel if we were in their position and should see others who were standing apart reminding us and even pressing our responsibility for the situation. When money is involved we can well afford to make sacrifice of that to relieve the sense of inferiority and to set relationship on the higher ground on which good-will can alone exist.

In some ways it is an opportunity new to us. Our "isolation," over against "entangling alliances," which we hold valuable, but which Europe criticizes, does not prohibit our recognizing generous no less than human obligations. We have never hesitated at the one, and we certainly are capable of the other. We may hold that bargains should be kept, especially when many obligations are involved. The "wretched debts," may be modified or forgiven if it could be in connection with a determination to unite in making war henceforth impossible. But it would have to be on an understanding so clear and firm as not to be shaken by conditions which continually arise. War is no longer to be an opportunity, nor its memories and monuments so many summons for its revival.

Asia, are named to-day of portent. It would be idle to say that we will never need friends. We cannot be content if there is ever uncertainty as to whether we have played an honorable and openminded part, and we cannot endure continuous European dislike; it would not only be disturbing to our self-respect; it would be "an exceedingly bad investment." Canceling or greatly reducing the debts would go far to create new public sentiment the authors think (which may well be doubted), and could be made to stand as testimony that it will not be possible to induce the United States to finance Europe's next war. Our authors' last word is that we have "no occasion to go on magnifying of the debts of their efforts town satisfactory progrations to go on magnifying of "Article I appear pages 1168 to 1170."

our excellencies or pointing to our moral superiority"—which is enough to show that the argument is along familiar lines and not likely to convince anyone not previously convinced.

Public-Utility Earnings in July.

Gross earnings of public utility enterprises in July, exclusive of telephone and telegraph companies, as reported to the Department of Commerce by 95 companies or systems operating gas, electric light, heat, power, traction and water services and comprising practically all of the important organizations in the United States, were \$173,000,000, as compared with \$178,000,000 in June and \$161,638,462 in July 1927. Gross earnings consist, it is stated, in general of gross operating revenues, while net earnings in general represent the gross, less operating expenses and taxes, or the nearest comparable figures. In some cases the figures for earlier years do not cover exactly the same subsidiaries, owing to acquisitions, consolidations, &c., but these differences are not believed to be great in the aggregate. This summary presents gross and net public utility earnings by months from January 1925, the figures for the latest months being subject to revision:

PUBLIC UTILITY EARNINGS. 1928. 1925. 1926. \$177,473,781 165,658,704 167,642,439 166,927,022 159,135,618 1926. 1927. 1925. \$ 163,500,133 151,639,283 151,583,666 147,841,101 145,571,954 142,448,670 141,063,557 \$
191,702,022
177,612,648
179,564,670
176,467,300
171,255,699 196,573,107 187,383,731 187,726,994 181,143,683 180,121,761 178,000,000 Gross Earnings—
January
February
March June_____ July _____ 1,283,949,276 Total (7 months) __1,043,648,364 1,147,827,594 1,226,315,873 August September October November December 153,188,101 159,519,246 170,733,069 176,000,649 188,146,705 142,422,405 146,666,696 158,770,250 163,128,279 172,488,624 Total (year).....1,827,124,618 1,995,415,364 2,113,074,302 -----Net Earnings-79,013,279
*74,296,576
*72,811,146
*68,971,324
*67,674,637
66,000,000
61,000,000 58,671,777 54,102,576 52,475,643 51,016,359 48,972,398 47,777,644 44,309,630 73,746,891 66,907,757 65,412,739 64,907,729 61,194,779 59,167,096 66,974,941 61,555,164 61,555,164 60,696,920 59,471,359 54,993,907 55,699,751 49,238,806 March
April
May
June
July 53,980,280 Total (7 months)__ 445,317,271 489,766,962 357,326,027 408,630,848 49,844,522 56,930,481 60,878,181 65,844,729 73,023,848 August
September
October
November
December 44,770,778 49,139,669 55,057,277 60,511,807 65,414,632 53,551,164 61,897,207 65,259,727 Total (year) _____ 632,220,190 715,152,609 775,177,254

* Revised.

Co-Operative Mythology.

ARTICLE II.

(Contributed by William D. Selder, Santa Monica, Cal.)

One of the most fallacious proposals involving the welfare of the people and the right of men to live and do as they prefer is the suggestion of organized crop restriction; such restriction, in the view of the uncertainties of seasonal difficulties which no man can determine before the harvests, would in my estimation be downright inhuman. Attempts by individuals to control their production somewhat in accord with their own guesses as to what the supply and demand will be, do no harm, but an organized attempt to control the acreage planted might so surely limit the acreage in some year of unfavorable weather conditions as to cause total production to fall below the needs of absolute necessity, while without organized restriction there might have been enough. It therefore seems obvious that we must not authorize or permit any individual or body of men to assume the responsibility of directing an organized restriction in the planting of the necessities of life. we need at all times is a surplus, with the minds of men directed at the possibilities of adjustment to that surplus and its benefits.

Farmers and speculators who prefer one crop specialties should set up their own marketing facilities on their own initiative and responsibility, then if their choice of location and specialty prove ill-advised, accept the result or turn their efforts toward other means of gaining a livelihood and satisfactory profits without the aid of government funds at the expense of other workers no better situated than they may be.

^{*}Article I appeared in the issue of this publication for Sept. 1 on pages 1168 to 1170.

Whenever the consumers of a region are prosperous, they may purchase walnuts at 40c. a pound and oranges at 60c. a dozen, but under changed conditions they may not be able to purchase the same items at half those prices, or at all. Other commodities periodically run into the same cycles, and as a consequence, recurring producers' problems arise that no government is competent justly to equalize

Ordinarily the selling price of a commodity should be lowest at and near the point of production, but often cooperative manipulation becomes so effective that the same article may be purchased great distances away cheaper than at the point of production. All producers seeking cooperatively to control the production and marketing of their particular commodity are the consumers of items produced by others, therefore if all so successfully co-operate as to bring others to their terms, what, it may be asked, is the gain to any particular group or to the whole? A dead-lock would result and all revert to the situation they started from. Reflection warrants the presumption that co-operation eventually becomes self-destroying because of the faulty and vicious conceptions surrounding it.

Our government could, with no more radicalism, attempt to promote the welfare of its citizens by assuming the responsibility of requiring each and every person to work at some useful and productive occupation instead of permitting the freedom of action which is the first essential of liberty. If we are to have paternalistic Communism, could we not logically go the limit and force every able bodied person to provide for his living by some substantial contribution to the necessities thereof The answer to this argument is that most of us believe we have passed beyond the tribal stage of development, and it is to be hoped we take no backward step through strained co-operation.

Whenever the farming operations of a district are concentrated on a single product, the farmers following the practice expose themselves to the accumulated speculative difficulties of the business; there may be too much rainfall, too little rainfall or irrigation water at critical times; pests and diseases may appear; often over-production occurs because of extremely favorable conditions; diminished buying power regardless of production may become positive. Co-operative effort under any of these conditions might reasonably serve to divide gross income among the allied growers, but this is not the end sought by speculators, neither is diversified farming, which would more surely produce additional items by which to live and perhaps leave a surplus with which to obtain other necessities, the end sought by speculators.

It is axiomatic that one crop farm production is recurringly disastrous to those who follow it. "A farmer should farm to live and not look forward to sustaining returns from a single item." This doctrine has hoary whiskers, but it still holds good with many who have to do with farm credit. Business men in the cotton growing States have frequently realized this fact and importuned the growing of more foodstuffs, less cotton and smaller crop season debts. If cooperation could bring about greater diversification, some relief would automatically come to the farmers adopting it.

Probably the prices of some farm products could be temporarily increased by united limitation of production, but to what point should production be reduced in order that land owners may receive the not certainly satisfactory returns on inflated values based upon speculation? And who is to say when production is ample and prices sufficiently remunerative on land values established by whom?

Several late writers confidently laud and magnify the beneficial results to be attained by the entry of big business in farming; others urge that there must be a weeding out of inefficient farmers, without feasible suggestion as to who should do the weeding, or what disposition is to be made of the weeds after eradication. Individual improvement in the efficiency of farmers may have kept pace with that in other vocations. The curse of weeds in other directions appears equally noxious. We could not very well specialize with farmers once we started to eliminate inefficiency. Big farmers, promotors, economists and men seated at typewriters might draw elimination cards rather early in such a crusade.

The majority of writers and speakers featuring success stuff, designed to advise others how best to conduct their affairs, seldom have made progress doing the things they theoretically urge others must do in order to succeed. Prominent successes are always resorted to as advertising the

way. They might as well point to the career of a prominent automobile manufacturer and say that all tinkerers should accomplish the same results. It is a commonplace to intimate that the masses comprise an aggregate of mediocrity, with only a few so standing out as to be high lights; obviously, all cannot acquire the glare of a beacon.

Too much stress is being placed by many writers upon agricultural perfection, standardization of quantity, quality and marketing technique. Improvement in gross can at best be only moderate and very slow. The average farmer cannot so easily and promptly overcome natural difficulties as these advisors insist must be done by co-operation. Nature has a habit of refusing to respond to exaggerated ideas of perfection and her reaction to over stimulation is usually disastrous.

We take a backward step whenever we listen to the communistic propaganda of Russia and overestimate the advantages of co-operation or big business in farming. A subtle influence may be expanding that we shall ultimately be forced to attack and cast out in favor of individualism.

If one either alleges or concedes that a large proportion of men need to have their work pointed out to them by superior executive ability, the question arises as to how this ability is to be recognized and developed; at best, ability is transitory, does not permanently rest in the same individuals or their descendants, but springs out of individual workers from time to time. In other words, ability presses itself through the intricate operation of nature rather than by much training. The inborn manager is constantly and consistently found surpassing those trained under old rules by setting up new systems of his own. Thus business develops, affording a reliable indication that highly developed or autocratic systems will, in sufficient time, break down under their own weight, thereby reasserting the law of the survival of the fittest.

Co-operation can never become so altruistic that men would not still endeavor to improve their individual condition regardless of others, on the idea that their contribution was worth more than that of their fellows.

An unmitigated defect in co-operative performance has been the enthusiastic tendency to load down the management with the burdens of sundry activities, some of which interfere with the major undertaking; often the scope of their activities is so far-reaching as to swamp the management. No ordinary business man in the same locality would risk his own capital and reputation in attempting to do the things so confidently essayed by inexperienced co-operative champions.

Advantageous co-operation almost demands that the successful manager be skilled in production and all business details, that he be a persuader, a psychologist and monopolistic tyrant, while proponents argue that by the establishment of co-operative movements we shall settle down into the universal brotherhood of man. If co-operative activities should establish the force and power advocated by some, unorganized consumers would soon be compelled to co-operate by refraining from the use of particular commodities for no other reason than economy and self protection.

Suppose consumers should so co-operate as to reduce the consumption of oranges, walnuts, prunes, raisins or other California specialties; it is not difficult to foresee what might happen to some California co-operatives and their creditors. Co-operation, in order to function effectively, must reduce itself to the characteristics of a corporation, a body authorized to act as a single person, and the degree to which co-operation is to become successful practically depends upon the ability with which some single person is able to direct the meekly surrendered massed business. Of course, democratic elections of management might be provided for, but most frequently they are only perfunctory and futile formalities dominated by leaders, who usually succeed in selecting themselves; therefore, it is easy to see that there can be little true co-operation.

The following letter written by a member to the manager of a well-known California association indicates the complications and deep dissatisfaction that may follow as a matter of course.

Dear Sir:—I am writing to ask if there is any possible chance of our getting any of the money that is coming to us. We have been hoping that we would get some in time to pay the last installment of our taxes, but they are delinquent next Tuesday, and we have nothing to pay them with. We have to pay \$50.00 a month on our home. The next payment is due the 10th of May. If we don't have it, we will lose our home.

the 10th of May. If we don't have it, we will lose our home.

The other night when we arrived home from church our incubator was on fire. The fire was put out, but 2,400 eggs were ruined. We were counting on that taking us over the hardest places, and it is a big loss to us. We cannot get anything to do until the fruit comes on, and we are in

We have five children and an aged aunt that are dependent despair.

Surely you, who have so much, will realize what a terrible thing it would be to be put out of our home with all our children, and an aged aunt who is eighty-five years of age.

We have a fairly good crop, but that don't help us now. If we cannot get any of our back money, would there be any chance of borrowing some

It is so hard to belong to the Exchange when we have so little, and so much of that is kept back.

Will you please give us your kind consideration and let me hear from you soon? Yours truly,

Granting this to be a single tale of woe, the writer can guarantee that there were others voiced if not written: and it convincingly demonstrates that too many worthy farmers are incapable of participating in comprehensive schemes of co-operation.

Gross and Net Earnings of United States Railroads for the Month of July

At last there are indications of an improvement in the returns of railroad earnings, even if only slight. This statement is prompted by the character of the results for the month of July, our compilations for which are presented further below in this article. For the first time in over a year—or, to be precise, since May 1927—the aggregate of the monthly gross revenues shows some increase as compared with the corresponding month of the year preceding. tually the same remark is true with respect to the comparisons of the net earnings, these also having shown some losses in each and every month since April 1927, excepting only February 1928 and May 1928, in both of which months the railroads had the advantage of an extra working day the present year. The increase in the gross is very small, especially considering that it followed a big falling off in the same month of 1927. It amounts to only \$3,333,445, or but 65/100 of 1%. As it was accompanied, however, by a reduction in expenses of \$8,378,411, the gain in the net reaches \$11,711,856, or 9.32%. Even this last, however, is a recovery of scarcely one-third of the previous year's large loss in that month. The comparative totals for the two years in tabular form are shown in the following:

Month of July— Miles of road _____ Gross earnings ____ Inc. (+) or Dec. (-). +1,527 0.64% +3,333,445 0.65% -8,378,411 2.37% \$512,145,231 \$508,811,786 383,111,155 75.30% Operating expenses

Ratio of expenses to earnings 374,732,744 73.17% +11,711,856

Net earnings.....\$137,412,487 \$125,700,631 Most of the unfavorable influences noted in the months preceding continued in operation during July, though some few of them showed changes for the better, which accounts for the improved results. One conspicuously unfavorable influence still remains markedly in evidence, namely, trade depression in the South and especially in Florida and other districts with winter resorts and in those parts of the South which are suffering from the collapse of the speculative real estate boom of a few years ago. As a consequence most Southern roads are obliged to record large losses in earnings the present year on top of heavy losses in July of last year. What Southern roads serving Florida have had to contend with, is perhaps best indicated by a study of the statistics of bank clearings. At Miami bank clearings in July 1928 aggregated only \$8,750,000, against \$14,910,000 in July 1927 and \$40,500,921 in July 1926; at Tampa \$13,170,825 in July 1928 against \$16,368,748 in July 1927 and \$28,594,000 in July 1926, and at Jacksonville \$65,323,479 against \$75,-776,265 in 1927 and \$106,704,073 in 1926. Of course, the depression has extended to other parts of the South. Thus we find Nashville showing clearings of only \$85,426,307 in July 1928, against \$97,436,680 in 1927 and \$94,228,869 in 1926; Atlanta clearings of \$195,981,746 in 1928, against \$203,981,079 in 1927 and \$225,233,356 in 1926; Birmingham clearings of \$100,948,672 in 1928, against \$108,719,499 in 1927

\$224,432,812, against \$232,395,380 and \$254,844,046 in 1927 and 1926 respectively; and Richmond clearings of \$174,621,000, against \$188,271,000 and \$202,-559,000 in 1927 and 1926, respectively.

In these circumstances losses in earnings by Southern roads the present year in addition to heavy losses in July 1927 are not surprising. The Atlantic Coast Line reports \$568,695 decrease in gross, but \$137,825 increase in net, after \$1,623,292 loss in gross and \$968,267 loss in net in July 1927; the Florida East Coast \$341,379 decrease in gross, with \$73,368 increase in net in addition to \$736,143 loss in gross and \$550,724 loss in net in July last year; the Seaboard Air Line \$331,890 decrease in gross and \$141,087 decrease in net in July this year in addition to \$495,401 in gross and \$260,412 in net last year; the Illinois Central \$695,060 decrease in gross and \$587,886 decrease in net, in addition to \$275,-248 loss in gross and \$59,821 loss in net in July last year; and the Central of Georgia \$108,471 decrease in gross with \$678 increase in net the present year, in addition to \$613,072 in gross and \$330,-564 in net in July last year. The experience of the Louisville & Nashville and the Southern Railway has been precisely the same, though the Southern Railway on the whole seems to have fared much better than the others, at least the present year. The Louisville & Nashville reports \$1,070,547 decrease in gross and \$649,830 decrease in net, following \$418,673 loss in gross and \$675,184 loss in net in July last year. The Southern Railway lost heavily last year, showing a falling off then of \$1,037,932 in gross and \$881,070 in net, but the present year has only \$353,-688 further decrease in gross with \$57,851 increase in net. These latter are the comparisons for the Southern Railway proper. Including the Alabama Great Southern, the Cincinnati New Orleans & Texas Pacific, the Georgia Southern & Florida, the New Orleans & Northeastern and the Northern Alabama, the whole going to form the Southern Railway System, there is \$672,069 decrease in gross and \$197,-837 decrease in net following \$1,354,752 decrease in gross and \$1,088,715 in net in July of last year.

Bearing in mind these losses on the Southern roads, the improvement shown for the railroads of the United States, as a whole, including the Southern It happens, group, possesses added significance. too, that many other important adverse factors also continued present during the current year, though in a somewhat modified form as compared with July last year when nearly all leading conditions were adverse as already indicated. The steel trade was in a much greater state of activity the present year than in July last year, when it was quite depressed. This is evident from the fact that the estimated production of steel in the United States for July 1928 is 3,811,573 tons, against 3,204,135 tons in July 1927, and 3,634,993 tons in July 1926. Automobile producand \$106,704,073 in 1926; New Orleans clearings of tion has of course also been on an enlarged scale all through 1928. In July 1928 the output of motor vehicles reached 390,445, against 268,485 in July 1927 and 354,394 in July 1926, and the greater activity in the automobile industry accounts largely for the increased activity in the steel trade.

Outside the two trades mentioned, however, business in general can hardly be said to have been much larger than it was last year, when the seasonal recession was much more pronounced than usual. One indication of this is furnished by the statistics of car loadings. The loadings of railroad revenue freight in the four weeks of July on the railroads of the United States aggregated 3,942,931 cars in 1928 as against 3,913,761 cars in the corresponding four weeks of 1927, but comparing with 4,148,118 cars in the four weeks of 1926. The statistics of coal production tell the same story, though here there is some irregularity in the results as between the different parts of the country. Last year in July the strike at the unionized bituminous mines throughout the country was still in effect, and though the loss on that account in the quantity of coal mined was in part made good by larger mining operations at the non-union mines, total production of soft coal in the United States fell from 43,102,000 tons in July 1926 to 33,637,000 tons in July 1927. There was a recovery only to 36,276,000 tons in July 1928, notwithstanding that no general strike existed the present year. However, at the non-union mines of West Virginia and Kentucky with the stimulus of a year ago missing, output heavily diminished, while on the other hand, the output in such States as Illinois, Ohio and Pennsylvania in equal degree increased, in recovery of what was lost in 1927 because of the strike.

It deserves to be noted, too, that anthracite production the present year fell still lower notwithstanding the prodigious shrinkage in July last year. In July 1927 anthracite production was only 5,028,-000 tons against 8,371,000 tons in July 1926; the present year there has been a further drop to 4,475,-000 tons. The big falling off in 1927 was not altogether surprising inasmuch as anthracite mining in the summer of 1926 had been swollen to an unusual degree by a desire to make up, as far as possible, for the big loss in anthracite production sustained during the long antecedent period of strike at the anthracite mines, which latter had begun on Sept. 1 1925 and was not terminated until towards the end of February 1926. The further falling off in the anthracite output in July 1928 must be taken to indicate depression in the anthracite trade. Combining anthracite production with bituminous production, total coal output in the United States in July 1928 aggregated 40,751,000 tons, against 38,665,000 tons in July 1927 and no less than 51,473,000 tons in July 1926, showing comparatively little recovery in 1928 after the enormous shrinkage last year.

As in the months preceding, one group of roads had a distinct advantage the present year over a year ago. We allude to the roads in the spring wheat sections of the Northwest, where the splendid harvest of spring wheat in 1927 gave the railroads in that part of the country not only an enlarged movement of grain, but also an enlarged movement of other classes of freight, owing to the economic recovery which has since been in progress among the communities in that section of the country. The recovery has been further stimulated by the raising

of an equally bounteous harvest of the same grain the present year. The best returns of earnings for the month come from the roads serving the districts referred to, and from certain roads in the West and Southwest which are benefiting from the present year's large yield of winter wheat as compared with the short winter yield of the previous season. The Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe belongs in the latter class. It reports \$1,705,268 increase in gross and \$1,706,774 increase in net, notwithstanding \$684,726 decrease in gross and \$169,530 decrease in net on its Texas lines (the Gulf Colorado & Santa Fe).

In the Northwestern group the Milwaukee & St. Paul reports \$1,091,506 increase in gross and \$1,-547,720 increase in net; the Great Northern \$331,-287 increase in gross but \$24,540 decrease in net; the Northern Pacific \$471,412 increase in gross with \$122,670 decrease in net, and the Chicago North Western \$220,802 increase in gross and \$479,853 increase in net. As we pass further South in the western half of the country, many other notable records of improvement are found. Thus the Burlington & Quincy has added \$556,969 to its gross of a year ago and \$592,387 to its net. The Rock Island has enlarged its gross by \$1,149,000 and its net by \$830,-229; the Union Pacific reports \$1,176,132 increase in gross and \$607,486 in net, while the Southern Pacific shows \$813,239 gain in gross and \$1,012,951 gain in net. The Missouri Pacific, which a year ago suffered so seriously from the overflow of the Mississippi River and its tributaries, the present year records \$735,293 gain in gross and \$472,118 gain in net. The Missouri Kansas & Texas, on its part, reports \$479,990 increase in gross and \$410,603 increase in net. Down in Texas the Texas & Pacific continues its phenomenal record of growth, aided by the oil developments; this time it has \$1,356,827 further improvement in gross and \$704,246 further improvement in net.

In the eastern half of the country we have already referred to the poor showing made by the Southern roads. In the territory north of the Ohio and Potomac Rivers the comparisons are somewhat irregular, the relative extent of coal movement in the two years having played an important part in affecting results, tonnage having greatly increased as compared with a year ago in the strike regions of last year and being somewhat smaller in other parts of the coal regions. Most of the anthracite carriers have lost heavily. Thus the Delaware & Hudson reports \$418,292 decrease in gross and \$105,632 decrease in net; the Lackawanna \$634,800 in gross and \$654,970 in net; and the Reading \$120,185 decrease in gross with \$18,666 decrease in net. On the other hand, the Lehigh Valley shows \$243,951 gain in gross and \$666,550 gain in net. Among the great east and west trunk lines the Pennsylvania Railroad is distinguished for a loss of \$1,086,335 in gross attended by a gain of \$1,404,734 in net. The New York Central reports \$650,205 increase in gross, with \$309,-452 decrease in net. This last is for the New York Central itself. Including the various auxiliary and controlled roads, the result is \$524,413 increase in gross with \$145,766 decrease in net. The Baltimore & Ohio falls \$409,870 behind in gross, but has managed to turn this into a gain of \$1,063,294 in net through reductions in expenses. The Erie shows comparatively slight changes-\$151,691 decrease in gross, with \$106,922 increase in net. In the following we show all changes for the separate roads for amounts in excess of \$100,000, whether increases or decreases, and in both gross and net.

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN GROSS EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1928.

	OI SUL	1 1040.	
Atch Top & Sante Fe (3) Texas & Pacific Union Pacific (4) Chic Rock Isl & Pac. (2) Chic Milw St Paul & Pac. Southern Pacific (2) Missouri Pacific New York Central Chic Burling & Quincy Bessemer & Lake Eric Missouri Kans Tex Lines Northern Pacific Wabash Wheeling & Lake Eric Great Northern Lehigh Valley Michigan Central Detroit Tol & Ironton	Increase. \$1,705,268 1,356,827 1,176,132 1,149,030 1,091,506 813,239 735,293 a650,205 556,969 487,986 479,990 471,412 443,188 413,244 4331,287 243,951 242,072 240,368	Pennsylvania Louisville & Nashville Louisville & Nashville Chesapeake & Ohio Illinois Central Del Lackawanna & West. Atlantic Coast Line N Y Chic & St Louis Delaware & Hudson Baltimore & Ohio Southern Railway Florida East Coast Western Maryland Seaboard Air Line N Y N Haven & Hartford Boston & Maine Virginian Cleve Cin Chic & St Louis Central of New Jersey	Decrease. \$1,086,335 1,070,547 1,032,577 695,060 634,800 568,695 445,494 418,292 409,870 b353,688 341,379 339,908 331,890 330,180 261,968 260,840 253,282
Missouri Kans Tex Lines	479,990	Florida East Coast	341,379
Wheeling & Lake Erie			330,180
Lehigh Valley	243,951	Virginian	260,840
		Central of New Jersey Pittsburgh & Lake Erie_	247,415 $209,769$
Chicago & North West	220,802	Kans City Mex Or of Tex	184,328
Duluth Missabe & North Western Pacific	206,195 $197,759$	Norfolk & Western Chicago & Eastern III	$164.054 \\ 163.444$
Indiana Harbor Belt Grand Trunk Western	162,893 $152,343$	N Y Ontario & Western Cin N Orl & Tex Pac	
St Louis Southwestern(2) Chic & Illinois Central	$147,632 \\ 131,164$	Erie (3) West Jersey & Seashore	$151,691 \\ 151,442$
Pittsburgh & W Virginia	113,277	Kansas City Southern Reading	$\frac{122,128}{120,185}$
Total (38 roads)	14,152,251	Evans Ind & Terre Haute Central of Georgia	$\frac{118,219}{108,471}$

Total (32 roads).....\$10,891,231

a These figures merely cover the operations of the New York Central

a These figures merely cover the operations of the New York Central itself. Including the various auxiliary and controlled roads, like the Michigan Central, the "Big Four," &c., the result is an increase of \$524.413.

b This is the result for the Southern Railway proper. Including the

b This is the result for the Southern Railway proper. Including the Alabama Great Southern, the Cincinnati New Orleans & Texas Pacific, the Georgia Southern & Florida, the New Orleans & Northeastern and the Northern Alabama, the whole going to form the Southern Railway System, the result is a decrease of \$672,069.

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN NET EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1928.

	Increase.		Increase.
Atch Top & Sante Fe (3)	1.706.774	Buffalo Roch & Pitts	\$128.696
Chic Milw St Paul & Pac.	1.547.720	Chicago & Ill Midland	118,454
Pennsylvania	1,404,734	Pere Marquette	102,931
Baltimore & Obio	1.063,294	Erie (3)	106.922
Southern Pacific (2)	1.012.951		100,000
Chic Rock Isl & Pac (2)	830,229	Total (48 roads)	16,320,074
Southern Pacific	721,983		Decrease.
Texas & Pacific	704.246	Del Lackawanna & West.	\$654,970
Lehign Valley	666.550	Louisville & Nashville	649.830
Union Pacific (4)	607.487	Illinois Central	587.886
Chic Burling & Quincy	592,387	Can Pac Lines in Vt.	507.337
Bessemer & Lake Erie	580.198	N Y Chic & St Louis	342,691
Chicago & North West	479,853	New York Central	a309.452
Missouri Pacific	472.118	Chesapeake & Ohio	252,817
Colorado & Southern (2)	464,312	Central of NewJersey	216,386
Missouri Kans Tex Lines	410.603	Central Vermont	189.788
Wheeling & Lake Erie	331.504	Pittsburgh & Lake Erie	171.655
Wabash	299.101	Minneapolis St Paul &	
Michigan Central	286.684	Saulte Ste Marie	156.285
Long Island	261.269	Seaboard Air Line	141.087
Detroit Toledo & Ironton	242.329	N Y Ontario & Western.	127,870
Duluth Missabe & North	240.680	Northern Pacific	122,670
Indiana Harbor Belt	189.124	Cin N Orl & Tex Pac	112.365
Inter Great Northern	179.379	Delaware & Hudson	105.632
N Orl Tex Mex of Or (3)	147,660	Western Maryland	102,854
Nashville Chatt & St L	138.187	Cleve Cin Chic & St Lo	102,182
Atlantic Coast Line	137,825		
St Louis San Francis (6) -	132,890	Total (18 roads)	

a These figures merely cover the operations of the New York Central itself. Including the various auxiliary and controlled roads, like the Michigan Central, the "Big Four," &c., the result is a decrease of \$145,766.

Note: The Southern Railway proper shows a decrease of \$57,851. Including the Alabama Great Southern, the Cincinnati New Orleans & Texas Pacific, the Georgia Southern & Florida, the New Orleans & Northeastern, and the Northern Alabama, the whole going to form the Southern Railway System, the result is a decrease of \$197,837.

It has already been indicated further above that a year ago in July the losses were heavy, nearly all along the line, the falling off having been augmented by the fact that there were five Sundays in the month (the same as in the present year), compared with only four Sundays in the years immediately preceding, leaving therefore one working day less. The aggregate loss in gross earnings in July 1927 reached no less than \$48,297,061, or 8.67%, and the loss in the net \$35,436,548 or 22.03%. These large losses in July 1927 of course minimize the significance of this years' gain of \$3,333,445 in gross and \$11,711,856 in net and show that the recovery the present year has been only a small part of these large losses of the previous year. On the other hand, the fact must not be overlooked that these 1927 losses came after very substantial gains in both gross and net in each of the two years preceding. In July 1926 our compilation showed \$33,875,085 gain in gross and \$21,435,011 gain in net, while in July 1925 our tabulations registered \$40,595,601 increase in gross and \$27,819,865 increase in net. On the other hand, however, it is equally important to bear in mind

that in July 1925 comparison was with heavily diminished earnings in 1924. The latter, as has been so many times pointed out in these columns, was the year of the Presidential election, when such a very decided slump in business occurred, and this was reflected in heavily diminished traffic over the country's transportation lines, large and small. So decided was the slump in business at that time, and so great the falling off in railroad traffic, that our July compilation recorded a falling off in gross earnings of \$53,517,158, or 10.02%, and a falling off in net of \$9,601,754, or 7.86%, as compared with the year preceding (1923). This last, though, was a year of very active business, when the railroads enjoyed—at least in the great manufacturing districts of the East-the very largest traffic movement in their entire history. Our tables then recorded the prodigious gain of \$91,678,679 in gross and of \$18,-392,282 in net. However, if we go still further back, we find that the 1923 gain in gross itself followed losses in both 1922 and 1921, though the gains in net were continuous, extending through 1921 and 1922, even while the gross earnings were declining. Our tabulations for July 1922 showed a decrease of \$19,-960,589 in the gross, with \$1,964,485 increase (1.95%) in the net. The reason for the poor showing in that year was that the strike at the unionized coal mines of the country, which had been such a disurbing factor in the months preceding, not only continued, but that its adverse effects were greatly emphasized by the fact that on July 1 the railroad shopmen had also gone on strike and that this led to acts of violence on the part of the men who quit work, or their sympathizers, to prevent others from taking the abandoned jobs, with the result of interrupting railroad operations, and in some instances even preventing the movement of coal from the nonunion mines. It should not be forgotten, either, that it was on July 1 of that year that the 10% horizontal reduction in freight rates promulgated by the Inter-State Commerce Commission went into effect. There was at the same time a reduction of about 7@8% in the wages of the shop crafts employees and the maintenance of way men, but the benefit that might have accrued from this was, of course, vitiated by the shopmen's strike, which increased expenses rather than decreased them. The previous year there had been a reduction in wages of 12% effective July 1 1921, but this in turn followed 20% increase in wages put in effect by the Labor Board on July 1 1920 immediately after its advent to power.

Not only did the 1923 gain of \$91,678,679 in gross earnings follow \$19,960,589 loss in July 1922, but this latter in turn followed an antecedent loss of no less than \$66,407,116 in July 1921, as compared with July 1920. On the other hand, the loss in 1921 was attended by a prodigious saving in expenses, with the result of bringing a gain of \$84,615,721 in the net at that time. The contraction in expenses amounted to no less than \$151,022,837, and while due in part to the shrinkage in the volume of traffic owing to the intense business depression prevailing, it was in no small degree the outgrowth of dire necessity, the railroads being obliged to practice the utmost saving and economy to avert bankruptcy after the enormous additions to expenses forced upon them in the year preceding, during the period of Government control. The truth is, prior to 1921 expenses had been mounting up in such a prodigious way that in 1920 net earnings had got down to a point where some of the best managed properties were barely able to meet ordinary running expenses, not to mention taxes and fixed charges. And it is the inflated expense accounts of these earlier years that have furnished the basis for the savings and economies effected since then. As an indication of how expenses had risen in 1920 and prior years, we may note that in July 1920, though our tables showed \$65,975,059 gain in gross, they registered \$69,121,669 decrease in net, while in July 1919 there was a falling off in both gross and net-\$14,658,220 in the former and \$55,352,408 in the latter. In the following we furnish the July comparisons back to 1906. For 1910, 1909 and 1908 we use the Inter-State Comemrce Commission's totals, since in those years they included all the minor roads and were more comprehensive than our own figures, but for the preceding years (before the Commerce Commission began to require returns) we give the results just as registered by our own tables each year-a portion of the railroad mileage of the country being then always unrepresented in the totals owing to the refusal of some of the roads in those days to furnish monthly figures for publication.

Year.	6	tross Earning	ga.		Net Earnings.		
zeur.	Year. Given.	Year Preceding.	Inc. (+) or Dec. (-).	Year Given.	Year Preceding.	Inc. (+) or Dec. (-).	
July.	\$	8	\$	\$	8	8	
1906			+14,380,073	42,808,250			
1907			+18,546,430	41,891,837			
1908	195,246,134	228,672,250	-33,426,116	67,194,321	75,679,805		
1909			+24,719,084				
1910			+12,812,422				
1911			-1,555,652				
1912		222,587,872	+23,007,660				
1913	235,849,764	223,813,526	+12,036,238	64,354,370			
1914			-9,571,763				
915			+2,234,115				
916			+44,096,142				
917			+46,328,025				
1918			+117661315				
1919			-14,658,220			-55,352,40	
1920	467,351,544	401,376,485	+65,975,059	18,827,733			
921	460,989,697	527,396,813	-66,407,116	99,807,935		+84,615,72	
922	442,736,397	462,696,986	-19,960,589	102,258,414			
923			+91,678,679				
924			-53,517,158				
925	521,538,604	480,943,003	+40,595,601	139,606,752	111,786,887	+27,819,86	
926	555,471,276	521,596,191	+33,875,085	161,079,612	139,644,601	+21,435,01	
927			-48,297,061				
928			+3,333,445				

Note.—In 1906 the number of roads included for the month of July was 90; in 1907, 82; in 1908 the returns were based on 231,836 miles of road; in 1909, 234,500; in 1910, 238,169; in 1911, 230,076; in 1912, 230,712; in 1913, 206,084; in 1914, 235,407; in 1915, 243,042; in 1916, 244,249; in 1917, 245,699; in 1918, 231,700; in 1919, 226,654, n 1920, 220,459; in 1921, 230,991; in 1922, 235,082; in 1923, 235,477; in 1924, 135,145; in 1925, 236,762; in 1926, 236,885; in 1927, 238,316; in 1928, 240,43

When the roads are arranged in groups or geographical divisions, according to their location, the distinctive feature is just what would be expected, namely, the good exhibit made by the roads in the western district, comprising roughly the western half of the country. These show substantial increases in gross and quite notable increases in the net, the addition to the gross being \$11,082,450, or 5.85%, and the addition to the net \$9,939,188, or no less than 31.36%. There are three regions in the Western district and every one of them registers improved results, both in gross and in net. On the other hand, the Southern district, as likewise the two regions in that district, shows decreases in both gross and net. In the case of the Eastern districts, there is a decrease in gross attended by an increase in net owing to reductions in expenses. Only one of the three regions in the Eastern district is an exception to the rule of decrease in gross, and the exception no doubt arises from the larger coal production in the territory south of the Great Lakes in comparison with the reduced strike yield of the previous year. Our summary by groups is as follows. As previously explained, we group the roads to conform with the classification of the Inter-State Commerce Commis- | the subjoined table:

sion. The boundaries of the different groups and regions are indicated in the footnote to the table.

District and Region.		Gross Earnings					
Month of July.	1	928.		1927.	Inc. (+) or Dec.	. (-)	
Eatern District—		\$		\$	8	%	
New England region (10 road	s) 21,	829,057	22	,374,473	-545,416	2.88	
Great Lakes region (34 roads	92,	587,998	92	,545,285	+42,713	0.05	
Central Eastern region (31 ro	ads) 115,	880,413	117	,598,767	-1,718,354	1.45	
Total (75 roads)	230,	297,468	232	,518,525	-2,221,057	0.96	
Southern region (31 roads)	59.	898.027	63	,984,693	-4,086,666	6.39	
Pocahontas region (4 roads)				,765,745	-1,441,282	6.33	
Total (35 roads)	81,	222,490	86	,750,438	-5,527,948	6.37	
Northwestern region (18 road			61	,036,907	+2,729,971	4.49	
Central Western region (23 r			83	,491,861	+6,045,981	7.24	
Southwestern region (33 road	ls) 47,	320,553	45	,014,055	+2,306,498	4.90	
Total (74 roads)	200,	625,273	189	,542,823	+11,082,450	5.85	
Total all districts (184 roa	ds) 512,	145,231	508	3,811,786	+3,333,445	0.65	
District and Region				-Net Earn	ings-		
Month of JulyM	ileage	1928.		1927.	Inc. (+) or De	ec.(-)	
Eastern District— 1928.		8		8	8	%	
New England region 7,31		5,370	621	6,041,67	77 -671,056	11.11	
Great Lakes region 24,87	3 24,966	23,247	428	22,897,9	57 + 349,471	1.53	
Central Eastern region 27,17	1 27,119	32,415	,219	28,877,6	71 + 3,537,548	12.24	
Total 59,36 Southern District—	59,460	61,033	,268	57,817,3	05 +3,215,963	3.77	
Southern region 40,18	39,445	12,312	.155	13,460,3	37 - 1,148,212	8.53	
Pocahontas region 5,62	28 5,618	7,601	,861		44 —295,083		
Total 45,80	9 45,063	19,914	,016	21,357,3	11 —1,443,295	6.75	
Northwestern region 48,83	20 48,488	17,061	179	14 887 1	84 +2,173,995	14 50	
Central West. region_ 51,5		26,374			10 + 5,268,261		
Southwestern region 34,8					21 + 2,496,932		
Total135,20	33 134,383	56,465	.203	46.526.0	15 +9,939,188	31.36	
Total all districts 240,4							
NOTE -We have change							

NOTE.—We have changed our grouping of the roads to conform to the classification of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, and the following indicates the confines of the different groups and regions:

EASTERN DISTRICT.

New England Region .- This region comprises the New England States.

Great Lakes Region.—This region comprises the section on the Canadian bondary between New England and the westerly shore of Lake Michigan to Chicago, and north of a line from Chicago via Pittsburgh to New York.

Central Eastern Region.—This region comprises the section south of the Great Lakes Region, east of a line from Chicago through Peoria to St. Louis and the Mississippi River to the mouth of the Ohio River, and north of the Ohio River to Parkersburg, W. Va., and a line thence to the southwestern corner of Maryland and by the Potomac River to its mouth.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Pocahontas Region.—This region comprises the section north of the southern boundary of Virginia, east of Kentucky and the Ohio River north to Parkersburg, W. Va., and south of a line from Parkersburg to the southwestern corner of Maryland and thence by the Potomac River to its mouth.

Southern Region.—This region comprises the section east of the Mississippi River and south of the Ohio River to a point near Kenova, W. Va., and a line thence following the eastern boundary of Kentucky and the southern boundary of Virginia to the Atlantic.

WESTERN DISTRICT.

Northwestern Region.—This region comprises the section adjoining Canada lying west of the Great Lakes region, north of a line from Chicago to Omaha and thence to Portland and by the Columbia River to the Pacific.

Central Western Region.—This region comprises the section south of the Northwestern region, west of a line from Chicago to Peoria and thence to St. Louis, and north of a line from St. Louis to Kansas City and thence to El Paso and by the Mexican boundary to the Pacific.

Southwestern Region.—This region comprises the section lying between the Mississippi River south of St. Louis and a line from St. Louis to Kansas City and thence to El Paso and by the Rio Grande to the Gulf of Mexico.

Western roads, taking them collectively, had the advantage of a larger grain movement, the present year, the receipts at the Western primary markets for the four weeks ending July 28 1928 of wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye, combined, being 91,752,-000 bushels, as compared with but 79,370,000 bushels last year. The increase follows mainly as the result of the larger volume of wheat, corn, and barley moved, the receipts of wheat for the four weeks being 63,458,000 bushels, as against 56,853,000 bushels in the corresponding period of 1927; of corn, 20,-744,000 bushels, against 12,495,000 bushels, and of barley, 1,770,000 bushels, as against 1,679,000 bushels. The receipts of the other two cereals—oats and rye-on the other hand, aggregated, respectively, only 5,249,000 bushels and 531,000 bushels, in July 1928, as against 7,201,000 bushels and 1,142,000 bushels in July 1927. The details of the Western grain movement, in our usual form, are set out in

1444						
		RN GRAIN		UR RECE		
Weeks End. July 28.	Flour. (bbls.)	Wheat. (bush.)	Corn. (bush.)	Oats. (bush.)	Barley. (bush.)	Rye. (bush.)
7htcago— 1928	850,000	2,584,000	8,043,000	1,944,000	249,000	268,00
1927	851,000	10,352,000	4,748,000	2,648,000	283,000	629,00
1928	239,000 192,000	656,000 1,091,000	533,000 779,000	305,000 600,000	414,000 129,000	21,00 31,00
t. Louis-						23,00
1928	407,000 399,000	6,598,000 3,989,000	2,628,000 574,000	755,000 1,628,000	18,000 14,000	9,00
7eledo— 1928 1927	******	661,000 1,875,000	78,000 215,000	111,000 136,000	4,000 4,000	1,00 8,00
1928		111,000	69,000	49,000	4,000	9,00
1927		109,000	36,000	70,000	******	10,00
1928 1927	184,000 180,000	88,000 104,000	1,593,000 1,822,000	271,000 600,000	132,000 130,000	
uluth—		1 501 000	4 000	91 000	175 000	77 00
1928	*****	$\frac{1,521,000}{2,828,000}$	4,000 3,000	21,000 8,000	175,000 843,000	77,000 325,000
finneapolis—		4,304,000	543,000 750,000	879,000 457,000	771,000 276,000	132,000 128,000
1927	*	4,158,000	150,000	407,000	210,000	120,000
1928	*****	29,987,000 17,040,000	2,073,000 610,000	348,000 130,000		
maha & India	mapolis-	11,010,000	010,000	100,000		
1928		2,124,000 8,306,000	3,988,000 1,927,000	428,000 774,000		
Houz City-						
1928		257,000 216,000	463,000 406,000	100,000 44,000	3,000	
t. Joseph— 1928		1,807,000	641,000	38,000		
1927		1,510,000	512,000	26,000		
1928 1927		12,760,000 5,275,000	88,000 13,000	20,000		
Total all— 1928 1927	1,680,000 1,622,000	63,458,000 56,853,000	20,744,000 12,495,000	5,249,000 7,201,000	1,770,000 1,679,000	531,000 1,142,000
Jan. 1 to July 28.						
7Mcago— 1928 1927	6,777,000 6,870,000	14,196,000 19,612,000	68,284,000 45,007,000	28,873,000 25,216,000	4,000,000 3,439,000	1,358,000 1,572,000
fllwaukee-		1,274,000	9,991,000	3,680,000	5,146,600	326,000
1928	1,338,000 1,191,000	2,546,000	6,611,000	6,591,000	4,105,000	744,00
1928 1927	3,482,000 4,486,000	16,615,000 13,382,000	22,123,000 11,982,000	11,139,000 11,915,000	550,000 236,000	44,000 432,000
Toledo- 1928		4,516,000	968,000	1,551,000	22,000	32,00
1927		2,856,000	2,442,000	5,328,000	21,000	115,000
1928 1927		908,000 1,149,000	645,000 774,000	669,000 526,000	21,000 17,000	160,000 328,000
'eoria— 1928			15,017,000	5,344,900	1,611,000	47,00
1927	1,798,000		15,076,000	5,094,000	838,000	21,00
1928 1927		25,773,000 19,639,000	428,000 216,000	541,000 270,000	2,368,000 2,254,000	4,046,00 7,214,00
Inneapolis—		46,855,000		10,825,000	4 777 000	1 565 00
1927 Kansas City—		33,726,000		5,604,000	4,777,000	1,565,00
1928 1927		46,889,000 40,997,000	29,066,000 8,350,000	2,082,000 1,594,000		
maha & India	_	0.050.000	22 772 000	0 654 000	20.000	21.00
1928		9,200,000	33,773,000	8,654,000	30,000	31,00 2,00

Jan. 1 to July 28.	Flour.	Wheat. (bush.)	Corn. (bush.)	Oats.	Barley. (bush.)	(bush)
Stouz City— 1928 1927		977,000 710,000	5,934,000 2,434,000	1,909.000 574,000	28,00 0 2,000	9,000
St. Joseph— 1928 1927		4,786,000 5,237,000	7,198,000 5,460,000	669,000 686,000	5,000	1,000
Wichita— 1928 1927		20,111,000 14,084,000	1,832,000 412,000	170,000 289,000		
Total all—						

1928_____13,515,000 195359,000 203596,000 75,233,000 23,955,000 8,133,000 1927____13,340,000 173815,000 130927,000 71,301,000 15,692,000 11,993,000

On the other hand, the Western live stock movement was apparently somewhat smaller in July 1928 than in the same month of last year. At Chicago the receipts comprised 17,018 carloads, as against 18,518 carloads in July 1927; at Omaha 6,303 carloads, as against 6,069 carloads, and at Kansas City 7,509 carloads, against 7,066 carloads.

As regards the cotton movement in the South, this is of minor consequence in July, it being the tail end of the old crop season. Yet the movement the present year was smaller than usual. Shipments overland comprised only 29,323 bales in July 1928, as against 71,434 bales in July 1927; 59,015 bales in 1926; 19,111 bales in 1925; 57,757 bales in 1924; 41,627 bales in 1923; 82,682 bales in July 1922, and no less than 161,383 bales in 1921. At the Southern outports the receipts of the staple aggregated only 115,861 bales the present year, against 147,755 bales in 1927, and 200,650 bales in July 1926. The details of the cotton movement at the several Southern outports are given in the table we now present:

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AT SOUTHERN PORTS IN JULY AND FROM JAN. 1 TO JULY 31 1928, 1927 AND 1926.

Posts		July.		Since Jan. 1.					
Ports.	1928.	1927.	1926.	1928.	1927.	1926.			
Galveston	27,596	22,526	32,968	415,342	944,387	988,395			
Texas City, &c	19,994	17.941	65,486	455,902	1,020,142				
New Orleans	34.941	38,728	48,878	577,049	974,155	671,835			
Mobile	1.624	3,858	2,767	81,987	114,555	50,647			
Pensacola, &c		4	1,400	1,658	2,882	4.274			
Savannah	4,128	35,339	32,865	180,163	440,818	221,858			
Brunswick						413			
Charleston	9,456	24,119	4,356	87,419	236,845	144,469			
Wilmington	677	2,449	1,839	54,411	87,252	51,489			
Norfolk	5,097	2,781	10,091	59,972	141,857	161,382			
Lake Charles	739			1,763					
Corpus Christi	11,609								
Total	115,861	147,755	200,650	1.915.666	3,962,893	3,214,948			

The New Capital Flotations During the Month of August and from Jan. 1 to Aug. 31.

In view of the state of the investment market and the tension in the money market, it was not to be expected that new financing during August would be of important size. As a matter of fact, now that we have the compiled figures for the month, the total of the new capital issues for the month, proves to be of extremely diminutive proportions. Conditions have been very unfavorable to the floating of new obligations of any kind. Most of the new issues brought out during the early months of the year are quoted at heavy discounts, the decline from the issue price in many cases running from 5 to 8 points, the level of all security values having so serious declined during the last few months. The issuing houses have in many cases had to bear a considerable part of the losses themselves. Naturally they are not anxious to repeat the experience. Any new issues now brought out must net a much higher rate of return in order to attract investors. On the other hand, however, borrowers, whether they be private corporations or Government entities, are extremely reluctant to pay these higher rates and are not inclined to force new obligations upon an uncertain market. Thus in the case of borrower and lender alike the disposition has been, as we noted in reviewing the financing for the month of July, to pause and go slow for the time being. Entirely apart from this, with call loans on the Stock Exchange commanding 7@8% and with short

date money of all descriptions yielding very exceptional rates of interest, it is, of course, difficult to tempt lenders to invest their funds in permanent securities of any kind, inasmuch as these from the very nature of the case must be expected to yield very much more moderate returns, even if not so extremely low as those which obtained before the recent great upheaval in the money and investment markets

In reporting the new capital flotations for the month of July and finding that they aggregated no more than \$442,-682,282, we noted that this was the smallest amount of new financing done in any month of any year since August 1926. For August 1928 our tables now show an aggregate of only \$266,787,920 of new issues brought out in that month, or but little more than half the small total for July and in fact the smallest monthly aggregate since July 1923—comparisons which speak for themselves and illustrate in a striking way the unfortunate character of the situation.

Our tabulation, as always, includes the stock, bond and note issues by corporations and by States and municipalities, foreign and domestic, and also farm loan emissions. As against the diminutive amount of the offering of new securities under these various heads in July and August—\$442,682,282 in July and no more than \$266,787,920 in Au-

gust, as already stated—the grand total of the offering of new securities during June ran above a billion dollars, the exact amount being \$1,035,270,033. In May the total of new financing also exceeded a billion dollars, the exact amount being \$1,019,639,995. In April the new offerings aggregated \$1,051,935,042, this having been the largest amount ever recorded for any month of any year. In March the new issues totaled \$958,986,883; in February they were \$865,-905,021; in January \$758,830,479. In December, also, the amount exceeded a full billion dollars, the exact figure being \$1,040,351,927. In November the new issues footed up \$771,882,778, but in October, as in December, the new financing exceeded a billion dollars, the precise amount having been \$1,033,974,377, and this having been the first time in any month up to that date in which the billion-dollar mark had been reached. In September the total was \$628,101,-

At \$266,787,920 for July 1928 the total of the new capital issues brought out compares with \$617,364,763 in July 1927. A great shrinkage appears under each leading head or subdivision. For instance, the total of the corporate issues, foreign and domestic, during July 1928 was only \$199,425,678 as against \$444,277,769 in July last year. No foreign Government issues of any kind were brought out during the month the present year, and no foreign corporate issues. either, for that matter, except one small lot of \$500,000. Nor were any farm loan issues brought out, while the awards by States and municipalities totaled no more than \$67,285,742, as against \$92,086,994 in July 1927. To these municipalities the unfavorable conditions existing took on the characteristic of a real hardship. In not a few instances, as was the case also in July, offerings of new municipal issues met with no response whatever, in the shape of bids, while in other instances the bids had to be rejected because considered too low.

The new financing in behalf of public utility corporations during August aggregated only \$97,776,325 which, however, was an improvement over the small total of \$57,-797,596 issued in July. Industrial offerings totaled \$87,-923,353 in August, the smallest of any month since June 1924.

In July the industrial total was \$247,276,773. Railroad financing during August comprised two issues, aggregating \$13,726,000, which compares with \$18,874,000 in July. As already stated, total corporate offerings during August were \$199,425,678 of which \$77,052,900 comprised long-term obligations, \$48,480,700 were short-term, and \$73,892,078 stock issues. The portion devoted to refunding was \$18,709,418, or slightly over 9%. In July \$38,945,202, or about 12%, went for refunding. In June \$217,025,800, or over 26% was for refunding. In May \$171,477,240, or not quite 23%; in April no less than \$349,116,372, or somewhat over 41%, comprised the refunding portion. This established April as the second largest month on record in this respect, it having been exceeded only by March of the present year in which month the refunding portion reached \$361,242,750. In February \$201,343,948, or 32% of the total was for refunding, while in January the amount was \$165,028,100, or not quite 29% of the month's total. In August 1927 the amount for refunding was \$166,446,000, or over 37% of the total. There were no major refunding issues brought out during August of this year.

The total of \$18,709,418 raised for refunding in August comprised \$3,331,000 new long-term to refund existing long-term, \$1,850,000 new short-term to refund existing short-term, \$750,000 new short-term to replace existing stock, \$7,981,250 new stock to replace existing long-term, and \$4,797,168 new stock to replace existing stock.

The only corporate issue of a foreign nature during August was \$500,000 7½% cum. participating pref. stock of International Rock Asphalt Co., Inc., issued at par (\$100). The properties of this company are located in Cuba.

Among the domestic corporate offerings during August the largest was \$30,000,000 Middle West Utilities Co. 5½s Aug. 1 1929-31 sold at prices to yield from 5%% to 6%. Other sizable issues by public utilities included \$20,000,000 Com-

monwealth Subsidiary Corp. deb. 5½s A 1948, offered at 97, to yield 5.75%; \$10,000,000 Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corp. 1-yr. secured 6s Aug. 15 1929 sold at par; 93,500 shares of Public Service Co. of Northern Illinois common stock offered at \$100 per share; \$6,000,000 Midland Utilities Co. deb. 6s A 1938, offered at 99½, to yield 6.05% and \$5,000,000 Public Service Co. of Oklahoma 1st mtge. 5s D 1957, issued at 96, to yield 5.27%.

Domestic industrial issues of importance comprised \$5,074,700 par value common stock of International Nickel Co. (par \$25) offered at \$60 per share, involving \$12,179,280 and 735,000 shares no par capital stock of R. H. Macy & Co., Inc., offered at \$10 per share, involving \$7,350,000.

Railroad financing during August was confined to two private offerings, namely, \$8,911,000 Chicago Milwaukee St. Paul & Pacific RR. equip. trust 4½s series E, F, G and H, and \$4,815,000 Southern Pacific Co. equip. trust 4½s series K.

There were no foreign Government or farm loan issues during August, as already stated.

Offerings of various securities during the month, which did not represent new financing by the companies themselves, and which, therefore, are not included in our totals, embraced the following: 40,871 shares of common stock of Chain Belt Co. offered at \$41 per share; 34,400 shares of common stock of (H. C.) Godman Co. offered at \$56½ per share; 62,500 shares of common stock of Utah Radio Products Co. offered at \$17½ per share and 30,000 shares of convertible preference stock of Winton Engine Co. offered at \$38 per share.

The following is a complete summary of the new financing—corporate, State and city, foreign government, as well as farm loan issues—for August and for the eight months ending with August. It should be noted that in the case of the corporate offerings we subdivide the figures so as to show the long-term and the short-term issues separately, and we also separate common stock from preferred stock, and likewise show by themselves the Canadian corporate issues, as well as the other foreign corporate flotations.

SUMMARY OF CORPORATE, FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, FARM LOAN, AND MUNICIPAL FINANCING.

Short-term	1	New Capital.	Refunding.	Total.
Corporate	MONTH OF AUGUST	2	2	S
Domestic		-		
Long-term bonds and notes				
Short-term		73 721 900	3.331.000	77,052,900
Preferred stocks				48,480,700
Common stocks				21,198,125
Canadian				
Long-term bonds and notes Short-term Preferred stocks Common stocks Common stocks Common stocks Common stocks Short-term Preferred stocks Short-term Short-term Stocks Short-term Short-te		44,410,000	1,118,418	52,193,953
Preferred stocks				
Common stocks	Short-term			
Other foreign	Preferred stocks			******
Long-term bonds and notes Short-term Preferred stocks 500,000 500 500	Common stocks			
Short-term				
Preferred stocks				
Total corporate		F00 000		700 000
Total corporate				500,000
Foreign Government Farm Loan issues	Common stocks			
Farm Loan issues. 66,411,905 873,837 67,288 Municipal. 76,500 76 Canadian. 76,500 76 United States Possessions. 76,500 76 FIGHT MOS. ENDED AUG. 31. 247,204,665 19,583,255 266,787 Corporate—	Total corporate	180,716,260	18,709,418	199,425,678
War Finance Corporation 66,411,905 873,837 67,288 Municipal 76,500 76 76 Canadian 247,204,665 19,583,255 266,787 EIGHT MOS. ENDED AUG. 31. 247,204,665 19,583,255 266,787 Corporate—Domestic—Long-term bonds and notes 1,357,635,500 38,373,800 289,703 Short-term 151,333,400 38,373,800 281,480,703 Common stocks 758,582,802 173,182,830 931,763 Canadian—Long-term bonds and notes 81,480,000 68,792,000 150,273 Short-term 19,000,000 26,000,000 45,000 Common stocks 19,000,000 26,000,000 45,000 Short-term 10,000,000 26,000,000 10,000 Preferred stocks 12,030,000 10,000 10,000 Short-term 10,000,000 10,000 10,000 Preferred stocks 12,030,000 10,000 10,000 Short-term 30,281,750 10,000,000 10,000 Preferred stocks				
Municipal. 66,411,905 873,837 67,286 Canadian United States Possessions 76,500 76 Grand total 247,204,665 19,583,255 266,787 EIGHT MOS. ENDED AUG. 31. 247,204,665 19,583,255 266,787 EIGHT MOS. ENDED AUG. 31. 1,357,635,500 38,373,800 38,373,800 2,294,256 Short-term 151,333,400 38,373,800 81,489,700 236,802,300 81,489,700 Canadian— 1,000,000 236,802,300 81,489,700 173,182,830 931,763 Short-term 19,000,000 68,792,000 150,273 Short-term 19,000,000 26,000,000 45,000 Short-term 10,000,000 46,118,500 8,613 Other foreign— 10,000,000 10,000 10,000 Short-term 10,000,000 12,030,000 12,030 Preferred stocks 12,030,000 10,000 Common stocks 30,281,750 30,28 Total corporate 3,384,405,619 1,525,888,830 4,910,29	Farm Loan issues			
Canadian United States Possessions 76,500 76 Grand total 247,204,665 19,583,255 266,787 EIGHT MOS. ENDED AUG. 31. Corporate—				07 005 740
United States Possessions		66,411,905		07,280,742
Cand total	Canadian December 2	76 500		76,500
EIGHT MOS. ENDED AUG. 31. Corporate—	United States Possessions	70,000		70,000
Corporate— Domestic— Long-term bonds and notes Short-term 1,357,635,500 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,373,800 38,1,400 38,400,000 38,582,800 38,1,480,000 38,619,400 39,1,763,300,300 39,1,763,300,300,300,300,300,300,300,300,300,3	Grand total	247,204,665	19,583,255	266,787,920
Domestic	EIGHT MOS. ENDED AUG. 31.			
Domestic	Corporate—			
Long-term bonds and notes				
Short-term	Long-term bonds and notes	1.357.635.500	936,619,400	2.294.254.900
Preferred stocks	Short-term	151.333.400		189,707,200
Common stocks 758,582,802 173,182,830 931,763 Canadian— 81,480,000 68,792,000 150,273 Short-term 19,000,000 26,000,000 45,000 Common stocks 19,000,000 26,000,000 45,000 Robuster 350,781,500 46,118,500 396,900 Short-term 10,000,000 10,000 10,000 Preferred stocks 12,030,000 12,033 30,28 Total corporate 3,384,405,619 1,525,888,830 4,910,29 Foreign Government 439,331,587 100,538,413 539,87 Farm Loan issues 38,100,000 38,10 War Finance Corporation 900,907,239 24,179,026 925,08 Canadian 30,640,000 30,640,000 30,640		604 667 267		841,469,567
Canadian— Long-term bonds and notes. 81,480,000 19,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000 26,000,000				931,765,632
Long-term bonds and notes		100,002,002	170,102,000	331,700,032
Preferred stocks 19,000,000 26,000,000 45,00 Common stocks 8,613,400 8,613,400 8,613 Other foreign— 350,781,500 46,118,500 396,90 Short-term 10,000,000 10,000 10,000 Preferred stocks 12,030,000 12,03 Common stocks 30,281,750 30,28 Total corporate 3,384,405,619 1,525,888,830 4,910,29 Foreign Government 439,331,587 100,538,413 539,87 Farm Loan issues 38,100,000 38,10 War Finance Corporation 900,907,239 24,179,026 925,08 Canadian 30,640,000 30,64		81,480,000	68,792,000	150,272,000
Common stocks 8,613,400 8,613 Other foreign— 350,781,500 46,118,500 396,900 Short-term 10,000,000 10,000 12,030 Preferred stocks 12,030,000 12,03 30,281,750 Total corporate 3,384,405,619 1,525,888,830 4,910,29 Foreign Government 439,331,587 38,100,000 38,10 War Finance Corporation 900,907,239 24,179,026 925,08 Canadian 30,640,000 30,640,000 30,640,000				
Other foreign— Long term bonds and notes 350,781,500 10,000,000 10,000,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 12,030,000 15,25,888,830 1,910,29 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 100,538,413 1	Preferred stocks	19,000,000	26,000,000	
Long term bonds and notes		8,613,400		8,613,400
Short-term		050 501 500	40 110 500	200 000 000
Preferred stocks				
Common stocks 30,281,750 30,28 Total corporate 3,384,405,619 1,525,888,830 4,910,29 Foreign Government 439,331,587 100,538,413 539,87 Farm Loan issues 38,100,000 38,10 War Finance Corporation 900,907,239 24,179,026 92,68 Canadian 30,640,000 30,640,000				10,000,000
Total corporate 3,384,405,619 1,525,888,830 4,910,29 Foreign Government 439,331,587 100,538,413 539,87 Farm Loan issues 38,100,000 38,10 War Finance Corporation 900,907,239 24,179,026 925,08 Canadian 30,640,000 30,64	Preferred stocks	12,030,000		12,030,000
Foreign Government 439,331,587 100,538,413 539,87 Farm Loan Issues 38,100,000 38,10 War Finance Corporation 900,907,239 24,179,026 925,08 Canadian 30,640,000 30,64 30,64	Common stocks	30,281,750		30,281,75
Foreign Government 439,331,587 100,538,413 539,87 Farm Loan Issues 38,100,000 38,10 War Finance Corporation 900,907,239 24,179,026 925,08 Canadian 30,640,000 30,64 30,64	Total cornorate	3 384 405 619	1.525.888.830	4.910.294 449
Farm Loan Issues 38,100,000 38,10 War Finance Corporation 900,907,239 24,179,026 925,08 Canadian 30,640,000 30,64				
War Finance Corporation 900,907,239 24,179,026 925,08 Canadian 30,640,000 30,64			100,000,410	38,100,00
Municipal 900,907,239 24,179,026 925,08 23,0640,000 30,640	Farm Loan Issues	38,100,000		38,100,00
Canadian 30,640,000 30,64		000 007 000	94 170 000	025 006 00
	Canadian			
United States Possessions 6,161,500 6,16	United States Possessions	6,161,500		6,161,50

In the elaborate and comprehensive tables on the succeeding pages we compare the foregoing figures for 1928 with the corresponding figures for the four years preceding, thus affording a five-year comparison. We also furnish a detailed analysis for the five years of the corporate offerings, showing separately the amounts for all the different classes of corporations.

Following the full-page tables we give complete details of the new capital flotations during August, including every issue of any kind brought out during that month.

SUMMARY OF CORPORATE, FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, FARM LOAN AND MUNICIPAL FINANCING FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST FOR FIVE YEARS.

		+0											1	7.4	AN		AL	C.	H	RO	N	LC.	LI	ti .								LV	OL.	127	•
	Total.	203,967,000 7,627,000 21,863,000		10,000,000		6,000,000		287,848,656		108,220,267	455,133,923			Totai.	\$ 111,340,000 54,349,000	960,000	3,650,000	000,000,001	219,967,000	5,000,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	650,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	23.485.000	29,627,000	19.290.400	7,700,000	4,150,000	200,000	720.000	116,340,000	14.750.000	8,450,000	200,000,00	32,305,000
1924.	Refunding.	88,899,000 3,363,000				1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		92,862,000		10,000,000	123,738,930		1001	Refunding.	\$ 77,000,000 470,000	000,620,	4,264,000	1 1 10	88,899,000	1		1	5 E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	6 E 6 E 6 E 6 E 6 E 6 E 6 E 6 E 6 E 6 E	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2,063,000	8 6 8 8 9 0 9 8 1 8 8 2 8 8 2 8 8 2	1,900,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 063 000	77,000,000	7,029,000	1,900,000	6 6 6 8 6 6 8 6 6 8 6 6 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8	92 862 000
	New Capital.	\$ 115,068,000 7,627,000 18,500,000	000,161,01	10,000,000	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6,000,000		28.065.000		107,343,337	331,394,993			New Capital.	\$4.340,000 53.879,000	960,000	3,650,000	000,000,00	131,068,000	5,000,000		650,000	1	23.485.000	29,627,000	17.227.400	1,00,000	2,250,000 11,844,256	200,000	720,000	39,340,000	7.721.000	6,550,000		32,169,000
_	1 1	142,732,000 7,760,000 22,185,000		2,150,000	6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	24,000,000		240,987,100	200,000	83,727,297 70,000,000 125,000	404,039,397	E YEARS.		Total.	19,245,000	200,000	12,095,000 5,000,000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	144,857,000	28.300.000		3,300,000	60,000	0	31,760,000	22,387,800	6	9,447,000	800,000 800,000	6,451,250	19,245,000	2,500,000	36,177,680	3,995,120	240 987 100
1925.	Refunding.	19.137.000 350.000 300.000		6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		29,237,000		70,000,000	102,985,200	AUGUST FOR FIVE	1925.	Refunding.	\$ 15,637,000		3 200,000		19,137,000	350,000			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		350,000	300,000	6 5 6 6 8 6 8 9 1 8 9 1 9 8 8 9 8 8	8,650,000	800,000	9.750.000	16.287.000	6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8,950,000	800,000	29 237 000
	New Capital.	123,595,000 7,410,000 21,885,000 32,735,100	9 195 000		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	24,000,000	5 E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	8,700,000	500,000	125,000	301,054,197	OF		New Capital.	\$ 19,245,000 45,214,000	500,000	5,000,000 33,228,000	8 938 000	125,720,000	27,950,000		3,300,000	60,000		31,410,000	22,087,800		9,447,000	3.995,120	6,451,250	19,245,000 95,251,800	2,500,000	27,227,680 14,547,000 33,794,250	3,995,120	211.750.100
	Total.	160,719,000 9,309,000 15,179,500 12,397,280	3.000.000		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5,000,000	3,690,000	243,449,780	4,325,000	4,103,428	352,943,208	THE MONTH		Total.	4.845,000 45,604,000 17,715,000	1,500,000	10,500,000	13.625.000	179,634,000	9,390,000	6 1 6 6 6 8 6 8 1 8 1 8		1,935,000	5,984,000	17,309,000	10,240,000		9,345,250		10,008,750	15,085,000	1,500,000	46.820.250 10.500,000 52.627.780	150,000	243.449.780
1926.	Refunding.	52,743,000 334,000 2,937,500 465,000			1 0	10,819,000		67,294,500	644 500	005.2.0	67,939,000	STATES FOR	1926.	Refunding.	20,250,000 10,815,000	000 000 00	820,000	1.273.000	63,558,000	J			6 6 8 6 9 8 9 8 9 8	334,000	334,000	1,100,000	1 100	465,000	1	3,402,500	21,350,000	10,815,000	30,865,000		67,294,500
	New Capital.	8,976,000 12,242,000 11,932,280	3.000.000		1 00	5,100,000 5,000,000 5,000,000	3.690,000	176,155,280 34,000,000	70 593 098	0,040,040	285,004,208	UNITED		New Capital.	4,845,000 25,354,000 6,900,000	7 075 000	10,500,000	150,000	116,076,000	9,390,000		1 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,935,000	5,650,000	16,975,000	13,340,000	10000	2,472,780	0 8 11 0 8 11 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1	43,104,280	15,085,000	1,500,000	15,955,250 10,500,000 51,807,780	150,000	176,155,280
	Total.	218,171,000 42,330,000 106,059,350 47,827,419	665,000		000 200 10	2,000,000		81,000,000	100 086 990	500,000,000	617,364,763	ISSUES IN THE	=	Total.	79,402,000 83,137,000 4,225,000	300,000	32,912,000	1,925,000	243,061,000	17,000,000		20,000,000	4,080,000	2,950,000	47,330,000	87,361,700 23,984,450	4,900,000	5,000,000	8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10	5.108,919	183,763,700 109,821,450	5.200.000	25,966,700 25,000,000 38,292,000	1,925,000	444.277.769
1927.	-	78,911,000 13,050,000 74,485,000	1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		000	166,446,000	1.278.500		167,724,500	CORPORATE IS	1927.	Refunding.	59,804,000	3.610,000	2,100,000	419,000	78,911,000	700,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12,350,000		1 1 0 0	13,050,000	10,984,000	19 500 000	1,964,300		74,485,000	108,840,700 24,407,000	130,000	16,110,000 14,314,300 2,100,000	419,000	1
W. Carrier	New Capnas.	139,260,000 29,280,000 31,574,350 47,827,419	665,000		04 995 000	2,000,000	CONT.	81,000,000	90.808.494		449,640,263	OF NEW CO		New Capital.	19,598,000 70,414,000 4,225,000	25.525.000	30,812,000	1,506,000	164,150,000	17,000,000	6 5 1 6 8 1 5 8 8 5 8 1 6 8 1 6 8 4 8 6 8	7,650,000	4,080,000	2,950,000	34,280,000	38,325,000	4,900,000	3,035,700	1 100	79,401,769	74,923,000 85,414,450	5,070,000	39,856,700 10,685,700 36,192,000	1,506,000	1
1	1	77,052,900 48,480,700 21,198,125 52,193,953			1	500.000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	199,425,678	67.285.742	76,500	266,787,92011	GROUPING		Total.	13,726,000	2.310.000	21,946,900	4.325,000	77,052,900	43,350,000	750,000	1 10	4,380,700	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	48,480,700	19,681,325	1,388,000	3,928,750	2,113,355	73,892,078	13,726,000 97,776,325	2,138,000	30,256,350	22.564.250	199,425,678
1928.	3	3.331,000 2.600,000 5.000,000 7,778,418	1		6 8 8 8 8 8		000	18,709,418	873.837		19,583,255[CHARACTER AND	1928.	Refunding.	750,000	729.000	1,100,000	752.000	3,331,000	1,850,000	750,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	000 000 0	2,600,000	3,500,000	1,000,000		6 750 000	12.778,418	6,100,000	1,750,000	1,100,000	7.502.000	18.709.418
Now Canifol	aven cupitat.	73,721,900 45,880,700 16,198,125 44,415,535			2 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	500.000	000 014 001	180,710,260	66.411.905	76,500	247,204,665	CHAR		>	13,726,000	1.581.000	61		73,721,900	41	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8			000 37		16,181,325	388,000		2,113,355	9	13,726,000 91,676,325 12,179,280			2,113,355	-
MONTH OF AUGUST.	0	Short term Preferred stocks.	Long term bonds and notes.	Preferred stocks	Other Foreign—	Short term	Common stocks	9 5	War Finance Corporation	Canadian United States Possessions	Grand total		TOTAL SO MENON	MONTH OF AUGUST.	Railroads. Public utilities. From steel, coal, copper, &c.	Motors and accessories. Other industrial & manufacturing.	Oll Land, buildings, &c. Rubbor	Shipping Miscellaneous	Short Term Bonds and Notes-	Railroads Public utilities Iron, steel, coal, copper, &c.	Equipment manufacturers	Other industrial and manufacturing	Rubber	Wilson	Stocks	Railroads. Public utilities. Iron, steel, coal, copper, &c.	Motors and accessories	Jand, buildings, &c.	Shipping	Total	Railroads	Equipment manufacturers.	Oll Land, buildings, &c.	Shipping Viscellaneous	Total corporate securities

SUMMARY OF CORPORATE, FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, FARM LOAN AND MUNICIPAL FINANCING FOR THE EIGHT MONTHS ENDED AUG. 31 FOR FIVE YEARS.

		Total. \$ 1,531,130,600 224,153,000 182,650,550 409,531,079		56,680,000	2,491,160,229 379,005,000 144,400,000	1,014,088,919 56,206,562 6,035,000			Total.	534,888,700 599,125,500 96,760,000 5,960,000 12,775,000	164		52,500,000 52,750,000 63,750,000	29,285,000	26,823,737 392,382,612 15,484,160	662,500 3,427,000 70,685,600 55,390,968	1,600,000	634,762,437 1,089,966,112 114,569,160	25,202,500 190,474,500 123,100,968 174,140,857	2,000,000 3,800,000 125,521,695 2,491,160,229
	1924.	Ref unding. \$ 286,208,377 28,270,000 15,400,223		10,000,000	133	9,873,088		1924.	Refunding.	137,238,900 105,352,577 20,148,000 8,315,000 18,699,900	790,000 790,000 1,386,000	19,000,000 13,420,000 650,000	3,200,000	36 270 000	11,355,223	9,345,000	20,900,223	156,238,900 130,127,800 20,798,000	8,515,000 31,244,900 4,278,000 790,000	1,386,000
IVE YEARS.		New Capital. \$ 1,244,922,235 195,883,000 167,250,327 404,021,079		46,680,000	2,137,781,629 229,005,000 144,400,000	1,004,215,831 39,556,562 6,035,000 3,560,994,022	YEARS.		New Capital.	397, 449,800 493,772,923 76,612,000 5,960,000 95,329,000	163,282,000 163,282,500 400,000 3,800,000 76,279,000	54,050,000 85,038,000 1,675,000	1,000,000 9,000,000 2,560,000 53,500,000	29,285,000	26,823,737 381,027,389 15,484,160	662,500 3,227,000 61,340,600 55,390,968 7,143,357	1,600,000 18,571,695 571,271,406	478,523,537 959,838,312 93,771,160	16,687,500 159,229,600 118,822,968 113,350,857	2,000,000 3,800,000 124,135,695 2,137,781,629
G. 31 FOR F		Total. \$1,851,416,400 214,608,750 422,741,085 348,681,899	64,545 20,500 3,600 2,600	160,900,000 46,000,000 23,000,000 2,925,000	2,7.1	980,196,064 129,680,000 4,175,000 4,802,025,198	FOR FIVE		Total.	405,852,500 719,646,500 37,496,000 7,800,000 76,500,000 182,585,500	429 429 34 34 101	24,900,000 117,600,000 22,765,000	17.	5,000,000 6,825,000	343,505,515 12,890,000		100	430,752,500 1,180,752,015 73,151,000	218,381,698 218,381,698 471,685,650	$\begin{array}{c} 36,050,000 \\ 18,820,120 \\ 203,011,050 \\ \hline 3,161,518,134 \end{array}$
SENDED AU	1920.	Refunding. \$ 324,663,025 77,580,000 30,693,500 45,876,910			14	36,194,287 94,522,000 736,807,622	AUG. 31	1925.	Refunding.	110,719,000 137,402,100 4,346,000 33,735,700	13,500,000 19,418,000 4,315,225 10,927,000 334,713,025	400,000 26,980,000 2,500,000	200	80 080 000	20,662,500	1,110,000 16,428,000 40,504,910	\$00,000 2,145,000 81,770,410	111,119,000 185,044,600 6,846,000	1,460,000 50,163,700 104,204,910 19,538,000	800,000 4,315,225 13,072,000 496,563,435
HI MONING		New Caputal. \$ 1,526,753,375 137,028,750 392,047,585 302,804,989	7031	160,900,000 46,000,000 23,000,000 2.925,000	2.4	944,001,777 35,158,000 4,175,000 4,065,217,576	MONTHS ENDED		New Capital.	295,133,500 582,244,400 33,150,000 7,800,000 76,150,000	410,034,900 34,500,000 3259,775 90,626,000	24,500,000 90,620,000 20,265,000	17,618,750	5,000,000 6,825,000	100	99,159,000 126,562,851 37,176,788 93,662,750	6,245,120 92,488,050 721,777,574	319,633,500 995,707,415 66,305,000	293,031,401 114,176,788 452,147,650	35,250,000 14,504,895 189,939,050 2,664,954,699
OR THE EIG		222,219,695 380,515,272 467,812,489	123	250,289,000 25,000,000 25,240,000 33,520,040	3,595,825 249,492 124,825	909,425,840 99,792,000 8,288,000 4,987,648,836	EIGHT			244,956,000 1,017,787,500 147,965,000 6,799,000 66,000,000 239,433,000	101	22,500,000 70,775,000 6,000,000	13,410,000 49,150,000 20,000,000 16,256,500	32,250,000 500,000 20,628,195 251,469,695	10,240,000 393,663,182 36,675,000	5,628,500 41,220,650 133,230,217 105,087,140	1,464,537 150,362,095 912,077,801	1,482,225,682 190,640,000	120,630,650 421,813,217 187,537,140 490,425,980	35,464,537 7,400,000 369,565,290 1,595,825,996
TOUR L	1920.	378,691,170 35,043,000 10,227,500 11,027,575	27,458,000		14	14,734,847 46,000,000 598,489,392	ES FOR THE	1926.	Refunding.	36,055,000 243,808,170 31,884,000 70,746,000	19,347,000 6,581,000 416,356,170	16,000,000	200,000 5,750,000 7,034,000	334,000	7,714,300	12,122,575	25,282,375	263,247,470 31,884,000	88,618,575 17,769,000 19,347,000	9,560,500
=	Non Camilal	1,682,948,330 187,176,695 370,287,772 456,784,914	95,892,000 1,250,000 4,000,000 990,000	235 302 302 303	3,113 234 84	894,690,993 53,792,000 8,288,000 4,389,159,444	UNITED STAT		New Capital.	208,901,000 773,979,330 116,081,000 6,799,000 66,000,000 168,687,000	420,316,000 1,750,000 6,900,000 191,994,000 2,015,922,330	6,500,000 59,050,000 6,000,000	13,210,000 43,400,000 12,966,000 16,256,500	32,250,000 500,000 20,294,195 210,426,695	10,240,000 385,948,882 36,675,000	5,628,500 41,220,650 121,107,642 102,287,140 34,506,480	1,464,537 147,716,595 886,795,426	1,218,978,212 1,58,756,000	120,430,650 333,194,642 169,768,140 471,078,980	35,464,537 7,400,000 360,004,790 3,113,144,451
	Total	2,922,853,000 197,723,500 608,330,925 505,256,337	138,128,000 2,000,000 1,000,000		4,649,222 516,874 143,650	1,060,936,272 67,479,000 5,345,000 6,443,507,459	IN THE	Total P	Total.	630,426,000 1,113,829,500 94,425,000 11,155,000 50,300,000 352,557,000 266,400,000	390,748,000 60,000,000 4,285,000 338,430,500 3,312,556,000	17,650,000 68,385,000 2,300,000	14,400,000 14,400,000 14,200,000 50,200,000 29,078,500	29,185,000 216,723,500	172,205,187 524,452,786 6,019,250	31,918,790 176,054,785 16,812,500 28,578,500	2,701,675 161,199,414 1,119,942,887	820,281,187 1,706,667,286 102,744,250	86,618,790 542,811,785 333,412,500 448,405,000	62,701,675 4,410,000 528,814,914 ,649,222,387
1927	Refunding	\$ 945,401,010 41,425,200 117,606,350 68,826,100	20,000,000		-	23,044,800 28,969,000 1,386,359,460	RATE ISSUES	1927.	Refunding.	319,678,510 403,946,900 16,160,000 71,283,000 54,540,600	30,371,000 60,000,000 419,000 27,659,000 984,188,010	650,000	4,450,000 12,350,000 1,666,000	41,425,200	84,036,700	32,158,700 1,964,300 100,000	23,678,250	404,365,210 470,750,600 16,160,000	130,000 107,891,700 68,854,900 32,137,000	60,000,000 419,000 51,337,250 1.212,045,6604
	Non Canital	\$ 1,977,451,990 156,298,300 490,724,575 436,430,237	118,128,000 2,000,000 1,000,000		.00	1,037,891,472 38,510,000 5,345,000 5,057,147,999	NEW CORPORATE	New Granter	New Capital.	310,747,490 709,882,600 78,265,000 11,155,000 50,170,000 281,274,000	360,377,000 3,866,000 310,771,500 2,328,367,990	17,000,000 46,075,800 2,300,000	1,200,000 4,400,000 9,750,000 37,850,000 27,412,500	29,185,000 175,298,300	88,168,487 479,958,286 6,019,250	31,918,790 143,896,085 14,848,200 28,478,500	2,701,675 137,521,164 933,510,437	415,915,977 1,235,916,686 86,584,250	86,488,790 434,920,085 264,557,600 416,268,000	2,701,675 3,991,000 477,477,664 3,437,176,727
	Total	2,294,254,900 189,707,200 841,469,567 931,765,632	150,272,000 45,000,000 8,613,400		4	925,086,265 30,640,000 6,161,500 6,450,152,214	GROUPING OF P	Total	Total.	322,580,000 1,093,020,800 146,952,000 5,816,000 322,896,000 59,500,000	467,372,100 1,300,000 416,190,000 2,841,426,900	29,500,000 91,172,000 400,000	1,950,000 6,592,000 17,200,000 25,718,200	26,175,000	192,552,350 681,069,311 81,579,861	36,705,102 350,268,073 25,626,180 55,891,783	12,930,375 8,325,855 423,291,459 1,870,160,349	544,632,350 1,865,262,111 228,931,861	44,455,102 679,756,073 102,326,180 548,982,083	14,230,375 8,325,855 865,656,459 ,910,294,449
1928.	Refunding	936,619,400 38,373,800 236,802,300 173,182,830	68,792,000		1,52	24,179,026	AND	1928.	Keyunding.	206,691,500 531,189,300 61,744,300 780,000 105,030,300 31,747,000	71,720,000 42,627,500 1,051,529,900	17,000,000 6,000	750,000 2,488,100 10,694,200 1,441,500	38,373,800	139,954,700 151,318,048 17,200,000	28,288,702 65,653,040 1,346,000	1,042,400 31,182,240 435,985,130	363,646,200 688,507,348 78,944,300	29.818,702 173.171,440 42,441,200 74,507,500	73,809,740 1,525,888,830
	New Canital	1,357,635,500 151,333,400 604,667,267 758,582,802	81,480,000 19,000,000 8,613,400	350.781,500 10,000,000 12,030,000 30,281,750	3,384,405,619 439,331,587 38,100,000	900,907,239 30,640,000 6,161,500 4,799,545,945	CHARACTER	Now Comital	New Capital.	115,888,500 561,831,500 85,207,700 5,816,000 5,000 217,865,700	395,652,100 1,300,000 373,562,500 1,789,897,000	12,500,000 85,172,000 400,000	1,200,000 4,103,900 6,505,800 24,276,700	26,175,000	52,597,650 529,751,263 64,379,861	1,920,000 8,416,400 284,615,033 25,626,180 54,545,783	11,887,975 8,325,855 392,109,219 1.434,175,219	180,986,150 1,176,754,763 149,987,561 7,736,000	14,636,400 506,584,633 59,884,980 474,474,583	8,325,855 791,846,719 3.384,405,619
D AUG. 81.		ds and notes.	ds and notes.	ds and notes.	nt.	ossessions		D AUG. 31.	and Notes-	, copper, &c. ufacturers. ssorites. & manufacturing.		er, &c	manufacturing		per, &c.	wears	5 2 4 5 8 8 8 8 1 7 6 8 1 8 8 8 1 9 8 8 2 9 8 8 3 9 8 8 5 9 8 8 5 9 8 8 6 8 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 8 8 8 8 9 8 8 8 8 9 8	er, &c	nanufacturing	cu ities
MONTHS ENDED		rate— ong-term bonde hort term referred stocks	ong-term bond hort term referred stocks ommon stocks	ong-term bond hort term referred stock ommon stocks	Total corporation Covernment Loan issues	nicipalnanadian nited States Po Grand total		MONTHS ENDED	1	1 15 8 5 5	buildings, &c ng lancous	ads. utilities.	and accessori ndustrial and	ng aneous tal	nds utilities teel, coal, cop	and accessori ndustrial and 1	ng laneous	utilities teel, coal, copp tent manufact	and accessoring and notations, &c.	aneous tal corporate se
8 MC		200000	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<u> ಇಬಕ್ಕ</u>	Foreig Farm War F	305		00	, 1	Railros Public Iron, s Equipn Motors Other i	ubbe nippli iscel	Railros Public Iron, st	Motori Other I Oil Land, I	Rubbe Shippin Miscell To	Railros Public Iron, si	Motors Other I Oil	Rubbe Shippin Miscell To	Railros Public Iron, st	Motors Other 1 Oil Land, 1	Shipping Miscellan Total

DETAILS OF NEW CAPITAL FLOTATIONS DURING AUGUST 1928. LONG-TERM BONDS AND NOTES (ISSUES MATURING LATER THAN FIVE YEARS).

Amount.	Purpose of Issue.	Price.	To Yield About.	Company and Issue, and by Whom Offered.
8,911,000	Railroads— New equipment	Placed p	orivately. %	Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific R.R. Eq. Tr. 41/28 Series E, F, G, H. Sold to Halsey
	New equipment			Stuart & Co., Inc. Southern Pacific Co. Eq. Tr. 43/28 "K." Sold to Kuhn, Loeb & Co.
13,726.000	Problic Calling			
1,000,000	Public Utilities— Acquisitions; other corp. purp	100	6.00	American Itilities Co. (Del.) 1st Lien & Ref. 6s "A" 1945. Offered by J. G. White & Co., Inc. Parsley Bros. & Co., and Paul & Co.
20.000,000	Acquisitions; wkg.cap'l.&c Liquidate curr. debt; investments_ Acquisitions	9834 97 100	5.75	Colonial Ütlities Corp. 1st Lien 5½8, 1958. Offered by Glidden, Morris & Co. Commonwealth Subsidiary Corp. Deb. 5½8 "A" 1948. Offered by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. Eastern Illinois Telephone Co. 1st M. 68, 1948. Offered by Donald F. Brown & Co., and Heath
540,000	Acquisitions; wkg. cap'l &c	100	6.00	Schlessman & Co., Denver, Col. Federal Public Service Corp. 1st Lien 6s, 1947. Offered by Hoagland, Allum & Co., Inc., and
6,000,000	New construction Development of subsidiaries, &c Acquisitions; other corp. purp	9914	6.05	Public Service Co. of Oklahoma 1st M. 5s "D" 1957. Offered by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., A. B
	Acquisitions; other corp. purp			Leach & Co., Inc., and Hill, Joiner & Co., Inc. Public Service of Pennsylvania, Inc. 1st Lien & Coll. Tr. 51/4s "A" 1953. Offered by Boenning of
750,000	Refunding	9914	6.55	Co., Phila., and McLaughlin, MacAfee & Co., Pittsburgh. Southwest Gas Utilities Corp. 1st Lien & Sec. 6½s, 1943. Offered by Edmund Seymour & Co. Inc., Chas. D., Robbins & Co., and Glidden, Morris & Co.
34 ,745,000	Other Industrial & Mfg			Inc., Chas. D. Robbins & Co., and Ghaden, Morris & Co.
160,000 950,000	General corporate purposes Refunding; other corp. purp	100	6.00 6.00-6.35	American Nokol Corp. 1st (c) M. 6s, 1935. Offered by Wilk, Clarke & Co., Chicago. Biue Diamond Co. (Los Angeles) 1st M. 6s, 1929-43. Offered by First Securities Co. and Wm. R
275,000	Retire mtge. debt; wkg. cap		5.47-6.00	Staats Co., Los Angeles. Danby Machine Specialties, Inc. 1st M. 6s, 1929-3s. Offered by Hitchcock & Co., Chicago.
	Plant consolidation & impt General corporate purposes		6.00	(R.) Hoe & Co., Inc. 7% Notes, Oct. 1 1934. Offered by company to class "A" stockholders; under written by Guaranty Co. of N. Y., Edw. B. Smith & Co., and Dominick & Dominick. Wisconsin Veneer Co. 1st M. 6s 1931-37. Offered by Kreutzer & Co., Wausau, Wis.
2,310,000	General corporate pur possess	100	0.00	Wisconsin Veneer Co. 18t M. 08 1931-37. Onered by Medical & Co., Wagsag, Wis.
275,000	Land, Buildings, &c.— Finance constr. of apt	100	6.00	Alps Apts. (K. C., Mo.) 1st M. 6s 1938. Offered by S. W. Straus & Co., Inc.
200,000	Finance constr. of church bidg	100	5.50	Beaver Ave. United Presbyterian Church (Des Moines) 1st M. 5½s, 1930-46. Offered by Metcall Cowgill & Co., Des Moines.
	Real estate mortgage			(J. B.) Book Properties (Det). Gen. Mtge. Junior Lien Fee & Lshid, 6½ s1948. Offered by American Bond & Mortgage Co., Inc.
425,000	Finance constr. of aptFinance constr. of bldgReal estate mortgage	100	6.00 5.50 5.50	(The) Boulevard Apts. (Chicago) 1st M. 6s, 1930-38. Offered by Leight & Co., Chicago. Broadway-Stevens Bidg. (Camden, N. J.) 1st M. 5½s, 1930-38. By Leve, Bryan & Co., St. Louis Brooklyn Post Offices, Inc. 1st M. Coll. Lien, 5½s, 1933-37. Offered by Robert Garrett & Sons Baltimore.
175,000	Finance constr. of garage	100	6.50	Capital Garage, Inc. (K. C., Mo.) 1st M. Lshld 61/2s, 1930-39. Offered by Stern Bros. & Co. Kansas City, Mo.
40 0,000 7 5,000	Finance constr. of bldg	100 100	6.00 5.50	Carman Theatre (Phila.) 1st M. 6s, 1929-40. Offered by American Bond & Mortgage Co., Inc. Centenary Methodist Episcopal Church, South (McComb, Miss.) 1st M. 5½s, 1929-43. Offered
330,000 1,2 00,000	Real estate mortgage	100 Price on a	6.00 application	by Canal Bk. & Trust Co., New Orleans. Chicago Arms Apts. 1st M. 6s, 1930-3s. Offered by Steinman-McCord & Co., Kansas City, Mo. Cleveland Terminals Bidg. Co. 1st M. Lshid 6s, 1941. Offered by Redmond & Co., Tillotson & Wolcott Co., and Pearsons-Taft Co.
6 25,000 5 1,900	Refunding Finance constr. of apt Improvements to property		5.80-6.00 5.90-6.00 6.00	Commodore Apt. Hotel (Des Moines) 1st M. 6s, 1931-43. Offered by Straus Bros. Invest. Co., Chic Commonwealth Apts. (Chicago) 1st M. 6s, 1931-41. Offered by S. W. Straus & Co., Inc. Community Improvement Co. (Pontiac, Mich.) 1st M. 6s, 1930-38. Offered by Whittlesey McLean & Co., Detroit.
	Retire existing debt, impts		6.00	(Edith Mae) Cummings (Det.) 1st M. 6s, 1938. Offered by Benjamin Dansard & Co., and Union Trust Co., Detroit.
575,000	Real estate mortgage Finance constr. of hotel bldg		6.50	Dana Apts. (Cincinnati) 1st M. 68, 1929-48. Offered by Bank of Com. & Tr. Co., Cincinnati. Jefferson Davis Hotel (Montgomery, Ala.) 1st M. 6½8, 1931-43. Offered by Caldwell & Co. Nashville and Canal Bk. & Tr. Co., New Orleans. Elm La Salie Bidg. (Chicago) 1st (c) M. 68, 1931-38. Offered by Peabody, Houghteling & Co.
	Real estate mortgage	100	5.50	First Methodist Episcopal Church (Kenosha, Wis.) 1st M. 5½s, 1931-38. Offered by Second Ward Securities Co., Milwaukee.
	Retire existing debt; construction.	100		First Methodist Episcopal Church (Tulsa, Okla.) 1st M. 5½s, 1931-43. Offered by Canal Bk. & Trust Co., New Orleans.
1,000,000	Finance constr. of apt	100 100	6.00	4940 East End Ave. Apts. (Chicago) 1st M. 6s, 1936. Offered by Garard Tr. Co., Chicago. Forshay Bldg. Corp. (Minneapolis) 1st M. Fee 6s, 1943. Offered by Geo. M. Forman & Co.
	Real estate mortgage Provide funds for loan purposes	100 100	6.00	(The) Greenfeaf Arms (Chicago) 1st M. 6s, 1931-3s. Offered by Leight & Co., Chicago. Guaranty Bond & Mortgage Co. (Richmond, Va.) 1st Coll. Tr. 6s "K" 1929-3s. Offered by Wheat, Galleher & Co., Richmond, Va.
100,000	Provide funds for loan purposes	100	5.50	Hibernia Mortgage Co., Inc. 1st M. Coll. Tr. 51/28 "J" 1928" due 1931-38. Offered by Hibernia Securities Co., Inc., New Orleans.
	Provide funds for loan purposes	~ ~ *		Home Mortgage Co. (Durham, N. C.) 1st M. 5½s, "I" 1930-40. Offered by M. W. Bradermann Co., Inc.
	Provide funds for loan purposes Real estate mortgage	93.19 981/2	5.90 6.65	Meline Mortgage Co. 1st M. 5s "C", 1938. Offered by Reserve Security Co, New York. Mercantile Arcade Bidg. (Los Angeles) Gen. M. 6½8, 1948. Offered by Stroud & Co., Inc. Rellly, Brock & Co. and A. E. Fitkin & Co., Inc.
135,000	Improvements, other corp. purp Provide funds for ioan purposes	100	6.00	Midwest Properties Co. 1st M. 6s, 1940. Offered by Straus Bros. Investment Co., Chicago. Mortgage & Securities Co. (New Orleans) 1st M. 6% Coll. Sec. Partic. Ctfs, 1929-35. Offered by company.
325,000	Finance constr. of apt Finance constr. of bidg Retire existing debt, oth.corp.purp	100 100 100	5.50	(The) Northwest Bidg. (Evanston, III.) 1st M. 6s, 1931-38. Offered by Leight & Co., Chicago. Pittsburgh Post Office Service Station 1st M. 5½s, 1938. Offered by Love, Bryan & Co., St. L. Popiar-Way Apt. (Rochester, N. Y.) 1st M. 6s, 1930-40. Offered by American Bond & Mortgage Co., Inc.
	Finance constr. of bldg Provide funds for loan purposes	100		Portland Medical-Dental Bldg. 1st (closed) M. Fee 6s, 1931-43. Offered by S. W. Straus & Co., Inc. Prudence Co., Inc. 1st M. Coll. 51/5s, 10th Series 1929-1937. Offered by Estabrook & Co.
1,125,000 1,200,000	Finance constr. of hotel bldgs Acquisition of land & bldg	100 99	6.00	Richmond Hotels, Inc. 1st M. 6s, 1932-43. Offered by Am.Tr Co. and Am.Nat.Bk., Richmond, Va. (The) Robert Treat Hotel Co. (Newark, N. J.) 1st (closed) M. 6s, 1943. Offered by Graham, Parsons & Co. and Redmond & Co.
	Finance constr. of apt. hotel	100		Rokeby Apt. Hotel (Chicago) 1st M. 6s "A", 1931-38. Offered by Straus Bros. Investment Co. Chicago.
	Finance constr. of hotel bldg Provide funds for loan purposes	100		(The) Tiger, Inc. (Columbia, Mo.) 1st M. 6s, 1930-43. Offered by Taussig, Day, Fairbank & Co. Inc. and Lorenzo E. Anderson & Co., St. Louis.
	Finance constr. of apts	100		Universal Mortgage Co. (Asheville, N. C.) 1st M. 6s "B", 1931-38. Offered by Smith, Hull & Co., Minneapolls. Villa Locarno Apt. Hotels (K. C., Mo.) 1st M. 6s, 1930-38. Offered by Straus Bros. Investment
	Improvements to property, &c	100		Co., Chicago. (Glover) Watson Organization, Inc. (Detroit) 1st M. 6½8, 1934. Offered by Wm. L. Davis & Co.,
475,000 1 260,000 1	Refunding Finance constr. of bldg Refunding, other corp. purposes		4.96-6.00 5.80-6.00	Detroit. (The) Waveland (Chicago) 1st M. 6s, 1929-38. Offered by Greenebaum Sons Securities Corp., Chic. Whitmore Plaza (Det.) 1st M. 6s, 1931-38. Offered by Straus Brcs. Investment Co., Chicago.
1,946,900	other corp. purposes	100	5.00	Wisconsin Club Stock Co. (Milw.) 1st M. 5s, 1938. Offered by Morris F. Fox & Co., Milwaukee
	Miscellaneous— Retire mtge. debt, impts., &c	100	6.00	Johnson Lumber Co. (Erie, Pa.) 1st M. 6s, 1938. Offered by Erie Tr. Co., Erie, Pa.
1,400,000	Improvements to properties	100	6.50	Tampa Union Terminal Co. 1st M. 61/4s, 1953. Offered by Gillet & Co.; Stanley & Bissell, Inc. and Mackubin, Goodrich & Co.
700,000 1 1,500,000 1	Improvements to properties Refunding, acquisitions, &c	100	7.00 5.50-5.85	Tampa Union Terminal Co. Deb. 7s, 1943. Offered by Gillet & Co. Union Compress & Warehouse Co. 1st M. 6s, 1929-43. Am. Natl. Co., Nashville: Lesser-Goldman
500,000	Refunding, other corp. purposes	9934	6.05	Cotton Co., St. L.: Commerce Securities Co. and Union & Planters Bk. & Tr. Co., Memphis. (Wm. H.) Wise & Co. Deb. 6s, 1938. Offered by Porter Fox & Co., Inc. and Minton, Lampert & Co.
4,325,000				

SHORT-TERM BONDS AND NOTES (ISSUES MATURING UP TO AND INCLUDING FIVE YEARS).

Amount.	Purpose of Issue.	Price.	To Yield About.	Company and Issue, and by Whom Offered.
8	Public Utilities—		97,	
10,000,000	Retire indebtedness	100	6.00	Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corp. 1-Yr. Sec. 6s, Aug. 15 1929. Offered by Chase Securities Corp.; J. & W. Seligman & Co. and Hayden, Stone & Co.
30,000,000	Development of subsidiaries, &c		5%- 6	Middle West Utilities Co. 5½8, Aug. 1 1929-31. Offered by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; A. B. Leach & Co., Inc.; Ill. Merch. Tr. Co.; Continental Natl. Co.; E. H. Rollins & Sons; Old Colony Corp.; H. M. Byllesby & Co., Inc.; A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc.; A. G. Becker & Co.; Hill, Joiner & Co., Inc.; Tucker, Anthony & Co.; Paine, Webber & Co.; Emery Peck & Rockwood Co. and Russell. Brewster & Co.
700,000	Acquisitions, improvements, &c	99	6.05	Southern States Utilities Co. 1-Yr. Sec. 5s, Mar. 15 1929. Offered by R. E. Wilsey & Co., Inc. and Beverley Bogert & Co.
2,650,000	Refunding, acquisitions, &c	9936	6.50	Standard Telephone Co. 6 Months Secured 5s, Dec. 1 1928. Offered by Arthur Perry & Co.
43,350,000	Motors & Accessories-			
750,000	Retire preferred stock	100	5.50	Eaton Axle & Spring Co. 5 48 Feb 1 1933 Offered by Otic & Co.

Amount.	Purpose of Issue.	Price.	To Yield About.	Company and Issue, and by Whom Offered.
5	Land Buildings, &c		%	
100,000	Real estate mortgage	100	5.50	East Side of Stratford Ave. 416.1 Feet South of Westchester Ave. (Bronx, N. Y.), 51/2% Mtge. Ctls. June 15 1933. Offered by Lawyers Mortgage Co., New York.
200,000	Real estate mortgage	100		East Side of Stratford Ave., 616.1 Feet and 516.1 Feet South of Westchester Ave. (Bronx, N. Y. 514% Mtge. Ctfs., Aug. 15 1933. Offered by Lawyers Mortgage Co. New York
	Real estate mortgage	100		Lawyers Mortgage Co. (N. Y.) Series No. B 32, 51/4 % Mtge. Ctfs., Feb. 1 1932. Offered by Lawyers Mortgage Co., New York
250,000	Finance sale of property	100	6.50	Marshall Corp. 1st M. Coll. Tr. 61/s, 1928-33. Offered by California Co., Los Angeles.
1,500,000	General corporate purposes	100	7.00	Spokane, Wash. Spokane, Wash.
200,000	Provide funds for loan purposes	100		Mortgage Corp. of Virginia (Richmond) 1st M. Coll. Tr. 6s Series 2, 1929-33. Offered by Scot & Stringfellow, Richmond, Va.
150,200	Provide funds for loan purposes	100		Mortgage Corp. of Virginia (Richmond) 1st M. Coll. Tr. 6s, Series 3, 1929-32. Offered by Scot & Stringfellow, Richmond, Va.
105,000	Real estate mortgage	100	5.50	1124-30 Woodycrest Ave. (Bronx, N. Y.) 51/2 % Mtge. Ctfs., June 15 1933. Offered by Lawyer Mortgage Co., New York.
500,000	Provide funds for loan purposes	• •	5.75	Security Bond & Mortgage Co. 1st M. Coll. Tr. 51/48 "K", 1930-33. Offered by J. A. W. Iglehar & Co., Baltimore.
225,000	Finance sale of property	100	7.00	(Mack) Sennett, Inc. 1st M. Coll. Tr. 7s, June 1 1933. Offered by Bayly Bros., Inc., Los Angeles
275,000	Real estate mortgage	100	5.50	Southwest Corner of Pelham Parkway South and Cruger Ave. (Bronx, N. Y.) 51/2% Mtge Ctfs., June 15 1933. Offered by Lawyers Mortgage Co., New York.
165,000	Real estate mortgage			Westbrook Investment Co. of Kansas City, Mo. 1st M. 6s, 1930-33. Offered by Real Estat Mortgage Tr. Co., St. Louis.
300,000	Real estate mortgage	100	5.50	West Side of Ridge Boulevard, Entire Block Front Between 87th and 88th Sts. (Brooklyn N. Y.) 6 1/8 Mtge. Ctfs., May 1 1933. Offered by Lawyers Mortgage Co., New York.
90,000	Finance constr. of bldg	100	5.50	Women's Missionary Union of Oklahoma 1st M. 51/28, 1929-33. Offered by Whitney Centra Banks, New Orleans.

					STOCKS.
Par or No. of Shares.	Purpose of Issue.	a Amount Involved.	Price per Share.	To Yield About.	Company and Issue, and by Whom Offered.
	Public Utilities— Reduce bank debt Acquisitions, other corp. purposes_	\$ 866,200 2,167,000		% 7.10	
*50,000 she	Retire \$7 and \$6 pref. stk.; wk. cap.	4,675,000	931/2	5.34	Pynchon & Co., West & Co., Federal Securities Corp. and W. S. Hammons & Co. Cities Service Power & Light Co. \$5 Div. Cum. Pref. Offered by Henry L. Do herty & Co.
500,000 *4,750 shs *7,000 shs	Acq. stks. of constituent cos., &c New construction	600,000 500,000 463,125 700,000 9,350,000	25(par) 97 1/2 100	6.50 6.66 7.00	Golonial Utilities Corp. 1st \$61/2 Dly. Pref. Offered by Gildden, Morris & Co. Hartford Gas Co. Common. Offered by company to stockholders. Keystone Water Works Corp. \$61/2 Cum. Pref. Offered by Block, Fetter & Trost, Inc
*20,000 shi	Acquisitions, construction, &c	360,000 19,681,325	18 d		Southeastern Natural Gas Corp. of Kansas City Class A Pref. Offered by Glen Willits & Co., Inc., New York.
5,074,700	Iron, Steel, Coal, Copper, &c. Development of property	12,179,280	60		International Nickel Co. Common. Offered by company to stockholders; under written by Hayden, Stone & Co.
*8,000 shs 1,000,000	Motors and Accessories— Acq. of property; working capital_ Retire 8% preferred stock	388,000 1,000,000	Mkt(\$48-4 25(par)	9)	Henney Motor Co. \$4 Div. Pref. Offered by A. B. Leach & Co., Inc. Pacific Finance Corp. Series C 6½% Cum. Pref. Offered by company to stockholders
	Other Industrial & Mfg	1,388,000			
*26,714 sh	Retire existing debt; wkg. cp., &c. Working capital	1,125,000 1,335,700 297,168	50		Allen-Wales Corp. Common. Offered by company. Archer-Daniels-Midland Co. Common. Offered by company to stockholders. Chain Beit Co. Common. Offered by Otis & Co., Morris F. Fox & Co. and First Wisconsin Co.
*40,000 sha	New plant & laboratory, &c	280,000	7	~~~	Consolidated Instrument Co. of America, Inc., Common. Offered by Marlon S Emery & Co., Inc., and Cook, Galt & Co., New York.
	Aeq. constit. cos.; wkg. cap., &c	490,000			Durkee-Thomas Corp. (San Francisco) Cum. Conv. "A" Stock. Offered by Shingle Brown & Co. and Geary, Meigs & Co., San Francisco.
	Acq. constit. cos.; wkg. cap., &c	125,000		****	Durkee-Thomas Corp. (San Francisco) Class "B" Stock. Offered by Shingle, Brow. & Co. and Geary, Meigs & Co., San Francisco.
	Acquisitions, construction, &c	2,500,000		****	Fir-Tex Insulating Board Co. (St. Helens, Ore.) Cum. Partic. Class "A" Common Offered by Tom G. Taylor Co., Portland, Ore.
	Additional capital	120,000			Grand Rapids (Mich.) Metalcraft Corp. Common. Offered by company to stock holders; underwritten.
*11,250 sha	Working capital	1,134,000 731,250 500,000	65	7.50	Grigsby-Grunow Co. (Chicago) Common. Offered by company to stockholders. Hercules Cement Corp. Common. Offered by company to stockholders: underwritter International Rock Ashpalt Co., Inc., 7½% Cum. Partic. Pref. Offered by Dace & Scott, New Orleans.
*26,000 sha 15,000 sha	Acquire predecessor company New capital. Consolidation of properties Acquire constituent companies	400,000 250,000 397,500 125,000	12 1/2 26 1/2	7.00	Kelley-Koett Mfg. Co. 6% Cum. Conv. Pref. Offered by W. E. Fox & Co., Cincinnat Match Corp. of America Capital Stock. Offered by M. J. Hoey & Co., New York. Nestle-LeMur Co. Class A Stock. Offered by company to stockholders of LeMur Co. J. T.) Robertson & Co., Inc., Conv. Pref. Cum. \$1.75 per share. Offered by Mose
50,000	Construc. & equip. of plant, &c	50,000	100		& Co., New York. Southern Weaving Co. (Greenville, S. C.) Common. Offered by company to stock
	Retire real est.M.; cap. exp., &c Acquire constituent companies	1,500,000 2,475,000		6.00	holders. (E. R.) Squibb & Cons \$6 Cum. 1st Pref. Offered by Guaranty Co. of New York. United Reproducers Corp. Pref. and Partle. Class A Stock. Offered by Thompso Ross & Co. and Lane, Roloson & Co., Inc.
*50,000 sh	Acquisitions; expansion	625,000	121/2		United States Air Transport, Inc., Common. Offered by Billings, Ward & Co
	Acquisitions; working capital	1,600,000			Vorcione Corp. Partic. Pref. Offered by Lage & Co., Paul H. Davis & Co. and Joh Burnham & Co., Inc.
*18,000 sh	Working capital	301,500			Yarns Corp. of America Class "A" Conv. Stock. Offered by Doroshaw & Co., N. Y.
1,100,000	Land, Buildings, &c.— Acquisition of properties	1,100,000		6.00	Associated Chain Store Realty Co., Inc. Rent Trust Ctis. Offered by Manufacture Tr. Co., N. Y., Blake Bros. & Co., J. B. Walker & Co., Inc. and McEldowney Co., Inc.
1,250 ctfs	Finance lease of property	1,250,000	1,000	5.00	Cleveland Terminal Tower Bidg. Site Land Trust Ctfs. Offered by Union Trust Co
7,750 shs 7,750 shs 145,000	Finance construction of building Finance construction of building Finance construction of building Finance construction of building Finance construction of apartment	145,000		\$125 6.00	
	Finance lease of property	120,000			State Bank, Indianapolis. Union National Bank Bldg. Site (Fostoria, Ohio) Fee Ownership Ctfs. Offered b
	Provide funds for loan purposes Provide funds for loan purposes	{120,000	1 sh. Con	. For	the Droller-Scott Co., Columbus, Ohio. United States Bond & Mtge. Corp. of Connecticut 7% Cum. Pref. Offered by Co. United States Bond & Mtge. Corp. of Connecticut Common. Offered by company
*24,863 shs.	Shipping— Additions to fleet	3,928,750 2,113,355			Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc. Common. Offered by company to stockholders underwritten by Hayden, Stone & Co.
200,000	Miscellaneous— Provide plant facilities; expansion_	200,000	10 (par)	7.00	Briggs Packing Co. (Wash., D. C.) 7% Cum. Conv. Pref. Offered by Frank J. Davis
*21,045 shs. *30,000 shs. 1,443,800	Expansion; acquisition, &c	500,000 2,104,500 450,000 1,804,750	100 15 31¼	6.66	
	General corporate purposes Acquisitions; other corp. purposes_	800,000 1,650,000		7.00	acher & Co. Langendorf United Bakeries, Inc. Class B Stock. Offered by Shingle, Brown Co
*10,000 shs.	Provide funds for investment purp. Provide funds for investment purp. Refunding; general corp. purposes.	600,000 7,350,000	1 sh. Pref 1 sh. Cor 10		J. Barth & Co. and Geary, Melgs & Co., San Francisco. Lombard Bond & Share Corp. 5% Cum. Pref. Offered by company. Lombard Bond & Share Corp. class A common. Offered by company. (R. H.) Macy & Co., Inc. Capital Stock. Offered by company to stockholders.
*50,000 shs. 1,000,000	Expansion. Provide funds for investment purp. Provide funds for investment purp.	1,250,000	25		Moxie Co. of America (Del.) Class A stock. Offered by Spencer Trask & Co. Securities Co. of New Hampshire 5% 1st pref. Offered by Company. Securities Co. of New Hampshire Common Stock. Offered by Company. Sparkletts Bottled Water Corp. (Nevada) 8% Cum. Pref. Offered by Approve
*500,000 *25,000 shs.	Acquisition of property; expansion. Acquisition of property; expansion.	1	1 sh. Pref 5 shs. Con		Sparkletts Bottled Water Corp. (Newday) 8% Cum. Fiel. Siles Corp., Fiscal Agents, Los Angeles. Sparkletts Bottled Water Corp. (Newday) 8% Cum. Fiel. Siles Corp., Fiscal Agents, Los Angeles.
		18,239,250	1	,	

* Shares of no par value.

a Preferred stocks of a stated par value are taken at par, while preferred stocks of no par value and all classes of common stock are computed at their offering prices.

b Offered in units consisting of \$100 face amount of 7% notes and 2 class A shares at \$100 per unit.

c Bonus of 1 share of common stock with each share of preferred.

d Bonus of 1 share of common stock with each share of Class A preferred.

Indications of Business Activity

STATE OF TRADE-COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

Friday Night, Sept. 14 1928.

Weather conditions have been less promotive of improvement in trade. They have been too hot or else too rainy. Until to-day New York had a return of summer weather, with much humidity. It has not tended to stimulate retail business in fall goods. In Boston and New York it has been up to 84 degrees, and latterly in parts of the West there have been summer temperatures also in a year of strange atmospheric conditions. The rains have tended to delay harvesting in the Northwest. It has also been unseasonably warm. On the other hand, the cotton belt had almost ideal weather for picking, ginning and marketing the crop, so much so that prices have declined during the week about \$8 a bale and are now some 4c. a pound lower for middling than a year ago, as well as 2c. lower than the average for last year. The Government estimate on the 8th inst. was 14,439,000 bales, which was followed at once by a drop in Chicago, the only market open for trading on that day, of 100 points, then by New York and foreign markets on the 10th inst., with similar declines. Some think that the Government, as it often has in the past, is underestimating the crop; that instead of being about 14,450,000 bales, the real yield is half a million bales more. Not infrequently in the past the estimate of the Government, even in the December report, to say nothing of the September report, has been 400,000 to 500,000 bales too low. For a time there was considerable business in print cloths here. In fact, on one day the sales were said to have been 150,000 pieces, the largest business for months past. It is true that it was stimulated by a drop in prices of a quarter of a cent. On the other hand, the statement of the Textile Institute for August was highly encouraging. It showed that the sales of standard cloths in August were at the ratio of 112.7% to production against 84.5 in July; that the shipments were at the ratio of 107.1 to production against 98 in July; that stocks fell off 4½% against a decrease of about 1% in July and that August unfilled orders showed an increase of 6% in sharp contrast with a decrease in July of 10%.

Buying of general merchandise even with some weather drawbacks is fully as large as it was a year ago, if not larger. A year ago reaction was in the air. Now it looks more like an expansion. The feeling is more confident. It is voiced by Secretary of the Treasury Mellon. He says in effect that business conditions are sound, that general trade gets cheaper money than speculators, and that the year promises as a rule to be a good one for the farmers; that the coal industry is on the upward trend, doing much to solve its own problems. He does not ignore the wellknown fact that the war led to overstimulation of the textile industry which has also suffered from the competition of artificial fabrics, but he recognizes that the industry is adjusting itself to the new conditions. Apart from the reports received, almost daily, indications are that with a recent drop of 11/2c. in raw material, cotton mills have a better margin of profit. It is noticeable that the proposed curtailment of one week in September in cotton mills in the Carolinas was not so generally practiced as was the week's curtailment in August and July. Evidently there was less need of it. Mills had larger orders. Retailers and jobbers throughout the country are carrying only small or moderate stocks of cotton goods. In the ordinary course of things they will have to be replenished.

August showed new high records in the output of automobiles, rubber and cement, and a new peak is predicted for the year in auto, steel, steel ingot and cement. The size of the corn crop was reduced somewhat, but it still approximates 3,000,000,000 bushels, aided by good weather. The total wheat crop is estimated at 901,000,000 bushels, the largest since 1919, when it was 968,279,000 bushels, the high record being 1,025,800,000 in 1915. The spring wheat yield is 322,470,000 bushels, the largest since 1918, when it was 356,300,000 bushels. Taking the yield and the supply the total of wheat makes a new high record. There was a decrease in building permits in August, but this is believed to be merely a fluctuation. The present weather is certainly conducive to building. New business in steel is not especially active, in fact, in some lines it is small, but on lican victory in Maine by a majority of close to 85,000. Bet-

the other hand, specifications are good, and steel scrap is up 75 cents to \$2 a ton. Pig iron has had a fair demand at the West, though it is quiet here. Prices show a firmer tendency. Cleveland advanced 50c. Hogs have advanced to a new high of \$13.50 for the season, the highest in fact since November 1926. Beef steers are up to \$18.60 at Chicago. Rubber consumption in August was the highest on record under the stimulus of lower prices. In August the gain was 28.2% over August last year, while for eight months there was an increase of 10.2% compared to a similar period last year. Soft coal prices have been firmer, and for anthracite there is a better demand. Mail order sales in August gained 14.2% over those for July and 21.7% over those for August last year. For eight months the gain is 12.3 over the corresponding period last year. Chain store sales increased close to 5% in August compared with July and nearly 17% over August last year. The total of mail order and chain store sales for August was 71/2% over July and something over 18% as compared with August last year. For eight months this year chain store sales show an increase over the same time last year of 161/2%. total gain of mail order and chain store sales for eight months is over 15%. On the other hand, department store sales in August were practically 5% less than in August last year, a fact which seems suggestive of a change in trade channels, which it would be idle to ignore; it has been evident for too long a period to be waved aside.

Detroit employment totals ran this week above 300,000, showing another rise for the sixth week in succession to a new high. The actual total is 300,344. This is a gain for the week of 1,600. Moreover, it is 101,800 larger than a year ago and 60,600 larger than in 1926. There is no evading the significance of such an exhibit. It is in the highest degree encouraging. Carloadings for the first week of September decreased slightly from the same week last year, but showed a very noticeable decrease as compared with 1926. Cement output in August was 2.3% above that of August last year; shipments were 2.6% larger than the previous peak of August 1927. For eight months the gain in production is 2.1% and in shipments something less than 1%, all of which is taken as pointing to a season of vigorous road building and other heavy construction outdoors.

The grain markets declined as a rule owing to better crop prospects, though corn advanced 1 to 5 cents, the latter on September, owing partly to some decrease in the crop estimate although it is not marked. The cash demand for grain is good but export trade lags. Coffee advanced with the cables in the main firm and apparently some Brazilian and European buying. Certainly there was no pronounced pressure to sell, whatever may be said as to the statistical and crop outlook. Sugar ended unchanged or somewhat higher as a natural rally from recent depression on the restriction news when some thought the decline went too far. Refined sugar has sold on only a moderate scale in new business, though the withdrawals have been quite good. Rubber at one time was weak and in fact was lower to-day than yesterday in spite of a high record consumption in August which for a time had a stimulating effect here and in London. But both New York and London prices seem to have a downward tendency from a lack of any pronounced factory demand at the present time, whatever it may have been the last month. Wool has been in fair demand, showing rather more life at times, but no marked activity. For the most part it is waiting market. Raw silk has been firmer with a fair business. The raw silk exchange has opened here with promising prospects for its career. Certainly the field is large and every provision has been made for meeting the long existing wants of this big feature of modern trade. Broad silks have met with only a moderate demand.

The stock market on the 11th inst. advanced 3 to 12 points despite a call money rate of 71/2% and seats ran up \$35,000 to a new high level of \$410,000, so that the 1,100 memberships of the Stock Exchange at that rate are worth \$451,-000,000. The transactions were over 4,100,000 shares, with stocks not freely offered and western interests leading in the buying and making things decidedly interesting for the shorts. Many of the market letters asserted emphatically that it was a Hoover bull market and stressing the Repubting is no argument, but it is of passing interest to notice as a human touch in the midst of the hurly burly that the betting in Wall Street on the election of Herbert Hoover to the Presidency after recently being 21/2 to 1 is back again to 3 to 1, with even money on New York State. In the excitement of such well nigh incredible daily trading as 4,000,-000 shares and upward, some of the old leaders were to the fore even if railroad shares lagged. They included Montgomery Ward, United States Steel common, General Electric, Loose Wiles, Briggs Body, Radio, American Smelters, Anaconda, Chile, International Nickel, Greene-Cananea Copper, Stanley Company, Union Carbide, Butterick, Commercial Solvents and Warner Brothers. At times offerings were relatively small. To get them, bids had to be raised sharply; century and double century club stocks—those quoted at 100 to 200 above—are rapidly increasing in number. Bonds were in steady demand and one of the signs of the times is that the latest Government offerings was much oversubscribed. That is subscription books for the current offering of nine months' 41/2% Treasury certificates of indebtedness Series TJ 1929 to the amount of \$525,000,000 were closed on the 11th and Secretary Mellon stated that the preliminary reports indicated that the total subscription approximated \$1,100,000,000 or twice over. Days followed of volcanic markets for stocks with prices thrown up ever higher. To-day came another of those days of tremendous trading with transactions aggregating over 5,000,-000 shares regardless of an increase in the Federal Reserve brokerage loan figures last week of \$95,000,000. Prices advanced for a time and then reacted late in the day, without surprising anybody. Money was off to 7% and some outside funds were to be had it was said at 61/2%. Sterling was rather firm and some doubt the likelihood of further gold exports from London, while on the other hand it was announced that \$2,500,000 gold had been shipped from London to New York.

Mills that make coarse yarns and most of the mills that manufacture standard cloth constructions were closed all last week, though the fine yarn spinners and mills turning out the more fancy counts remained in operation as they had orders for immediate delivery. Most mill centers report that yarn spinners and weavers are doing little new business. At New Bedford, Mass., manufacturers decided that the new Frieder plan of mill operation can be worked out successfully if the mills can begin operations at once on the lower wage basis-10% reduction-suggested last April. If the operatives will accept it, it will pay, it seems, better wages ultimately to skilled operators. But it is not believed the workers will accept the wage cut. New Bedford on the 10th inst. wired that while proposed strike settlement plans expected to meet strong opposition, it was not believed that it will be definitely turned down. At Fort Mill, S. C., after having been closed down since Sept. 5, Mill No. 1 and Mill No. 2 of the Fort Mill Manufacturing Co. resumed operations last Monday morning. At Greenville, S. C., mills were closed down and buyers early in the week were waiting for the Government report. St. Paul, Minn., wired leading drygoods dealers as saying that the large crop and better farm conditions are creating a steady demand there for all staple cotton goods. Pittsburgh reports the textile business in that district very active, some houses declaring that they are doing the best business since 1923.

Registered unemployed in Great Britain as of Sept. 3 amounted to 1,324,700 against 1,320,000 the previous week.

It was warm and clear here early in the week with a suggestion on the 11th inst. of Indian summer. On the 10th inst. it was 63 to 73 degrees, with an average of 68 degrees the same as for 46 years past. Boston, 52 to 66; Chicago 70 to 86, Cincinnati 62 to 90, Cleveland 68 to 83, Detroit 62 to 86, Kansas City 72 to 78, Milwaukee 62 to 86, St. Paul 68 to 74. Montreal 44 to 64, Omaha 72 to 78, Philadelphia 66 to 80, Portland, Me., 46 to 52, San Francisco 50 to 62, Seattle 48 to 64, St. Louis 70 to 88. It grew warmer here with temperatures in the 80s as the week advanced and on the 13th was 84 with much humidity. To-day it was clear and cooler. To-day the temperatures were 64 to 73 degrees here with the prediction fair and somewhat warmer for tomorrow. Chicago within 24 hours has been 66 to 70, Cincinnati 68 to 86, Cleveland 56 to 76, Detroit 60 to 80, Kansas City 64 to 90, Milwaukee 58 to 70, Philadelphia 64 to 86, St. Paul 64 to 74, Seattle 52 to 66. There is a tropical storm off Porto Rico which is said to have done \$2,000,000 damage to property and is moving northwestward at the rate it is stated of 150 miles an hour. There were fears that it might strike Cuba and pass on to Florida, although

the Government reports to-day said that there was no likelihood of it reaching Florida.

Secretary Mellon Advises President Businesss is Satisfactory-Coal and Textile Industries Ex-

The belief that business is in a satisfactory condition and on a stable basis was expressed by Secretary of the Treasury Mellon in advices to President Coolidge on Sept. 13. While business as a whole according to Secretary Mellon is prosperous, there are "spots," such as the coal and textiles industries, where adverse conditions have worked unfortunately. From one of the newspaper accounts from Washington containing the secretary's observations (the "Times") we take the following.

The high money rates that have been quoted on security loans have not in the opinion of Mr. Mellon, had any serious effect upon general business activities, although this may not continue to be the case if the rates are maintained over an extended period. In this connection the point was made that at present commercial interests do not have to pay the same rate for loans as that which is being asked for stock market operations.

In regard to agriculture, Mr. Mellon believes that the year will be a good

one for the farmers in general.

Oil Also Affected Demand.

In connection with the coal industry, a combination of too many producing mines and economies in the use of coal as a fuel were found to be at the bottom of the trouble, and the increased use of oil as a fuel for heating purposes in homes and apartment houses, and by ships, also had contributed to the decrease in the demand for coal.

Mr. Mellon felt, however, that the worst stage of the slump had been reached and that the coal industry was on the upward trend, with the industry itself doing much to solve its own problem. Shipment and sale of better grades of coal and decrease in over-production and the more extensive use of by-products were among the reforms which were putting the industry on a sounder basis.

Over-stimulation during the World War was one of the reasons for the depression in the textile industry, in the opinion of Mr. Mellon. Expansion in the manufacture and use of artificial fabrics also had resulted in a restricted market for textiles, but Mr. Mellon felt that this industry was adjusting itself to the new conditions and that the situation gradually would become somewhat more satisfactory.

Sees No Cause to Worry Now.

Mr. Mellon felt that it was impossible to foresee the effect of the many economic laws of the world, but believed that at present there was no cause

The Secretary expressed no opinion about the forecast in the recent report of General Lord, Director of the Budget, that there would be a budget deficit of \$94,000,000 at the end of the fiscal year, instead of a surplus of \$252,000,000, as estimated by the Treasury. In Mr. Mellon's opinion, it would be futile to make more predictions at this time, as, until later figures are available, any forecast would be but a guess.

Other Treasury officials, however, have indicated with some emphasis that they do not believe there is any danger of a budget deficit, particularly in view of the fact that continuation of the present high level of business activity will assure income tax payments in March and June of next year, which will considerably exceed the estimates made by General Lord

Mr. Mellon will make three speeches during the political campaign, it was said at the Treasury. The dates were not made public.

Improved Models Announced by Packard Motor Car Co.

Following the recent addition of an entirely new car, the "Packard Standard Eight," the Packard Motor Car Co. this week announced the improved models of the "Packard Custom Eight." These are offered in 9 body types on the new 140-inch wheelbase chassis. The prices range from \$3,175 for the runabout to \$3,850 for the sedan-limousine (at the factory).

Industrial Activity Based on Consumption of Electricity -August Shows Gain As Compared With Last

Consumption of electricity by manufacturing plants in major industries in August was 7.6% higher than in the corresponding month last year, according to reports received by "Electrical World" from more than 3,600 manufacturing plants. The rate of general production is materially above the average for the summer period of previous years. Since March of this year the rate of productive activity has not varied by more than 4%, while in the same period of 1927 there was a variation of more than 10%. The first 8 months of the current year have witnessed an average rate of operations in general industry about 4.2% above that reported in the first 8 months of 1927. The further information supplied by the "Electrical World" follows:

upward trend in August in several of the leading industry groups is indicated, both as to July of this year and August of last year. The rolling mills and steel plants reported operations 3.5% over July, and almost 18% over August last year. These plants have been reporting increased operations over the same month last year ever since March, but the August increase far exceeded that of any previous month. Last year these plants reported a drop of almost 6% during August as compared with July

The ferrous and non-ferrous metal-working plants also continued to operate on an unusually high plane. August operations were $22\,\%$ over those of August last year. In the first 8 months of the year the average rate of operations was 13.5% over that of the same period in 1927. The automobile industry, which includes the manufacture of replacement and repair parts, recorded a material drop in the rate of operations during August. August operations were 13% under those of July, but were more than 15% above

operations were 13% under those of July, but were more than 15% above the productive activity reported during August of last year. We Textiles also took an upward turn in August, after a radically long time downward trend which started in March. August operations were on a plane 6% above July, but were still 14% under August of last year. The rate of industrial activity in August as compared with July and with August last year, all figures adjusted to 26 working days and based on consumption of electrical energy as reported to "Electrical World"—monthly average 1923-25 equals 100—follows:

Aug. July Aug.

	Aug.	July	Aug.
	1928.	1928.	1927.
All industrial groups	119.0	120.0	110.6
Metal industrial group	125.5	124.2	104.6
Rolling mills and steel plants	125.4	121.2	106.4
Metal working plants	125.8	126.3	103.0
Leather and its products	94.7	99.0	97.0
Textiles	97.3	91.8	113.0
Lumber and its products	111.6	108.8	128.0
Automobiles and parts	124.7	143.7	108.0
Stone, clay and glass	135.3	129.8	114.1
Paper and pulp	129.1	127.3	117.3
Rubber and its products	138.4	135.3	117.8
Chemicals and allied products	119.2	128.5	97.8
Food and kindred products	128.3	129.2	111.6
Shipbuilding	67.3	67.2	112.2

Further Gain In Detroit Employment.

The Detroit Employers Association reports employment figures for the week ended Sept. 11 as 300,344, a new high record; the figures represent an increase of 1,600 over the previous week and 101,864 over the corresponding period last year.

Loading of Railroad Revenue Freight Still High, but Below 1927 and 1926.

Loading of revenue freight for the week ended on Sept. 1 totaled 1,116,948 cars, the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association announced on Sept. 11. This was an increase of 36,108 cars above the preceding week, with increases being reported in the total loading of all commodities escept forest products, which showed a slght decrease. The total for the week of Sept. 1 was a decrease, however, of 412 cars below the same week in 1927 and a decrease of 26,500 cars below the corresponding week two years ago. Details follows:

Miscellaneous freight loading for the week totaled 444,668 cars, an increase of 17.052 cars above the corresponding week last year and 12,748 cars above the same week in 1926.

Coal loading totaled 178,093 cars, a decrease of 12,546 cars below the

same week in 1927 and 19,187 cars below the same period two years ago.

Grain and grain products loading amounted to 57,341 cars, a decrease of 3,206 cars under the same week last year but 1,649 cars above the same In the western distrits alone, grain and grain products week in 1926. loading totaled 41,486 cars, a decrease of 1,811 cars below the same week in 1927

Live stock loading amounted to 27,697 cars, a decrease of 2,361 car below the same week last year and 5,434 cars below the same week in 1926. In the Western districts alone, live stock loading totaled 20,935 cars, a decrease of 1,059 cars compared with the same week in 1927

Loading of merchandise less than carload lot freight totaled 263,587 cars, a decrease of 3.688 cars below the same week in 1927 and 3.104 cars

below the corresponding week two years ago.

Forest products loading amounted to 67,129 cars, 2,330 cars below the

same week last year and 4,645 cars under the same week in 1926.

Ore loading totaled 68,607 cars, 6,974 cars above the same week in 1927 but 6,196 cars below the same week two years ago.

Coke loading amounted to 9,826 cars, 307 cars below the same week in 1927 and 2,331 cars below the corresponding week in 1926.

All districts reported increases in the total loading of all commodities compared with the same week last year except the Pocahontas, Southern and Northwestern, which showed decreases, but all except the Southwestern and Centralwestern reported decreases compared with the same period two

Loading of revenue freight in 1928 compared with the two previous years

	1928.	1927.	1926.
Four weeks in January	3,447,723	3.756,660	3.686.696
Four weeks in February	3,589,694	3,801,918	3,677,332
Five weeks in March	4,752,031	4,982,547	4,805,700
Four weeks in April	3,738,295	3,875,589	3,862,703
Four weeks in May	4,006,058	4,108,472	4,145,820
Five weeks in June	4,923,304	4,995,854	5,154,981
Four weeks in July	3,942,931	3,913,761	4.148.118
Four weeks in August	4,230,809	4,249,846	4,388,118
Week ended Sept. 1	1.116,948	1,117,360	1.143,448
Total	33,747,793	34,802,007	35,012,916

Good Business Ahead According to Brookmire Economic Service.

Business continues at a level above the long-term average movement with no signs of a decline such as occurred last year, according to The Brookmire Economic Service, Inc. The more important factors are still favorable, it says, adding:

Earnings should be exceptionally good except in a few industries such as textiles and railway equipment. The loan situation, also, has improved, from the market standpoint, since total security values have gone ahead very sharply while brokers loans have not advanced proportionately in the building industry the figures for contracts awarded have fallen below the August figure for both 1927 and 1926. It seems apparent that dearer money is having its effect on this field. Car loadings are still at a high level and the movement has shown extraordinary stability this year. The indication is for a good business year but nothing that could be regarded as a boom period.

Home Building in 1928 Will Involve Cost of More Than Three Billion Dollars, According to Indiana Lime-

Home building during the present year will aggregate in cost more than \$3,000,000,000, according to a report of the Indiana Limestone Co. This compares with about \$2,225,-000,000 during the previous year, says the statement issued by the company, which also has the following to say:

Such immense programs are all the more remarkable when the number of new apartments and apartment hotels in the larger cities and towns is

Two major reasons for the home-building activity are pointed out. One is the steadily increasing population. The other is the rapid suburban development. Moreover, says President A. E. Dickinson, many homes that were deemed suitable a few years ago are now regarded as obsolete

by reason of the greater national prosperity.

Many new homes are being constructed of random ashlar Indiana lime-Ripple-face shot-sawed random ashlar, providing a color variation in exterior wall construction, has been meeting with high favor. fies a demand for color, toned down several degrees so as to be tasteful and appropriate for the outside of a dignified home. It has shadowed a surface with considerable color variation, a wide range of texture and an interesting surface finish, which architects and builders say attracts without becoming monotonous to the eye. Demand for this stone, in home building, has doubled in the past year.

A. B. A. Journal Says Principal Elements in Business Situation Should Inspire Confidence.

Confidence in the business outlook for the rest of 1928 is expressed by the monthly review of business in the September issue of the "American Bankers Association Journal,"

If anyone still holds misgivings as to the outcome of American business in the year 1928, an examination of the principal elements visible at this time should inspire a great deal of confidence.

Industrial production is well maintained, with automobiles and trucks making a record, steel operations expanding at firmer prices, building construction to date 8% ahead of last year, metals and machinery active and the only seriously unfavorable spots being woolen and cotton goods.

Retail trade is becoming more active and merchants are reported to have thoroughly cleaned out hot-weather goods and to be naking autumn and winter purchases with conservative optimism, the free placing of forward orders being particularly noteworthy. has so far had little effect on trade. The election year bogie

Money rates continue firm but the supply of loanable funds is ample and statements of the reporting member banks show but minor changes, with total loans and investments temporarily stabilized at a level only 7% above one year ago. Sentiment is frequently heard that present rates are higher than justified and that an evening-down to correspond with international interest charges is to be expected.

Profits for the half-year of 320 large manufacturing and merchandising corporations aggregate 5% better than last year and the majority of the group show increases

Crop forecasts were raised in the August estimates so that the probable wheat and corn crops will not be less, but more, than last year, while excellent fruit crops are expected.

Tone of the stock market is stronger. Considering the breadth of this market to-day and the relative quietness that has prevailed since May, the recent bidding up of selected issues is not surprising.

Bond markets are still quiet and new underwritings the fewest in years, but steady accumulation of new capital is beginning to bring about a recovery in prices, and in time will have the further effects of reducing brokerage loans, lowering interest rates, and inviting new offerings.

Decline in Retail Trade In Buffalo During July-Automobile Sales at High Level.

According to William B. Derrick, Assistant Secretary of the Manufacturers & Traders—Peoples Trust Company of Buffalo, N. Y., trade in Buffalo is keeping well up to the level established a year ago, and while there is a dullness prevailing in certain lines, it is offset to some extent by increased activity in others. Mr. Derrick's statement which appeared in the "Courier-Express" of August 27, also contained the following comments.

Following the adverse weather conditions prevailing in the early summer, the warmer and more seasonal period had not had the same effect on Buffalo department store sales as shown in other cities. Local retail sales in June brought the index as compiled by the Federal Reserve Bank from 137.7 in May down to 124.1 in June, and 92.3 in July. In comparing the current year's trade with the same period 1927, the percentage change has been as follows: January, 1928, against January, 1927—1.7%; February showed a 1.2% increase; March was 2.6% ahead of the same month last year; April was 7% less; May declined 1.1%; June declined 1.6%.

No Cause for Pessimism.

The fact that the index stood at 92.3 last month, however, is no cause for pessimism for as shown in the accompanying diagram, July and August are the vacation periods and this recession is purely seasonal. Nevertheless the index this year is at the lowest point reached in any July since 1924.

Consumer buying as shown by registrations of new passenger automobiles continues to reflect the high rate of activity in this field. Registrations for the city of Buffalo numbered 2,381 in July, being 697 cars greater than in the same month last year. The total for the first 7 months of the current year is 12,892 units against 10,960 for the same period 1927, or an increase of 17.5%. Sales in July were 713 cars ahead of June, and increased over 40% when compared with July, 1927.

For Eric County, outside of the city of Buffalo, sales have also been brisk, although not up to the record established locally. For the 7 months a total of 3,061 cars were registered, an increase of 7% over the first 7 months last year. The gain in July compared with June was 271 units, and sales were 114 cars greater in that month against July, 1927.

One of the bright spots in the Buffalo situation is the continued rate of building activity for business and commercial purposes, and the natural effect of these operations on allied lines as well as labor. Total contracts

awarded in Buffalo in July, according to the corporation, aggregates \$4,946,000 compared with \$3,556,000 in June. Contrasted with July a year ago this figure is obscured by the New York Central improvement award, which is not to be considered normal.

Residential building contracts awarded so far this year have amounted to \$10,736,900, an increase of about 21% over the first 7 months of 1927.

Survey of Federal Reserve Board Finds Retail Trade in August Below That of Year Ago.

Sales of 419 department stores reporting to the Federal Reserve System were about 5% smaller in August than in the corresponding month a year ago. In August of last year, however, retail trade was stimulated by unseasonable weather and sales were unusually large for that month, says the Board under date of Sept. 11. The Board's statement continues:

Sales of mail order houses were 22% larger than in August of last year and those of five-and-ten cent chain stores were 5% larger. These firms, however, are constantly opening new retail outlets and the growth in total sales reflects the increase in the number of stores operated as well as changes in the volume of business.

Department store sales were smaller than in August of last year in nine Federal Reserve Districts and were slightly larger in three Districts. The largest decreases were in the Philadelphia, St. Louis and Minneapolis Districts where sales were reported to be more than 8% smaller than in Aug. 1927. The largest increase was in the Chicago Federal Reserve District where sales of reporting department stores were 5.5% larger than in August of last year. Of the total number of stores reporting 254 show smaller sales and 165 indicate larger sales than in August of last year.

Percentage changes in dollar sales between Aug. 1927, and Aug. 1928, together with the number of stores reporting, are given in the following table:

	Description of Francisco	Number of Stores.					
Endonal Bosons District	Percentage of Increase or Decrease in Sales—		Number Reporting				
Federal Reserve District—	Aug. 1928 Compared with Aug. 1927.	Reporting.	Increase.	Decrease.			
Boston	-7.7	71	43	28			
New York	-7.1	47	14	33			
Philadelphia		35	7	28			
Cleveland	-6.8	28	6	22			
Richmond	-3.0	41	12	29			
Atlanta		28	6	22			
Chicago	+3.5	53	25	28			
St. Louis	-10.3	20	2	18			
Minneaplis	-8.3	14	7	7			
Kansas City	0.5	16	7	9			
Dallas	+0.9	17	9	8			
San Francisco	+0.8	49	27	22			
Total	-4.9	419	165	254			

Mail order houses, +21.7 (2 houses). Five-and-ten cent stores, +5.0 (5 chains)

Chain Store Sales Continue at High Level.

Sales of 25 chain store companies for the month of August amounted to \$107,391,711, an increase of \$15,974,062, or 17.4%, over the corresponding month last year, according to statistics compiled by Merrill, Lynch & Co. of this city. The Kroger Grocery & Baking Co. led all others in point of dollar gain with an increase of \$3,356,355, or 28.2%, over August 1928. Neisner Bros., Inc., National Tea Co., Inc., Sanitary Grocery Co., Inc., Walgreen Stores and Peoples Drug Stores, Inc. led all others in point of percentage gain with increases of 59.5%, 54.9%, 47.7%, 45.9% and 42.6%, respectively.

Sales for the 8 months ended Aug. 31 1928, for the same number of stores, totaled \$824,292,588, an increase of \$126,296,772, or 18%, over the same period in 1927 when sales amounted to \$697,995,816. A comparative table follows:

	Mont	h of August.		First i	Eight Months.	
	1928.	1927.	Inc.	1928.	1927.	Inc
	8	8	%	8	8	%
F. W. Woolworth	21,812,450	21,400,355	1.9	167,680,867	168,342,546	5.
Kroger Grocery	15,262,780	11,906,425	28.2	126,060,910	105,640,003	19.
. C. Penney	12,886,281	11,000,111	17.2	96,374,447	82,202,178	17.
. S. Kresge	11,271,985	10,512,989	7.2	84,645,207	76,205,222	11
afeway Stores	9,098,808	6,816,158	33.4	65,550,272		36
ational Tea.	6.763,115		54.9	55.494,419		53
H. Kress	4,850,125	4.564.155	6.3	36,736,043	31,981,003	14
T. Grant	3,996,322		28.3	29,018,123		25
IcCrory Stores	3,115,524		2.5	23,615,342		3
algreen Stores	2,664,124		45.9	18,856,766		45
anitary Grocery	1,769,484		47.7	14,603,317		36
J. Newberry	1.599.834		30.2	10,603,477		35
. R. Kinney	1,431,802		11.3	11,433,385		8
ird Grocery	1,248,553		7.8	11,207,591		11
& W. Grand	1,235,828		30.5			22
R. Thompson	1,189,601	1,183,307	0.5			1
CLellan Stores	1,146,141	977.263	17.2			18
mer. Dept. Stores.	1,101,318	850,386	29.0	7,844,154		42
letropolitan Chain	984,706	965,482	2.0			6
eoples Drug	933,092		42.6		5,081,597	38
. C. Murphy	872,827		18.6	6,434,841	5,659,280	13
eisner Brothers	787,725		59.5			46
ane Bryant, Inc	678,416		12.1			12
Silver & Bro	459,628		16.7	3,599,036		16
innear Stores	231,242		16.1			21
Totals	107.391.711	91,417,649	17.4	824,292,588	697,995,816	18.

Industrial Operations in Pacific Southwest at Relatively Steady Levels According to Los Angeles First National Institutions.

The business situation in the Pacific-Southwest territory has shown strengthening tendencies during August. General trading and distribution of goods appear to have broadened, harvesting and marketing of crops have approched

peak activity, and industrial operations have been sustained at satisfactory levels. While there is still some irregularity the tone of business has improved and the month has made a good report compared with the moderate activity of the past half-year. This is the introductory paragraph of the Monthly Summary of Conditions in the Pacific Southwest territory compiled by the Research Department of the Los Angeles-First National Trust & Savings Bank and the First Securities Company, and released for publication Sept. 6. The summary continues in part:

Bank clearings and check transaction were well ahead of last August, and were virtually equal to last month although a seasonal decline from July ordinarily occurs. Stock exchange transactions gained sharply over the previous month. Retail and wholesale trading exhibited an upward trend in the metropolitan area, but was still slow in most country districts. Sales of new automobiles have consistently improved, with the July total for Southern California the largest since the spring of 1927.

The value of new building permits was considerably under a year ago, but was a little better than in July and up to the average for the year to date. Real estate activity, as indicated by documents filed, has remained moderate. Harbor commerce valuation registered a substantial gain over August of last year. Foreign exports and imports were materially larger.

Industrial operations have proceeded at relatively steady levels. Fruit and fish canning are still seasonally active and autmobile tire output is near capacity. Petroleum production eased off slightly but drilling was active at several fields and the markets for oil products have strengthened Refinery operations during July were the highest since last fall.

A noteworthy development has been the decidedly reduced volume of business mortality since the beginning of the half-year, expecially in the Los Angeles City territory The August record was the best showing for a number of months, with aggregate liabilities in the city running 40% under August of last year.

The agricultural districts are actively engaged in harvesting of important crops. The composite condition of all crops in the state is 6.3% above the 10-year average. Generally speaking, yields and quality are good. The markets are strong in most cases, with the principal exception of dedciuous fruits. All districts report an ample supply of labor.

Citrus fruits are being marketed in moderate volume at excellent prices. The outlook for the new crop is very promising. Canning of large peach and pear crops is in progress. Grape shipments are getting under way. Practically all deciduous fruit prices are definitely lower than last year, than anticipated.

Harvesting of cotton and beans will be in full swing by the fore part of September. The output of cotton will exceed all previous seasons. The bean crop is shorter than last year but the markets are materially higher. Hay prices have advanced under a strong demand. Ranges are in poor condition. Cattle prices have held at high levels under light receipts.

Gain in Industrial Employment in Ohio Reported by Bureau of Business Research.

In its survey of the employment situation in Ohio, and various cities in the State during August, the Bureau of Business Research of the Ohio State University, says:

Industrial employment in Ohio during August was 3% greater than during July and 3% greater than during August 1927. This increase from July was shared by 407 of the 726 reporting concerns, 270 showed decreases and 49 showed no change from July. Average employment during first 8 months of 1928 was 2% less than during the same period of 1927.

Manufacturing employment in Ohio during August was 3% greater than during July and 4% greater than during August, 1927. Average employment during the first 8 months of 1928 was 1% less than during the same period of 1927. This increase from July was shared by 313 of the 555 reporting concerns, 203 showed decreases and 39 showed no change from July

Of the 171 reporting concerns in the construction industry, 94 showed increases of August employment over July, 67 showed decreases and 10 showed no change from July Employment during August was 7% greater during July and was the same as during August 1927. Average employment during the first eight months of 1928 was 4% less than during the same period of 1927.

INDUSTRISL EMPLOYMENT IN OHIO.
In Each Series Average Month 1923 Equals 100.
(Average employment for first half of each month from individual concerns.)

	Number	Inde	exes.	Change	Change	Average
Industry.	of Reporting Firms.	July 1928.	Aug. 1928.	from July 1928.	from Aug. 1927.	Aug. Change from 1927.
Chemicals	16	106	108	+2%	+1%	-2
Food products	41	113	112	-1	+9	+6
iron and steel	160	96	99	+3	+7	-2
Lumber products	24	89	92	+4	-11	-7
Machinery	94	109	110	+1	+3	-3
Paper and printing	32	127	127	0	+1	+4+3
Rubber products		130	136	+5	+4	+3
Stone, clay and glass	50	103	109	+6	-1	-2
Textiles	32	96	99	+3	-5	-8
Vehicles		86	88	+2	+14	-2
Miscellaneous industries	30	110	114	+4	+6	+3
Total manufacturing	555	104	107	+3	+4	-1
Construction	171	131	140	+7	0	-4
All industry	726	106	110	+3	+3	-2

Akron.—Industrial employment in Akron during August was 5% greater than during July and 3% greater than during August 1927. Of the 33 reporting concerns, 16 showed increases of August employment from July, 16 showed decreases and 1 showed no change from July. Average employment during the first 8 months of 1928 was 2% greater than during the same period of 1927.

Employment in the manufacturing industries of Akron during August was 5% greater than during July and 4% greater than August 1927. Employment in the construction industry of Akron during August was 13% greater than July and 11% less than August 1927.

Average employment during the first

Cincinnati.—August employment in all industries in Cincinnati was 1% less than July and 4% less than August 1927. Of the 96 reporting concerns, 50 showed increases of August employment from July, 41 showed decreases

eight months of 1928 was 1% less than during the same period of 1927.

and 5 showed no change from July.

Manufacturing employment in Cincinnati during August was 1% less and during July and 1% greater than during August 1927. Construction than during July and 1% greater than during August 1927. Construction employment during August was 1% greater than during July but 30%

ss than during August 1927.

**Cleveland.—Industrial employment in Cleveland during August was 5% greater than during July and 6% greater than during August 1927. This increase from July was shared by 102 of the 177 reporting concerns, 66 showed decreases and nine showed no change from July. Average emshowed decreases and nine showed no change from July. Average employment during the first eight months of 1928 was 3% less than during

the same period of 1927.

Manufacturing employment in Cleveland during August was 5% greater than during July and 9% greater than during August 1927. Construction employment in Cleveland during August was 8% greater than July and 10% less than during August 1927.

Columbus .- Industrial employment in Columbus during the month of August was 2% greater than during July and 9% greater than during August 1927. This increase from July was shared by 24 of the 50 reporting concerns, 22 showed decreases and 4 showed no change from July. employment during the first eight months of 1928 was 2% less than during

the same period of 1927.

August employment in the manufacturing industries of Columbus was 1% greater than July and 7% greater than August, 1927. August construction employment was 9% greater than July and 16% greater than

Dayton.—August industrial employment in Dayton was 1% less than July and 4% greater than during August 1927. Of the 39 reporting concerns 22 showed increases of August employment from July, 15 showed decreases and 2 showed no change from July. Employment during the first eight months of 1928 was 6% less than during the corresponding period of 1927.

August manufacturing employment in Dayton was at the same level as July and 11% greater than August 1927. Construction employment in Dayton during August was 10% less than July and 40% less than August

1927. Toledo.--August industrial employment in Toledo was 3% greater than July and 16% greater than August 1927. This increase from July was shared by 26 of the 40 reporting concerns. Employment during the first eight months of 1928 was 4% greater than during the same period of 1927.

Manufacturing employment in Toledo during August was 2% greater than during July and 9% greater than during August 1927. Construction

employment in Toledo during August was 9% greater than during July and 65% greater than during August 1927.

Youngstown.—August industrial employment in Youngstown was 2% less than July and 3% less than August 1927. This decline from July was shared by 11 of the 20 reporting concerns. Employment during the first eight months of 1928 was 7% less than during the corresponding period of 1927.

August manufacturing employment in Youngstown was 2% less than July and 6% less than August 1927. Construction employment during August was 5% less than July and 32% greater than August 1927.

Stark County.—Industrial employment in Stark County during August was 8% greater than during July and 14% greater than during August 1927. This increase from July was shared by 23 of the 39 reporting concerns, 12 showed decreases and 4 showed no change from July. Employment during the first eight months of 1928 was 3% greater than during

the same period of 1927.

August manufacturing employment in Stark County was 4% greater than July and 7% greater than August 1927. Construction employment in Stark County during August was 32% greater than during July and

87% greater than during August 1927.

Business Conditions in Atlanta Federal Reserve District-Increase in Wholesale Trade-Decline in Retail Trade.

Conditions in the Atlanta Federal Reserve District, are thus summarized in the Aug. 31 number of the Monthly Review of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta:

A further seasonal decline in retail trade, increases over June in wholesale trade and in building activity, and improvement in agricultural conditions during July are indicated in statistics gathered for the August Monthly Review. Retail trade declined seasonally in July, but was 2.5% greater than in July last year. The volume of wholesale trade increased slightly over June, but was at a lower level than in July a year ago. Rapid growth, and improvement in condition generally, of agricultural crops was indicated in the Aug. 1 reports of the United States Department of Agriculture. The cotton crop in the Sixth District this year, omitting those parts of Tennessee, Louisiana and Mississippi located in other districts, is estimated at 2,472,000 bales, compared with 2,836,000 bales produced last year, a decrease of 12.8%. Sugar production in Louisiana is estimated at more than twice that of last year. Savings deposits in the district declined in July, following the semi-annual interest period, but continued greater than last year. Weekly reports of reporting member banks indicate a decline in loans on securities between July 11 and Aug. 8, but an increase in these banks' holdings of government ogligations. Discounts by the Federal Reserve Bank for its members continued to increase during that four weeks period. Commercial failures in the Sixth District, in point of liabilities, increased slightly over June, but were less than in July a year ago. Building permits increased more than 12% over June, but were 2% less than in July last year, and contract awards in the district increased 12% over June, and were 14% greater than a year ago. Smaller production of cloth and yarn in the district, and smaller consumption of cotton, is the result of curtailed operations on the part of mills in various localities.

We also quote from the Review the following relative to retail and wholesale trade.

Retail Trade.

The volume of retail trade in the Sixth District, as reflected in sales statistics reported confidentially to the Federal Reserve Bank by 46 department stores in the district, exhibited a further seasonal decline in July. Total sales by these stores during July this year show an increase of 2.5%over July 1927. During the period since 1919 that these statistics have been collected, the low level for the year in retail trade has been reached in July of every year except 1925, when sales in August were slightly less than in July. Increases over July last year are shown for Atlanta, Nashville and New Orleans, but decreases for Birmingham, Chattanooga and other cities. For the first seven months of 1928, sales by these 46 de partment stores show an increase of 2.8% over the same period last year. Stocks at the end of July declined 3.6% compared with a month earlier, but were 1.8% greater than a year ago. Accounts receivable at the end of July were 7.6% less than a month earlier, but were 14.1% greater than at the end of July 1927. Collections in July decreased 4.8% compared with June, and were seven-tenths of 1% smaller than in July last year. The ratio of collections during July to accounts receivable and due at the be-

ginning of the month, for 33 firms, was 31.6% compared with 31.9% for June, and for July last year, 36.4%. For July, the ratio of collections against regular accounts outstanding for 33 firms was 33.5%, and the ratio of collections against installment accounts for nine firms was 15.6%.

Wholesale Trade.

The distribution of merchandise at wholesale in the Sixth District during The distribution of merchandise at wholesale in the Sixth District during July, reflected in sales statistics reported confidentially by representative firms in eight different lines, was in slightly larger volume than during June but was a little below the level of July a year ago. July sales of dry goods, furniture, electrical supplies, shoes and stationery were larger than in June, but sales of groceries, hardware and drugs declined slightly. Compared with July last year, figures for July 1928 show increases in sales of groceries, furniture, electrical supplies and stationery, but decreases in dry goods, hardware, shoes and drugs. Collections in most of these lines during July were smaller than in June, or in July last year. Bad weather, and the uncertainty as to the outcome of crops, are given in some reports. and the uncertainty as to the outcome of crops, are given in some reports as the principal causes of the hesitancy on the part of merchants in the smaller towns in placing orders.

Holiday Shutdown Affects Lumber Movement.

Due to the short week on account of Labor Day, lumber production, shipments and orders for the week ended Sept. 8 declined from the high level of the preceding week, according to reports to the National Lumber Manufacturers' Association from 835 mills. Daily averages, however, in all three items show that the lumber movement is continuing at the high mark established within recent weeks. Production for the week under review totaled 323,959,000 feet; shipments, 344,719,000 feet, and orders, 329,785,000 feet, as compared with 374,676,000, 421,486,000 and 384,274,000 feet, respectively, for the preceding period, when 834 mills reported. Based on a 5-day week, the current figures represent a considerable increase. The effect of the shutdown was particularly noticeable in the softwood mills. The West Coast Lumbermen's Association reported production for 228 identical mills as 143,803,210, while the Southern Pine Association reported production for 188½ units (150 mills) as 68,927,845 feet.

Unfilled Orders Increase.

The unfilled orders of 319 Southern Pine and West Coast mills at the end of last week amounted to 824,090,296 feet, as against 791,809,312 feet for 312 mills the previous week. The 150 identical Southern Pine mills in the group showed unfilled orders of 268,629,296 feet last week, as against 266,045,312 feet for the week before. For the 169 West Coast mills the unfilled orders were 555,461,000 feet, as against 525,764,000 feet for 162 mills a week earlier.

Altogether the 504 reporting softwood mills had shipments 107% and orders 101% of actual production. For the Southern Pine mills these percentages were respectively 98 and 102; and fo the West Coast mills 119 and 107.

Of the reporting mills, the 289 with an established normal production for the week of $168,\!304,\!000$ feet gave actual production $84\,\%$, shipments $82\,\%$ and orders $81\,\%$ thereof.

The following table compares the lumber movement as reflected by the reporting mills of eight softwood and two hardwood regional associations

	Past V	Veek.	Preceding Week 1928. (Revised).		
	Softwood.	Hardwood.	Softwood.	Hardwood.	
Shipments	288,370,000	53,371,000 56,349,000	492 318,465,000 360,885,000 324,241,000	56,211,000 60,601,000	

^{*} A unit is 35,000 feet of daily production capacity.

West Coast Movement.

The West Coast Lumbermen's Association wires from Seattle that new business for the 169 identical mills reporting for the week ended Sept. 8 amounted to 131,476,000 feet, shipments 145,285,000 and production 122,-567,000. Unfilled orders totaled 555,461,000 feet.

Southern Pine Reports.

The Southern Pine Association reports from New Orleans that for 150 mills reporting shipments were 1.71% below production and orders were 2.04% above production and 3.81% above shipments. New business taken during the week amounted to 70,334,784 feet (previous week 82,645,472);shipments 67,750,800 (previous week 85,607,600); and production 68,927, 845 feet (previous week 72,045,106). The normal production (three-year average) of these mills is 79,415,529 feet. Of the 146 mills reporting running time, 63 operated full time, 5 overtime. Four mills were shut down and the rest operated from 1 to 6 days.

and the rest operated from 1 to 6 days.

The Western Pine Manufacturers' Association of Portland, Ore., reports production from 24 mills as 20,367,000 feet, as compared with a normal production for the week of 21,483,000. Twenty-three mills the week before reported production as 21,689,000 feet. Shipments showed a noticeable decrease last week, while new business was slightly above the week earlier.

The California White & Sugar Pine Manufacturers' Association of San Francisco reports production from 18 mils as 26,851,000 feet (59% of the total cut of the California pine region), as compared with a normal figure for the week of 30,156,000. Seventeen mils the previous week re-

figure for the week of 30,156,000. Seventeen mills the previous week reported production as 25,008,000 feet. Shipments were about the same

last week, and new business showed a fair gain.

The California Redwood Association of San Francisco reports production from 16 mills as 6,454,000 feet, compared with a normal figure of 9,901,000. Fifteen mills the week earlier reported production as 6,771,000 feet. ments showed a nominal increase and new business fell off considerably.

The North Carolina Pine Association of Norfolk, Va., reports production from 73 mills as 9,058,000 feet, against a normal production for the week of 15,840,000. Fifty-eight mills the preceding week reported production as 9,394,000 feet. Shipments were somewhat less last week, while new busiwas about the same as that reported the week before.

The Northern Pine Manufacturers' Association of Minneapolis, Minn., reports the production from 8 mills as 9.760,000 feet, as compared with a normal figure for the week of 11,508,000, and for the week earlier 12,371,000. Shipments and new business were somewhat below that reported for the

The Northern Hemlock & Hardwood Manufacturers' Association of Oshkosh, Wis. (in its softwood production), reports production from 46 mills as 6,601,000, as compared with a normal production for the week of 20,766,000. Forty-eight mills the week before reported production as 7,613,000 feet. Shipments were slightly less last week, and new business showed a noticeable decrease.

Hardwood Reports.

The Northern Hemlock & Hardwood Manufacturers' Association of Oshkosh, Wis., reports production from 73 units as 7,399,000 feet, as compared with a normal figure for the week of 15,409,000. Eighty-one units the preceding week reported production as 9,288,000 feet. There was a marked decrease in shipments last week, while new business showed a small

The Hardwood Manufacturers' Institute of Memphis, Tenn., reports production from 331 units as 45,972,000 feet, as against a normal production for the week of 59,595,000. Three hundred and forty-two units the previous week reported production as 46,923,000 feet. Shipments and new business showed marked decreases last week.

Lumber Production and Shipments During July.

The "National Lumber Bulletin" published by the National Lumber Manufacturers Association, Inc., Washington, D. C., on Sept. 7, issued the following statistics on the production and shipments of lumber during the month of July: LUMBER PRODUCTION AND SHIPMENTS AS REPORTED BY MEM-BER ASSOCIATIONS TO NATIONAL LUMBER MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION FOR JULY 1928 AND JULY 1927.

Association.		Prod	luction.	Shi	omenis.
Association,	M Ills.	Hardw'ds. Feet.	Softwoods. Feet.	Hardw'ds. Feet.	Softwoods. Feet.
July 1928.					
California Redwood California White & Sugar	16		26,782,000		26,357,000
Pine Mfrs	21		137,041,000		116,221,000
North Carolina Pine	49		39,248,000		39,299,000
Northern Hemlock &			00,220,000		00,200,000
Hardwood Mfrs	37	23,673,000	16.348.000	26,194,000	18,920,000
Northern Pine Mfrs	9	,-,-,	47,877,000		42,452,000
Southern Cypress Mfrs	6	1,645,000	4,658,000	2,046,000	6,680,000
Southern Pine	118		287,891,000	_,	308,657,000
West C'st Lumbermen's .	106		384,939,000		449,514,000
Western Pine Mfrs	19		75,839,000		83,923,000
Lower Michigan Mfrs	10	5,438,000	3,141,000	7,252,000	2,154,000
Individual reports	18	11,492,000	35,580,000	14,261,000	
Total July 1927—	409	42,248,000	1,059,344,000	49,753,000	1,134,106,000
California Redwood	16		29,197,000		29,926,000
California White & Sugar			20,201,000		
Pine Mfre	21		139,651,000		109,760,000
North Carolina Pine	48		32,847,000		31,916,000
Northern Hemlock &					
Hardwood Mfrs	39	21,879,000	15,879,000	28,347,000	21,324,000
Northern Pine Mfrs	9		52,165,000		43,372,000
Southern Cypress Mfrs	7	1,940,000	2,697,000	2,938,000	5,010,000
Southern Pine	129	*****	299,100,000		288,568,000
West C'st Lumbermen's .	. 86		373,837,000		398,760,000
Western Pine Mfrs	33		133,099,000		112,332,000
Lower Michigan Mfrs	12	6,006,000		8,552,000	2,214,000
Individual reports	21	10,186,000	17,029,000	9,187,000	17,375,000
Total	421	40.011.000	1,098,257,000	49,024,000	1.060.557.000

Total production July 1928, 1,101,592,000 ft.; July 1927, 1,138,268,000 ft. Total shipments July 1928, 1,183,859,000 ft.; July 1927, 1,109,581,000 ft. Note.—Reports for July 1928, and July 1927, given above are not from comparable mills and are not comparable.

LUMBER PRODUCTION AND SHIPMENTS AS REPORTED BY STATES BY MEMBER ASSOCIATIONS.

	July 1928.						
State.	Mus.	Production, Feet.	Shipments, Feet.				
Alabama	10	19.652.000	21,359,000				
Arkansas	11	22,188,000	25,629,000				
California	30	127,925,000	112,256,000				
Florida	11	27,534,000	28,816,000				
Idaho	3	7,756,000	6,530,000				
Louisiana	30	74,251,000	81,121,000				
Michigan	30 20	21,031,000	21,080,000				
Minnesota	4	21,106,000	2085.000				
Mississippi	27	78,269,000	84,925,000				
Montana	5	14,254,000	16,279,000				
North Carolina Region	49	39,248,000	39,299,000				
Oregon	49	217,113,000	243,938,000				
South Carolina	2	2,593,000	3,268,000				
Texas	32	69,275,000	71,696,000				
Washington	74	254,647,000	294,076,000				
Wisconsin.	28	29,251,000	34,729,000				
Others *	24	75,499,000	73,773,000				
Total	409	1,101,592,000	1,183,859,000				

· Includes mostly individual reports, not distributed.

West Coast Lumbermen's Association Weekly Report.

According to the West Coast Lumbermen's Association, reports from 187 mills show that for the week ended Sept. 1 orders exceeded production by 3.9% and shipments were 21.1% over production. The Association's statement shows: WEEKLY REPORT OF PRODUCTION, ORDERS AND SHIPMENTS.

(All mills reporting production, orders and shipments.)

Orders. 176,138,317 feet. 3.9% over production. Shipments.
205,335,422 feet.
21.1% over production. Production. 169,585,283 feet. 100% COMPARISON OF ACTUAL PRODUCTION AND WEEKLY OPERATING

CAPACITY (228 IDENTICAL MILLS). Average Weekly Actual Production Average Weekly Production 35
Weeks Ending

Week Ending Sept. 1 1928. 190,551,882 feet. Production
During 1927.
189,713,046 feet. Operating Capacity.*
227,317,675 feet Sept. 1 1928. 187,859,684 feet. * Weekly operating capacity is based on average hourly production reported for the years 1925, 1926, 1927 and 4 months of 1928 and the normal number of operathours per week.

Weekly

WEEKLY COMPARISON FOR 162 IDENTICAL MILLS-1928. (All mills whose reports of production, orders and shipments are complete for the

last 4 w	reeks.)		
Week Ending- Sept. 1.	Aug. 25.	Aug. 18.	Aug. 11.
Production (feet)150,943,890	155,535,560	153,871,996	152,371,647
Orders (feet)155,285,615	140,731,172	160,946,998	172,398,158
Rail (feet)	64,218,473	68,011,005	72,832,658
Domestic cargo (feet) 51,312,760	51,156,793	56,239,368	45,556,915
Export (feet) 20,238,893	17,717,525	27,776,383	38,223,080
Local (feet) 14,685,190	7,638,381	8,920,242	15,785,505
Shipments (feet)183,009,069	161,910,827	153,504,458	156,721,333
Rail (feet) 75,241,213	71,592,921	70,004,088	70,181,980
Domestic cargo (feet) 54,169,413	52,978,916	49,149,335	51,212,741
Export (feet) 38,913,253	29,700,609	25,430,793	19,441,107
Local(feet) 14,685,190	7,638,381	8,920,242	15,785,505
Unfilled orders (feet)525,764,125	553,419,438	549,733,331	532,338,842
Rail (feet)184,033,341	182,208,615	181,573,231	180,382,242
Domestic cargo (feet) 196,083,861	187,759,671	190,522,636	189,740,188
Export (feet)145,646,923	183,451,152	177,637,464	162,216,412

100 IDENTICAL MILLS.

All mills whose reports of production, orders and shipments are complete for 1927 and 1928 to date.)

	Week	Average 35	Average 35
	Ending	Weeks End'g	Weeks Ending
	Sept. 1 28.	Sept. 1 28.	Sept. 3 27.
Production (feet)	00,461,647	102,209,718	96,564,356
Orders (feet)	08,877,902	109,376,310	100,854,626
Shipments (feet)1	19,382,863	109,320,931	98,772,717

The Outlook for the Crops on the 1st of September Report of the Department of Agriculture.

The Crop-Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agriculture made public on Sept. 10 its forecasts and estimates of grain crops of the United States as of Sept. 1, based on reports and data furnished by crop correspondents, field statisticians and co-operating State Boards (or Departments) of Agriculture. This report shows that the production of all wheat is now placed at 901,072,000 bushels, which compares with the Department's estimate of 891,292,000 bushels a month ago and a harvest of 872,-595,000 bushels a year ago.

The probable production of corn is placed at 2,930,586,000 bushels, which is somewhat less than the Department's estimate of 3,029,561,000 bushels a month ago. The production of corn in 1927 was 2,773,708,000 bushels and the

five-year average 2,775,634,000 bushels. Below is the report:
Although there have been sharp changes in individual States, the crop situation in the country as a whole averages about as it did a month ago. Prospects on the 1st of September indicated crop yields per acre 3.3% above the average of yields secured during the last 10 years. Since last month prospects have declined along the Atlantic Coast, chiefly as a result of excessive rain, and, with the exception of Kansas, have declined in the Great Plains area from South Dakota to Texas as a result of drought. Crop yields are now expected to be a little below the usual average in most of the Southern States east of the Mississippi River, in the eastern Lake States and in South Dakota. Elsewhere yields seem likely to be about average or better with prospects best in Kansas, North Dakota, Montana and on the Pacific Coast

Corn.—A corn crop of 2,931,000,000 bushels was indicated by the September condition of 78.4%. This is a decrease from the indication a month ago of about 3%. Crop prospects were materially reduced in Nebraska and South Dakota by dry weather and in the middle Atlantic States from New Jersey to Virginia by storm damage. In Ohio and Indiana indicated yields are about 2 bushels less than a month ago. Prospects improved or were about the same in other important corn producing States

The present indicated corn crop is nearly 6% above the 1927 crop. The distribution of the crop is somewhat different from last year, as there is an indicated increase of about 35% in the Eastern Corn Belt States and only $3\,\%$ in the Western Corn Belt. An increase of about $5\,\%$ is indicated for the North Atlantic States, while a decrease of about $14\,\%$ is shown for the South Atlantic and South Central States and about $5\,\%$ less in the Far Western States.

For the important corn producing States the Sept. 1 reported condition of corn was above the 10-year average in Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas.

Durum Wheat.—Indicated production of durum wheat for the four principal spring wheat States as of Sept. 1 was 84,866,000 bushels, an increase of less than 1% since Aug. 1. Production last year was 76 millions and the five-year average 62 millions. The condition of 81.8% is 7 points above average. Indicated production in North Dakota increased 900,000 bushels during August, in spite of local damage from hail, high temperatures during earlier August and frost later in the month. The prospect in South

Dakota was reduced by drought during the month.

Spring Wheat.—Spring wheat other than durum has increased in prospective outturn from 228,350,000 bushels on Aug. 1 to 237,607,000 bushels on Sept. 1. The crop is only slightly below the 1927 production but 25% above the five-year average. Increases in North Dakota, Wisconsin, Idaho and Washington more than offset decreases in other States. tana and Washington yields tend to fall below expectations, while in Oregon the late seeded wheat is very poor, with complaints of shriveled grains. Protein content of spring wheat is showing higher than usual in the Dakotas, that in the Red River Valley being unusually high.

All Wheat.—The United States crop of all wheat is now indicated to be

901 million bushels, an increase since a month ago of 1%. In 1927 873 million bushels were produced and the five-year average is 807 million bushels.

Oats.—The oats crop indicated by condition and probable yield reported on Sept. 1 is 1,453,829,000 bushels. The present prospect is 102,000,000bushels greater than the average harvested crop for the past five years and 270,000,000 greater than last year. The most striking changes from last year are found in the doubling of the crop in the Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri area. The crop in the North Central States as a whole has increased considerably more than half.

The increase during August of 12,000,000 bushels in the prospective crop

of oats represents less than 1% of the total crop.

Barley.—Prospects for barley are about the same as they were a month ago. An unusually good yield per acre is being secured from a record acreage and production is estimated at about 346,000,000 bushels. Last year's crop of 264,000,000 bushels is the largest previously harvested.

Buckwheat.—Buckwheat improved during August. The indicated pro

Buckwheat.—Buckwheat improved during August. The indicated production for Sept. 1 is 15,526,000 bushels compared with 15,409,000 bushels on Aug. 1 and is about half a million bushels below the crop of 1927.

Flax.—Flax deteriorated during the past month. The condition was 77.4% on Sept. 1, which compares with a condition of 83.3% on Aug. 1, indicating a loss in prospective production of slightly over a million bushels during the month. The indicated production is slightly more than three million bushels below last year's crop and about the same amount above

the five-year average.

Rice.—The indicated production of rice based on Sept. 1 condition is 36,545,000 bushels compared with 36,149,000 bushels forecast on Aug. 1. Improvement is shown in Arkansas, Louisiana and California. The small Missouri crop shows considerable deterioration. The U. S. crop as now forecast is about 3.6 million bushels below last year's production and about

the same as the five-year average Grain Sorghum .- A sharp decline is noted in the prospects for grain The present outlook is for a crop of 132,716,000 bushels comared with a forecast of 152,722,000 bushels on Aug. 1. The present condition of the crop is reported as 78.1% compared with 84.3% a month ago. The greatest decline is noted in Texas where prospects have declined from 64.344,000 bushels on Aug. 1 to 51,274,000 bushels on Sept. 1, due to high August temperatures and hot drying winds. The crop in Oklahoma and Colorado shows a decline from similar causes. With this change in conditions the outlook is for a smaller crop than was produced in 1927 when 138 million bushels were harvested.

Potatoes .- Prospects for potatoes are slightly higher than they were a The hot weather has not been favorable, but the loss from month ago. blight, though widespread, has not been as severe as feared. The crop i in a critical condition with blight still threatening over a large area, but in a number of States where potatoes have been dug, yields have run above expectations and with average weather from now on, an average yield of about 121.5 bushels per acre is to be expected. With the large acreage planted this season, such a yield would produce nearly 467,000,000 bushels, which, if all were harvested, would be a record crop. The quantity actually harvested will depend in part on the price at digging time. In comparison with last year, potato production will be heavier in practically all sections of the country except from the Dakotas west.

Sweet Potatoes.—Sweet potatoes show a slight improvement during ugust. The present outlook is for a crop of 81,618,000 bushels, which is about 12 million bushels below the crop harvested in 1927 and about half

a million bushels above the five-year average.

Tobacco.—Tobacco products have improved slightly in total production. The forecast based on Sept. 1 condition is for a crop of 1,372 million pounds compared with 1,358 million pounds forecast a month ago and 1,211 million pounds produced last year. Improvement in the Connecticut Valley, Wisconsin, Kentucky and Tennessee, and a larger crop than previously allowed for in Georgia, were sufficient to more than offset decreases in Ohio, Indiana, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina. A special release will be issued later covering the tobacco situation by types

Broomcorn.—The indicated production of broomcorn increased slightly from the Aug. 1 forecast. Yields were very light in the northwest Texas district and were disappointing in parts of the Oklahoma district due to heat and drought just before harvest. In Illinois fields are very weedy due to lack of early cultivation, and the brush is reported irregular in quality

and length of hurl. Production is forecast at 45,900 tons this year, compared with 39,600 tons last year and 55,900 tons the five-year average Beans.—The production of dry edible beans, as now forecast, is 3% below the average production during the last five years. Prospects have declined slightly since a month ago. Conditions as of Sept. 1 forecast a crop of 15,809,000 bushels, compared with 16,832,000 bushels forecast on Aug. 1. Moderate increases are shown in California, New Mexico, and New York, but decreases in most other States. The Michigan crop suffered much damage from excessive rains followed by a severe hot wave. Some acreage in this State will be a total loss. Beans in Colorado suffered severely from drought and hail.

Peanuts.-The condition of peanuts as of Sept. 1 indicates a total production of 848,666,000 pounds, which is 2,014,000 pounds, or 3-10ths of 1%above the Aug. 1 forecast. Last year the production was 806,990,000 pounds and the five-year average is 671,247,000 pounds. Frequent rains in the southeastern States retarded development of the crop, and a smaller crop is indicated in most of these States, except Alabama and Tennessee. Drought prevented improvement in the Texas-Oklahoma The forecast remained unchanged in Virginia but declined slightly in North Carolina.

Soy Beans.—Soy beans show a condition of 84.1% on Sept. 1, compared with 83.4 last month and 82.2 on Sept. 1 last year. The crop is slightly better than the 10-year average at this date.

Cow Peas.—Cow peas are reported as 75.3% of normal on Sept. 1. They were 76.9% on Aug. 1. On Sept. 1 last year they were 78.7% and the 10-year average condition is 69.7%. Changes during August were slight except for moderate declines in Georgia, Florida, and the outhwestern States

The quantity of soy beans and cow peas to be harvested is unknown at Future weather conditions and the prices prevailing at harvest will determine what proportion of the crops will be gathered for the seed and what proportion will be used for hay, forage, grazing, &c.

Hay.—Production of tame hay for 1928 indicated by condition on opt. 1 is one million tons less than indicated on Aug. 1. Late cuttings Sept. 1 is one million tons less than indicated on Aug. 1. in the northeastern States yielded below anticipation and third cuttings of alfalfa in the Great Plains were reduced by drought. The total crop is now indicated at 88 million tons, which is 18 million tons, or 17%, below last year, but only three million tons, or 3%, below the five-year average production. Quality of hay is reported below average due to rain damage to cut hay in the fields.

Alfalfa hay production is also indicated considerably below last year

but slightly above the five-year average.

Timothy shows an indicated yield per acre of 1.27 tons, compared

Clover and timothy hay mixed shows an indicated yield of 1.45 tons per acre, which compares with 1.63 tons per acre harvested last year, explaining in part the decreased production reported for this year. yield obtained in 1926 was 1.30 tons per acre. The quality of this year's crop of clover and timothy hay is reported as 86.2%, compared with 92.8%last year and 88% in 1926.

Small crops of hay seeds are indicated by conditions on Sept. 1. acreage estimate has been made, but usually a low condition indicates not only a low yield by also a reduction in acreage.

Alfalfa for seed shows the low condition of 61%, compared with 71.5%last year. Conditions in Utah, the principal producing State, is par-

Clover for seed shows a condition on Sept. 1 of 67.6% of normal compared with 78.6% a year ago, and 77.4% the 10-year average. The condition of timothy for seed is 80.2% of normal.

Pasture.—Pasture conditions have improved somewhat in the South

Atlantic States, but have deteriorated elsewhere. The condition for the country as a whole is 83.3% of normal, compared with 85.6% on Aug. 1 and 78.5% the 10-year average.

Fruit .- With the exception of California and Florida, the fruit crops are

developing about as expected earlier in the season.

Apples.—The total production of apples based upon the Sept. 1 condition is indicated to be 178,949,000 bushels, which is practically the same as the August forecast. Last year the apple crop amounted to 123,455,000 bushels, and in 1926 the production was 246,524,000 bushels.

The commercial apple crop is estimated at 33,122,000 barrels compared with 25,900,000 barrels last year and 39,119,000 barrels packed from the big crop of 1926. In the Northeast and in Michigan prospects have conbig crop of 1920. In the total case and in standard particular timed to decline and the quality of the fruit in poorly sprayed orchards is being increasingly affected by apple scab. These States have relatively good crops of summer and fall apples, but light crops of winter varieties. Baldwins are reported particularly light in both New York and Michigan; McIntosh apples are relatively scarce in both New England and New York In Virginia and West Virginia there has recently been an abundance of moisture and fruit is sizing up better than expected. In the Northwest prospects have decline slightly because it is feared that the intense heat

will prevent apples from reaching their usual size.

Peaches.—The indicated 1928 peach crop declined about 1% during August to 66,752,000 bushels. This is almost half again as large as the crop harvested in 1927 and about 3,000,000 bushels below the record 1926

Pears.—The pear crop is estimated at 22,812,000 bushels, of which nearly two-thirds are being harvested on the Pacific Coast where the acreage is rapidly increasing.

Grapes.-The greatest change in fruit prospects during August was the sharp reduction of 211,000 tons in the prospective California grape crop, which has resulted from the excessively hot weather combined with some shortage of water. Instead of a record California crop the present indications are for a total of 2,327,000 tons. This is slightly less than the crop available for harvest last year, although more than the 2,264,000 tons of that crop actually picked. The present estimate of the quantity available for harvest includes 476,000 tons of juice grapes, the largest crop in fourteen years, 465,000 tons of table varieties, which is more than were actually picked from the crop grown last year, and 1,386,000 tons of raisin grapes, of which a portion are being shipped as fresh grapes. The present raisin grape forecast is within 60,000 tons of last year's record crop.

The estimated production of other California fruit and nut crops includes 169,000 tons of apricots compared with 208,000 tons in 1927; 185,000 tons of prunes compared with 203,000 last year; 75,000 tons of plums compared with 57,000: 13,000 tons of almonds compared with 12,000 and 35,000 tons of walnuts compared with 48,500.

As a result of the storm in Florida, prospects for citrus fruit are not as good as they were a month ago. California reports still indicate that excellent crops of oranges and lemons are expected. In Florida the number of trees is steadily increasing, but the condition of both oranges and grapefruit is lower than a month ago and below average but still materially above

The statistical details for the different crops are set out in the following:

	Acre	age 1928.	Condition.				
Стор.	Per Cent of 1927.	Acres.	Sept. 1, 10-Year Average.	Sept. 1 1927.	Aug. 1 1928.	Sept. 1 1928.	
			Per Cent.	Per Cent.	Per Cent.	Per Cent.	
Corn	103.6	102,380,000	76.6	69.7	83.3	78.4	
Winter wheat	95.2	a36,125,000					
Durum wheat, 4 States.	116.6	6,147,000	b74.6	82.1	83.8	81.8	
Other spr. wheat, U.S.	100.2	15,478,000	c70.1	c82.7	81.8	82.1	
All wheat	98.5	57,750,000					
Oats	99.9	41,974,000	77.2	70.3	84.8	84.4	
Barley	129.5	12,342,000	77.7	82.9	86.5	84.4	
Rye	95.8	a3,535,000					
Buckwheat	102.1	840,000	85.8	83.1	84.2	83.8	
Flaxseed	97.4	2,831,000	71.0	84.6	83.3	77.4	
Rice, 5 States	94.2	923,000	84.1	84.5	85.2	83.0	
Grain sorghums.d		6,905,000	76.0	82.5	84.3	78.1	
Sorgo for sirup		382,000	77.0	75.7	74.3	72.4	
Sugar cane (La.)	171.4	180,000	71.6	78.0	79.0	77.0	
Sugar beets	87.2	a629,000	85.9	87.2	89.6	85.7	
Potatoes, white	109.2	3,842,000	76.2	77.8	85.8	83.0	
Sweet potatoes	91.9	856,000	77.5	80.0	79.9	77.2	
Tobacco	117.3	1,850,000	77.6	76.5	74.6	74.5	
Broomcorn.d		260,000		73.5	80.0	78.3	
Hops.d		25,600		94.5	92.5	88.7	
Beans, dry edible_d		1,735,000	74.3	70.8	76.2	67.5	
Soy beans		2,309,000	b82.8	82.2	83.4	84.1	
Cowpeas	97.8	2,410,000		78.7	76.9	75.3	
Velvet beans			b71.4	78.0	79.0	76.2	
Peanuts	105.1	1,185,000		78.6	79.5	76.0	
Hay, all tame	95.6	58,631,000		91.0	81.7	81.7	
Pasture			78.5	84.2	85.6	83.3	

	Total Pro	duction	in Millions	Yield Per Acre.			
Стор.	Harvested.		Indicated by Con-	Harvested.		Indicated	
Crop.	5-Year Average 1922-26	1927.	dition Sept. 1 1928.e	5-Year Average 1922-26	1927.	by Con- dition Sept. 1 1928.e	
Cornbus.	2,776	2.774	2.931	27.3	28.1	28.6	
Winter wheatbus.	556	553	f579	15.0	14.6	f16.0	
Durum wheat, 4 States bus.	62	76	85	12.9	14.4	13.8	
Other spr. wheat, U. S. bus.	190	243	238	12.9	15.7	15.4	
All wheatbus.	807	873	901	14.3	14.9	15.6	
Oatsbus.	1,352	1,184	1,454	31.7	28.2	34.6	
Barley bus.	192	264	346	25.2	28.0	28.3	
Ryebus,	63.8	58.8	f43.3	13.6	15.9	f12.2	
Buckwheatbus.	13.7	16.0	15.5	18.6	19.5	18.5	
Flaxseedbus.	20.1	26.6	23.4	8.0	9.1	8.3	
Rice, 5 Statesbus.	36.3	40.1	36.5	38.9	40.9	39.6	
Grain sorghums_dbus.	115	138	133	18.1	20.4	19.2	
Sugar beetstons	b7.36	7.75	6.38	b10.3	10.8	10.1	
Potatoes, white bus.	394	407	467	111.5	115.7	121.5	
Sweet potatoesbus.	81.1	93.9	81.6	92.2	100.9	95.3	
Tobaccolbs.	1,338	1,211	1.372	769	768	742	
Broomcorn.dtons	g55.9	g39.6	g45.9	h312	h334	h353	
Hops_dlbs	27.1	29.8	32.4	1,309	1,211	1,266	
Beans, dry edible_dbus.		16.9	15.8	11.2	10.4	9.1	
Peanutslbs.	671	807	849	686	715	716	
Hay, all tametons	91.0	106.5	87.9	1.52	1.74	1.50	

a For harvest. b Short time average. c All spring wheat. d Principal pro-leing states. e Indicated yield and production increase or decrease with changing multions during the season. f Preliminary estimate. g Thousands of tons. ducing states. e Indicated conditions during the se h Pounds per acre.

Total Production in Millions.				Condition.				
Crop.	Harve	sted.	Indi-		1	1	1	
oroy.	5-Year Ange. 1922-26.	1927.	Cond'n Sept. 1 1928.a	Sept. 1 10-Yr. Avge.	Sept. 1 1927.	Aug. 1 1928.	Sept. 1 1928.	
				P. C.	P. C.	P. C.	P. C.	
Alfafla seed		0.84			71.5		61.0	
Clover seed	1.12	1.74		77.4	78.6		67.6	
Cimothy seed					91.0		80.2	
Apples—								
Total crop, bus	199	123	179	57.3	40.7	59.4	60.1	
Com'l crop, bbl	33.7	25.9	33.1	b60.5	43.6	62.0	62.5	
Peaches—								
Total crop, bus	54.3	45.5	66.8	c62.1	47.9	70.7	71.2	
Pears-							00 7	
Total crop, bus	20.7	18.1	22.8	65.1	53.7	66.6	68.5	
drapes, tons	d2.09	d2.46	d2.63	79.6	80.8	93.2 55.1	83.3 55.7	
Pecans, lbs	b37.8	22.1		49.6	42.1	99.1	30.1	
almonds, Californ	nia				00.0	- 20.0	-W1 O	
				C69 9	CBN D	C7U.U	c71.0	
Dricots, Californ	ia			c69.9	c68.0	c70.0 c56.0	c57.0	
Apricots, Californ	ila			c76.1	c77.0			
Apricots, Californ Avocadoes, Florid	ia			c76.1		c56.0	c57.0	
Apricots, Californ Avocadoes, Florid Figs, California	iala			c76.1 c89.2	c77.0 41.0	66.0	c57.0 55.0 c64.0 71.0	
Apricots, Californ Avocadoes, Florid Figs, California Grapefruit, Florid	ilaia			c76.1 c89.2 81.5	c77.0 41.0 c88.0	66.0 672.0	c57.0 55.0 c64.0	
Apricots, Californ Avocadoes, Florid Figs, California Grapefruit, Florid Grapes, Californi	iaiaiaiaia	grapes		c76.1 c89.2 81.5 c84.9	c77.0 41.0 c88.0 61.0	c56.0 66.0 c72.0 79.0 c94.0 c97.0	c57.0 55.0 c64.0 71.0 c86.0 c84.0	
Apricots, Californ Avocadoes, Florid Figs, California Grapefruit, Florid Grapes, Californi Raisin grapes Table grapes	ia la ia a—Wine	grapes		c76.1 c89.2 81.5 c84.9	c77.0 41.0 c88.0 61.0 c87.0	c56.0 66.0 c72.0 79.0 c94.0 c97.0 c91.0	c57.0 55.0 c64.0 71.0 c86.0 c84.0 c81.0	
Apricots, Californ Avocadoes, Florid Figs, California Grapefruit, Florid Grapes, Californi Raisin grapes Table grapes All grapes	ia ia ia a—Wine	grapes		c76.1 c89.2 81.5 c84.9 c82.3	c77.0 41.0 c88.0 61.0 c87.0 c84.0	c56.0 66.0 c72.0 79.0 c94.0 c97.0 c91.0 c95.0	c57.0 55.0 c64.0 71.0 c86.0 c84.0 c81.0 c84.0	
Apricots, Californ Avocadoes, Florid Figs, California. Grapefruit, Florid Grapes, Californi Raisin grapes. Table grapes. All grapes.	ia ia a—Wine	grapes		c76.1 c89.2 81.5 c84.9 c82.3 c80.5 c82.4 c78.0	c77.0 41.0 c88.0 61.0 c87.0 c84.0 c81.0 c84.0 c65.0	c56.0 66.0 c72.0 79.0 c94.0 c97.0 c91.0 c95.0 c88.0	c57.0 55.0 c64.0 71.0 c86.0 c84.0 c81.0 c84.0 c86.0	
Apricots, Californ Avocadoes, Florid Figs, California. Grapefruit, Florid Grapes, Californi Raisin grapes. Table grapes. All grapes. Lemons, Californ Lima beans, Californ	iaiawine	grapes		c76.1 c89.2 81.5 c84.9 c82.3 c80.5 c82.4 c78.0 c71.5	c77.0 41.0 c88.0 61.0 c87.0 c84.0 c81.0 c65.0 c81.0	c56.0 66.0 c72.0 79.0 c94.0 c97.0 c91.0 c95.0 c88.0 c84.0	55.0 55.0 64.0 71.0 686.0 681.0 684.0 686.0 682.0	
Apricots, Californa- Avocadoes, Florid Figs, California- Grapes, Californi Raisin grapes Table grapes - All grapes - Lemons, Californ Limas beans, Cali Limes, Florida -	iaia	grapes		c76.1 c89.2 81.5 c84.9 c82.3 c80.5 c82.4 c78.0 c71.5 78.2	c77.0 41.0 c88.0 61.0 c87.0 c84.0 c81.0 c65.0 c81.0 45.0	c56.0 66.0 c72.0 79.0 c94.0 c97.0 c91.0 c95.0 c88.0 c84.0	c57.0 55.0 c64.0 71.0 c86.0 c84.0 c84.0 c86.0 c86.0 c82.0 60.0	
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Apricots, Californa- Avocadoes, Florid Figs, California- Grapes, Californi Raisin grapes. Table grapes. All grapes. Lemons, Californi Imas beans, Californi Limes, Florida Dives, California Dranges, Californi Valencias and n Valencias and n	ia	grapes		c76.1 c89.2 81.5 c84.9 c82.3 c80.5 c82.4 c78.0 c71.5 78.2 c62.1	c77.0 41.0 c88.0 61.0 c87.0 c84.0 c81.0 c65.0 c81.0 45.0 c77.0 c67.0	c56.0 66.0 c72.0 79.0 c94.0 c91.0 c95.0 c88.0 c84.0 78.0 c67.0 c93.0	c57.0 55.0 c64.0 71.0 c86.0 c81.0 c84.0 c82.0 c60.0 c67.0 c93.0	
Apricots, Californ Avocadoes, Floric Figs, California. Grapes, California Grapes, Californi Raisin grapes. Table grapes. All grapes. —emons, Californi ma beans, Cali imes, Florida Dilves, California Oranges, California All oranges.	ia	grapes		c76.1 c89.2 81.5 c84.9 c82.3 c80.5 c82.4 c78.0 c71.5 78.2 c62.1	c77.0 41.0 c88.0 61.0 c87.0 c81.0 c84.0 c65.0 c81.0 c77.0 c67.0 c67.0	c56.0 66.0 c72.0 79.0 c94.0 c91.0 c95.0 c88.0 c84.0 78.0 c67.0 c93.0	c57.0 55.0 c64.0 71.0 c86.0 c81.0 c82.0 c82.0 c67.0 c93.0 c93.0	
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Approved:
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Acting Secretary.

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H. M. T. S. A. Jones, C. F. Sarle, Paul L. Koenig,

	Condition Sep				Production.				
		200	Harve		Indicated !	by Cond.s			
State.	10 - Year Average 1918-27.	1928.	5-Yr.Avg. 1922-26.	1927.	Aug. 1 1928.	Sept. 1 1928.			
	P. C.	P. C.	Thousand	Bushels.	(000 omtt				
Minnesota	b81	83	2,884	3,538	4,699	4,699			
North Dakota	b74	85	44,225	55,916		66,94			
South Dakota	b75	68	13,077	16,401		12,98			
Montana	b77	94	1,515	300	211	240			
Four States	b74.6	81.8	61,702	76,155	84,343	84,86			
	OTHE	R SPRII	NG WHEA	AT.					
Maine	89	83	130	. 72		8			
Vermont	88	81	54	20		2			
New York	83	81	199	222	201	19			
Pennsylvania	b83	77	b171	136	113	110			
Ohio	74	69	139	88	177	14			
Indiana	68	66	70	128	170	148			
Illinois	74	74	1,700	3,888	5,724	5,47			
Michigan	74	80	103	114	89	90			
Wisconsin	77	88	1,089	1,426	1,214	1,32			
Minnesota		82	23,403	14,542	18,575	19,32			
Iowa	75	85	549	636	635	638			
Missouri	72	70	112	120	188	15			
North Dakota		85	59,962	69,054	67,641	74,01			
South Dakota	b63	68	14,813	27,902	21,046	21,00			
Nebraska	68	90	2,778	2,958	2,930	3,24			
Kansas	57	70	86	44	476	47			
Montana	b74	88	36,197	65,652		60,01			
Idaho	82	83	14,592	20,100		19,57			
Wyoming	83	89	2,307	3,440		4,01			
Colorado	74	80	4,526	5,994		7,48			
New Mexico	74	70	635	420		55			
Utah	87	92	2,780	2,790		3,25			
Nevada	87	91	361	364		36			
Washington	67	70	18,378	19,660	11,389	12,10			
Oregon		77	4,595	3,382	3,512	3,77			
United States total	c70.1	82.1	189,660	243,152	228,350	237,60			
	W	INTER	WHEAT.						
United States total	1 1		556,016	553,228	d578.599	4578.59			

United States total			807,378	872,595	891,292	901,07				
CORN.										
Maine	82	87	595	518,	544	58				
New Hampshire	84	86	854	615	612	65				
Vermont	82	88	3,749	3,276	3,517	3,91				
Massachusetts	85	83	2,225	1,886	1,882	1,99				
Rhode Island	88	87	414	380	378	37				
Connecticut	86	82	2,757	2,090	2,268	2,25				
New York	81	77	24,846	22,542	22,792	22,61				
New Jersey	85	79	8,954	7,160	7,203	6,93				
Pennsylvania	84	81	61,570	50,165	57,485	54.02				
Ohio	81	79	144,997	169,720	146,770	138.25				
Indiana	78	79	172,722	132,458	181,217	173,02				
Illinois	77	84	332,457	254,070	360,614	369.01				
Michigan	78	78	56,922	38,995	46,634	49.06				
Wisconsin	82	88	82,636	68,250	84,734	85.85				
Minnesota	79	83	141,324	127,246	142,778	149,47				
Iowa	84	93	427,324	386,986	488,304	493,61				
Missouri	75	84	180,211	172,637	189,478	201,67				
North Dakota	77	79	24,203	23,975	23,317	24,36				
South Dakota	77	66	103,891	134,995	129,626	107.27				
Nebraska	73	62	204,442	291,446	267,275	197,67				
Kansas	60	83	104,466	176,910	181,521	181,35				
Delaware	84	75	4.927	4,725	4.686					
	83	74	22,845	22,660	22,069	3,94				
Maryland	81	79	44,560	47,967		18,99				
Virginia	84	82	17,685	15,109	48,807	45,36				
West Virginia	81	75			14,694	15,25				
North Carolina	72	66	49,697	53,626	45,978	45,39				
South Carolina			24,791	25,449	22,949	21,44				
Georgia	77	63	48,914	54,502	43,252	40,77				
Florida	82	70	9,123	7,449	7,533	6,93				
Kentucky	80	63	89,042	75,010	75,702	70,22				
Tennessee	77	65	72,899	70,656	60,008	59,44				
Alabama	75	63	42,956	47,456	33,895	35,15				
Mississippi	71	60	36,599	34,140	26,401	25,58				
Arkansas	71	70	35,586	36,575	36,303	36,07				
Loufisiana	70	71	21,970	20,318	21,238	21,45				
Oklahoma	65	80	45,975	84,190	73,352	72.73				

	1		Concluded)			
	Condition	Sept. 1.		Produ	uction.	
State.	10 - Year		Harve	ested.	Indicated	by Cond.a
	Average 1918-27.	1928.	5-Yz;Avg. 1922-26.	1927.	Aug. 1 1928.	Sept. 1 1928.
Texas	P. C. 71	P. C.	Thousand	Bushels.	(000 om1	
Montana	72	74 65	80,433 6,625	119,347 7,168	104,845 5,138	101,780 4,720
Idano.	91	85	2,594	3,116	1,937	1,870
Wyoming	82	77	3,362	3,696	3,696	3,400
Colorado	73 74	73	20,584	22,816	26,702 3,343	24,482
Arizona	87	70 76	3,673 995	2,490 1,408	960	3,482
Utah	88	83	543	494	437	403
Nevada	93	95	37	50	50	49
Washington	85	88	2,104	1,591	1,644	1,663
OregonCalifornia	85 87	85 84	2,104 2,219 3,334	2,916 2,464	2,542 2,451	2,547 2,426
United States	76.6	78.4	2,775,634			
		OAT				
Maine New Hampshire	90	86	5,036	4,773	5,012	
Vermont.	91 92	86 82	3,033	429 3,237	3,032	397 2,858
Massachusetts	88	84	315	280	269	265
Rhode Island	89	82	57	64	62	58
Connecticut.	88	85	377	480	530	490
New York New Jersey	84 82	85 79	33,909	35,000 1,764 39,600	35,904	35,114
Pennsylvania	85	86	1,691 37,195 63,177	39 600	38 830	36 705
Ohio	81	85	63,177	60,800	100,035	92,378
Indiana	74	91	54,211	60,800 48,700	1,552 38,839 100,035 95,507 166,997	1,381 36,705 92,378 95,621
Illinois	74 79	86 84	139,400	102,204	166,997	172,891 58,776
Wisconsin	85	90	52,430 104,042	54,170 93,247	62,916 103,293	08,770
Minnesota	81	85	164,978	116,580	147,246	152,633
lowa	84	89	222,517	192.032	225,601	230,728
MISSOUT	1 70 1	82	37,582 64,128	27,710	49.845	49,834
North Dakota	69 78	86 74	75,433	45,688 72,664	04,007	58,213 60,550
Nebraska	74	88	66.478	69,813	77.884	78,936
Kansas	65	78	66,478 34,257	32,477	77,884 41,363	40,424
Delaware	81	93	1 135	116	190	100
Maryland	83	85 83	1,719	1,708 3,999	1,794	1,846
Virginia West Virginia	86	88	4,020 4,755	5,421	1,794 4,338 5,507 4,126	4,407
North Carolina	e19.7	e21.6	5,517	5,733	4.126	5,477 4,126 7,751
South Carolina	e22.8	e23.0	9.031	10.327	7.751	7.751
Georgia		e20.0	8,024	9,282	5,300	5,300
Florida Kentucky	e14.3 80	e17.4 88	281 5,198	121 4.085		
Tennessee	77	80	4,781	3,043		3,808
Alabama Mississippi	e18.6	e17.6	3,341	1.768	1,426	1,426
Mississippi	e18.7	e20.0	1.674	912	860	860
Arkansas	e21.8	e22.0 e24.5	5,364	4,140	4,092	
LouisianaOklahoma	e24.4	e24.5 e26.0	29 548	612 21,128		931
Texas	e26.2	e25.5	44.772	42.063	35.751	26,026 85,751
Montana		87	29,548 44,772 17,966	23,840	20,487	19,279
Idaho	84	84	1 0.029	23,840 6,721 4,560	5,572	6.099
Wyoming	86 80	91 86	4,630 5,623	4,560 5,481	4,423 6,020	4,529
New Mexico	74	60	1,068	660	810	6,192
Arizona	86	76	471	612	513	456
Utah	92	90	2,640	2,142	2,079	2,326
Nevada	89	88	0.77	80	77	70
Washington	77	83 85	9,530 8,884	9,150 10,540	8,200 10,559	8,273 11,361
OregonCalifornia	e29.9	e34.5	4,478	4,190	4,968	4,968
Maland Chatan total	77.0	04.4	1 051 700	1 104 140	1 440 150	1 450 000

United States total... a Indicated production increases or decreases with changing conditions during the season. b Short time average. c All spring Wheat. d Preliminary estimate as of Aug. 1 1928. e Yield per acre in bushels.

84.4 1,351,723 1,184,146 1,442,173 1,453,829

77.2

Foreign Crop Prospects.

The latest available information pertaining to cereal crops in foreign countries, as reported by the Foreign Service of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics to the United States Department of Agriculture at Washington, and given out on Sept. 10, is as follows:

WHEAT.

Wheat production reported to date in 27 foreign countries outside of Russia, and including only the winter crop of Canada total 1,715,014,000 bushels compared with 1,680,282,000 bushels in the same countries last year. Adding the United States the production in all countries reported to date outside of Russia totals 2,616,086 bushels compared with 2,552,877 bushels last year when they accounted for 72% of the estimated world total outside of Russia and China.

There has been some frost damage to the Canadian spring wheat crop, which was previously generally expected to be materially larger than in 1927 although the Canadian Government had put out no forecast of the probable size of the crop. No quantitative estimated of the damage has been published but reports to the Canadian Bureau of Statistics mention serious injury in some sections of Saskatchewan to both yield and grade, and damage to grade in some other sections. In Alberta about 80% of the crop south of Calgary is believed to have escaped damage. In some other parts, damage is reported probably resulting in lowering of grade. The Canadian first official estimate of the size of the spring wheat crop is

to be issued Sept. 11.

In Europe production reported to date in 19 countries outside of Russia totals 1,286,629,000 bushels, an increase of 6.3% over the 1,210,559,000 bushels in those countries last year when they produced about 96% of the total European crop outside of Russia. The quality of the European crop is generally reported to be good. Russian wheat production is officially estimated at 749,564,000 bushels compared with 749,197,000 bushels last year, but a decrease of 19% in Russian rye production reduces the bread grain crop to about 11% below last year when only about 7 million bushels of wheat were exported and imports during the current summer may have

offset these exports. North African wheat production in 3 countries where North African durum is grown totals 64,301,000 bushels, an increase of 4.7% over production in those countries last year.

In the Orient increased crops in Japan, in the Shanghai region of China and in Manchuria are partially offset by small crops in the Tientsin and Chefoo regions.

Wheat acreage in Argentina is reported to be somewhat above last year and conditions so far have been favorable. In Australia additional rainfall is needed in the eastern wheat growing regions, but conditions are satisfactory in western Australia.

Rye production in 16 foreign countries reporting outside of Russia to date including only winter rye in Canada, totals 659,188,000 bushels compared with 668,793,000 bushels in those countries last year. Adding the estimated United States crop, the total for all countries reported outside of Russia equals 702,462 bushels compared with 727,178 bushels in those countries last year when they produced about 82% of the estimated world total outside of Russia. Russian rye production is estimated at 783,420,000 bushels compared with 967,700,000 bushels in 1927.

FEED GRAINS

Total foreign production of the three feed grains, barley, oats and corn, reported to date outside of Russia is not quite 3% larger than last year's crop, but about 1% below the 1926 production in those countries. European production reported to date outside of Russia is not quite 2% greater than the small crop in 1927. These figures do not include barley and oats production in Poland and France or corn production in Rumania, Yugoslavia, Italy or Spain. With the possible exception of Spain, the corn crops of these countries are expected to be very small, so total European feed grain production outside of Russia may not be far different from last year's inadequate crop, although estimates are still to incomplete for an accurate indication. Russian production of oats and barley is above last year's poor crop and larger than the average of the past few years. The corn crop here, also, is expected to be small, and so may reduce the total somewhat. It would have to be a large reduction, however, to bring total Russian total feed grain production below last year, since the corn crop is small in comparison with oats and barley.

Barley production reported to date in 22 foreign countries outside of

Barley production reported to date in 22 foreign countries outside of Russia totals 694,049,000 bushels compared with 643,295,000 bushels in the same countries last year. In addition, the Russian crop is estimated at 261,796,000 bushels compared with last year's small crop of 214,900,000 bushels.

bushels.

Outs production now reported in 18 foreign countries totals 915,604,000 bushels compared with 903,241,000 bushels in 1927. Most of this total is in Europe, for which less than half of the crop is reported to date. European production reported outside of Russia is about 1% greater than last year and about 3% below production in 1926. Russian oats production is estimated at 1,109,189,000 bushels compared with 898,400,000 bushels

Corn production in Hungary, Bulgaria and Czechoslovakia, the only foreign countries reported to date, totals 81,610,000 bushels, a decrease of 19% from production in those countries last year. The Bulgarian forecast, which is nearly 39% above last year, was made before the drought and heat wave which caused much damage to the crop, and will probably be revised down materially later. In the other two countries the crop is placed 32 to 34% below last year. The crop in other European countries with the possible exception of Spain is expected to be below last year.

GRAINS-PRODUCTION, AVERAGE 1909-1913, ANNUAL 1925-1928.

Crop and Countries Reported in 1928(a).	Average 1909-1913.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928 Prelimin'y.
Wheat— United States Canada, winter only Mexico, revised	1,000 bu. 690,108 21,466 11,481	1,000 bu. 676,429 23,325 9,213	1,000 bu. 831,040 21,785 10,333	1,000 bu. 872,595 22,266 11,890	1,000 bu. 901,072 21,445 11,332
North America (3)	723,055	708,967	863,158	906,751	933,849
Total Europe reported 1928	1,309,267	1,341,627	1,158,851	1,210,559	1,286,629
Est. European total, ex- cluding Russia	1,348,000	1,390,000	1,208,000	1,262,000	44 201
Asia (3)	58,385 383,827	68,354 371,047	52,769 363,598	61,392 374,175	64,301 331,307
Total above countr's (28) Est. North. Hemis. total,	2,474,534	2,489,995	2,438,376	2,552,877	2,616,086
excl. Russia and China. Est. world total, excl. Rus-	2,759,000	3,026,000	2,981,000	3,136,000	
sia and China	3,041,000 758,941	3,389,000 730,090	3,421,000 819,744	3,539,000 749,197	749,564
United States Canada, winter only	36,093 2,094	46,456 7,485	40,795 10,008	58,811 11,574	43,274 12,031
North America (2) Total Europe reported 1928	38,187	53,941	50,803	70,385	55,305
Est. European total, excl.	786,916	763,133	615,167	653,219	647,157
Russia	978,000	938,000	747,000	798,000	
Total above countr's (17) Est. North. Hemis. total,	825,103	817,074	665,970	727,178	702,462
excl. Russia and China. Est. world total, excl. Rus-	1,023,000	1,000,000	807,000	878,000	
sia and China Russia, present boundaries Barley—	1,025,000 735,505	1,007,000 877,500	812,000 903,100	887,000 967,700	783,420
U. S. other than California	37,690 147,122	32,550 181,313		*264,392	*346,027
Total Europe reported 1928	482,542	457,884	467,779	460,761	
Est. European total, excl. Russia	701,000	689,000	690,000	681,000	
Africa (4)	95,600 128,027	94,859 131,831	57,257 126,382	75,662 106,872	90,435 105,654
Asia (2) Total North. Hemis. reported 1928 (23)	890,981	898,437	836,323		. 14
Est. North. Hemis. total. excl. Russia and China.	1,047,000	1,456,000	1,402,000	1,467,000	
Est. world total, excl. Russia and China	1,425,000	1,492,000 279,200		1,500,000 214,900	261,796
Oats— United States	1,143,407	1,487,550	1,246,848	1,184,146	1,453,829
Total Europe reported 1928 (15)Est. European total, excl	974,994	846,940	929,474	888,604	899,380
RussiaAfrica (3)	1,931,000	1,792,000 19,509	1,992,000	1,845,000 14,637	16,224
Total North. Hemis. re	2,136,032				
Est. North. Hemis. total excl. Russia and China	3.474.000	3,729,000	3,592,000	3,513,000	
Est. world total, excl. Russia and China Russia, present boundarie	_ 3.581.000	3,848,000 797,800	3,699,000	3,608,000	1,109,189
United States	2,712,364	2,916,961	2,692,217	2,773,70	2,930,586
Hungary Bulgaria Czechoslovakia	- 60,813 26,277	87,971 25,828	76,548	68,34	45,037 4 28,581
Total Europe reporte	95,488	125,839			
Est. European total, excl Russia	581,000				
Total North. Hemis. reported 1928 (4) Est. North. Hemis. total	_ 2,807,852				
excl. Russia Est. world total, excl. Rus	3,681,000 4,126,000	3,903,000 4,522,000	3,737,000	3,638,00 4,310,00	0

a Figures in parenthesis indicate the number of countries included. *Includes California.

Transactions in Grain Futures during August on Chicago Board of Trade and Other Markets.

Revised figures showing the volume of trading in grain futures on the Board of Trade of the City of Chicago, by days, during the month of August, together with monthly totals for all "contract markets," as reported by the Grain Futures Administration of the United States Department of Agriculture, were made public Sept. 7 by L. A. Fitz, Grain Exchange Supervisor at Chicago. For the month of August 1928 the total transactions at all markets reached 1,897,-121,000 bushels, compared with 2,098,753,000 bushels in the same month last year. On the Chicago Board of Trade the transactions in August this year amounted to 1,604,222,000 bushels, against 1,817,508,000 bushels in August last year. Below we give the details for August—the figures representing sales only, there being an equal volume of purchases.

VOLUME OF TRADING. Expressed in Thousands of Bushels, i. e. (000) Omitted.

Date-August, 1928.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley.	Flaz.	Total.
1	34,157	27,044	2,762	1,475			65,438
2	19,548	26,328	1,719	1,159			48,754
3	36,395	29,129	1,770	782			68,076
4	28,375	20,435	1.336	1,036			51,182
5 Sunday	20,010	20,200	2,000	2,000			01,102
6	35,787	29,054	2,355	1,649			68,844
7	39,776	20,866	2,673	1,897			65,212
8	57,622	23,391	3,581	2,755			87,349
9	40,714	23,756	2,372	2,688			69,530
10	56,666	28,630	3.001	2,276			90,573
11	30,317	36,611	2,702	2,432			72,062
12 Sunday							
13	33,190	35,116	3,080	1,285			72,671
14	48,688	20,709	2,200	1,512			73,109
15	29,423	22,446	2,705	1,544			56,118
16	26,279	16,976	2,407	1,380			47,042
17	25,606	16,648	2,632	715			45,601
18	10,337	12,681	2,067	693			25,778
19 Sunday	10,001	10,001	2,001	000			20,110
20	30.782	14,804	3,556	1,057			50,199
21	39,378	20,641	2.764	1,476			64,259
22	35,998	14,374	3,706	1,199			55,277
23	45,320	12,484	4,922	1,464			64,190
24	36,332	11,374	3,795	688			52,189
	21,707	7.523	2,403	823			32,456
25 26 Sunday	21,101	1,020	2,100	020			02,100
27	24.043	12,549	3,123	727			40,442
28	38,247	26,964	5,203	1,262			71,676
29	38,429	25,316	2,731	1,218			67,694
30	26,236	19,505	2,485	889			49,115
	29,682		3,670	891			49,386
31	29,002	10,140	0,010	091			40,000
Chicago Board of Tr	919,034	570,497	77,720	36,971			1,604,222
Chicago Open Board	31,337	12,637	320	12			44,306
Minneapolis C. of C	84,329		6,818	3,830	12,097	1,940	109,014
Kansas City Bd. of Tr.	74,399						103,188
Duluth Board of Trade.	*18,150			4,926	1,606	1,648	26,330
St. Louis Mer. Ex.	2,066	818		-,0-0			2,884
Milwaukee C. of C	1.871	2,689	817	216			5,593
Seattle Mer. Ex.	1,538		011				1,538
Los. Angeles Gr. Exch.	1,000				46		46
							0
San Francisco C. of C.							
Total all markets	1,132,724	615,430	85.675	45,955	13,749	3.588	1,897,121
Total all mkts. year ago	1.144.080	712.310	166,568	65,695			2,098,753
Total Chicago year ago.	958.235	671.864	141,481			-,	1,817,508
* Dummy wheat with				20,020			-,0,1000

• Durum wheat with the exception of 48 wheat.

OPEN CONTRACTS IN FUTURES ON THE CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE
FOR AUGUST, 1928 (BUSHELS).

August, 1928.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Total.
1	*102459000	72,834,000	*22,296,000	9,214,000	*206,803,000
2	102,916,000	*72,314,000	22,613,000	9.109.000	206,952,000
3	103,778,000	74,299,000	23,062,000	9,018,000	210,157,000
4	103,277,000	74,564,000	23,229,000	8,922,000	209,992,000
5 Sunday					
6	104,549,000	77,409,000	23,702,000	8,673,000	214,333,000
7	102,604,000	78,008,000	24,193,000	*8,443,000	213,248,000
8	105,671,000	79,186,000	24,983,000	8,453,000	218,293,000
9	105,832,000	79,066,000	25,297,000	8,992,000	219,187,000
10	108,483,000		25,950,000	9,175,000	225,847,000
11	107,807,000	81,064,000	26,461,000	9,014,000	224,346,000
12 Sunday					
13	110,184,000			8,951,000	227,389,000
14	111,039,000			8,699,000	228,934,000
15	112,327,000			8,893,000	230,763,000
16	112,703,000			9,130,000	229,860,000
17	112,995,000			9,151,000	231,396,000
18	112,914,000	81,026,000	27,723,000	9,034,000	230,697,000
19 Sunday					
20	115,809,000		28,037,000	9,229,000	233,413,000
21	117,416,000			9,213,000	235,475,000
22				a9,320,000	236,051,000
23	119,577,000			9,077,000	a238, 103,00
24	a119886000		28,351,000	9,009,000	237,361,000
25	119,695,000	80,190,000	28,947,600	9,089,000	237,921,000
26 Sunday					
27 p				9,037,000	237,458,000
28				9,146,000	234,100,000
29				9,098,000	231,258,000
30				9,041,000	
31	112,739,000	78,531,000	a29,723,000	9,012,000	230,005,000
Average-					
August 1928			26,765,000	9,005,000	226,256,000
August 1927				11,163,000	207,096,000
July 1928	90,257,000			10,381,000	202,618,000
June 1928	92,547,000			10,249,000	
May 1928	104,123,000	82,361,000		7,763,000	
April 1928				8,551,000	240,251,000
March 1928				8,355,000	
February 1928					
January 1928					
December 1927				9,746,000	
November 1927					214,711,000
October 1927					
September 1927	80,043,000	69,773,000	35,944,000	10,645,000	180,400,000

* Low. & High.

Wheat Pool Distribution in Saskatchewan—Members Receive Interest on Reserve Credits With Adjustment for 1926.

From the Montreal "Gazette" we take the following Regina advices Sept. 1:

The sum of \$1,070,786.82 is being distributed to members of the Saskatchewan wheat and coarse grains pools today from the head office, Regina, covering interest on reserve credits to grower members and adjustment of

Since the formation of the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool in 1924 a deduction of two cents per bushel has been made in accordance with the terms of the grower's contract, for the purpose of acquiring elevator facilities. Likewise, a deduction varying from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1% of the gross selling price of pool grain has been made each year for the purpose of setting up a commercial reserve. These deductions have been credited to the individual accounts of pool members at head office, and each member has received a statement each year setting forth the amount of the deductions credited

to his account from the preceding crop.

All told, these deductions have enabled Saskatchewan Pool Elevators, Ltd., the grain handling subsidiary of the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool, to acquire elevator facilities roughly valued at \$21,000,000. Pool members have been informed right along that at the close of the first contract period, which ended July 31 of this year, they would be paid interest, in cash, on the elevator deductions at the rate of 6% with interest compounded annually. The delegate body which controls the policies of the pool organization in Saskatchewan, also decided that interest at the rate of 5% should be credited to growers on the deductions for commercial reserve, this interest to date as from Sept. 1 1927. Prior to the crop of 1927, interest received on the commercial reserve was retained and credited against operating expenses, thereby increasing the net final payment to the grower

Of the total sum of \$1,070,786.82 paid out today by the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool, \$838,120.56 is interest on the elevator deductions and com-The balance, amounting to \$232,666.26 is a credit balance due the members of the Saskatchewan wheat and coarse grains pools

after the disposal of the carry-over from the 1926 pool.

World Cotton Consumption and Mill Stocks.

World mill consumption of American cotton for the six months ending July 31 1928 was 7,181,000 bales as compared with 8,357,000 bales for the corresponding period last year, according to a cablegram to the Foreign Service of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics from the International Federation of Master Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers' Associations. Mill stocks of American cotton on July 31 were 2,112,000 bales as compared with 3,056,000 on July 31 1927.

The report goes on to say that the decrease in consumption the past season of American, Indian, and Egyptian cotton from the previous season was partly offset by an increase in consumption of other growths so that the world's total consumption was 25,540,000 bales or only 601,000 bales less than the previous season. World mill stocks of all cotton on July 31 were 4,787,000 bales as compared with 5,407,000 on July 31 1927, and 4,498,000 on July 31 1926. Mill stocks of Indian cotton at the beginning of this season (1928-29) were higher than a year ago, but American and Egyptian declined, the decline in American being 944,000 bales or 31%.

COTTON-WORLD MILL CONSUMPTION AND MILL STOCKS. (Lint cotton in running bales.)

Post of	Mill Consumption.						
Period.	American.	Indian.	Egyptian.	Others.	Total.		
Half-Year Ending-		2 000 000	****				
July 31—1927		2,378,000 2,220,000	506,000 467,000		13,412,000		
Year Ending—	7,181,000	2,220,000	407,000	2,685,000	12,553,000		
July 31—1926	13,730,000	5,572,000	921,000	4.458,000	24,681,000		
1927	15,780,000	5,196,000	993,000	4,172,000	26,141,000		
1928	15,407,000	4,523,000	956,000	4,654,000	25,540,000		
			Mill Stocks				
July 31—1926	1,969,000	1,589,000	201,000	739,000	4,498,000		
1927		1,515,000		626,000	5,407,00		

2,112,000 1,728,000 170,000 777,000 4,787,000 Source: Reports of International Federation of Master Cotton Spinners' and Innufacturers' Associations, Manchester, England.

Census Report on Cotton Consumed in July.

Under date of Sept. 14 1928 the Census Bureau issued its report showing cotton consumed, cotton on hand, active cotton spindles, and imports and exports of cotton for the month of August 1928 and 1927. Cotton consumed amounted to 526,729 bales of lint and 68,165 bales of linters, compared with 634,520 bales of lint and 76,210 bales of linters in August 1927, and 438,743 bales of lint and 62,921 bales of linters in July 1928. It will be seen that there is a decrease from August 1927 in the total lint and linters combined of 115.836 bales, or 16.3%. The following is the statement complete:

Cotton on hand in consuming establishments on Aug. 31 amounted to 782,068 bales, compared with 1,007 bales on July 31 and 1,120,784 on

Aug. 31 1927. Cotton on ha nd on public storage and at compre totaled 1,188,861 bales contrasted with 1,189,565 bales in the previous month and 2,172,945 bales in the corresponding period last year.

Active spindles in August totaled 28,243,508 compared with 28,228,024 in July and 32,292,404 in Aug. 1927.

There were 259,489 bales of domestic cotton exported during August, as compared with 341,849 bales in July and 340,311 bales a year ago.

Imports of foreign cotton for the month of August amounted to 25,258 bales as against 18,473 500lb. bales a month ago and 28,041 500-lb. bales in Aug. 1927.

Linters consumed during August aggregated 68,165 bales compared with 62,921 bales in July and 76,210 bales a year ago. There were 132,897 bales, on hand in consuming establishments on Aug. 21, against 159,894

bales a month ago and 172,222 bales last year. The number of bales in public storage and at compressors on Aug. 31 totaled 38,091 compared with 44,569 in July, and 44,667 in Aug. 1927.

Meeting in Memphis of Representatives of Cotton Co-operative Associations with Department of Agriculture Officials to Develop Research Program.

Representatives of leading co-operative cotton-marketing associations throughout the South and Southwest, representing approximately 118,000 cotton growers, met Sept. 4 at Memphis, Tenn., with officials of the United States Department of Agriculture for a two-day conference in connection with developing the Department's program of research, service and educational work in the co-operative marketing of cotton. The conference was called by Secretary Jardine under the provisions of the Co-operative Marketing Act, which provides for the holding of conferences with representatives of various co-operative associations for the purpose of discussing specific problems pertaining to the development and operation of agricultural co-operatives.

Chris L. Christensen, head of the Division of Co-Operative Marketing, stated that the aim of the conference was two-

(1) To afford an opportunity for the leaders in the co-operative move ment to get together in an informal way in order to review in detail the progress of co-operative marketing of cotton to date and consider further objectives and policies; and (2) to assist the department in expanding and strengthening its program of research, service and educational work relative to co-operative marketing of cotton.

The conference reviewed in detail the progress and accomplishments of co-operative cotton marketing; the economic services that cotton co-operatives can advantageously perform in the interest of the growers will be discussed; and problems connected with production credit, the ownership and operation of gins co-operatively, and other problems were studied. Attention was also given to price and sales policies and the membership problems of cotton co-operatives.

The Memphis "Commercial Appeal" of Sept. 6 in an item relative to the Conference said in part:

Cotton growers associations throughout the cotton belt are now on a sounder basis for furthering their work than at any previous time, it was said yesterday, following the close of a two days' conference of association leaders here yesterday afternoon. The conference exchanged ideas on organization methods and work and in many ways was the most unusual yet held in Memphis. There was no fixed program, no officers were elected no orators spoke, no prepared papers were read, no minutes of meetings kept and newspaper men were distinctly told that publicity was not being

Those attending the conference seemed to think that good to the organ-

izations would result from the informal discussions.

"Nothing has occurred during the two days' conference that would be of interest to the public in the slightest degree," said Alfred H. Stone, extensive cotton grower of Dunleith, Miss., and Vice-Pres., of the Staple Cotton Growers' Association. "We did not come here seeking publicity or to attempt to put over anything. It is merely an informal conference among the various cotton growers' associations to swap ideas and to further our efforts to organize the cotton growers as other farmers are being organized to secure better marketing facilities and fair prices.

'As to what benefits will accrue from the conference, it would be impossible to forecast. Many suggestions have been made and it will be up to the individual organizations to put them into effect. We have had no speeches, no papers were read and no attempt to pass resolutions made.

Issues of interest have been discussed in round table fashion.

"I can not say that progress has been made in furthering the growth of the associations. Figures shown on Government charts at the conference do not indicate growth. But I do believe that the organizations are now upon a sounder basis for furthering this growth."

The opinion voiced by Mr. Stone was concurred in generally by others attending the conference. They said that representatives from the Cooperative Marketing Bureau of the Department of Agriculture had been present to offer any suggestions possible to aid the promoters of the cotton associations and these representatives led generally in the discussions. One

of the number, Chris L. Christensen, presided over the meetings.

Yesterday afternoon the session discussed methods of increasing interest in the associations and building membership. Suggestions were offered by most all of the attendants and to break the monotony of technical talks Sam L. Morley, manager of the Oklahoma Cotton Association, made a humorous talk, which enlivened the closing session.

Falling Off in Production of Standard Cotton Cloths.

The Association of Cotton Textile Merchants of New York made public Sept. 10 its statistical report on the production and sale of standard cotton cloths during August. The report covers a period of five weeks. Production during the month amounted to 302,470,000 yards. Average weekly production for the five weeks was 60,494,000 yards, as compared with an average weekly production of 72,275,000 yards for the first six months of the year.

Sales amounted to 340,810,000 yards, or 112.7% of production. Shipments amounted to 324,073,000 yards, or 107.1% of production. Stocks on hand at the end of the month were 441,667,000 yards, or 4.6% less than at the beginning of the month. Unfilled orders on Aug. 31 were 288,964,000 yards, an increase of 6.1% as compared with unfilled orders on Aug. 1. These statistics on the manu

facture and sale of standard cotton goods are compiled from data supplied by 23 groups reporting through the Association of Cotton Textile Merchants of New York and the Cotton-Textile Institute, Inc. The statistics cover upwards of 300 classifications or constructions of standard cotton cloths and represent a large part of the total production of these fabrics in the United States.

Cottonseed Oil Production During August.

On Sept. 12 the Bureau of the Census issued the following statement showing cottonseed received, crushed and on hand and cottonseed products manufactured, shipped out, on hand, and exports during the month of August, 1928 and

COTTON SEED RECEIVED, CRUSHED AND ON HAND (TONS).

	Received at Mills.* Aug. 1 to Aug. 31.		Crushed Aug. 1 to Aug. 31.		On Hand at Mills Aug. 31.	
State.	1928.	1927.	1928.	1927.	1928.	1927.
GeorgiaLouisiana	2,820 2,960	33,963 11,760	771 1.052	21,614 6.027	2,523 2,025	14,731 16,361
Mississippi Texas.	912 160,649	17,959 185,575	3,881 65,238	18,593 96,579	1,031 108,453	12,037 $122,927$
All other	2,157	26,248	2,853	17,043	3,452	39,377
United States	169,498	275,505	73,795	159,856	117,484	205,433

* Includes seed destroyed at mills but not 21,781 tons and 89,784 tons on hand Aug. 1, nor 440 tons and 3,971 tons reshipped for 1928 and 1927, respectively. COTTONSEED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURED, SHIPPED OUT AND ON HAND.

Item.	Season.	On Hand Aug. 1.	Produced Aug. 1 to to Aug. 31.	Shipped Out Aug. 1 to Aug.1-Aug.31	On Hand Aug. 31.
Crude oil	1928-29	*19,456,834	20,863,435	22,395,687	*15,345,913
(pounds)	1927-28	16,296,641	46,157,477	38,152,971	25,735,836
Refined oil	1928-29	a335,405,666	b19,677,491	******	a236,220,426
(pounds)	1927-28	378,612,700	33,253,044		272,955,432
Cake and meal	1928-29	32,601	34,760		19,794
(tons)	1927-28		72,264		44,142
Hulls	1928-29	30,571	20,497		26,601
(tons)	1927-28		45,334		
Linters	1928-29	42,697	13,948		40,103
	1927-28		24,789		28,658
Hull fiber	1928-29	2,118		138	1,980
(500 lb. bales)		21,930		736	21,194
Grab's, motes,&c	1928-29	1,748	641		1,112
(500 lb. bales) _	1927-28	1,842	782	909	1,715

* Includes 2,295,178 and 1,186,561 pounds held by refining and manufacturing establishments and 3,290,651 and 1,820,600 pounds in transit to refiners and consumers Aug. 1 1928 and Aug. 31 1928, respectively.

a Includes 7,524,641 and 4,941,657 pounds held by refiners, brokers, agents, and warehousemen at places other than refineries and manufacturing establishments and 9,895,141 and 14,162,703 pounds in transit to manufacturers of lard substitute oleomargarine, soap, &c., Aug. 1 1928 and Aug. 31 1928, respectively.

b Produced from 21,807,548 pounds crude oil.

EXPORTS OF COTTONSEED PRODUCTS FOR 12 MOS. ENDING JULY 31

Item-	1928.	1927.
Oil crude, pounds	48,412,778	40,550,191
Refined, poundsCake and meal, tons	10,267,237 308,770	19,914,658 501,073
Linters, running bales	193,232	257,324

Opening of National Raw Silk Exchange, Inc.

Trading on America's first silk futures market—the newly organized National Raw Silk Exchange, Inc.—was brought under way on Sept. 11, when President Paolino Gerli formally declared it open for trading in silk futures. opening of the exchange was witnessed by a gathering which filled every foot of standing room on the trading floor. The rostrum was covered with floral offerings from well-wishers and the bulletin boards covered with telegrams, cablegrams and radiograms from silk interests in all parts of the country, Europe and Asia. Vice-President Jerome Lewine presided at the opening call, and as the bell sounded and the first month to be traded in-October-was announced, there was a rush of bids and offers. The honor of making the first transaction fell to J. Chester Cuppoa of E. A. Pierce & Co., who bought one lot (five bales) of raw silk for October delivery from Floyd Keeler of Orvis Bros. & Co., at \$4.95 per pound. December on the call sold at the same price. January sold at \$4.96 and March at \$4.97. It was stated that trading was in good volume during the morning and the machinery of the exchange worked smoothly.

President Gerli expressed himself as well pleased with the result of the early trading. Prior to the opening a bale of silk from Japan, donated by President Gerli, was auctioned off for the benefit of the United Hospitals fund. Vice-President Lewine was the successful bidder, the bale being knocked down to him for \$1,600. He announced that the bale would be resold for charity.

Coincident with the opening of the exchange, the National Raw Silk Exchange Clearing Association, of which Wm. R. Craig is President, began functioning. The clearing house is located in the same building with the exchange, in the Grace National Bank Building, at 58-60 Water Street.

In its account of the transactions on the exchange on the

opening day, the "Journal of Commerce" had the following to say in part:

The first day's market proved a satisfactory one from the standpoint both of breadth and stability, the day's sales amounting to more than \$900,-000 on prices that moved downward slightly within an extremely narrow range. Although there was a lull during the middle hours, the floor brokers were kept busy during the morning and during the last hour. . . .

On the exchange there was spirited trading until noon, 93 contracts being sold during the first half hour and 67 during the hour between 11 and 12. In the next two hours only 13 contracts were sold. The final hour of the day saw a pick-up of interest, however, and a rush at the closing brought the trading for this hour up to 124 bales, making the total for the day 297 lots, or 1,485 bales. In view of the fact that a 2,000-bale day is considered heavy trading on the Yokohama Bourse, the traders were well pleased with the showing here.

An interesting sidelight in the morning trading was the active participation of Harold Bache, of J. S. Bache & Co. Mr. Bache is a member of several other commodity exchanges, but this was the first occasion on which he has acted directly on the floor.

Price Fluctuations Narrow.

After the first flood of bids at the opening, many of which were believed by those on the floor to be "courtesy" transactions carried through by friends of he exchange, prices dropped two or three points to levels near which they stayed for the rest of the day. Closing ranges were uniformly at the day's lows for all positions.

While there was only one transaction in February and very little more activity in November, all the other months were fairly active. December and January were particularly active, trading in December alone amounting to 200 bales, with a money value of approximately \$15,000.

The range of prices was in line with what had been expected by well in-formed traders before the market opened. It had been predicted freely that the quotations would fall somewhere between \$4.85 and \$5, the influence of higher prices reported by cable from Japan being sufficient to push the actual bids to the higher levels within that range in the early morning and to hold them about half way between during the rest of the day. prices for the various grades were five points or so higher in most of the market, although exact quotations were hard to get because of disagreement among the traders both as to the situation and as to the precise meaning of the various classifications.

Comparison Difficult.

For somewhat the same reason the traders disagreed among themselevs as to how closely the prices conformed to the price quoted in the Japanese markets. Some dealers were inclined to believe that the prices here are a little low as compared with spot prices on the Yokohama basis, while others believed that conditions in the Orient were reflected accurately. Comparison with the Yokohama Bourse is difficult because of the fact that the basic grade in Yokohama, which is somewhat lower than the basic grade on the exchange here, does not conform exactly to any of the New York deliverable grades but approximately fits between grades E and F.

Officials of the exchange expressed themselves as well pleased with the action of prices. Even including the opening bids, which were admittedly out of line with the day's market, the extreme range of the various positions was only five points. This represents only a trifle more than 1% of the value of a pound of silk.

Another factor which aroused some comment was the amount of higgling and bargaining over single point differences in the trading around the ring. In the actual spot spot, prices vary five to 10 points during a day as a regular thing, a variation of 1c. in a pound of silk being regarded as of Observers were inclined to account for the close bidding by pointing out that virtually all of the day's trading was done by brokers who have been used to trading on other commodity exchanges where a variation of 1c. a pound is extremely important. They believe that after a time, somewhat wider jumps between bids may be expected. In cotton, they point out a fluctuation of 1c. a pound would amount to \$500 on a contract, which calls for 50,000 pounds, whereas on silk a fluctuation of 1c. a pound would amount to only \$6.50 on a contract which calls for only 650 pounds.

Future Quotations.

The following are the opening, closing, highest and lowest of the day:

	High.	Low.	Closing.
October	4.96	4.92	4.92 - 4.93
November	4 93	4.92	4.91 - 4.93
December	4 95	4.90	4.90-4.91
January	4 97	4.92	4.91-4.92
February	4 02	4.92	4.91-4.93
March	4.07	4.92	4.91-4.92
April	4.07	4.91	4.91-
Opening call: October, 4.95; December	4.04 4	07. Ton	4.01
4.97; March, 4.97; April, 4.97.	, 4.94-4	.97; Jan	uary, 4.90—
4.91, March, 4.91; April, 4.91.			
Market opened steady; closed steady.			
Transactions: 1,485 bales (297 contracts			
Spot market: Steady, crack double extra	4.90-5	.07.	
Japan Markets-Yo	kohama.		
Spot:			
	Set	ot. 11.	Sept. 19
Sales, bales	3	080	1500
Settlements, bales		000	1500
Market tone	A	*irro	Firm
Price (Saiyu), yen	All	200	1295
Von ovohomoo (00 do)	1		46%
Yen exchange (90 days)	4	61/2	4078
Futures:		Closina	_ Ven

September
October
November
December
January
Sales, 815 bales.
Stocks in Yokohama, 32,380 bales.

It was announced prior to the opening of the Exchange that virtually every important branch of the silk industry, both here and abroad, would be represented on the exchange, whose membership embraces silk and commission house interests in European countries, Japan and China as well as the United States. President Gerli, in his address before the opening of the National Raw Silk Exchange, said in

The purposes of this exchange are set forth in our Act of Incorporation:

The purposes of this exchange are set forth in our Act of Incorporation:

To provide, regulate and maintain an exchange and to furnish facilities
to its members for the purchase and sale of raw silk and the products and
by-products thereof, to establish just and equitable principles in the business
carried on by and between its members; to maintain uniformity in rules,
regulations and usages in the business to acquire, preserve and disseminate
useful information in connection with the business throughout all markets;
to decrease local risks attendant upon the business; and generally, to promote and facilitate the business of buying, selling, dealing with and dealing

in the above mentioned products and to create among the members facilities with which such or similar business may be conducted.

The silk business in this country is one of its greatest producing in-estries. Its annual volume reaches the approximate stupendous figure of one billion dollars. Imports of raw silk and its by-products average close to five hundred million dollars yearly. Hundreds of millions of dollars re-present the capital invested in the silk industry in America.

I hardly need mention the advantages which we firmly believe the operation of the exchange offers not only to the silk industry of our country, but to every other slik producing country of the world. Japan, China, Italy, France, Great Britain, Switzerland, Germany, our neighbor Canada. To all of them we offer the facilities permitted under our by-laws and rules, because all of them have thriving slik industries, whose problems and whose risks are akin to our own.

At 1 p. m. on the opening day, the Board of Governors of the exchange were hosts at a luncheon at India House attended by representatives of the Japanese, French and Chinese Governments, bankers, officials of the Silk Association of America and officers of local security and commodity exchanges. President Gerli was toastmaster.

An item regarding the rates of commission, the limitations of price fluctuations, &c., appeared in our issue of Sept. 8, page 1318. The following summary bearing on the organization and functions of the Exchange is made available by the Exchange:

Incorporated.—April 5 1928, under membership corporation law.

No. of members, 265.
Location.—58-60 Water Street, New York City.
Date of Opening.—Sept. 11 1928.
Unit of Trading.—Five bales, equivalent to 650 pounds.
Number of Months traded in.—Seven during Sept. 1928, eight thereafter. Fluctuations.—In full cents, limited to fifty cents from previous day's

-10:30 a. m. to 3 p. m., Saturdays 10:30 a Grades of Silk Deliverable Against Contracts.—Ten, 13-15 Denier—white—grades A, B, C, D, E, and F; 20-22 Denier—white—grades W and X;

20-22 Denier—yellow—grades Y and Z.
Basis Grade.—Grade D.
Rates of Commission.—Below \$6 per pound, \$6.25; from \$6 to \$7 per

pound, \$7.50; above \$7 per pound \$9.
Officers of Exchange.—Paelino Gerli, President; Jerome Lewine, 1st
Vice-Pres., Oscar Heineman, 2nd Vice-Pres.; J. C. Cuppia, Treas.; A. H.

Board of Governors.—Paoline Gerli, Jerome Lewine, J. C. Cuppia, William R. Craig, Frederick D. Huntington, Louis Kahn, Charles Muller, George A. Post, A. Salembier, August Schierenberg, Charles V. V. Smillie, Benjamin Van Raalte and Douglas Walker.

Officers of Clearing House.—Wm. R. Craig, Pres., August Schierenberg, Vice-Pres., John P. Sullivan, Sec. & Treas.

Following the opening of the Exchange on Sept. 11, the sale of two memberships, one at a new high price, was announced on Sept. 12 by Secretary Korndorfer. Edwin S. Bayer sold his membership to Harold L. Bache, of J. S. Bache & Co., for another, for \$6,000, unchanged from the previous sale. Sukezo Ymada, of the Gosho Corp., sold his extra membership to Sylvan E. Weil, of H. Hentz & Co., for another, for \$6,750, an advance of \$750 over the previous sale. National Raw Silk Exchange memberships were sold at \$2,500 each when the exchange was organized in April and the above sale represents an advance of \$4,250 in price, or 170%. On the basis of the sale at \$6,750 the 265 seats in the exchange have a combined value of \$1,788,750, against an original investment as of \$662,500, or an increase of \$1,126,250.

Cuba Sugar Restriction Believed Near End-Reported Abandonment of Paris Conference—Removal of Preferential Tariff Threatened by Domestic Sugar Producers' Association.

It was stated in the "Journal of Commerce" of Sept. 8 that although no official statement has been made to support the belief now generally entertained in the sugar trade that Cuba has definitely abandoned her experiment with restricting output to stabilize market values, the fact that the international conference of sugar producers, including Java, which was to be held in Paris early next month has been ealled off seems to have settled all doubt as to Cuba's intentions. The item quoted went on to say:

Official and private advices that the Cuban Government would place no restriction on the island's 1929 production have been accepted with reserve by a considerable section of the trade, on the theory that such utterances were put out largely for foreign consumption. The threat to remove all restrictions, it was held, would provide Cuba with a powerful argument to induce Europe and Java to subscribe to a binding plan for curtailment of would production to proportions close to world consumption requirements. This would permit of the universally desired stabilization of prices on a

It seems evident now that Cuba has become convinced she can obtain no real support from other producing countries and has given up the attempt about stabilization by world-wide co-operaion. In this

tion, Alex von Gontard of T. Barbour & Co., said yesterday:

"It is reported that Col. Tarafa and the representatives of European countries taking part in last year's international sugar conferences have abandoned the new meeting which was to take place in October. such circumstances it seems that no efforts will be made anywhere to limit production or to apportion the exports of sugar, and a fight for the survival of the fittest may result, leaving little change for higher market values in the near future, unless adverse weather conditions in some important producing centers should set in. Much will depend upon consumption, which at present is not very encouraging in our country, although European advices have been very satisfactory this year. Furthermore, the great mas

Russia and Asia may develop a surprising absorbing power under the in-

fluence of the present low prices.

"From a speculative point of view it is well to remember that current values of, say, 23/c. c. and f. New York are practically 100 points below price averages experienced since 1921, which fact certainly can be considered a bullish feature. Quotations below 23/c. for 1929 deliveries will scarcely attract important arbitrage sales for European account. Producing interests not only in Europe but also in Java have sold very little on our exchange of late, which one can readily understand, as our parity has for several months past been the lowest in the world.

"Most of the recent selling appears to have been for Cuban hedge account unless it represented liquidations by tired longs. Under present conditions many producers all over the world will prefer to take their chances on a possible later price improvement rather than sell next year's deliveries at the moderate premium now prevailing compared with spot quotations. The abolition of Cuban restrictive measures and the establishment of the London terme market on a raw sugar basis after Oct. 1 should have a broadening effect on trading on our exchange."

Following a meeting in Havana on Aug. 25 of the Cuban National Sugar Defense Commission to consider the question of removing the crop restriction for the coming season, Associated Press advices from Havana said:

Because of united efforts among all sugar interests for lifting the restriction, and in view of the President's declaration that this would be considered. the Defense Commission is expected to report in favor of taking off limita-

Any delay in lifting restriction, it is said, will be because of existing agree ments with European sugar interests. President Machado recently said that he was convinced that Cuba was opposed to restriction, but that Cuba's agreements must be maintained. He declared that non-compliance of European beet sugar interests with their contracts in no way relieves Cuba of its contractual obligations.

From Havana on Aug. 27 the "Journal of Commerce"

reported the following:

While official announcements are lacking, it was learned definitely to-day following a meeting of the Sugar Defense Committee that there will be no restriction on the production and distribution of sugar in Cuba next year. It is not believed, however, that grinding will be permitted before Jan. 1. Official statement of the Government's position on control of next year's crop is not expected until October.

The Defense Committee recommended to President Machado that sugar remaining from this year's production be sold to countries other than the United States, the holders being free to sell any quantity they desire, the sales being made through the Cuban Export Corp. President Machado has approved the proposal and is expected to sign the decree in the immediate

Reference to reports that a delegation of sugar planters had petitioned President Machado to repeal the sugar restrictions was made in these columns Aug. 25, page 1029.

A statement to the effect that abandonment by Cuba of her experiment with restricting the output of sugar to stabilize market values is arousing anxiety on the part of the United States growers of beet, cane and corn sugar and is leading to talk of retaliation if Cuba seeks to flood this market with a cheap product was made by the Washington correspondent of the "Journal of Commerce" in advices to that paper Sept. 9. Continuing these advices said:

The original decree provided for a definite amount of sugar to be allotted to the United States, the balance, after deducting enough to cover domestic consumption and a reserve of 224,000 short tons, was to be left in the hands of the Sugar Export Corporation for sale to countries other than the United

Almost immediately following the receipt here of information of the probable discontinuance of the regulatory provisions there arose discussion as to the probable future of the American sugar producing industry. According to Royal D. Mead, an official of the Domestic Sugar Producers' Association, which includes in its membership beet, cane and corn sugar growers of Continental United States, and sugar producers of Hawaii and Porto Rico, "If Cuba proposes to flood the United States with its cheaply produced sugar to the ruination of the domestic sugar industry she is likely to face a removal of the preferential tariff rate now enjoyed or an increase of the tariff tax."

May Petition Congress.

Thus has the warning gone out to the Cubans, but advices received here are to the effect that such threats as these will not be headed. It is believed in Washington that the efforts of Cuban authorities to enlist the co-operation of other sugar producing nations has not been particularly successful. It is understood that the conference that was to have been held by Colonel Tarafa on behalf of the Cuban Government and industry with representa-tives of other countries has been abandoned, and this has given rise to the belief that the restrictions would be lifted.

Irrespective of any action of this kind on the part of Cuba, there seems

to be a determination on the part of the domestic industry to petition Congress to seek protection from foreign sugars. One move will be toward seeking the application of duty upon all sugar from the Philippines in excess of 500,000 tons annually. There is a great deal of uneasiness in the domestic trade that is bound to find voice in Congress through the members from the sugar producing areas. There has been some little sentiment in the House of Representatives for the withdrawal of the reciprocity provisions of our commercial treaty with Cuba.

Any serious presentation of this matter to Congress would not be without its complications. During the investigation of the Tariff Commission by the special committee of the Senate under the chairmanship of Senator Joseph T. Robinson, the present Democratic Vice-Presidential candidate, the sugar tariff investigation made by the commission was prominently discussed. The investigation took on a very decided political aspect and for a time nearly wrecked the Tariff Commission. It led to the remaking of the Commission through the failure of President Coolidge to reappoint one member and transferring another to the diplomatic corps.

There is almost bound to be some discussion of the activities of the Tariff Commission during the December session of Congress, and these facts most likely will be paraded before the Senate and House. have been concluded and some of the political significance also will have faded. There is one factor that must not be overlooked, and that is that the report of the Tariff Commission still is in the hands of President Coolidge. While efforts were made during the investigation of the sugar tariff to make it appear that the present rate of duty, even with the 20% differentia favorable to Cuba, is too high to be justified by the difference of cost of proj

duction here and in Cuba, there is a minority report attached thereto that might throw the balance the other way if accepted. It might take a lot of courage at this time to make a Presidential proclamation increasing the tariff on sugar, yet that might happen.

Wisdom of Plan Debatable.

Mr. Mead of the sugar association, in a statement here to-day, said that whether restriction was a wise move, in view of what subsequently occurred, is a debatable question, "but under any circumstances the majority of sugar experts will probably agree that when undertaken it had become an

economic necessity.

"Coupled with the recent developments in Cuba which indicate unrestricted production and a crop of approximately 6,000,000 long tons is the statement of Gen. Consuegra, a high official of the Cuban Government, that as a result of cheap labor Cuban sugar growers will soon be able to undersell every other sugar producing country in the world. This is not an idle statement, for in times past laborers on the Cuban plantations have worked for a pittance, even sometimes laboring only for their keep.

"Cuban sugar naturally seeks the markets of the United States because

of the tariff privileges it enjoys. By virtue of these privileges the Cuban producers have been able to dominate our market and exclude all other

'The total consumption of sugar in the United States is approximately 6,000,000 tons a year, which is the amount Cuba can easily produce without further expansion, and the threat of this vast quantity of cheaply produced sugar arouses the anxiety of the domestic growers and producers of beet,

cane and corn sugar.
"The domestic growers and producers of sugar claim for themselves the "The domestic growers and producers of sugar claim for themselves the first right to their home markets and the privilege of selling their product at a reasonable profit. Every pound of sugar they produce will be marketed in the United States regardless of price, none will be exported. They contend that the amount of sugar which foreign countries may sell here is that quantity which equals the difference between domestic production and domestic consumption. If Cuba proposes to flood the United States with more than this amount of its cheaply produced sugar to the ruination of the domestic sugar industry she is likely to face a removal of the preferential tariff rate now enjoyed or an increase of the tariff tax." tial tariff rate now enjoyed or an increase of the tariff tax.

An answer by the Santa Clara Sugar Producers' Association to the claims of the Domestic Sugar Producers is referred to in another item in the issue of our paper, as is also Mr. Mead's rejoinder.

Santa Clara Sugar Producers' Association Disputes Domestic Sugar Producers' Estimate of Cuba's Sugar Crop at 6,000,000 Tons.

Predictions by Royal S. Mead of the Domestic Sugar Producers' Association of Washington, published in Cuban newspapers Sept. 10 to the effect that Cuba on a nonrestricted sugar crop basis would this year produce 6,000,000 tons of sugar have been denied by Cuban sugar growers, said Havana Associated Press advices on the 10th. The dispatches added:

The Santa Clara Sugar Producers' Association addressed a cable to Mr. Mead this morning, reading as follows:

"We correct your gross misinformation and take pleasure in informing you that Cuba's next crop grinding of all its cane will not be more than 4,700,000 tons, and that a large proportion of this crop will be exported to Europe. We hope this will do away with your anxiety that Cuba is going to ruin the United States domestic sugar industry."

The articles attributing the prediction of a 6,000,000 tons sugar crop to Mr. Mead were taken here as indicating a possible tariff increase threat as the only salvation of the United States domestic sugar situation.

President Machado said that Mr. Mead was misinformed and added

that there would be no restriction on the planting, cutting, grinding and marketing of the crop.

It was stated in a Washington dispatch, Sept. 13 that Mr. Mead in an answer to the Santa Clara Sugar Producers' Association:

My statement that developments in Cuba indicate a crop of approximately 6,000,000 tons was not based on newspaper items. The authority therefor was the National Statistical Commission of Cuba.

The National Statistical Commission of Cuba in the early part of this year issued a carefully prepared and detailed report of the area of land planted in cane and the amount of sugar which could be produced there-from. The information upon which the statement was based was obtained by the Commission from every mill prepared to operate during the 1927-28

After detailing the areas of land in cane and the amount of cane standing

This would be an amount sufficient to produce approximately 6,000,000

tons of sugar, which is thought to be an overestimate of about 10%. Every one familiar with the sugar industry knows that no sugar plantation or central manager overestimates his crop. He always underestimates. The strong probabilities are that the 1927-28 Cuban crop, unrestricted, would have exceeded 6,000,000 tons

There was in the early part of this year sufficient cane growing in Cuba to produce 6,000,000 or more tons of sugar. That which was not harvested

is still there and will be cut and ground this coming season.

I stand on the report of the National Statistical Commission of Cuba preferring to accept the statements of a Government organization derived from information obtained from every mill rather than the statements of those whose object it is to anaesthetize the domestic sugar producers of the United States

The Domestic Sugar Producers' estimate is referred to forther in another item in this issue of our paper bearing on the report of the removal of the Cuban sugar

Committee Named by Sugar Institute To Study Methods for Reducing Sugar Refining Costs.

It was stated on Sept. 5 that, with a view to inquiring into means to effect a reduction in sugar refining costs, James H. Post, Chairman of the Board of the Sugar Institute, Inc., announced the appointment of a committee to consider a

plan for chemical research as applied to the refining of raw

Rudolph Spreckels, President of the Federal Sugar Refining Co., will act as Chairman of the Committee on Research. W. Edward Foster, President of the American Sugar Refining Co., and W. H. Hoodlass, Vice-Pres. of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Co., will also be members of the committee.

In commenting on the research program, Mr. Spreckels

was quoted as saying:

'While great advances have been made in the last 50 years in the processes employed by the refining branch of the industry, there remain possi-bilities of equally great advances, with resulting economies in production. Such advances would probably fall along two parallel lines: development of new or improved processes, and the discovery of satisfactory substitutes for some of the costly materials now utilized to remove the impurities of Development of further uses for by-products is another p sugar. sibility

"At the present time approximately from 92 to 93 pounds of refined sugar is obtained from every 100 pounds of the raw product. New processes which would increase the yield would result in a substantial reduction in costs. Immense quantities of animal charcoal, or bone char, are now required to filter the sugar in its liquid state. The discovery of a less expensive and perhaps even more satisfactory material is a goal which there is no reason to believe is unattainable. "While for a number of years practically all the large sugar refiners have

maintained their own research laboratories, by reason of the expense they have been limited in scope and progress in improvement has been slow. The research to be initiated by the Sugar Institute will be in effect a co-ordination of effort and should produce results accordingly. Close cooperation between the institute's department of research and the members'

laboratories will be maintained.
"Organized in January 1928, the Sugar Institute has rapidly expanded its field of activities. The Institute exercises no influence upon the estab-lishment of the price at which refined sugar is sold, each refiner determining his own sales price as in the past. The policy of immediately making public each change in price has removed an element of uncertainty that worked to the disadvantage of both buyer and seller. Secret rebates and concessions which favored a few jobbers and dealers at the expense of the majority, have been done away with.

The compilation of statistics, standardization of the various sugar to reduce confusion throughout the trade and a study of market conditions with the object of assiting the distributors of the product are other activities in which the co-operative association of the sugar refiners

"The purpose of the Institute, as set forth in its code of ethics, is 'to promote a high standard of business ethics in the industry; to eliminates trade abuses; to promote uniformity and uncertainty in business custom, and practices, and to promote the service of the industry to the public.

British Sugar To Revert to Raw Sugar Basis Oct. 1.

Under date of Aug. 27, Central News advices from London to the New York "News Bureau" said:

It is understood that the reversion to a raw basis in the British sugar futures market has been postponed until Oct. 1.

Meeting of Brazilian Coffee Growers-New Agreement on Virtually Same Basis as Previous Arrangement.

A meeting of representatives of the coffee growers in eight States of Brazil was held during the week of Sept. 3 at Sao Paulo to discuss price defense and control of national products. A cablegram to the "Times" on Sept. 5 stated that the meeting was conspicuously brief. It closed after a short series of sessions at which were considered interior technical improvements and an inter-State plan for storage and for financing the sale of coffee crops. It was announced in the "United States Daily" of Sept. 11 that a new agreement reached at the conference was made on practically the same basis as the former arrangement, according to advices Sept. 10 to the Department of Commerce by the American Trade Commissioner at Rio de Janeiro, Walter G. McCreery. The text of the statement follows:

Coffee entires at ports are to be determined by the previous month's embarkations, with clearances from Santos, Rio de Janeiro, Victoria and Paranagua to each other to be discounted from calculation in the monthly embarkations. The maximum stock which may be maintained at Victoria 150,000 bags, Rio de Janeiro 360,000 bags, at Santos 1,200,000 bags, Bahla 60,000 bags, Paranagua and Recife 50,000 bags each.

The maximum monthly entries at Paranagua are to be 50,000 bags of

which 80% is Parana coffee. Exports of Sao Paulo coffee through Parana are prohibited until further notice. The supplementary entries allowable as heretofore are to be limited by a maximum decline of 10 points on the New York market.

The tax of 200 reis for propaganda is continued. All bags of coffee must be marked with word "Brazil" and other clear indication of the port of origin.

The agreement was signed by representatives of the States of Parana, Minas Geraes, Rio de Janeiro, Goyaz, Espirito Santo, Bahia and Per-nambuco. The convention approved the change allowing term operations on the basis of six future months instead of three as at present.

We likewise quote as follows from a cablegram Sept. 8

from Sao Paulo to the "Times":

The convention here this week of representatives from Brazil's eight coffee-producing States offered singular evidence of the present powerful backing obtained by coffee farmers to uphold prices. that the group of eight official repesentatives include five Treasurers of their respective State Governments, thus revealing the latest development in the price control program and financial solidarity among the block of coffee-growing States surrounding Sao Paulo for the purpose of what Brazilian coffee men consider the producers' collective defense against attempts of American capitalists to break the Brazilian market, thereby reducing desired returns.

The powerful Sao Paulo Defense Institute, organized in 1922 to valorize the chief national product, has visibly popularized itself because the Managing Board now consists of experienced coffee men and therefore its policies are widely approved, especially as the State Government reorganized in 1926 the Banco de Estrado da Sao Paulo, whose principal aim is the financing of coffee forms: alm is the financing of coffee farmers.

Bankers Ready with Ample Funds.

It is said at the State bank that British bankers are willing to lend to the bank all the capital needed to uphold the price of coffee, which is purchased in huge quantities by the United States, which buys about onehalf the Brazilian crop. The State bank thus far has arranged two loans from Lazard Brothers of London, each for £5,000,000. The first was for one year and was renewed. The second for for 20 years, to be remitted to Brazil in four equal amounts whenever desired. The State bank already has obtained half of this loan and soon will ask for another quarter, according to information at the bank to-day. This money is being lent to farmers at 9% plus 1% commission, the farmer receiving 60 milreis for each 60kilogram bag, or about one-third of the present market price.

Private Banks Charge More.

Private banks here also are lending to the farmers, giving a larger amount per bag, although charging more interest. An outstanding feature of the present situation here is the great amount of money which Brazilian banks, branches of foreign banks and commission merchants have lent on stored and unpicked coffee. It is impossible accurately to ascertain the total, but a published statement of the State bank shows it has outstanding loans against coffee in the neighborghood of \$50,000,000 while the entire outstanding loans from all sources against coffee is reliably estimated to aggregate \$125,000,000.

These loans enable the farmers to finance their crops at the time the unsold portion of their previous crop harvest remains stored either on the farms or in official warehouses. An inter-State plan provides for releasing a daily amount throughout the year, varying according to actual consumption, thereby enabling the producers to maintain their prices.

100,000,000 New Trees.

Every American coffee drinker, as well as importers and roasters, would like to know if there is any possibility of a decline in the present prices. The consensus here is that they cannot be pushed down by Americans occasionally withdrawing from the market, as British bankers are too willing to lend money to producers. However, some think there is a possibility of a drop due to over production, as the prices maintained by the Institute in recent years have resulted in increased plantings. There are now more than 100,000,000 trees less than four years old in Sao Paulo State, which soon will begin bearing. Also, the biggest crop Brazil ever had was harvested in 1927. It totaled nearly 30,000,000 bags.

This year the figure is much lower, but when the harvest began in the

middle of this year there was an unexported stock authoritatively reported at 13,000,000 bags. This amount looms up when contrasted with the ase in Brazil's annual exportation.

In an interview Plinio Barrwo, Editor of the "Estado da Sao Paulo,"

"There now exists a group of Sao Paulo business men who believe prices should be let down. I think this opinion would be more widely accepted if it were not for insufficient immigration to meet the boom deman dfor laborers, which has caused rapid increases in wages and therefore higher production cost.

Life of Connecticut Valley Tobacco Association Terminated.

The career of the Connecticut Valley Tobacco Association, which has extended over a period of six years, was definitely terminated on Sept. 5 by the vote of dissatisfied members, only 35 of the 713 voters disapproving the action, so says the Hartford "Courant" of Sept. 6, which also has the following to say:

But scant interest was shown in the ballotting on the part of association members, many of them voting by mail and others by proxy. There were hardly a dozen members actually present at the meeting, nor was there a full directorate. The business of authorizing dissolution occupied less

\$300,000 Due Growers.

Following the meeting, President Joseph W. Alsop announced that the corporation will be terminated in due legal manner. He disclosed that the sum of \$300,000 is still due the growers.

Arthur E. Nelson, secretary-treasurer, reported that the voting was conducted in an orderly manner and that there were no speeches at the meet-

ing. He said that none of the 35 who cast a negative vote had expressed their opinions one way or another. Nelson advised that he is not in a position at the present time to reveal the financial condition of the association. He said that, according

to law, the dissolution cannot be accomplished for at least four months. Formed in 1922.

The Connecticut Valley Tobacco Association was formed in the summer of 1922, with an original membership of 3,300. Many other growers refused to join and continued their independent methods of marketing. Almost from the start the existence of the association has been marked by dissension and dissatisfaction, which culminated finally in Wednesday's vote to abolish the organization.

Petroleum and Its Products-Pennsylvania Crude Oil Quotations Again Advanced.

The South Penn Oil Co. on Sept. 15 announced an increase of 15 cents a barrel in Pennsylvania grades of crude oil, with Somerset crude advanced five cents. The new prices are as follows: Pennsylvania garde in New York Transit lines, \$3.35 a barrel; Bradford district oil in National Transit Lines, \$3.35; Pennsylvania grade in National Transit Lines, \$2.25; Pennsylvania grade in Southwest Pennsylvania Pipe Lines, \$2.25; Pennsylvania grade in Eureka lines, \$3.15; Pennsylvania grade in Buckeye Pipe lines, \$3; Somerset crude in Cumberland lines, \$1.75. No changes were made in Keister, Corning, Cabell and Ragland grades, although it is expected that these and other Eastern crudes will be advanced in line with the higher market on Pennsylvania crude.

This was the third increase in Pennsylvania crude oil thus far in 1928. The current quotation of \$2.35 a barrel for the highest grade is five cents under the 1927 high of \$3.40 and 55 cents under the high for 1926. The new quotation, however, is 55 cents a barrel over the low for the year, 70 cents over the low for 1927 amd 20 cents over the 1926

Pennsylvania producers for the past several weeks have been expecting an advance, many storing their current production in preference to selling at the posted price.

An improved outlook in the crude oil position was seen in other sections of the country. Production for the week ending Sept. 8 showed a decline of 9,050 barrels daily to 2,494,200 barrels, the reduction being effected by curtailment of output in the flush producing pools of West Texas and Oklahoma.

The extent of the curtailment in West Texas fields is illustrated by the test runs conducted in Winkler and Pecos Counties this week by the Texas Railroad Commsision. In the former pool test guages from 330 wells showed a potential daily production of 2,294,691 barrels for the field. In the Yates pool in Pecos County the test guages showed potential daily output of 3,425,923 barrels from 248 wells. Combined potential daily output for these two pools, therefore, is indicated at 5,750,415 barrels a day. Aggregate production of both pools for the week ending Sept. 8, under prorating plan, was 248,650 barrels a day.

The outlook for a world campaign from regulation of petroleum production to conform more closely with the requirements of consuming markets was brightened considerably by remarks of Walter C. Teagle, President of the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey, who returned Sept. 14 on the Berengaria from a visit to Europe, during which he conferred with Sir Henri Deterding, managing director of the Royal Dutch-Shell interests and Sir John Cadman, head of the Anglo-Persian Oil Co. Several other prominent oil executives returned on the same steamer with Mr. Teagle.

According to the Oil City "Derrick," stocks of crude oil held in Easetrn pipe lines Aug. 31 totaled 10,236,743 barrels, a decrease of 582,588 barrels from holdings at the end of July. Runs during August increased 19,547 barrels to 1,790,088 barrels and shipments gained 104,884 barrels to 5,978,449 barrels.

Refiners in the Mid-Continent area were reported planning to curtail their runs of crude in an effort to avoid overproduction of gasoline and other products, and maintain the market for motor fuel at close to current levels as long as possible.

Pennsylvania \$3.35 Bradford \$3.20 Illinois \$1.55 Corning 1.80 Lima 1.60 Wyoming 37 deg 1.41

Cabele 1.45 Indiana 1.37 Plymouth 1.28
Wortham, 40 deg. 1.56 Princeton 1.55 Wooster 1.67
Rock Creek 1.33 Canadian 2.00 Gulf Coastal "A"_ 1.20
Smackover, 24 deg90 Corsicana, heavy_ 1.00 Panhandle, 44 deg_ 1.36
Buckeye 2.85 Eureka 3.00
Oklahoma, Kansas and Texas—
Oklahoma, Kansas and Texas— 40-40.9———\$1.56 Elk Basin———\$1.49
32-32.9 1.16 Big Muddy 1.33
44 and above
Louisiana and Arkansas— Bellevue
32-32.9 1.16 West Texas, Markham 1.00
35-35.9 1.31 Somerset 1.70
Spindletop, 35 deg, and up 1.37

GASOLINE STILL WEAK.

Gasoline markets were wavering during the week, but showed no general break. In Oklahoma and North Texas, smaller refiners were freely offering U.S. Motor gasoline at prices ½ to 5%c. a gallon under the quotation of the larger factors. In the East, refiners generally quoted the market at 113/4e. a gallon at refineries, but business was being done in some instances under this figure. Some sellers were booking California U. S. Motor gasoline at New York at 113/4c. a gallon, against the previously prevailing quotation of 12c. The domestic distributing trade was limiting purchases to actual requirements, in expectation of an early price reduction. Chicago reports noted an easy gasoline market, but the quotation of 93/4c. a gallon held.

Tankwagon gasoline markets were all maintained in all sections of the country, with more favorable weather keeping demand at high levels.

Kerosene demand was along broader lines, and refiners were booking contract busines n a large way over the winter months. Oklahoma, North Texas, and other Mid-Continent refiners were getting a good volume of business on kerosene for shipment into the agricultural sections of the Mid-West. Export inquiry held up well. and prices were firm. Chicago sellers were firm at 61/2c. a gallon for water white, with the New York market 81/2c. a gallon, tankcar lots, at Bayonne, with the usual differential of 1c. a gallon higher when sold on a delivered basis.

Fuel oil remained unchanged at \$1.05 a barrel, Bayonne refineries, with sales increasing and the outlook rather more favorable. Heavy sales of fuel oil on conrtact for winter delivery for use in oil burners for domestic and industrial heating are reported. Chicago sellers quoted the market 21/2c. higher for the week at 65 to 67c. a barrel.

		Gusonne (C. S. mc	rout).		
Chelsea Tiverton. Boston (delivered) Carteret Baltimore	.1214 .1214 .1314 .1114 .1114	*Oklahoma Providence (deliv.). Chicago	.09% .13% .09% .11% .12		.1034
Note The above	prices t		nk ear	lots, unless otherwise i	oted.

*A number of the large refiners were still quoting 9%c.

Gasoline (Service Station).	
 .20 San Francisco	.24 .17 .19 14

Kerosene

	Bunker Fuel Off	
New York 1.05 Baltimore	Norfolk1.05 Charleston90	New Orleans
NoteThe above prices		ge of 5c. a barrel is made for
barging alongside.	Con and Dissel Oll	

Gas and Dieser Oil.
Gas otl, New York
Note.—The above prices are f.o.b. refineries.
Esport Quotations.
Gasoline, New York, cs

Gasoline, New York, cs	.12	W. w., New York, cs	.1740 .1865
		on Prices.	
Gesoline, New York	.18	Kerosene, w. w., New York	.15

Crude Oil Production in United States Lower.

The American Petroleum Institute estimates that the daily average gross crude oil production in the United States for the week ended Sept. 8 1928 was 2,494,200 barrels as compared with 2,503,250 barrels for the preceding week, a decrease of 9,050 barrels. Compared with the output of 2,505,400 barrels per day for the week ended Sept. 10 1927, the current figure shows a decrease of 11,100 barrels daily. The daily average production east of California was 1,858,400 barrels, as compared with 1,874,250 barrels a decrease of 15.850 barrels. The following are estimates of daily average

gross production by districts for the periods stated:

		RODUCTIO		
	Sept. 8 '28.	Sept. 1 '28.	Aug. 25'28.	Sept. 10'27.
Oklahoma	706,050	703,800	699,050	793,600
Kansas	100,450	100,850	102,200	105,550
Panhandle Texas	65,400	63,550	62,700	98,500
North Texas	91,250	95,100	95,300	83,050
West Central Texas	55,350	55,750	55,300	67,500
West Texas	349,800	361,250	334,800	176,400
East Central Texas	24,200	22,550	23,000	30,400
Southwest Texas	25,500	25,550	25,450	29,250
North Louisiana	39,150	39,700	39,800	54,350
Arkansas	84,350	86,500	88,050	101,800
Coastal Texas	107,100	105,250	106,050	123,450
Coastal Louisiana	21,950	23,350	23,300	16,800
Eastern	113,000	113,000	113,500	112,000
Wyoming	55,750	57,200	57,350	50,450
Montana	9,750	9,805	9,850	12,350
Colorado	7,050	7,400	7.750	7,900
New Mexico	2,300	3,600	3,600	2,650
California	635,800	629,000	630,400	69,400
Total	2,494,200	2,503,250	2,477,450	2,505,400

The estimated daily average gross production of the Mid-Continent field including Oklahoma, Kansas, Panhandle, north, west central, west, east central and southwest Texas, north Louisiana and Arkansas, for the week ended Sept. 8 was 1,541,500 barrels, as compared with 1,554,600 barrels for the preceding week, a decrease of 13,100 barrels. The Mid-Continent production, excluding Smackover, Arkansas, heavy oil, was 1,485,150 barrels, as compared with 1,498,150 barrels, a decrease of 13,000

The production figures of certain pools in the various districts for the current week, compared with the previous week follow (figures in barrels of 42 gallons):

Sept.	8.	Sept. 1.	Sept. 8.	Sept. 1.
Oklahoma-			North Louisiana-	20001.
Tonkawa 12,7	00	12,600	Haynesville 5,800	5,900
Burbank 28,0	50	28,550	Urania 6,500	6,900
Bristow Slick 20,8	00	20,900	Arkansas-	
Cromwell 9.1		9,200	Smackover, light 7,400	7,300
Seminole 48,1		48,400	Smackover, heavy 56,350	56,450
Bowlegs 52,3	00	52,300	Champagnolle 11,150	13,200
Searight 12,8	350	12,450	Coastal Texas—	
Little River101,7	50	106,100	West Columbia 7,450	7,200
Earlsboro 93,7	00	4,050	Pierce Junction 10,400	10.450
St. Louis 91,3		83,350	Hull 10,550	10,550
Allen Dome 20,1	50	20,250	Spindletop 37,400	37,900
Panhandle Tezas—			Coastal Louisiana-	
Hutchinson County 34,5	500	33,750	Vinton 4,300	4,350
Carson County 6,5		6,650	East Hackberry 3,050	3,700
Gray County 22,5	550	21,600	Sweet Lake 3,900	3,800
Wheeler County 7	750	750	Sulphur Dome 2,600	3,200
Wilbarger 33.0	000	36,350	Salt Creek 34,850	38,500
Archer County 19,8 West Central Texas	350	20,050	Montana—	
Shackelford County 10.8	350	10,750	Sunburst 8.000	8,000
Brown County 12,0)50	12,000	California—	-,
Reagan County 17,0	000	18,350	Santa Fe Springs 38,000	38,000
Pecos County 74,1		77,450	Long Beach197,500	194,000
Crane & Upton Cos 15,4	004	10,300	Huntington Beach 53,500	53,500
Winkler County 58,6	300	60,450	Torrance 17,500	17,500
Bast Central Texas- 174,5	500	185,100	Domingues 11,000	11,000
Corsicana Powell 9,9		10,000	Rosecrans 5,500	6,000
	950	950	Inglewood 29,000	29,500
Southwest Texas-			Midway-Sunset 74.000	74,000
Luling 13,6	500	13,650	Ventura Ave 52,000	48,000
Laredo District 8,5	550	8,600	Seal Beach 28,000	28,000

Stocks of Refined Copper Show Little Change-Production Again Higher-Shipments Totaled 143,638 Tons in August, a New High Record.

According to figures compiled by the American Bureau of Metal Statistics, production of refined copper in North and South America during August totaled 143,560 short tons, against 135,092 tons in July, 131,024 tons in June and 119.786 tons in August 1927. Shipments of refined copper during August totaled 143,638 tons, against 139,030 tons in July, 138,503 tons in June and 130,520 tons in August 1927. Stocks of refined copper on hand at the end of August totaled 54,093 tons, against 54,871 tons a month earlier, 58,809 tons at end of June and 93,654 tons at end of August 1927. states the "Wall Street Journal," which we further quote;

Stocks of refined copper Sept. 1 came to 54,793 short tons, according to American Bureau of Metal Statistics, compared with 54,871 tons Aug. 1, a decrease of 78 short tons. Stocks of blister copper Sept. 1, including metal in process and transit, came to 254,433 tons, compared with 257,673 tons Aug. 1, a decrease of 3,240 tons, or 6,480,000 pounds. Total copper above ground to blister stage and beyond, including refined stocks and metal in process and in transit, came Sept. 1 to 309,226 tons, compared with 312,544 tons, a decrease of 3,318 tons.

Shipments of copper, foreign and domestic, in August came to 143,638 tons, highest in the history of the industry, making a total of 1,078,784 tons in the first 8 months, and compared with 139,030 tons shipped in July, the previous record. Foreign shipments came to 60,240 tons in August, compared with 56,785 tons in July, and domestic were 83,398 tons.

compared with 82,245 tons in July.

Production of refined copper in August came to 143,560 tons, daily verage of 4,631 tons, compared with 135,092 tons in July and daily average of 4,358 tons in that month. Production of refined copper for the first 8 months came to 1,038,279 tons, making a daily average for that period of

While shipments of 143,638 tons in August were the highest in the history of the copper industry, superseding the record of 139,030, tons shipped in July, and while June and April also were, up to that time, record months as to total shipments, neither foreign or domestic shipments in August established a record. Record for monthly foreign shipments was 64,989 tons in April 1926, while the record for domestic shipments was 88,573 tons made in March 1926.

Mine production of copper in the United States in August came to

77,047 tons, compared with 73,426 tons in July Blister production of North American mines in August came to 98,376 tons, compared with 93,109 tons in July. Blister production of South America, including refined output of Chile and Braden companies, was 30,674 tons in August, compared with 32.014 tons in July.

The following table gives in short tons, blister production of North and South America and stock of copper at the end of each month for North and South America refiners and producers, together with stocks of copper in Great Britain and at Havre.

Production— Feb. Mar. April. May.

Mines, United States... 67,423 70,327 69,721 73,729

Blister, No. America... 90,190 89,079 90,564 94,796

Blister, So. America x... 26,100 26,123 26,228 28,334

No. & So. America:

Blister (including "in process")....... 247,529 249 415 73,224 97,528 30,620 73,426 93,109 32,014

process") _____247,529 242,416 235,392 241,755 251,694 257,673 254,433 Refined ______86,932 87,292 72,893 66,288 58,809 54,871 54,793 ____334,461 329,708 308,285 \$08,043 \$10,503 312,544 309,226 Great Britain y: 2,318 7,894 1,634 8,549 1,988 8,007 $1,795 \\ 8,035$ 1,046 $\frac{2,240}{7,729}$ Refined.....Other forms..... 8,912 1,332 1,934 Total 11,613 10,183 9,995 $10,212 \\ 2,542$ $3,162 \\ 1,599$ 2,218 2,274 $\frac{2,404}{2,208}$ x Includes refined copper production by Chile and Braden companies. y Official warehouses only. z Not yet available.

The following table shows in short tons shipments and production of refined copper by North and South American producers and refineries:

		Produ	iction.			Shipmen	ts.
	Primary.	Scrap.	Total.	Dally Rate.	Ex- port.a	Domes- tic.	Total.
1928.							
January	116,245	6,478		3,959	56,721	64,824	121,545
February	117,788	7,060		4,305	60,603	73,789	134,392
March	123,162	5.810	128,972	4,160	55,970	72,642	128,612
April	117,088	5,736		4.094	64,989	72,234	137,223
May	122,738	6,498		4,169	56,738	79,103	135,841
June	125,076	5.948		4,367	57.067	81,436	
July	127.718	7,374		4,358	56.785		
August	137,574	5,986			60,240		
' Total, 1928	987,389	50,890	1,038,279	4,255	469,113	609,671	1,078,784
1927.							
January	128,736	4.374	133,110	4,294	48,130	76,499	124,629
February	119,528	3.145		4.381	43,690		111.254
March	123,885			4,096	49.767		129,304
April	121,610			4,193			129,612
May	121.889	3.692		4.051	46,979		116,758
June		4.322		3,774		63,465	124.952
July	113,849	4,284		3.811	48.140		
August	114,142	5.644		3.864			130,520
September		4,635		3,970			126,261
October	110 005	5,962		4.030			
November	118,965	7,117		3,942			
December	111,152 121,683	7.240					124,499
December	121,000	1,240	120,020	4,100	00.001	00,002	121,100
Total 1927	1,418,815	57,691	1,476,506	4,045	641,865	824.844	1,466.70
1923	1.136.624	27,261	1,163,885				1,157,398
1924			1,300,332				1,319,782
	1,299,832	52,477	1,352,309				1,415,724
	1,383,604	56 850	1,440,454	3.946	525.861	902.174	1.428.034

The following table shows output in short tons of mines in the United States for the past six months:

M'thly	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.
Av.'27	1928.	1928.	1928.	1928.	1928.	1928.
Porphyry mines28,605	28,423	28,524	30,289	31,383	31,310	33,201
Lake mines7,447	8,589	7,740	8,199 31,641	6,978	7,067 31,249	7,307 32,539
Vein mines29,467	29,536 3,786	29,266 3,540	3,600	3,570	3.800	x4.000
Custom ores	0,700	0,040	0,000	0,010	0,000	24,000
Total crude product'n_69.165	70,327	69,070	73,729	73,224	73,426	77,047

x Partly estimated.

Production of Slab Zinc in August Exceeds Shipments.

According to the American Zinc Institute, Inc., there were produced during the month of August a total of 52,157 short tons of slab zinc, as compared with 50,890 tons in the preceding month and 49,012 tons in the month of August 1927. Shipments during August 1928 amounted to 49,951 short tons as against 53,748 tons in the corresponding month last year and 53,148 tons in July 1928. Stocks of slab zinc at Aug. 31, totaled 44,416 tons, an increase of 2,206 tons as compared with July 31, and 9,829 tons more than at Aug. 31 1927. The "Institute" has also released the following figures:

Metal sold, not yet delivered at the end of August 1928, totaled 17,296 tons; total retort capacity at Aug. 31 amounted to 115,736 tons; the number of idle retorts available within 60 days, 44,304; the average number of retorts operating during August, 66,922; the number of retorts operating at the end of the month, 66,428. The monthly statistics are as follows:

PRODUCTION, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS AT END OF PERIOD

	(FIGUI	RES IN SHOR	RT TONS).		
Month of-	Pro-	Domestic Shipments.	Exports.	Total Shipments,	Stocks at End. of M.
1928-August		47,050	2,901	49,951	44,416
July		49,510	3,638	53,148	42,210
June	50,825	49,780	1,802	51,582	44,468
May		49,818	3.138	52,956	45,225
April	53,493	46,517	3.746	50,263	44,759
March	55.881	51,856	3.786	55,642	41,529
February		46,754	4,134	50,888	41,290
January	52,414	45,771	5,231	51,002	42,163
Total 8 mos. 1928	419,124	387,056	28,376	415,432	
1927—December	52,347	46,483	4,433	50.916	40,751
November		44,374	1.746	46,120	39,320
October		46,602	1.637	48,239	36,223
September		44.038	4.007	48,045	34,277
August		49,739	4,009	53.748	34,587
July		43,359	4.803	56,162	39,329
June		43,122	4,784	47,907	43,858
May		45,560	4.898	50,458	42,046
April	51,626	44,821	1.876	46,697	41,208
March		48,107	5.098	53,205	36,279
February		43,555	4,760	48,315	32,938
January		45,884	2,989	48,873	29,912
Total in 1927	613,548	549,644	45,040	594,684	

Production and Shipments of Portland Cement in August at High Record—Stocks Decline.

The Portland cement industry in August 1928 produced 18,730,000 barrels, shipped 21,970,000 barrels from the mills (both new high records), and had in stock at the end of the month 19,340,000 barrels, according to the United States Bureau of Mines, Department of Commerce. The production of Portland cement in August 1928 showed an increase of 2.3% and shipments an increase of 2.6%, as compared with August 1927. Portland cement stocks at the mills were 18.7% higher than a year ago. The total production from January to August 1928 inclusive amounts to 113,180,000 barrels, compared with 110,781,000 barrels in the same period of 1927, and the total shipments from January to August 1928 inclusive amount to 115,824,000 barrels, compared with 115,170,000 barrels in the same period of 1927.

The output of another new plant, located in Pennsylvania is included in the statistics here presented, which are compiled from the reports for August from all manufacturing plants except two for which estimates have been included in lieu of actual returns.

In the following statement of relation of production to capacity the total output of finished cement is compared with the estimated capacity of 159 plants at the close of August 1928 and of 150 plants at the close of August 1927:

RELATION OF PRODUCTION TO CAPACITY.

* 1	Aug. 19	28. Aug.	1927.	July	1928.	June	1928.	May	1928
The month	93.19		.5%		.0%		.1%		6%

PRODUCTION, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS OF FINISHED PORTLAND CEMENT, BY DISTRICTS, IN AUGUST 1927 AND 1928 (IN BARRELS).

	Produ	ction.	Shipments.		Stocks End of Month.	
District.	1927.	1928.	1927.	1928.	1927.	1928.
Eastern Pa., N.	-					
J. & Md	4,255,000	4.015,000	4,484,000	4,403,000	4.007.000	5.524.000
N. Y. & Me.b.	1,348,000	1,320,000	1,514,000	1,519,000	1,365,000	1,423,000
Ohio, West. Pa.						-,,
& W. Va	1,967,000	2,038,000	2,489,000	2,687,000	2,284,000	2.447.000
Michigan	1,661,000	1,614,000	2,146,000	2,070,000	1.257,000	1,293,000
Wis., Ill., Ind.						-,,
& Kentucky_	2,492,000	2,537,000	3,119,000	3,076,000	1,231,000	1,967,000
Va., Tenn., Ala.,						
Ga.,Fla.&La.	1,522,000	1,508,000	1,628,000	1,699,000	1,145,000	1,676,000
East. Mo., Ia.,						
Minn.&S.D.	1,585,000	1,901,000	2,267,000	2,372,000	1,737,000	2,073,000
West.Mo., Neb.,						
Kan. & Okla.	943,000	1,181,000	1,149,000	1,312,000		1,238,000
Texas	496,000	519,000	561,000	623,000	251,000	211,000
Colo., Mont. &						
Utah	216,000	290,000				
California	1,399,000	1,288,000	1,306,000	1,294,000		
Oregon & Wash.	431,000	519,000	455,000	551,000	373,000	360,000
Total	18,315,000	18,730,000	21,411,000	21,970,000	16,292,000	19.340.000

PRODUCTION, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS OF FINISHED PORTLAND CEMENT, BY MONTHS, IN 1927 AND 1928 (IN BBLS.).

Month.	Produ	ction.	Shipm	sents.	Stocks at End of Mo	
MONIA.	1927.	1928.	1927.	1928.	1927.	1928.
Jan	8,258,000	9,768,000	5,968,000	6,541,000	22,914,000	25,116,000
Feb	7,377,000	8,797,000		6,563,000	23,563,000	
March	11,450,000	10,223,000		10,135,000	23,922,000	
April	14,048,000	13,468,000		13,307,000	23,654,000	
May	16,701,000	17,280,000		18,986,000	23,503,000	a25,984,000
June	17,224,000	17,469,000	19,761,000	18,421,000		a25,029,000
July	17,408,000	17,445,000		19,901,000		a22,580,000
Aug	18,315,000	18,730		21,970,000	16,292,000	
Sept	17,505,000	*******	19.828,000	22,010,000	13,996,000	
Oct	17,174,000	TO BEAUTION	18,105,000	er of a district	13.141.000	
Nov	14,449,000	William .	11,619,000		16,022,000	
Dec	11,999,000		6,200,000		22,082,000	
Total.	171,908,000		170,922,000			

a Revised. b Maine began producing April, 1928, and shipping May, 1928.

Further Increase in Steel Ingots Produced in August.

The steel ingot output in August was placed at 3,956,186 tons by the American Iron & Steel Institute in its monthly report compiled from companies which made 94.68% of the open-hearth and Bessemer production in 1927. Of this amount 3,386,750 tons were open-hearth, and 569,436 tons Bessemer. On this basis the calculated output of all companies in August is put at 4,178,481 tons as compared with 3,811,573 tons for the previous month, and 3,742,964 tons in June 1928. The calculated output in August 1927 stood at 3,498,549 tons. The approximate daily output the past 3 months was: 154,759 tons in August with 27 working days; 152,463 tons in July with 25 days of work, and only 143,960 tons in June having 26 working days. In the following we give the production by months back to January 1927:

MONTHLY PRODUCTION OF STEEL INGOTS, JAN. 1927 TO DEC. 1927— (GROSS TONS).

Reported for 1927 and 1928 by companies which made 94.68% of the open-hearth and Bessemer Steel Ingot production in 1937.

Months 1927.	Open- hearth.	Bessemer.	Monthly output companies reporting.	Calculated monthly output all companies.	No.af wkg. days.	Appros. daily output all cos.	Per cent oper- ceton.x
January	3,042,133	545.596	3,587,729	3,789,874	26	145,764	79.21
February_	3,043,492	565,226	3,608,718	3,812,046		158,835	86.31
March	3,702,660	590,709	4,293,369	4,535,272		167,973	91.28
April	3,341,750	565,440	3,907,190			158,744	86.26
May	3,273,593	557,785	3,831,378	4,047,251	26	155,663	84.59
June	2,823,107	486,053	3,309,160	3,495,609	26	134,446	73.06
July	2,596,349	436,883	3,033,232	3,204,135	25	128,165	69.65
August	2,806,347	505,596	3,311,943	3,498,549	27	129,576	.70.41
8 mos	24,629,431	4,253,288	28,882,719	30,510,071	207	147,392	
September	2,622,977	471,548	3,094,525	3,268,881		125,726	68.32
October	2,643,562	495,845	3,139,407	3,316,292		127,550	
November	2,478,627	481,599	2,960,226			120,270	
December	2,557,955	448,154	3,006,109	3,175,484	26	122,134	66.37
Total	34,932,552	6,150,434	41,082,986	43,397,743	311	139,543	75.83
1928.							
January	3,280,247	498,746	3,778,993	3,991,332		153,513	
February_	3,308,728	521,366	3,830,094	4,045,304		161,812	85.84
March	3,700,411	567,309	4,267,720	4,507,520		166,945	88.56
April	3,509,637	564,039	4,073,676	4,302,573		172,103	91.29
May	3,397,631	581,949	3,979,580	4,203,190		155,674	82.58
June	3,016,487	527,351	3,543,838	3,742,964		143,960	76.37
July	3,075,247	533,550	3,608,797	3,811,573		152,463	
August	3,386,750	569,436	3,956,186	4,178,481	27	154,759	82.09
8 mos	26,675,138	4,363,746	31,038,884	32,782,937	208	157,610	83.61

x The figures of "per cent of operation" are based on the annual capacity as of Dec. 31 1927, of 58,627,910 gross tons for Bessemer and open-hearth steel ingots.

United States Steel Corporation Unfilled Orders in August Increase.

The United States Steel Corp. in its usual monthly statement issued Monday (Sept. 10th) placed the unfilled tonnage on the books of the subsidiary corporations as of Aug. 31 1928 at 3,624,043 tons, an increase of 53,116 tons over the previous month. Orders on hand at close of Aug. 1927 aggregated 3,196,037 tons and 3,542,335 tons the same time in 1926. A comparison of the amounts back to 1923 is shown below. Figures for earlier dates may be obtained from our issue of April 17, 1926, page 2126.

UNFILLED ORDERS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF U. S. STEEL CORPORATION.

End of Month 1928. 1927. 1926. 1925. 1924. 1923.
Japanery 4.275.947 3.800.177 4.882.739 5.037.323 4.798.429 6.910.776

January	4.275.947	3,800,177	4,882,739	5,037,323	4,798,429	6,910,776
February	4 398 189	3,597,119	4.616.822	5.284.771	4,912,901	7,283,989
Manch	4.335.206		4,379,935	4,863,564	4.782.807	7.403.332
March						
April	3.872.133	3,456,132	3,867,976	4,446,568	4,208,447	7,288,509
May		3,050,941	3,649,250	4.049.800	3,628,089	6,981,851
	0,710,000	0,000,040			8 2 989	505386,261
June	3,637,009	3,053,246	3,478,642	3,710,458		
July	3,570,927	3.142.014	3.602.522	3,539,467	3,187.072	5,910,763
	3,624,043		3.542.335	3.512.803	3,289,577	5.414.663
August	3,024,043					
September		3,148,113	3,593,509	3,717,297	3,473,780	5,035,750
		3,341,040	3,683,661	4,109,183	3.525.270	4.672.825
October						
November		3,454,444	3,807,447	4,581,780	4,031,969	4,368,584
			3,960,969	5.033.364	4.816.676	4,445,339
December		0,012,012	0,000.000	0,000,002	2,010,0	-,,

Steel Production Maintained at High Level—Pig Iron Prices Higher—Steel Prices Unchanged.

Country-wide advances in scrap prices, further evidences of strength in pig iron and the accumulation of substantial backlogs in finished steel are salient features of the iron and steel market, says the "Iron Age" of Sept. 13, which we further quote:

Heavy melting scrap at Pittsburgh has gone up 75c. a ton, making a total recovery of \$2.75 from the low point reached in July. At Philadelphia th eweek's advance in heavy steel scrap was \$2 a ton, and at Birmingham, \$1.50 a ton, while increases at other market centers ranged from 25c. to 75c. a ton.

Pig fron prices continue to stiffen in proportion to the improvement in furnace bookings. In the Valleys foundry fron has risen 50c. and basic iron 25c. a ton; at Cleveland, foundry and malleable grades for local

delivery have been marked up 50c. a ton.

The bulk of fourth quarter contracting for pig iron has been completed, but the week's commitments included several large purchases, among them 25,000 tons of basic bought in eastern Pennsylvania and 15,000 tons of the same grade placed at St. Louis.

Specifications for finished steel have been large. Sheet buyers have been particularly liberal in placing shipping orders, having the twofold purpose of taking advantage of third quarter prices and the present cash

discount of 2%, which will be reduced to ½ of 1% Oct. 1.

Mill bookings are so large that shipments will necessarily carry over into the fourth quarter. In fact, price advances intended to rule on contracts for that period may not undergo a severe test until well toward

the close of the year.

Specifying in bars, shapes and plates, although apparently not so heavy as in sheets, will undoubtedly extend deliveries of a considerable tonnage into the last quarter. The clause in the third quarter contracts of most mills stipulating that shipping orders be filed by Sept. 10 has been effective in driving in business, although seemingly it has failed to restrict the releases to third quarter needs.

Under the circumstances, buying at fourth quarter prices is deferred. However, it is now evident that steel producers do not intend to insist on a minimum price of 2c., Pittsburgh, or \$3 a ton above the ruling figure in third quarter contracts, but rather propose an advance of \$2 a ton for all classes of buyers. For the majority of consumers this will mean a price of 1.95c., Pittsburgh, while a few large buyers who have been getting steel at 1.80c. will be charged 1.90c. The maximum quotation of 2c will apply to small or occasional buyers who have been paying 1.90c. during the current quarter.

Cold-finished strip steel is now generally commanding 2.75c., Pittsburgh or Cleveland. While this is \$2 a ton short of what mills aimed at, it

represents an advance of \$2 a ton over recently prevailing prices.

A single base price for all gages and widths of hot-rolled strip will probably be put into effect Oct. 1 by at least some producers.

The rate of steel production remains unchanged, with Chicago operations at slightly over 80% and output in the greater Pittsburgh area between 80 and 85%. The average of the various Steel Corporation subsidiaries continues at about 75%.

Steel ingot production in August was the largest for any second-half month, totaling 4,178,481 tons, or 154,759 tons a day. In only two previous months later than May has output exceeded 4,000,000 tons—Oct. 1926, and Oct. 1918. Ingot output so far this year surpasses the previous eight-month record, in 1926, by 4%.

A gain of 53,116 tons in the unfilled orders of the Steel Corporation in

August brought the total to 3,624,043 tons, compared with 3,196,037 tons a year previous. This increase, together with heavy releases prior to Sept. 10 in sheets, bars, shapes and plates, points to the continuation of a high rate of output.

Among the major outlets for steel, the automobile industry is ex-

Among the major outlets for steel, the automobile industry is expected to curtail operations somewhat in October. On the other hand, the railroads will soon place fall orders for rails. The Canadian Pacific has bought 13,000 tons from the Algoma mill, and the Hocking Valley is in the market for 6,500 tons. Early inquiries are expected from the Louisville & Nashville and the Pennsylvania.

A pipe line order of 50,000 tons was added to an already large tonnage of this class of steel recently put on mill books. The buyer was the Sinclair Pipe Line Co., which will extend a line from Oklahoma to Chicago. A Milwaukee fabricator of electrically welded pipe is about to place 110,000 tons of steel for a recent order for a gas line from Amarillo, Tex., to Omaha. Tex., to Omaha.

A New York City water tunnel, now up for bids, will take 20,000 tons of miscellaneous iron and steel products, of which 9,325 tons is fabricated

structural steel and 2,850 tons is reinforcing bars. Negotiations to regulate competition in export markets for tin plate in the interest of Welsh and American makers are reported from England by cable. Some semblance of a partitioning of markets is indicated,

though the arrangements are probably not substantially different from those which have lately existed.

Registering the second rise since a low was reached in July, the "Iron have lately existed." composite price for pig iron has advanced from \$17.34 to \$17.46 a finished steel composite remains for the sixth week at 2.348c. a lb., as the following table shows:

Finished Steel. Sept. 11 1928, 2.348c. a Lb.	Pig Iron. Sept. 11 1928, \$17.46 a Gross Ton.
One week ago2.348c.	One week ago
One month ago 2 348e	One month ago 17.04
One year ago 9 2474	One year ago
10-weer pre- war a war a	One year ago 10.00
10-year pre-war average1.089c.	10-year pre-war average 15.72
Based on steel bars, beams, tank plates.	Based on average of basic fron at Valley
wire, rails, black pipe and black sheets.	furnace and foundry irons at Chicago,
constituting 87% of the United States	Philadelphia, Buffalo, Valley and Bir-
output of finished steel. High. Low.	High. Low.
19282.364c. Feb. 14 2.314c. Jan. 3	1928 \$17.75 Feb 14 \$17.04 July 24
1927 2.453c. Jan. 4 2.293c. Oct. 25	1927 19.71 Jan 4 17.54 Nov 1
1926 2.453c. Jan. 5 2.403c. May 18	1926 21.54 Jan. 5 19.46 July 13
1025 9 5600 Yen 6 9 2060 Aug 10	1920 21.54 Jan. 0 19.40 July 10
1925 2.560c. Jan. 6 2.396c. Aug. 18	1925 22.50 Jan. 13 18.96 July 7
1924 2.789c. Jan. 15 2.460c. Oct. 14	1924 22.88 Feb. 26 19.21 Nov. 3
1923 2.824c. Apr. 24 2.446c. Jan. 2	1923 30.86 Mar. 20 20.77 Nov. 20

August's record steel tonnage appears safely in process of digestion and sources of demand, far from being up, are providing specifications whose proportions thus far in the month promise to carry September as well to a new high production level, according to the "Iron Trade Review," Sept. 13, in its market summary. The "Review" further adds:

To a mild extent, business has been and is being driven in by the threat of higher fourth quarter prices, but stocking of the character known prior to 1921 is negligible. Many consumers, notably of sheets, have specified all their third quarter contract material and some have purchased supplementally at current prices, but substantially all this steel is earmarked for definite consumption. There has been some antipation, but little speculation. In these days of high handling costs and attractive interest rates, it takes more than the threat of \$2 per ton advance to send surplus funds into stackpiles.

In prices the trend, considering all products, is unmistakably upward. Producers of steel bars, plates and shapes were not as inflexible as threat-ened in making Sept. 10 the deadline on specifications for shipment this quarter; some are accepting specifications to Sept. 15 and others to the end of the month. Some makers will book at current prices for shipment this month. But on the whole, deviations are uncommonly few and

this month. But on the whole, deviations are uncommonly few and producers have rarely been so determined as now to obtain \$2 per ton more for next quarter. On sheets, strip, wire products and other lines there are evidences that producers will not get their full prices, but they will probably realize more than in the third quarter.

Some large tonnage requirements for steel developed in the past week. Chicago mills booked 100,000 tons of plates for a Milwaukee manufacturer of welded pipe. The Sinclair Oil Co. placed 45,000 tons of line pipe, and the Texas Co. inquired for 25,000 tons. About 21,000 tons of plates and shapes are up for a New York water tunnel. The Great Northern's award of 1.000 freight cars and 2,000 underframes calls for 15,000 tons award of 1,000 freight cars and 2,000 underframes calls for 15,000 tons of heavy steel. But the chief support of the market still comes from the automotive industry, whose requirements are expanding at a time when they might be expected to abate. Ford is now assembling 4,500 cars daily and is aiming at 5,000 by Oct. 1, Buick, Chrysler and Graham-Paige are far behind their orders and Willys-Overland schedule is up 15%.

It is evident from continued heavy bookings of pig iron that the recent price advances in practically all districts did not climax the buying movement. Shipments, which have depleted stocks at furnaces, are moving directly into consumption and judging from the present rate of melt consumers have by no means covered all their fourth quarter needs. At Cleveland the price for local delivery has been stepped up 50 cents, to \$18, furnace. Some first quarter iron has been sold by Buffalo producers at an advance of 50 cents. Two merchants stacks have been lighted at Chicago. Considerable spot selling to meet requirements before fourth quarter iron is shipped has developed.

August's record production of steel ingots, which at 4,178,481 tons compares with 3,811,573 tons in July and 3,986,966 tons in August 1926-the previous record-seems to clinch 1928 as the best steel year ever. In eight months the industry has made 32,782,937 tons of ingots, a daily average of 157,610 tons. In the same period of 1926—the record was 31,775,768 tons. Production over the remainder year-output 1928 can fall 17%, to a daily average of 132,800 tons, and still top 1926. If the margin of 3.26% over 1926 is maintained in the final 4 months, 1928 will be a better ingot year than 1926 by over 1,000,000 tons. indication of the confidence of steelmakers is the fact that, after increasing shipping instructions last week for 520,000 tons additional of lake ore this season, they have specified 200,000 tons more this week. The increase of 53,116 tons in the Steel corporation's unfilled tonnage Aug. 31 is another good harbinger.

Steel corporation subsidiaries are operating this week at 77%, a

of one point over last week, and the entire industry is at about 75%. Although a steelworks stack has been blown out at Chicago that district's steelworks continue at 80%. Mahoning valley plants are close to 85%, additional open hearth capacity offsetting some bessemer capacity that has been dropped. Pittsburgh mills average about 80%.

Production quotas of members of the continental steel entente are expected at least to be maintained, states an "Iron Trade Review" dispatch from London. Belgium producers are doing a good export business, though experiencing a decline in demand from North America. British interests are looking good railroad business for South Africa and much galvanized sheet tongers for South America and India sheet tonnage for South America and India.

Reflecting the firmer trend in prices the "Iron Trade Review" composite of 14 leading iron and steel products is up 2 cents this week to \$35.13. This barometer one month ago stood at \$34.89 and 60 days ago at \$34.85.

Steel companies operating in this district are expected to report greater earnings for the present quarter than in the first and second quarters of this year and the corresponding three months of 1927, the "Wall Street Journal," Sept. 12 says. Second quarter net profits were far greater than in the first quarter and in many cases exceeded the second quarter of a year ago. Increased production and higher prices than prevailed early in the year were primarily responsible. The elimination of expenses for piling coal and fighting the coal strike also contributed to the improvement of some steel makers. No seasonal slump took place during the present quarter. Production of practically all types of steel products continued on the up-grade. Present ingot production is at 85% of capacity, continues the "Journal," adding:

Prices a year ago had slumped to 1.75 cents a pound for bars, plates and shapes. This was \$5 a ton lower than at the beginning of 1927. This year has seen much lost ground regained. Current shipments are being made at about 1.85 cents with some tonnage at 1.90 cents. task of establishing higher prices has progressed slowly, but fourth quarter shipments will be at prices \$3 to \$4 a ton above the low of 1927.

Earnings in the third quarter of last year reflected the reduced prices and declining operations to a pronounced extent. There is little that the present quarter's results will show a large improvement.

Earnings of many steel companies for the entire year may be expected to exceed those of 1927. The last two quarters will be better than a year ago in most cases. The second quarter was greater than in 1927 for many companies. In the first quarter alone were earnings almost universally smaller than in the previous year.

A high rate of automobile production has contributed to good operating schedules for many mills. Practically all other steel consuming lines have been taking large tonnages for the past 3 months.

tin plate makers worked at more than 90% end of August when output was reduced as demand declined with the end of the canning season. The sheet mills have been operating at more than 75% of capacity.

The pipe mills were producing at 60% of capacity or less until recently when demand from California oil fields and buying of line pipe increased output to about 75%.

American Bridge Co., a subsidiary of U. S. Steel Corp., has received a contract for 2,500 tons of steel for the U. S. Gypsum Co. building at East Chicago, Ind. The Bridge company is also understood to have been low bidder on the 3,000 tons of steel for the Patterson Estate project in The "American Metal Market," in its weekly review, says:

The statistical news of the weeks in steel has been favorable from a general viewpoint but does not fully support the accounts in the last few weeks being exceptional activity.

That the placing of actual shipping orders for steel, partly by specifying against third quarter contracts and partly by placing fresh orders for prompt shipment, has been heavy in the last few weeks is perfectly clear, but the mills have no accumulated backlogs to any important extent. Cases of mills being behindhand in deliveries are cited, but they are conspicuous rather than typical.

Pig Iron Output in August Increased.

Production of pig iron in August, from data collected largely by wire by the "Iron Age," show an increase in daily rate over July but a net loss in furnaces. In most cases actual data were furnished by the producing companies. Total coke pig iron output in August was 3,136,570 gross tons or 101,180 tons per day for the 31 days as contrasted with 3,071,824 tons of 99,091 tons per day for the 31 days in July. This is an increase for August of 2,089 tons or 2.1%. In July there was a decrease of 3,642 tons per day or 3.2% The August daily rate last year was 95,073 tons, which was a decline from July of that year of 126 tons per day. Thus August this year showed an increase over July while last year there was a decrease.

Capacity Active on Sept. 1.

There were 183 furnaces active on Sept. 1, with an estimated operating rate of 98,730 tons per day. This compares with an operating rate of 98,445 tons per day for the 185 furnaces active on Aug. 1. The apparent contradiction of a slightly higher rate for the 183 furnaces than for the 185 furnaces is probably due to the fact that some large steel producing companies drove their furnaces very hard during the month.

Of the 7 furnaces blown in, one was a Steel Corporation stack, with the remaining 6 equally distributed between independent steel making companies and merchant furnaces. Four Steel Corporation stacks, 3 independent steel company furnaces and 2 merchant stacks were shut down. This is a net loss of 3 furnaces for the Steel Corporation and a gain of one mer chant furnace.

Steel and Merchant Iron.

Steel-making iron in August was made at the rate of 82,642 tons per day as compared with 79,513 tons per day in July, a gain of nearly 4%. Merchant iron in August was produced at the rate of 18,538 tons per day as compared with 19,578 tons per day in July, a loss of 1,040 tons per day.

Furnaces Blown in and out.

During August the following furnaces were blown in: One Susquehanna stack of the Hanna Furnace Co. in the Buffalo district; one Bethlehem furnace of the Bethlehem Steel Co. in the Lehigh Valley; one Monongahela stack of the National Tube Co. in the Pittsburgh district; one Cambria stack of the Bethlehem Steel Co., and the Adrian furnace in western Pennsylvania; the Grace furnace of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. in the Mahoning Valley, and one Vanderbilt stack of the Woodward Iron Co.

Furnaces blown out or banked during the month were as follows: One Bethlehem furnace of the Bethlehem Steel Co. in the Lehigh Valley; one Isabella stack of the Carnegie Steel Co. in the Pittsburgh district; one Cambria stack of the Bethlehem Steel Co. in western Pennsylvania; one Central stack of the American Steel & Wire Co. and one Toledo furnace of Pickands, Mather & Co. in northern Ohio; one Gary furnace of the Illinois Steel Co. in the Chicago district; one furnace of the Coloardo Fuel & Iron Co. in Colorado, and one Bessemer stack of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Co. and one Woodward stack of the Woodward Iron Co.

DAILY AVERAGE PRODUCTION OF COKE PIG IRON IN THE UNITED STATES BY MONTHS SINCE JAN. 1 1924-GROSS TONS.

	1924.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.
January	97,384	108,720	106,974	100,123	92,573
February	106,026	114,791	104,408	105.024	100,004
March	111,809	114,975	111,032	112.366	103,215
April	107,781	108,632	115,004	114.074	106,183
May	84,358	94,542	112,304	109.385	105,931
June	67.541	89,115	107.844	102.988	102,733
First 6 months	95.794	105.039	109,660	107,351	101,763
July	57.577	85,936	103,978	95,199	99,091
August	60.875	87.241	103.241	95.073	101,180
September	68,442	90,873	104.543	92,498	
October	79.907	97.528	107.553	89.810	
November	83.656	100.767	107.890	88.279	
December	95,539	104.853	99,712	86,960	
12 month's average	85.075	99.735	107.043	99,266	

DAILY RATE OF PIG IRON PRODUCTION BY MONTHS-GR. TONS.

	Steel Works.	*Merchant.	Total.
1927August	71,413	23,660	95,073
September	69,673	22,825	92,498
October	66,991	22,819	89.810
November	64,600	23,679	88.279
December		22,742	86,960
1928—January	69,520	23,053	92.573
February		21,560	100,004
March	83,489	19 726	103,215
April	85,183	21,000	106,183
May	85,576	20,355	105,931
June		21,103	102,733
July	79,513	19,578	99,091
August	82,642	18,538	101,180

* Includes pig iron made for the market by steel

TOTAL PRODUCTION OF COKE PIG IRON IN UNITED STATES

		BEGINNIN	G JAN, 1	1926—0	ROSS TO	NS.	
	1926. 3,316,201	1927. 3,103,820 2,940,679	1928. 2,869,761		1926. 3,223,338 3,200,479	1927. 2,951,160	1928. 3,071,824
Mar	2,923,415 3,441,986 3,450,122	3,483,362	3,199,674	Sept	3,136,293 3,334,132	2,947,276 2,774,949 2,784,112	3,136,570
May	3,481,428 3,235,309				3,236,707 3,091,060	2,648,376 2,695,755	******

14 yr.19,848,461 19,430,678 18,520,921 Year*.39,070,470 36,232.306 * These totals do not include charcoal pig iron. The 1927 production of this iron was 164,569 tons.

PRODUCTION OF STEEL COMPANIES FOR OWN USE-GROSS TONS.

71177	Total Pig Iron— Spiegel and Ferromanganese.			x.Fer	тотапрапе	ise.
- Yard Carlotte	1926	1927.	1928.	1926.	1927.	1928.
January	2,599,876	2,343,881	2,155,133	29,129	31.844	22,298
February	2,272,150	2,256,651	2,274,880	22,309	24.560	19,320
March	2,661,092	2,675,417	2,588,158	24.064	27,834	27,912
April	2,677,094	2,637,919	2,555,500	24.134	24,735	18,405
May	2,687,138		2,652,872	23,159	28,734	29,940
June	2,465,583	2,343,409	2,448,905	25,378	29,232	32,088
Half year	15.362.933	14,876,355	14 675 449	148,173	166,939	149,963
July	2,461,161	2,163,101	2,464,896	26,877	26,394	32,909
August	2,424,687		2.561.904	23,557	21,279	24,583
September	2,436,733	2.090,200	2,001,004	25,218	20,675	24,000
October	2,578,830	2,076,722	*****	28,473	17.710	
November	2,484,620			31,903	17.851	
December	2,322,180		******	31,627	20,992	
Year	30,071,144	27,345,888		315,828	291.840	

x Includes output of merchant furnaces.

Production of Bituminous Coal and Anthracite Again Shows Increase-Coke Output Slightly Lower.

According to the United States Bureau of Mines, production of bituminous coal during the week ended Sept. 1 amounted to 9,483,000 net tons as compared with 9,276,000 tons in the preceding week and 9,760,000 tons during the week ended Sept. 3 1927. Output of anthracite during the week ended Sept. 1 1928 is estimated at 1,807,000 net tons as against 1,821,000 tons in the corresponding period in 1927 and 1,731,000 tons in the week ended Aug. 25 1928. Production of beehive coke in the United States during the week ended Sept. 1 last totaled approximately 64,000 net tons, a decrease of about 4,000 tons as compared with the preceding week and 41,000 tons less than produced in the week ended Sept. 3 1927. The Bureau of Mines report is as follows:

BITUMINOUS COAL.

The total production of soft coal during the week ended Sept. 1, including lignite and coal coked at the mines, is estimated at 9,483,000 net tons. Compared with the output in the preceding week, this shows an increase of 207,000, or 2.2%. Production during the week in 1927 corresponding with that of Sept. 1 amounted to 9,760,000 tons.

Estimated United States Production of Bituminous Coal (Net Tons) Inc. Coal Coked.

	1928		1	927
	Cal. Year			Cal. Year
A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE	Week.	to Date.	Week.	to Date.n
Aug. 18	-8,959,000	294,053,000	9,140,000	334,813,000
Daily average	_1,493,000	1,505,000	1,523,000	1,714,000
Aug. 25.b	-9,276,000	303,329,000	9,742,000	344,555,000
Daily average	-1,546,000	1,506,000	1,624,000	1,712,000
Sept. 1.c	-9,483,000	312,812,000	9,760,000	354,315,000
Daily average	_1,581,000	1,508,000	1,627,000	1,709,000

a Minus one day's production first week in January to equalize number of days in the two years. b Revised since last report. c Subject to revision.

The total production of bituminous coal during the present calendar year to Sept. 1 (approximately 207 working days) amounts to 312,812,000 net tons. Figures for corresponding periods in other recent years are given below:

Estimated Weekly Production of Coal by States.

As already indicated by the revised figures on page 1, the total production of soft coal for the country as a whole during the week ended Aug. 25 amounted to 9.276.000 net tons. This is an increase of 317,000 tons, or 3.5%, over the output in the preceding week.

-		Week I	Ended-		Aug.
	Aug. 25,	Aug. 18,	Aug. 27,	Aug. 28,	Average
State-	1928.	1928.	1927.	1926.	1923.a
Alabama	279,000	271,000	371,000	390,000	397,000
Arkansas	40,000	37,000	50,000	26,000	26,000
Colorado	160,000	146,000	214,000	201,000	173,000
Illinois	848,000	814,000	188,000	1,221,000	1,363,000
Indiana	283,000	266,000	325,000	431,000	440,000
Iowa	45,000	48,000	10,000	84,000	100,000
Kansas	26,000	27,000	39,000	82,000	84,000
Kentucky-Eastern	993,000	987,000	1,166,000	960,000	765,000
Western	267,000	257,000	523,000	308,000	217,000
Maryland	49,000	52,000	64,000	60,000	44,000
Michigan	12,000	11,000	19,000	13,000	21,000
Missouri	62,000	60,000	41,000	56,000	61,000
Montana	62,000	55,000	66,000	54,000	50,000
New Mexico	51,000	54,000	58,000	53,000	49,000
North Dakota	14,000	16,000	13,000	24,000	20,000
Ohio	341,000	298,000	135,000	488,000	871,000
Oklahoma	47,000	48,000	62,000	56,000	55,000
Pennsylvania	2,348,000	2,237,000	2,370,000	2,927,000	3,734,000
Tennessee	105,000	101,000	98,000	110,000	118,000
Texas	17,000	17,000	21,000	23,000	24,000
Utah	87,000	73,000	96,000	87,000	83,000
Virginia	235,000	223,000	263,000	285,000	248,000
Washington	39,000	41,000	47,000	52,000	47,000
West Virginia-Southernb		1,963,000	2.414.000	2.193.000	1,552,000
Northern_c	786,000	746,000	959,000	817,000	838,000
Wyoming.	120,000	110,000	126,000	112,000	154,000
Other States	1,000	1,000	4,000	5,000	4,000
Total bituminous coal .	9,276,000	8,959,000		11,118,000	
Pennsylvania anthracite _		1,416,000	2,092,000	1.986,000	1,926,000

Total all coal _____11,007,000 10,375,000 11,834,000 13,104,000 13,464,000 a Average rate maintained during the entire month. b Includes operations on the N. & W.; C. & O.; Virginian; K. & M.; and Charleston division of the B. & O. c Rest of State, including Panhandle.

ANTHRACITE.

The total production of anthracite during the week ended Sept. 1 is estimated at 1.807,000 net tons. Compared with the output in the preceding week, this shows an increase of 76,000 tons, or 4.4%. Production during the week in 1927 corresponding with that of Sept. 1 amounted to 1.821,000 tons.

Estimated United States Production of Anthractic (Net Tons).

	1928		1927		
Week Ended— Aug. 18————————————————————————————————————	1,731,000	46,890,000 48,697,000	Week. 1,585,000 2,092,000 1,821,000		
and the state of t	Atres & server & A.	- Y	a service filters or a service.		

the two years. b Subject to revision.

BEEHIVE COKE.

The total production of beehive coke during the week ended Sept. 1 is estimated at 64,000 net tons, as compared with 64,000 tons in the preceding week and 105,000 tons during the week ended Sept. 3 1927. ated Production of Beehive Coke (Net Tons).

	Week Ended-		1928.	1927
Sept. 1,	Aug. 25.	Sept. 3.	to	to
1928.b	1928.	1927.	Date.	Date.a
Pennsylvania & Ohio 44,000	43,000	77,000	2,008,000	4,191,000
West Virginia 11,000	14,000	14,000	409,000	543,000
Ala., Ky., Tenn. & Ga 0	2,000	2,000	113,000	178,000
Virginia 5,000	5,000	5,000	166,000	232,000
Colo., Utah & Wash 4,000	4,000	7,000	144,000	253,000
United States Total 64,000	68,000	105,000	2,840,000	5,397,000
Daily average 10,700	11,300	17,500	13,600	25,800
a Minus one day's production fire	t week in Jan	nary to equ	alize numbe	e of days in

Bituminous Coal Stocks Now About Normal-Consumption Increases.

According to the National Association of Purchasing Agents, bituminous coal stocks in the United Staes are now about normal. There is no apparent reason for increasing stocks as even with the increase in demand due to the heating load coming on this fall and even if there was an increased demand due to better business, the present potential production could easily take care of all requirements. In practically all parts of the United States, car shortage is a thing of the past due to the present efficient operation of the railroads. On Aug. 1 anthracite and bituminous coal stocks in industries in the United States and Canada showed a decline of 1 1-3 million net tons from last month. Total stocks of both anthracite and bituminous in the United States and Canada as of Aug. 1 were slightly less than

Consumption increased approximately 750,000 tons during the month of July as compared with June to approximately 331/2 million tons, making the number of days supply on hand 36 days. Consumption in July 1928 was almost identical to consumption in July 1927 or one year ago. Bituminous coal production increased in July as compared with June 313,000 tons, due to the extra day in the month. Anthracite production increased approximately 200,000 tons over the preceding month. The "Association" further says:

The number of days supply in industries in the United States of bituminous

coas at c as follows.	
By product coke	days
Electric utilities and coal gas plants	days
Railroads36	days
Steel mills35	days
Other industries	days
Average of total stocks throughout the country36	days
Y 1 141 .1	

In no classification was there a marked decline in stocks although all of them declined somewhat. However, in electric utilities and coal gas plants the number of days supply on hand decreased considerably during the month of August due to marked increase in consumption in this classifica-

New England—Report of Regional Chairman, K. P. Applegate, Hartford

Electric Light Co., Hartford, Conn.:

Southern Bituminous Coal.—Orders for southern bituminous are coming very slow in New England. This is espescially true on the Run of Mine sizes. This particular grade of coal, however, is keeping its its price up better than the others.

On stoker coal and mixtures there is some weakness in price and very little business

Pennsylvania bituminous market is very dull.

Anthracite Situation.—Dealers are busier than they were last month and buying is a little better. There is room, however, for considerable

Canada.—Report of Regional Chairman, W. G. Henderson, Steel Company of Canada Ltd., Montreal, Canada:

There is nothing new in the coal and coke situation; prices of coal remain-Coke.—Stocks of coke are being accumulated by producers, due to lack of

Central Competitive.—Report of Regional Chairman B. L. Verver, Interstate Iron & Steel Co., Chicago, Ill.:

There is no improvement apparent in the Central Competitive field either in sales or operations. New low prices have been established on many grades this month. Some improvement is anticipated in September.

Western.—Report of Regional Chairman, W. M. James, American Beet

Sugar Co., Denver, Colo.: The situations in the Kansas, Oklahoma and Arkansas fields are rather quiet with slack coal plentiful and at depressed prices for this time of year. This particularly applies to Kansas.

Arkansas and Eastern Oklahoma semi-anthracite districts the production

Shovel mines are crushing their output for steam purposes and production exceeds demand with consequent weak prices. Competition from industrial gas is, in part, responsible for this condition.

Normally, steam coal prices are highest in May and June. This year, stead of stiffening, they declined which would indicate the possibility of still lower market when mines resume to meet the fall demand for domestic

The mountain sections of Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico are just beginning to get into the fall demand for domestic sizes and while slack coal has been scarce it is now becoming more plentiful, and it is possible that lower prices may prevail.

Upper Lakes .- Report of Regional Chairman, G. B. Smith, Swift & Co., South St. Paul, Minn .:

Normal accumulation of stocks in the Upper Lakes is continued.

	Prepaid		Screen-	
	Sizes.	Mine.	ings.	Total.
Stocks on hand, July 1	128,666	3,180,324	826.788	4,135,778
Cargo receipts, July I-Aug. 1	65,491	1.149.683		1,427,189
Reloading during July	105.949	141.178	212 761	459.888
Balance on hand, Aug. 1	190.922	3.940 712		5,103,079
RR. obligation, Aug. 1	192 949	1 816 006		2,456,111
Commercial obligation Aug. 1	200 200	020,500	1 177 500	2,400,111
Commercial congation Aug. I	400,000	200,001	1,171,527	1.700.476

Pacific Coast.—Report of Regional Chairman, A. D. Smith, Utah Power

& Light Co., Salt Lake City, Utah: Coal production in this territory is still in the seasonal decline with some evidence that heavy movement will commence within a few days. Prices have been strictly maintained throughout the summer season resulting in small demand which condition must now be remedied by heavy shipments. There is some fear that a car shortage may develop due to coincidence of heavy crop and coal movements.

Application for franchise in Salt Lake, Ogden and other adjacent communities has been made by a natural gas company proposing to pipe gas from Baxter Basin, Wyo. Some fears are expressed that this will result in material reduction of the market for Utah coals and to a lesser extent for

Wyoming coals

Seaboard.—Report of Committeeman H. T. Coates, Dairymen's League Co-operative Association, Inc., New York City:

Some of the operators and coal salesmen have apparently pinned a good deal of faith to the reduction of coal stocks and now that these are down to normal they have been hoping that prices would stiffen somewhat. has not yet come about, however, and there appears to be very little indication of this in the near future.

A good many of the buyers are watching the situation keenly on account of the fact that a large number of mines have shut down recently, but so for the falling off in consumption and the estimated potential output of the mines that are running, are preventing every tendency for rise in prices.

Bunker Coal.—The increase in vessels with oil burning boilers and in-

stallation of Diesel Engines has been gradually reducing the amount of bunker coal used at the port of New York, so that the actual tonnage for this purpose is becoming relatively small. A large part of what is used was bought on contract last April and other contracts will be made in the next The present price is holding the same as last month, with a two months. tendency to rise.

At Hampton Roads the market is maintaining about the same level a

30 days previous and so far there is no indication of increase in prices.

COMPARATIVE ESTIMATES OF U.S. PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION OF STOCKS OF ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS COAL IN INDUSTRIES OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

U. S.	Ind'trial	On Hand in
Production	. Cons'p'n.	Industries.
August48,907,000	33,900,000	59,697,000
September48,592,000	33,195,000	59,179,000
October51,400,000	35,813,000	60,154,000
November47,100,000	35,514,000	57,940,000
December		55,725,000
January49,645,000	37,678,000	52,909,000
February46,933,000	36,301,000	50,595,000
March		48,388,000
April39,081,000	35,230,000	47,432,000
May44,748,000	34,844,000	43,670,000
June41,264,000	32,784,000	40,890,000
July41,785,000	33,527,000	40,700,000
Aug. 1		39,415,000

Production of Bituminous Coal in August Showed a Moderate Increase—Prices Slightly Higher.

Conditions in the bituminous coal industry during August presented a composite picture of the situation in general industry and of the reactions arising out of readjustments peculiar to coal mining, the "Coal Age" of Sept. 14 reports. Production showed a moderate increase over July figures reflecting the happy industrial stability emphasized in trade comments on general business, and the steadily diminishing stockpiles in the hands of consumers, according to the "Coal

Age," which adds:
The level of spot prices also registered a slight increase from the July price of \$1.6975 per net ton f.o.b. mines to \$1.73.
August bituminous production was 41.041,000 net tons, as against 36,— The average ou 276,000 tons in July, which had two less working days. put per working day, however, rose from 1,451,000 tons in July to 1,520,000

Anthracite, which has been in the dumps for several weeks, gained sharply in production in August. The total output last month was 6,789,-000 net tons as compared with 4,475,000 tons in July. The daily average increased from 179,000 to 251,000 tons. The increase of 25 cents in price on all domestic sizes except pea, which became effective Sept. 1, was the major factor in increasing production.

Fuel Conference to be Held in London Sept. 24-Oct. 6 Under Auspices of World Power Conference.

At the Imperial Institute, London, a fuel conference will be held from Sept. 24 to Oct. 6 under the auspices of the World Power Conference. The scope of the conference is indicated as follows:

The fuel conference was organized as a sectional meeting of the World Power Conference by the British National Committee with the approval of the International Executive Council of the World Power Conference. The Earl of Balfour is Honorary President of the Fuel Conference and Sir Alfred Mond is President. The American committee of the World Power Conference has prepared a list of papers for presentation at the Fuel Conference. John W. Weeks is Honorary Chairman of the American committee. General Chairman of the American committee is O. C. Merrill, Executive Secretary Federal Power Commission, Washington, D. C.: General Vice-Chairman, Henry J. Pierce, President Washington Irrigation & Development Co., New York City; Secretary, William M. Steuart, Director Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C.; Treasurer H. M. Addinsel, Harris, Forbes & Co., New York City.

Sections of the Conference.

Section A.—The Coal Industry—Economic and General Considerations. Section B.—Sampling and Testing of Solid Fuels.

Section C.—Coal Treatment—(a) Cleaning, (b) drying, (c) briquetting. Section D.—Storage and Handling of Solid Fuels by the User.

Section E.—The Oil Industry—Economic and General Considerations.

Section F .- Composition, Classification, Preparation, Storage and Handling of Liquid Fuels.

Section G.—The Carbonization Industry—Economic and General Conditions.

Section H.—Composition, Classification, Preparation, Storage and Handling of Gaseous Fuels and of the Products of the Carbonization Industry. Section J.-Utilization of Fuels for Steam Generation and the Pro-

duction of Electricity. Section K .- Utilization of Fuels, Including Electricity, for Industrial Furnace Work.

Section L.—Utilization of Fuels, Including Electricity, for Domestic

Section M.—Pulverized Fuel. Section N.—Internal Combustion Engines Section O.—Transmission of Power. Section P.—Waste Heat Recovery.

Section Q.—Low Temperature Carbonization. Section R.—Peat.

Section S .- Power Alcohol.

Section T .-

-Training of Fuel Technicians.
-Organizations Concerned with the Efficient Use of Fuel in Section V .-Industry.

Section W .--Economic Possibilities in the Better Co-Ordination of Fuel Utilization

Section X.—Technical Data on Fuel.

Current Events and Discussions

The Week with the Federal Reserve Banks

The consolidated statement of condition of the Federal Reserve banks on Sept. 12, made public by the Federal Reserve Board, and which deals with the results for the 12 Reserve banks combined, shows increases for the week of \$24,400,000 in holdings of bills bought in open market, \$15,000,000 in United States securities, \$75,300,000 in member bank reserve deposits, and \$23,600,000 in cash reserves, and decreases of \$10,900,000 in holdings of discounted bills and \$12,800,000 in Federal Reserve note circulation. Total bills and securities were \$29,500,000 above the amount held on Sept. 5. After noting these facts, the Federal Reserve Board proceeds as follows:

The principal changes in holdings of discounted bills were decreases of \$12,800,000 at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago and \$10,000,000 at Boston, and increases of \$10,900,000 at Cleveland and \$6,200,000 at New York. The System's holdings of bills bought in open market increased \$24,400,000, of certificates of indebtedness \$14,600,000 and of Treasury notes \$900,000, while holdings of United States bonds declined \$500,000.

Federal Reserve note circulation declined \$15,100,000 at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, \$2,500,000 at Boston and \$12,800,000 at all Federal Reserve banks, and increased \$5,000,000 at Cleveland and \$2,400,000 at Dallas

The statement in full, in comparison with the preceding week, and with the corresponding date last year, will be found on subsequent pages—namely, pages 1494 and 1495. A summary of changes in the principal assets and liabilities of the Reserve banks during the week and the year ending Sept. 12 is as follows:

Soper II is do lour no.		
	Du	or Decrease ()
	Week.	Year.
Total reserves Gold reserves	+\$23,600,000	
Gold reserves	T19,500,000	-334,700,000
Total bills and securities		+401,800,000
Bills discounted, total		+693,900,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	+4,000,000	+452,600,000
Other bills discounted	-14,900,000	+241,300,000
Bills bought in open market	+24,400,000	-15,600,000
U. S. Government securities, total		-278,200,000
Bonds	500,000	-226,800,000
Treasury notes	+900.000	-35,300,000
Certificates of indebtedness.		-16,100,000
Federal Reserve notes in circulation	-12,800,000	-19,300,000
Total deposits	+82,500,000	+20,600,000
Members' reserve deposits	+75,300,000	+23,700,000
Government deposits	+700,000	-2,900,000
~~ TV MMVM WV WV W = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	1 ,00,000	2,000,000

Returns of Member Banks for New York and Chicago Federal Reserve Districts-Brokers' Loans.

Beginning with the returns for June 29 1927, the Federal Reserve Board also began to give out the figures of the member banks in the New York Federal Reserve District, as well as those in the Chicago Reserve District, on Thursdays, simultaneously with the figures for the Reserve banks themselves, and for the same week, instead of waiting until the following Monday, before which time the statistics covering the entire body of reporting member banks-now 635—cannot be got ready.

The following is the statement for the New York member banks and that for the Chicago member banks thus issued in advance of the full statement of the member banks, which latter will not be available until the coming Monday. The New York statement, of course, also includes the brokers' loans of reporting member banks, which this week again show and increase, this time of \$95,982,000, the grand aggregate of these loans on Sept. 12 being \$4,385,191,000. This total is the largest since the week of June 13 and is only \$178,049,000 below the record total of June 6.

CONDITION OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN CENTRAL RESERVE CITIES.

New York	—45 Banks.		
		8	Sept. 14 1927.
Loans and investments—total	7,213,236,000	7,260,913,000	6,701,784,000
Loans and discounts—total	5,318,632,000	5,386,488,000	4,907,757,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations Secured by stocks and bonds	42,493,000 2,452,252,000 2,823,887,000	2,502,291,000	2.294.881.000

	100000	
	. Sept. 5 1928.	
Investments—total1,894,604,000	1,874,425,000	1,794,027,000
U. S. Government securities1,042,334,000 Other bonds, stocks and securities 852,270,000	1,025,049,000 849,376,000	879,085,000 914,942,000
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank 728,700,000 Cash in vault		714,225,000 59,782,000
Net demand deposits 5,129,234,000 Time deposits 1,164,711,000 Government deposits 11,184,000	1,171,794,000	1,002,300,000
Due from banks 103,429,000 Due to banks 1,134,987,000		
Borrowings from F. R. Bank-total 269,584,000	260,205,000	59,420,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations 196,995,000 All other 72,589,000		42,000,000 17,420,000
Loans to brokers and dealers (secured by stocks and bonds); For own account: 864,807,000 For account of out-of-town banks1,599,300,000	906,779,000	1,037,978,000
For account of out-of-town banks1,599,300,000 For account of others1,921,084,000	1,521,723,000 1,860,707,000	1,298,782,000 912,491,000
Total 4,385,191,000	4,289,209,000	3,249,251,000
On demand 3,641,656,000 On time 743,535,000	3,481,887,000 807,322,000	2,446,739,000 802,512,000
Chicago—43 Banks. Loans and investments—total2,026,619,000	2,035,532,000	1,969,624,000
Loans and discounts—total1,560,099,000	1,564,447,000	1,511,546,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	784,177,000	802,720,000
Investments—total 466,520,000	471,085,000	458,078,000
U. S. Government securities 209,389,000 Other bonds, stocks and securities 257,131,000		
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank 186,197,000 Cash in vault		
Net demand deposits 1,250,345,000 Time deposits 679,266,000 Government deposits 5,651,000	677,547,000	612,546,000
Due from banks	160,398,000	163,877,000
Borrowings from F. R. Bank-total 36,090,000	41,924,000	15,499,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations 31,617,000 All other		

Complete Returns of the Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System for the Preceding Week.

As explained above, the statements for the New York and Chicago member banks are now given out on Thursdays, simultaneously with the figures for the Reserve banks themselves, and covering the same week, instead of being held until the following Monday, before which time the statistics covering the entire body of reporting member banks, now 635, cannot be got ready.

In the following will be found the comments of the Federal Reserve Board respecting the returns of the entire body of reporting member banks of the Federal Reserve System for the week ended with the close of business Sept. 5.

The Federal Reserve Board's condition statement of 635 reporting member banks in leading cities as of Sept. 5 shows increases for the week of \$118 000,000 in loans and discounts, of \$157,000,000 in deposits, and of \$53,-000,000 in borrowings from Federal Reserve banks.

Loans on stocks and bonds, including United States Government obligations, were \$110,000,000 above the Aug. 29 total at all reporting banks, an increase of \$128,000,000 in the New York district being partly offset by decreases of \$11,000,000 in the Cleveland district and \$4,000,000 each in the Atlanta and Kansas City districts. "All other" loans and discounts decreased \$14,000,000 in the New York district, \$7,000,000 in the Chicago district, and \$6,000,000 in the Boston district and increased \$9,000,000 each in the Cleveland and San Francisco districts, \$7,000,000 in the St. Louis

district, and \$8,000,000 at all reporting banks.

Holdings of United States Government securities increased \$23,000,000 in the New York district and \$17,000,000 at all reporting banks. Holdings of other bonds, stocks and securities declined \$15,000,000 in the New York district, \$8,000,000 in the Cleveland district, and \$17,000,000 at all report-

Net demand deposits were \$193,000,000 above the amount reported a week ago, the principal increases by districts being: New York \$88,000,-000, Chicago \$47,000,000, Philadelphia \$11,000,000, and Boston and Cleveland \$10,000,000 each. A decline of \$16,000,000 in time deposits in the Cleveland district was largely offset by an increase of \$9,000,000 in the New York district, all reporting banks showing a decline of \$12,000,000 for All districts participated in the reduction of \$24,000,000 in Government deposits.

The principal changes in borrowings from the Federal Reserve banks were increases of \$68,000,000 at reporting banks in the New York district and \$16,000,000 in the San Francisco district, and decreases of \$26,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$5,000,000 each in the Cheveland and Kansas City

A summary of the principal assets and liabilities of 635 reporting member banks, together with changes during the week and the year ended Sept. 5

1928, follows:			or Decrease (-)
	Sept. 5 1928.	Week.	Year.
Loans and investments-total	22,252,106,000	+117,642,000	+1,529,862,000
Loans and discounts-total	15,846,885,000	+117,678,000	+1,094,693,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations Secured by stocks and bonds All other loans and discounts	127,815,000 6,630,087,000 9,088,983,000	+107,162,000	+6,861,000 +618,355,000 +469,477,000
Investments—total	6,405,221,000	-36,000	+435,169,000
U. S. Government securities Other bonds, stocks and securities.	2,925,212,000 3,480,009,000	+17,012,000 -17,048,000	+437,307,000 -2,138,000
Reserve with Federal Reserve banks Cash in vault		$+5,410,000 \\ +1,735,000$	-38,151,000 -21,288,000
Net demand deposits Time deposits Government deposits	13,063,728,000 6,899,999,000 94,254,000		-298,026,000 +572,688,000 +85,764,000
Due from banks		$^{+125,070,000}_{+155,121,000}$	-30,314,000 -303,340,000
Borrowings from F. R. banks-total.	826,897,000	+52,531,000	+531,543,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	539,857,000 287,040,000		+354,270,000 +177,273,000

Summary of Conditions in World's Markets According to Cablegrams and Other Reports to the Depart-

The Department of Commerce at Washington releases for publication Sept. 15 the following summary of market conditions abroad, based on advices by cable and radio:

ARGENTINA.

General business for the week ending Sept. 7 was good, and, owing to countrywide rains, crop prospects continue to be favorable. This season's sugar crop is officially estimated in Argentina at 415,000 tons, or about 5,000 tons larger than that of last season. Customs house receipts from January 1 to September 7 1928 show an increase of 10% as compared with the same period of the previous year. Automobile and truck imports, excluding a well known make of American small car, during the first eight months of 1928 show an increase of 33% and 81% respectively, in the case of the United States and an increase of 7% and a decrease of 13%, respectively, in the case of Europe over the same months of 1927. August liabilities in failures amounted to 5,600,000 paper pesos, a decrease of 4,400,000 paper pesos from July.

AUSTRALIA.

Improvement was indicated in business conditions throughout Australia during the week ended Sept. 5, due largely to easier money and the opening of spring, though rain is needed. The Federal Treasurer stated in his budget speech that the clouds of depression seem to be disappearing and a slight surplus of revenue over expenditures can be hoped for in the coming year, without additional taxation.

BRAZIL.

Foreign exchange throughout the week ending Sept. 6 was steady in spite of the fact that offerings of export bills were small. The coffee market was firm but not active. The law authorizing the issuance of highway bonds has been passed and it is rumored that a foreign loan of \$20,000,000, secured by these bonds, has already been negotiated. The tariff bill which is before the Senate Committee is expected to be reported to the floor of the Senate on Sept. 21 and among other things it is believed in Brazil that it will provide for an increase in the duties levied on imports of gasoline and textiles.

BRITISH MALAYA.

Business and trade continue quiet. Considerable interest, with some anxiety, is manifested in business circles concerning possible developments after the 1st of November, when restriction on rubber export from the British areas will be abandoned.

CANADA.

The week ended Sept. 8 brought forth no essential change in the general trading situation, which remains good for all sections of the Dominion trading situation, which remains good for all sections of the Dominion and distinctly above average. Tourists are still a contributing factor of importance in increased retail sales in the Eastern Provinces, but the general tone of industry and the heavy volume of construction predicate an increased local consumption. In the West, the reported satisfactory progress of the harvest continues to bear out the best prospects for fall and winter trade in some years. Wholesalers generally report a heavier volume of orders than last year, and fall retail lines, such as drygoods, are beginning to feel the seasonal demand. Collections are slow in the Prairie Provinces, but this is a normal development since crop returns will not Provinces, but this is a normal development since crop returns will not reach the trade for some weeks; in the East, the trend is towards steady

Favorable growing conditions in the Yangtze Valley during August compensated for the adverse weather of the previous two months, and indications now point to normal crops in that area. Conditions in Manchuria during the first six months' period show general improvement. is season, an export campaign was favored throughout the winter, and native purchasing power was increased. Imports to North Manchuria via Dairen were approximately double those of the preceding period, and imports via Vladivostok also increased notice-The Harbin wool market is poor, with unfavorable prospects for export due to deplorable conditions in Mongolia last winter, which resulted in the loss of hundreds of thousands of sheep.

EGYPT.

Preliminary data for July show a complete reversal of the country's foreign trade position from the corresponding month of 1927. Imports to-taled £E 3,620,820 and exports £E 3,960,170, as against £E 4,060,850 and £E 3,047,470 for July 1927, or a favorable balance of £E 389,350, Philippine fiber grading law, applied in the preparation of abaca for export

as compared with an adverse balance of £E 1,013,880 for the month. as compared with an adverse balance of £E 1,013,880 for the month. Value of cotton shipments during the month increased £E 953,420 over the corresponding month of the previous year. Imports for the first seven months amounted to £E 28,404,200 and exports of £E 31,066,700, as against £E 25,500,520 and £E 26,425,590, respectively, for the same period of 1927. With a view to aiding the small cotton growers, the Egyptian Council of Ministers recently announced that £E 4,000,000 had been allocated from the Reserve fund for use as advances to this element. (£E equals approximately \$5.00.)

ESTONIA.

Estonia's foreign trade during the first six months of 1928 was very active. The value of imports was 36% above that for the same period of 1927 and exports 35% higher. Imports during the period under review were valued at 59,500,000 Estonian crowns (1 crown equals \$0.268), and exports totaled 56,400,000 crowns. The trade balance was unfavorable by 3,100,000 crowns as against a similar balance of 1,600,000 crowns for the same period of 1,007 crowns for the same period of 1927.

FRANCE.

Production in the basic industries in France continues at a high level, and the outlook for French business in general is distinctly good. buying public is optimistic, interest rates are low, and money is plentiful. The Bank of France is utilizing its control of the money market to create and maintain conditions favorable to the further development of industry and trade and abundant credit facilities are available. Stocks of merchandise generally are low and a satisfactory seasonal revival of demand after the summer dullness is now taking place. The Government is providing for the future growth of business by including in the budget proposals for 1929 larger appropriations for improving the economic equipment of the country. An important feature of its program for public works is the increased utilization of deliveries in kind from Germany. In spite of the improvement in industrial activity, conditions in the coal industry are still far from satisfactory. The iron and steel market is good, and the rolling mills have ample forward bookings. Long-term engagements are not desired owing to a fear of increases in costs of production. Rather important orders have been received from Japan and South America but exports to North America have practically ceased. Domestic trade and abundant credit facilities are available. Stocks of mer-America but exports to North America have practically ceased. Domestic consumption of both pig iron and steel is increasing. Machinery sales are improving and the outlook is excellent. Imports of automobiles for the first half of the year showed an increased. In the textile industries conditions are calm. The situation in the chemical industry remains good and greater activity is expected. Other industries are generally satisfactory.

GERMANY.

The month of August was marked by a slackness in German industry and trade which is partly seasonal and partly a reflection of the less satisfactory business conditions that have developed in recent months. The situation is not uniformly unfavorable, however, as certain industries, especially chemicals, iron and steel, are maintaining a high level of production and sales. The prospect of a good harvest has restored confidence to some extent with the result that industries most affected by the recent decline, notably textiles and shoes, are now more active. The general outlook is uncertain, and although no major business revival can reasonably be expected at this season, there is little indication that the substantial decline previously predicted for the closing months of the year will materialize. The credit situation is satisfactory and commercial funds are relatively cheap, but building activity is still retarded by the weakness of the domestic investment market.

INDIA.

All major markets throughout India, except automobiles, are seasonally dull and are being affected also by social unrest and labor disturbances. The monsoon, or rainy season, which is now drawing to a close, is pro-nounced as entirely successful, although as usual some crop damage has resulted in a few sections where the downpour reached flood propor-

The Tokyo rice exchange, following heavy speculative buying, suspends future transactions for two days. August trade with China increased slightly in both exports and imports, compared with July figures. The Japanese Department of Finance announces that the readjustment of closed banks is now practically complete.

MEXICO.

In spite of the favorable impression created by the presidential message, business continued dull during the week ended Sept. 8, this being in part attributable to a tendency to await the solution of the presidential succession. The treasury department has given out a tentative budget for 1929 which shows a reduction of 21,000,000 pesos as compared with

NETHERLAND EAST INDIES.

General trade conditions of the past week were fairly favorable although etail business was sluggish. Export trade on the other hand was active, featuring especially manganese, coffee, and native rubber. Exports of native rubber from the five major ports totaled 9,255 long tons in August, compared with 8,566 tons in July. The figures indicate that there has been no curtailment in native output of rubber.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Prospects are good for an active fall trade, both wholesale and retail. The catch of shore and Labrador cod has been short, with consequent stiffening of prices, and the favorable reaction of this on the local credit situation has been further strengthened by the employment of a thousand men on the construction of the new branch railway to Buchans, and other public works. Following the resignation of the government in August, a general election is anticipated this fall.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

of the new crops of grapes and apples are selling on Manila market below cost as the result of heavy arrivals. Demand for wheat flour was steady during the past week, but local prices followed the decline in prices in the United States. As the result of unexpectedly heavy arrivals in Manila, abaca trade weakened and prices were nominal at 23 pesos per picul of 139 pounds for grade F; I, 21.50; JUS, 20; JUK, 16.50; and L, 13.25 pesos. (1 peso equals \$0.50.) market also continues weak, with heavy supplies and all oil mills operating. The provincial equivalent of resecado (dried copra) delivered at Manila is now 11.50 pesos per picul, with the Hondagua quotation 11 pesos trade, has been declared unconstitutional by the court of first instance and appeal has been made to the Supreme Court. Pending its decision the fiber standardization board continues to function.

PORTO RICO.

Notwithstanding continued reports of dull business in many lines, shipments from the United States to Porto Rico in July were \$5,613,000 as compared with \$5,712,000 in June and \$4,658,000 in July, 1927. Collections are less difficult and maturing obligations are being liquidated either in whole or in part. The trend of conditions in the next few months depends largely upon the coffee and tobacco crops. The present outlook it is said is for a large coffee crop of excellent quality, and picking is progressing rapidly. Some small sales of tobacco were reported in the past two weeks, and the prevailing opinion is that the unsold tobacco will be in demand during the next few months but at more or less unstisfactory prices. The movement of tobacco stocks is likely to be affected by the extent of plantings of the next crop. A disposition on the part of the growers to plant a large acreage is evident, but this may be curbed by the tendency of the banks and others to limit advances. The spring drought in Porto Rico prevented the grapefruit growers from receiving the benefit of the current high prices for this fruit as August shipments were only 26,000 boxes, and shipments in September and October are estimated at about half those of the same months of last year.

PORTUGAL.

Portuguese exchange experienced a slight recovery immediately after publication of the budget for 1928-29 which showed receipts at 1,919,388 contos and expenditures at 1,917,811 contos, according to European press notices. To accomplish this estimated surplus of 1,500 contos extensive economies are being made and direct and indirect taxation increased. The industrial and agricultural condition of the country has been on a lower level. The textil mills are continuing to work on half time and the sales of textile products have been slow with prices declining. Stocks, however, are not large. The general condition of crops is unsatisfactory and the fruit crop very poor. Business in the cork industry is generally slack and buyers are still holding off expecting a drop in growers' prices.

UNITED KINGDOM.

Trade and industry have shown no signs of improvement during the past month. The lost ground indicated in lower production and increased unemployment, however, is due to some extent to the effects of the holiday season. Crops generally are good, and there has been a slight improvement in the position of some of the smaller industries, but there is little indication of an immediate trade recovery. The outlook in coal, iron and steel, shipbuilding, and textile industries has not improved. Unemployment on the whole is somewhat heavier. Retail trade is fair, with good prospects for the autumn. British prices for pig iron and semi-finished steel have been lowered to permit competition with Continental makers, but the demand is poor and no improvement is expected before autumn. The number of furnaces (131) in blast at the end of July is the lowest in two years. The low tone of foreign and domestic coal sales continues and new business is slow, but prices are being maintained and for some grades are firmer, due to restriction in output. The closing of high-cost mines is contributing steadily to unemployment and the transfer of the surplus miners to other fields is proceeding slowly. Shipbuilding and marine engineering show no improvement. The steel fabricating, machine tool and textile machinery trades are also quiet. Locomotive builders are slightly more active. The tin market is steady at recent levels, with a larger consumption apparently well balanced by increased output. Demand for other metals continues moderate to good with no special features.

Canada Needs 5,000,000 More Citizens, According to Sir John Aird of Canadian Bank of Commerce— Question of Population One of International Concern.

Canada urgently needs 5,000,000 more citizens, declares Sir John Aird, President of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, in a supplement to the September number of the bank's monthly letter released for publication Sept. 7. "If the opinion of the Canadian people as a whole were sought," he says, "it is certain that there would be an overwhelming majority in favor of securing at least 5,000,000 new Canadian citizens as quickly as possible. There would doubtless be difference of opinion as to the best methods to adopt to reach this objective, but there would probably be general agreement on those of major importance." He goes on to say:

Perhaps the first to be considered would be the form of organization entrusted with the task of securing new settlers and of placing them satisfactorily. This should be in the nature of a business corporation, headed by a man of exceptional ability, especially in organization, who, while working under the authority of the government, would not have to share his time with the Government in political duties. This does not mean that Canada's immigration policy has hitherto been bound up with politics, but that the working organization, even though it has so far done well under difficult conditions, should be detached from the governmental sphere and placed in charge of the most capable man available, whose sole purpose would be to meet Canada's need of a greater population.

The failure to attract a great number of settlers to Canada has largely been due to conditions in that part of the world which is the chief source of immigrants. But it is essential that we make the most of opportunities to augment our population, whether these remain as they are at present or be enhanced by broader policies on the part of countries with surplus population. Nothing would be gained by reciting what we might have done in the last few years; a forward-looking policy is necessary, but a glance backward brings to light the unpleasant fact that in 1924, the most recent year for which world migration statistics are available, Canada received only 16% of the total number of emigrants from Europe, while Argentina received 23% and the United States 22%. Possibly Argentina holds her doors wider open to immigrants, and in the year mentioned the United States was the most prosperous nation in the world, but the former, while possessing great resources, cannot offer such all-round advantages as can Canada, and, as is well known, the United States has for some years limited its immigration from all countries save Mexico and Canada.

The world is gradually lifting trade and commerce to a higher plane and now frankly discusses in international conferences many of its problems, but continues to deal with the most serious of all—density of population in Europe—in a haphazard manner. Most of the economic troubles that exist to-day, even those that might bring on war, would disappear

if there was a more equitable distribution of population so that idle people would become productive in countries where undeveloped natural wealth is so abundant that many times the present number of workers could be employed to the benefit of the world as a whole. No one can deny that the welfare of all nations would be greatly enhanced if, for instance, twice the quantity of Canadian wheat, the best grown, could be produced, or if the output of Canadian minerals could be increased, especially of gold, for which fears are held of a shortage in the world's supply. The time has come, if it is not long overdue, to deal with the question of population as one of international concern.

Completion of Fourth Year of Dawes Plan—Germany's Reparation Payments and Transfers During Period.

The statement issued Sept. 1 by the Agent General for Reparation Payments regarding the payments and transfers during the fourth annuity year ended Aug. 31 1928, follows:

The Agent General for Reparation Payments announces that in the fourth year of the Experts' Plan which ended Aug. 31 1928, Germany has made all payments fully and punctually as they became due, and that transfers have been made during the year to an amount substantially equivalent to the year's receipts.

The reparation payments actually received from Germany within the fourth annuity year have amounted to about 1,746 million gold marks, including two payments in completion of the third annuity, to the amount of 75 millions, which were not received until Sept. 1927. The fourth annuity itself amounts to 1,750 million gold marks, and the two payments necessary to complete it, aggregating about 79 million gold marks, fall due in Sept. 1928. The first of these payments, representing the final installment of the service of the German railway bonds, has actually been made on Sept. 1 1928, in the amount of 55 million gold marks. There remains the final installment of the year's contribution from the transport tax, amounting to about 24 millions, which does not become due until Sept. 21 1928.

The total transfers made during the fourth annuity year have amounted, in round figures, to 1,739 million gold marks. The transfers in foreign currencies aggregated about 943 millions, or 54.23% of the total transfers, while the transfers made by means of reichsmark payments in Germany amounted to about 796 millions, or 45.77% of the total transfers.

At the close of business Aug. 31 1928, the cash balance in the Agent General's account amounted to about 189.5 million gold marks, as compared with the available balance of about 185.5 millions at the beginning of the year.

The funds available for transfer during the fourth annuity year, and the transfers actually made within the year, are summarized in the following table. Further details will appear in the regular monthly statement of receipts and payments.

Available Funds—	
Balance as at Aug. 31 1927	185,487,192.84
Transport tax	20,000,000.00
Interest on German Railway bonds	55,000,000.00
Receipts on account of the fourth Annuity, during the period ended Sept. 1 1927-Aug. 31 1928:	
Budgetary contribution	500,000,000.00
Transporttax	265,826,000.00
Interest and amortization on German Railway bonds	
Interest and amortization on German industrial debentures	
Interest received on cash balances	
Gain in exchange	250,429.73
Total.	1,935,879,078.68
Deduct:	
Discount on advance payments for service of:	
German Railway bonds 6,764,264.88	
German industrial debentures	
	7,092,938.41
Total available for transfer	1 000 708 140 97
Total available for transfer	1,920,100,140.21
Transfers-	
In foreign currencies:	
Service of German External Loan, 1924 90,491,098.29	1 (4)
British Reparation Recovery Act297,498,001.81	
French Reparation Recovery Act	
Deliveries under agreement to the U.S. of America 30,163,566.83	
Settlement of balances owing for deliveries made or	
services rendered by Germany prior to Sept. 1	
1924 7,511,586.93	
Transferred in cash460,405,257.55	
Costs of Inter-Allied Commissions 3,624,095.31	
Costs of arbitral bodies 53,933.37	
De noteboured account for	943,236,140.54
By reichsmark payments for: Deliveries in kind	
Armies of occupation 65,678,554.21 Costs of Inter-Allied Commissions 4,607,725.14	
Miscellaneous objects	
Miscenaneous objects	796,061,054.87
the second secon	
Total transfers	1,739,297,195.41
Cash balance as at Aug. 31 1928.	189,488,944.86

An item regarding the completion of the four years' transitional period under the Dawes Plan appeared in our issue of Sept. 8, page 1328.

German Bank Disputes S. Parker Gilbert on Reparations—Discontogesellschaft Doubts Capacity to Pay Estimate Fixed for Sept. 1.

According to copyright advices Sept. 6 from Berlin to the "Herald-Tribune," emphatic dissent from the estimate of S. Parker Gilbert, Agent-General for Reparations, on Germany's capacity to pay reparations at the "normal" rate valid since Sept. 1, was expressed in an analytical report published on the 6th inst., by Discontogesellschaft, one of the four leading banks in Germany. The paper quoted further indicated as follows the bank's views:

The report points our that the annuity of 2,500,000,000 marks now required as reparations is "approximately the value of Germany's need for new dwelling accommodations or the annual production of the entire German mining industry or twice the annual output of our chemical industry."

"It is not difficult to realize what it means to the business of the country," continues the report, "when it must surrender to foreigners without consideration the entire value of the product of one of its key industries."

Deplors Rise of Payment.

Specially gloomy prognostications are expressed by Discontogesellschaft as to the consequences of the rise of 750,00,0000 marks in the amount which must be furnished for the reparations fund from the German budget. The bank believes that the "last report of the reparations agent reveals in this respect an excessively optimistic view when from the increase of taxation and revenue accompanying the boom of the last two years, he draws the conclusion that a capacity budget to provide the normal amount required by the plan cannot be doubted."

In the opinion of the bank, the revenue of the last year was too artifically and transiently swollen by customs revenue resulting from receipt of for-eign loans in the form of general imports, and a decline rather than an

increase in public revenue is probable.

Warning Issued on Taxation.

In any case, a warning was uttered against "regarding the yield of taxation as an expression of Germany's economic strength and capacity to pay." The report says that the "raised cost of production and the equally far-reaching impediment to the formation of capital" should be

"The bank's statement declares that "the present state of national finances is very far from justifying such exaggerated hopes as to the smooth raising of the additional sum needed."

The report goes on to consider the lack of proportion between capital requirements and capital formation in Germany and expresses the view that there exists "the need for capital of urgency such as certainly has not been recorded previously in the more recent economic history of the world.

In consequence of this "constant hard fight against an insufficiency of supplies of capital," the conclusion is drawn that "reparations obligations" mean for Germany an effective burden, the weight of which is not expressed in the figure of 2,500,000,000 marks.

Disconto Bank of Berlin Ascribes Dawes Plan's Success to Borrowing-Argues Loans from Abroad Have Been Double Reparation Payments.

From the "Times" we quote the following from Berlin

This week's bulletin of the Disconto Bank maintains that it is impossible to ascertain whether Germany economically can or cannot produce the two and a half milliards of marks needed for the fifth year's reparation payment During the first four years of the Dawes Plan, it explains, Germany paid on reparations account 600,000,000 million marks less, after necessary deductions were allowed for, than she received in foreign loans, and a further offset during the period came in the shape of large short-term foreign credits granted to German banks, trade and industry.

The bank calculates that during the past four years Germany has borrowed foreign capital in an amount ranging from 8,600 million marks to 9,300 millions, and has actually paid on reparation account 4,700 millions. From this is concludes that Germany has received from abroad almost double the amount she has paid in reparations, and that this is the sole explanation, not only for the full payment under the Dawes Plan but for the successful conducting of the transfers.

Convention of German Bankers at Cologne-Discussion of Reparation Payments.

The 2,500,000,000 gold marks (approximately \$600,000,-000) which Germany must this year pay to the creditor Powers as the first standard annuity under the Dawes plan figured in the discussions of the seventh annual convention of German bankers which opened at Cologne on Sept. 10. According to the Associated Press, the convention adopted a resolution saying that fixation of the reparation debt could not involve imposition of unbearable burdens and demanding the creation of domestic capital for industrial expansion independent of foreign aid. The same advices stated:

There was a record attendance of 1,700 representatives of Government and private financial institutions. Virtually every speaker who addressed the bankers brought the question of reparations into his talk.

The lone exception was Dr. Schacht, President of the Deutsche Reichs-

bank, the chief Government financial institution, which was organized four years ago in cenformity with the Dawes plan. Despite the nature of the bank and the fact that the himself had taken part in the framing of the plan, Dr. Schacht confined his address to general technical questions relating

to the operation of the bank.

Dr. Julius Curtius, Minister of Economic Affairs, evoked thunderous applause with his statement that the German Government "will not recog-

nize, in the Geneva discussions, the least relevancy between evacuation of the Rhineland and a definitive reparations settlement."

Equally approved was a statement by Louis Hagen, a leading Rhenish banker and industrialist, who said that further foreign capital was indis-pensable to prevent the Dawes annuity from becoming a burden on private business for the benefit of the Federal Government of Germany.

'An henest attempt must be made to meet the Dawes standard annuity. The most valuable asset of the re-established economics of Germany is the renewed international confidence in German power and credit.'

In a copyright cablegram the "Herald-Tribune" reported. Hans Fuerstenberg of the Berliner Handelsgesellschaft as stating at the convention on Sept. 10 that "the Dawes plan has proved beneficial to all concerned." That version of the meeting and its discussions went on to say:

"It has brought the United States." he financial benefit, Germany reconstruction benefit, and her chief creditors reparations benefit, as well as the possibility of propping up their tottering economic structures."

At the same time this optimist believes that the present system should not be continued until the natural limits of Germany's capacity to pay have

"And why should it be," he asked. "Seldom has a question been so amenable to settlement by amicable agreement as that of reparations."

American Role Stressed.

Herr Fuerstenberg finds an "apparent contradiction" in the policy of the nited States, "which on the one hand insists on payment of their debts United States,

by the Allies, and on the other by granting credits makes possible the payment to them of reparations considerably greater in amount."

Louis Hagen, leading Cologne banker who opened this debate on "Germany's Financial Position at the Beginning of the Fifth Year of the Dawes also stressed the part played by American loans in the payment of reparations

'So far," he said, "the transfers have been borrowed through the influx of credits. This gives a false impression of Germany's actual capacity to make international payments. That the reparation agent has given consent to this form of transfer is all the more regrettable because the Dawes plan clearly says that loan operations may disguise the situation or chronologically dislocate its practical developments, but cannot alter it. Some day this mistaken transfer policy will have to correct itself.

Situation Called Satisfactory.

Herr Hagen described Agent General Gilbert's suggestion that Germany should assume the responsibility for transfers, receiving in exchange "suitable limitation of her debt," as "discussible" but only if the amount at which her total obligations are fixed "can be acknowledged as reasonsble and bearable in all the circumstances, not only in particularly favorable conditions." If an "honest attempt to fulfill the assumed obligations" breaks down both on transfer difficulties and inability of the Germans to raise the necessary sums without imperiling their economic existence, he continued, "grounds will have been created for acknowledgment by the creditor countries that revision of the Dawes plan is inevitable."

Meanwhile, the speaker concluded, "great as is our interest in reasonable

regulation of our reparations obligations, there is at present no ground for precipitate attempts to get into negotiations on the subject with our

creditor states.

Bonds of German Government Loan Due Oct. 15 1949 Drawn for Redemption.

J. P. Morgan & Co., as paying agents in this country, have notified holders of German Government external loan 1924 7% gold bonds due Oct. 15 1949 to the effect that \$4,377,000 aggregate amount of the bonds has been drawn by lot for redemption on Oct. 15 at 105 out of moneys in the sinking fund. Bonds so drawn will be paid upon presentation at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. on and after Oct. 15, after which date interest on the drawn bonds will

French Bank's Gain of Gold Halted-Inflow of Hoarded Coin From French Citizens Ends-New Yorks Draws on Paris.

In its issue of Sept. 10 the "Times" printed the following from Paris, Sept. 7:

The decrease of 10,000,000 francs in its gold reserve, reported on Thursday by the Bank of France, was not due to gold exports occasioned by the movement of exchange. The gold was sent to Switzerland by the Government, solely with a view to repurchasing French 5-franc pieces circulating in that country, which had been withdrawn now that the Latin Union is dissolved.

The decrease attracted attention, however, in view of the uninterrupted increase of 1,416,000 francs in the bank's gold reserve between June 25 and Aug. 31, wholly by reason of hoarded gold coin turned in by the public. During the last fortnight, receipts of such gold coin have been much smaller. The reason may be the holiday season, but it is not believed that the bank's future receipts of gold from that source will reach the figure of

July, when they averaged 250,000,000 per week.

The course of the foreign exchange market has been complicated by the large transfers of capital made from Europe to America during the last two months. These remittances consisted mostly of American capital withdrawn from the European markets, but they also included actual shipments of European capital to the lucrative New York market. The decline in franc exchange since the beginning of July indicates that exports of French capital were considerable. It is supposed to have gone principally to New York and Berlin and the belief exists that even the shipments to the last-named market were subsequently remitted to New York thus placing still more at the American market's disposal.

It is recognized that large amounts of the French money thus placed

in the American market have recently gone into loans against securities. According to information received last week. French money already held in America has also been shifted from short-time investments into brokers' loans at the high prevailing rates. From the point of view of interest yield, this operation was advantageous to the lender, but it gives French financial circles a further strong incentive to follow the New York market closely.

French Bank's Moves in the Gold Market-Calls In Its Foreign Credits, but Reserve Ratio Declines in in the Process.

From the "Times" we quote the following Paris advice Sept. 7:

The Bank of France continued this week to intervene in the exchange market with a view to preventing the dollar rate from passing the gold export Even the mark is just now quoted very near to the export fig The bank does not seem inclined to allow gold to go abraod, and for that

reason is handling the exchange market very carefully. Its primary reason for opposing gold exports is that the ratio of the bank's reserve to sight liabilities, which declined again by Thursday's return, is now at 38.83%, or only 3\%% above the necessary minimum. This decrease in the reserve ratio was chiefly due to repayment of large amounts of foreign exchange previously borrowed from the Bank of Fran by other institutions. Through the liquidation of these loans, the bank regains the power concerned for the regulation of exchange, but it has to credit the accounts of the private banks with a corresponding amount in francs, which proportionately increases the bank's liability account.

The liquidation of foreign exchange loans had been expedited during re cent weeks through the raising of the bank's discount rate on sterling and dollar time loans. During the last few days, however, the bank has lowered the rate from 12 centimes to 5 for one-month sterling loans and from 5 centimes to 2½ for one-month dollar loans. This decision has resulted in a slackening of liquidation of exchange loans, and a decrease in sight liabilities is expected in the next Bank of France return.

Report Sterling is Supported by Bank of England Buying—Ability of the Pound to Stay Above Gold Point Causes Surprise-Think \$100,000,000 Balances Here Reduced.

The following comment, under the above head, appeared in the "Journal of Commerce" of Sept. 10:

The ability of sterling thus far to remain above the lower gold point by small margin, despite the heavy movement of short term funds into New York and the seasonal pressure usually exerted on the pound at this time of the year, is arousing considerable discussion in banking and foreign trade circles. It is reported in well-informed banking quarters that the Bank of England has been selling part of its balances here to maintain the quotation of the pound.

It is known that a year ago the Bank of England had on deposit with the reserve banks approximately \$100,000,000 in the form of both acceptances and open account. This amount is part of the item of "other securities" which appears in its weekly statement. Conversion of these balances into sterling would naturally tend to lift the quotation of the pound.

Basic Conditions Changed.

Last year sterling was quoted at approximately its par value at this time, and later in the fall advanced to the upper gold point, so that small shipments of gold were made to England in the winter. Two important factors accounted for the rise in sterling at that time. In the first place, the low level of money rates here, established in part to facilitate European financial reconstruction, sent abroad a flood of both long term and short term capital from this market, which naturally tended to lift the quotation of sterling, in which currency a number of transactions with other European nations were settled. Secondly, the Bank of France was increasing its holdings of foreign exchange at that time in its efforts to prevent the franc, then stabilized de facto, from advancing in the open market. The Bank of France is understood to have been a heavy buyer of sterling in this connection, paying for the pound sterling with new francs.

Conditions now are practically the reverse of what they were a year ago s regards the pound. The American market has been practically closed to foreign borrowers for two months now, and the volume of new issues which may be expected during the balance of the year is comparatively small. Short term capital, on the other hand, market on a large scale. The $7\frac{1}{2}$ % rate available on call loans against Stock Exchange collateral has proved especially attractive, because of the liquid character of such advances. A great deal of European money has been attracted into the call market in recent months, many of the leading Stock Exchange houses borrowing substantial sums directly in Paris and London without the mediation of banks here. On net balance, it is generally believed here, that this country has imported considerably more capital than it has exported since July 1.

Selling by Bank of France.

The Bank of France has on at least one occasion intervened in the foreign exchange market by selling exchange to maintain the quotation of the franc, and it is likely that she will have to repeat this operation on a larger scale in the immediate future. The gold reserves of the Bank of France now bear a ratio of less than 40% to the combined circulation and deposit liabilities. As the legal minimum is 35%, France obviously cannot afford to lose gold. Hence the movement of short term funds out of Paris, especially to New York and Berlin, and the tendency of foreign holders of French securities to sell out because of higher rates available at home will in all likelihood necessitate sale of exchange by the Bank of France to conserve its gold holdings. The sale of foreign bonds in France and a Rumanian loan has already been negotiated would further increase the likelihood of heavy exchange sales by the Bank of France. As its holdings include sub-stantial amounts of sterling the pressure on the pound from this source

The Bank of England has increased its gold holdings to a record level. On Sept. 6 they amounted to £176,576,209. Thus the loss of even \$100,000,000 of gold would not bring the institution's reserve below the figure of a year ago, when its holdings stood at £151,880,444.

Bill Signed Increasing Brazilian Tariff—Rates on Gasoline and Automotive Products-New Bond Issue

A cablegram Sept. 5 to the New York "Times" stated: "President Washington Luis today signed the Congressional bill author izing an increase in the special import duties on gasoline and automotive products.

For the good roads fund levied in 1927 the President is now authorized to issue 20-year 5% bonds aggregating more than \$15,000,000. Some newspapers comment that "the comparatively low interest rate means probably that the Government will unload below the specified bond value of 1 conto, about \$130."

American automobile and gasoline representatives point out the already heavy taxes on these lines, for example gasoline, on which there are regular customs duties, plus a special highway duty and plus a consumption tax, equaling the original bulk value f. o. b. American seaboard.

The Government is said to be anxious to push a scheme of extension of trunk roads connecting the Brazilian capital with Southern, Western and Northern Brazil. In May 1928, President Luis presided at the inauguration of an improved highway between Rio de Janeiro and Sao Paulo. One Brazilian company is already operating freight trucks, two each way each week, thereby starting competition with the high freight charges by the railroad connecting Brazil's largest two cities.

Offering of \$4,500,000 7% Bonds of Department of Cauca Valley (Republic of Colombia)—Books Closed.

Baker, Kellogg & Co., Inc. and Field, Glore & Co. offered on Sept. 12 a new issue of \$4,500,000 external secured 7% sinking fund gold bonds of 1948 of the Department of Cauca Valley, Republic of Colombia. The loan, which is for the purpose of public works and highway construction in the Department, was priced at 96 and accrued interest to yield over 7.38%. The bonds which are part of an authorized issue of \$8,000,000 are non-callable until June 1 1938, except for the sinking fund; they are dated June 1 1928, and due June 1 1948. They are redeemable on or after June 1, 1938, on 60 days' notice at 1021/2 and accrued inter- | bodies, one reporting or acting as part of overlapping Committees. Our

est. A cumulative sinking fund commencing Dec. 1 1928, operating semi-annually, is calculated to retire the entire issue by maturity through purchases in the open market below par or drawings at par. The bonds, in interchangeable denominations of \$1,000 and \$500, will be registerable as to principal only. Principal and interest (June 1 and Dec. 1) will be payable in New York City at the principal office of International Acceptance Trust Co., trustee, in gold coin of the United States of America of the present standard of weight and fineness, without deduction for any taxes, present or future, levied by the Republic of Colombia or by any taxing authority therein or thereof. The closing of the subscription books was announced Sept. 12. Carlos Holguin Lloreda, Governor of the Department of Cauca Valley in advices to the houses offering the bonds says in part:

These bonds will be the direct external obligations of the Department of Cauca Valley and will be secured: (1) By a lien and charge on all revenues derived from the registry and mortgage tax and the tobacco tax, on 90% of the revenues derived from the foreign liquors, tax, and on 80% of the revenues derived from the slaughter tax and the liquor tax or from the sale, manufacture or monopoly of liquors or grant of franchises in connection therewith; subject only to a lien and charge in favor of the Department's 7½% loan of 1926 upon certain of these revenues, namely, all those derived from the tobacco tax and 80% of those derived from the slaughter tax and the liquor tax or from the sale, manufacture or monopoly of liquors or grant of franchises in connection therewith or otherwise from liquors; (2) by a first lien pledge of 1,150,000 Colombian dollars par value of the 8% First Mortgage Gold Bonds of the corporation owning the Cali-Buenaventura highway, and 600,000 Colomb. dollars par value of the capital stock of that corporation. Until these securities are pledged, cash at least equal to the amount payable by the Department from the proceeds of this issue for said securities will be held by the trustee in lieu thereof.

For the fiscal year 1927-28 revenues pledged to the service of this loan, after deduction of all existing prior charges, amounted to \$3,092,424 or over 7.33 times service requirements of this loan. The total ordinary revenues of the Department for the fiscal year 1927-28 amounted to \$4,042,-621 or over 4.65 times the service requirements on its present total indebtedness, including this issue.

Proposed Offering of \$5,000,000 Bonds of Hungarian National Industrial Mortgage Institute.

The Hungarian National Industrial Mortgage Institute recently organized, plans to offer a \$5,000,000 bond issue in New York toward the end of the month. The institute will lend funds to industrial corporations on chattel mortgages and raise funds by selling its bonds. Its capital is 10,000,000 pengoes (\$1,742,000), of which 8,000,000 pengoes were furnished by the Hungarian Government and 2,000,000 by Hungarian industries.

Hungarian Revenue Shows July Increase-Statement Issued under Terms of League Loan Shows Month's Surplus of \$402,500.

The following from Budapest Sept. 2 appeared in the "Times."

As compared both with the corresponding period last year and with the budget estimates for the present year the Hungarian State income for the month of July has furnished an agreeable surprise to the Minister of Finance.

The twenty-fifth monthly report prepared by the Ministry of Finance under the terms of the League of Nations reconstruction loan, gives the national income from all sources for the month of July as 59,400,000 per goes (about \$10,395,000) which is 1,600,000 above the total for July 1927, and 2,300,000 (about \$402,500) above the estimated revenue.

Definitive Bonds of Municipality of Buenos Aires.

The Chatham Phenix National Bank and Trust Company is prepared to exchange at its Trust Department, No. 149 Broadway, New York City, Definitive Municipality of Buenos Aires (Argentine Republic) External Sinking Fund 6% Gold Bonds Series C-3 due Oct. 1 1960, for outstanding Temporary Bonds.

"State and National Legislation as It Effects Mortgage Bankers" Discussed by W. G. Gehr before Mortgage Bankers' Association of America.

Before the Cleveland Convention of the Mortgage Bankers' Association of America (held Sept. 11-14), Wilfred G. Gehr, Mortgage Loan Expert of the Union Title Guarantee Co., Inc., New Orleans, La., discussed "State and National Legislation as It Effects Mortgage Bankers," saying in part:

There should be immediate change in most of our States' laws, se that mortgage loans may be made more acceptable to the greatest number of investors, thereby attracting more money for investment in this field. Legislation requires serious study, and careful analysis. We should not begin it haphazardly; rather, we should follow the procedure adopted a number of years ago by our commercial banks, which, through the medium of the American Bankers' Association, have over a period of years been successfully enacting most favorable legislation. That is the paramount reason why our State and national banks are the outstanding business. institutions of our cities and our country, and yet attain and hold the confidence of the public.

Our association can best secure the proper legislation in the various States by being organized in a systematic way, that is, in several distinct

sociation should be divided into district groups of say five or seven States adjoining each other, the chairman of each State Committee would be a member of its district group. Then divide our United States into districts, having the chairman of each district as a member of the National Committee. The National Committee, through its chairman, would be in constant touch at all times with the officers of our association, and through this medium, we could eventually work out some uniform mort-

gage laws.

It is our business to see that the securities of our country are protected.

We should do our ut-It is our business to see that the securities of our country are protected. Behind our bonds and mortgages is real estate. We should do our utmost to protect that security. We should discourage its use for purely speculative purposes. We should strive to prevent an over-development which would only result in reduced values, for the old and proven rule of Supply and Demand applies in real estate as in every other line of business. Therefore, let us turn the searchlight of analysis upon the situation, and see if we cannot dispel or dissipate the pessimistic gloom which occasionally befogs our vision and find an avenue of approach through which we may correctly sense the moving forces of the times. To do this, we must not only understand the current economic trend, but we this, we must not only understand the current economic trend, but we must jealously guard that property which is not only the security of the mortgage investors but is also the very foundation of the wealth of our nation-Real Estate.

Recommendations in Report to Attorney-General Ottinger of New York to Correct "Loan Shark" Evils-Loans to Small Borrowers by Savings Banks Among Proposals.

The report of the committee named by New York Attorney-General Ottinger to conduct an inquiry into the "loan shark" situation, and to suggest corrective measures, was made public on Sept. 8, the Attorney General announcing at the same time that he would submit the report to the Baumes Legislative Committee, with a view to legislative action on the recommendations proposed. The members of the committee signing the report are P. A. Rowley, Vice-Chairman of the Board of the Bank of Manhattan Co., Chairman of the General Committee and of the Banking Group; Leon Henderson, director of the Department of Remedial Loans of the Russell Sage Foundation, Chairman of the Loaning Companies' Group; T. P. Sylvan, Vice-President of the New York Telephone Co., Chairman of the Industrial Group, and John Sullivan Chairman of the Labor Group.

The Banking Group proposes that the Bank Act be amended so as to permit saving banks to lend to small borrowers not exceeding 2%, at a maximum rate of 6% payable in advance, and with a service charge of not more than \$2 per \$100. The amount of a loan to any one borrower would be limited to \$500 the loans to be made for a period of not to exceed twelve months.

Similar powers are also proposed in the case of State Banks and trust companies, where such power does not now exist.

The Loaning Company's Group suggests an amendment to the Banking Law to enable reputable personal loan companies operating elsewhere to do business in New York State, and it is also proposed that restrictions on earnings by personal loan companies and personal loan brokers be removed. The first suggestion, says the report, would "make the New York State Law similar to the statute commonly known as the Uniform Small Loan Law, now in force in 18 states in the Union." "From evidence received," the report adds, "it would seem that this law operates satisfactorily in these States and has gone a long way to wipe out the so-called 'loan shark.' "

Consideration is asked by the Labor Group to an amendment whereby wages, where now paid fortnightly, would be paid weekly. Charles C. Paulding, Vice-President of the New York Central RR., who represented his company at the meetings of the committee, dissented from this recommendation in a letter to Mr. Rowley contending that such a move in the case of railroads is opposed "on practical and economical grounds."

The Industrial Group suggests that employers take up for consideration the question of establishing credit unions within their organizations; this group likewise recommends the enactment of a law requiring loaning companies to use a form of note clearly stating the liability of the maker and endorsers. The listing by an agency of the State of banks and loan agencies making loans to borrowers of small sums is also among the suggestions of this group. The report, which was presented to the Attorney General under date of July 26, follows:

New York, July 26 1928.

The Honorable Albert Ottinger, Attorney General, State of New York.

Sir:—The committee appointed by you for the purpose of making suggestions which would be helpful in creating facilities whereby the small borrower could be taken care of at a reasonable rate of interest, in making its report, congratulates you on the success of your crusade against the loan

shark and expresses the hope that the suggestions made herein may be of value to you.

A study of the situation quickly revealed the necessity of making an effort to expand existing and develop additional machinery to make "borrowing possible for the deserving but temporarily embarrassed," rather than "Borrowing made easy for all." The former should lead to family happiness, thrift and prosperity-the latter leads to family extravagance and unhappiness

Your committee has not concerned itself with the illegitimate borrower who virtually takes the loan shark into partnership with him and gives up in the name of interest, in many cases, the major portion of his earnings. We have confined ourselves to the problem of the legitimate borrower who through illness, death, misfortune or necessity, finds himself in need of help in the form of a lean which he has the ability to repay within a reas He does not want and would not accept charity but we believe he is willing and ready to pay a legitimate charge for assistance. Reasonable temporary assistance given at the crucial moment may easily mean the difference between contented and discontented citizenship. that such facilities lead to unnecessary borrowing is superficial and not a criticism of the merits of the idea but of its operation if that operation be We fully subscribe to the idealistic theory that thrift would incompetent. largely obviate the necessity of borrowing. If all would save and provide for the rainy day few would need to borrow. In the meantime, however, while making every effort to encourage thrift, some practical assistance should be given in attempting to improve present conditions.

We have, therefore, approached this subject on a strictly business basis, taking into consideration the service rendered and the cost of rendering A division of the Committee was made, the following reprethat service. sentative groups being formed:
Banking

Labor Loaning Companies Industrial.

The Banking Group suggests an amendment to the Bank Act permitting Savings Bank to loan an amount not exceeding 2% of their total deposits

Savings Bank to loan an amount not exceeding 2% of their total deposits to small borrowers, under the following restrictions:

The rate to be 6%, payable in advance.

Amount not to exceed \$500 to any one borrower; loans to be made for a period not to exceed 12 months; notes to have one or more endorsers.

A non-interest bearing thrift account to be opened by the borrower at the time loan is made, in which deposits will be made on a weekly, semi-monthly or monthly basis, sufficient to amortize the loan within the period for which it is made;

A service charge to cover cost of investigation, &c., not to exceed \$2 per \$100 or any fraction thereof, to be paid at the time loan is made;

No further charges to be permitted.

Commercial Banks and Trust Companies.

Similar powers to those proposed for Savings Banks regarding rate, charges, &c., to be given to State Banks and Trust Companies if it be determined that they do not now possess such power. A regulation to be made, however, that this type of business be segregated and kept in a separate department which may be readily checked by the examiners of the Banking Department.

Remarks.

The Savings Bank has been spoken of as the working men's financial It is logical that the bank which takes care of his money when he is prosperous and in funds, should grant him temporary assistance when he is prosperous and in funds, should grant thin composary med it so long as the Savings Bank can do so safely and with profit. We believe the plan suggested would enable it to do so. With Savings Bank believe the plan suggested would enable it to do so. With Savings Bank deposits in the State in excess of \$4,000,000,000, and with loans "averaging from six to eight months, the percentage suggested would make available for this type of loan an annual amount approximating \$120,000,000. amount equal or greater than this should also be available from State and other institutions. Even should only a portion of Savings and State institutions engage in this type of business the amount made available would be a substantial contribution of capital by the banks toward the solution of this economic problem.

Guaranty Companies.

A suggestion has been made that encouragement be given to corporations formed for the purpose of making investigations and guaranteeing the payment of small loans for fee. The committee feels that if this class of business develops normally and the need for such corporations arises, they will naturally develop.

The Labor Group suggests that consideration be given to amending the law so that wages shall be paid weekly instead of fortnightly.

Remarks.

From data supplied us it would seem evident that in many cases financial embarrassment could have been avoided had payment for work done been received weekly.

The Loaning Companies' Group suggests that the Banking Law be amended so that reputable personal loan companies doing business elsewhere may come into the State of New York; also that the restrictions on earnings by personal loan companies and personal loan brokers be removed.

Remarks. The first suggestion would be to make the New York State Law similar to the statute commonly known as the Uniform Small Loan Law now in force in the eighteen States in the Union whose problems in the main are similar to ours. From evidence received it would seem that this law operates satisfactorily in these States and has gone a long way to wipe out the so-called "loan shark." The cost of obtaining capital and the cost of operation seem to preclude the forming of corporations to engage in this business under the rates allowed in this State. Very few charters have been granted during the past few years. Undoubtedly many have been refused because of the inability of the Superintendent of Banks to approve the applicants. We believe that the approximate superior will attract. the applicants. We believe that the amendment suggested will attract capital and more desirable applicants. With more and larger companies in the hands of strong people in the field bank credits could be obtained by them which would make available for this class of business large sums of money now denied it. Removing of the restrictions on earnings of personal loan companies and personal loan brokers is suggested in the cause of justice. While we do not believe that many would exceed the earnings permitted by law, yet, as no limitations are placed on the earnings of banks and other financial institutions, we believe restrictions should be removed in these

The Industrial Group suggests that employers of labor be asked to give the subject of thrift and remedial loans their thoughtful consideration with the idea of establishing Credit Unions of other agencies within themselves.

That a law be enacted forcing loaning corporations to use a form of note which clearly states in prominent type and clear language the liability of maker, endorser, or guarantor, so that none can reasonably doubt their That some agency of the State prepare and keep up to date lists of all banks and loaning agencies which are prepared to make remedial loans to borrowers of small sums, indicating for each the rules and regulations, security requirements, interest and other charges; so that employers and others may at all times know where loans can be obtained.

The problem of financial emergency is common to employes and employer The careful employer practices preparedness and the employes should be encouraged to do the same. The loan shark is also in many cases the problem of the employer, an enemy who affects the efficiency of the employed and the morale of the organization. The employee often needs advice as greatly as he needs money. Employer and employee should be asked to unite in what seems to be a common cause. The question of liability, particularly of guarantors, should be made clear. Every effort should be made to make them fully appreciate the obligation they assume.

In submitting this report to you may we express our appreciation of this opportunity of being of service. We wish to thank the Russell Sage Foundation and others for the valuable assistance given us. In this great country where the standard of living has reached heretofore unknown heights, where the luxuries of yesterday are the necessities of to-day, where the average earning wage is greater than in any other country on earth, it is natural that problems such as these should exist. The solution undoubtedly rests in fair and just laws, closer union of employer and employee, and the intelligent and efficient use of our existing business and financial machinery Yours faithfully,

F. A. ROWLEY, Chairman.

Loaning Companies Group-Leon Henderson, Chairman,

Industrial Group-T. P. Sylvan, Chairman. Labor Group-John Sullivan, Chairman. Banking Group-P. A. Rowley, Chairman.

The letter of Mr. Paulding to Mr. Rowley is also furnished as follows:

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Office of Vice-President, Public Relations 466 Lexington Avenue Building. New York, July 26 1928.

Vice-President. P. A. Rowley, Esq.

40 Wall St., New York, .N .Y

Dear Mr. Rowley:-At the meeting yesterday at the Lotos Club of the committee appointed by Attorney General Ottinger to consider the loan shark matter, a proposed report was submitted by you to the committee for discussion and approval, it being understood that the report, if approved, would be sent to the Attorney General. In the report was contained a statement of the suggestion made by the sub-committee on labor to the effect that consideration should be given to the weekly payment of wages and under the heading of "Remarks" was a statement that from facts in pos sion of the committee the weekly payment of wages might obviate much

As I interpreted it, the "Remarks", taken in connection with the suggestion, constituted a practical endorsement by the report of the weekly payment of wages; I dissented from the report and voted against the ap-I think that I can speak for all the railroad companies in the State in saying that those companies are firmly opposed to the weekly payment of wages both on practical and economic grounds and that while I have no knowledge of the facts to which the report refers in the "Remarks" referred to above. I do not believe that the weekly payment of wages, or even the daily payment of wages, would be a corrective or even a palliative of the loan shark situation.

I am writing this letter to you to make our position plain and to indicate in writing, as I indicated orally, our reasons for declining to approve the report as written.

With kind regards, I am Sincerely yours

CHARLES P. PAULDING.

Indictments in Boston Against Guy Huston and Others -Charges Involve Sale of Securities of Farm Companies in Missouri, Massachusetts and Illinois.

Indictments against seven mid-Western financiers on charges, it is stated, of conspiracy to defraud through the sale of nearly \$1,000,000 of securities of farm loan companies, were returned by a Federal Grand Jury at Boston on Sept. 5. According to the Boston "Herald" of Sept. 6 those indicted are Guy Huston of Chicago and New York; Walter Cravens of Kansas City, Mo.; Oran F. Schee of Des Moines; John E. Huston of Chicago; John L. Boyles of Chicago; Vernon U. Sigler of Des Moines, and Harold A. Smith of Chicago. In summarizing the charges, the Associated Press accounts said:

The charges involve the sale of securities in three companies, the Missouri Kansas Farm Co., the Farm Co. of Massachusetts and the Farmers' Fund of Illinois. It is charged that the companies were represented as having been organized to lend money to farmers and banks in the Middle West and to take second mortgages on farms already mortgaged to the Federal Joint Stock Land Banks.

The Government alleges that the men under indictment misused the funds of the companies by putting them into Mid-Wetsern banks in which they were interested; that the companies did not loan the money to any any local banks for the benefit of farmers, and in only a few instances took any second mortgages on farms already mortgaged to the land banks.

Securities in the companies were sold to many prominent residents of Massachusetts and New England, including President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard, who is said to have purchased \$70,000 worth of securties of the Farm Co. of Massachusetts.

Other purchasers were said to include Frank C. Paine, Irving H. Niles, D. Brewster Eddy and Roger Ernst, as well as several Boston brokerage

None of the persons indicted is in Boston.

The companies were pictured literally as offsprings of the land banks.

From the Boston "Herald" we take the following:

"The defendants represented that the Farmers' Fund of Illinois, the Farms Co. of Massachusetts and the Missouri-Kansas Farms Co. were closely allied with the Chicago Joint Stock Land Bank, the Des Moines Joint Stock Land Bank, the Southern Minnesota Joint Stock Land Bank and the Kansas City Joint Stock Land Bank respectively, and that the stockholders, officers and creditors of the holding and secondary financing companies were largely identical and associated with the stockholders, officers and directors of the said Joint Stock Land Banks, and . . . those banks being under government supervision, with millions of dollars of stors would be afforded a high degree of protection and practically guaranteed against loss.

Huston at Liberty.

Another element which helped to deceive local bankers, brokers and investors, was the fact that the public utilities commission gave the scheme its approval. The indictment reveals that the conspirators filed with the commission false statements as to the assets and condition of the companies, and that they obtained the commission's approval by means of these false The statements showed large land holdings and whole amount of cash in the assets, whereas the government charges that the land holdings were practically nil and that there was little or no cash.

Warrants have been issued for the arrests of the individuals named. Huston is at the present time at liberty under ball pending a high court raview of a recent trial in Toledo, Ohio, in which he was convicted and subsequently sentenced to serve 11 years in jail. Cravens also is in legal entangleents in the middle west.

New York Clearing House Association Increases Rate to Be Paid by Members on Saving Bank Demand

It was made known yesterday (Sept. 14) that as result of representations made by the New York Savings Banks Association, the Clearing House Committee has further modified its schedule of maximum interest rates payable by the Clearing House member banks, so that on demand deposits due mutual savings banks the rate has been raised to 3%, from $2\frac{1}{2}\%$. It is pointed out that when the schedule was changed by the Clearing House Committee on Aug. 6 last (noted in out issue of Aug. 4, page 627) all rates were advanced except on savings bank deposits. Exception, it is stated, was taken to this by the savings banks who did not see why they should not participate in the higher interest schedule. The "Wall Street Journal" of yesterday in calling attention to the action just taken by the Clearing House said:

Heretofore savings bank deposits with commercial banks, which are classed as demand deposits, always have received the same rate of interest as fixed by the Clearing House on all time deposits. Last month, with a view to counteracting the drift of corporation and other private funds into the security market, the Clearing House Committee raised the rate payable on time deposits a full 1%; from $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ to $3\frac{1}{2}\%$. On demand deposits able on time deposits a full 1%; from $2\frac{1}{4}$ % to $3\frac{1}{4}$ %. On demand deposits for banks, trust companies and private bankers, but excluding mutual savings banks, the rate was raised from $1\frac{1}{4}$ % to 2% while in the case of other demand deposits the rate was raised from 2% to 21/2%

Reason the Clearing House made no change last month in the case of mutual savings banks was because their deposits, being nominally demand deposits, were subject to the 13% reserve requirements under the Federal Reserve required against time deposits is only 3%. the savings bankers represented to the Clearing House Committee that although classed as demand the savings bank deposits in the commercial banks were virtually time deposits, as they are left in most cases intact over an indefinite period. Out of accounts with eight various banks, for innce, one savings bank reported that only one was active. of this argument the Clearing House Committee compromised by raising the mutual savings bank rate $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% to 3%.

the mutual savings bank rate ½ of 1% to 3%.

Oct. 2 next the Clearing House Association will hold its regular annual meeting for the election of new officers and receive the reports of the manager on the year's operations. It is expected volume of annual clearings will show another large expansion. Last fiscal year the total clearings were \$307,158,631,043. This year, as a result of larger commercial and stock exchange business, it is estimated volume will exceed \$370,000,000,000. Clearings for 11 months already exceed last year's record. This year another new record has been made in a single day's clearings. On July 2 last, the day's clearings amounted to \$2,413,000,000, which compares with the previous year's record, on July 2 1927, of \$1,950,423,000.

The notice issued by the Clearing House follows:

The notice issued by the Clearing House follows:

NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE.

New York, Sept. 6 1928.

Acting under the provisions of Section 2, Article XI of the Clearing House Constitution, relating to interest on deposits to be paid by Clearing House institutions we beg to advise you that the following rates have been fixed, effective Monday, Aug. 6, 1928, except as to Mutual Savings Banks, which rate was fixed effective Friday, Sept. 7, 1928.

from Demand on Ci	ficates of Deposit Pay	able within 30 Days on Demand and on	posit Payable on or
To Banks, Trust Companies and Private Bankers, but Excluding Mu- tual Savings Banks.	To Mutual Savings Banks.	To Others.	Credit Balances Payable on or after 30 Days from De- mand.
2%	3%	21/2%	31/2%

By order

SEWARD PROSSER, Chairman Clearing House Committee.

CLARENCE E. BACON, Manager.

Country Clearings as a Business Index—Analysis by Minneapolis Federal Reserve Bank of Banks on

A study of "Country Clearings as a Business Index" is presented in the "Monthly Review," issued under date of Aug. 28, by the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis. One phase of the study has to do with the collection of checks at par, the record showing that whereas at the close of 1920 all the banks in the Minneapolis District (3,900) were on the par list, an increasing number of smaller banks has begun to charge exchange, as a result of which on July 31 1928 the number on the par list was down to 1,440, as against 1,127 not on the par list. We give herewith the bank's observations:

Throughout the period in which this bank has discussed business conditions in its "Monthly Review," there has been a scarcity of reliable information concerning business conditions in the smaller cities and farming communities of the distret. To supply the lack of detailed current information, a number of fragmentary series of data have been discussed, with the idea that if the majority of these series moved in the same direction it was reasonably certain that general business outside of the larger cities had experienced a similar change. Among the series discussed from time to time are country lumber sales, carloadings of miscellaneous merchandise, sales and shipments of agricultural implements, debits to individual accounts and building permits at representative cities and changes in the deposits of country banks. To this list there has recently been added an index which for brevity will be called "The Country Clearings Index."

This index consists of the dollar value of checks collected by this Federal Reserve Bank from country banks in the district. In origin, these checks are written by customers of country banks and malled to out-of-town parties. The checks are then deposited or presented for payment at some bank in the district or elsewhere, which bank sends them to this Federal Reserve Bank for collection. Although this series is interesting and useful, certain important limitations should be noted. Checks are not included which are paid over the counter by the bank on which they are drawn, nor checks paid by other banks in the same locality with the drawee bank, nor checks collected by banks in other cities other than Federal Reserve banks, nor checks drawn on banks not on the par list. Moreover, the propottion of all out-of-town checks which is collected by the Federal Reserve banks varies and may cause fluctuations in the index which do not reflect general business

Necessarily these checks represent only a small portion of the business transactions outside of the larger cities, and yet, in a year's time this Federal Reserve Bank handles over one billion dollars of these checks, making a respectable sample of total business dealings. These country clearings figures are available monthly for the period beginning in 1916 during which the Federal Reserve Check Collection System has been in operation.

Country clearings may be described as an index of spending. Personal and mercantile expenditures make up ¾ of the total value of checks collected by this bank from country banks in the district, and of the remaining ¼ the great majority majority of the checks are indirectly the result of spending in the district. A test was made this summer to determine the purposes for which country clearings checks were drawn. All of the checks being mailed for collection to a number of representative country banks were analyzed. In all 3,354 checks amounting to \$200,521 were described. It was possible to assign the purposes for which all but 9% of the checks were drawn, as shown in the following table:

PURPOSES FOR WHICH CHECKS WERE DRAWN IN SAMPLE BATCHES OF CHECKS SENT TO COUNTRY BANKS FOR PAYMENT IN JUNE AND JULY 1928.

Mercantile and Personal Expenditures—	No. of Iems.	Amount.	% o Total Amt.
Merchandise	1,576	\$120,154	59.9
Mail order house purchases	453	3,705	1.9
Publications	144	1,294	.6
Insurance	145	4,475	2.2
Taxes	52	12,785	6.4
Professional services	33	1,174	.6
Lodge and club dues	26	223	.1
Donations	31	373	.2
Personal items	103	2,618	1.3
Sub-total	2,563	\$146,801	73.2
Other Items-			
Transfers of funds	50	22,645	11.3
Produce and cream checks	119	5,191	2.6
Cashier s checks	14	4,730	2.4
Salary checks	81	3,909	1.9
Miscellaneous items of unidentifiable purpose	527	17,245	8.6
Total	3,354	\$200,521	100.0

Of course, considerable variations in the importance of individual items in the above table might be found at other seasons of the year. However, the exceedingly small proportion of items which did not represent mercantile and personal expenditures makes it safe to say that at all times of the year county clearings will be an index of spending. Of the funds which were not classified as mercantile and personal expenditures, the largest group was transfers of funds. These transfers were checks drawn against the country bank accounts of chain stores, gasoline retailers and other retail concerns which are in the habit of maintaining small drawing accounts in the various towns where they have branches. As sales are made and the country bank accounts of these firms increase, the deposits are drawn down by check and transferred to the city bank account of the parent organization. Consequently, even such transfers of funds reflect the volume of spending in rural communities.

Cashier's checks and miscellaneous items whose purpose could not be identified, also must have contained a considerable proportion of checks for the payment of bills. The only groups which are definitely not a reflection of spending are produce and cream checks and salary checks which reflect income rather than expenditure.

The course of country clearings from 1916 to the present time is shown in the accompanying chart. [This we omit.—Ed.] Daily averages are used to eliminate the effects of the varying number of days in the month. In the early years of the Federal Reserve Check Collection System, the advantage of using this system was only imperfectly recognized; also, many banks charged exchange for the payment of items drawn on themselves which were presented through the mail. For these two reasons the records of the first five years are of no great value as a business index. The last eight years, on the contrary, were years in which the great majority of banks in the district have been on the par list (i. e., have not charged exchange on checks mailed to them for collection by this bank), and the advantages of the Federal Reserve Check Collection System have beens well understood. The country clearings figures in thees latter years, therefore, constitute a valuable index of changes in business conditions in rural communities.

One important adjustment needs to be made to insure as close a reflection of the volume of business by this index as possible. At the close of 1920 all banks in the ditrict, both member and non-member, were on the par list. Since that time an increasing number of the smaller non-member banks have begun to charge exchange for the improvement of their earnings. Federal Reserve banks do not accept checks for collection which are drawn on banks which charge exchange on checks drawn on themselves. Consequently, an increasing factor of business is not represented in the country clearing operations of this bank. The number of banks on the par list and not on the par list at the close of each recent year and at the end of July 1928 is shown in the table below.

Number of Banks in the Ninth Federal Reserve District on the Par List and Not

Dec. 31.	On Par List.	Not on Par List.
1920	3,900	*222
1921	3,659	154
1922	3,610	188
1923	3,064	445
1924	2,404	853
1925	2.014	1.062
1926	1.687	1.093
1927	1.496	1.137
July 31 1928	1,440	1.127
And the second second second second		

The banks which are not on the par list are nearly all small banks. The average deposits of the banks which withdrew from the par list in 1921 were \$153,000 per bank. The average deposits of all banks not on the par list in July 1928 were \$238,000 per bank, whereas, the average deposits of all country banks on the par list in July 1928 were \$664,000 per bank.

An adjustment has been made in the country clearing figures for use as a

An adjustment has been made in the country clearing figures for use as a business index so that the corrected figures show the volume of country clearings which would have been handled if all banks in the district had remained on the par list. The corrected figures are shown by the dotted line in the chart above. The original figures have been increased by percentages ranging from 1% on March 1921 to 28% in all of the months since September 1927.

The value of this index is greatly increased by removing the pronounced seasonal variations. The index, after making this adjustment, reflects the depressed state of business in 1921 and the early months of 1922, the less serious recessions of business in 1923-24 and 1926-27, and the peaks of business in 1923, 1926 and 1928. Throughout the 7½ years an upward tendency in business is reflected. In the accompanying chart [This we omit—Ed.] the course of the index is shown beginning with 1921. This index shows approximately the same changes in business, both in upward trend and in cyclical movements, as are indicated by the other country business indexes listed at the beginning of this article and promises to be a valuable addition to our current information on the subject.

Benjamin M. Anderson Jr. of Chase National Bank on Increase in Money Circulation Incident to Autumn Requirements—Pressure to Be Met by Federal Reserve Banks.

"The Autumn Money Requirements" was the title under which Benjamin M. Anderson Jr., Ph.D., Economist of the Chase National Bank of the City of New York, addressed the Northern Anthracite Bankers' Association in Scranton, Pa., on Sept. 13. In presenting figures to show that "the autumn would normally increase reserve requirements on the part of the member banks of the Federal Reserve System by an amount well in excess of \$250,000,000, of which \$250,000,000 or more would be required to replace the actual cash withdrawn for circulation," Mr. Anderson said:

withdrawn for circulation," Mr. Anderson said:
From what sources may the reserves by replenished. Gold may come in from foreign countries, though it is quite as likely that we shall lose gold as gain it during the rest of the current year, since Europe will be reluctant to send gold and Canada may take some. It is wholly unsafe to rely on the statistical experience of recent years regarding gold movements, since ordinary seasonal forces have been overshadowed by other considerations. Prediction is difficult.

The main source from which the seasonal pressure will be met will have to be the Federal Reserve banks. If the drain on reserves is to be made good, it must be by an expansion of Federal Reserve credit. This is not likely to be as easy as it has been in previous years. The total of Federal Reserve credit stands on Sept. 5 at \$1,474,000,000, as against \$1,147,000,000 on Sept. 7 1927. Member banks can obtain more credit from the Federal Reserve banks by rediscounting, but the total of rediscounts stands on Sept. 5 at \$1,080,000,000, as against \$449,000,000 on Sept. 7 1927, and member banks are trying to reduce their rediscounts. The increased commercial borrowing, of course, increases the paper in the banks eligible for rediscount.

The Federal Reserve banks normally increase their holdings of acceptances bought in the open market in the autumn, as shown by the following figures:

Increase in Bills Bought in Open Market by Federal Reserve Banks.

Increase in Bills Bought in Open Market by Federal Reserve Ba	nks.
Aug. 6-Dec. 31 1924	365,000,000
Aug. 5-Dec. 31 1925	162,000,000
Aug. 4-Dec. 31 1926	152,000,000
Aug. 3-Dec. 28 1927	208 000 000

In interpreting these figures we should remember that the years 1924 and 1927 were years in which the Federal Reserve banks were pursuing an easy money policy and that the figures for 1925 and 1926 would therefore come nearer to giving us the normal expectation. On this basis it might be assumed that the Federal Reserve banks would replenish the member bank reserves by from \$152,000,000 to \$162,000,000, through the purchase of acceptances in the open market.

The Federal Reserve banks could also ease the situation by the purchase of Government securities, but there is nothing in past figures to indicate a seasonal tendency in this matter, and prediction on this point would involve a knowledge of Federal Reserve bank policies.

a knowledge of Federal Reserve bank policies.

In general, there is nothing in the figures available regarding seasonal trends to justify the conclusion that the money market is likely to relax before the end of the year.

Mr. Anderson preceded the foregoing by the following

It is well known that the autumn and early winter make substantial additional demands for money and credit because of crop moving, the autumn revival of business, the Christmas trade, and the year-end settlements, and that the seasonal tendency of money rates from the beginning of the autumn to the end of the year is upward. It sometimes happens, of course, that the seasonal tendency is overshadowed by other forces. This was true in the autuin of 1927, for example, when low rediscount rates at the Federal Reserve banks and large purchases of Government securities on their part made a greater increase in the supply of money than the seasonal increase in the demand for money

than the seasonal increase in the demand for money.

It is possible to measure with some exactness certain of the elements in the autumn demand for money; others cannot be so readily measured.

Increased Money in Circulation.

First and foremost is the increase in the need for hand-to-hand cash, the best measure of which is the figure for "Money in Circulation." This figure, available monthly, is the total of all United States money outside the Treasury and outside the Federal Reserve banks. The following figures give the daily average amount of money in circulation for each menth for the past five years and for the present year through July:

UNITED STATES MONEY IN CIRCULATION (In millions of dollars) 1923. 1924. 1925. 1927. 1926. 1928. Daily average: January 4,679 4,891 4,903 4,785 February 4,807 4,821 4,809 4,709 March.... 4,870 4,886 4,713 4.864 4,856 4,710 4,880 4,882 4,731 May 4,722 4,736 4,866 4,871 4,860 June 4,794 4,798 4.830 4.779 4.881 4.831 July 4,810 August 4,833 4,800 4,819 4,912 4.849 September 4,853 4,917 4,901 4,908 4,969 4,945 4,934 4,891 5,001 4.953 4,970 5,008 December ____ 5,071 5,088 5,048 Increase: July-December ___ 259 278 321 212

The autumn increase of money in circulation for the past five years, on the basis of the foregoing figures, has thus averaged about 250 million dollars. This figure, however, rests on the average amount of money outstanding through the month. The extreme variation is decidedly greater. since the Christmas trade always calls for a very large increase in the volume of money outstanding on and around Christmas Day, above the December

We gain perspective on the significance of this figure for the increase in money in circulation by comparing it, not with the total volume of com-mercial bank deposits outstanding, which approximates 44 billion dollars, but rather with the source from which it must be obtained, namely, the reserves of the member banks of the Federal Reserve system. Practically, any increase in the volume of actual currency outside the Federal Reserve any increase in the volume of actual currency outside the Federal Reserve banks and outside the Treasury must be obtained by drafts on these reserves, carried on deposit with the Federal Reserve banks. These reserves stood on Sept. 5 1928 at \$2,273,000,000. Thus the normal autumn demand for increased money in circulation would exceed 10% of the member bank reserves from which it must be obtained. This is therefore a factor of major significance in gauging the money market. Money is easy when reserves are excessive; money is tight when reserves are deficient.

A glance at the foregoing table will show also that after the end of the year, there is a sharp decrease in money in circulation, January and February, as well as July, being low months in this particular, so that the strain of this phase of autumn demand relaxes sharply after the turn of

It may be observed also that there is a substantial variation between years in the extent of this demand for currency. The autumn of 1927 did not show a strong business revival. There was a seasonal revival, but it was of less than normal intensity. The year of 1925, on the other hand, showed a very strong revival in the autumn, and the autumn demand for currency in 1925 was substantially greater than that of 1927.

Autumn Increase in Commercial Borrowing.

A second partially measurable factor in the autumn monetary demand is the growth in borrowing from banks for commercial purposes. banks of the country as a whole this cannot be measured. ever, approximately 650 of the larger banks of the country which make weekly reports to the Federal Reserve banks. Though a small minority in number of the banks in the country, these banks hold about 47% of the loans and investments of all the commercial banks. The following figures show the growth from the low point of the late summer to the high point of autumn and winter for the past six years in the commercial loans of these

AUTUMN INCREASE IN COMMERCIAL LOANS OF REPORTING

M	EMBER B	ANKS.	
(In	millions of	dollars)	30 VI 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
	1922.	1923.	1924.
HighDec.	20 7,280	Oct. 17 8,038	Nov. 12 8,241
LowJuly	57,002	July 257,743	July 27,821
Increase	278	295	420
Per cent increase	3.97	3.8	5.37
	1925.	1926.	1927.
HighOct.	148,488	Nov. 17 8,822	Oct. 12 8,841
LowJuly	298,013	July 218,379	July 278,559
Increase	475	443	282
Per cent increase	5.93	5.29	3.3

The foregoing figures have, of course, only symptomatic value. The increase of commercial loans of all the banks of the country during the autumn is probably more than twice as great as these figures indicate. This increased borrowing is significant, but is a good deal less significant than the increase in hand-to-hand circulation, since the increased circulation must come out of the bank reserves, whereas the increased borrowing may in large part involve merely an increase in bank deposits, the borrower being content with drawing checks in the majority of cases. To the extent that this is true the reserve situation is affected only as increased deposits require increased reserves. Increased demand deposits necessitate an increase in bank reserves equal to 13% of the new deposits in Chicago and New York, 10% in other reserve cities, and 7% in banks outside the reserve cities. Even if we could calculate definitely the increased reserves required as a consequence of this increased commercial borrowing, we could not add all this increase to the drain on the reserves which the withdrawal of cash involves, since part of the borrowing is for the purpose of withdrawing cash, and double counting would thus be involved to some extent.

Liquid Assets of Business Corporations.

Other important factors in the demand for money usually come in the autumn. Business corporations, before borrowing at the banks to increase their working capital in the fall, are likely to make use of certain of their their working capital in the fail, are likely to make use of certain of their liquid resources. They may (1) sell Government securities or other securities which they hold; they may (2) call loans which they have made to the stock market; or they may (3) ask the banks to change their time deposits into the form of demand deposits. All three of these transactions involve increased demand in the money market. The first tends to take up investors' money or bank money which otherwise would be available for other the supply of money available to the stock. The second shortens the supply of money available to the stock market and leads the stock market to bid more vigorously for other funds. If the banks take over these loans and give deposit credits for them, their reserve requirements are immediately increased. The third, namely, the shifting of time deposits to demand deposits, at once increases the reserve requirements, since only 3% of reserves is required against time deposits. whereas much higher percentages are required against demand deposits.

All of these factors are likely to be intensified in years when the fall revival in business is strong, and to be weaker in the years when the fall revival is languid, the foregoing figures showing, for example, a much smaller increase in borrowings and in money in circulation in 1927 than in any of the three preceding years.

Slightly Higher Levels for Money Looked for by Weld, Grew & Co.

Slightly higher levels for money, an apparent balance between the principal factors operating for a rise or fall in bond prices and a selective market for stocks are cited as probable developments in the financial world for the immediate future in a review of the money situation prepared by Weld, Grew & Co., members of the New York and Boston Stock Exchanges, and made public Sept. 9. On the subject of the trend in money, the review points out that "in the brief space of seven months a tremendous change has oc-curred in the money market" and that "whereas at the beginning of 1928 the future trend of money rates was almost universally thought to be downward, at least for the first half of the year, and conditions affecting investments were appraised with no little confidence, the present time finds most of these predictions unfulfilled, and the situation in many respects just the reverse of what was expected. The review lists five ways in which an easing in money rates could be brought about. These are:

(1) Liquidation in the security markets through sales by investors and speculators, reductions by banks in their own security holdings or invest-

ment house selling of bonds originally bought for retail distribution.

(2) A change of Federal Reserve policy resulting in open market purchase of bills, purchases of U. S. Government securities, reduction in the rediscount rate or replacement of part of the billion of gold certificates by Federal Reserve notes

(3) Imports of gold in excess of exports;
(4) Gradual accumulation of capital.

(5) Release of credit by business.
Reviewing each possibility it appears that under the first heading there are definite prospects of help from the investment houses. ports are current that some of the houses already have cleaned up most of their "frozen" issues and are loaning money on call. In addition, the banks are liquidating their holdings at a substantial rate, having sold approximately \$150,000,000 during the period from July 3 to Aug. 8. Further progress here is anticipated as the banks try to get themselves in a position to be able to handle the full demands for credit.

In the second group, under Federal Reserve action, help may appear at any time in the form of renewed purchases of bills or U. S. securities. Such a development, should it take place, would be for the purpose of supplying a new credit demand rather than making possible an increase in the present credit supply. It does not appear probable that the rediscount rate will be lowered in the near future, or that gold certificates

will be replaced to any appreciable extent.

Imports of gold cannot be counted on to bring much relief, as foreign countries requre all the gold they already possess to help in maintaining their newly established gold standards.

In the fourth item, gradual accumulation of capital, there lies considerable hope for relief, as it has been calculated that free capital accumulates in this country at the rate of from \$1,000,000,000 to \$1,500,000,000 a

Lastly, it does not seem at all probable, in view of the optimistic outlook for business, that any funds will be released from this source, but rather that an increasing demand for accommodation is sure to develop during the coming months.

New Treasury Certificates Over-subscribed-Subscription Books Closed Both as to Cash Offer and Third Liberty Loan Exchange.

The Treasury Department's offering a week ago of 41/2% Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness to the amount of \$525,000,000 or thereabouts resulted in subscriptions of \$1,019,699,800, Secretary Mellon announced on Sept. 12, based on reports from the 12 Federal Reserve Banks. The offering of these certificates (series TJ—1929) was noted in these columns Sept. 8, page 1339. The certificates run for nine months, from Sept. 15 1928 to June 15 1929; they were offered at par and accrued interest, the Treasury Department announcing that Third Liberty Loan Bonds, maturing Sept. 15 1928, would be accepted at par in payment for the new issue of certificates, with an adjustment of accrued interest, if any, on the certificates of the series so paid for.

Subscription books, both as to cash, and Third Liberty Loan exchanges, were closed at the close of business Sept. 11. In announcing on Sept. 12, total subscriptions of \$1,019,-699,800, Secretary Mellon stated that \$102,821,300 represented subscriptions in payment for which Third Liberty Loan 41/4% bonds were tendered. These subscriptions were allotted in full, and allotments on the \$916,878,500 cash subscriptions were made as follows:

All cash subscriptions in amounts not exceeding \$10,000 for any one subscriber were allotted in full. Cash subscriptions in amounts over \$10.000 but not exceeding \$100,000 for any one subscriber were allotted 80%, but not less than \$10,000 on any one subscription; cash subscriptions in amounts over \$100,000 but not exceeding \$500,000 for any one subscriber were allotted 60%, but not less than \$80,000 for any one subscription; cash subscriptions in amounts over \$500,000 but not exceeding \$1,000,000 for any one subscriber were allotted 40%, but not less than \$300,000 subscription; and cash subscriptions in amounts over \$1,000,000 were allotted 30%, but not less than \$400,000 on any one subscription.

On the above basis the total amount of certificates to be issued will aggregate approximately \$550,000,000.

Return of President Coolidge to Washington From Summer Vacation In Wisconsin.

President Coolidge returned to his desk in the White House on Sept. 12, following his return to Washington that day from his summer vacation in Wisconsin. The President spent practically three month's at Brule (Wis.) having arrived there (as noted in these columns June 16, page 3697) about the middle of June. With his return to Washington this week he immediately began a series of conferences with Secretaries Kellogg, Mellon, Gen. Lord and other government officials, as well as former Secretary Hoover. It is reported that the President plans to deliver three speeches in behalf of the candidacy of Mr. Hoover.

Program of Annual Convention of A.B.A. to Be Held in Philadelphia Oct. 1-4-Roy A. Young of Federal Reserve Board, Comptroller McIntosh and Representative McFadden among Speakers.

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Questions of general public moment, such as the farmer problem, the Presidential campaign and changing business conditions, will mingle with technical banking discussions on credit, the spread of group banking, bank taxation and bank administrative problems in the various sessions of the American Bankers Association convention which will be held in Philadelphia Oct. 1 to 4. The program as announced in New York on Sept. 9 by F. N. Shepherd, Executive Manager of the Association, shows that among the leading speakers will be: Thomas R. Preston, President American Bankers Association, President of the Hamilton National Bank, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Edwin A. Alderman, President of the University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va.; James A. Bacigalupi, President of the Bank of Italy National Trust & Savings Association, San Francisco; H. L. Russell, Dean of the College of Agriculture, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis.; Roy A. Young, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D. C.; L. T. McFadden, Chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.; Leonard P. Ayres, Vice-President of the Cleveland Trust Co., Cleveland, O., and J. W. McIntosh, Comptroller of the Currency, Washington, D. C. The detailed program is as follows: General Convention, First Session, Tuesday, Oct. 2, City Auditorium. 9:45 a. m., orchestral concert.

10:30 a. m., call to order, President Thomas R. Preston, President Ham-

ilton National Bank, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Invocation. Address of the President.

Report, official acts and proceedings of executive council.

Address, "The Strength of Democracy," Edwin A. Alderman, President
University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va.

Appointment of Resolutions Committee.

Communications.

Adjournment.

General Convention, Second Session, Wednesday, Oct. 3, Academy of Music.

9:45 a. m., orchestral concert. 10:30 a. m., call to order, President Preston.

Address by James A. Bacigalupi, President Bank of Italy National Trust & Savings Association, San Francisco.

Report of nominating committee and election of officers.

Report of resolutions committee.

Communications. Announcements.

General Convention, Third Session, Thursday, Oct. 4, Academy of Music. 9:45 a.m., orchestral concert.

10:30 a. m., call to order, President Preston

Invocation. Address by H. L. Russell, Dean College of Agriculture, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis.

Unfinished business

New busine

Installation of officers.

Announcements Adjournment.

ITEMS ABOUT BANKS, TRUST COMPANIES, ETC.

The New York Stock Exchange membership of Harrison K. Bird was reported posted for transfer to Adrian Eltinger. the consideration being stated as \$410,000, a new high record price. A further increase was reported to-day when arrangements were made for the transfer of a membership for \$415,000.

Arrangements are reported for the sale of a New York Curb Market membership for \$98,000 a new high record. Earlier in the week a sale was reported at \$90,000.

A regular membership of the New York Produce Exchange sold at \$17,300. Associate memberships were recently \$12,300 bid and offered at \$12,600.

The Board of Governors of the Los Angeles Stock Exchange have approved the sale of a membership for \$90,000, the third seat to be exchanged at this price.

H. G. Brock, Second Vice-President of the National Bank of Commerce in New York sailed on Sept. 13 on the S. S. Santa Luisa. This is the third successive year that Mr. Brock, who is in the Bank's Foreign Department, has gone to South America where the bank has important interests. His itinerary will include both coasts and will cover a period of three months.

Julian Arnold has been elected Assistnt Treasurer of the Interstate Trust Co. Mr. Arnold is located at the main banking office at 59 Liberty St., this city.

James Speyer, who had been abroad for three months, returned on the "Majestic" on Sept. 11, going to his country home, "Waldheim," at Scarborough-on-Hudson, N. Y.

The Bayside National Bank of Bayside, N. Y., The First National Bank of Whitestone, N. Y., and the Flushing National Bank of Flushing, N. Y., have forfeited their national bank charters and have become State banks, the step being preliminary to their merger with the Bank of the Manhattan Company of this city. An item regarding the proposed absorption of the three banks by the Bank of the Manhattan Company appeared in these columns June 9, page 3543. The proposed merger is to become effective in October.

The Bank of United States of this city was authorized on Aug. 31 by the New York State Banking Department to increase its capital stock from \$8,333,400 to \$8,933,400. This increase in the capital stock is in accordance with the plans of consolidation of the Cosmopolitan Bank with the Bank of United States. The approval of the plans to merge the Cosmopolitan Bank with the Bank of United States by the stockholders of both institutions was noted in these columns Aug. 25, page 1059.

Two stones, each 131 years old, were this week set into the front of the new Bank of New York & Trust Co. building at the northeast corner of Wall and William Sts. No ceremony marked the setting of these historic pieces. One stone, set in the building on the Wall Street corner, is the original cornerstone of the old Bank of New York and dates back to 1797. The stone was laid June 22 of that year by Gulian Verplanck, then President of the bank. One morning last January Edwin G. Merrill, President of the Bank of New York & Trust Co., and a party of officials and directors gathered at the corner of Wall and Williams Sts. and supervised the laying of the cornerstone for the new building which is expected to be ready for occupancy by the first of next year. The new building of the Bank of New York & Trust Co. was erected on property which was purchased by the Bank of New York in November 1796 from William Constable for a consideration of £11,000 New York currency, or approximately \$30,000 at that time. Alexander Hamilton was one of the founders of the institution and drew up the articles of incorporation. The second stone set in the front of the building at the 48 Wall St. entrance, marks the site of the adjoining building acquired by the New York Life Insurance & Trust Co., merged with the Bank of New York in 1922, and indicates the site of the old United States Branch Bank.

Commenting upon newspaper reports regarding a merger of the Seventh National Bank of New York with the Municipal Bank, Harry H. Revman, President of the Seventh National Bank, issued a statement saying:

In the event of any definite development with respect to a merger involving the Seventh National Bank, or any other bank business, any information or statement, to be authoritative, would necessarily have its origin in an official statement by an officer of the bank.

Stock control of the Seventh National Bank is held by the individuals comprising its board of directors and, if any announcement is to be made regarding such a development, it will be forthcoming at the proper time from the spokesman for this bank.

Mr. Revman is said to have express circulation given reports of a merger in view of this situation and the obviously unofficial and unauthoritative character of the information on which these reports were based. The reports, which appeared in the daily papers of Sept. 12, also linked the name of the Times Square Trust Co. with the two other institutions mentioned.

Theodore L. C. Howe retired on Aug. 31 as Manager of the East Side branch of the Corn Exchange Bank of this city after serving in the banking business for 45 years. Mr. Howe was formerly with the Mechanics and Traders Bank of Brooklyn which was absorbed by the Corn Exchange Bank in 1902.

It is announced that for the first time in forty-seven years the Excelsior Savings Bank of this city has raised its annual dividend above 4%, action having been taken by its board of trustees to increase the dividend to 4½% for the quarter ending Sept. 30. "Profits of a mutual savings bank, consistent with safety and stability, should be participated in by depositors who have helped the institution to grow and not held for some future generation," said Reginald Roome, President, explaining the new rate. He added:

Fundamental changes in investment conditions, especially in the mort-gage and utility fields, are reflected in the new rate. The 4% dividend has been in force since Jan. 1 1908, while the previous rate 3½% remained unchanged from Jan. 1 1887. Before that the 4% rate was in effect from Jan. 1 1882.

"Assets at the beginning of the current quarter totaled \$28,343,841, the surplus at market value being \$4,183,647, while deposits aggregated \$24,364,008.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Seamen's Bank for Savings, at 74 Wall Street, Ralph H. Stever was elected executive Vice-President. Mr. Stever has been connected with the bank for the past 25 years and has been comptroller since 1922.

Wall Street has added another landmark to its skyline in the form of a golden eagle perched on a silver ball atop the Bank of New York & Trust Company's new building at Wall and William Streets. The eagle's presence 513 feet above the street level was revealed with the removal on Sept. 10 of the scaffolding from the tower of the new structure. Its wings spread in the act of alighting, the eagle, which is eleven feet tall, faces South. According to present plans, the bank will move into the new quarters about Jan. 1 1929.

A special meeting of the shareholders of the First National Bank of Brooklyn will be held on Oct. 15 to vote upon plans to increase the bank's capital from \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000, and to form a securities company, to be known as the First National Investing Co., Inc. (or some other appropriate name) with a capital of \$500,000. The stockholders will be offered the new stock at the price of \$200 a share in the proportion of one share of new stock for each two now held, payment to be made by Nov. 15. The sale of the 5,000 shares of new stock (par value \$100 a share) at \$200 a share will bring to the bank \$1,000,000, \$500,000 of which will be added to capital account and \$500,000 to undivided profits account. The new First National Investing Co. will have an authorized capital divided into 15,000 shares without nominal or par value, and which said stock shall be so limited that it can be sold and transferred only with and at the time of the sale or transfer of an equal number of shares of First National Bank stock. The 15,000 shares of the investing company will be purchased for \$500,000 out of the undivided profits of the bank and will be held by the trust department of the bank for the benefit of the bank's stockholders in the proportion of one share of stock of the investing company for each one share of bank stock held, and the trust department will endorse upon each certificate of bank stock a receipt showing that the holder of the bank stock is the owner of an equal number of shares of stock of the said investing company."

The Equitable Trust Company of this city announced on Sept. 10 the removal of its Importers and Traders office from 247 Broadway to the new Merchants Square Building at 40 Worth Street. Corner offices at Church and Worth Street are occupied by the bank. The Importers and Traders Office of the Equitable was formerly the Importers and Traders National Bank of New York, which was established in 1855. This institution was merged with the Equitable Trust Company in 1923. In addition to a complete banking, trust and bond investment service, these new banking quarters provide modern safe deposit facilities.

A charter was granted to the newly organized Dunbar National Bank of this city by the Comptroller of the Currency on Aug. 31. The institution will have a capital of \$500,000 and a surplus of \$500,000. The bank will locate in the Dunbar Apartments at 150th Street and Eighth Avenue and will open for business on Sept. 17. An item giving the offi-

cers and directors of the bank appeared in these columns Aug. 18, page 910.

The Guaranty Company of New York has announced the formation of Guaranty Company of New York, Ltd., and the opening on Sept. 10 of an office in Montreal, located at 1413 Royal Bank of Canada Building. The new office, which is the company's first in Canada, is in charge of Sumner B. Emerson, Manager.

As a fitting observance of its 100th anniversary, says the Boston "Transcript" of Sept. 11, the Atlantic National Bank, the oldest bank in Boston, has completed arrangements for the purchase of the Commercial Security National Bank of Boston. The merger will bring together institutions with combined resources of more than \$146,-000,000. Deposits of the combined banks, it is said, will approximate \$115,000,000. The Atlantic National Bank now has a capital of \$6,000,000, which after the consolidation with the Commercial Security National Bank, it is said, will stand at \$6,350,000. The latest available figures show the surplus and undivided profits of the Atlantic National Bank as \$4,536,000, while those of the Commercial Security National Bank total \$404,000. The purchase price for the 5,000 shares (par value \$100 a share) of Commercial Security National Bank stock, the "Transcript" went on to say, will work out at \$225 a share. This purchase will take the form of seven-tenths of a share of Atlantic Bank stock for each share of Commercial Security (Atlantic Bank stock figured at \$310) in addition to which Commercial Security directors will declare a special cash dividend of 8%. "A unique feature of the arrangement is the agreement of the Atlantic Bank to repurchase any of the 3,500 shares issued in connection with this transaction at \$310 a share during the eighteen months' period April 1 1929 to Oct. 1 1930. It is of course stipulated that this agreement does not apply in cases where the Atlantic Bank stock has changed ownership in the meantime." It is the intention of the Atlantic National Bank, it is said, to maintain the Commercial Security offices for the present, at least as a branch of the larger institution. Benjamin B. Perkins, Chairman of the Board of the Commercial Security National Bank, and Albert E. Gladwin, President, will become Vice-Presidents of the enlarged Atlantic National Bank, while all other officers and employees of the smaller institution will be given positions in the Atlantic organization as nearly comparable to those they now hold, as possible. In conclusion, the "Transcript" says:

The Atlantic National Bank, originally incorporated in Massachusestts in February, 1828, was chartered under the National Bank Act in 1864. It was absorbed or consolidated with several institutions. In 1912 the Fourth National Bank was taken over, the Commonwealth Trust Company and Boylston National Bank in 1923, Peoples National Bank in 1921 and the Massachusetts National Bank in 1926.

The bank in addition acquired the entire capital stock of the Security Safe Deposit Co., and of the Atlantic-Merrill Oldham Corporation.

Clarence G. Appleton, President of the Guardian Trust Co. of New Jersey, in a letter sent to stockholders on Sept. 11 outlined the details of the proposed consolidation of that institution with the Broad and Market National Bank & Trust Co. of Newark, under the name of New Jersey National Bank & Trust Co. of Newark. The capital surplus and undivided profits of the consolidated bank will aggregate \$4,200,000 and deposits will approximate \$24,000,000. The formal agreement of consolidation of the two banking institutions, which has been approved as to form by the Comptroller of the Currency at Washington, has been ratified by a majority of the Directors of the two banking organizations. Mr. Appleton in his letter to stockholders says:

The consolidation agreement provides that the capital stock of the consolidated bank shall consist of 106,000 shares of the par value of \$25 each and that the capital, surplus and undivided profits of the consolidated bank shall amount to not less than \$4,000,000 one-half of which shall be contributed by Guardian Trust Co. and one-half by the Broad and Market National Bank & Trust Co. of Newark.

The capital stock of the consolidated Bank will be divided equally among the stockholders of both institutions. It is stated that since the net assets of Guardian Trust Co. of New Jersey approximate \$8,400,000 and of these assets approximately \$2,100,000 will be transferred to the consolidated bank, there will remain net assets of \$6,300,000 to be divided among Guardian stockholders. These assets will be transferred to the Board of Directors of the Guardian Trust Co. as trustees for the ultimate benefit of stockholders. The result to the stockholders of Guardian Trust, Mr. Appleton says, "will be that for each share of stock held by them they will receive one and three-fiftieths shares of the stock of the consolidated bank and one share (represented

by a trustee's certificate) out of 50,000 shares (represented by trustee's certificates) in a trust fund containing net

assets of approximately \$6,300,000."

The Trust Fund of \$6,300,000 represents income producing assets including the capital stock of Guardian Securities Corp., a large holding in Guardian Title & Mortgage Co., mortgages, bonds, stocks and other securities. The Broad and Market National Bank is now paying dividends on its capital at the rate of 12%, and the letter states, there is every indication of an ability of the officers and directors of the consolidated bank to continue this dividend policy. A special meeting of stockholders of Guardian Trust Co. has been called for Sept. 27 1928 to approve the consolidation. The following committee has been appointed to receive the proxies of stockholders: William E. Lehman, Milton O. Weingarten, and Benjamin W. Hollander. John J. Stamler, President of Broad and Market National Bank and Trust Co. will be President of the consolidated bank and Mr. Appleton will be Chairman of the Board of Directors. In addition to the main office, to be located in the Kinney Building at Broad and Market Streets, in the heart of Newark's financial district, the new institution will operate five branches located at 209 Springfield Ave.; 37 Bloomfield Ave., 380 Springfield Ave., 307 Bank St., and 9 Clinton St. Items regarding the proposed consolidation appeared in our issues of Aug. 11, page 780 and Sept. 8, page 1345. The merger is to become effective Sept. 29.

On Sept. 4 the First National Bank of Philadelphia occupied for the first time its handsome new central city office at the southwest corner of 15th and Walnut Streets, that city, the original site of the famous old hotel, the Franklin House. The bank's quarters comprise the basement, ground and mezzanine floors of the building, which is twenty-two stories high. The following brief description of the banking rooms is taken from the Philadelphia "Ledger" of Sept. 4:

The main banking room will be on the ground floor, the details of which are Romanesque. There is a beamed cedar ceiling enlivened with poly-chrome. Red and black Italian marble in the partitions enhances the The furniture, selected to harmonize with the color effect of the room. architecture, is of walnut. Floor standards provide light by reflection on

the ceiling.

The main banking rooms are open to daylight from Walnut and 15th Streets. Behind the grillwork there are two thicknesses of glass with an air space between them-insulation against the noise of street traffic. left are the spaces for the officers and the collateral rooms. To the right are the tellers' cages, foreign exchange and conference rooms.

At the rear of the banking room is a staircase which leads to the modern steel and concrete vaults and safe deposit boxes in the basement. is a private entrance for the safe conveyance of money and securities. Elevators also serve the vaults. Payroll rooms and booths affording privacy for people using the safe deposit boxes are other features. A retiring room for women also is provided.

A night depository has been designed for customers wishing to make deposits after banking hours. Keys to unlock a bronze plate in the main lobby of the building will be furnished to such customers. After the plate has been epened the deposits are placed in a sleeve which carries them to a burglar-proof vault. Such deposits are credited to the respective accounts when the bank opens.

Operators of adding machines and typewriters have been assigned to the mezzanine to avoid disturbing the quiet of the main floor. The mezzanine, like the vaults, is provided with a system of forced ventilation.

zanine, like the vaults, is provided with a system of forced ventilation.

On Monday next, Sept. 17, the business now conducted by the 3 Philadelphia banks, the Tradesmens National Bank, the Guarantee Trust & Safe Deposit Co. and the Chelten Trust Co., will be merged under the name of the Tradesmens National Bank & Trust Co. with five officers, namely at 320 Chestnut Street (main office), at 1420 Walnut Street (central office), at 5614 Germantown Ave., 9 South Fifty-Second Street, and at Broad and Louden Streets. Our last reference to the consolidation of these important banks, appeared in the "Chronicle" of Sept. 8, page 1345.

Stockholders of the Erie National Bank of Philadelphia at a special meeting on Sept. approved the proposed increase in the bank's capital, raising it from \$250,000 to \$500,000, referred to in our issue of Sept. 8, page 1345, according to the Philadelphia "Ledger" of Sept. 13. The new stock (par value \$100 a share) will be offered to stockholders of record Sept. 11 on a share-for-share basis at the price of \$150 a share, it was stated.

Bankers Securities Corp., Philadelphia (affiliated with the Bankers' Trust Co. of Philadelphia), which began business May 8 1928, has declared an adjustment cumulative dividend from May 8 to Oct. 1 at 6% on its preferred and common stocks payable Oct. 15 to stockholders of record Oct. 1. This corporation started with \$10,000,000 capital and \$2,000,000 surplus subscribed, of which the final installment of 25% remains to be paid Oct. 1.

John Barton Townsend, President of the Provident Trust Co. of Philadelphia and the Commonwealth Title Insurance & Trust Co. of that city, died suddenly of heart disease at his home in Overbrook on Sept. 13. Mr. Townsend, who had been identified with Philadelphia banking interests for 20 years, was born in that city on June 11 1865. In 1885 he abandoned the study of law to enter the employ of the Provident Trust Co. as a junior clerk. Subsequently he was advanced to Assistant Trust officer, the Vice-Presidency, and finally to the Presidency of the institution, the office he held at his death. Mr. Townsend was made President of the Commonwealth Title Insurance & Trust Co. the present year. Among other interests, Mr. Townsend was a director of the Central National Bank of Philadelphia and the Insurance Co. of North America.

A new banking institution, the Abington Bank & Trust Co., at Abington, Pa., opened for business on Sept. 8, according to the Philadelphia "Ledger" of Sept. 10, which stated that the initial day's business provided some 200 accounts with deposits of \$255,000. The bank's capital is \$150,000, and its officers are as follows: Benjamin T. Britt, President; J. R. Neisson and S. A. Sautter, Vice-Presidents, and John L. Michel, Secretary and Treasurer.

A proposed merger of the Lake Erie Trust Co. of Cleveland with the United Banking & Trust Co. of that city to form a new bank with resources of \$38,000,000 was approved by the respective directors of the institutions on Sept. 12, according to the Cleveland "Plain Dealer." Meetings of the stockholders of the two banks will be held on Sept. 28 to vote on the proposed union and if the consolidation is approved it will become effective at midnight Sept. 30. The enlarged bank, which will continue the name of the United Banking & Trust Co., will be capitalized at \$2,000,000, with combined surplus and undivided profits of about \$1,900,000, and deposits of approximately \$20,800,000. The terms of the deal provide, it is said, that Lake Erie Trust Co. stockholders shall receive one share of United Banking & Trust Co. stock for each two shares of Lake Erie Trust Co. stock. plus \$10 in cash. Arthur H. Seibig, who started as a messenger with the United Banking & Trust Co. thirty-seven years ago, and who has been President of that institution since 1919, will be President of the consolidated bank and J. Horace Jones, organizer and President of the Lake Erie Trust Co., will be Vice-President. Samuel L. McCune, a prominent figure in the Joint Stock Land Bank field as well as a commercial banker, will be Chairman of the Board, while William H. Heil, present Chairman of the United Bank, will be Vice-Chairman of the Board. Other senior officers to be associated with the enlarged bank are C. A. Wilkinson, Vice-Pres., and Reno P. Ranson, Vice-Pres., and Secretary of the United Bank, and L. C. Kollie, Vice-Pres., Charles H. Hill, Vice-Pres., and Arthur W. Pleister, Secretary of the Lake Erie Trust Co. The new bank will have three offices, namely the main office of the United Banking & Trust Co. at Lorain Ave. and West 25th St.; the main office of the Lake Erie Bank & Trust Co. at 1612 Euclid Ave., and the Lake Erie branch office at 7019 Superior Ave. The paper mentioned quoted President Seibig as saying in regard to the proposed union:

If the stockholders ratify the plans adopted by the directors of both banks we are confident the merger will prove beneficial both to the banks and the public. The enlarged insitution will permit us to meet the growand the public. The enlarged insitution will permit us to meet the growing demands of Cleveland business. Having offices on both sides of the city should mean expansion of service and helpful growth.

Our directors have faith in the future of Cleveland, believing that it

will be increasingly important as an industrial, commercial and financial center. To assist in this business progress would be the aim of the enlarged bank.

James E. Sheridan, Vice-President and Sales manager of the Union Title & Guaranty Co. of Detroit, was elected President of the Michigan Title Association at its twentyeighth annual convention, held at Traverse City, Sept. 6 and 7. "The large attendance at the convention this year proves conclusively that members of the Michigan Title Association are increasingly interested in the constructive program presented to them for the coming year," said Mr. "The year 1928-29 will, I am confident, see increased business in real estate and further progress in abstract and title insurance business." Mr. Sheridan has served the Michigan Title Association for the past three years as Secretary.

Chicago's billion-dollar bank merger was practically accomplished on Friday last, Sept. 7, when the respective directors of the Continental National Bank & Trust Co. and the Illinois Merchants' Trust Co. voted to consolidate under the title of the Continental Illinois Bank & Trust Co. The following formal announcement of the consolidation was made jointly and in person by George M. Reynolds, who will be Chairman of the Executive Committee of the new bank; Arthur Reynolds, who will be Chairman of the Board and Executive Officer; and Eugene M. Stevens, who will be President of the consolidated bank:

The Directors of Continental National Bank and Trust Company and the Directors of Illinois Merchants Trust Company, at meetings held to-day (Sept. 7), approved and voted to submit to the stockholders for their ratification a plan to consolidate these two institutions under the name Continental Illinois Bank and Trust Company.

The consolidated bank will operate under a State charter with a capital of \$75,000,000, a surplus of approximately \$65,000,000, and a reserve fund of \$10,000,000 for any possible future contingencies. The total resources will exceed \$1,000,000,000.

In addition, the new plan provides for a Securities Company, the Continental Illinois Company, with a capitalization of \$20,000,000, the stock of which will be owned pro rata by the stockholders of the bank under a trust agreement. This Company will take over the present bond and securities business of the Continental National Company and the bond and curities business of the Illinois Merchants Trust Company, offering their clientele a broader investment service. It is believed, through the large capital and resources of this Company, that Chicago's importance as a financing center will be greatly augmented.

The plan proposes that the stockholders of Continental National Bank and Trust Company will receive for their present \$35,000,000 of capital, share for share of stock in the consolidated institution. In addition, they will receive as a dividend distribution the investment of the Continental National Bank and Trust Company in its present bank building. This building and ground are owned in fee and are free from encum-

The stockholders of Illinois Merchants Trust Company will receive for their present \$15,000,000 capital, two shares for each share now held, or \$30,000,000 of the capital stock of the consolidated institution. In addition, they will receive a cash distribution of \$15,000,000 (or such lesser sum as may be available after possible minor adjustments of the assets of Illinois Merchants Trust Company for the consolidation), representing the proceeds of the sale of the Illinois Merchants present building to the consolidated bank.

As further evidence of our faith in the continued development of this community, we propose to issue and sell to the stockholders of the consolidated bank 100,000 shares of additional stock at \$400 per share, which will add \$40,000,000 in cash to the assets to be turned in by both constituent banks and which will result in the total capital resources in the Bank and Securities Company of approximately \$170,000,000, as heretofore stated.

The consolidated bank will own and occupy the building now owned by the Illinois Merchants Trust Company, where ample accommodations will be made available.

The principal object in bringing about this consolidation is not merely to attain a magnitude of capitalization and resources, but rather to increase the efficiency and scope of the banking service to be rendered to the city, State and nation. It is being brought about in recognition of the fact that Chicago is a rapidly growing financial center of world-wide importance.

This action is an expression of the unbounded faith which the directors, officers and principal stockholders of the two banks have in the future of business in the United States and the City of Chicago. Their belief is that the establishment of a bank here, comparable in capital and resources with the largest banks in the country and representing such diversity of interests among its clientle, directors, officers and stockholders, will be the means of attracting an increasing volume of business to this city, to the benefit of its industries, its commerce and all of its banks as well.

A brief history of the two institutions, furnished us, says in part:

The Continental National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago, at the time of the last published statement-June 30 1928-reported invested cap-Ital of more than 73 million dollars. Its deposits were \$532,560,653 and its resources amounted to \$649,138,202.

This bank was the result of a consolidation, Dec. 1 1927, of the Continental and Commercial National Bank of Chicago and its affiliated State bank, the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank. Back of each of these banks was a long history of growth and consolidation.

The Continental and Commercial National Bank came into corporate existence through a merger, in 1910, of the Commercial National Bank of Chicago with the Continental National. At the same time the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank assumed its corporate identity through a merger of the American Trust and Savings Bank with the Commercial Trust and Savings Bank.

The Continental National Bank of Chicago was chartered in March, 1883, with capital of \$2,000,000. In 1898 it took over the Globe National Bank and the International Bank. In 1904 the Continental absorbed the National Bank of North America and in 1909 took over the

commercial business of the American Trust and Savings Bank.

The Commercial National Bank was chartered Jan. 13 1865. Its capital stock was \$200,000. In 1900 it took over the Lincoln National Bank and in 1909 the Bankers' National.

The oldest of the component banks was the Merchants' Association, chartered by the State of Illi-ois, Feb. 20 1861. Subsequently, this became the Hibernian Banking Association and in 1910 it was affiliated with the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank but reuilding till the completion of the Continental and Commercial Bank Building in 1914. It continued to operate under its own name until consolidated with the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank in 1918.

The American Trust and Savings Bank-which, in 1910, was m with the Commercial Trust and Savings Bank to form the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank to form the Continental and In 1904 it took over the Federal Trust and Savings Bank and in 1909 the Mutual Bank.

The story of consolidation also includes another noteworthy event, the taking over, on Jan. 2, 1922, of the Fort Dearborn Banks, which were on the point of closing their doors. The Fort Dearborn National became part of the Continental and Commercial National Bank and the Fort

Dearborn Trust and Savings Bank was merged with the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank.

It was in 1897 that George M. Reynolds was called to the Continental National Bank, as cashier, from the presidency of the Des Moines National Bank of Des Moines, Iowa. In 1902 he was made Vice-President and in 1906 was elected President and Director.

In January, 1915, Arthur Reynolds resigned the presidency of the Des Moines National Bank to accept the position offered him as First Vice-President and Director of the Continental and Commercial National. In January, 1921, he was elected President and George M. Reynolds became Chairman of the Board. Previously, in 1918, Arthur Reynolds had been elected President of the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank. And in 1919, when the Continental and Commercial Securities Company was organized, he was elected its President.

On Dec. 1 1927 the Continental and Commercial Securities Company took over the business of the bond department of the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank and its title was changed to Continental National Company. The Continental and Commercial Safe Deposit Company at the same time became the Continental National Safe Deposit Company.

Deposit Company.

In 1865 the Commercial National Bank of Chicago was organized with a capital of \$200,000. In 1883 the Continental National Bank was chartered with capital of \$2,000,000. In 1910, at the time of the consolidation of these banks, as the Continental and Commercial National Bank, and the organization of the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, the combined invested capital of the two new institutions was \$33,-000,000.

On Dec. 1 1927, when the Continental National Bank and Trust Company was formed by the consolidation of the Continental and Commercial National Bank and the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, the invested capital was over \$73,000,000.

In 1910 the combined deposits of the Continental and Commercial National Bank of Chicago and the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank were \$175,000,000.

On March 10, 1922, after the absorption of the Fort Dearborn National Commercial Trust and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank were \$175,000,000.

tional Bank and the Fort Dearborn Trust and Savings Bank, deposits of the Continental and Commercial Banks were \$444,599,000.

On Dec. 1 1927, when the Continental National Bank and Trust Company was formed by the consolidation of the Continental and Commercial Banks, deposits were \$541,000,000.

The Illinois Merchants Trust Company at the time of the last published statement—June 30 1928—reported invested capital of \$45,297,397. deposits were \$362,482,742 and its resources amounted to \$461,855,685.

This bank was the result of a consolidation, agreed to in 1919, of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, the Merchants Loan and Trust Company and the Corn Exchange National Bank. But these banks continued to operate in their own buildings and under their separate names until April 9 1923, when the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank and the Merchants Loan and Trust Company moved into the completed half of the new building at 231 South La Salle Street and took the name Illinois

Merchants Trust Company.

On the completion of the building, the Corn Exhcange National moved into the new quarters. The psysical consolidation was effected September 29, 1924. The charter of the Corn Exchange National was surrendered and the three banks operated under State charter as the Illinois Merchants. Trust Company. chants Trust Company.

The Illinois Trust and Savings Bank owed its existence to the purchase of the hearter of the Sterling Bank of Sterling, Illinois. This bank had been incorporated on March 25 1869 with capital stock of \$100,000. The charter was taken over in 1873, the name changed to Illinois Trust and Savings Bank and the institution moved to Chicage. In 1897 it erected the classic building at La Salle and Jackson, part of the site of the Illinois Merchants Bank Building.

The Merchants Loan and Trust Company was the oldest bank in Chi-go. It was organized in 1857 and throughout its history was one of cago. the influential commercial banks of the city, with a large trust and savings business

The Corn Exchange National Bank was organized Sept. 6 1870, with a capital of \$250,000. In 1879 the charter as a national bank was given up and the bank did business as a partnership under the title Corn Exchange Bank. But in 1886 the Bank was incorporated, this time under State Law. In 1898 it again took out a national charter. In 1900 a consolidation was effected with the Northwestern National Bank and with the America National Bank. In 1902 the Merchants' National Bank was

absorbed by the Corn Exchange National.

The late John J. Mitchell, for many years, was the guiding spirit of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank. Edmund D. Hulbert was president of the Merchants Loan and Trust Company and Ernest A. Hamill was Presi-

dent of the Corn Exchange National Bank.

Mr. Mitchell was elected Chairman of the Board of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank and the Merchants Loan and Trust Company. Mr. Hamill became Chairman of the Corn Exchange National and Mr. Hulbert was elected President of all three of the uniting banks.

Mr. Hulbert died before assuming the office of President of the con-

Mr. Hamill was elected Chairman of the Board and solidated bank. John J. Mitchell President.

John J. Mitchell President.

Following the death of Mr. Hamill, Mr. Mitchell became Chairman of the Board and Eugene M. Stevens was elected President.

Mr. Stevens had been called to Chicago in 1917 as Vice-President of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, in charge of the bond department. For many years he had been in the investment banking business in Minneapolis, having organized Eugene M. Stevens and Company. At the time of the merger of the three banks comprising the Illinois Merchants Trust Company, Mr. Stevens was made an executive Vice-President. On Jan.

1927 he was elected a director and on Feb. 4 of that year he was 6, 1927, he was elected a director and on Feb. 4 of that year he was elected President.

In 1857 the Merchants Loan and Trust Company was organized with

capital stock of \$50,000. In 1870 the Corn Exchange National Bank of Chicago was organized with capital stock of \$250,000.

In 1873 the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank began business with capital stock of \$100,000.

On April 9 1923 when the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank and the Merchants Loan and Trust Company occupied the completed part of their new building and the Corn Exchange National Bank was still in its old quarters, the total invested capital of the three institutions was \$52,877,-426 and deposits totaled \$322,161,865.

According to the Chicago "Journal of Commerce" of Sept. 10 there will be no meetings of the stockholders of the respective institutions to ratify the directors' action, merely a depositing of stock. When a majority of the stock has been turned in it will be voted in favor of the consolidation, "which is expected to be within two weeks." A call for deposit of stock in the two institutions went out to stockholders on Sept. 8. From the above-mentioned paper we also learn the following:

Formation of the Continental Illinois Bank and Trust Company involved "profit accruals" of approximately \$280,000,000 it is asserted by a high official of one of the banks involved. Of this sum, \$192,000,000 goes to stockholders of the Illinois Merchants Trust Company and \$87,500,000 to stockholders of the Continental National Bank and Trust

Company.

There has been wide discussion of the extras involved for stockholders in the consolidation of these two banks and the high official referred to who obviously could not be quoted felt called upon to point out some

of the facts to newspapermen.

He includes in this calculation that the consolidation negotiations started when the Continental stock was selling around \$550 a share and Illinois about \$900 a share, at which levels they had held some time. Continental stock is now selling around \$690 and Illinois in the neighborhood of \$1,350 a share. These calculations do not particularly enter into it, however. The premise of this bank official is based on the declaration that the stock of

the new bank will sell at \$700 a share.

"Based on asset values and earnings power," said the banker, who is well qualifie' to speak, "there is not the slightest doubt in my mind that the stock of the new bank will sell up to at least \$700 a share. On this basis there has been an extreme rise of \$150 a share on Continental stock, which goes in share for share, and \$500 a share on Illinois Merchants which gets two new for each share now held. This makes the rights to subscribe to additional new stock worth at least \$50 a share on Continental and \$100 a share on Illinois Merchants. Add that to the \$50 and \$100 respectively which the Continental and Illinois stockholders will receive for their building equities and I think you will find that the Continental National Bank stockholders have been given \$87,500,000, and the Illinois Merchants stockholders \$192,000,000 in the short space of a few months."

The official further stated that the new bank would pay at least \$16 a share annual dividends. He said that the bank would be in a position to pay that rate very easily. He referred to the figures carried in these columns Saturday (Sept. 8) in which it was shown that the combined net earnings of the two institutions in 1927 were equal to about \$19.10 a share on the 750,000 shares of stock the new bank will have outstanding.

"At the present time the earnings of the banks are running about 15% ahead of last year and those profits were conservatively put because there were some large deductions that will probably not be made in the future," the banker continued. "By 1929, the first full year operation, considering the economies to be effected, the additional earning power because of added capital, and the natural increase, I believe it is safe to say that the earnings of the new bank will run 20 to 30% at least ahead of the consolidated profits in 1927."

George R. Boyles, for many years with the Chicago Clearing House, resigned recently to become a Vice-President of the Lake View State Bank of that city, as reported in the Chicago "Post" of Sept. 7. Gerald B. Hadlock, Auditor of the State Bank of Chicago, will succeed Mr. Boyles in the Clearing House.

The State Bank of Stockton, Stockton, Ill., an institution capitalized at \$50,000 and with deposits of \$650,000, was closed on Sept. 7 by the State Auditor for examination, according to advices by the Associated Press from Freeport, Ill., appearing in the St. Louis "Globe-Democrat" of Sept. 8. The action was taken, the dispatch said, after it was reported that "frozen" assets and many slow loans had been discovered.

Conrad E. Spens, Vice-President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Co., was recently elected a director of the Mercantile Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago to fill a vacancy caused by the death of C. G. Burnham, according to the Chicago "Journal of Commerce" of Sept. 12. At the same meeting W. W. K. Sparrow, Vice-President of the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific Railroad Co., was elected an additional member of the bank.

A proposed consolidation of the National Bank of Rocky Mount, N. C. and the First National Bank of that place, to form the First National Bank of Rocky Mount, with total resources of more than \$4,000,000, was approved by the respective directors of the institutions on Sept. 11, according to the Raleigh "News & Observer" of Sept. 12. The stockholders of the two banks will vote on the proposed merger at meetings to held Oct. 15. The resulting institution will occupy the banking rooms of the National Bank of Rocky Mount, which will be enlarged, it was stated, by taking in the space now occupied by the Industrial Bank and the Rocky Mount Floral Co. The new bank will operate under the charter of the National Bank of Rocky Mount, which was established nearly forty years ago as a State bank, and is one of the oldest banks in that section, it was said. The charter will be amended to provide for the increased capital, larger board of directors, and the change in the name. It was furthermore stated that the various details of the consolidation, including the election of officers, will be worked out after the shareholders' meetings on Otc. 15, "with these details to be handled and material

changes to be made, it is expected that the merger will not be completed until after the first of the year."

Shareholders of the Seaboard National Bank of Los Angeles at a special meeting on Sept. 11 voted to increase the board of directors of the institution from 24 to 26 members, and elected W. K. Etter, General Manager of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway, and C. C. Albright of Los Angeles, directors, according to a press dispatch from Los Angeles on Sept. 12, printed in the "Wall Street News" of the same date. At the same meeting the following proposals, recommended by the directors in July last (referred to in our issue of July 7, page 61) were approved: An increase in the bank's capital from \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000; reducing the par value of the shares from \$100 to \$25 a share, increasing surplus account from \$100,000 to \$600,000 (giving the bank a total working capital of \$2,600,000) and organization of an affiliated company, to be known as the Seaboard National Securities Corporation, with paid-up capital and surplus of \$2,500,000.

R. B. Hardacre, Executive Vice-President and former President of the California Bankers Association, and L. W. Eley, Cashier, of the Los Angeles First National Trust and Saving Bank, will attend the fifty-fourth annual convention of the American Bankers Association at Philadelphia, Oct. 1-4.

A. P. Giannini, President of the Bancitaly Corp. (the holding company of the Bank of Italy National Trust & Savings Association) upon his return to San Francisco on Sept. 11 after an absence of five months, was reported in advices from that city to the "Wall Street News" as saying that he intended among other recommendations affecting the operations and business policies of the corporation to propose to the Board of Directors that the annual dividend beginning with the new year be increased to \$4 from the present rate of \$2.24. Mr. Giannini (as reported in the dispatch), said:

While I realize it is premature to make even this announcement of intention now, I have come to the conclusion that it is better to disclose what I have in mind at this time with reference to Bancitaly, so that no one may be misled by unfounded rumors which are found to be in circulation into believing that there is any intention of deviating from any previous announcement that there would be no increase or extra dividend during 1928.

I also consider it is time to call definitely to the attention of our stock-holders and the public, the fact that the recent fluctations in our stocks are things over which the managements of our institutions have no control. The sole duty and responsibility of the managements is to conduct the affairs of their institutions on a sound basis and in the best interests of the stockholders.

It is unsound, and in fact impossible, for the managements to give any attention or concern to the market fluctuations in our stocks. It is our sole duty and purpose to continue to conduct our institutions so that they will earn for the stockholders a maximum of profits consistent with the progressive policy we have always pursued in the past, and we want everyone to know that we cannot, and will not accept responsibility for the prices at which our stocks may be selling.

A press dispatch from San Francisco on Sept. 13 to the "Wall Street Journal" with regard to the affairs of the National Bankitaly Co. (a subsidiary of the Bank of Italy National Trust & Savings Association with headquarters in San Francisco) contained the following:

It was indicated, although not officially confirmed that it is the plan of National Bankitaly Co. to continue extra dividends at rate of 50 cents, quarterly, two such dividends having been declared this week. Effect of such policy would be to place Bank of Italy practically on \$8 basis since ownership through trust arrangement of National Bankitaly Co. is share for share with Bank of Italy.

for share with Bank of Italy.

Bank and company by end of year will have paid \$7 for 1928 if no extras

With its "Monthly Report" issued under date of Aug. 1 the Dresdner Bank of Berlin has gotten out, in the form of a special supplement, a treatise on "The Importance of the United States as regards the economic development of the world-market and the economic development of the United States and the leading industrial countries of Europe since the year 1921."

THE WEEK ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Except for the downward reaction on Monday, prices on the New York stock market have generally moved upward the present week. New tops have been established by many of the more active speculative issues, only to be superceded by still higher peaks, and the tremendous daily turnover has taxed the stock tickers to the utmost limit. The Federal Reserve Bank statement for the week ending Sept. 12 showed an increase of \$95,932,000 in brokers' loans. Call money held at 7½% until Thursday, when the rate dropped to 7%. Stock prices were somewhat irregular during the short session on Saturday, heavy week-end profit

taking sales and bear attacks holding in check any further resumption of the upward movement. Fluctuations in some of the leading stocks were extremely wide, Radio, the aeroplane shares and other active speculative specialties being the hardest hit in the selling. General Motors was under pressure most of the time and dropped to 202, while Gardner Motors moved forward in a spectacular spurt to 13, as compared with its previous close at 10. Commercial Solvents rushed across 200 with a net gain of 8 points to a new top in all time. Peoples Gas of Chicago moved into new high ground with a gain of 6 points to 194 and Timken Roller Bearing reached a new peak above 142. United States Steel common slipped back about 2 points and the independent steel stocks were also lower. U.S. Rubber was unusually strong and closed at 42 with a gain of 334 points. Montgomery Ward was the star of the merchandising group and gained 4 points to 2401/4. Railroad shares were for the most part without notable movement. Prices worked higher during the early trading on Monday, but speculative interest shifted rapidly about from one group to another and at the close many active issues were off from 2 to 4 points. Montgomery Ward continued its spectacular upward rush and sold up to 257, but slipped back to 254 with a net gain of 14 points. Steel stocks were particularly strong, United States Steel common moving above 157, followed by Bethlehem which advanced to 65 and Republic Iron & Steel which raised its top to 761/4. Motor stocks were irregular, General Motors fluctuating up and down and finally closing at 201 with a net loss of 21/4 points. On the other hand, Nash Motors was in urgent demand and sold up to 98 1/8, but dipped to 97 5/8 and reached its final with a net gain of 15% points. Fox Film and Warner Bros. broke into new high ground and a number of other speculative issues did equally well. Railroad stocks continued inactive.

On Tuesday the market resumed its upward stride under the guidance of United States Steel common which moved briskly ahead and closed with a net gain of 6 points. Attention was agin focused on Montgomery Ward which continued to move forward and recorded a net gain of 9 points as it topped 263. As the day advanced the copper shares moved to the front, American Smelting gaining 6 points to 150. Greene-Cananea also was strong and registered an advance of 4 points to 123. Anaconda reached a new high at 773/4 and closed with a net gain of 23/8 points at 775/8; Chile Copper made a new top at 52½, and Cerro de Pasco made a brisk advance into new high ground at 84 1/8. Other stocks conspicuous for their strength included Commercial Solvents which gained 8 points to a record high, Westinghouse Electric, General Electric, National Biscuit, Detroit Edison, Case Threshing Machine and Union Carbide & Carbon, the latter reaching a new peak at 175%. Industrial stocks were the center of speculative interest on Wednesday, motor shares, steel issues and coppers moving rapidly upward under large volume buying. General Motors at 207½ was up about 5½ points at its top for the day; and General Electric gained nearly 4 points. Copper stocks moved vigorously upward under the leadership of Anaconda which crossed 79 and sold at its highest price since 1917. American Smelting & Refining raised its top to 253 and Cerro de Pasco moved into new high ground above 85. Studebaker again reached its record top (821/8); Chrysler advanced 21/8 points, and numerous other motor stocks moved briskly forward and closed with substantial gains. Republic Iron & Steel was in strong demand and reached a new high above 86, followed by Bethlehem Steel which continued in strong demand

Motor stocks moved to the front as the leaders of the upward swing on Thursday, Chrysler was the outstanding feature of the group and advanced to a new high level at 1071/4 where it closed with a net gain of two points. Graham-Paige broke into new high ground above 49 and Packard raised its top above 87. General Motors was in strong demand, but the gains were not especially noteworthy. Traetion stocks displayed considerable improvement, Interborough Rapid Transit gaining more than a point to 48, followed by Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit with a similar advance to 72. The market moved briskly ahead on Friday, the drop in the call loan renewal rate from 71/2% to 7% stimulating interest on the buying side. With the possible exception of the "rails" practically all classes of stocks participated in the advance. New tops were recorded by Westinghouse Mfg. Co., Davidson Chemical Murray Body and National Cash Register. Oil shares were unusually active and new gains were recorded by Tidewater group the cities now according to the Federal Reserve districts

Oil, White Eagle Oil, Mid-Continent and Barnsdall "A." Steel stocks moved forward under the leadership of United States Steel which touched 159%, a new high for the year, though it slipped back to 1581/4 at the close. Republic Iron & Steel attained a new high at 91%, but receded to 89% and reached its final with a net gain of 35% points. Copper issues continued in demand at higher prices, the outstanding strong stocks including Cerro de Pasco, Greene-Cananea, Anaconda and Calumet & Arizona. The final tone was good.

TRANSACTIONS AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE DAILY, WEEKLY AND YEARLY.

Week Ended Sept. 14.	Stocks, Number Shares	of dec.,	Municipal		
Saturday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday	2,079,01 3,673,93 4,110,83 4,572,01 4,041,77 4,562,46	6,356, 6,031, 81 6,787, 6,201,	500 1,895,00 500 1,957,00 500 1,946,00 000 1,739,00	0 575,500 0 990,000 0 193,000 0 173,000	
Total	23,040,0	\$36,065.	000 \$10,168,00	\$2,699,500	
Sales at New York Stock	Week Ender	d Sept. 14.	Jan. 1 to	Sept. 14.	
Exchange.	1928.	1927.	1928.	1927.	
Stocks—No. of shares. Bonds. Government bonds State and foreign bonds Railroad & misc. bonds	23,040,041 \$2,699,500 10,168,000 36,065,000	13,052,515 \$5,967,500 13,457,500 32,125,900	541,607,189 \$142,917,250 561,044,135 1,685,321,176	389,197,231 \$220,525,300 588,151,300 1,551,623,550	
Total bonds	\$48,932,500	\$51,550,900	\$2,389,282,561	\$2,360,300,150	

DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE EXCHANGES.

West Person	Boston,		Patia	lelphia.	Baltimore.	
Week Ended Sept. 14 1928.	Shares.	Bond Sales.	Shares.	Bond Sales.	Shares.	Bond Sales.
Saturday	*29,099	\$13,000	a27.671	8,000	2,103	22,600
Monday	*51.231		a65.132	18,000	2,063	41,000
Tuesday	*50.822		·49,969	33,700	1,439	
Wednesday	*58,292	22,950	a56,950	9,500	HOLI	DAY
Thursday	*60.704	24,000	a47,314	6,000	2,839	39,000
Friday	40,139	10,000	@18,682		1,818	32,000
Total	290,287	\$111,450	265,718	89,200	10,262	151,600
Prev. week revised	250,602	\$85,100	200,084	145,600	16,548	79,900

* In addition, sales of rights were: Saturday, 14; Monday, 341; Tuesday, 1,462; Wednesday, 936; Thursday, 1,185.

a In addition sales of rights were: Saturday, 1,100; Monday, 2,400; Tuesday, 1,900; Wednesday, 5,300; Thursday, 3,600; Friday, 500.

COURSE OF BANK CLEARINGS.

Bank clearings the present week will show a small decrease compared with a year ago. Preliminary figures compiled by us, based upon telegraphic advices from the chief cities of the country, indicate that for the week ending to-day (Saturday, Sept. 15) bank exchanges for all the cities of the United States from which it is possible to obtain weekly returns will be 1.1% smaller than for the corresponding week last year. The total stands at \$11,541,568,098, against \$11,624,759,624 for the same week in 1927. At this centre there is a gain for the five days ending Friday of .89%. Our comparative summary for the week follows:

Clearings—Returns by Telegraph. Week Ended Sept. 15.	1928.	1927.	Per Cent.
New York	\$5,850,000,000	\$5,372,000,000	+8.9
Chicago	599,948,285	665,449,995	-9.8
Philadelphia		481,000,000	-5.2
Boston	384,000,000	478,000,000	-19.7
Kansas City	136,399,247	127,243,449	+7.1
St. Louis	122,700,000	130,700,000	-6.1
San Francisco	179,209,000	192,260,000	-6.8
Los Angeles		163,342,000	+8.8
Pittsburgh		159,543,976	-4.8
Detroit		166,399,327	+12.3
Cleveland		123,650,433	+0.8
Baltimore		92,028,603	-23.1
New Orleans	51,159,988	78,573,558	-34.9
Thirteen cities, 5 days	\$8,490,365,095	\$8,230,191,341	+3.2
Other cities, 5 days	1,127,608,320	1,227,940,265	-8.2
Total all cities, 5 days	\$9,617,973,415	\$9,458,131,606	+1.7
All cities, 1 day	1,923,594,683	2,166,628,018	-11.7
Total all cities for week	\$11,541,568,098	\$11,624,759,624	-1.1

Complete and exact details for the week covered by the foregoing will appear in our issue of next week. We cannot furnish them to-day inasmuch as the week ends to-day (Saturday), and the Saturday figures will not be available until noon to-day. Accordingly, in the above the last day of the week has in all cases had to be estimated.

In the elaborate detailed statement, however, which we present further below, we are able to give final and complete results for the week previous-the week ended Sept. 8. For that week there is an increase of 16.0%, the 1928 aggregate of clearings for the whole country being \$9,906,419,221, against \$8,540,226,779 in the same week of 1927. Outside of this city, however, the increase is only 5.8%, the bank exchanges at this centre recording a gain of 23.3%. We

273,531,953 246,800,182

+25.0

399,361,964 319,557,759

Total (31 cities)

in which they are located and from this it appears that in the New York Reserve District (including this city) there is an improvement of 23.1% in the Boston Reserve District of 3.0%, and in the Cleveland Reserve District of 2.9%. In the Philadelphia Reserve District clearings register a decrease of 1.2%, in the Richmond Reserve District 1.9%, and in the Atlanta Reserve District 14.6%. In the Chicago Reserve District the totals are larger by 11.9%, and in the St. Louis Reserve District by 2.8%, but in the Minneapolis Reserve District there is a loss of 4.1%. The Kansas City Reserve District has a gain of 11.9%, the Dallas Reserve District of 12.8%, and in the San Francisco Reserve District of 15.2%.

In the following we furnish a summary by Federal Reserve districts:

SUMMARY OF BANK CLEARINGS.

Week End. Sept. 8 1928.	1928.	1927.	Inc.or	1926.	1925.
Federal Reserve Dists.	8	8	%	8	3
1st Boston 12 cities	462,499,625	439,327,150	+3.0	386,066,785	361,822,637
2nd New York.11 "	6,236,203,167	5,065,130,411	+23.1	4,084,766,540	4,020,213,940
3rd Philadelphia10 "	452,507,128	457,986,705	-1.2	449,890,448	445,031,967
4th Cleveland 8 "	339,937,499	330,404,627	+2.9	326,459,589	327,446,928
5th Richmond . 6 "	151,878,745	154,854,013	-1.9	159,024,301	161,792,578
6th Atlanta 13 "	152,409,944	178,446,702	-14.6	178,617,126	253,291,996
7th Chicago 20 "	970,655,913	867,246,477	+11.9	751,266,765	802,103,104
8th St. Louis 8 "	178,138,172	183,237,121	+2.8	181,821,117	194,230,550
9th Minneapolis 7 "	121,538,733	126,762,505	-4.1	113,091,689	137,528,752
10th Kansas City12 "	223,917,025	200,093,930	+11.9	217,945,520	202,298,435
11th Dallas 8 "	75,993,102	67,334,712	+12.8	66,224,333	76,777,720
12th San Fran 17 "	540,740,168	469,402,426	+15.2	429,007,718	406,629,731
Total129 cities	9,906,419,221	8,540,226,779		7,344,176,931	7,389,168,348
Outside N. Y. City	3,784,301,130	3,575,644,205	+5.8	3,355,004,158	3,461,876,796
Canada31 cities	399,361,964	319,557,759	+25.0	273,531,953	246,800,182

We now add our detailed statement, showing last week's figures for each city separately, for the four years:

Clearings at-	Week Ended Sept. 8				
Clear Mys di	1928.	1927.	Inc. or Dec.	1926.	1925.
	8	8	%	8	8
	Reserve Dist		-		
Maine-Bangor	596,988	733,320	-18.6	687,978	713,760
Portland	4,115,991	3,472,073	+18.5	3,128,743	3,143,667
Mass.—Boston	411,000,000	391,000,000	+5.1	343,000,000	317,000,000
Fall River	1,150,625	2,001,810	-42.5	1.631.709	1,932,613
Lowell	1,031,456	993,059	+3.9	879,401	1,005,634
New Bedford	848,935	1,066,662	-20.4	896,326	1,311,480 4,718,352
Springfield	4,344,869	4,037,413	+9.7	4,655,641	4,718,352
Worcester	3,088,349	2,815,246	+9.7	2,740,151	3,246,710
Conn.—Hartford.	15,767,619	16,332,257	-5.5	11,964,907	11,610,700
New Haven	8,232,255	6,244,877	+31.8	5,987,312	5,683,077
R.I.—Providence N. H.—Manche'r	11,570,000 752,038	9,889,800 745,573	$+17.1 \\ +0.9$	9,910,100 584,517	10,770,900 686,744
Total (12 cities)	462,499,625	439,317,150	+3.0	386,066,785	361,822,637
				000,000,100	001,022,000
Second Feder N. Y.—Albany			York-	* 200 607	4 600 000
Binghamton	5,386,836	5,219,748	+3.2	5,300,607	4,633,833
Buffalo	1,279,491 44,317,721	956,555 39,527,701	$+33.8 \\ +12.1$	927,800 38,690,303	1,071,700
Elmira	901,072	681,487	+32.2	914 756	39,737,39
Jamestown	1,203,643	1,140,257	+5.6	814,756 1,463,018	829,18
New York		4 964 599 574		3 080 179 779	1,362,58
Rochester	15,158,063	10,028,883	+51.1	3,989,172,773 10,055,316	10,456,14
Syracuse	6,978,708	5,225,940	+33.5		4 951 71
Conn.—Stamford	3,597,752	3,095,942	+16.2	4,535,106 2 885 623	4,851,71 3,122,74
N. J.—Montclair	660,677	635,816	+3.9	2,885,623 563,400	600 54
Northern N. J.	34,611,113	34,035,500	+1.7	30,350,838	609,54 26,247,53
Total (11 cities)	6,236,213,167	5,065,130,411	+23.1	4,084,766,540	
Third Federal	District-Ph	iladelphia-			
PaAltoona	1,383,899	1,403,469	-1.4	1,943,801	1,380,59
Bethlehem	3,525,636	3,381,313	+4.3	3,837,664	3,793,68
Chester	1,178,110	1,267,665	-7.0	1,145,972	1,081,54
Lancaster	1,707,806	2,116,784	-19.3	1,934,790	2,514,44
Philadelphia	424,000,000	432,000,000	-1.9	421,000,000	418,000.00
Reading	3,360,650	3,558,479	-5.6	3,277,264	3 979 66
Scranton	5,902,487	4,886,371		5 494 774	3,272,68
Wilkes-Barre	3,562,439			5,424,774	5,515,54
York	1,809,616	3,107,623 1,473,607	$+14.6 \\ +22.9$	4,892,390	3,002,75
N. J.—Trenton	6,076,485		+26.8	1,669,696 4,764,097	1,599,88 4,870,83
Total (10 cities)	452,507,128	457,986,705	-1.2	449,890,498	445,031,96
Fourth Feder	al Reserve D	istrictCle	veland	.—	
Ohio-Akron				4,718,000	4,147,00
Canton	5,182,567			5,775,352	4,254,11
Cincinnati	58,712,118			59,072,731	59,642,12
Cleveland	105,872,807		+4.4	94,400,622	
Columbus	14,783,500			14,527,500	99,962,56 16,477,90
Mansfield	1,602,169			1 617 109	
Youngstown	4,776,884		+13.6	1,617,192 4,867,759	1,489,40 4,490,17
Pa.—Pittsburgh	143,477,374		+5.2	141,480,433	136,983,64
Total (8 cities)	339,937,499	330,404,627	+2.9	326,459,589	
Fifth Federal	Reserve Dist	rictRich	mond.		
W.VaHunt'g'r			+18.3	1,248,524	1 480 00
VaNorfolk		4,435,573	-2.4		
Richmond	37,321,000	39,302,000	-5.0		
S.C.—Charleston	1,728,074	2,050,796			
Md.—Baltimore.	82,820,36	87,467,20			
D.C.—Washing'r	24,493,77	20,596,20			
Total (6 cities)	151,878,74	154,854,01	-1.9		
Sixth Federal	Reserve Dist	rictAtlan	ta.		
TennChatt'ga		6,457,35	+2.8	5,922,462	6,054,39
Knoxville					
Nashville	19,206,020				
Georgia-Atlanta	41,819,68	46,656,96	-10.4		
Augusta			-46.6		
Macon	2,332,21	2 960 93	9 -21.	1,763,434	
FlaJacksonv.			7 -8.8		2,227,6
Miami	2,441,00	3 057 12	-90		
Ala Birmingh.		3,057,12 1 21,708,99	$\begin{bmatrix} -20.2 \\ 2 \\ -11.5 \end{bmatrix}$	6,072,198	
Mobile	1,398,12	1 980 40	1 _ 25 (
Miss.—Jackson	1.741,00		1 -25.9		
Vicksburg			$\begin{array}{c c} -11.0 \\ -19.0 \end{array}$		
La-New Orlean			3 -25.		
					1

Ī	Clearings at-	Week Ended Sept. 8.					
	Cicar sinys as	1928.	1927.	Inc. or Dec.	1926.	1925.	
1	Seventh Feder	3 al Reserve D	strict—Chi	% cago—		\$	
1	Ann Arbor	278,612 845,233 174,766,385	234,932 790,570 149,816,876	+18.6 +6.9 +16.6	240,084 775,712 130,715,449	230,393 711,462 127,013,179	
1	Grand Rapids_ Lansing	11,224,282 7,523,805	7,513,187 5,601,666	+49.3	7,644,772 2,490,193	6,914,548 2,478,105	
1	Ind.—Ft. Wayne Indianapolis South Bend	2,913,267 19,602,000 3,152,505	2,487,018 20,459,000 2,599,700	+17.1 -4.2 $+21.3$	2,611,502 19,889,000 2,788,404	2,661,036 13,930,000 2,555,232	
	Terre Haute WisMilwaukee	4,519,493 35,200,549	4,815,061 36,987,935	-14.5 -4.8	5,678,082 34,771,568	5,206,806 36,425,968	
ı	Des Moines Sioux City	2,901,001 9,687,961 7,023,800	2,700,535 9,092,202 5,590,387	$+7.1 \\ +6.6 \\ +25.6$	2,243,723 9,121,930 5,656,839	2,397,486 8,703,384 5,666,267	
١	Waterloo Ill.—Bloomington	1,521,215 1,770,095	1,020,624 1,839,270 604,741,134	+49.1 -3.8	1,214,941 1,355,911	1,239,619 1,492,763	
ı	Decatur Peorla	674,781,844 1,232,821 5,711,534	1,351,666 4,606,564	-28.4 -8.9 $+24.0$	513,741,203 1,203,624 4,328,344	573,797,659 1,432,412 4,137,645	
	Rockford Springfield	3,295,339 2,704,172	2,800,525 2,197,625	$+17.7 \\ +23.0$	2,923,104 2,172,380	4,137,645 2,516,760 2,592,380	
	Total (20 cities)	970,655,913	867,246,477	+11.9	751,266,765	802,103,104	
	Eighth Feder Ind.—Evansville. Mo.—St. Louis	ai Reserve D 4,843,928 112,500,000	5,486,933	Louis- 11.7 +2.7	5,052,707 114,700,000	4,946,210 121,700,000	
	Ky.—Louisville Owensboro	30,970,900 335,268	109,500,000 36,795,898 345,042	-15.9 -2.8	29,394,269 341,919	28,231,450 328,168	
١.	Tenn. — Memphis Ark. — Little Rock Ill. — Jacksonville	16,076,549 11,500,010 490,810	17,572,000 11,753,773	$ \begin{array}{r} -8.5 \\ -2.2 \\ +28.9 \end{array} $	17,129,683 13,382,847 322,570	22,812,830 14,491,869 397,328	
	Quincy	1,420,707	380,839 1,407,634	+0.8	1,497,122	1,322,695	
	Total (8 cities) _ Ninth Federal	178,138,172 Reserve Dis	183,237,121 trict.—Minn	+2.8 eapolis	181,821,117	194,230,550	
-	Minn.—Duluth Minneapolis	7,314,609 80,617,012	7,854,382 87,670,387	-6.9 -8.0	6,762,754 74,675,100	11,746,230 92,961,62 1	
1	St. Paul No.Dak.—Fargo S.D.—Aberdeen	76,453,062 1,876,610 1,480,747	24,416,044 1,770,222 1,794,959	+8.3 +9.1 -7.5	25,221,956 1,714,557 1,254,162	26,243,8€ 5 1,553,000 1,614,195	
	Mont.—Billings . Helena	1,480,747 674,687 3,122,000	666,511 2,640,000	+1.2 +18.3	1,254,162 657,710 2,805,450	613,637 2,796,200	
١	Total (7 cities) _	121,538,733	126,762,505	-4.1	113,091,689	137,528,752	
I	Tenth Federal Neb.—Fremont _ Hastings	393,891	trict.—Kans 458,890 532,027	-14.2 +30.4	355,122 635,939	405,556 585,741	
l	Lincoln	4,671,619 41,594,580	4,744,923 37,738,314	-1.5 + 10.2	4,266,873 36,700,210	4,565,965 35,523,235	
l	Kan. — Topeka Wichita Mo—Kansas City	3,789,357 8,749,892 130,792,080	3,454,139 7,527,646 113,531,916	+9.7 +16.2 +15.2	3,696,142 7,864,574 132,221,495	3,687,777 7,142,671 119,734,850	
١	St. Joseph Okla.—Okla City Colo.—Col. Spgs.	7,206,714 23,100,140	6,024,871 23,539,213	+19.6	6,014,939 23,532,504	6,069,726 22,394,111	
١	Denver	1,294,795 a 1,630,321	1,362,434 a 1,179,557	-5.0 a +38.2	1,278,057 a 1,379,665	1,210,354 a 978,519	
١	Total (12 cities)	223,917,025	200,093,930	+11.9	217,945,520	202,298,445	
l	Eleventh Fede Tex.—Austin	2,339,784	District. —D 1,953,582	+19.8	1,567,872 43,305,501	1,502,944 47,554,273	
l	Dallas	7,249,000	10,299,128 5,392,000	$+20.5 \\ +34.4$	6,436,048 9,861,000	10,638,904 9,908,000	
١	La.—Shreveport. Total (5 cities).	5,216,811 75,993,102	5,809,927 67,334,712	$\frac{-8.5}{+12.8}$	5,053,912 66,224,333	7,173,599	
١	Twelfth Feder Wash.—Seattle.	al Reserve D	istrict—San 43,273,979	Franc +6.8	isco— 38,666,447	43,851,059	
١	Spokane Yakima	12,878,000 2,071,398	12,961,000 1,417,147	-0.6 + 46.2	12,522,000 1,658,634	11,975,000 1,635,928	
	Ore.—Portland Utah—S. L. City Calif.—Fresno	36,473,617 15,827,169 3,874,725	34,597,236 15,340,531 3,446,244	+3.2	36,700,429 15,553,155 4,752,988	37,843,641 15,251,880 4,278,713	
١	Long Beach Los Angeles	7,369,319 180,617,000	4,670,357	+63.6	5,515,553 131,685,000	5,718,159 119,456,000	
	Pasadena Sacramento	5,874,337	12,847,389 3,985,302 7,555,393	$+34.6 \\ +47.4 \\ -17.5$	16,473,059 4,334,457 6,886,857	14,840,017 4,390,883 6,475,770	
	San Diego San Francisco.	190,496,310	146,412,000	+30.1	5,331,093 139,573,000	4,830,947 128,743,557	
1	San Jose Santa Barbara. Santa Monica.	1,719,478	1,147,244	+49.9	2,868,006 1,609,764 1,859,676	2,229,373 1,214,025 1,757,279	
	Stockton	2,494,400	2,932,600	-14.9	3,012,600	2,137,500	
I	Grand total (129 cities)		8,540,226,779		429,007,718 7,344,176,931		
1	Outside N. Y	3,784,301,130	3,575,644,205	+5.8	3,355,004,158	3,461,876,798	
1	Clearings at-		Week E	nded Sep	tember 6.		
	Clearings at—	1928.	1927.	Inc. or Dec.	1926.	1925.	
1	Canada-	8		%	\$		
	Montreal Toronto Winnipeg	125.425.519	106.641.754	+17.6	85,465,120 82,060,524 34,765,384	78,258,323	
	Vancouver	18,192,144	38,036,357 14,948 977 6,692,323	+21.7	15,212,542	12,456,179 5,358,328	
	Quebec	3,177,696	3,080,666	+21.5 $+3.2$	5,180,033 2,640,850	4,659,515 2,650,406	
	Calgary St. John	- 9,205,468 2,474,536	6,248,486	$0 + 47.3 \\ + 9.3$	4,588,600 2,328,173	4,732,077 2,273,075	
	London Edmonton	3,135,720	2,741,43	+14.4	2,230,730 4,177,111	1,975,822 3,779,222	
	Regina Brandon	- 6,051,79 787,64	4,237,29 728,86	8 +42.8	3,890,137 572,928	3,227,179 559,047	
3	Lethbridge Saskatoon Moose Jaw	2,609,75	2 2,169,98 2 1,255,26	$\begin{vmatrix} +21.3 \\ 2 +5.9 \end{vmatrix}$	2,684,538 1,151,902	1,486,142 947,234	
	Fort William	1,258,62	6 1,036,47 1 1,000,81	1 +21.4 7 +21.8 4 +18 6	839,964 930,404	716,068 747,408	
)	Medicine Hat Peterborough	273,87	3 326,04 3 1,132,30 7 959,31 3 927,77	1 -16.0 4 -24.	342,647 946,878	293,762 793,997	
5	Sherbrooke Kitchener Windsor	1,063,41	7 959,31 3 927,77 8 3,870,89	O T 3	3,750,040	709,753 2,895,357	
3	Prince Albert Moncton	- 489,63 976,22	8 408,07 1 894,91	0 +20.0 4 +9.	312,03 1 787,01	258,700 671,931	
5	Kingston Chatham Sarnia	820,25 621,57 863,33	5 820,82	4 -24	591,07	646,504 6 8	
2						3 246 800 182	

THE CURB MARKET.

Trading on the Curb Market this week broadened considerably, the volume of business also being heavy. Prices, generally, advanced many new high records being recorded. Aluminum Co. advanced from 137 to 150%, the close to-day being at 1481/2. Bancitaly Corporation was conspicuous for a drop from 1461/2 to 1271/4. E. W. Bliss Co. moved up from from 26 to 44% and ends the week at 43%. Cohn-Hall-Marx Co. com. sold up from 391/2 to 60 and reacted finally to 53. Among public utilities Elec. Bond & Share securities rose from 120 to 1341/2 reacted to 128 and closed to-day at 129. Electric Investors after early loss from 70% to 691/2 sold up to 74% with the final transaction to-day at 73. Oils were in good demand and firmer as the week closed.

A complete Curb Market transaction for the week will be found on page 1513.

DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE NEW YORK CURB MARKET.

Week Ended	*STOCKS (No. Shares).				BONDS (Par Value).	
Sept. 14.	Indus. & Miscell.	Otts.	Mining.	Total.*	Domestic.	Foreign Government.
Saturday	292,225	53,650	24,400	370.275	\$848,000	\$247,000
Monday	443,290	51,110			1,186,000	
Tuesday	438.797	81.010			1,470,000	400,000
Wednesday	536,105	61,220	65,190		1.304.000	419,000
Thursday	437.211	77,150			1.371.000	313,000
Friday	632,220	136,840	122,760	891,820	1,497,000	451,000
Total	2,779,848	460,980	462,865	3,707,648	\$7,676,000	\$2,110,000

In addition, rights were sold as follows: Saturday, 1,000; Mond. May, 35,700; Wednesday, 33,100: Thursday, 22,700, Friday, 13,500.

THE ENGLISH GOLD AND SILVER MARKETS.

We reprint the following from the weekly circular of Samuel Montagu & Co. of London, written under date of Aug. 29 1928:

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £172.071.775 on the 22d inst. (as compared with £171,439,445 on the previous Wedne day), and represents an increase of £18,165,460 since the 29th April 1925, when an effective gold standard was resumed.

No gold being available in the open market this week, demand has been met by withdrawals from the Bank of England, most of which are understood to be on behalf of Germany.

The following movements of gold to and from the Bank of England have been announced, showing a net influx of £1,081,000 during the week under review:

		Received.	Withdrawn.
August	23		£8,000
August	24	nil	nil
	25		nil
August	27	£500,000	£104.000
	28		192,000
A	00	-,	

All the withdrawals were in bar gold. The receipt of £500,000 on the 27th inst. was in sovereigns from South Africa, and that yesterday of £1,000,000 consisted of sovereigns from Australia. The latter is the only consignment from that quarter of any consequence since the war. Before that event sovereigns arrived periodically in considerable quantities, and, consisting of new minted coin, usually commanded a premium for re-export. The arrival of this parcel has taken most of the Australian banks by surprise, as there appears to be no particular inducement for such an operation. Whether it was originally intended for London, or for India and diverted on the way because the market there could not absorb at once so substantial a parcel, is not yet clear. In any case, it is a welcome reinforcement of the Bank of England reserve.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold

registered from mid-day on t		nst. to mid-day on the 27th i	
Arabía, other Native States British South Africa Other countries	617.521	Germany Netherlands France Switzerland Austria Rumania Other countries	15,000 $13,631$ $97,774$ $15,000$ $715,200$
	£713,274		£945,914

SILVER.

During the week the market developed weakness and the price for cash touched 26 13-16d. on the 27th inst. This is the lowest figure since May 5, when the quotation was 26 3/4 d. The cause has been the continual flow of demonetized coin which, when refined, has created larger spot supplies than the market can conveniently absorb. Hence the difference between the prices for cash and forward delivery has widened to 3-16d. The last occasion when the quotation for two months' delivery commanded so high a pre-mium was the 9th September 1926. Business has been fairly active, China being the chief buyer, though bears have taken advantage of the fall to cover some of their commitments. India has again been more of a seller than a buyer, and America has usually been disposed to supply the market at current rates

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver

Imports— Germany France U. S. A	£18,319 72,225 19,310	Ezports— Miscellaneous	£9,239
Mexico British West Africa Other countries	$126,000 \\ 11,563 \\ 5,606$		
	£253,023	=	

INDIAN CURRENCT RE	IUMNE		
(In Lacs of Rupees.) Notes in circulation	Aug. 7.	Aug. 15. 18157	Aug. 22. 18209
Silver coin and bullion in India	10300	10379	10431
Silver coin and bullion out of India		$\bar{2}\bar{9}\bar{7}\bar{6}$	2976
Gold coin and bullion out of India Securities (Indian Government)	4273	4270 532	4270 532
Securities (British Government)	. 532	532	532

The stock in Shanghai on the 25th inst. consisted of about 47,600,000 ounces in sycee, 86,000,000 dollars and 8,340 silver bars, as compared with about 47,600,000 ounces in sycee, 89,100,000 dollars and 5,820 silver bars on the 18th inst.

Quotations during the week:

	-Bar Silver per	Oz. Std.—	Bar Gold
DZUG	Cash.	2 Mos.	per Oz. Fine.
Aug. 23	_ 27 ¼d.	27 1/4 d.	84s. 1114d.
Aug. 24	_ 27d.	27 1/sd.	84s. 1114d.
Aug. 25	26 15-16d.	27 1-16d.	84s. 11 14d.
Aug. 27	26 13-16d.	27d.	84s. 1114d.
Aug. 28	26 13-16d.	27d.	84s. 11 1/d.
Aug. 29		27 1-16d.	84s. 111/d.
Average	- 26 %d.		
Average	26.927d.	27.083d.	84s. 11.5d.

The silver quotations to-day for cash and two months' delivery are 5-16d. and ¼d. respectively below those fixed a week ago.

ENGLISH FINANCIAL MARKETS—PER CABLE.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London,

as reported	by cable	e, nave	been as	TOHOWS	me past	week:
	Sat.,	Mon.,	Tues.,	Wed.,	Thurs.,	Fri.,
	Sept. 8.	Sept. 10.	Sept. 11.	Sept. 12.	Sept. 13.	Sept. 14.
Silver, per oz.d.	26 9-16	26 11-16	26 9-16	261/2	261/2	26 7-16
Gold, p. fine oz.	884s.11¼d.	84s.111/d.	84s.11d.	84s.111/d.	84s.111/d.	84s.1134 d
Consols, 21/28		56	56	553%	5536	55%
British, 5s		10234	102%	102%	102%	10234
British, 41/28		9834	9814	9834	9816	9814
French Rentes						
(in Paris) .fr.		67.80	67.70	67.55	67.55	67.40
French War L'n						
(in Paris) fr.		94.40	94.45	94.30	94.40	94.15
The price	of silver	in New	York or	the san	ne days h	as been:
Silver in N. Y., 1	per oz. (cts.)):				
Foreign	57%	57%	57%	57%	57%	5734

Public Debt of United States-Completed Returns Showing Net Debt as of June 30 1928.

The statement of the public debt and Treasury cash holdings of the United States as officially issued June 30 1928, delayed in publication, has now been received, and as interest attaches to the details of available cash and the gross and net debt on that date, we append a summary thereof, making comparisons with the same date in 1927:

CASH AVAILABLE TO PAY MATURING OBLIGATIONS.

Balance end of month by daily statement, &c	265,526,981	234,057,409
Add or Deduct—Excess or deficiency of receipts over or under disbursements on belated items	-5,336,650	-1,459,289
Deduct outstanding obligations:	260,190,331	232,598,120
Matured interest obligations	37,310,066	45,518,122
Disbursing officers' checks	78,019,008	89,906,356
Discount accrued on War Savings Certificates		7,812,410
Settlement warrant checks		1,475,424
Total	123,505,275	144,712,313
Balance, deficit () or surplus (+)	+136,685,076	+87,885,807
INTEREST-BEARING DEBT OU'	TSTANDING.	

Total	123,505,275	144,712,313
Balance, deficit () or surplus (+)	+136,685,076	+87,885,807
INTEREST-BEARING DEBT O	UTSTANDING.	
	t June 30 1928.	June 30 1927.
Title of Loan— Payab		***************************************
2s Consols of 1930Q	the same warm	
2s of 1916-1936Q		
2s of 1918-1938Q		
3s of 1961QM		
3s Conversion bonds of 1946-1947Q		
Certificates of indebtednessJ	J. 1,252,408,000	702,095,500
31/28 First Liberty Loan, 1932-1947	J. 1,397,686,200	1,397,687,000
4s First Liberty Loan, converted	5,155,650	5,155,700
41/4s First Liberty Loan, convertedJJ	532,820,150	532,823,350
4 %s First Liberty Loan, second convertedJ1		3,492,150
4s Second Liberty Loan, 1927-1942M1		18,323,300
41/48 Second Liberty Loan converted		1,288,056,450
41/48 Third Liberty Loan of 1928		2,147,664,850
41/48 Fourth Liberty Loan of 1933-1938 A	0. 6.294,043,600	6,296,906,450
4 4's Treasury bonds of 1947-1952		762,320,300
4s Treasury bonds of 1944-1954		1,042,401,500
334s Treasury bonds of 1946-1956		
3%s Treasury bonds of 1943-1947		
4s War Savings and Thrift Stamps		
2 1/4s Postal Savings bonds		
5 1/28 to 5 1/28 Treasury notesJl		
Aggregate of interest-bearing debt	17,317,695,096	18,250,943,965
Bearing no interest		
Matured, interest ceased		14,707,235

__a17,604,290,563 18,510,174,266 Deduct Treasury surplus or add Treasury deficit + 136,685,076b17,467,605,487 18,422,288,459 a The total gross debt June 30 1928 on the basis of daily Treasury statements was \$17,604,293,201.43, and the net amount of public debt redemption and receipts in transit, &c., was \$2,638.50.

b No reduction is made on account of obligations of foreign Governments or other

investments.

Commercial and Miscellaneous News

Breadstuffs figures brought from page 1552 .- All the statements below regarding the movement of grainreceipts, exports, visible supply, &c., are prepared by us from figures collected by the New York Produce Exchange. First we give the receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ending last Saturday and since Aug. 1 for each of the last three years.

Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rys.
	bbls.196lbs.	bush. 60 lbs.	bush. 56 lbs.	bush. 32 lbs.	bush.48lbs.	bush,56lbs.
Chicago	250,000	931,000	1,528,000	1,192,000	639,000	47,000
Minneapolis		4,282,000	238,000	595,000	1,425,000	290,000
Duluth		3,138,000		91,000	2,616,000	525,000
Milwaukee	34,000	53,000	194,000	307,000	321,000	6,000
Toledo		590,000	30,000	280,000	4,000	8,000
Detroit		38,000	10,000	18,000		5,000
Indianapolis		95,000	584,000	572,000		
St. Louis	129,000	1,704,000	654,000	318,000	211,000	15,000
Peoria	50,000	37,000	443,000	83,000		
Kansas City		2,295,000	510,000	84,000		
Omaha		1,128,000	314,000	134,000		
St. Joseph		293,000	223,000	12,000		
Wichita		383,000	23,000	8,000		
Sloux City		63,000	69,000	82,000	11,000	
Total wk. '28	463,000	15,030,000	4.820.000	3,776,000	5.273,000	896,000
Same wk. '27						
Same wk. '26						
Since Aug. 1-						
1928	2.885.000	110,136,000	29,714,000	33,496,000	27,066,000	2.991.000
1927	2,705,000				15,544,000	
1926	3,018,000				7,424,000	

Total receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Saturday, Sept. 8, follow:

Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rarley.	Rye.
	Barrels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.
New York	350,000	1,510,000	11,000	178,000	359,000	11,000
Philadelphia _	38,000		1.000	65,000	184,000	
Baltimore	16,000	140,000	6,000	63,000		
N'wport News			0,000	00,000	202,000	2,000
Norfolk	-,			112,000		
New Orleans *	60,000	283,000	54,000	12,000		
Galveston		383,000	01,000	12,000		
Boston	35,000			16,000	*****	
Борон	00,000	2,000		10,000	*****	
Total wk. '28	500,000	2,336,000	72,000	446,000	745,000	12,000
Since Jan.1'28						
Week 1924	440,000	4.846.000	146,000	333,000	1,251,000	244,000
Since Jan.1'27	14.688.000	183,375,000	7.410.000		27,133,000	

* Receipts do not include grain passing through New Orleans for foreign ports on through bills of lading

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ending Saturday, Sept. 8 1928, are shown in the annexed statement:

Exports from-	Wheat	Corn	Flour	Oats	Rye	Barley
	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels
New York	1,222,482		125,501	25,000	203,597	
Philadelphia	31,000		1,000			
Baltimore				80,000		230,000
Norfolk				112,000		
Newport News			1.000			
New Orleans	274.000	25,000	20,000	5,000		15,000
Galveston	1,349,000		38,000			694,000
Montreal	4.616.000		58,000	581,000	466,000	818,000
Houston	80,000		12,000			105,000
Total week 1928	7.572.482	25,000	255.501	803.000	669.597	2,202,094
Same week 1927	8,098,591		200,290	77,000	224,590	

The destination of these exports for the week and since July 1 1928 is as below:

Exports for Week	Fi	our	Wh	eat	Corn		
and Since July 1 to—	Week Sept. 8	Since July 1	Week Sept. 8	Since July 1	Week Sept. 8	Since July 1	
United Kingdom Continent	Barrels 47,001 192,500 7,000 9,000	Barrels. 698,696 1,019,874 79,000 83,000 146,368	Barrels. 2,259,831 5,311,651 1,000	Bushels. 16,659,332 49,325,135 35,000 17,000 632,945	Bushels. 25,000	Bushels. 709,326 26,000 83,000 282,000 2,250	
Total 1928 Total 1927	255,501 200,290	2,026,938 1,596,334				1,102,576 230,000	

Pittsburgh Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, Sept. 8 to Sept. 14, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

1	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week.	Ran	ge Sinc	e Jan.	1.
Stocks— Par			High.	Shares.	Lou	. 1	Hig	h.
aAm. Vitrified Prod, com50		1834	181/2	130	1834	Sept	25	Jan
Preferred100		85	85	10	84	Feb	88	Apr
Am Wind Gl Mach, com 100		2034	33	770	16	Feb	33	Sept
Preferred 100	49%	38	44	695	33	Aug	45	Mar
Arkansas Gas Corp, com_	2 1/8	234	21/8	5,618	214	May	4	May
Preferred1	73%	734	73%	3.538	634	May	734	June
Armstrong Cork Co		59 14	59 1/8	300	54	Aug	67	Mar
Bank of Pitts (N A)50)	19434	194 36	20	180	Jan	249	Jan
Blaw-Knox Co2	107	103	107 34	1,200	91	Jan	108	June
Carnegie Metals Co1	21	2034	22	14,640	16 16	Jan	2736	Mar
Cent Ohio Steel Prod		20	20	68	1934		23	Mar
Consolidated Ice, pfd56)	26	2714	500	23	June	30	Jan
Devonian Oil)	734	734	10	63%		10	Jan
First Nat Bank 100)	370	375	13	345	Feb	375	Sept
Harb-Walk Ref, com 100		202	202	80	178	Jan	212	May
Horne (Joseph) Co		40	40	125		June	41	Jan
Preferred		104 16	10414	10	104	July	105	July
Lone Star Gas2	54 34	54	55	6.359	4854	Apr	68	Apr
May Drug Stores Corp			2236	150	20	Jan	27	Mar
Penn Federal Corp, com			636	90		Sept	834	
Petroleum Exploration 2.	5		38	10	36	Apr	8	Sept
Pitts Brewing, com 5	0		436	150	214	Apr	5	Api
Preferred5	0		936	320	1736		10	Jar
Pittsburgh Coal, com10	0	48	4936	70	45	May	5234	
Pitts Plate Glass 10	0 288	262	300	873	210	Jan	300	Sept
Pitts Screw & Bolt Corp	* 54	5234		997	4814		59 14	Mai
Salt Creek Consol Oil 1	0 634		634	170	574		734	Jar
St Plate Gi, prior pfd 10		32	40	20	25	Aug	40	Sep
Stand Sanitary, com 2	5 36 3			1.000	33	Mar	4216	Ma
Suburban Electric Dev	19	19	20	965		Aug	20	Sep
Union Stl Casting, com		30	30	120	29	May	39 34	
Unit Eng & Fdy, com				1,866	4234		61	Jai
Waverly Oll Works, cl A	*		33	100			43	Fel
Webster Hall, com.	*	49/			114		234	
West'house Air Brake		45%			43	Jan	5634	
Wiser Oil Co2		17	17	35		Sept	19	Ma
Zoller (William) Co, com.				530		Apr	52	Ap
Bonds.	-	3174	02	030	41	Apr	02	Ар
Mon Riv, com C & C 6s '4	9	107	107	1,000	10634	Apr	10734	Au

*No par value.

a Sales of Amer. Vitrified Products, com. at 13½ reported last week was an error; should have read 18½.

Baltimore Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at Baltimore Stock Exchange, Sept. 8 to Sept. 14, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

	Friday Last Sale	Week's of Pr		for Week.	Ran	ge Stn	ce Jan.	1.
Stocks- Par		Low.	High.	Shares.	Lou	P	Hig	h.
Arundel Corp	39%	3934		685		July	51%	Ma
At Coast Line (Conn)5 Baltimore Trust Co5	165	175 165	175 165	100 93	166 1583	July	$\frac{212}{225}$	Jai
Balt Tube pref10	0 47	47	47	100	34	Jan	50	July
Benesch (1) & Sons com	4.2	38	42	1,021	33	Mar	46	Maj
Preferred2	5	27	27	46	2614	Apr	2734 3434	Jan
Black & Decker com	29 %	29 56	29¾ 26	200 142	25 14	Jan Apr	27	Api
Preferred2 Boston Sand & Gravel _10	0	77	77	4	77	Sept	80	Jar
Cent Fire Ins vot tr cert _1	0	40	40	50	39 14	July	48	Jar
Century Trust	0 210	210 115	210	10	210 113	Sept	236	Maj
Ches & Po Tel of Balt pf106 Commercial Credit	* 33	3234	3314	166	2114	Mar	115 35	June
Preferred2	5	2376	23 1/6	85	23	Jan	26 14	Jai
Preferred B 2 6 ½ % 1st preferred 10	5	251/8	26	105	23	Feb	27 34 95 34	May
6 1/2 % 1st preferred 10 Consol Gas, E L & P exd	8614	8614	86 1/2 88	365	86 14 67 14	Sept	93 75	May
6% preferred ser D 10	0			110	109 3	Jan	11436	Mai
6% preferred ser D10 5% preferred ser A10	0	102 34	102 34	45	100	June	105 34	Mai
Consolidation Coal 10	0 25 1/8	25	2514	513	24%	Sept	3314	Jar
Continental Trust Delion Tire & Rubber	280	280	280	23 110	280	July	325 191/2	May
Eastern Rolling Mill	301/4	3014	3214	1,607	24 16	Mar	33	Sept
Equitable Trust Co	0	99	99	20	97	Aug	120	Api
Fidelity & Deposit	01	289	291	30	260	June	326	May
Fidelity Trust Fin Co of America "A" Series B	11	261	261	20 100	261	Sept	261 11%	Sept
Series B	111	11	11	125	10%	May	1136	Fet
Fin Service com "A" 10 First Nat Bank W I	0	18	18	10	1634	Jan	2035	Fet
First Nat Bank W I	61	60%	6114	661	60	Aug	64	July
Mfrs Finance com v t 2	5	25	26	189 48	24 1/2 19 1/4	Mar	29 26	June
1st preferred2 2d preferred2	5	20 18	20 181/8	147	17%	Aug	2014	
Maryland Casualty Co. 2	5	165	166	140	150	Aug	195	May
Maryland Mtge com	•	23	23	50	18	Apr	2314	
Merch & Miners Transp		4.634	4734	81	44	Aug	50	May
Morron W Penn P S pref 2 Mortgage Security com			26 734	182 20	25 7	Jan	27 21%	Jar
First preferred5	0	58	58	50	58	Sept	84	Mai
Mt Vernon-W Mills pf_10	0	801/2	8134	117	8014	Sept	9736	
Nat Bank of Baltimore_10	0	265	265 1	15	265	Sept	286	Jar
New Amsterdam Cas Co 1 Park Bank	73	72 37	73 37	167 35	7016	Aug Jan	8314	May
Penna Water & Power	*	86	87	65	68	Jan	87	Sept
Roland Pk Homel 1st pf10	0 100 1/2		100 36	30	100	Feb	101 1/4 28 1/4	Api
Silica Gel Corp com v t		22	23	310 125	17 23	Mar	28% 75	Api
Stand Gas Equip pf w w10 Un Porto Rican Sugar com		44	45	25	381/2	Aug	70	May
Preferred		51	52	85	4816	Mar	72	May
Preferred	0	330	331	11	315	Jan	34514	
United Rys & Electric - o	J 14 72	1.2	15	53	12	Apr	20 475	Jar
U S Fidelity & Guar5 Wash Balt & Annap5	0	435 11	460 11	570 245	34814	Jan Feb	1734	May
Preferred5		15	15	254	15	Apr	18	Fet
West Md Dairy Inc com Preferred	*	95	96	48	6934	Jan	100	June
Preferred	*	95	95	100	75	Jan	100	June
Prior preferred5	0	54 1/2	54 1/2	50	52%	Jan	55 34	Jan
Bonds-								
Baltimore City Bonds-								***
4s Sewer Loan 196	1	9834	9814	1,300	98	Aug	103 1/4	Feb
4s Dock Improve196 4s Water Loan195			9934	3,000 1,000	98¾ 98	Aug June	103	Jan
4s Engine House 195		9914	9914	1,000	98	June	103 14	Fet
Commer Credit 51/s193	5	9234	9214	4,000	9234	Sept	9934	Feb
Consol Gas gen 4 1/4s _ 195			9816	3,000		Sept	10334	Ap
lst ref 6s ser A 1949		9834	98 1/2 106	4,000	105 16	June	108	Jai
1st ref 5 1/2s ser E 195	2	105	105	1,000	104	June	10714	Jai
Gibson Island Co 1st 6s			10114	2,000	101	May	10114	Sep
Houston Oil 5 1/2 % notes '3	102%	1021/4	102%	2,000	100	Aug	102%	Sep
Olustee Timber 6s193 Penna W & P 5s194	5 94	102%	94 102¾	1,000 1,000	94 100	Sept	94 1/4 105 1/8	Fel
1st Refunding 41/2s_196		9636	96 1/2	5,000	96 14	Aug	9914	Ap
Silica Gel 6 1/48193	2	101	101	5,000	101	Mar	106 34	May
Titusv Iron Wks 1st 7s 192	9	100 1/2	100 1/2	1,000	100 1/2	Aug	101	Ma
United Ry & E 1st 4s_194		68 1/4	70 50	32,000	66 43	Aug	75 55	Jar
Income 48	9 49	70	70	39.700	67	Aug	8414	Jai
6% notes193		95	951/8	17,000 39,700 16,000	93	Sept	99	Jan
1st 6s194	9 88	88	89 1/2 80 1/2	12,000	85	Aug	98	Jai
Wash Balt & Annap 5s 194	11 80	7914	80 1/2	12,000	7914	Sept	90	Jai

* No par value

BANK NOTES—CHANGES IN TOTALS OF, AND IN DEPOSITED BONDS, &c.—We give below tables which show all the monthly changes in national bank notes and in bonds and legal tenders on deposit therefor:

	Amount Bonds on Deposit to Secure Circula-	Nation	al Bank Circulat Afloat on—	ion.
	tion for National Bank Notes.	Bonds.	Legal Tenders.	Total.
	8	3	3	\$
Aug. 31 1928	666,732,700	660,518,182	38,299,802	698,817,984
July 31 1928	666.643.200	658,463,423	38,926,224	697,389,647
June 30 1928	665,658,650	658,732,988	40,887,664	699,620,652
May 31 1928	667,491,900	661,522,450	39,757,992	701,280,442
Apr. 30 1928	666,196,460	661,127,660	38,814,509	699,942,169
Mar. 31 1928	666,866,710	662,412,992	36,802,227	699,215,219
Feb. 29 1928	667,011,210	661,481,322	38,250,372	699,731,694
Jan. 31 1928	666,230,710	659,332,017	38,407,517	697,739,534
Dec. 31 1927	667,127,710	662,380,082	38,623,507	701,003,589
Nov. 30 1927	666,830,210	663,340,675	39,060,424	702,401,099
Oct. 31 1927	666,873,290	663,167,030	39,825,664	702,992,694
Sept. 30 1927	666,985,790	662,742,593	40,537,019	703,279,612
Aug. 31 1927	667,143,790	663,747,178	41,052,614	704,799,792
July 31 1927	667,156,290	661,550,768	42,967,269	704,518,037
June 30 1927	666,991,130	661,288,545	42,857,722	704,146,267
May 31 1927	667,095,680	663, 156, 720	42,777,217	705,933,937
Apr. 30 1927	665,724,930	662,238,833	39,074,404	701,313,237
Mar. 31 1927	665,641,990	661,673,603	38,251,364	699,924,967
Feb. 28 1927	666,138,640	660,366,240	36,825,184	697,191,424
Jan. 31 1927	664,503,940	657,364,790	37,856,759	695,221,549
Dec. 31 1926	666,211,440	661,046,465	36,721,464	697,767,929
Nov. 30 1926	666,278,180	662,764,613	37,927,974	700,692,587
Oct. 31 1926	665,492,880	661,742,830	38,971,702	700,714,532
Sept. 30 1926	665,830,440	660,555,797	39,178,467	699,734,264
Aug. 31 1926	665,889,940	659,760,467	39,768,777	699,529,244

\$4,049,608 Federal Reserve bank notes outstanding Sept. 1 1928, secured by lawful money, against \$4,638,468 on Sept. 1 1927.

The following shows the amount of each class of United States bonds and certificates on deposit to secure Federal Reserve bank notes and national bank notes on Aug. 31:

	U. S. Bonds Held Aug. 31 1928 to Secure—						
Bonds on Deposts July 31 1928.	Secure Federal	On Deposit to Secure National Bank Notes.	Total Held.				
2s, U. S. Consols of 1930	\$	\$ 592,289,000 48,699,980 25,743,720	\$ 592,289,000 48,699,980 25,743,720				
Totals		666,732,700	666,732,700				

The following shows the amount of national bank notes afloat and the amount of legal tender deposits Aug. 1 1928 and Sept. 1 1928 and their increase or decrease during the

	7,389,647
	1,428,337
-\$698	8,817,984
. \$38	8,926,224
-	626,422
_ \$3	8,299,802

National Banks.—The following information regarding national banks is from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury Department:

APPLICATION TO ORGANIZE RECEIVED WITH TITLE REQUESTED.

Sept. 8—The First National Bank & Trust Co. of Rochester, N. Y.

Correspondent: Clarence W. McKay, 820 Union Trust Bldg., Rochester, N. Y.

CHANGES OF TITLES.

Sept. 4—The Greenwood National Bank, Greenwood, Wash., to "The First Greenwood National Bank."

Sept. 7—Marshall National Bank, Marshall, Va., to "Marshall National Bank & Trust Co."

BRANCH AUTHORIZED UNDER THE ACT OF FEB. 25 1927.

Sept. 5—Merchants National Trust & Savings Bank of Los Angeles, Calif.

Location of branch: Vicinity of Wilshire Blvd. and Detroit St.,

Los Angeles.

Auction Sales .- Among other securities, the following, not actually dealt in at the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Buffalo on Wednesday of this week:

By Wise, Hobbs & Arnold, Boston:

Share Starks		
Shares. Stocks. 10 Old Colony Trust Co	per sh.	Shares. Stocks. \$ per sh.
To Old Colony Trust Co	40814	
5 National Shawmut Bank	336	Co. undep., par \$25102 %
81 Merchants National Bank.	435	2 units First Peoples Trust 54
10 Arlington Mills	30 /8	38 Old Colony Trust Associates 52-531/
5 Pepperell Mfg. Co	94%	7 Hood Rubber Co., 71/2 preference_ 821/2
117 Sagamore Mfg. Co	80 12	
34 Nonquitt Spinning Co	19	100 Beacon Participations, Inc.,
25 Otis Company, common	38 15	
40 Shawmut Mills, pref	00	10 units First Peoples Trust52-52¾
18 Connecticut Mills Co., 1st p	10 7%	45 Eastern Utilities Associates, com-
15 West Boylston Mfg. Co., pre	4514	17.10 Amer Wringer Co Inc
27 Wamsutta Mills	140	mon40 % -40 % 17-10 Amer. Wringer Co., Inc., common v. t. c 15
5 Connecticut Mills Co., 1st pre	7 10	190 Areas European Generation Co.
30 Merrimac Hat Corp., comm	n 45	120 Amer. European Securities Co.,
4 State Theatre Co., pref	06	55 Quincy Mkt. Cold Storage & Ware-
14 Boston Woven Hose & Ru		house Co., common
Co., pref.		20 Howes Brothers pref. class B 75
40 Shawmut Bank Invest. Trus		50 Nautical Garden Inc., common_ 11
1 Columbian Nat. Life Ins. Co	406	18 Seattle Real Estate Trust 50
6 Amer. Mfg. Co., pref		16 Amer. Brick Co., pref., par \$25_ 25%
100 Mass. Utilities Associates,	com-	205 Great Northern Paper Co., par
mon v. t. c	1214	\$25831/6-845/6
350 Carr Fastener Co., comi	non.	3 units First Peoples Trust 521/4
par \$25	371/6	5 special units First Peoples Trust 31/
9 Plymouth Cordage Co	721/4	2 units First Peoples Trust 52 %
100 Old Colony Trust Associate	8 53	Rights— \$ per right 81 Nat. Rockland Bank, Boston 50
50 Boston Ground Rent T	rust.	81 Nat. Rockland Bank, Boston 50
116-11	5 1/4 & div.	40 Haverhill Electric Co 10%-11

By Barnes & Lofland Philadelphia.

by Darnes & Lolland, Phila	deipnia:
Shares	Shares. Stocks. \$ per sh. Corn Exchange Nat. Bank & Trust Co
	Bonds—Per cent. \$1,000 Bergner & Engel Brewing Co. 1st 6s, due 1929———45
10 Tioga Nat. Bank	Rights- 8 per Right

By A. J. Wright & Co., Buffalo:

Shares. Stocks. \$ per sh. 10 Labor Temple Asso. of Buffalo and Vicinity, Inc., par \$550e. lot 1,000 Kirkland Hunton, par \$15e.	Shares. Stocks. \$ per 1,000 Canadian Lorrain, par \$1 200 Howey Gold Mines, par \$1	70
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By A. J. Wright & Co., Buffalo, last week (Sept. 5),

Shares. Stocks.		Shares. Stocks.	\$ per share
100 New Sutherl'd Divide	par \$1.50c.lot	18 Prizma, Inc., no	par1 In
1,000 Baldwin Gold Mine	s. par \$1. 1%c.	1,000 West Dome I	ake, par \$1 12c
-,			

By R. L. Day & Co., Boston.

Directo. Dioces.	Shares. Stocks.
15 National Shawmut Bank 336 4	2 Webster & Atlas National Bank 19514
15 2d Nat. Bank, Boston 425	5 Springfield Fire & Marine Ins.
4 Warren National Bank, Peabody_198	Co., par \$25225
35 Farr Alpaca Co	10 Amer. Window Glass Mach. Co.,
o Connecticut Mills com. B. par	common 11
\$10; 5 Conn. Mills com. A. v.t.c.	5 Farms Co. common A 5
par \$10	10 Aetna Life Insurance Co8911/4
15 Nashua Mfg. Co., pref83 & div.	8 Plymouth Cordage Co 7234
45 Lancaster Mills, pref 13%	10 Saco Lowell Shops common 314
10 Grinnell Mfg. Co	5 Saco Lowell Shops, 2nd pref 634
5 Acushnet Mill 56 16	5 Beacon Participations, Inc., pf. A 20
5 Acushnet Mill 56 1/4 60 U. S. Worsted, 1st pref 1-1.05	20 Mass. Utilities Associates, com 1234
30 Naumkeag Steam Cotton Co140	100 West Boston Gas Co., undepos-
70 Dwight Mfg. Co., par \$25 10%	Ited, par \$25 34
525 U.S. Worsted Corp. com 14c.	30 Great Northern Paner Co., par
44 2-3 Union Cotton Mfg. Co 601/6	30 Great Northern Paper Co., par \$25
162 Arlington Mills 36 1/8	25 Western Massachusetts Cos 68%
25 Great Falls Mfg. Co 714	10 New England Power Assoc pref.
10 Continental Mills 8514	10 New England Power Assoc., pref., 98 & div.
98 York Mfg. Co1914-1914	
5 Springfield Rys. Co., pref 81	160 Great Northern Paper Co., par \$2583
25 Wm. Whitman & Co., Inc., pref.,	90 Western Massachusetts Cos 68%
uns & div	100 Amer. Glue Co. common 3114
11 Merrimac Chemical Co., par \$50 90%	Rights- \$ per right.
18 Western & Southern Associates_ 61	2 Nat. Rockland Bank w. a. 4 if 5146
30 Business Property Associates132	2 Nat. Rockland Bank w. a. & if 51 1/2 30 Hartford Gas Co
500 Globe Dominion Copper Co.,	262 Brockton Gas Lt. Co. vte. 714-44
par \$1; 800 Helvetia Copper Co.,	262 Brockton Gas Lt. Co. v.t.c7 1/2-1/4 Bonds— Per cent. \$100 Boston Lodge No. 10 B. P.
par \$25; 500 Amer. Oil Engineer-	\$100 Boston Lodge No. 10 B P
ing Co., com. sub. rets., par \$10;	O E 2d 6s Apr 1940 5634
1,000 Santa Rosa Mining Co.,	O. E. 2d 6s, Apr. 1940 56 1/2 \$2,000 Hill Mfg. 6 1/2s, 193580 1/2 & int.
par \$1; 2,500 Butte Detroit Cop-	42,000 Hill Mil. 0730, 10000073 & Inc.
per & Zinc Mines Co., par \$1.\$31 lot	
By Adrian H. Muller & Son	ns, New York:
Shares. Stocks. \$ per sh. 51 Duo Dye Corp. class A com \$7 lot	Shares. Stocks. 8 per sh
51 Duo Dye Corp. class A com \$7 lot	20,000 Old Ben Coal Corp. com-
1,750 McColl-Frontenac Oil Co.,	mon, par \$50 236

by Aurian H. Muller & Son	is, New York:
Shares. Stocks. \$ per sh. 51 Duo Dye Corp. class A com	mon, par \$50

DIVIDENDS.

Dividends are grouped in two separate tables. In the first we bring together all the dividends announced the current week. Then we follow with a second table, in which we show the dividends previously announced, but which have not yet been paid.

ı	Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed Days Inclusive.
ı	Railroads (Steam).	*134	Oct. 1	*Holders of ree Sent 14
ı	Boston & Maine, prior pref. (quar.)—— First preferred, class A (quar.)——— First preferred, class B (quar.)——— First preferred, class C (quar.)——— First preferred, class D (quar.)——— First preferred, class E (quar.)——— Cleve. Cin. Chic. & St. L., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)————————————————————————————————————	*11/4	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 14 Holders of rec. Sept. 14 Holders of rec. Sept. 14 *Holders of rec. Sept. 14 *Holders of rec. Sept. 14
ı	First preferred, class B (quar.)	*2	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14
ı	First preferred, class C (quar.)	*1% *2% *1%	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 14
ı	First preferred, class D (quar.)	*21/2	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 14
ı	First preferred, class E (quar.)	*1 1/8	Oct. 1 Oct. 20	*Holders of rec. Sept. 14
ı	Preferred (quar.)	*114	Oct. 20	*Holders of rec. Sept. 28
ı	Joliet & Chicago (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 21
ı	Joliet & Chicago (quar.) Mahoning Coal RR., com. (quar.) New York Central RR. (quar.)	\$12.50	Nov. 1	*Holders of rec. Oct. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 28
ı	New York Central RR. (quar.)	2	Mar 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 28
ı	Southern Ry., com. (quar.)	2	Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 1
ı	Preferred (quar.)	11/4	Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 24
ı	Southern Ry., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Wabash, pref. (quar.) West Jersey & Seashore (quar.)	*\$1.25	Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Oct. 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 24 *Holders of rec. Oct. 25 *Holders of rec. Oct. 1
ı	Public Utilities.			
ı	Alabama Power, \$7 pref. (quar.)	\$1.75	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
ı	\$6 preferred (quar.). \$5 preferred (quar.). Amer. Dist. Teleg. of N. J., com. (qu.). Preferred (quar.).	\$1.75 \$1.50 \$1.25	Nov 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 15
ı	Amer Dist Teleg of N. J., com. (qu.)	*1	Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Oct. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 14 Holders of rec. Sept. 17 Holders of rec. Oct. 10 Holders of rec. Sept. 18
ı	Preferred (quar.)	*134	Oct. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
ı	Amer. & Foreign Power, \$6 pref. (qu.)	\$1.50	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 146
ı	Amer. Gas & Elec., com. (quar.)	25c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 17
ı	Proferred (quar)	\$1.50	Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 10 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
ı	Amer. Public Service, pref. (quar.)	1500	Oct. 1 Nov. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	
ı	Dinghamton I. H. & Pow. \$6 pf (011).	\$1.50	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 29 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
ı	Birmingham Elec. Co., \$7 pf. (quar.)	\$1.75	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 12
ı	\$6 preferred (quar.)	S 1 50	CACE. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 12
ı	Brazilian Tr., L. & P., pref. (quar.)	*11/2	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
ı	California Elec. Generating, pref. (qu.).	13/2	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 5
ı	36 preferred (quar.). Brazilian Tr., L. & P., pref. (quar.). California Elec. Generating, pref. (qu.). Capital Tract. (Wash., D.C.). (qu.).	*11½ 11½ 11¾ 11¾ 11¾ 11¾	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14
۱	Carolina Power & Light, \$7 pref. (qu.) \$6 preferred (quar.)	\$1.50	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 14 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
ı	Central Illinois Light, 6% pref. (quar.)	136	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
ı	7% preferred (quar.)	134	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
ı	7% preferred (quar.) Cincinnati Car Co. (quar.)	*35c.	Oct. 1	"Livideis of fee. Bebt. 20
ı	Cleveland Ry. (quar.) Consol. Gas (N. Y.), pref. (quar.) Duke Power, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	*\$1.25	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 7
ı	Consol. Gas (N. Y.), pref. (quar.)	1	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 29 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
ı	Duke Power, com. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
ı	Eastern N. J. Power Co., 61/2 % pf. (qu.)	15%	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
ı	Seven per cent preferred (quar.)	1 1 29	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
ı	Eight per cent preferred (quar.)			
ı	Clostric Bond & Share Dref. (Illist.)	1 1 20	Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 13
ı	Elec. Bond & Share Secur. (quar.)	#18/	Oct. 15	*Holders of rec. Oct. 1
ı	Elec. Bond & Share Secur. (quar.) El Paso Elec. Co., pref. A (quar.) Empire Power Corp., \$6 pref. (quar.) Participating stock (quar.)	\$1.50	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 13 Holders of rec. Sept. 17 *Holders of rec. Oct. 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 17
ı	Participating stock (quar.)	50e. *50e. \$1.75 1.621/4 \$1.75	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 21
ı			Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 21 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 20
ı	Federal Water Serv., \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6½ preferred (quar.) Florida Power & Light, pref. (quar.) Florida Public Service Co., pref. (quar.)	\$1.75	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 200
ı	\$61/2 preferred (quar.) \$	1.62 1/2	Oct. 1	
i	Florida Power & Light, pref. (quar.)	\$1.75	Oct. 1	
ı	Ft. Worth Power & Light, pref. (quar.)	1%	Oct. 1 Nov. 1	
1	Caorda Power & Dref (quar.)	1¾ \$1.50	Oct. 1	Holders of ree. Sept. 15
ı	Georgia Power, \$6 pref. (quar.) Great Western Power of California Oreat Western Power of California			
ı		1%	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 5
ı	Seven per cent pref., series A (quar.)	11/4	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 5
١	Hackensack Water, 7% pref. A (quar.)	13% 0	Sept. 30	Holders of rec. Sept. 146 Holders of rec. Sept. 21
1	International Telep & Teleg. (quar.)	184	Oct. 15 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 17
1	Kansas Gas & Elec., pref. (quar.)		Oct. 1	Unidows of was Sant 14
1	Kansas Gas & Elec., pref. (quar.) Kentucky Securities, com. (quar.)	*11%	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20
1	Preferred (quar.)	*13%	Oct. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20
-	Mackay Companies, com. (quar.)	*1%	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 21
1	Preferred (quar.) Mackay Companies, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Metropolitan Edison Co., \$7 pref. (qu.) \$6 preferred (quar.) \$5 preferred (quar.)	*134 *1 \$1.75 \$1.50	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 21 *Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
	Metropolitan Edison Co., \$7 prei. (qu.).	\$1.70	Oct. 1	Lioiders of Lec. Sebe. 19
ı	80 mederned (augs)	21 50	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed Days Inclusive.	Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable	Books Closed Days Inclusive.
Public Utilities (Concluded). Middle West Utilities, com. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.)	*81.75	Nov. 15 Oct. 15	*Holders of rec. Oct. 31 *Holders of rec. Sept. 29	Miscellaneous (Concluded). Davenport Hosiery Mills, pref. (quar.) Dome Mines, Ltd. (quar.)	*25c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 20	Holders of rec. Sept. 20] *Holders of rec. Sept. 29
\$6 preferred (quar.) Midland Utilities, 7% prior lien (quar.) 6% prior lien stock (quar.)	134	Oct. 15 Oct. 6 Oct. 6	*Holders of rec. Sept. 29	Dominion Stores (quar.) Duplan Silk Corp., pref. (quar.) Durant Motors of Canada (quar.)	75c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 20
7% class A preferred (quar.)	1%	Oct. 6 Oct. 6 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 22	Economy Grocery Stores (quar.) Egry Register, class A (quar.) Electric Auto-Lite Co., com. (quar.)	*25c.	Oct. 15	*Holders of rec. Oct. 1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Mountain States Power, pref. (quar.) New Haven Gas Light (quar.)	1¾ *62½c	Oct. 20 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 30	Preferred (quar.) Empire Safe Deposit (quar.) Evans Auto Loading, new com. (quar.)	*134	Oct. 1 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 20
New Jersey Power & Light, \$6 pf. (qu.) Northeastern Pow. Corp., com. (quar.) Class A (quar.)	25c. \$1.50	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Fanny Farmer Candy Shops, com. (qu.) Preferred (quar.)	25c. 60c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Northern States Power, com. A (quar.) 7% pref. (quar.) 6% pref. (quar.) Ohio Bell Telephone, pref. (quar.) Ottawa L. H. & Pow., com. (quar.)	1% 1%	Nov. 1 Oct. 20 Oct. 20	Holders of rec. Sept. 30	Fear (Fred) & Co., com. (quar.) Feitman & Curme, pref. (quar.) Finance Co. of Am., Balt., cl. A & B (qu.)	1% 15c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 1 Holders of rec. Oct. 5
Preferred (quar.)	1.2%	Oct. 1 Sept. 30 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15	7% preferred (quar.) Financial Inv. Co. of N. Y., com. (qu.) Common (extra)	40c. 5c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Pacific Lighting, 7% pref. (quar.) Panama Power & Light, pref. (quar.) Pennsylvania Gas & Elec. Co., pf. (qu.)	*1%	Oct. 1 Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Flour Mills of Amer., pref. A (quar.) Fraser Companies, Ltd. (quar.) Freiman (A. J.), pref. (quar.)	25c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Pennsylvania Pow. & Lt., \$7 pref. (qu.) _ \$6 pref. (quar.) Peoples Gas Light & Coke (quar.)	\$1.50 *2	Oct. 17	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Oct. 3	French (Fred.) Constr. Co., pref Galesburg Coulter-Disc. (quar.) Extra	*\$1 *25c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Postal Teleg. & Cable Corp., pf. (qu.) Providence Gas (quar.) Southeastern Power & Light, com. (qu.)	25c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 20	Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 29	General Baking Co., pref. (quar.) General Baking Corp., pref. (quar.) General Cigar, Inc., com. (quar.)	\$1.25 *\$1	Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 18 *Holders of rec. Oct. 16
\$7 preferred (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Participating pref. (quar.)	\$1.50 \$1	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Preferred (quar.)	*75c.	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Nov. 22 *Holders of rec. Sept. 24 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a
Southern Calif. Edison Co., orig.pf.(qu.) 5½% pref. series C (quar.) Southern Calif. Gas, 6% pf. (quar.)	1% 37160	Oct. 15 Oct. 15 Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 20	General Tire & Rubber, pref. (quar.) Gibson Art, common (quar.) Gilbert (H. C.) Co. (quar.)*	65c. 87½c.	Sept. 30 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15
South Pittsburgh Water, pref. (quar.)	37½c.	Oct. 15 Oct. 15 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 30 Holders of rec. Oct. 2 Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Gold Dust Corp. (quar.) Gottfried Baking, preferred (quar.) Goulds Pumps, Inc., common (quar.)	*\$1.25 1¾ *2	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 25 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Southwestern Bell Telep., pf. (quar.) United Public Service, \$7 pref. (quar.) United Utilities Co., pref. (quar.) Western Power L. & Telep., pref. (qu.).	\$1.75 \$1.75 *134		Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 21	Preferred (quar.) Great Lakes Towing, common (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Guardian Invest. Corp., \$7 1st pf. (qu.)	*184	Oct. 1 Sept. 29 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14 Holders of rec. Sept. 14
Western Union Telegra ph (quar.) West Penn Power Co., 7% pref. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.)	1%	Oct. 15 Nov. 1 Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 25 Holders of rec. Oct. 5 Holders of rec. Oct. 5	\$6 1st preferred (quar.)	\$1.50 75c	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Fifth Avenue (quar.)	*6	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 29 Holders of rec. Sept. 25a	Hamilton Cotton, Ltd., preference Harbauer Co., common (quar.)	*25c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
First National (quar.) First Security Co. National City (quar.) National City Co. (quar.)	20 31/2 3	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 25a Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Preferred (quar.) Hayner Realty Corp., pref. (qu.) (No. 1) Hazel-Atlas Glass (quar.) Extra	15c. *50c. 12½c.	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 18 *Holders of rec. Sept. 18
Trade (quar.) United States (Bank of) (quar.) Trust Companies.	1.29	Oct. 5 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 25 Holders of rec. Sept. 20a	Heath (D. C.) & Co., pref. (quar.) Hibernia Securities, pref. (quar.) Hollinger Consol. Gold Mines (monthly)	1%8 1%	ept. 29	
Banca Commerciale Italiana Tr. (qu.) Bank of Europe Trust Co. (quar.) Bank of New York & Trust (qu.)	21/2	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 21	Hunt's, Ltd., common (quar.) Firsts and seconds preferred (quar.) Independent Pneumatic Tool (quar.)	25c.		Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 22
Bronx County Manufacturers (quar.) Municipal Bank & Trust (quar.)	2	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20a Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Indian Motocycle, pref. (quar.)		Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 24 Holders of rec. Sept. 25
Fire Insurance. City of New York Insurance (quar.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Refunding preferred (quar.) Industries Development, pref. (qu.) Insuranshares Corp., pref. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 25
Home Insurance (quar.) Miscellaneous.		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Interlake Steamship (quar.) Internat. Match, com. & partic. pf. (qu.) Island Creek Coal, common (quar.)	*\$1.50 80c.		*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Abitibi Power & Paper, 7% pref. (qu.) Acme Steel (quar.) Aetna Rubber, com. (quar.)	1¾ *\$1.25	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 14	Preferred (quar.) Kaufmann Dept. Stores, pref. (quar.) Kentucky Cash Credit, common (quar.)	\$1.50 1%	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 22
Preferred (quar.) Air Reduction Co. (quar.) Extra	1¾ 50c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 14 Holders of rec. Sept. 29 Holders of rec. Sept. 29	Preferred (quar.) Preferred (extra) Knox Hat, Inc., prior pref. (quar.)	15c.	Sept. 25 Sept. 25	Holders of rec. Sept. 11 Holders of rec. Sept. 11 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Albany Perforated Wrapping Pa. (qu.) Alles & Fisher Co. (quar.) Allied Refrigeration Industries, Inc.—	*50c.	Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Laboratory Products, common (quar.) Lanston Monotype Machine (quar.) Lawyers Title & Guaranty (quar.)	*50c.	Oct. 1 Nov. 30	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Nov. 30 Holders of rec. Sept. 20g
Prior pref. (quar.) (No. 1) Aluminum Co. of Amer., pf. (quar.) Amer. Brake Shoe & Fdy., com. (qu.)	\$1.50 *134 40c	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 21	Lehigh Valley Coal Sales (quar.) Leonard, Fitzpatrick & Mueller Stores Common (quar.)	90c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 17 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Preferred (quar.) Amer. Chicle, com. (pay in com. stk.) Amer. Internat. Corp	*0100	Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 24	Liberty Baking Corp., pref. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	
Amer., London & Empire Corp. (qu.) Amer. Sales Book, com. (quar.) Amer. Type Founders, com. (qu.)	75c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 13	*Holders of rec. Sept. 25 *Holders of rec. Sept. 14	Los Angeles Athletic Club (quar.) Lunkenheimer Co. (quar.) ** Macy (R. H.) & Co., Inc., new stk. (qu.)	37 ½ c. *50c. *50c.	Sept. 15 Nov. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 5 *Holders of rec. Oct. 26 *Holders of rec. Sept. 22
Preferred (quar.) Apponaug Co., pref. (quar.) (No. 1) Associated Dry Goods, common (quar.)	1¾ \$1.625	Oct. 13 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 5 Holders of rec. Oct. 5 Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Oct. 13	Marlin Rockwell Corp., com. (quar.) Common (extra) Maryland Cash Credit, com. (quar.)	*50c.	Oct. 1 Sept. 25	*Holders of rec. Sept. 22 Holders of rec. Sept. 11
1st preferred (quar.) 2d preferred (quar.)	11/4	Nov. 1 Dec. 1 Dec. 1	Holders of rec. Nov. 10 Holders of rec. Nov. 10	Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Mascot Oil (monthly)	15c. 15c.	Sept. 25 Sept. 25 Sept. 20 Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 11 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Oct. 20
Class A participating stock (quar.) Astor Financial Corp., class A (quar.) Auturn Automobile (quar.)	37 1/2 c.	Sept. 15 Oct. 1 Oct. 2	Holders of rec. Sept. 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 20	McCall Corp. (quar.) McCord Mfg., deb. stock (quar.) Prior preferred (quar.) McCrod Radiator Mfg., el. A (quar.)	*\$1.75	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Stock dividend. Bankstocks Corp. of Maryland— Common A & B (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Barnet Leather, pref. (quar.)	e2	Oct. 2	Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 21	McKee (A. G.) & Co., class A (quar.) McKeesport Tin Plate. com. (quar.)		Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 22
Preferred (quar.) Barnet Leather, pref. (quar.) Barnhart Bros. & Spindler—	31 1/4 e. 11/4	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 17 Holders of rec. Sept. 17 Holders of rec. Sept. 26	McQuay Norris Co. (quar.) Meadows Manufacturing, pref. (quar.) Merchants & Miners Transp. (quar.)	*62 16 c	Oct. 1 Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 26 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15
1st & 2d preferred (quar.) Baxter Laundries, 1st & 2d pref (quar.)_ Beatrice Creamery, common (quar.)	*134	Nov. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Oct. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Merck Corp., preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Merrimac Chemical (quar.)	\$1 \$1.25	Oct. 1 Jan 2'29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Dec. 17 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Preferred (quar.) Bingham Mines Bridgeport Machine, pref. (quar.)	*1¾ *50c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 5 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Miller Wholesale com. (No. 1) Mitchell (J. S.) & Co., Ltd., pf (qu.) Monighan Mfg. Co., cl. A (quar.)	*40c. 1¾ *45c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
British-American Oil, Ltd., reg. (quar.) Coupon (quar.) British Type Investors, Inc.—	25c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Sept. 15 to Sept. 30 Holders of coupon No. 7	Monsanto Chemical Works(quar.) Myers Pump, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	50c.	Sept. 30 Sept. 30	Holders of rec. Sept. 14 Holders of rec. Sept. 14
Class A (bi-monthly) Brunswick-Balke-Collender, pref. (qu.) Byllesby (H. M.) & Co., cl. A com. (qu.)	134	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Nashua Manufacturing, pref. (quar.) National Bankitaly Co. (extra.) Extra.	*50c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Jan1'29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Class B common (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Calamba Sugar Estates (quar.) (No. 1)	50e. 50e.	Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Extra. National Biscuit, com. (extra) National Cash Credit Assn., com. (quar.) Com. (one-twentieth sh. com. stock)		Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	
Preferred (quar.) (No. 1) California Consumers Co., \$7 pref. (qu.) California Group Corp., pref. (qu.)	*35 \$1.75	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Preferred (quar.) Preferred (extra) National Licorice, pref. (quar.)	15c.	Oct. 1 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 11 Holders of rec. Sept. 14
Cambridge Rubber, pref. (quar.)	750	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 30 Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	National Refining, pref. (quar.) National Supply, pref. (quar.) Naumkeag Steam Cotton (quar.)	134	Oct. 1 Sept. 29 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 19 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Canadian Locomotive, pref. (quar.) Canadian Salt (quar.) Carey (Philip) Co., common (quar.)	134	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 22	Nelson (Herman) Corp. (quar.) Stock dividend Newberry (J. J.) Realty, pref. (quar.)	\$3 *50c. *e1 *15%	Oct. I	*Holders of rec. Sept. 18 *Holders of rec. Sept. 18 *Holders of rec. Oct. 15
Cavanagh-Dobbs, Inc., pref. (quar.)	*1% *1% *81.50	Sept. 29 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 13 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 18 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20	North Star Oll & Ref., pref. (quar.)	13/4 *\$3	Oct. 29 Oct. Sept. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 12
Cent. Invest. Trust (quar.) Cincinnati Union Stock Yards (quar.) City Financial Corp., cl. A (quar.)	*\$1.50	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Pacific Finance Corp., cl. A & B pf.(qu.) Class C 6½% pref. (quar.)	*50c.	Nov.	*Holders of rec. Oct. 20
City Stores Co., class A (quar.) Claremont Invest. Corp., pref. (quar.) Conley Tank Car, com. (quar.)	*87½0	Nov. 1	*Holders of rec. Oct. 15	Pacific Nat. Co., com. (No. 1) Preferred (quar.)	*25c.	Oct.	a Holder of rea Cart 10
Preferred (duar.)	#12	Sont 30	#Holders of rec Sont 90	Stock dividend Newberry (J. J.) Realty, pref. (quar.) N. Y. Hamburg Corp. (No. 1) North Star Oil & Ref., pref. (quar.) Northwestern Yeast (quar.) Ohlo Seamless Tube, pref. (quar.) Pacific Finance Corp., cl. A & B pf. (qu.) Class C 6½% pref. (quar.) Class C 6½% pref. (quar.) Pacific Nat. Co., com. (No. 1) Preferred (quar.) Parke Davis Co., com. (quar.) Common (extra) Perfect Circle, com. (qu.) (No. 1) Phelps Dodge Corp., (quar.) Phila. Co. of Guaranteeing Mtgs. (quar.)	*10c *50c	Sept. 2 Sept. 2 Oct.	*Holders of rec. Sept. 18 *Holders of rec. Sept. 18 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Consolidated Film Industries— Participating Preference (quar.) Continental Can, com. (quar.) Common (payable in common stock) Preferred (quar.) Crown Zellerbech Corp. compon. (qu.)	\$1.25 /s100	Nov. 22	Holders of rec. Sept. 18 Holders of rec. Nov. 5a Holders of rec. Nov. 5 Holders of rec. Nov. 5	Philadelphia Dairy Prod., prior pf. (qu.	111 62 36	Oct.	11 Holders of rec. Sept. 20d
Preferred (quar.). Crown Zellerbach Corp., common. (qu.) (No. 1). Preferred (for months July & August)				Philippe (Louis), Inc., cl. A (quar.) Pickwick Corp., pref. (quar.) Pie Bakeries of Amer., pref. (quar.)	1 1 3/4	Sept. 2 Oct.	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Daley, Inc. (Los Angeles), common and preferred (quar.)				Premier Gold Mining (quar.) Procter & Gamble Co., 8% pref. (qu.) Pro phy-lac-tle Brush, com. (quar.)	*2 50e	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14 5 Holders of rec. Sept. 29

Name of Company.

When Payable.

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed Days Inclusive.
Miscellaneous (Concluded).			
. R. S. Co. com. (quar.)	*50c.		*Holders of rec. Oct.
Preferred (quar.)	*134	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 2
teal Silk Hosiery, pref. (quar.)	*134	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 16 *Holders of rec. Sept. 26 *Holders of rec. Sept. 36
emmington Arms, 1st pref. (qu.)	*134	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 30
igney & Co., pref. (quar.)	25c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20
coss Gear & Tool, com. (qu.)	*45c.	Oct. 1	*Holdres of rec. Sept. 20
loyal Baking Powder, com. (qu.)	*2	Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 1
Preferred (quar.)	*136		*Holders of rec. Sept. 1
toyaity Corp. of Am. partic. pf. (m'thly)	1	Sept. 15	
Participating preferred (extra)	*\$1.75	Sept. 15 Oct. 1	
abins Robbins Paper (quar.)	*2	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 1
t. Regis Paper, com. (quar.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 1
Preferred (quar.)	1%	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 1.
arnia Bridge, class A (quar.)	*50c.		*Holders of rec. Sept. 1.
chlessinger (B. F.) & Sons, com. A (qu.)	*3716c		*Holders of rec. Sept. 1
Preferred (quar)econd Financial Corp., com. (quar.)	*134		*Holders of rec. Sept. 1
econd Financial Corp., com. (quar.)	*45c.		*Holders of rec. Sept. 1
econd Internat. Securities A com. (qu.) 6% first pref. (quar.)	3714c.	Oct. 1	
6% mrst prei. (quar.)	750.	Oct. 1	
6% second pref. (quar.)	500	Oct. 1 Nov. 1	
elberling Rubber, pref. (quar.)	*2	Oct. 1	
haffer Oll & Refer pref (quar.)	*136	Oct. 25	
haffer Oil & Refg., pref. (quar.)	#50c	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 2
hattuck (F. G.) Co. (quar.)	*50c.	Oct. 10	*Holders of rec. Sept. 2
heffield Steel (quar.)	50c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 2
Preferred (quar.)	*134	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 2
Preferred (quar.)	75c.	Oct. 3	
inger Mig. (quar.)	*216	Sept. 30	*Holders of rec. Sept. 1
Extra.	*41/2	Sept. 30	*Holders of rec. Sept. 1
Extra		-	*Holders of rec. Sept. 2
Common (quar.)	*75c.		
Preferred (quar.)	*1%	Oct. 1	
tein Bloch Co., pref. (quar.)	750		Holders of rec. Sept. 1
buburban Elec. Dev. (qu.) (No. 1)	*371/20		*Holders of rec. Sept. 2
pang, Chalfont & Co., pref. (quar.)	114	Oct. 1	
tandard Holding Corp	37 %c.		
Chompson (John R.) Co. (monthly)	*30c.	Oct. 1	
Monthly	*30c.	Nov.	
Montaly	*30c.	Dec. 1	
ride Water Associated Oil, pref. (qu.)	13/2	Oct.	
Cimken- Detroit Axle, common (quar.)	15c.	Oct.	
Common (extra) Cobacco Products Corp., com. (quar.)	\$2	Oct. 1	
Corrington Co (quar.)	*75c	Oct.	
Corrington Co. (quar.) Creasury Holding 7% pref. Crico Products Corp. (quar.)	*1%		
rico Products Corp. (quar.)	*1 % 62 ½ c. *50c.	Oct.	
Proy Sunshade, common (quar.)	*50C	Oct.	
Preferred (quar.)	*134	Oct.	
Twin Disc Clutch (quar.)	*50c.	Oct.	*Holders of rec. Sept.
Union Twist Drill, com. (quar.)	*25c	Sept. 2	*Holders of rec. Sept.
Preferred (quar.)	1 *134	Sept. 2	*Holders of rec. Sept.: Holders of rec. Sept.:
United Profit-Sharing, pref. United Shoe Machinery, com. (quar.)*	5	Oct. 3	Holders of rec. Sept.
Common (extra)	62 ½ c.	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept.
Common (extra) Preferred (quar.)			Holders of rec. Sept.
Inited Verde Extension Mining (qu.)	*50c		*Holders of rec. Oct.
J. S. & Foreign Sec. Corp.—	000	1000	22014615 01 1601 0101
First and second pref. (quar.)	\$1.50	Nov.	Holders of rec. Oct.
Iniversal Leaf Tobacco, com. (quar.)			*Holders of rec. Oct.
Preferred (quar.)	*82		Holders of rec. Sept.
V.) Vivaudou, Inc., pref. (quar.)	*134		*Holders of rec. Oct.
Vacker Drive Bldg., pref. (quar.)	*\$1.50	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept.
Wahl Co., pref. (acct. accum. div.)	*h134	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept.
Waukesha Motor (quar.)	*62 1/2		Holders of rec. Sept.
EXTR	*81		*Holders of rec. Sept.
Weatherbilt St. Sh. com. (qu.) (No. 1)			1
Preferred (quar.) (No. 1)	\$1.62		Holders of rec. Sept.
Western Electric (quar.)	*750	Sept. 2	*Holders of rce. Sept.
Weston Elec. Instrument cl. A (quar.)	*50c	Oct.	*Holders of rec. Sept.
Wheeling Steel Corp., pref. A	2		Holders of rec. Sept.
Preferred B	21/2		1 Holders of rec. Sept.
White Eagle Oil & Ref. (quar.)	*50c	Oct. 2	0 *Holders of rec. Sept.
Will & Baumer Candle, pref. (quar.)	2	Oct.	1 Holders of rec. Sept.
Willys Overland Co., common (quar.)	30c		1 Holders of rec. Oct.
	1. *1 3/	Oct.	1 *Holders of rec. Sept.
Preferred (quar.) Wood Chemical Products (quar.)	*134	Oct.	1 Holders of rec. Sept.

Below we give the dividends announced in previous weeks and not yet paid. This list does not include dividends announced this week, these being given in the preceding table.

Name of Company.		When Payable.	Books Closed Days Inclusive.		
Railroads (Steam).					
Alabama & Vicksburg	3	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 8s		
Bangor & Aroostook, common (quar.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Aug. 31s		
Preferred (quar.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Aug. 31a		
Beech Creek (quar.)	50c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14a		
Belgian National Railways—		a ca	W. 14		
Partic. preferred American shares		Sept. 20	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a		
Boston & Albany (quar.)	2	Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Aug. 31		
Canadian Pacific, com. (quar.)	21/2	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Aug. 31a		
Preference	2	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Aug. 31		
Chesapeake Corporation (quar.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 8a		
Chesapeake & Ohio, com. (quar.)	214	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 8a		
Preferred series A	814	Jan 1'29	Holders of rec. Dec. 8a		
Chie. R. I. & Pacific, com. (quar.),	134	Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 7a		
Consol. RRs. of Cuba, pref. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of ree. Sept. 10a		
Cuba Northern Rys., com. (No. 1)		Sept. 28	Holders of rec. Sept. 28a		
Cuba RR., preferred	3	Feb1'29	Holders of rec. Jan 15 '29		
Delaware & Hudson Co. (quar.)	214	Sept. 20	Holders of rec. Aug. 28a		
Fonda Johnston & Gloversy, pf. (quar.)	134	Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a		
Gulf Mobile & Nor., 6% pref. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a		
Hocking Valley, com. (quar.)	214	Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 8a		
Lehigh Valley, common (quar.)	8734c \$1.25		Holders of rec. Sept. 15a		
Preferred (quar.) Maine Central, common (quar.)			Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15		
Missouri-Kansas-Texas, pref. (quar.)	1%		Holders of rec. Sept. 15		
New York, Chicago & St. Louis, com. &	17%	Sept. 29	Atomers of rec. Sept. 15d		
preferred (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Aug. 15a		
N. Y. N. H. & Hartford, com	1 22	Oct. 10	Holders of rec. Sept. 10g		
Preferred (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10d		
Norfolk & Western, com. (quar.)	2	Sept. 19	Holders of rec. Aug. 31a		
Old Colony (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 154		
Pere Marquette, com. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 74		
Prior preferred & preferred (quar.)	1%	Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 5a		
Pittsb. Bessemer & L. E., com. (quar.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15		
Pittsb. Ft. Wayne & Chic., com. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a		
Preferred (quar.)	134	Oct. 2	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a		
Reading Co., 2nd pref. (quar.)		Oct. 11	Holders of rec. Sept. 20g		
St. Joseph South Bend & Sou, com	34	Sept. 15	Sept. 11 to Sept. 14		
Preferred	234	Sept. 15	Sept. 11 to Sept. 14		
St. Louis-San Francisco, com. (qu.)	136	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14		
Common (extra)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14		
6% preferred (quar.) (No. 1)	134	Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 84		
6% preferred (quar.)	136	Feb.129	Hold. of rec. Jan. 7 '29a		
St. Louis Southwestern, pref. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a		
Southern Pacific Co. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Aug. 24a		
Southern Ry. M. & O. stock tr. ctf	3	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a		
Texas & Pacific (quar.)	114	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Aug. 31a		
Union Pacific, com. (quar.)	234	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14		
Preferred	2	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14		
Preferred Vicksburg Shreveport & Pacific, com	214	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 8a		
Preferred	234	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 8a		

Name of Company.	Cent.	Payable.	Days Inclusive.
Public Utilities.		-10	CONTRACTOR OF STREET
American Community Power—	\$1.50	Oct 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
1st preferred (No. 1) (quar.) Preference (No. 1) (quar.)	\$1.50	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
American & Foreign Power, pref. (qu.) Pref. allot. certificates (quar.)	\$1.75	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 14 *Holders of rec. Sept. 14
Pref. allot. ctfs. 45% part. pd. (qu.)	78% e	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14s
American Power & Light, \$6 pref. (ou.)	\$1.50	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 13a
\$5 preferred, series A (quar.) Amer. Public Util. pf. & partic pf.(qu.)	*61 % c 78 % c \$1.50 62 % c. *\$1.75 \$1.50 \$1.50	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 13 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Amer. Superpower Corn 1st prof (on)	\$1,50	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
\$6 preference (quar.) Amer. Telep. & Teleg. (quar.)	234	Oct. 1 Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 18 Holders of rec. Sept. 20s
American Water Works & Electric— \$6 first preferred (quar.)	2737	F-1-17-3	The second second second
	\$1.50 #87 1/5 c	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 12s Holders of rec. Aug. 31
36 preferred (quar.) Associated Telep. Utilities, \$7 pf. (qu.)	181.75	Oct. 1 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Aug. 31
\$6 preferred (quar.)	\$1.70	Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Aug. 31 Holders of rec. Aug. 31
\$6 preferred (quar.) Barcelona Trac. Lt. & Pr., part. pf. (qu.) Bell Telep. of Canada (quar.)	*134	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 21
Den Telep, of Pa., 5 % % pref. (quar.)	*1%	Oct. 15 Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 22 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Boston Elevated Ry., com. (quar.) Second preferred	136	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 12
Brooklyn-Manhattan Tran cor A (on)	91 KA	Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 12 Holders of rec. Oct. 16
Preferred series A (quar.) Preferred series A (quar.) Brooklyn Union Cos (quar.)	\$1.50	Jani5'29 Apri5'29	Holders of rec. Dec. 31s Held. of rec. Apr. 1 '29s
Droomyn Chion Gas (quar.)	\$1.25		Holders of rec. Sept. 6a
Buffalo Niagara & East. Power— Common and class A (quar.)	*30c.	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Old preferred (quar)	*40c. *\$1.25	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
First preferred (quar.) Calgary Power, Ltd. (quar.)	*\$1.25	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Oct. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Cautornia-Oregon Power, com. (quar.)	1% 1% 1%	Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 30
7% pref. (quar.) 6% pref. (quar.)	134	Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 30 Holders of rec. Sept. 30
Central III. Pub. Serv., pref. (quar.)	* \$1.50	Oct. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 30 *Holders of rec. Sept. 10
6% pref. (quar.) 6% pref. (quar.) Central III. Pub. Serv., pref. (quar.) Central Maine Pow. 7% pref. (quar.) Six per cent pref. (quar.) Central Public Serv. Corp., cl. A (qu.). 86 pl. (qu.) (No. 1) Central & S. W. Utilities. com. (quar.)	11/4 *\$1.50 *11/4 *11/4	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 10 *Holders of rec. Sept. 10
Central Public Serv. Corp., el. A (qu.) _n	*43 %0	Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Aug. 26 *Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 29 Holders of rec. Sept. 29
Central & S. W. Utilities, com. (quar.)	75e	Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 106
Central States Elec. Corp., com. (quar.)	25c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10
Seven per cent pref. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	
Six per cent pref. (quar.) Central States P. & L., \$7 pref. (qu.)	*81.75	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10
Chic. North Shore & Milw., pref. (quar.)	*156	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Preferred (quar.) Chicago Rapid Transit (monthly)	*136	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Monthly	*60c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 18
Cincinnati & Subur. Bell Telep. (quar.)	•1.13	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 18
Citles Service Pow. & Lt. \$6 pref.(mthly) \$7 preferred (monthly)	58 1-3c	Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 1
Coast Cos. Gas & Elec., 1st & 2d pf.(qu.) Columbus Elec. & Power, com. (quar.)	*136	Sept. 15 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 1
Second preferred (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10s
Preferred, series B (quar.) Preferred, series C (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	
Commonwealth Power, com. (quar.)	1 75c	Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 11a
Six per cent pref. (quar.) Consol. G. E. L. & P., Balt., com. (qu.)	*136	Nov. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	
Preferred A (quar.)	*114	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Preferred D (quar.) Preferred E (quar.)	136	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Sept. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Preferred E (quar.) Preferred E (quar.) Consolidated Gas, N. Y., com. (quar.) Consumers Power Co. 6% pfd. (quar.) 6.6% preferred (quar.)	\$1.25	Sept. 18	
		Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
7% preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (monthly)	136	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
6.6% preferred (monthly)	.1 55e	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Continental Gas & Elec., com. (qu.)		Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 12a Holders of rec. Sept. 12a
Denver Tramway, pref	- 75c	Oct.	Holders of ree Sent 15g
Duluth-Superior Tract., pref. (quar.)	. 31	Oct. 1	
Eastern Mass, St. Rv., adj. stock	234	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Eastern Texas Electric Co., pref. (qu.) Elec. Power & Light, pref. (quar.)	81.78	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 13
Allot. etfs., full paid (quar.)	70c.	Oct.	
Electric Public Service, pref. (quar.) Electric Public Utilities, pref. (quar.)	136	Oct.	
Empire Gas & Fuel 8% pref (monthly)	BR 2-3	e Oct	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
7% preferred (monthly)	F159 1-3	olf lot	
6% preferred (monthly)	- *50c	Oct.	1 *Holders of reg. Sept. 15
Engineers Public Serv., conv. pf. (qu.) Federal Light & Trac., com, (quar.)	200	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 5a Holders of rec. Sept. 13a
Federal Light & Trac., com. (quar.) Common (payable in com. stock)	f15e	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 13a
General Gas & Elec. com. A (quar.)	37 1/4 c	Sept. 18	Holders of rec. Sept. 4 Holders of rec. Sept. 123
Galveston-Houston Elec. Co., pref. General Gas & Elec., com. A (quar.). \$ preferred class A (quar.). \$7 preferred class A (quar.)	82	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 12s
Preferred class B (quar.)	\$1.7	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 126
Great Western Power, pref. (quar.)	*1%	Oct. 1. Sept. 1.	Holders of rec. Oct. 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 5s
Preferred class B (quar.) Great Western Power, pref. (quar.) Guif States Utilities, 86 pref. (quar.) \$5.50 preferred (quar.). Illinois Bell Telen (quar.)	1.37	Sept. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 59 *Holders of rec. Sept. 28
Illinois Bell Telep. (quar.)		loope. m.	*Holders of rec. Sept. 28 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Seven per cent preferred (quar.)	134	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Illinois Power & Light, 6% pref. (qu.) - Indianapolis Power & Ligh—			Holders of rec. Sept. 10
Preferred (quar.)	15%		Holders of rec. Sept. 5
Indianapolis Water Co, pf. A (quar.) International Power, Ltd., 7% pf. (qy.	134	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 126 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
International Power, Ltd., 7% pf. (qy. Interstate Power, \$7 pref. (quar.)	- \$1.7	5 Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 10
Jersey Central Pr. & Lt., 7% pf. (quar.) 6% pref. (quar.)	1 136	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 17 Holders of rec. Sept. 17
K. C. Pow. & Light, 1st pf B (quar.)	\$1.5	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 14a
K. C. Public Serv., pref. A (quar.) Kentucky Hydro Elec. Co., pf. (quar.)	*134	Sept. 20	*Holders of rec. Aug. 31
Laclede Gas Light, com. (quar.)	214	Sept. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 1s
Tong Telend I to series A 76% of (ou)	184	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Series B 6% pref. (quar.) Louisville Gas & Elec., com. A & B (qu. Manhattan Rw. guar. stock (quar.)	43360	Sept. 2	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Aug. 316
ATTENDED TO THE PARTY OF THE PA	134	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 20a
Memphis Power & Light, \$7 pref. (qu.) \$6 preferred (quar.)	\$1.7	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Middle West Utilities, prior lien (quar.)	. 2	Sept. 1	Holders of rec. Aug. 31
\$6 prior tien (quar.) Monongahela West Penn Pub. Serv.—		Sept. 1	
7% preferred (quar.)	43%0		Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 14a
Montana Power, com. (quar.)	134	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
National Elec. Power, 6% pref. (quar.)	11%		Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 20
7% preferred (quar.) Nat. Public Service, com. A (quar.)	400	Sept.18	Holders of rec. Aug. 27
Preferred A (quar.) New England Power, pref. (quar.)	134 31.5	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 17 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
New England Pub. Serv., com. (quar.)	-400	Sept. 3	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Prior lien (quar.)	*81 7	5 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Aug. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 30
\$6 preferred (quar.)	*\$1 5	Oct. 1	5 *Holders of rec. Sept. 30
Adjustment, pref. (quar.)	2	Sept. 2	*Holders of rec. Sept. 30 Holders of rec. Sept. 10
N. Y. Central Elec. Corp., 7% pt. (qu.)	134	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a
\$7 preferred (quar.)	\$1.7	5 Oct.	1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a
New England Telep. & Teleg. (quar.). N. Y. Central Elec. Corp., 7% pf. (qu.) New York Steam Corp., 36 pref. (quar.). 7 preferred (quar.). New York Telephone, pref. (quar.). New York Water Service, pref. (quar.).	\$1.5	Oct. 1 Sept. 1	5 Holders of rec. Sept. 20 5 *Holders of rec. Sept. 5
rand service, piet. (quat.)	32.0		

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Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed Days Inclusive.	Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed Days Inclusive.			
Public Utilities (Concluded). North American Co., common (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	1215 75c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 5a Holders of rec. Sept. 5a	Miscellaneous (Continued). American Colortype, com. (quar.) Amer. Cyanamid, com. A & B (quar.)	30c.	Sept. 29 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 12 Holders of rec. Sept. 15			
Preferred (quar.) North Amer. Light & Power, \$6 pf. (qu.) North Amer. Utility Securities Corp.— First preferred (quar.)	\$1.50	Oct. 1 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Aug. 31	Common A & B (extra) Preferred (quar.) Amer. Eucaustic Tiling (quar.)	10c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Sept. 28	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 12a			
First preferred allot. ctfs. (quar.) Northern Ohio Pow. & Lt., 7% pf. (qu.)	(m)	Sept. 15 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Aug. 31 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Amer. Furniture Mart Bldg., pref. (qu.)	\$1.50		Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 20			
6% preferred (quar.)	11% 11%	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	American Hardware Corp.— QuarterlyQuarterly	\$1 \$1	Oct. 1 Jan 1'29	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Dec. 15a			
Okiahoma Gas & Elec., pref. (quar.) Pacific Telep. & Teleg., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	*1% 1%	Sept. 15 Sept. 29 Oct. 15	*Holders of rec. Aug. 31 Holders of rec. Sept. 20a	American Home Products (monthly) Amer. Linseed, pref. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)		Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Jan2'29	Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 20a Holders of rec. Dec. 21a			
Penn Central Lt. & Pr., \$5 pref. (quar.) - Penn. Gas & El. Corp., 7% pref. (qu.) -	\$1.25 *1%	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Amer. Locomotive, com. (quar.)	\$2	Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 13a Holders of rec. Sept. 13a			
\$7 preferred (quar.) Pennsylvania-Ohio P. & L., \$6 pf. (qu.) 7% preferred (quar.)	*81 75 \$1.50 1%	Nov. 1 Nov. 1	*Holders of ree. Sept. 20 Holders of ree. Oct. 20 Holders of ree. Oct. 20	American Manufacturing, com. (quar.) Common (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	1114	Oct. 1 Dec. 31 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Dec. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a			
7% preferred (quar.)	000	Oct. 1 Nov. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Oct. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Amer. Potash & Chem. Corp. (No. 1) American Radiator, common (quar.)	*50c.	Dec. 31 Sept. 29 Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Dec. 15a *Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a			
6.6% preferred (monthly) Pennsylvania Water & Pow. (quar.)	62340	Nov. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 14	Amer. Railway Express (quar.)	\$1.50 \$1	Sept. 29 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a			
Peoples Light & Pow.Corp. com A(qu.) - Philadelphia Electric (quar.) Philadelphia Traction	50c.	Sept. 15 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 8 Holders of rec. Aug. 31a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a	American Seating Co. com. (quar.) Amer. Shipbuilding, com. (quar.)	75c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Oct. 15a			
Portland Elec. Power, 6% pref. (qu.)	134 134 134	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Preferred (quar.) American Snuff, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	3	Nov. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 14a			
Power Corp. of Canada, 6% pf. (qu.) Public Service Co. of N. H. \$6 pref. (qu.)	75c.	Oct. 15 Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 29 *Holders of rec. Aug. 31	Amer. Steel Foundries, com. (quar.)	75c.	Oct. 15 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Oct. 1a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a			
\$5 preferred (quar.) Public Service Corp. of N. J., com. (qu.) 6% preferred (monthly)	*\$1.25 50c. 50c.	Sept. 29 Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 1a Holders of rec. Sept. 1a	Amer. Stores (quar.) Amer. Sugar Refg., pref. (quar.) Amer. Tobacco, pref. (quar.)	1.56	Oct. 1 Oct. 2 Oct. 1	Sept. 16 to Oct. 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 5a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a			
7% preferred (quar.) 8% preferred (quar.) \$5 preferred (quar.)	134	Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 1s Holders of rec. Sept. 1s	American Wholesale Corp., pref. (quar.) Angle Steel Tool (quar.) Armour & Co. (III.), pref. (quar.) Armour & Co. of Delaware, pref. (quar.)	\$1.75 20c. 1%	Oct. 15 Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 20a Holders of rec. Oct. 5 Holders of rec. Sept. 10a			
Public Serv. Co. of Okla., com. (quar.)	2 1%	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Sept. 25 to Oct. 1 Sept. 25 to Oct. 1			Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 10a *Holders of rec. Sept. 17			
6% prior lien stock (quar.) Public Service Elec. & Gas, 6% pfd. (qu.) 7% preferred (quar.)	134	Oct. 1 Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Sept. 25 to Oct. 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 1s Holders of rec. Sept. 1s	Extra Artloom Corp., com. (quar.) Common (quar.)	75e. 75e.	Oct. 1 Jan 1'29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 17 Holders of rec. Sept. 21a Holders of rec. Dec. 21a			
Radio Corp. of America, pref. A (qu.) San Joaquin L. & P., 7% pref. (quar.)	87 %c.	Oct. 1 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 1a *Holders of rec. Aug. 31 *Holders of rec. Aug. 31	Preferred (quar.)	1% 37%c	Dec. 1 Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Nov. 16a Holders of rec. Sept. 417a			
6% preferred (quar.) Savannah Elec. & Power, 1st pf. A (qu.) First preference, ser. B (quar.)	13%	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a	Associated Oil (quar.) Atlantic Gulf & West I. S. S. Lines— Preferred (quar.)		Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 17a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a			
Southern Calif. Edison, 7% pf.ser.A(qu.) 6% pref. series B (quar.) Southern Canada Power, pf. (quar.)	37 1/20	Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Oct. 15		Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Atlantic Refining (quar.) Atlantic Terra Cotta, pref. (quar.)	75c.	Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Dec. 11g Holders of rec. Aug. 21g Holders of rec. Sept. 5			
Southern Colo. Power, pref. (quar.) So west Gas Util., pref. (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	11/4 11/4 1.62/4			Autocar Co., pref. (quar.)	*2 75c.	Sept. 15 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15			
Southwestern Gas & Elec., pret. (qu.)	-174	Occ. I	*Rolders of rec. Sept. 15	Babcock & Wilcox Co. (quar.) Quarterly Quarterly	1% 1% 1%	Jan 1'29 Apr 1'29	Holders of rec. Dec. 20a Hold. of rec. Mar. 20 '29a			
Southwestern Light & Pow., pref. (qu.)_ Springfield Gas & Elec., pref. A (quar.)_ Standard Gas & Elec. 8% pref. (qu.)	*\$1.50 1% 31	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Aug. 31a	Balaban & Katz (monthly) Preferred (quar.) Bamberger (L.) & Co.—	*25c.		*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20			
Superior Water L. & Pow., pref. (qu.) _ Tennessee Elec. Power Co.—	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Preferred (quar.) Bancroft (Joseph) & Sons Co., com. (qu.)	62 1/4 c.	Dec. 1 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Nov. 100 Holders of rec. Sept. 15			
5% first preferred (quar.)	136	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Bankers Capital Corp., pref. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Barker Bros., com. (quar.) (No. 1)	\$2 \$2 50c.	Oct. 15 Jan15'29 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 1 Holders of rec. Dec. 31 Holders of rec. Sept. 14a			
7.2% preferred (quar.) 6% first preferred (monthly) 7.2% first preferred (monthly)	1.80 50c	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	61/2% pref. (quar.) Bastian Blessing Co. pref. (quar.)	\$1.75	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 20a *Holders of rec. Sept. 29			
Twin City R. T., Minneap., pref. (qu.) - United Gas & Elec. Corp., pref. (qu.) -	134	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 12a Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Beaton & Caldwell Co. (monthly) Beech-Nut Packing, com. (quar.) Belding Corticelli, Ltd., pref.(quar.)	60c.	Oct. 10 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 25 Holders of rec. Aug. 31			
United Gas Improvement (quar.) United Lt. & Pr., com. A & B, old (qu.). New common, A & B (quar.)	*60e *12e	Nov. 15 Nov. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15c *Holders of rec. Oct. 15 *Holders of rec. Oct. 15	Belgo Canadian Paper, pref. (quar.) Bendix Corp., class A (quar.) Best & Co. (quar.)	134 *50c. 75c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15			
Preferred A (quar.) Preferred B (quar.) United Public Utilities, \$6 pref. (qu.)	*81	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Best & Co. 'quar.') Bethlehem Steel, pref. (quar.) Bishop Oil Corp. Bloch Brothers Tobacco, com. (quar.).	1% 10e.	Oct. 1 Sept. 15 Nov. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 16 Holders of rec. Sept. 1			
Utah Gas & Coke, pf. & partic. pf. (qu.) Utah Power & Light, \$7 pref. (quar.)	134 81.7	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 5	Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Bohn Aluminum & Brass (quar.)	1 1 35	Sept. 30 Dec. 31	Sept. 25 to Sept. 29 Dec. 26 to Dec. 30			
\$6 preferred (quar.) Utilities Power & Light, class A (qu.) Class B (quar.)	w500	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 5 Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 14	Bolsa Chica Cil, class A (No. 1)	*2 \$1	Sept. 30	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Aug. 31 Holders of rec. Oct. 15a			
Seven per cent pref. (quar.) Virginia Elec. & Pow., 7% pref. (qu.) 6% preferred (quar.)	134	Oct. 1 Sept. 20 Sept. 20		Class B (quar.) Borg Warner Corp., com. (quar.) Pref. (for period June 12 to Oct. 1)	*50c. *\$1 *\$2.10	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 28 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20			
West Kootenay Power & Light, pf. (qu.) West Penn Elec. Co., class A (quar.)	1%	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 24 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	Extra	50c.	Oct. 15	Sept. 22 to Oct. 13 Sept. 22 to Oct. 13			
West Penn Rys., 6% pref. (quar.) Western Power Corp., 7% pref. (quar.) Winnipeg Elec. Co., pref. (quar.)	1% 1% 1%	Sept. 15 Oct. 15 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 1a Holders of rec. Sept. 6	Boston Woven Hose & Rub, com. (qu.) _ Brillo Manufacturing, cl. A (quar.) Bristol-Myers Co. (quar.)	50c.	Sept. 15 Oct. 1 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 19			
Wisconsin Power & Light, pref. (quar.). 6% pref. (No. 1)	*134	Sept. 15 Oct. 15 Sept. 20	*Holders of rec. Aug. 31 *Holders of rec. Sept. 30 Holders of rec. Aug. 31	Quarterly	\$1 (r) 21/2	Dec. 31 Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Dec. 21 Holders of coup. No. 1247 Holders of coupon No.50			
6 % % preferred (quar.)	134 156 135	Sept. 20 Sept. 20	Holders of rec. Aug. 31	Brockway Motor Truck conv. pf. (quar.) Buckeye Pipe Line (quar.)	\$134	Oct. 1 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Aug. 17			
Banks. America (Bank of) Nat. Assn. (quar.)	1	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 8	Preferred (quar.) Convertible preference (quar.)	62360	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 8a Holders of rec. Sept. 8a Holders of rec. Sept. 8a			
Bankamerie Corp. (quar.) Chase National (quar.) Chase Securities Co. (quar.) Chatham & Phenix Nat. (quar.)	12½ 3½	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 8 Holders of rec. Sept. 13a Holders of rec. Sept. 13a	Burns Bros., pref. (quar.) Bush Terminal, com. (quar.) Com. (payablein com. stock	134 *50c	.Nov. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 13a *Holders of rec. Oct. 5			
Chatham & Phenix Nat. (quar.) Chelsea Exchange (quar.) Commerce (Nat. Bank of) (quar.) Public Nat. Bank & Trust (quar.)	\$2	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 13 Holders of rec. Sept. 14a	Bush Terminal Bldg., pref. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1				
Seaboard National (quar.)	*4	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 14a *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 25	Butte & Superior Mining (quar.) By-Products Coke Corp., com. (qu.) California Ink, cl. A & B (quar.) Class A & B (extra)	500	Sept. 29 Sept. 20 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 5a *Holders of rec. Sept. 20			
Amer. Exchange Irving Trust (quar.) Bankers (quar.)	336	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14 Holders of rec. Sept. 14	Class A & B (extra) California Packing (quar.) California Petroleum, com. (quar.)	\$1	Oct. 1 Sept. 15 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Aug. 31s Holders of rec. Sept. 7a			
Equitable (quar.) Guaranty (quar.) Manufacturers (quar.)	- \$3	Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 14	Calumet & Arizona Mining (quar.) Calumet & Hecia Consol, Copper (qu.)	\$1.50 50c	Sept. 24 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 7a Holders of rec. Aug. 31a			
U. S. Trust (quar.)	\$15	Oct. Sept. 29 Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 22	Cambria Iron Canada Cement, pref. (quar.) Canada Malting, Ltd.	15%	Oct. 1 Sept. 30 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Aug. 31			
Fire Insurance. Rossia (quar.) Universal of Newark (quar.)	\$1.5 8716e	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 1	Canada Permanent Mtge. (quar.) Canadian Bakeries, Ltd., pref. (quar.) Canadian Car & Fdy., pref. (quar.)	*134	Oct. 1 Sept. 15 Oct. 10				
Miscellaneous. Acetol Products, Inc., cl. A (quar.)		Sept. 1		Canadian Gen'l Elec., pref. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15			
Adams Express, com. (quar.)	11/4	Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	Common (quar.) Common (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	134	Sept. 30 Dec. 31 Sept. 30	Holders of rec. Dec. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 20			
Alberta Pacific Grain, pref. (quar.) Allied Chem. & Dy, pref. (quar.) Aloe (A. S.) Co., com. (quar.)	- 1¾ - 1¾ - 620	Oct. Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 11a Holders of rec. Sept. 18	Carter (William) Co., pref. (quar.)	136	Dec. 31 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Dec. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 10 *Holders of rec. Sept. 10			
Preferred (quar.) Aluminum Manufactures, com. (quar.) Common (quar.)	134		Holders of rec. Sept. 18 Holders of rec. Sept. 15g	Celanese Corp. Amer., prior pf. (qu.)	134	Oct.				
Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Amer. Art Works, com. & pf. (quar.)	184	Sept 36 Dec. 3	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Dec. 15a	Celotex Co., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Central Alloy Steel, com. (quar.)	- 134 500	Oct. 10	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 25a			
Preferred (quar.)	- *756 - *134	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 30 1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Preferred (quar.)	134	Oct. 1 c Oct. 1 c Jan 2 '2	Holders of rec. Sept. 13a *Holders of rec. May 1s *Holders of rec. May 1s			
American Bank Note, common (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Amer. Can. pref. (quar.)	- 500 - 750	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 12a Holders of rec. Sept. 12a	Class A (quar.) Certain-teed Products, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Certo Corporation (quar.)	- \$1 - 1%	Oct. Oct. Sept. 3	Il Trouders of rec. peber rim			
Amer. Car & Foundry, com. (quar.)	- \$1.5	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 14a	Chelsea Exch. Corp., A & B (qu.)	250	Sept. 30	Holders of rec. Sept. 1s Holders of rec. Nov. 1			
American Bank Note, common (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Amer. Can, pref. (quar.) Amer. Car & Foundry, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Amer. Chain, pref. (quar.) Amer. Chailion Corp., pf.(qu.) American Chicle, common (quar.) Prior pref. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) American Cigar, pref. (quar.)	- *\$1.7 - 75	Sept 2 Nov. Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 19a *Holders of rec. Oct. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	Class A & B (quar.) Class A & B (quar.) Chesebrough Mfg. Co. (quar.)	- 256 - 256	E. Fb15'2' C. My15'2 Sept. 2	9 Hold. of rec. May 1 '29 9 Holders of rec. Sept. 10			
Prior pref. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) American Cigar, pref. (quar.)	- 134 - 134	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a 1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Extra Chic. Jefferson Fuse & Elec., com. (qu. Chic. Mill & Lumber, pref. (quar.)	250	c. Sept. 2 c Oct.				
androm Organ, pres. (Quar.)	-1 19	IUCE.	1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Unic. Mili & Lumber, pref. (quar.)	-1 -1%	ioet.	11 Holders of rec. Sept. 24			

Name of Company	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed Days Inclusive.	Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed Days Inclusive,
Miscellaneous (Continued). Chicago Yellow Cab Co. (monthly)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20a	Miscellaneous (Continued). Fuller (Geo. A.) Co. partie. prior pf. (qu)	136	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a
Monthly Monthly Chickasha Cotton Oil (quar.)	25c.	Nov. 1 Dec. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 19a Holders of rec. Nov. 20a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a	Gamewell Co. (quar.) Gen. Amer. Tank Car, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	*\$1.25	Sept. 15 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 5 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a
Quarterly	75c.	Jan 1'29 Apr 1'29	Holders of rec. Dec. 10a Holders of rec. Mar 9 '29a	General Electric common (quar.)	*1%	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 26	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15a *Holders of rec. Aug. 31 Holders of rec. Sept. 21a
Quarterly Chile Copper Co. (quar.) Chrysler Corp., common (quar.)	75e. 621/2e	Jul 1'29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 5a			O-4 00	Holders of rec. Sept. 21a Holders of rec. Oct. 8a
Preferred (quar.)	2	Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Jan 2'29	Holders of rec. Sept. 17a Holders of rec. Sept. 17a Holders of rec. Dec. 17a	General Motors, 6% pref. (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). 6% debenture stock (quar.). General Railway Signal, com. (quar.). Preferred (quar.).	11/4	Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 8a Holders of rec. Oct. 8a
Preferred (quar.). Cities Service, common (monthly) Common (payable in com. stock)	136	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15				Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Sept. 21 to Sept. 30
Preferred and preferred B B (mthly) Preferred B (monthly)	5c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Monthly Monthly	25c. 25c.	Nov. 1 Dec. 1	Oct. 21 to Oct. 31 Nov. 21 to Nov. 30
Cleveland Builders Supply & Brick (qu.) Club Aluminum Utensil (quar.) Cluett, Peabody & Co., pref. (quar.)	*50c.	Sept. 15 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 20a	Monthly Monthly Glen Alden Coal (quar.) Glidden Co., prior pref. (quar.) Globe Grain & Milling, com. (quar.) 1st preferred (quar.) 2d preferred (quar.)	*\$2.50 \$1.75 *500	Sept. 20 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 10 Holders of rec. Sept. 14a *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Coats (J. & P.) Ltd. Amer. dep. rcts. for ord. stk	(1)	Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Aug. 20				
Coca-Cola Co., common (quar.)	83	Oct. I	Holders of rec. Sept. 12s Holders of rec. Sept. 12 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Goldberg (S. M.) Stores, Inc., pf. (No. 1) Golden Gate Ferries, pref. (quar.) Goodrich (B. F.) Co., pref. (quar.)	\$1.75 *50c. 1%	Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 1
Common (quar.) Common (quar.) Common (quar.) Common (quar.)	62 1/4 c. 62 1/4 c.	Ja. 2'29 Ap.1'29	Holders of rec. Dec. 15 Holders of rec. Mar. 15	Goodyear Textile Mills (quar.)	* \$1.75		*Holders of rec. Sept. 10a *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 1a
			*Holders of rec. June 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 18 *Holders of rec. Sept. 12	Goodyear Tire & Rubb. of Calif. (qu.)	*\$1.75	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Colt's Patent Fire Arms Mfg. (quar.) Commercial Credits, com. (quar.) 6½% 1st preferred (quar.)	25c.	Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a	Goodyear Tire & Rub., Canada, pf. (qu.) Common (extra) Preferred (quar.)	*\$1	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
7% preferred (quar.)	43% c	Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a	Gossard (H. W.) Co., com. (monthly) Common (monthly) Common (monthly)	33 1-3c	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20a Holders of rec. Oct. 19a
Commercial Invest. Trust, com. (quar.) 7% first preferred (quar.) 6½% first preferred (quar.)	134	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	Common (monthly) Common (monthly) Gotham Silk Hosiery (aver)	33 1-30 33 1-30	Dec. 1 Jan1'29	Holders of rec. Nov. 20a Holders of rec. Dec. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 12a
Commercial Solvents Corp. (quar.) Congress Cigar (quar.)	\$2 \$1	Oct. 1 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 20a Holders of rec. Sept. 14	Common (monthly) Gotham Silk Hostery (quar.) Graham-Paige Motors, lst pf. (quar.) Granite City Steel, pref. (quar.)	*1%	Oct. 1 Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Golders of rec. Sept. 18
Extra Consol. Automatic Merchandising, pref. Consolidated Cigar, com. (quar.)	*43%	Sept. 28 Sept. 18 Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 14 *Holders of rec. Sept. 14 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	Grasselli Chemical, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Great Western Sugar, com. (quar.)	67c.	Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 14 Holders of rec. Sept. 14
Consolidated Dairy Prod. (quar.) Consumers Co., prior pref. (quar.)	*50c	Oct.	*Holders of rec. Sept. 14 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Preferred (quar.)	136	Oct. 2 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 14a
Container Corp. of Amer., com. A (qu.) Common class B (quar.)		Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a *Holders of rec. Sept. 10	Greene Cananea Copper (quar.) Greenfield Tap & Die Corp., 6% pf. (qu.) 8% preferred (quar.) Greif Bros. Cooperage A (quar.)	11/2	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Preferred (quar.) Continental Baking, pref. (quar.) Cooksville Shale Brick, Ltd., pref. (qu.)	2	Oct. Sept. 18	Holders of rec. Sept. 17a Holders of rec. Aug. 31	Group No. 1 Oil. Gruen Watch, common (quar.)	\$100 50c.	Oct. 18 Dec. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Nov. 200
Cosgrave Export Brewery (quar.) Coty, Inc. (quar.) Crane Co., common (quar.)	136	Sept. 18 Sept. 30	Holders of rec. Sept. 18a	Preferred (quar.)	50c.	Mar1'29 Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Feb. 19'29a Holders of rec. Oct. 20a
Preferred (quar.) Cresson Cons. Gold Min. & Mill. (quar.)	1.72	Sept. 18 Sept. 18	Holders of rec. Sept. 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 1	Preferred (quar.) Guantanamo Sugar, pref. (quar.) Gulf Oil Corp. (quar.)	1% 2 37 %c	Oct. 1	Hold. of rec. Jan. 19 '29a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Crosley Radio (stock dividend) Crosley Radio Corp. (quar.)	25c	Dec. 31 Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 20a	Gurd (Charles) & Co., Ltd., com	75e.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 156 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Quarterly Crowley Milner & Co., com. (quar.) Crown Willamette Paper, 1st pf. (quar.)	*50c	Jan 1'29 Sept. 30 Oct.	Holders of rec. Dec. 20a *Holders of rec. Sept. 10 Holders of rec. Sept. 13a	Preferred (quar.) Hall (C. M.) Lamp (quar.) Hamilton United Theatres, Ltd.,pf.(qu.)	1% *25e 1%	Oct. 1 Sept.15 Sept. 29	
2nd preferred (quar.)	\$1.50	Oct. Sept. 3	Holders of rec. Sept. 13 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	Hanes (P. H.) Knitting, pref. (quar.) —— Harbison-Walker Refrac., pref. (quar.)	11%	Oct. 20	Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Cuban-Amer. Sugar, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Cuneo Press, pref. (quar.)	. 25c	Sept. 2: Sept. 2: Sept. 1:	Holders of rec. Sept. 1a	Hawailan Comm'l & Sugar (extra) Extra	*25c	Nov. 8	*Holders of rec. Sept. 25
Curtis Publishing Co., com. (monthly)	-500	Oct.	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Hawaiian Pineapple (extra) Hecla Mining (quar.) Helme (George W.) Co., com. (quar.)	*15e \$1.28	Sept. 18	*Holders of rec. Sept. 21 *Holders of rec. Aug. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 10s
Preferred (quar.) Curtiss Aeroplane & Motor, com. (qu.) Cutler-Hammer Mig. (quar.)	. 87c	Sept. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 1a Holders of rec. Sept. 4a Holders of rec. Sept. 29	Hercules Powder, com. (quar.)	2 2 2	Oct. Sept. 2	Holders of rec. Sept. 10s Sept. 16 to Sept. 25
Darby Petroleum (quar.) David & Frere, Ltd. (Montreal) Common class A (quar.)	1	1	The second secon	Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett&Co.(mthly) Holly Oil (quar.) Homestake Mining (Monthly)	25e 50e		Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 20a
Common class A (quar.) Davis Industries, class A (quar.) Class A (quar.) Class B (quar.) Class B (quar.) Class B (quar.) Davis Mills, common (quar.)	*3114	Oct.	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Dec. 20	Honolulu Consol. Oll (quar.)	*50c	. Sept. 1.	*Holders of rec. Sept. 5 *Holders of rec. Sept. 5
Class B (quar.) Class B (quar.) Davis Mills, common (quar.)	*31%	Sept. 2	9 *Holders of rec. Dec. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 8 *Holders of rec. Sept. 5	Hudson Motor Car (quar.) Humble Oil & Refg. (quar.) Extra	. *20c	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 11a +Holders of rec. Sept. 11 +Holders of rec. Sept. 11
Decker (Alfred) & Cohn, com. (quar.) Deere & Co., common (quar.) Detroit & Cleveland Navigation (quar.)	\$1.5	Oct.	Troidesp or root pober o	Humphreys Mfg., com. & pref. (quar.) Hydraulic Press Brick, pref. (quar.)	*50c 11/2 60c	Oct.	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 22
Devoe & Raynolds, Inc., com.A&B (qu. Common A & B (extra)	*600	Oct.	*Holders of rec. Sept. 21 *Holders of rec. Sept. 21	Illinois Brick (quar.) Illinois Safety Razor, cl. B (No.1) (qu.) Imperial Tobacco (Can.), ord. (interim)	*50c	Oct. Sept. 2	*Holders of rec. Sept. 19 Holders of rec. Sept. 7
First and second preferred (quar.) Diamond Match (quar.) Doehler Die-Casting, pref. (quar.)	- 2	Sept. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Aug. 31a *Holders of rec. Sept. 20	India Tire & Rubber, pref. (quar.)	*1¾ *75c	Sept. 25 Oct. Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 7 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 18
7% pref. 50% paid (quar.)	*8734	oct.	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Insurance Securities Co., Inc. (quar.)	35c \$1.2	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. d14 Holders of rec. Sept. 22a
Dominion Glass, com. & pref. (quar.) - Dominion Textile, com. (quar.) - Preferred (quar.) - Douglas (W. L.) Shoe, pref. (quar.)	-1 172	Oct. 5 Oct. Oct. 1	1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 5 Holders of rec. Sept. 29	Internat. Buttonhole Sew. Mach. (qu.). International Cement. com. (quar.)	\$1 \$1.7	Oct. Bept. 28	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 11a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a
Draper Corporation (quar.)	_ 31	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 1	Internal.Comb. Engineering, pref.(qu.) Internat. Equities Corp., class A (quar. International Harvester com. (quar.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 25a
Dunhill International (quar.)	\$1	Oct. 1 Jan15'2	9 Holders of rec. Dec. 31a	International Nickel, com. (quar.)	75c	Sept. 2 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20a
Quarterly Du Pont (E. I.) de Nem. & Co.,com.(qu Debenture Stock (quar.)	1 1 36	Ap15'2 Sept. 1 Oct. 2 Nov.	5 Holders of rec. Aug. 31a	Six per cent pref. (quar.) Internat. Safety Razor, cl. B (No.1) (qu. International Shoe, com. (quar.)	500	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 19 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Eastern Bankers Corp., preferred (quar.	134	Nov. Feb1'2 c Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 30 Holders of rec. Dec. 31 Holders of rec. Sept. 20a	Preferred (monthly)	50c	Vov.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Oct. 15a
Preferred (quar.) Eastern Rolling Mill (quar.) Eastern Steamship Lines, 1st pf. (qu.) Second preferred (quar.)	*134	Oct.	1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 22 1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 22	Preferred (monthly) International Silver, pref. (quar.) Interstate Iron & Steel, com. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Nov. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 12a Holders of rec. Oct. 5a
Second preferred (quar.) Eastman Kodak, common (quar.) Common (extra)	\$1.2 750	5 Oct.	Holders of rec. Aug. 31a Holders of rec. Aug. 31a	Intertype Corp., 1st pref. (quar.)	\$1	J'nl5'2 Oct.	Holders of rec. Jan.5'29a Holders of rec. Sept. 14
Pref. (quar.) Eisenlohr (Otto) & Bros., pref. (quar.) Eitingon Schild Co., pref. (quar.)	134	Oct. Oct. Sept. 1	1 Holders of rec. Aug. 31 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 20a 5 Holders of rec. Sept. 1a	Jawel Tea. com. (quar.)	\$1	Oct. 1	5 Holders of rec. Aug. 31 6 Holders of rec. Oct. 2a 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 14a
Electric Controller & Mfg. (quar.) Electric Storage Battery, com. & pf. (qu.	\$1.2 \$1.2	oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 20a Holders of rec. Sept. 8a	Preferred (quar.) Johns-Mansville Co., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Johnston (R. F.) Paint, 8% pf. (quar.)	- 750	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 1a Holders of rec. Sept. 17a
Emerson Electric Mfg., pref. (quar.) Emporlum Capwell Corp., com. (quar.) Endicott Johnson Corp., com. (quar.)	_ 500	Oct. Sept. 2 5 Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 1a Holders of rec. Sept. 20a			Oct.	1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a 1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Preferred (quar.) Equit. Off. Bldg. Corp. new com.(No.1) 134 500	Oct. Oct. Oct.	1 Holders of rec. Sept. 20a 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	Jones & Laughini, prei. (dat.) Kaynee Co., com. (quar.) Common (extra) Common (extra) Common (extra)	*12 14	e Oct. c Jan 1'2	1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 9 *Holders of rec. Dec. 20
Preferred (quar.) Ewa Piantation (extra) Fair (The), com. (monthly)	- *\$1 20e	Sept. 1	5 *Holders of rec. Sept. 5 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 20a	Keith-Albee-Ornheum Corp., pref. (qu.	134	Oct.	1 Holders of rec. Sept. 19a
Fairbanks, Morse & Co., com. (quar.). Fanny Farmer Candy Shops, com. (qu.)	_ 250	Sept. 2 c. Oct. Jan 1'2	1	Kennecott Copper (quar.)	\$1.5	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 20a Holders of rec. Aug. 31a *Holders of rec. Oct. 5
Common (quar.) Fashion Park, Inc., com. (quar.) Faultless Rubber (quar.)	500	Nov. 3	0 Holders of rec. Nov. 30a 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 14	Keystone Steel & Wire, com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Kimberly-Clark Corp., com. (qu.) (No.1	1 *1%	oct. 1	5 *Holders of rec. Oct. 5 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 17
Federal Mining & Smelting— Preferred (quar.) Federal Motor Truck (quar.)		Sept. 1	5 Holders of rec. Aug. 24a 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	King Phillip Mills (quar.)	- *134 - 134	Oct. Dec. 1	1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Stock dividend	*2 *2	Oct. Sept. 2	5 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a 9 *Holders of rec. Sept. 19	Stock dividend	- *139	Oct. Sept. 2	1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 10 9 Holders of rec. Sept. 10a
Fifth Avenue Bus Securities (quar.)	31.7	5 Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14a 5 Holders of rec. Nov. 1 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 13a	Preferred (quar.)	200	Sept. 2 c. Sept. 1	9 Holders of rec. Sept. 10a
First National Stores, com. (quar.) First preferred (quar.)	37 134	Oct.	1 Holders of rec. Sept. 20a 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Extra Landers France Clark (quar.)	50		1 Holders of rec. Sept. 17a Holders of rec. Sept. 21a
Fleischmann Co., com. (quar.) Florsheim Shoe, 6% pref. (quar.)	*134	Oct.	1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a 1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 5	Lawrence Portland Cement (quar.)	*2	Sept. 2	Holders of rec. Dec. 22a 9 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Follansbee Brothers Co., Pitts., com Preferred (quar.)	*30	c. Oct.	5 Holders of rec. Sept. 8 1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Lawyers Title Guaranty Lehigh Portland Cement, pref (qu.)	134	Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 20a Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 14a
Preferred (quar.)	- *1¾ 25	Oct.	1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Liggett & Myers Tobacco, pref. (qu.)	- 1¾ 50	Oct. c. Sept. 2	1 Holders of rec. Sept. 10a 19 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a
Class A participating stock (quar.) Formica Insulation (quar.)	25	c. Oct.	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	Loose-Wiles Biscuit, com. (quar.)	- 40	Oct.	1 Holders of rec. Oct. 18a 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 18a 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a
Extra	25	c. Jan1'2	Holders of rec. Dec. 154 Holders of rec. Dec. 154		*50	c.lOct.	1 *Holders of rec. Sept. 204

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed Days Inclusive	Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed Days Inclusive.
Miscellaneous (Continued). Mack Trucks, Inc., common (quar.)		Sept. 30	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	Miscellaneous (Continued). St. Joseph Lead (quar.)		Sept. 20	Sept. 9 to Sept. 20
Mallinson (H. R.) & Co., Inc., pf. (qu.) Preferred (quar.)	134	Oct. 1 Jan 2'29	Holders of rec. Sept. d20a Holders of rec. Dec. 20a	ExtraQuarterly		Dec. 20	Sept. 9 to Sept. 20 Dec. 9 to Dec. 20
Manhattan Shirt, pref. (quar.)	50c.	Oct. 10	Holders of rec. Sept. 17a Holders of rec. Sept. 20	St. L. Rocky Mtn. & Pac. Co., com.(qu.)	36	Dec. 20 Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Dec. 9 to Dec. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a
Mathieson Alkali Wks., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	\$1.50 1¾ 37 ½c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 17a Holders of rec. Sept. 17a	Preferred (quar.) St. Maurice Valley Corp., pref (qu.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Marriag Co (quer)	37 1/3 c. 10e.	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 20a	Salt Creek Consol. Oil (quar.) Sangamo Elec. Co. (quar.) Sanitary Grocery Co., com. (quar.)	*50c.	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 10 Holders of rec. Sept. 5
McLellan Stores, class A & B (No. 2) Merchants & Mfrs. Sec., pref. (quar.) Prior preferred (quar.)	*37 16c	Oct. 1 Oct. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20a *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 29	Savage Arms, 1st pref. (quar.)	*1%	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Nov. 1
Mergenthaler Linotype (quar.)	\$1.25	Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 5a Holders of rec. Sept. 5a	Schiff Co., conv. pref. (quar.) Schulte Retail Stores, com. (quar.)	*1% 87%c	Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Aug. 31 Holders of rec. Nov. 156
Metro-Goldwyn Pictures pref. (quar.). Metropolitan Paving Brick, pref. (qu.)	47 % e	Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Aug. 25a Holders of rec. Sept. 14	Common (payable in com. stock) Common (payable in com. stock)	113/2	Dec. 1 Mar '29	Holders of rec. Nov. 15
Meyer-Banke Co., pref. (No. 1) Midland Steel Products, common (qu.)	*1¾ \$1	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 19	Preferred (quar.)	*75c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 12a *Holders of rec. Sept. 21
Common (extra) Preferred (quar.) Midvale Company (quar.)	\$2	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 19 Holders of rec. Sept. 19	Sears, Roebuck & Co.— Quarterly (payable in stock)	61	Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 15a
Miller (I.) & Sons com. (qu.) (No. 1).	50c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Quarterly (payable in stock)	#1 50c.	Feb1'29 My1'29 Sept. 15	Hold. of rec. Jan. 15 '29a Hold. of rec. Apr. 13 '29a
MinneapHoneywell Regulator, pf. (qu) Mitcheil (J. S.) Co., pref. (quar.)		Nov. 15 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Seeman Brothers, Inc. (extra) Extra	50c.		Holders of rec. Aug. 31a Hold'rs of rec. Mar.1'29a Holders of rec. Aug. 31
Mohawk Carpet Mills com	\$1.75		Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 20a Holders of rec. Aug. 31	Preferred 'quar.)	134	Oct. 15 Sept. 15	Holders of ree. Sept. 30 Sept. 1 to Sept. 16
Preferred (quar.)	1%	Sept. 15 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Aug. 31 Holders of rec. Aug. 31	Shell Union Oil (quar.)		Sept. 30 Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 6s Holders of rec. Oct. 20
Morgan Lithograph, common (quar.) Morris (Philip) & Co., Ltd., Inc. (qu.)	\$1.25 25e.	Oct. 1 Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 20g Holders of rec. Oct. 1s	Class A (quar.)	75c.	Feb1 29 Mayl 29	Hold. of rec. Jan. 20 29 Hold. of rec. Apr. 20 29
Quarterly	62 14c.	n. 16'29 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Sherwin-Wms Co., Canada, com. (qu.). Preferred (quar.) Shubert Theatre Corp. (quar.)	134	Sept. 30 Sept. 30	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Motor Wheel Corp., com. (quar.)	25c.	Sept. 20 Sept. 20	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a	Skelly Oil (quar.)	50c.	Sept. 15 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 1a Holders of rec. Aug. 15a
Com. (payable in com. stock) Mountain Producers (quar.)	65c.		Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron, com. (qu.) Preferred (quar.)	134	Sept. 20 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10s Holders of rec. Sept. 20s
Mt. Diablo Min. & Devel. (monthly) Murphy (G. C.) Co. (quar.)	*½c. 25c.	Dec. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 24 Holders of rec. Nov. 21	Smallwood Stone (quar.) Smith (F. H.) Co., 71/2 % preferred	6234c	Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 5 Holders of rec. Sept. 5
Nachmann-Springfield Co. (No. 1) National American Co., Inc. (quar.)	*50c. 50c.	Nov. 1 Oct. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Oct. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 28a	7% preferred	31/2 *50c. *50c.	Sept. 15 Oct. 1 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 5 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15
National Biscuit, com. (quar.) National Breweries, Ltd., com. (qu.) Preferred (quar.)	\$1	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 28a Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	South Porto Rico Sugar com (quar)	*25c.	Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
National Candy, common (quar.)	43% c	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 12a Holders of rec. Sept. 12a	Common (extra) Preferred (quar.) South West Pa. Pipe Lines (quar.)	25c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a
National Casualty (Detroit) (quar.)	75e.	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Aug. 31 Holders of rec. Sept. 44	Spaiding (A. G.) & Bros., com. (qu.)	\$1.25	Oct. 1 Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 29
Preferred A & B (quar.)	*\$1.75 \$1.25	Oct. 1 Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 4a Holders of rec. Sept. 14a	Sparks-Withington Co., com. (quar.)	\$1 75c.	Oct. 15 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 29 Holders of rec. Sept. 19
Preferred class A (quar.)	136	Sept. 15 Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Aug. 31s Holders of rec. Oct. 19s	Preferred (quar.)	*40c.	Sept. 15 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 5 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15
National Standard Co. (quar.) National Sugar Refining (quar.)	136	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 4	Sperry Flour, pref. B. (quar.) Standard Commercial Tobacco (quar.)	*1¾ 25c.		*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 20a
National Surety (quar.)	\$1	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 18a Holders of rec. Sept. 14a	Standard Milling, com. (qu.) Preferred (quar.)	136	Sept. 29 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 17a Holders of rec. Sept. 17a Holders of rec. Aug. 17a
National Transit (extra) Nauheim Pharmacies, Inc., pref. (quar.) Nelson (Herman) Corp., stock div	62 14c.	Nov. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Aug. 31 Holders of rec. Oct. 17 Holders of rec. Sept. 18s	Extra	*62 1/2 c *25c.	Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Aug. 16 *Holders of rec. Aug. 16
Neptune Meter com. A (quar.) Nevada Consolidated Copper (quar.)	*50c.	Sept. 15 Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 14a	Standard Oil (Ky.) (quar.) Standard Oil (Nebraska) (quar.)	*\$1 63c.	Sept. 29 Sept. 20	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Newberry (J. J.) Co. com. (gu.) (No. 1) New England Equity Corp., pref. (qu.)	30c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Standard Oil (N. I.) per \$25 (quer.)	25c.	Sept. 20	Aug. 26 to Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Aug. 25a
New York Auction Co. (quar.) New York Transportation (quar.)	50c.	Sept. 15 Sept. 28	Holders of rec. Sept. 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 13a	\$25 par value stock (extra) \$100 par value stock (quar.)	12 ⅓e. \$1	Sept. 15 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Aug. 25a Holders of rec. Aug. 25a
Nichols Copper, common North American Provision, pref. (quar.)	*1%	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 10	Standard Oll of N. Y. (quar.)	40c.	Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Aug. 25a Holders of rec. Aug. 17a
Ohio Confection, class A (quar.) Ohio Oil (quar.) Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Ontario Mfg. com. (quar.) (No. 1) Preferred (quar.) Orpheum Circuit, pref. (quar.) Othe Fleyered (quar.)	*50c.	Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 7 *Holders of rec. Aug. 14 Holders of rec. Sept. 14a	Standard Oil (Onlo), com- Standard Royalties Wewoka Co. Preferred (monthly)	*1	Sent 15	*Wolders of rea Aug 21
Ontario Mfg. com. (quar.) (No. 1)	*45c.	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Stromberg Carburetor of Amer. (quar.) Stroock (S.) & Co. (quar.) Quarterly Sun Oil Co., common (quar.) Swedish Amer. Inv. Corp., com. (quar.) Participating preferred (quar.)	50c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 12a
Orpheum Circuit, pref. (quar.)Otis Elevator, pref. (quar.)	d2c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 19a Holders of rec. Sept. 29a	Quarterly Sun Oil Co., common (quar.)	*75c. 25c.	Dec. 22 Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Dec. 10 Holders of rec. Aug. 25
Otis Steel, prior pref. (quar.)	134 75c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 19a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	Swedish Amer. Inv. Corp., com. (quar.) - Participating preferred (quar.)	\$1.62 1/2 \$1.62 1/2	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Pacific Nat. Co. (No. 1)	25c.	Oct. 1 Sept. 29		Swift & Co. (quar.) Sylvestre Oil, com. (quar.) Telautograph Corp., pref. (quar.)	*15c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10 *Holders of rec. Sept. 10
Monthly Monthly Palmolive Peet, com. (in stock)		Oct. 31 Nov. 30	Holders of rec. Oct. 15a Holders of rec. Nov. 15a *Holders of rec. Aug. 10	Tennessee Copper & Chemical (qu.)	25e. 75e.	Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Aug. 316
Paraffine Cos., Inc. (quar.)	*75c.	Sept. 27	*Holders of rec. Sept. 17 *Holders of rec. Sept. 17	Tennessee Copper & Chemical (qu.) Texas Corp. (quar.) Texas Guif Sulphur (quar.) Texan Oil & Lord	\$1	Sept. 15 Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 7a Holders of rec. Sept. 1a Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Extra Paragon Refining, pref. (No. 1) Param't Famous Lasky Corp. com.(qu.)	*\$3	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 7a	Texon Oil & Land Thompson Products, class A (quar.) Class A (extra)			Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Park-Utah Consol. Mines (quar.)	75c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 14	Holders of rec. Sept. 11a Holders of rec. Sept. 29a	Class B (quar.) Class B (extra)	30c. 10c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Park & Tilford (quar.) Stock dividend (quar.) Quarterly Stock dividend (quar.)	75c.	Oct. 14 Ja 14'29	Holders of rec. Sept. 29a Holders of rec. Dec. 29a	Thompson Products, class A (quar.) Class A (extra) Class B (quar.) Class B (quar.) Tidal Osage Oil Co. (quar.) Tidd Water Oil, com. (quar.) Todd Shipyards (quar.) Toddy Corp., class A (quar.) Traveler Shoe (quar.) Traymore, Ltd., com. (quar.) Preference (quar.) Trix Food Products, common Truscon Steel. com. (quar.)	*50c. 20c.	Sept. 15 Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 5 Holders of rec. Sept. 17a
Quarterly	75c.	Ja 14'29 Ap14'29	Holders of rec. Dec. 29a Hold, of rec. Mar. 29 '29a	Toddy Corp., class A (quar.)	*\$1 50c.	Sept. 20 Oct. 10	*Holders of rec. Sept. 5 Holders of rec. Sept. 29
Stock dividend (quar.) Pender (D.) Grocery, cl. B (quar.) Class B (extra)	*25c.	Ap14'29 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Traymore, Ltd., com. (quar.)	12 1/2 e.	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Penick & Ford, pref. (quar.) Penney (J. C.) Co., pref. (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 20	Trix Food Products, common	25c.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Oct. 5
Pennsylvania-Dixle Cement, pref. (quar.)	134	Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Aug. 31a *Holders of rec. Sept. 8	Truscon Steel, com. (quar.) Underwood-Elliott Fisher Co.,com. (qu.) Pref. and pref. B (quar.) Union Carbide & Carbon (quar.)	\$1	Sept. 29 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 14a
Perfection Stove (monthly)	37 1/2 c. 37 1/2 c.	Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30		Union Guarantee Mtge. (quar.)	\$1.50 \$1.50	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 7a Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Monthly	3/ 39C.	Dec. 31	Holders of rec. Nov. 20a Holders of rec. Dec. 20a	Com. (quar.) Com. (extra) Union Mortgage, com. (quar.)	\$1	Jan2 '29 Jan2 '29	Holders of rec. Dec. 15 Holders of rec. Dec. 15
Pet Milk, common (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	134	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10 Holders of rec. Sept. 10	Com. (quar)	\$2 \$2	Oct. 1 Jan2 '29	
Pettibone-MillikenCo., 1st&2nd pf. (qu.) Phillips Petroleum (quar.)	371/se		*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Holders of rec. Sept. 14a	Com. (extra) 6% preferred (quar.)	134	Jan2 '29 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Pickrel Walnut Co. (quar.) Pilgrim Mills (quar.) Pittsburgh Plate Glass (quar.)		Sept. 15 Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Aug. 23 *Holders of rec. Sept. 15	6% preferred (quar.) Union Storage (quar.) Union Tobacco, class A (quar.)	11/4 62/40 \$1.75	Jan2 '29 Nov. 10	Holders of rec. Dec. 15 Holders of rec. Nov. 1 Holders of rec. Sept. 14
Pittsburgh Steel Foundry, pref. (quar.) Port Alfred Pulp & Paper Corp., pf. (qu.)	*11/4	Oct. 1 Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15	United Cigar Stores of Am., com. (quar.)	25c.	Sept. 29 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 12a Holders of rec. Sept. 12a
Pratt & Lambert, Inc., common (quar.)_ Pressed Steel Car, pref. (quar.)	*75c.	Oct. 1 Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15	United Fruit (quar.) United Milk Crate, class A (quar.)	\$1	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 1a *Holders of rec. Nov. 15
Price Bros. & Co., com. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	3/6	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Preferred (quar.)	\$1.50	Oct. 15 Jan6'29	Holders of rec. Oct. 14 Hold. of rec. Jan. 2 '294
Pro-phy-lac-tic Brush, pref. (quar.) Prudence Co., Inc., pref. (quar.)	11/6 J	Sept. 15 an 15'29	Holders of rec. Aug. 31 Holders of rec. Dec. 31a	Preferred (quar.) United Piece Dye Works, 6 % % pf.(qu.)	\$1.50 1%	Ap15'29 Oct. 1	Hold. of rec. Apr. 1 '290 Holders of rec. Sept. 200
Pure Oil, 8% pref. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.)	11/4	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 10	614% preferred (quar.) U.S. Bond & Share, common (extra)	*\$2.50	Jan2'29 Dec. 1	*Holders of rec. Nov. 15
6% preferred (quar.) 5¼% pref. (quar.) Quaker Oats, com. (quar.)	11/4 *\$1 *11/4	Oct. 15 Nov. 30	*Holders of rec. Sept. 10 *Holders of rec. Oct. 1 Holders of rec. Nov. 1	Participating preferred (extra)	*50c.	Dec. 1 Sept. 15 Dec. 15	*Holders of rec. Nov. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 34 Holders of rec. Dec. 16
Preferred (quar.) Quissett Mills, preferred	*3	Dec. 1 Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Nov. 1 *Holders of rec. Nov. 21 *Holders of rec. Sept. 1	Common (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	234 134 134	Sept. 15 Dec. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 14
Rapid Electrotype (quar.)	37 160		*Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Preferred (quar.) U. S. Gypsum, com. (quar.)	*40c.	Sept. 30	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Rapid Electrotype (quar.) Raybestos Co., common (quar.) Reece Buttonhole Sew. Mach. (quar.)	*80c.		Holders of rec. Sept. 15	Preferred (quar.)	*1%	Sept. 30	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Rapled Electrotype (quar.) Raybestos Co., common (quar.) Reece Buttonhole Sew. Mach. (quar.) Reece Folding Machine (quar.) Regal Shoe, pref. (quar.)	37 1/4 c. *80 c. 35 c. 35 c.	Oct. 1 Oct. 1		U. S. Industrial Alcohol, pf. (quar.) U. S. Leather, prior pref. (quar.)	1%	Sept. 30 Oct. 15 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 296 Holders of rec. Sept. 106
Rapid Electrotype (quar.) Raybestos Co., common (quar.) Reece Buttonhole Sew. Mach. (quar.) Reece Folding Machine (quar.) Regal Shoe, pref. (quar.) Reliance Mfg., preferred (quar.) Ramington-Rand Inc. lat pref. (qu.)	37 %c. *80c. 35c. 35c. *1% *1%	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 10a	U. S. Industrial Alcohol, pf. (quar.) U. S. Leather, prior pref. (quar.) U. S. Playing Card. (quar.)	1% 1% 1%	Oct. 15 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 296 Holders of rec. Sept. 106 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Sept. 21 to Sept. 30
Haplet Electrotype (quar.) Raybestos Co., common (quar.) Reece Buttonhole Sew. Mach. (quar.) Reece Folding Machine (quar.) Regal Shoe, pref. (quar.) Reliance Mfg., preferred (quar.) Ramington-Rand Inc. 1st pref. (qu.) 2d preferred (quar.)	37 ½c. *80c. 35c. 35c. *1¾ *1¾ 2	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 14a	U.S. Industrial Alcohol, pf. (quar.) U.S. Leather, prior pref. (quar.) U.S. Playing Card, (quar.) U.S. Print. & Lith. 2d pref. (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) U.S. Realty & Improvement	1% 1% 1% *\$1 1% 1% \$1	Oct. 15 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Jan1'29 Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 29a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Sept. 21 to Sept. 30 Dec. 22 to Dec. 31 Holders of rec. Aug. 22a
Raplet Electrotype (quar.) Raybestos Co., common (quar.). Reece Buttonhole Sew. Mach. (quar.). Reece Folding Machine (quar.). Regal Shoe, pref. (quar.). Reliance Mfg., preferred (quar.). Remington-Rand Inc. 1st pref. (qu.) 2d preferred (quar.). Preferred (quar.). Remington Typewriter, 1st pf. (quar.).	37 1/4 c. *80 c. 35 c. 35 c. *1 1/4 *1 1/4 87 1/4 c. 1 1/4	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	U.S. Industrial Alcohol, pf. (quar.) U.S. Leather, prior pref. (quar.) U.S. Playing Card, (quar.) U.S. Print. & Lith. 2d pref. (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) U.S. Realty & Improvement U.S. Realty & Invest. (quar.) (No. 1) U.S. Beet & W. G. pref. (quar.) U.S. Realty & Invest. (quar.)	1% 1% 1% *\$1 1% 1% \$1 37%	Oct. 15 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Jan1'29 Sept. 15 Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 29a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Sept. 21 to Sept. 30 Dec. 22 to Dec. 31 Holders of rec. Aug. 22a Sept. 16 to Sept. 30 *Holders of rec. Sept. 30
Rapid Electrotype (quar.) Raybestos Co., common (quar.) Recee Buttonhole Sew. Mach. (quar.) Recee Folding Machine (quar.) Regal Shoe, pref. (quar.) Reliance Mfg., preferred (quar.) Ramington-Rand Inc. 1st pref. (qu.) 2d preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Remington Typewriter, 1st pf. (quar.) Second preferred (quar.)	37 1/4 c. *80 c. 35 c. *1 1/4 *1 1/4 2 1 1/4 87 1/4 c. 1 1/4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	U.S. Industrial Alcohol, pf. (quar.) U.S. Leather, prior pref. (quar.) U.S. Playing Card, (quar.) U.S. Print. & Lith. 2d pref. (quar.) U.S. Print. & Lith. 2d pref. (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) U.S. Realty & Improvement U.S. Realty & Invest. (quar.) (No. 1) U.S. Sheet & W. G., pref. (quar.) U.S. Steel Corp., com. (quar.) U.S. Steel Corp., com. (quar.)	1% 1% 1% *\$1 1% 1% \$1 37%0 *2 1%	Oct. 15 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Jan1'29 Sept. 15 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 29a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 20 Sept. 21 to Sept. 30 Dec. 22 to Dec. 31 Holders of rec. Aug. 22a Sept. 16 to Sept. 30 Holders of rec. Aug. 30a Holders of rec. Aug. 30a Holders of rec. Sept. 12 Holders of rec. Sept. 28
Raplet Electrotype (quar.) Raybestos Co., common (quar.). Reece Buttonhole Sew. Mach. (quar.). Reece Folding Machine (quar.). Regal Shoe, pref. (quar.). Reliance Mfg., preferred (quar.). Remington-Rand Inc. 1st pref. (qu.) 2d preferred (quar.). Preferred (quar.). Remington Typewriter, 1st pf. (quar.).	37 1/4 c. *80 c. 35 c. *1 1/4 *1 1/4 2 1 1/4 87 1/4 c. 1 1/4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15 Holders of rec. Sept. 15 *Holders of rec. Sept. 20 *Holders of rec. Sept. 21 Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a Holders of rec. Sept. 14a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a Holders of rec. Sept. 15a	U.S. Industrial Alcohol, pf. (quar.) U.S. Leather, prior pref. (quar.) U.S. Playing Card, (quar.) U.S. Print. & Lith. 2d pref. (quar.) Second preferred (quar.) U.S. Realty & Improvement U.S. Realty & Invest. (quar.) (No. 1) U.S. Beet & W. G. pref. (quar.) U.S. Realty & Invest. (quar.)	134 134 *\$1 134 *\$1 37 30 *2 134 75e	Oct. 15 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Jan1'29 Sept. 15 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 29a Holders of rec. Sept. 10a *Holders of rec. Sept. 30 Dec. 22 to Dec. 31 Holders of rec. Aug. 22a Sept. 16 to Sept. 30 *Holders of rec. Aug. 32a *Holders of rec. Aug. 32a Holders of rec. Sept. 17a Holders of rec. Sept. 17a Holders of rec. Sept. 17a Sept. 16 to Oct. 1 Sept. 17a Oct. 17a

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed Days Inclusive.
Miscellaneous (Concluded).			
Valvoline Oil common (quar.)	136	Sept 17	Holders of rec. Sept. 14
Vapor Car Heating, pref. (quar.)	134	Dec. 10	Holders of rec. Dec. 1a
Victor Monaghan, pref. (quar.)	*134	Oct. 1	*Sept. 21 to Sept. 30
Vulcan Detinning, pref. & pref. A (qu.)	134	Oct. 20	Holders of rec. Oct. 9a
Pref. (acct. accumulated dividends)	h1	Oct. 20	Holders of rec. Oct. 9a
Wabasso Cotton (quar.)	\$1	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 14
Wagner Electric, pref. (quar.)	1%	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 30
Waitt & Bond, class B (quar.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Waldorf System, com. (quar.)	37 14e		Holders of rec. Sept. 20a
Preferred (quar.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Walgreen Co., pref. (quar.)	1.623		*Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Walker (Hiram)-Gooderham & Worts (qu.)		Sept. 15	*Holders of rec. Aug. 31
Extra		Sept. 15	Holders of rec. Aug. 31
Walworth Co., pref. (quar.)		Sept. 29	*Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Ward Baking, com, A (quar.)	82	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 13a
Professed (quar.)			Holders of rec. Sept. 13a
Preferred (quar.)	136		
Warner-Quinlan Co., common (quar.)			*Holders of rec. Sept. 12
61/2 % preferred (quar.)	*156	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 12
Warren Bros. Co., com. (quar.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 17a
First preferred (quar.)	750.	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 17a
Second preferred (quar.)	87360		Holders of rec. Sept. 17
Weber & Heilbroner, Inc., com. (quar.)_		Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a
Preferred (quar.)	134	Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 15a
West Coast Oil (quar.)			
Extra	*\$3	Oct. 5	
West Point Mfg. (quar.)	2	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 15
Western Canada Flour Mills, com. (qu.)			
Preferred (quar.)		Sept. 15	
Western Oil & Refining, pref		Sept. 15	
Wesson Oil & Snowdrift, com. (qu.)		Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 17
Westinghouse Air Brake (quar.)	50c	Oct. 31	Holders of rec. Sept. 29a
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. com. (quar.)	31	Oct. 31	Holders of rec. Sept. 28a
Preferred (quar.)	81	Oct. 15	Holders of rec. Sept. 28a
Westland Oil	*\$1	Sept. 30	*Holders of rec. Sept. 15
White Motor Securities, pref. (quar.)	134	Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 14
White Motor (quar.)		Sept. 29	Holders of rec. Sept. 15a
White Rock Mineral Spg., com. (qu.)	50c	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 12
First preferred (quar.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 12
Second Preferred	234	Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 12
Wire Wheel Corp. of Amer., pref. (qu.).		Oct. 1	
Preferred (quar.)		Jan1'29	
Woodworth, Inc., com. (quar.)		Oct. 15	
Preference (quar.)		Sept. 15	
Wrigley (Wm.) Jr. Co., com. (mthly.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 20
Common (monthly)	25c	Nov. 1	Holders of rec. Oct. 20
Common (monthly)		Dec. 1	Holders of rec. Nov. 20
Yale & Towne Mfg. (quar.)		Oct. 1	Holders of rec. Sept. 7a
Yarns Corp. of America class A (qu.)		Oct. 1	
Yellow & Checker Cab, com. A (mthly).			Sept. 26 to Sept. 30
Common class A (monthly)			
Common class A (monthly)			
Youngstown Sheet & Tube, com. (qu.).			*Holders of rec. Sept. 14
Series A preferred (quar.)	*1%	Oct. 1	*Holders of rec. Sept. 14

• From unofficial sources. † The New York Stock Exchange has ruled that stock will not be quoted ex-dividend on this date and not until further notice. ‡ The New York Curb Market Association has ruled that stock will not be quoted exdividend on this date and not until further notice.

a Transfer books not closed for this dividend. d Correction. e Payable in stock. f Payable in common stock. g Payable in scrip. h On account of accumulated dividends. f Payable in preferred stock.

l Associated Gas & Electric dividends payable in cash or in class A stock as follows: On \$6 pref 3.33-100 shares class A stock; on original preferred, 2.26-100 of a share of class A stock; on class A stock at rate of $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ of one share of class A stock for each share held.

m \$1.50 for each \$100 paid in.

n Payable either in cash or class A stock at rate of one-fortieth of a share.

e Payable in common stock but subject to stockholders meeting Oct. 15.

p May be applied to the purchase of additional common A stock at rate of 1-50th of a share for each share held at rate of \$30 per share.

r British American Tobacco dividend is 10d. per share. All transfers received in order in London on or before Sept. 3 will be in time for payment of dividend to

s Subject to stockholders meeting Oct. 16.

s Subject to Stockholders meeting Oct. 16.

1 Dividend is 9d. per share less expenses for depositary.

2 Schulte Retail Stores declared 2% in stock, payable ½% quarterly.

3 Payable either in cash or class A stock at rate of one-fortleth share; class B payable either in cash or class B stock at rate of one-fortleth share.

Weekly Return of New York City Clearing House. Beginning with Mar. 31, the New York City Clearing House Association discontinued giving out all statements previously issued and now makes only the barest kind of a report. The new return shows nothing but the deposits, along with the capital and surplus. We give it below in full:

STATEMENT OF THE MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY SEPT. 8 1928.

Clearing House Members.	*Capital. Undivided I		Net Demand Deposits Average.	Time Deposits Average.
	8	\$	3	
Bank of N. Y. & Trust Co	6,000,000	12,875,200	58,908,000	8,900,000
Bank of the Manhattan Co	12,500,000	19,228,500	147,889,000	31,335,000
Bank of America Nat. Assoc	25,000,000	37,009,900	133,094,000	52,124,000
National City Bank	90,000,000	73,961,000	a813,326,000	166,619,000
Chemical National Bank	6,000,000	20,014,500	130,823,000	6,828,000
National Bank of Commerce.	25,000,000	46,295,200	321,396,000	43,182,000
Chat. Phenix Nat. Bk. & Tr. Co.	13,500,000	14,868,400	158,370,000	44,278,000
Hanover National Bank	5,000,000	26,702,400	117.039.000	2,954,000
Corn Exchange Bank	11,000,000	17,762,700	169,359,000	28,940,000
National Park Bank	10,000,000	25,069,500	116,139,000	8,322,000
First National Bank	10,000,000	87,588,200	260,491,000	12.288,000
Amer. Exchange Irving Tr.Co.	40,000,000	52,522,200	361,975,000	50,708,000
Continental Bank	1.000.000	1.438,900	6,505,000	600,000
Chase National Bank	60,000,000	77,826,700		63,965,000
Fifth Avenue Bank	500,000	3.158,700		808,000
Garfield National Bank	1.000.000	1.899,000		450,000
Seaboard National Bank	9.000.000		123,523,000	7,267,000
State Bank & Trust Co	5,000,000	6.631.700	34,339,000	59,689,000
Bankers Trust Co	25,000,000	75,000,000		62,732,000
U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co	5.000,000			5,051,000
Title Guarantee & Trust Co	10,000,000	21,857,400		2,558,000
Guaranty Trust Co	40,000,000			63,792,000
Fidelity Trust Co	4,000,000	3,648,500	39,341,000	5,226,000
Lawyers Trust Co	3.000.000			2,426,000
New York Trust Co	10,000,000	24,009,500		31,927,000
Farmers Loan & Trust Co	10,000,000	22,149,200		20,798,000
Equitable Trust Co	30,000,000	25,591,000	f327,391,000	40,581,000
Colonial Bank	1,400,000	3,705,600	27,318,000	7,171,000
Clearing Non-Member.				
Mechanics Tr. Co., Bayonne.	500,000	773,900	3,245,000	5,744,000
Totals	469,400,000	782,967,200	5.077.333.000	847,163,000

* As per official reports: National June 30 1928; State, June 30 1928; trust companies, June 30 1928.
Includes deposits in foreign branches: (a) \$279,222,000; (b) \$14,352,000; (c) \$51,-430,000; (d) \$85,238,000; (e) \$1,982,000; (f) \$114,351,000.

The New York "Times" publishes regularly each week returns of a number of banks and trust companies which are not members of the New York Clearing House. lowing are the figures for the week ending Sept 7:

INSTITUTIONS NOT IN CLEARING HOUSE WITH CLOSING OF BUSINESS FOR WEEK ENDED FRIDAY, SEPT. 7 1928.

NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS-Average Figures.

JALLEY TO	Loans.		Including	Res. Dep., N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Banks and	
Manhattan-	8	3				•
Bank of U. S.	149.350,000	14,000	2.097.400	16,209,300	1.229.800	141,690,900
Bronx National	19,956,000	8,900				20,917,000
Bryant Park Bank	1,980,000					2.113.900
Chelsea Exch. Bk.	20,756,000		1.746,000			20,155,000
*Grace National	17,536,974	5,500			1.221.610	
Harriman Nat'l	33,821,000	20,000				
Port Morris	4,370,500	32,400				3,839,800
Public National Brooklyn-	112,089,000	21,000	1,982,000			105,570,000
First National	19.866,100	31,900	467,400	2.093,600	276,900	18,007,000
Mechanics.	55,212,000					52,714,900
Municipal	46,861,500		1,322,400			
Nassau National.	21,936,000					
Peoples Nat onal.	8,516,000					
Traders National_	3,021,000		44,500			

* Clearing non-member.

TRUST COMPANIES-Average Figures.

	Loans.	Cash.	N. Y. and	Dep. Other Banks and Trust Cos.	
Manhattan-	8	8	8	8	8
American	5,243,300	770,400	10,908,700	23,400	53.937.100
Bronx County	22,548,029				22,464,346
Central Union		*26,983,000			241.884.000
Empire	74,312,000				
Bank of Europe & Tr	16,443,047				15,972,990
Federation	17,033,750	191,258			
Fulton	16,069,500		*2,259,900		15,888,300
Manufacturers	279,102,000		34,053,000		251,827,000
United States	81,445,000		8,574,000		69,930,000
Brooklyn	61,923,200	1.417.800	11,068,200		65,447,000
Kings County	26,627,308	1,786,257			24,679,397
Mechanics	9.360.794	230.721	725,242	291.518	9,342,242

* Includes amount with Federal Reserve Bank as follows: Central Union \$26,273,000; Empire, \$2,945,000; Fulton, \$1,948,300.

Boston Clearing House Weekly Returns .- In the following we furnish a summary of all the items in the Boston Clearing House weekly statement for a series of weeks

BOSTON CLEARING HOUSE MEMBERS.

	Sept. 12 1928.	Changes from Previous Week	Seyt 5 1928.	Aug. 29 1928.
	8	8	8	8
Capital	84,150,000	Unchanged	84,150,000	84,150,000
Surplus and profits	108,448,000	Unchanged	108,448,000	108,448,000
Loans, disc'ts & invest'ts.	1,088,881,000	-5,561,000	1,094,442,000	1,105,277,000
Individual deposits	662,928,000	+2,533,000	660,375,000	653,060,000
Due to banks	140,645,000	+3,776,000	136,869,000	128,448,000
Time deposits	283,478,000		283,801,000	285,147,000
United States deposits	14,135,000	-8,194,000	22,329,000	24,697,000
Exchanges for Clg. House	33,165,000	-2,201,000	35,366,000	22,382,000
Due from other banks	80,541,000	-325,000	80,866,000	71,212,000
Pes've in legal deposit'les	80,603,000		80,990,000	
Cash in bank	10,686,000			
Res've excess in F. R. Bk.	126,000	-1,332,000	1,458,000	818,000

Philadelphia Banks.—The Philadelphia Clearing House return for the week ending Sept. 8, with comparative figures for the two weeks preceding, is given below. Reserve requirements for members of the Federal Reserve System are 10% on demand deposits and 3% on time deposits, all to be kept with the Federal Reserve Bank. "Cash in vaults" is not a part of legal reserve. For trust companies not members of the Federal Reserve System the reserve required is 10% on demand deposits and includes "Reserve with legal depositaries" and "Cash in vaults."

Beginning with the return for the week ending May 14, the Philadelphia Clearing House Association discontinued showing the reserves and whether reserves held are above or below requirements. This will account for the queries at the end of the table.

	Week I	Ended Sept. 8	Sept. 1	Aug. 25		
Two Ciphers (00) omitted.	Members of F.R. System	Trust Companies.	1928. Total.	1928.	1928.	
	8	8	3	\$		
Capital	54,790,0	9,500.0	64,290,0	64,290,0	64,290.0	
Surplus and profits	172,538.0	18,293.0	190,831,0	190,881,0	191,100,0	
Loans, discts. & invest.	1,035,769.0	104,625,0	1,140,394,0	1,139,615,0	1,138,327.0	
Exch. for Clear. House	33,330,0					
Due from banks	85,445.0	508,0	85,953,0	85,514,0	80,295.0	
Bank deposits	124.275.0	3,436,0	127,711,0	124,062,0	123,577.0	
Individual deposits	594,635,0	47.816.0	642,451,0	642,773.0	635,919.0	
Time deposits	204,753,0	28,929.0	233,682,0	233,332,0		
Total deposits	923,663.0		1,003,844,0	1,000,166,0		
Res. with legal depos		8,649,0	8,649,0	8,750.0	7,796.0	
Res. with F. R. Bank.	67.287.0		67,287,0	66,193.0		
Cash in vault *	8,794.0	2.481.0	11,275.0	11.020.0		
Total res. & cash held.	76,081,0		87,211,0	85,963.0		
Reserve required	7	7	7	7	7	
Excess reserve and cash in vault	9	7	7	7	7	

• Cash in vault not counted as reserve for Federal Reserve members.

Weekly Return of the Federal Reserve Board.

The following is the return issued by the Federal Reserve Board Thursday afternoon, Sept. 13, and showing the condition of the twelve Reserve banks at the close of business on Wednesday. In the first table we present the results for the system as a whole in comparison with the figures for the seven preceding weeks and with those of the corresponding week last year. The second table shows the resources and liabilities separately for each of the twelve banks. The Federal Reserve Agents' Accounts (third table following) gives details regarding transactions in Federal Reserve notes between the Comptroller and Reserve Agents and between the latter and Federal Reserve banks. The Reserve Board's comment upon the returns for the latter week appear on page 1469, being the first item in our department of "Current Events and Discussions."

COMBINED RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS SEPT. 12 1928.

							1	1	1
	Sept. 12 1928.	Sept. 5 1928.	Aug. 29 1928.	Aug. 22 1928.	Aug. 15 1928.	Aug. 8 1928.	Aug. 1 1928.	July 25 1928.	Sept. 14 1927
Gold redemption fund with U.S. Treas.	68,645,000	66,351,000	65,243,000	66,020,000	71,555,000	72,563,000	63,309,000	71,406,000	
Gold held exclusively agst. F. R. notes Gold settlement fund with F. R. Board Gold and gold certificates held by banks.	1,212,115,000 678,301,000 738,530,000	751,338,000	1,159,080,000 724,889,000 734,840,000	1,173,133,000 715,244,000 725,611,000	694,976,000	695,550,000	690,048,000	680,561,000	596,363,000
Total gold reserves	2,628,946,000 141,999,000					2,605,416,000 150,042,000		2,604,031,000 157,154,000	
Total reserves	2,770,945,000 59,878,000	2,747,297,000 52,296,000	2,764,894,000 58,241,000	2,761,402,000 57,582,000	2,763,291,000 60,354,000	2,755,458,000 58,337,000	2,755,565,000 60,172,000	2,761,185,000 64,517,000	3,124,041,000 54,339,000
Bills discounted: Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations— Other bills discounted————————————————————————————————————	656,035,000 413,211,000	652,032,000 428,085,000	604,316,000 434,457,000	584,184,000 453,262,000	566,854,000 435,680,000			596,385,000 428,724,000	203,447,000 171,887,000
Total bills discounted Bills bought in open market U. S. Government securities:	1,069,246,000 211,160,000	1,080,117,000 186,796,000	1,038,773,000 184,299,000	183,600,000	1,002,534,000 189,902,000			1,025,109,000 169,083,000	
Bonds	53,362,000 87,886,000 80,096,000	87,026,000	88,251,000	54,599,000 85,651,000 66,660,000	54,819,000 85,622,000 65,972,000	87,641,000	87,677,000	87,206,000	123,181,000
Total U. S. Government securities Other securities (see note)	221,344,000 2,020,000		208,964,000 990,000	206,910,000 990,000	206,413,000 990,000	207,868,000 490,000	211,663,000 490,000		499,576,000 320,000
Total bills and securities (see note)	1,503,770,000	1,474,288,000	1,433,025,000	428,946,000	1,399,839,000	1,431,490,000	1,463,808,000	1,402,323,000	1,101,947,000
Gold held abroad Due from foreign banks (see note) Uncollected Items Bank premises All other resources	771,589,000 60,305,000 9,190,000	60,255,000 8,981,000	60,132,000 8,913,000	60,134,000 8,813,000	60,125,000 8,993,000	60,123,000 8,743,000	573,000 651,501,000 60,115,000 8,463,000	626,843,000 60,113,000 8,628,000	848,897,000 59,580,000 19,691,000
Total resources LIABILITIES. P. R. notes in actual circulation	5,176,249,000	5,025,275,000	4,941,248,000	4,954,310,000	5,028,750,000	4,907,779.000	5,000,197,000	4,924,182,000	5,220,757,000
Deposits:									
Member banks—reserve account Government Foreign banks (see note) Other deposits	9,617,000 5,952,000 23,875,000	8,946,000 6,347,000	27,324,000 9,799,000 18,877,000	17,331,000 9,140,000 18,599,000	9,307,000 8,953,000	42,277,000 8,724,000 17,803,000	29,970,000 9,523,000	20,331,000 8,651,000	12,494,000 5,329,000
Total deposits Deferred availability items	144,800,000	233,319,000	233,319,000	233,319,000	233,319,000	233,319,000	233,319,000	233,319,000	228,775,000
Total liabilities	5,176,249,000	5,025,275,000	4,941,248,000	4,954,310,000	5,028,750,000	4,907,779,000	5,000,197,000	4,924,182,000	5,220,757,000
Ratio of gold reserves to deposits and F. R. note liabilities combined	64.5%	65.1%	65.9%	65.9%	65.9%	65.8%	64.7%	64.3%	73.2%
Ratio of total reserves to deposits and F. R. note liabilities combined.	68.0%	68.6%	69.5%	69.6%	69.7%	69.5%	68.6%	69.9%	76.7%
Contingent liability on bills purchased for foreign correspondents	277,265	279,049,000	277,897,000	289,353,000	290,180,000	305,018,000	306,285,000	305,452,000	182,182
Distribution by Maturities— 1-15 days bills bought in open market _ 1-15 days bills discounted _ 1-15 days U. S. certif. of indebtedness_	\$ 97,147,000 899,027,000 16,375,000	899,167,000	854,964,000		\$ 77,748,000 823,346,000 1,955,000	883,129,000	896,105,000	844,643,000	290,860,000
1-15 days municipal warrants	36,551,000 54,108,000	29,577,000 57,716,000	36,280,000 53,014,000	36,924,000 48,386,000	37,618,000 44,542,000	37,852,000 40,727,000	39,364,000 41,986,000	36,340,000 38,675,000	
16-30 days municipal warrants	40,304,000 69,054,000			41,387,000 86,953,000	39,414,000 79,650,000		42,714,000	44,314,000 71,495,000	
31-60 days municipal warrants	01 000 000	36,717,000		22,794,000	27,693,000	26,143,000	25,519,000	25,410,000	
61-90 days municipal warrants	5,536,000 8,276,000 62,976,000 30,000	8,427,000 63,361,000	5,727,000 10,115,000 63,414,000	10,374,000	7,429,000 12,505,000	5,481,000 11,963,000	14,631,000	12,903,000	3,538,000
F. R. notes received from Comptroller	2,850,462,000 776,996,000	2,811,418,000 766,585,000	2,800,498,000 778,870,000	2,807,420,000 780,020,000	2,816,638,000 799,980,000	2,819,200,000 804,820,000	2,825,782,000 806,970,000	2,822,202,000 799,770,000	2,900,639,000 808,275,000
Issued to Federal Reserve Banks	2,073,466,000	2,044,833,000	2,021,628,000	2,027,400,000	2,016,658,000	2,014,380,000	2,018,812,000	2,022,432,000	2,092,364,000
How Secured— By gold and gold certificates	341,321,000		338,820,000 94,621,000	348,620,000					
Gold redemption fund	91,016,000 711,133,000 1,236,448,000	648.114.000	660.396,000	89,541,000 668,952,000 1,189,770,000	676 470 000	661 972 000	660 103 000		1 145 417 000

NOTE.—Beginning with the statement of Oct. 7 1925, two new items were added in order to show separately the amount of balances held abroad and amounts due to foreign correspondents. In addition, the caption "All other earning assets," previously made up of Federal Intermediate Credit bank debentures, was changed to "Other securities," and the caption "Total earning assets" to "Total bills and securities." The latter term was adopted as a more accurate description of the total of the discount acceptances and securities acquired under the provisions of Sections 13 and 14 of the Federal Reserve Act, which, t was stated, are the only items included therein.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF EACH OF THE 12 FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS SEPT. 12 1928

Two ciphers (00) omitted. Federal Reserve Bank of—	Total.	Boston.	New York.	Phila.	Cleveland.	Richmond	Atlanta.	Chicago.	St. Louis.	Minneap.	Kan.City.	Dallas.	San Fran
RESOURCES. Gold with Federal Reserve Agents Gold red'n fund with U. S. Treas.	\$ 1,143,470,0 69,645,0			84,851,0 8,407,0	\$ 141,768,0 6,659,0	\$ 22,450,0 3,156,0	62,673,0 4,653,0				\$ 51,872,0 2,127,0		\$ 153,524,0 4,228,0
Gold held excl. agst. F. R. notes Gold settle't fund with F.R.Board Gold and gold certificates	678,301,0	124,008,0 71,768,0 29,729,0	125,050,0	31,471,0	148,427,0 75,905,0 41,079,0	27,398,0	10,389,0	261,430,0 191,252,0 53,595,0	30,949,0	21,299,0	34,954,0	21,673,0	
Total gold reserves	2,628,946,0 141,999,0	225,505,0 12,326,0			265,411,0 13,119,0		81,637,0 16,169,0	506,277,0 18,575,0	62,196,0 17,433,0	72,250,0 2,061,0	96,276,0 5,017,0		227,355,0 10,389,0
Total reserves	2,770,945,0 59,878,0				278,530,0 3,171,0			524,852,0 8,373,0	79,629,0 3,780,0		101,293,0 2,733,0		237,744,0 3,362,0
Sec. by U. S. Govt. obligations Other bills discounted	656,035,0 413,211,0	25,928,0 20,215,0		80,580,0 23,910,0	53,674,0 33,281,0	20,617,0 34,300,0	17,963,0 62,919,0	69,916,0 29,301,0	27,515,0 40,149,0	12,340,0 7,275,0	12,199,0 13,104,0	13,418,0 15,155,0	
Total bills discounted Bills bought in open market	1,069,246,0 211,160,0			104,490,0 10,615,0		54,917,0 6,619,0	80,882,0 11,386,0	99,217,0 15,423,0	67,664,0 11,0				99,071,0 32,822,0
Bonds	53,362,0 87,886,0 80,096,0	2,841,0	14,431,0	9,723,0	28,226,0	594,0	3,289,0			4,809,0 4,312,0 2,214,0	3,091,0	3,393,0	12,809,0
Total U. S. Gov't securities	221,344,0	8,816,0	49,456,0	22,189,0	35,236,0	3,276,0	5,427.0	34,296,0		11,335,0	17,217,0	15,376,0	18,720.0

RESOURCES (Concluded)— Two Ciphers (00) omitted.	Total.	Boston.	New York.	Phila.	Cleveland.	Richmond	Atlanta.	Chicago.	St. Louis.	Minneap.	Kan.City.	Dallas.	San Fran,
Other securities	\$ 2,020,0	\$	\$ 500,0	\$ 30,0	8	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 490,0	\$	1,000,0	\$
Total bills and securities Due from foreign banks Uncollected items Bank premises	1,503,770,0 572,0 771,589,0 60,305,0 9,190,0	37,0 73,800,0 3,824,0	216,0 199,852,0	47,0 63,268,0 1,752,0	73,356,0 6,806,0	25,0 56,265,0 3,531,0	21,0 24,338,0 2,844,0	100,721,0 8,720,0	21,0 35,707,0 3,901,0	14,0 17,093,0	18,0 48,045,0 4,308,0	17,0	3,835,0
Total resources	5,176,249,0	399,810,0			1			HE THE STATE OF		CONT. LT. SOLV.		152,307,0	444,067,0
P. R. notes in actual circulation.	1,688,267,0	150,805,0	344,107,0	131,867,0	204,712,0	58,505,0	125,799,0	287,109,0	57,002,0	55,548,0	60,787,0	38,386,0	173,640,0
Deposits: Member bank—reserve ace't_ Government_ Foreign bank Other deposits	2,348,676,0 9,617,0 5,952,0 23,875,0	402,0 473,0	426,0 1,429,0	338,0 598,0	655,0	532,0 321,0	868,0 265,0	1,303,0 876,0	843,0 271,0	848,0 170,0	722,0 227,0	740,0 220,0	447,0
Total deposits Deferred availability items Capital paid in Surplus All other liabilities	144,986,0 233,319,0	70,637,0 10,034,0 17,893,0	163,980,0 48,908,0 63,007,0	56,727,0 14,416,0 21,662,0		52,898,0 6,081,0 12,324,0	22,039,0 5,239,0 9,996,0		36,072,0 5,400,0 10,397,0	14,540,0 3,013,0 7,039,0	42,157,0 4,203,0 9,046,0	31,497,0 4,303,0 8,527,0	10,858,0 16,629,0
Total liabilities	5,176,249,0	399,810,0	1,558,253,0	361,353,0	505,345,0	197,947,0	228,375,0	792,711,0	191,038,0	135,423,0	209,620,0	152,307,0	444,067,0
Memoranda. Reserve ratio (per cent) Contingent liability on bills pur-	68.0	79.4	66.9	58.0				1	57.7	67.8	66.0	56.1	64.4
chased for foreign correspond'ts F. R. notes on hand (notes rec'd	277,265,0	20,875,0	77,422,0	26,442,0	28,946,0	14,195,0	11,690,0	38,688,0	11,968,0	7,515,0	10,020,0	9,742,0	19,762,0
from F. R. Agent less notes in circulation	385,199,0	29,316,0	116,301,0	27,384,0	24,519,0	17,394,0	28,803,0	45,543,0	12,653,0	7,147.0	8,582,0	8,769.0	58,788,0

FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE ACCOUNTS OF FEDERAL RESERVE AGENTS AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS SEPTEMBER 12 1928.

Federal Reserve Agent at—	Total.	Boston.	New York.	Phila.	Cleveland.	Richmond	Atlanta.	Chicago.	St. Louis.	Minneap.	Kan.City.	Dallas.	San Fran
Two ciphers (000) omitted. F.R. notes rec'd from Comptroller F. R. notes held by F. R. Agent		\$ 240,771,0 60,650,0	\$ 717,568,0 257,160,0	\$ 183,651,0 24,400,0	\$ 266,961,0 37,730,0	\$ 103,148,0 27,249,0	\$ 221,562,0 66,960,0	\$ 453,422,0 120,770,0	\$ 86,245,0 16,590,0	\$ 79,209,0 16,514,0	\$ 101,349,0 31,980,0	\$ 71,348,0 24,193,0	325,228,0 92,800,0
F. R. notes issued to F. R. Bank. Collateral held as security for F. R. notes issued to F. R. Bk. Gold and gold certificates Gold redemption fund. Gold fund—F. R. Board Eligible paper	341,321,0 91,016,0	35,300,0 14,384,0 68,000,0	153,161,0 16,930,0 5,000,0	8,674,0 76,177,0	#0 000 O	6,690,0 5,760,0 10,000,0	27,100,0 7,573,0 28,000,0	1,448,0 253,000,0	7,600,0 1,940,0 6,000,0	14,167,0 1,456,0 28,000,0		12,303,0 3,643,0 4,000,0	35,000,0 14,428,0 104,096,0 130,859,0
Total collateral	2,379,918,0	186,872,0	576,481,0	179,981,0	248,317,0	80,398,0	154,866,0	368,958,0	83,191,0	69,450,0	87,290,0	59,731,0	284,383,0

Weekly Return for the Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System.

Following is the weekly statement issued by the Federal Reserve Board, giving the principal items of the resources and liabilities of the 635 member banks from which weekly returns are obtained. These figures are always a week behind those for the Reserve banks themselves. Definitions of the different items in the statement were given in the statement of Dec. 12 1917, published in the "Chronicle" of Dec. 29 1917, page 2523. The comment of the Reserve Board upon the figures for the latest week appears in our department of "Current Events and Discussions," on page 1469, immediately following which we also give the figures of New York and Chicago reporting member banks for a week later.

PRINCIPAL RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF ALL REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN EACH FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICT AS AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS SEPT. 5 1928 (In thousands of dollars).

			DOSINES	G GEI I.	J 1720 (1	ii thousan	105 01 00	1415/.					
Federal Reserve District-	Total.	Boston.	New York	Phila.	Cleveland.	Richmond	Atlanta.	Chicago.	St. Louis.	Minneap.	Kan.Cuy.	Dallas.	San Fran
Loans and investments—total	\$ 22,252,106	\$ 1,505,846	\$ 8,471,090	\$ 1,249,922	\$ 2,193,482	\$ 678,852	8 638,413	8 3,279,426	\$ 724,587	\$ 372,377	\$ 680,864	\$ 455,784	2,001,463
Loans and discounts—total	15,846,885	1,057,737	6,164,150	849,119	1,465,476	521,062	504,062	2,403,439	516,248	239,794	437,937	336,514	1,351,347
Secured by U. S. Gov't obliga'ns Secured by stocks and bonds All other loans and discounts	127,815 6,630,087 9,088,983	378,126	50,602 2,903,215 3,210,333		654,500			19,245 1,052,701 1,331,493	214,052	73,042	125,411	2,339 85,509 248,666	363,878
Investments—total	6,405,221	448,109	2,306,940	400,803	728,006	157,790	134,351	875,987	208,339	132,583	242,927	119,270	650,116
U. S. Government securities Other bonds, stocks and securities	2,925,212 3,480,009		1,117,923 1,189,017	121,008 279,795									
Reserve with F. R. Bank	1,666,194 248,682			77,539 13,574								32,533 9,124	
Net demand deposits	13,063,728 6,899,999 94,254	487,924	5,679,816 1,714,686 18,134	301,450		246,232	236,321	1,859,267 1,256,194 13,177	240,938	130,184	177,782		1,018,929
Due from banks	1,132,842 3,119,442		120,465 1,193,766									60,651 98,542	145,35 201,61
Borrowings from F. R. Bank-total	826,897	33,871	302,079	74,089	59,860	30,644	49,712	86,984	46,738	13,078	15,074	19,833	94,93
Secured by U. S. Gov't obliga'ns.	539,857 287,040												
Number of reporting banks	635	36	78	49	70	64	31	92	29	24	64	44	54

Condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

The following shows the condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at the close of business Sept. 12 1928, in

Resources—	Sept. 12 1928.	Sept. 5 1928.	Sept. 14 1927.	Resources (Concluded)—	Sept. 12 1928.	Sept. 5 1928.	Sept. 14 1927.
Gold with Federal Reserve Agent	175,091,000			Gold heid abroad			
Gold redemp. fund with U.S. Treasury.	16,860,000	18,025,000	16,542,000	Due from foreign banks (See Note)			3,586,000 216,888,000
Gold held exclusively agst F. R. notes_	191,951,000	193,116,000	337,854,000	Bank premises		16,675,000	
Gold settlement fund with F. R. Board	125,050,000	157,728,000		All other resources	1,930,000	1,588,000	9,351,000
Gold and gold certificates held by bank	509,233,000	484,487,000	440,870,000		1 550 050 000	1 504 015 000	1 770 244 000
20-4-114	000 004 000	005 001 000		Total resources	1,558,253,000	1,504,815,000	1,570,344,000
Total gold reserves	826,234,000 26,409,000			Liabilities—			
Reserves outer than Rold	20,409,000	24,022,000	25,010,000	Fed'a Reserve notes in actual circulation.	344,107,000	359,216,000	360,768,000
Totai reserves	852,643,000	860,153,000	998.923.000	Deposits-Member bank, reserve acct		866,874,000	
Non-reserve cash Bills discounted—				Government Foreign bank (See Note)	426,000	77,000 1,823,000	1,687,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	259,510,000	253,190,000	73,530,000	Other deposits		6,994,000	17,347,000
Other bids discounted	96,906,000	97,012,000	37,830,000		000 000 000	075 740 000	022 552 000
Total bills discounted	250 410 000	950 000 000		Total deposits Deferred availability items		875,768,000 150,207,000	
Bills bought in open market				Capital paid in		48,908,000	
U. S. Government securities—	01,001,000	41,110,000	07,120,000	Surplus		63,007,000	
Bonds	4,292,000	4,292,000	60.136.000	All other liabilities	8,388,000	7,709,000	3,285,000
Treasury notes	14,431,000		27,349,000				
Certificates of indebtedness	30,733,000	16,473,000	24,059,000	Total liabilities	1,558,253,000	1,504,815,000	1,570,344,000
Total U.S. Government securities				Ratio of total reserves to deposit and			
Other securities	500,000	500,000		Fed', R's've note liabilities combined.	66.9%	69.6%	77,8%
Total bills and securities (See Note)	467,763,000	431,651,000	310,032,000	Contingent liability on bills purchased for foreign correspondents		79,207,000	51,631,000

NOTE.—Beginning with the statement of Oct. 7 1925, two new items were added in order to show separately the amount of balances held abroad and amounts due to foreign correspondents. In addition, the caption, "All other earing assets," previously made up of Federal Intermediate Credit Bank debentures, was changed to "Other securities," and the caption, "Total earning assets" to "Total bills and securities." The latter term was adopted as a more accurate description of the total of the discounts, acceptances and securities acquired under the provision of Sections 13 and 14 of the Federal Reserve Act, which, it was stated, are the only items included the relation of the total of the federal reserve Act, which, it was stated, are the only items included

Bankers' Gazette.

Wall Street, Friday Night, Sept. 14 1927.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The review of the Stock Market is given this week on page 1482.

The following are sales made at the stock Exchange this week of shares not represented in our detailed list on the pages which follow:

stocks.	-	Ranae *	or West	Rance Co-	ee Ian 1
Week Ended Sept. 14.	Sales for Week.	Lowest.	Highest.	Lowest.	Highest.
	Shares	\$ per share.	\$ per share.	\$ per share.	
Railroads— Beech Creek RR50 Boston & Maine100 Buff Roch & Pitts100 Buff & Susquehanna100 Canada Southern100 Chic Ind & St L pref100 Cuba RR pref100 Det & Mackinac pref 100 Havana Elec Ry* Minneap & St Louls100 Nash Chatt & St L100 New Orl Tex & Mex100 NY Lack & Western 100 Pacific Coast 2nd pf100 Phila Rapid Transit pf50 Pitts Ft W & Chic pf100 So Ry M & O ctfs100	800 20 100 30 20 40 10 400 500 60 20	74½ Sept 12 76 Sept 11 36½ Sept 8 58% Sept 11 87 Sept 14 60 Sept 14 60 Sept 14 2 % Sept 8 2 % Sept 8 175 Sept 14 140% Sept 14 108 Sept 13 22% Sept 13 50 Sept 12 550 Sept 13	76 Sept 11 36½ Sept 8 58¾ Sept 11 74½ Sept 10 87 Sept 14 60 Sept 14 9½ Sept 11 176 Sept 12 140% Sept 12 140% Sept 13 22¾ Sept 13 50 Sept 13 50 Sept 8	60 Feb 32¼ Sept 74½ Sept 74½ Sept 45 May 7 Aug 1½ May 171¼ Aug 125 Apr 106 Aug 20¼ Aug 50 Mar 155½ Sept	83 May 86 Apr 43 Jan 69 Apr 81% May 94 June 65 Mar 17% June 6½ May 204% May 148½ May 112% June
Indus. & Miscellaneous Abitibi Pow & Pap pf 100 Am Foreign & Pow pf 6.* Am Pow & Light pfd* Archer-Daniels Mid rts Barker Bros* Brockway Mot Trucks.* Brown Shoe, pref	10 20 10 5,600 200 53,900 2,600 3,800 7,600 1,600 1,200 20,200 30	110 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Sept 10 146 \(\text{Sept 14} \) 133 \(\text{Sept 12} \) 11 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Sept 13 1 \(\text{Sept 10} \) 125\(\frac{1}{2} \) Sept 14 12\(\frac{1}{2} \) Sept 13 12\(\frac{1}{2} \) Sept 12 13\(\frac{1}{2} \) Sept 12 58 \(\text{Sept 11} \) 42 \(\text{Sept 11} \) 42 \(\text{Sept 12} \) 13\(\frac{1}{2} \) Sept 14 110\(\frac{1}{2} \) Sept 14	110	107 June 140 Mar 1274 June 64 Aug 34 Juny 14 Sept 2174 Mar 1074 Mar 1334 Sept 1094 Aug 80 Mar 35 May	111¼ May 152 June 140 Aug 15½ Sept 3¼ May 29½ Sept 1¾ Sept 36 Apr 20 Apr 20 Apr 20 Apr 49¼ May 118 Aug 46½ Jan
Eltingon Schild * Preferred 100 Elec Pow & Lt ctfs full pd Elk Horn Coal pref 50 Fairbanks Co pref 25 Florsheim Shoe A Preferred Franklin Simon pref 100 Gen Cable, pref 100 Gen Cable, pref 100 Gen Cable, pref 100 Gen Cable, orts 100 Gen Cable, orts 100 Grand Common 8 Grand-Stores 100 Preferred 100 Grand Union 9 Preferred 9 Grant (w t) Grasselli Chemical Preferred 100 Hoe (R) & Co Rts 100 Hoe (R) & Co Rts 100 Hackensack Water pf 25 Preferred A 25 Hamilton Watch pref 100 Rights 1100 Int Paper ctfs 8 Preferred 100 Int Printing Ink 100	10 50 70 2,500 100 20 300 1,800 2,300 7,600 30,300 1,600 8,700 100 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 4	122 Sept 14 93 Sept 14 93 Sept 14 99 Sept 14 108 4 Sept 12 108 4 Sept 11 76 Sept 10 40 Sept 10 79 Sept 11 112 Sept 11 123 Sept 11 124 Sept 11 125 Sept 14 110 Sept 10 5-16 Sept 13 108 Sept 14 110 Sept 13 80 Sept 11 27 Sept 8 66 Sept 13 88 Sept 14 898 Sept 14	105/2 Sept 13 66% Sept 13 66% Sept 13 109 Sept 10 1 Sept 14 31 Sept 13 27% Sept 8 103¼ Sept 13 14 Sept 14 7% Sept 12 67% Sept 19	120¼ Jan 123½ Sept 99% May 54 Sept 108¾ Sept 108¾ Sept 102½ Sept 26¾ June 65¾ June 26¾ July 46½ July 46½ Auly 46¼ Auly 121¾ Sept 100 Sept 101 Sept 104 Jan 105 Sept 104 Jan 105 Sept 105 Sept 104 Jan 105 Sept 105 Sept 106 Sept 107 Sept 108 Sept 109 Aug 109 Aug	19 Feb 13 Feb 13 Feb 102 Sept 102 Sept 113 Feb 102 Sept 12 Sept 42 Sept 42 Sept 42 Sept 112 Sept 40 Sept 112 Sept 60 Sept 110 Sept 110 Sept 110 Sept 110 Sept 110 Sept 110 Apr 12 Sept 29 June 104 Apr 125 Age 7 Sept 72 July 103 July
Keith-Albee-Orpheum * Preferred 100 Kelvinator Corp * Kolster Radio Corp * Lehigh Porti Cement 50 Loew's preferred * Macy Rights * Maytag pref * Prior preferred * Milw & El Ry & Lt pf100 Mohawk Carpet Mills * Motor Products * National Supply pf 100 Norwalk Tire & R pf 100 Outlet Co pref 100 Pacific Lighting * Pacif Tel & Tel pref 100 Penna Coal & Coke 50 Phillips Jones Corp * Pierce Arrow pref new 100 Class A * Postal Tel & Cab pf 100	1,500 1,500 20,900 20,900 42,900 42,900 17,300 23,100 100 200 2,200 200 200 200 500 500 500 500	104 ¼ Sept 11 69 ¼ Sept 13 47 ¼ Sept 13 91 Sept 13 34 ½ Sept 8 99 Sept 10 39 ¼ Sept 11 134 Sept 8 115 Sept 12 43 Sept 10 109 Sept 12 76 Sept 8 120 Sept 11 105 Sept 12	47/2 Sept 10 74 % Sept 10 74 % Sept 10 49 % Sept 12 92 Sept 10 37 % Sept 14 101 Sept 12 43 % Sept 14 117 Sept 11 43 Sept 10 110 Sept 12 78 % Sept 10 120 Sept 11 105 % Sept 10 52 % Sept 11	51¼ Aug 99% Mar, -62½ June 43 Aug; 40½ Aug 90¼ Aug; 90½ Aug 90½ Aug 94 July 114 Sept; 75 Sept; 115 Jan 103½ Jan 103½ Jan 103½ Jan 103½ Jan 103½ Jan 103½ Sept; 75 Sept; 115 Jan 103½ Sept; 8 Aug; 8 Aug; 8 Sept; 94 Sept; 95 Sept; 96	74% Sept 775 Aug 52 May 101 May 37% Sept 1111 June 43% Aug 168 Sept 119 Jan 45 Jan 45 June 45 June 114% May 85% June 114% Jan 114% Jan 114% Jan 70% Sept 70% Sept
Reis (Rbt) & Co 1st pf 100 Rem Typew 1st pref. 100 Sloss-Shef St & Ir pf. 100 Spang Chalfant & Co. * Preferred	600 100 30,800 13,800 2,300 319900 130 500 18,700 600 10 10	70 Sept 12 110 Sept 13 111 14 Sept 8 98 4 Sept 13 32 8 Sept 8 98 4 Sept 13 36 Sept 13 52 6 Sept 10 108 2 Sept 11 20 Sept 11 20 Sept 11 20 Sept 11 107 2 Sept 14 107 2 Sept 14 107 2 Sept 14 90 Sept 10	73 Sept 14 110 Sept 13 1111½ Sept 8 41 Sept 13 98½ Sept 13 70½ Sept 13 36½ Sept 8 69¾ Sept 12 122 Sept 11 21 Sept 12 22 Sept 11 21 Sept 12 23 Sept 8 20½ Sept 10 122½ Sept 10	61¼ Feb 106 July 105 Aug 26 July 98½ Sept 68 Sept 34 June 36¾ Aug 104½ Jan 19 Aug 122 May 107½ Sept 107½ Sept	78 May 1143 Aug 1143 Mar 41 Sept 100 Aug 6934 Sept 4234 May 6934 Sept 11113 July 2534 Aug 2734 Aug 2734 Aug 1144 May 1144 Apr 1149 Sept
ance Co. Stocks Bank of Manhattan. 100 Corn Exchange Bank 100 Equit Tr Co of N Y 100 * No par value. 4 Shi	181 10	720 Sept 11 468 Sept 14	763 Sept 12 468 Sept 14	660 May	763 Sept

* No par value. a Shillings. y-Ex-Rights.

Quotations for U. S. Treas. Ctfs. of Indebtedness, &c.

Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	nd et. Maturity. Rate. Bio		Bld.	Asked.	
Dec. 15 1928 Dec. 15 1928 Mar. 15 1929 Mar. 15 1929	3¼ % 4% 3¼ % 3¼ %	991831 991433 991623 991833	992621	Sept. 15 1930-32 Mar. 15 1930-32 Dec. 15 1930-32	314%	972032 972032 972032	992530

New York City Realty and Surety Companies. (All prices dollars per share.)

Alliance R'ity Amer Surety_ Bond & M G_		85 290 450	Mtge Bond N Y Title & Mortgage		672	Realty Assoc's (Bklyn) com 1st pref	280 96	290 99
Lawyers Mtge Lawyers Title & Guarantee	353	359	U S Casualty.	415	425	Westchester Title & Tr.	93	95

New York City Banks and Trust Companies. (All prices dollars per share.)

			(11st prisoce doise		0.00.0			
Banks-N.Y.		Ask	Banks-N.Y.		Ask	Tr. CosN.Y.		AR
America	197	200	Public	t215	219	Central Union		1745
Amer Union	240	250	Seaboard		830	County	600	650
Bronx Bank	625	700	Seventh	285	295	Empire	458	465
Bryant Park*	230	300	Seward	180	185	Equitable Tr.	480	485
Central		218	State*	800	810	Farm L & Tr.	805	815
Century	235	260	Trade*	295	315	Fidelity Trust	420	430
Chase		589	Yorkville	250	290	Fulton	565	600
Chath Phenix			Yorktown*	210	240	Guaranty	656	660
Nat Bk & Tr		592	1			Int'l Germanic	220	225
Chelsea Exch*		305	Brooklyn.			Interstate	300	308
Chemical	910	925	First	560	580	Lawyers Trust		
Colonial*	1200		Globe Exch*	275	325	Manufacturers		
Commerce	647	655	Mechanics	367	373	New \$25 par	233	238
Continental*		625	Municipal *		480	Murray Hill	270	280
Corn Exch		768	Nassau.		455	Mutual (West-		
Fifth Avenue.		2350	People's	950		chester)	350	400
First		4375	Prospect	155	170	N Y Trust	748	758
Garfield		600		-		Times Square	195	202
Grace			Trust Cos.			Title Gu & Tr	805	815
	1300	1320	New York.			US Mtge & Tr	560	580
Harriman		1025	Am Ex lry Tr	434	439	United States	3250	3350
Liberty		305	Banca Com'le			Westchest'rTr		1100
Manhattan*		805	Italiana Tr.		475			
National City		840	Bank of N Y		2.0	Brooklyn.		
Park.	715	722	& Trust Co	770	780	Brooklyn	1125	1225
Penn Exch		195	Bankers Trus	960	970		2500	2700
Port Morris	675	725	Bronx Co Tr.	415	435	Midwood	275	230
A OI & MIOII IO	010	1.20		-20	100		2.0	230

*State banks. ! New stock. z Ex-dividend. * Ex-stock div. v Ex-rights. United States Liberty Loan Bonds and Treasury Certificates on the New York Stock Exchange.—

Daily Record of U. S. Bond Prices.	Sept. 8	Sept. 10	Sept. 11	Sept. 12	Sept. 13	Sept. 14
First Liberty Loan [High	991822	100	991082	99	982832	982022
314% bonds of 1923-47 Low.			982832	982922	982020	981629
(First 316) Close			982822	982922		
Total sales in \$1,000 units	11		178	73		
Converted 4% bonds of High						
1932-47 (First 48) Low.						
Close			~			
Total sales in \$1,000 units						101
Converted 41/4 % bonds High		1002832	1002332	1001732		101
of 1932-47 (First 41/8) Low.				1001632		
Close		1001932	1001932	1001632	1002032	101
Total sales in \$1,000 units	6	40	16	6	9	66
Second converted 41/2 (High		101				
bonds of 1932-47 (First Low.		101				
Second 41/48) Close		101				
Total sales in \$1,000 units		4				
Third Liberty Loan High		998182	993132	998130		
4 % bonds of 1928 Low_		998132		993122		
		998132		993133		
(Third 41/48)(Close		2022				
Total sales in \$1,000 units	2	1000	16	12	31	10142
Fourth Liberty Loan High					101132	
4 % bonds of 1933-38 Low_						101
(Fourth 4 1/48) Close		1002932				101832
Total sales in \$1,000 units	111	185		38	55	395
Treasury (High		1113132		1111032		1111733
4 148, 1947-52 LOW_		1112332	1111832	11111032		1111432
Close		1113132	1111832	1111032	1111432	1111782
Total sales in \$1,000 units		117	32	5	5	32
(High		1062232	1061822	106632		1061832
4s, 1944-1954 Low-		1062722		106522		1061823
Close		1062232		106632		1061832
Total sales in \$1,000 units		40	135	11		5
(High		1032822				
3%s, 1946-1956 Low		1032832		1031522		
		1032822		1032132		
Close						
Total sales in \$1,000 units	10	50	105	30	00	
High		99182		982832	99	
8348, 1943-1947 Low.		982232		982832	983132	
Close		99132	982432	982832		
Total sales in \$1,000 units		16		6	16	
High						982531
*3 % s, 1940-1943 Low_						982432
Close	1003032	982232	981432			982532
Total sales in \$1,000 units.	2	5	15			100

Foreign Exchange.—
To-day's (Friday's) actual rates for sterling exchange were 4.84 21-32 @ 4.84 27-32 for checks and 4.85 1-32 @ 4.85 5-32 for cables. Commercial on banks, sight, 4.84 ½ @ 4.84 9-16; sixty days, 4.80 11-16 @ 4.80 15-16; ninety days, 4.79 @ 4.79 ½, and documents for payment, 4.80 3-16 @ 4.80 1-16; cotton for payment, 4.83 13-16, and grain for payment, 4.83 13-16. To-day's (Friday's) actual rates for Paris bankers' france were 3.90 ½ @ 3.90 7-16 for short. Amsterdam bankers' builders were 40.05 ½ @ 40.08 for short.

Exchange at Paris on London, 124.18 francs; week's range, 124.22 francs high and 124.18 francs low.

The range for foreign exchange for the week follows:

The range for foreign exchange for the week followsterling. Actual—High for the week Low for the week	Checks. 4.84 27-32	Cables. 4.85 5-32 4.85 1-32
Paris Bankers' Francs— High for the week Low for the week	3.90 7-17	3.90 19-32 3.90 ½
Amsterdam Bankers' Guilders— High for the week Low for the week 4	0.08 0.05¾	$\frac{40.1014}{40.0834}$
Germany Bankers' Marks— High for the week	3.82 ½ 3.80 ½	$23.83\frac{1}{2}$ $23.82\frac{1}{2}$

The Curb Market .- The review of the Curb Market is

given this week on page 1485.

A complete record of Curb Market transactions for the week will be found on page 1513.

Report of Stock Sales—New York Stock Exchange

DAILY, WEEKLY AND YEARLY

Occupying Altogether Seven Pages-Page One

For sales during the week of stocks not recorded here, see preceding page

Saturday,	ND LOW SA	Tuesday,	Wednesday,	Thursday,	Friday,	Sales for the	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	PHR 8. Range Sin On basis of 1	ce Jan. 1. 00-share lots	PER SE Range for Year 1	Previews 927.
Sept. 8.	Sept. 10.	Sept. 11.	Sept. 12.	Sept. 13.	Sept. 14.	Week.	Railroads. Par	Lowest \$ per share	Highest S per share	Lowest S per share t	Highest per share
1941 ₄ 1941 ₄ *1031 ₄ 1041 ₂	1923 19378	\$ per share 19334 194 10412 10412	19312 19514	19284 19488 *10312 104	$\frac{1928_4}{1031_2} \frac{1947_8}{1031_2}$	6,900 800	Atch Topeka & Santa Fe. 100 Preferred100	1828 Mar 2 10212 Jan 5	19718 Apr 27 10812 Apr 9	161% Jan 99% Jan	200 Aug 1064 Dec
169 1693 ₄ 115 1157 ₈	113 11518	$\frac{1698_4}{1128_4} \frac{1701_2}{114}$	*169 170 1131 ₄ 1147 ₈	169 169 1131 ₂ 1157 ₈	168 16918 11458 11578	39,000	Atlantic Coast Line RR100 Baltimore & Ohio100 Preferred100	163 Aug 14 1034June 19		17478 Apr 1061 ₂ Jan	20512 Aug 125 Oct 83 June
80 80 721 ₄ 721 ₄ *1131 ₂ 114	*79 80 72 72 *1131 ₂ 114	*78 80 72 72 1131 ₂ 1131 ₂	*78 80 72 72 1131 ₂ 1131 ₂	*79 80 *71 ¹ 2 72 ¹ 2 111 113	*79 80 71 71 111 11384	700	Bangor & Aroostook 50 Preferred 100	78 Aug 6 61 June 12 110 July 7	85 Apr 4 844 Jan 11 11584May 31	7314 Jan 44 Jan 10119 Jan	83 June 1031 ₂ May 122 June
70 70 ¹ 2	70 717 ₈ 91 911 ₄	71 7234 9114 9114	7058 7214 *91 9134	71 7238 9134 92	7184 7314 9178 9178	45,100 1,400	Bklyn-Manh Tran v t c_No par Preferred v t cNo par	53% Jan 17 82 Jan 4	774May 3 958May 3	53 Aug 781s Oct	70% Jan 88 Jan
45% 451 ₂ *37 39	*32 47	4418 45 *32 47	44 4414 *32 47 21112 21312	4218 44 41 41	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50	Brunswick Term & Ry Sec. 100 Buffalo & Susq pref100 Canadian Pacific100	141: Jan 5 38 Sept 14 1951:June 19	5684 Apr 26	712 Oct 40 Apr	193 ₈ Dec 58 June
212 214 314 314 *187 1891 ₂	2115 ₈ 2131 ₂ *305 316 188 189	211 2127 ₈ *305 316 186 187	*305 316 187 188i2	212 21284 316 316 186 187	310 310 1861 ₂ 1871 ₂	400	Central RR of New Jersey 100 Chesapeake & Ohio 100	2974 Feb 17	375 May 7	285 Jan 1514 Jan	348 June 2181 Oct
1084 1084 *1684 1712	1038 1078 1618 1612	*1084 1078 1612 1612	*10 ³ 4 10 ⁷ 8 16 ¹ 8 16 ¹ 8	10 ³ 4 10 ⁷ 8 16 16 ³ 8	1034 1084 1614 1612	1,200	Chicago & Alton 100 Preferred 100	5% Jan 30 7% Feb 20	1834May 2 268aMay 2	4% Jan 712 Jan	10% June 18% July
*40 43 *601 ₂ 63	*40 43 *601 ₂ 63	*40 42 *601 ₂ 62	*401 ₂ 42 *601 ₂ 62	*40 42 *58 62	*40 42 581 ₂ 583 ₄ 13 13	500	Chie & East Illinois RR100 Preferred100 Chicago Great Western100	58 Aug 15	7658May 4	3012 Jan 43 Jan 812 Jan	51 July 8478 Oct 2212 May
$ \begin{array}{r} 13^{3}8 & 13^{3}4 \\ 29^{1}4 & 29^{1}4 \\ 37^{1}8 & 37^{1}2 \end{array} $	13 ³ 8 13 ³ 8 28 ³ 4 29 ⁵ 8 37 ¹ 8 37 ¹ 2	$\begin{array}{cccc} 13^{1}8 & 13^{1}4 \\ 27^{1}2 & 28^{7}8 \\ 37^{3}8 & 37^{1}2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13^{1}_{8} 13^{3}_{4} 27^{5}_{8} 28^{1}_{4} 37^{1}_{8} 37^{3}_{4}	278 ₄ 281 ₂ 371 ₈ 377 ₈	8.700		2012 Feb 20	3218 May 2	9 Jan	4478 June 1984 Dec
531 ₈ 548 ₈ 851 ₈ 851 ₂	53 5414	531 ₈ 541 ₈ 85 85 ³ 4	5338 5412	53 5378	53 541 ₄ 851 ₂ 863 ₈	34,200	Preferred new. Chicago & North Western_100	22 ¹ 4 Mar 5 37 Mar 2 78 June 19	5612 Sept 4 9414 May 1	784 Jan	371 ₂ Dec 971 ₃ Sept
*138 140 12284 12384	*13812 139	13812 13812	*13914 14084	*1371 ₄ 1408 ₄ 122 123	*139 14084 12014 123	14.000	Preferred100 Chicago Rock Isl & Pacific 100	137 Sept 5		1244 Jan 681 Jan	150 Oct 116 July
*107 109 101 101	*107 10884 *10012 10112	*107 ¹ 2 108 ³ 4 101 101 ¹ 2	108 108 101 101	*10712 10812 *101 10134	108 108 1014 1014	200	7% preferred100 6% preferred100	1064 Feb 9 100 Feb 24	11112May 31 105 May 31	1024 Jan 954 Jan	11184 Dec
*110 117 *70 72	*110 117 *70 72	*110 117 *70 72	*110 117 *70 72	*111 122 *70 72	*111 122 71 71	10	Colorado & Southern100 First preferred100	67 July 3	85 Apr 10	84 Jan 70 Jan 68 Jan	78 Dec 75 Oct
*	*72 75 78 78 197 197	*72 75 78 79 1971 ₂ 201	*72 75 77 79 19934 200	*72 75 77 77 197 197	*72 75 77 7714 19714 198	4,300	Second preferred100 Consol RR of Cuba pref100 Delaware & Hudson100	69 Apr 12	8758June 1	65 Aug 1711s Jan	77 May 280 June
*134 136 5734 5778	13214 13384 5778 5812	*132 134	13314 134 5758 5784	13312 13312		1,200	Delaware Lack & Western_100 Denv & Rio Gr West pref100	129 Feb 20 5018 Feb 20	150 Apr 9 654 Apr 28	1301a Oct 411a Jan	173 Mai 674 June
*31 ₂ 33 ₆ *61 ₂ 7	384 384 *612 7	384 384 *612 7	*312 384 *612 7	*312 334 *612 7	384 384 *612 7	700	Duluth So Shore & Atl100 Preferred100	3 Aug 3 48June 19	64 Jan 5 912May 2	25 Apr 4 Mar	778 Dec 1114 Dec
5684 58 5912 6014	5858 5978 5938 61	588 5914 5914 60	5938 6058	59 6012	5858 60 59 5914 *53 56	19.000	First preferred 100	50 June 18	637s Jan 7	524s Jan 49 Jan	664 Au 641 Au
57 57 9984 1005 97 97	5684 571 ₂ 991 ₂ 997 ₈ *95 96	5684 5684 9814 9978 9512 9513	9814 9914		991 ₄ 100 98 981 ₄	6,400	Second preferred100 Great Northern preferred100 Pref certificates100	9312 Feb 6	109 May 14	7958 Jan	103% Sep 101 Sep
228 228 46 46			2212 2258		223 ₈ 221 ₂ *471 ₂ 493 ₈	7,800		1914June 12 43 Aug	25 Jan 24 6178 May 10	18 July 35% Jan	28% Bep 76% July
*100 100% 5912 61	*100 101 581 ₈ 603 ₄	*100 1003 5758 593	100 ¹ 4 100 ¹ 4 57 ⁵ 8 58 ⁷ 8	*10012 10078 58 5878	x10078 101 5758 5818	7,300	Preferred 100 Hudson & Manhattan 100	51 Jan	7312 Apr 24	105 Jan 401, Jan	6578 Ma
*85 87 1431 ₄ 1431 ₅	*85 88 1431 ₄ 1431 ₄	*85 87	*85 87	1 *85 87 1431 ₄ 1431 ₄	*85 87	4	Preferred100		1 1484May 9	1211 Jan	189% Oc
*140 145 441 ₄ 441	*140 145	*140 145 431 ₄ 431	*141 145 *431 ₂ 451 ₂	*140 145 *44 4478	*140 145 45 45	60	Preferred100 Int Rys of Cent America_100	1301g Jan 13 361g Mar 16	3 147 May 15 51 June 16	28 Apr	421a Oc
82 82 4418 441	*80 82 443 ₈ 451 ₂			4634 4838	4818 487	16,50	Preferred	29 Jan	8 82 May 2 6 62 May 8	3012 Aug	7414 Oc 521e Ve 701, Jul
61 ¹ 8 62 *67 ¹ 2 70	595 ₈ 611 ₈ *671 ₂ 70	*6712 70	*6712 6912	583 ₈ 597 ₈ *671 ₂ 691 ₂ 104 1043		2	Kansas City Southern 100 Preferred 100 Lehigh Valley 5	6612 Aug 10	77 Apr 20	647a Jan 881a Oct	7812 De
*103 105 *145 1458 90 90	*102 105 146 146 8712 8713	*102 105 1451 ₂ 1451 *861 ₂ 92	103 103 2 *143 1451; *8612 92		145 1458	80	Louisville & Nashville10	1391 ₂ July 2	1 15912May 10	1284s Jan 7814 Dec	1591s Oc.
491 ₂ 491 *41 ₂ 5	2 495 ₈ 501 ₂ *41 ₂ 5	508 ₈ 505 *41 ₂ 5	8 50 51 *41° 5	49 521 ₂ *41 ₂ 5	511 ₂ 538 *41 ₂ 5	12,10	Modified guaranty10 Market Street Railway10	40 Jan 1	0 64 May 3 712May 15	4% Nov	547a Fe 67a Jun
*18 26 *441 ₂ 45	*18 26 441 ₂ 45	*18 26 45 45	*18 26 *45 ¹ 4 47	*18 26 *46 47	*18 26 47 47	80		4312 Aug 2	3 544May 4	18 Feb 415 Feb 1112 Oct	594 Au
*10 15 *48 49 *79 83	*10 15 *48 49 *78 81	*10 15 48 48 *75 85	*10 15 *45 49 *75 85	*10 15 *46 49 *75 85	*10 15 *46 49 *75 85	20	Second preferred100 Minn St Paul & S S Marie.100 Preferred100	0 40 June 2	1 52% Jan	27 Jan	5612 De
*65 ¹ 2 67 41 ⁵ 8 42	*661 ₂ 67 41 42	66 66 41 415	*6312 661		*6312 661	43,60	0 Leased lines	6312 July 1 7 3012 June 1	7 7112 Jan 1	5814 Mar 3112 Jan	5612 Jui
105% 105% 73½ 74%	8 10514 1053 4 7384 751	105 ¹ 4 105 ¹ 73 ¹ 8 74 ¹	4 105 1051 4 738 743	2 104 ³ 4 105 ¹ 8 72 ¹ 4 73 ⁵	1037 ₈ 104 72 734	4 52.50	0 Preferred 10 Missouri Pacific 10	0 41% Feb	7 7512 Sept 10	37% Jan	62 A
121^{18} 123 $*3^{14}$ 3^{1}	121 1238	12034 1213		2 121 1213			0 Preferred 10 0 Nat Rys of Mexico 2d pref 10		71 512 Apr 20	11e Aug	84 0
$\begin{array}{ccc} 1735_8 & 1751 \\ 127 & 128 \end{array}$	12578 127	125% 126	12312 1261	2 12512 1251	2 126 126	2 2,10	0 New York Central 10 0 N Y Chic & St Louis Co10	0 123 Aug 2	8 146 May 1	1 0110 June	2401 Ms
*1041 ₂ 1061 277 277	*270 280	*1041 ₂ 1051 265 270	250 265	106 106 2561 ₂ 265	1061 ₈ 1061 260 262	39	0 Preferred 10 0 N Y & Harlem 5 0 N Y N H & Hartford 10	0 168 Jan	3 505 Apr 2	167 Dec	185 A
6084 618 1138 1138 28 28	\$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6034 631 11234 1123 2718 28		113 113	1.20	O Preferred	. 11284 Sept 1	2 117 May	110% Oct	114% No
884 84 *35 378	9 91	4 *784 9	784 78 *35 378	4 *812 91	4 *812 9	2 50	0 N Y Railways prefNo po 0 Norfolk Southern10	0 32 June 1	2 491 ₂ Jan 1	1 371s Jan	6412 Ju
*184 185 *85 · 86	184 1841 *85 86	8 1831 ₂ 183 *85 86	12 182 184 *85 86	1817 ₈ 182 *85 86	1811 ₈ 181 *85 86	1	O Norfolk & Western 10 Preferred 10	0 7912 Apr 2	6 90 June 1	2 83 June	90 Ju
981 ₄ 987 963 ₄ 97	9578 968	9518 95	18 9538 961	2 *971 ₂ 978 953 ₈ 951 *18 25		2,10	0 Northern Pacific10 0 Certificates10 0 Pacific Coast10	0 905 Feb 2	0 1014May 1	84 July	997 D
*16 25 645 ₈ 643 *30 33	78 6384 647	8 64 ¹ 4 64 ² 29 ¹ 4 29 ²	8 6414 645	8 6418 641		2 16.00	0 Pennsylvania	0 6178June 1	9 7212 Apr 2	7 56% Jan 20 Jan	68 O
132 132 *97 98	131 131	*130 132 *97 98		130 130 *97 974	132 132 4 *97 98	40	O Pere Marquette 10 O Prior preferred 10	0 12478 Feb 0 97 June	9 146 Apr 1 9 1018 Mar 2	8 93 Jan	9914 D
*951 ₂ 963 1461 ₂ 148	*143 147	14584 146	14612 147	*144 1463	4 *146 146	12 1.10	0 Pittsburgh & West Va10	0 12114 Feb 2	2 100% Mar 3 0 161 Apr 7 119% May 1	9 12212 Jan	174 M
1021 ₂ 104 *42 43	2 *42 43	*42 43		2 10438 107 *42 43 *4712 51	104 ³ 4 106 *42 43 *47 51		O Reading	0 42 July	6 46 Apr		431 D
47 47 *68 70	*68 70	*68 71	*65 68	67 67	*65 68	10	O'Rutland RR pref10	0 50 Feb 2	1 7214May 1	8 48 Jaz	69 M
1151 ₂ 116 *961 ₂ 97	9612 97	9634 96	84 9612 968		4 9612 96	2.00	0 St Louis-San Francisco10 0 1st pref paid10 0 St Louis Southwestern10	0 9578 July 1	7 101 May 2	1 61 Jan	93 Ju
1051 ₄ 108 *901 ₂ 91 153 ₈ 15	*9012 91	9084 90	84 *89 901	2 9012 901	2 *89 91	40	00 Seaboard Air Line10	0 89 July 1 0 11% Mar	4 95 Jan 3 301, Jan	3 7678 Jan 3 2818 Mar	94% D
18 ¹ 8 18 124 ¹ 8 125	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	191 ₂ 20 125 127	58 201 ₂ 203 126 127	78 20 203 18 12514 126	201 ₄ 20 1251 ₄ 126	3,20 16,60	0 Preferred 100 Southern Pacific Co10	0 1175 Feb	4 38 Jan 7 13114 May	3 3212 Apr 9 10614 Jan 7 119 Jan	1267 D
15158 151 *9812 99	5 ₈ 151 152 *99 100	1517 ₈ 153 *99 100	1521 ₄ 153 981 ₂ 981	1517 ₈ 1521 1 ₂ *981 ₂ 983	2 15184 152	5,10	O Southern Railway	0 13912 Feb 0 9814June 1	19 1024 Jan 1	7 119 Jan 7 94 Mar 9 587 Jan	r 1011s D
1841 ₂ 184 33 33	33 33	4 33 33	18 33 33	3314 34	8 34 34	10 3.90	00 Texas & Pacific	0 281s Jan 1	0 4618May 5 56 May	3 284 Au 8 45 No	61 P
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*84 84 81 82	14 *84 84 78 811 ₂ 83	84 84 82 83	84 84 831 ₄ 84	83 83 831 ₄ 84	837 ₈ 84 84 84	6.96	00 Wabash	0 51 Feb	874 Jan 2 8 964 May 1	1 4012 Jan	B1 JU
*93 97 *91 96	*95 98 12 *91 95	*91 94 *95 97	971 ₂ 97 *93 93	1 ₂ *95 97 7 ₈ *92 93	12 *95 97 *92 93	12 10	Preferred B	00 87 Feb	7 102 May 1 4 9912 May 1 8 5434 May 1	8 65 Ja	n 98 Ju
443 ₈ 44 *43 46						14 25,80 84 86	00 Western Maryland10 00 Becond preferred10		8 5478 May 1		
		1	1			1				11	1

^{*}Bid and asked prices; no sales on this day. z Ex-dividend. s Ex-dividend and ex-rights. & Ex-Rights. & Ex-div. of 1715 the shares of Chesapeake Corp. stock.

HIGH AN	Monday, Sept. 10.	LE PRICES Tuesday, Sept. 11.	Wednesday, Sept. 12.	RE, NOT P. Thursday, Sept. 13.	ER CENT.	Sales for the Week.	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	PBR 8. Range Sin On basis of 1:	ce Jan. 1.	PBR Si Range for Year	Previous
\$ per share 3112 3112 56 56	\$ per share *3012 3118 5512 5512	\$ per share *3012 3118	\$ per share 311g 311g	\$ per share	\$ per share *3012 32	Shares	Raiiroads (Concluded). Western Pacific	\$ per share 2814 Feb 7 521 ₂ Aug 15			per shere 4713 June 764 Feb
	501 ₂ 523 ₃ 1101 ₄ 1101 ₄ 111 113 *350 360 *943 ₄ 961 ₂ 451 ₂ 493 ₃ 58 601 ₈ 33 ₈ 31 ₂ 763 ₄ 783 ₈ 81 ₂ 9 41 ₂ 47 ₈ 241 ₂ 25	52 521 ₄ 1093 ₄ 1101 ₄ 113 113 *352 359 *943 ₄ 961 ₂ 471 ₈ 541 ₄ 581 ₄ 64 581 ₄ 67 76 771 ₄ 81 ₂ 88 41 ₈ 41 ₂ 241 ₂ 25	*105 ¹ 4 110 *112 113 ¹ 2 360 360 ¹ 4 *94 ³ 4 96 ¹ 2 54 ⁵ 8 57 ⁵ 8 62 ¹ 4 65 ⁷ 8 314 328 77 ¹ 4 79 814 8 ¹ 2	*10514 10984 *112 35884 360 *9484 9612 5312 5512 60 63 316 314 77 78 818 888 4 448	*103 105 *112 x36014 370 *9484 9612 5384 56 61 62 3 314 7712 7778 814 888 414 414	300 2,000 2,000 63,900 23,400 5,600 14,300 9,300 27,100	Abitibi Pow & Pap	47 July 30 90 June 19 11012 Mar 8 195 Jan 4 93 Jan 16 1112 Feb 8 3414 Jan 17 59 June 19 712 June 12 1 Jan 5 23 Mar 15 9812 Jan 17	85 Apr 62 1134 Aug 20 1141-June 18 378 Apr 27 901-2 Mar 28 575-8 Sept 12 671-June 6 54 Mar 20 815-8 Sept 4 144 Jan 24 514 Sept 7 3114 Jan 26 1114 Mar 14	6214 Mar 109 Aug 124 Jan 9484 Nov 72 Oct 2215 Oct 284 June 712 June 1 June 18 Apr 95 June	118% Nov 11819 Feb 210 Nov 9618 Dec 15% Feb 45% Nov 618 Bepi 13% Mai 214 Feb 32 Bepi 102 Bep
197 199 112312 124 1354 1354 11 114 17712 80 1112 321 2008 2112 124 127 7212 7212 124 127 66116 6312 2284 23 2594 5914 1512 168 1524 5514 10514 10714 140 141 19714 9714	*12312 124 137 ⁸ 4 137 ⁸ 4 137 ⁸ 2 113 ⁸ 110 ⁸ 8 1114 *77 ¹² 80 31 ¹⁴ 8 21 ² 4 72 ¹² 73 ² 8 127 129 ¹² *61 ¹⁸ 63 22 ¹² 22 ² 4 60 60 31 ⁸ 4 32 ¹⁴ 43 43 *12314 124 15 157 ⁶ 8 105 ⁸ 8 108 ⁸ 8 *140 141 97 97 ⁹ 7 ⁸ 4	x1211; 1211; 137 ³ 4 139 ³ 4 11 11 ³ 4 79 79 ¹ 8; 31 31 ⁴ 4 21 21 ⁷ 8 *61 ¹ 8 63 22 ¹ 2 22 ¹ 2; *60 61 32 36 ³ 8 *42 ¹ 8 42 ¹ 8 *123 ¹ 2 124 15 ¹ 8 15 ³ 1 53 ¹ 4 57 ¹ 8 165 107 ¹ 2 *140 141	*1211; 124 136 139 113; 113; *77 80 311; 314; 203; 203; 203; 2127; 1272; 2127; 1273; 2603; 603; 603; 223; 223; 223; 223; 2121; 1273; 2121; 1273; 2123; 1273; 2131; 124 15 151; 52 53 106% 1085; *140 141 97 971;	*135 13812 11 11 *73 79 31 3114 20 20% 70% 71% 1274 130% 6014 6014 2212 2212 61 61; 37 387; 4134 417; *12314 124 1414 153; 5018 51 10614 108 *140 141 9534 9714	*12112 12212 *13512 137 *1114 1112 *73 79 31 3358 20 2018 6912 7012 127 12812 62 62 *2234 2278 6112 6112 3658 3858 4112 4178 *12314 124 *5012 5112 10512 10778 21384 13814 21384 13814	100 1,900 1,900 16,200 4,800 6,100 5,500 100 88,600 2,200 4,800 184,900 184,900	Allied Chemical & Dye No par Preferred 100 Amer Bosch Magneto 0 par Preferred 100 Amer Bosch Magneto 0 par Preferred 100 Amer Bosch Magneto 0 par Preferred 100 Amer Bosch Magneto 0 par Preferred 100 Amer Bosch Magneto 0 par Preferred 100 Amer Bosch Magneto 0 par Preferred 100 Amer Bosch Magneto 0 par Preferred 100 Amer Brown Boveri El No par Preferred 100 Amer Brown Borer El No par Preferred 100 Amer Brown Box Preferred 100 Amer Brown Can 25 Amer Brown Br	146 Feb 18 12012/June 28 1151s Feb 18 101s/June 12 69 Mar 2 271s Feb 20 1558 Feb 20 744 Jan 17 6014 Sept 13 143 July 13 36 Feb 18 397s July 17 1241s Jan 4 1058 Apr 27 4014 Apr 27 7012 Jan 18 1364 Jan 18 1364 Jan 18	205 Aug 31 1275 May 4 14112 Sept 4 1674 Apr 19 90 Apr 19 3874 Mar 31 2314 May 24 7612 Aug 21 159 May 9 6675 Jan 3 2412 Aug 28 6153 Sept 13 41 June 4 4918 Jan 27 128 June 12 2614 May 21 6578 May 21 11124 Aug 31 147 Apr 30 11112 Jan 3	131 Jan 120 Mar 88 Jan 112 Nov 68 Dec 272 Apr 814 Apr 2814 Apr 41 Jan 5612 Jan 1515 Oct 35 Dec 12 Jan 3612 Jan 1714 Feb 514 Aug 40 Aug 423 Mar 126 Jan 96 July	375 Pel 2112 De 98 Nor 65 Sep 234 Ma 601s Jan 264 Oc 46 July 128 Ma 3912 Jan 98 Fel 77% De 14134 De
\$11712 125 110112 105 \$878 8978 \$11112 112 1144 12 7078 7078 \$225 235 4414 46 10748 108 9814 9834 *1114 114 *14 14 *45 46 7778 78 43 4318 *96 98 10712 1094 638 688 *694 71 125 12914 *120 127	*118 125 105 105 8784 8884 *11112 112 1184 12 6918 6918 23212 23212 32322 23212 4384 4578 106 108 9683 9712 *1012 1112 4518 4518 4618 778 4258 43 96 98 10612 10984 68 61 770 71	120 120 *103 105 \$71 ₂ 92 1111 ₂ 1111 ₂ 115 ₈ 11 ₂ 70 70 227 233 431 ₄ 451 ₂ 108 108 96 961 ₄ 4103 ₄ 111 ₄ 45 45 76 761 ₄ 421 ₄ 427 ₄ *96 98	12012 12012 *103 104 87 91 *11112 113, *11112 113, *26934 70 *230 23415 *110734 108 9612 97 *10734 1114 *45 471, 75 75 8 42 423, *96 97 109 1133, 2 614 61, *66 71 121 121	*117 120 *103 104 86 88 *111½ 1158 117 70 738 *220 230 44 458 *107½ 108 96½ 97 11 11 46½ 47 75 75½ 4278 44 *96 96⅓ 110 114¼	*117 120 103 103 284 86 113 113 1158 1178 7314 7858 *221 230 4 4358 4478 2 10612 10612 *9534 96 11 11 *46 4712 2 27512 76 43 4458 2 *96 9612 108 11412	300 203,300 181 10,900 10,700 30,800 1,500 200 200 1,500 16,800 2,400 10,100 11,000	Preferred	110% Aug 1 9914 Mar 7 69 Jan 12 107 Jan 5 11 Feb 18 53 Jan 4 169 Jan 10 22% Feb 28 10434 June 25 81 Feb 24 934 Aug 10 40 June 13 59 Feb 18 28 Jan 10 90 Jan 7 71 Jan 5 514 Jan 12 56 Jan 10 56% Jan 10 56% Jan 10 56% Jan 10	13712 Mar 311 105 June 4 92 Sept 11 114 May 21 1512 Apr 10 78% Sept 14 236 Sept 14 49 Sept 5 110 May 24 100 Sept 7 15% Feb 1 67% Feb 1 81% May 31 463% Aug 6 9912 May 9 125 May 17 7% May 7 74 Mar 27 135 Sept 4	124% Oct 981 Dec	1844 Jun 102 Sep 744 Not 110 De 1512 Not 5712 Not 183 Not 183 Not 1004 De 6672 Jul; 71 Not 9612 Ma; 724 De 100 Ja; 9018 Ja; 7212 Not 9212 Not
9818 9814 11812 11812 145 148 1114 115 4758 4758 1111 11312 11612 17 554 56 8712 8814 157 1578 12014 121 6718 6812 3212 3212 3212 3212 3212 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213 3213	981 ₄ 991 ₄ 1183 ₄ 119 148 148 *114 115 48 48 *111 1131 ₂ 161 ₂ 161 ₂ 56 56 87 87 ₈ 120 120 671 ₈ 693 ₈ 2120 120 671 ₈ 693 ₈ 321 ₄ 33 41 ₈ 41 ₄ *90 901 ₂ 244 247 ₈ 136 136 136	9884 991: 118 1195: 14812 162: 11312 114: 48 48 *111 1131: 1612 161: *55 57 85 87 15412 156: 11912 1191: 6718 681: 7176 73: *32 32: 4 4 * *9012 95: 243 2508: *136 137	9914 9915	2 496 96 *11612 119 163 163 163 163 *110 112 *110 112 *110 112 *110 112 *110 112 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *111 123 *11	9714 9778 *11612 119 160 1628 114 114 14 4812 49 *110 112 4 1684 858, 2 x153 1551; *117 123 7014 741; 7138 73 3184 32 7014 743 3184 32 2 702 90 4 247 252 136 136	70 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	0 American Locomotive No par Preferred	87 June 21 114 June 26 1291 ₂ June 19 1111 ₂ Mar 1 39 Mar 13 109 Aug 8 12 ³ 4 July 19 501 ₆ July 12 6024 Jan 11 1301 ₈ Jan 18 1101 ₂ Jan 4 5114 Feb 7 56 Jan 10 291 ₈ July 12 291 ₈ July 12 841 ₂ Aug 9 841 ₂ Aug 9	115 Jan 31 134 Mar 24 180 Mar 26 116 Jan 13 51 June 4 11712May 14 25 Feb Jab 3 95 May 14 16112Sept 5 1384 Feb 21 85 Apr 12 744 Sept 7 45 May 14 618May 28 119 Jap 6 25318 Aug 12 142 Apr 20	9914 Oct 11912 Feb 7314 Jan 3618 Nov 2012 Dec 84 Nov 54 Jan 11012 Jan 8712 Apr 3678 Oct 211 Oct 80 Jan 1328 Jan 11914 Mar	116 Ma 127 Jul 1881 Jul 1881 Jul 493 De 494 Jul 11014 Ma 732 Oc 1477 Sep 11614 No 61 Jul 621 Jul 647 No 61 Jul 623 Jul 648 Jul 649 Jul 640 Jul 640 Jul 641 Jul 641 Jul 641 Jul 642 Jul 643 Jul 644 Jul 644 Jul 645 Jul 646 Jul 1883 De 1883 De
$\begin{array}{c} *168 6681_{2} \\ *107 108_{2} \\ *107 108_{3} \\ *112 113_{3} \\ *771_{4} 81_{107} 1071_{2} \\ 72_{2} 73_{3} \\ *211_{2} 22_{1813_{3}} 1821_{4} \\ 1721_{2} 173_{4} 1721_{2} 173_{4} \\ *117_{118} 115_{115} 115_{110} 110_{105_{5}} 61_{10} \\ *106_{5} 61_{10} 106_{5} 408_{5} \\ 408_{5} 408_{5} \\ *108_{4} 111_{4} 111_{4} \\ *111_{4} 111_{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	108 1091 5712 588 113 113 7812 801 10634 1077 7038 711 2112 218 18114 1817 168 169 16912 1691 117 118 *11418 1171 *10918 1171 *10918 1091 *10014 101 1618 163	2 *107 1121: 5 5712 59 11218 1121; 2 7614 79; 2 10712 1071; 2 71 72; 4 2158 217; 169 1691; 169 1692; 116 116; 4 *11418 1161; *10918 110; 59 593; 9838 100; 8 1614 1614 161; 4078 41	5712 581 112 112 2*10712 1072 7012 71 5 2134 213 18034 1824 167 168 16614 1691 *106 117 2*10634 1161 *10918 110 *10918 110 4 1614 163 4 164 164 4 164 164 4 164 164 4 164 164 4 164 164 4 164 164 4 164 164	11214 11214 76 7714 10738 10715 70 7076 4 *2112 22 4 1814 18176 16638 167 2 *166 117 2 *106 117 *109 18 110 4 5814 5915 *9838 100 4 1638 1638 4038 41	1,10 9,00 60 2,40 6,30 2,5 10 2,7,00 1,70	Preferred	100 Feb 17 47% Feb 27 221 Aug 31 172 July 24 152 June 19 152 June 19 116 Sept 12 109% Aug 10 107% June 11 100 July 3 14 July 27	81 Sept 8 11012May 31 7388 Sept 7 32 Jan 17 211 May 17 176 Jan 3 177 Jan 3 126 Apr 20 1264 Jan 3 115 Mar 31 1704, May 4 106 Apr 13 244 Feb 14	104 Nov 104 Nov 4112 Jan 26 Apr 14914 Jan 120 Jan 11914 Jan 11978 Nov 10774 Feb 46 Aug	1061 ₂ O 72 ² 4 Di 115 Ja 95 ² 4 Ma 1161 ₂ Ma 168 ² 4 O 36 ² 4 At 1851 ₂ O 189 No 186 No 120 Di 146 Se 72 ¹ 4 Se 1031 ₂ Di 33 ² 8 Ji
3614 371, 3038 313, 9012 9012 901, 7458 757, 7712 78 11312 1131, 9434 943 2258 231, 11 111, 8818 885, 4212 431, *2858 30 *3134 341, 10434 110 50 531,	3812 3914 2912 3056 2 89 903 3 744 769 7814 769 2 *11312 114 4 *9312 941; 1118 111, 28712 881; 4 4118 427, 2878 297, *318, 341 *1043, 110 4 5014 517, *101 1033; *101 1031	39\s 41\text{11} 29\s^8 32\text{13} 88\text{18} 91\text{175} 75\text{14} 77\text{131} 293\text{12} 29\text{13} 29\text{12} 23\text{11} 11\text{11} 877\text{8} 90\text{13} 41\text{11} 12\text{14} 877\text{8} 90\text{15} 30\text{30} 30\text{30} 30\text{15} 50\text{51} 2\text{164}\text{8} 110\text{15} 50\text{51} 2\text{164}\text{8} 110\text{16} 110\text{110} 110\text{16}	8 41½ 431 2 338 347 90% 931 4 7778 791 7912 80 113½ 1131 2 938 96 8 228 231 4 11 8914 90 8 408 407 *2912 30 *3184 35 *1048 110 12 5018 511 2 *102 1031 109 109	28 44 45 8 32 ¹ 4 33 ² 2 91 91 4 77 78 ¹ 2 79 80 2 *113 ¹ 2 115 94 ¹ 2 95 ¹ 2 22 ¹ 4 22 ² 4 10 ³ 4 11 90 90 8 40 41 28 ³ 4 31 *31 ³ 4 35 *104 ³ 4 110 2 48 ³ 4 501 101 ¹ 2 101 ¹ 109 109	45 471, 88 3212 331, 9012 901, 4 7714 787, 8 8014 811, 4 11312 115, 4 948, 948, 1058 11 898, 498, 408, 421, 31 31, *318, 35, *104 110, 4 49 501, 12 101 101, *108 110	2	O Preferred Certificate 100 O Amer Zinc, Lead & Smelt 25 O Amer Zinc, Lead & Smelt 25 O Anaconda Copper Mining 50 O Archer Dan'is, Midi'd. No par O Armour & Co (Del) pref 100 O Armour & Co (Del) pref 100 O Armour of Illinois class & 25 O Class B 25 O Preferred 100 O Art Metal Construction 10 Articom C op No par Preferred 100 Assoc Dry Goods No par O Assoc Dry Goods No par O O Assoc Dry Goods No par O O O O O O O O O O	34 June 12 6% Jan 16 40 Jan 16 54 Jan 18 554 Feb 20 112% Feb 20 1114 Jan 16 6% Jan 16 67% Jan 19 3514 July 23 2512 Jan 16 29 July 24 4014 June 13	2 48% Mar 1 3478 Sept 12 98 Apr 11 5794 Sept 12 97 May 9 11514 Mar 16 9772 June 7 2312 Sept 8 11312 May 11 9112 June 6 5 514 Apr 12 448 Mar 19 3 5314 Sept 8 11378 Apr 3 11912 Jan 27 1178 Apr 3 11912 Jan 27	254 Apr 54 Sept 35 Oct 414 June 38 Mar 106 Jan 79 Oct 84 May 5 Dec 60 Apr 21 Apr 22 Jan 404 Dec 1091 ₂ Nov 391 ₂ Feb	574 A: 1014 F 5014 F 5014 F 6012 D 63 D 11312 D 9614 F 1572 J 9814 J 8614 J 8512 N 82 J 11412 N 5338 N
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^{*} Bid and asked prices; no sales on this day, s Ex-dividend. s Ex-rights,

New York Stock Record—Continued—Page 3 For sales during the week of stocks not recorded here, see third page preceding

Saturday, 1	Monday,	LE PRICES	Wednesday,	Thursday,	Friday,	- for the	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	PER SHARE Range Since Jan. 1: On basts of 100-share lots	PER SHARE Range for Previous Year 1927
\$ per share 112 115	\$ per share *115 116	Sept. 11. \$ per share 116 116	Sept. 12. 8 per share 116 116	Sept. 13. \$ per share 113 114	*110 11	re Shares	Indus. & Miscell. (Con.) Par Bayuk Cigars, IncNo par	S per share S per share 98 June 20 14012 Mar 1	S per share S per share 491g Jan 109 Dec
*1051 ₂ 1061 ₂ 171 ₂ 178 ₄ *778 ₄ 78 15 15	1063 ₈ 1063 ₈ 171 ₄ 175 ₈ *773 ₄ 781 ₂ 141 ₂ 141 ₂	17 171 ₄ 771 ₂ 793 ₈	107 107 1684 1788 7784 79 1484 1484	7714 771	7814 7	34 49,900 314 3,800 410 1.500	First preferred 100 Beacon Oil No par Beech Nut Packing 20 Belding Hem'way Co No par	104 June 19 110% Mar 28 12 ¹ 4 Mar 16 20 ¹ 4 Apr 25 70% July 13 83 ¹ 2 Feb 9 13 July 26 22 Jan 12	14 Oct 184 June 504 Apr 744 Nov
*88 $^{861}_{2}$ $^{878}_{4}$ $^{627}_{8}$ $^{641}_{4}$ 117 $^{1171}_{2}$	*83 86 8538 8758 63 6514	*83 85 84 851 ₂ 64 651 ₈	*837 ₈ 85 84 86 643 ₈ 653 ₈	*83 85 84 85 641 ₄ 668	84 8 843 ₄ 8 66 6	\$1 ₂ 500 \$3 ₄ 16,400 77 ₂ 246 800	Belgian Nat Rys part pref Best & Co	84 Sept 14 9212May 14 532 Jan 19 874 Sept 8 5173 June 19 6938 Apr 14	40% Aug 50% Nov 43% Jan 66% Bept
*381 ₂ 394 ₄ 1091 ₂ 1091 ₂ *103 1081 ₂	3818 3818 *10912 110 *103 10812	117 11718 3912 3912 *10912 110 *105 10812	381 ₂ 40 *1091 ₂ 110 *103 110	118 118 40 ⁵ 8 44 *109 ¹ 2 110 *103 108 ¹	44 ¹ 2 5 109 ¹ 2 10 *103 10	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Preferred 100 Blumenthal & Co pref 100	11618 June 29 125 Apr 13 3358 July 23 4412 Jan 5 10912 Jan 11 1114 July 3 87 June 27 105 Sept 7	34 June 527 Nov 1091 Jan 114 Nov 44 Jan 95 Dec
7278 7358 8 8 *53 55 16518 16518	7284 73 8 8 5358 5358 167 16812	721 ₂ 721 ₂ 8 8 535 ₈ 537 ₈ 166 168	721 ₂ 721 ₂ 8 8 535 ₈ 535 ₈ 1668 ₄ 168	8 8	8	87 ₈ 6,500 48 ₄ 1,000	Bon Ami class A	65 ¹ 4 Jan 3 78 ² 4 Jan 27 5 ¹ 4 Jan 4 9 ¹ 2 Aug 9 41 ¹ 4 Mar 14 61 Aug 9 152 June 19 187 Jan 11	412 Sept 812 Apr 36 Sept 5714 May
15 15 46 ³ 4 48 ⁷ 8 *4 ³ 4 5 ¹ 2	*12 16 461 ₄ 481 ₈ 51 ₂ 51 ₂	*12 16 461 ₂ 521 ₈	*12 16 5212 5412 5 512	*12 151 5014 521	*12 1 505 ₃ 5	$\begin{bmatrix} 51_2 \\ 28_4 \end{bmatrix} 791,300 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} 300$	Botany Cons Mills class A_50 Briggs Manufacturing_No par British Empire Steel100	8 ³ 4 Aug 23 23 Jan 4 21 ¹ 8 Feb 4 54 ¹ 2 Sept 12 1 ¹ 8 Jan 10 9 ¹ 4 May 25	18 May 301 Sept 191 Sept 364 Feb
*71 ₂ 8 *2591 ₄ 268 *146 150 47 47	*71 ₂ 8 268 268 *148 149	*712 8 *257 26412 14812 14812	149 149	*251 265 1491 ₂ 162	*250 27 160 16	7 12,700	2d preferred 100 Brooklyn Edison Inc 100 Bklyn Union Gas No par	139 June 13 167 Sept 14	1481 ₂ Feb 225 Dec 895 ₈ Apr 1571 ₂ Dec
531 ₄ 557 ₈ 37 38 45 457 ₈	465 ₈ 465 ₈ 52 543 ₄ 371 ₄ 387 ₈ 451 ₈ 463 ₈	5214 5578 3718 3838	3738 3739	52% 547 3718 378	8 521 ₂ 5 4 37 3	5 77,600 878 6,600 758 9,500	Brown Shoe IncNo par Brunsw-Balke-Collan'r.No par D Bucyrus-Erie Co10 Preferred10	45 ¹ 8June 11 55 ¹ 2 Apr 5 27 ¹ 2 Feb 20 58 Sept 7 24 ¹ 2 Feb 18 50 ⁷ 8June 2 33 ² 8 Feb 17 54 ⁵ 8May 14	25% July 38% Jan
$\begin{array}{ccc} 120 & 120 \\ 32 & 331_2 \\ 1058_4 & 1058_4 \\ 160 & 161 \end{array}$	33 331	*118 121 *32 33 1057 ₈ 1063 ₈	*121 124 *32 33 106 106 1621 ₂ 1631 ₂	121 121 32 32 \$10478 1047 164 169	32 3	2 1,40 51 ₈ 23 4 6,00	0 Burns Bros new clAcomNo par New class B comNo par 0 Preferred100 0 Burroughs Add MachNo par	1578 Mar 8 433 June 4	1614 Mar 34% Jan 90 June 100 Jan
54 54 1061 ₂ 1061 ₂ *114 116	*53 54 1061 ₈ 1061 ₈ *114 116	53 53 1071 ₂ 1071 ₂ *114 116	53 53 1071 ₄ 1071 ₄ *114 115	5212 521 106 106 *114 115	2 52 ¹ 2 5 106 10 114 ¹ 4 11	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 21_2 & 500 \\ 6 & 120 \\ 41_4 & 20 \end{array} $	0 Bush TerminalNo par 0 Debenture100 0 Bush Term Bidgs pref100	50 June 20 6714 Apr 13 10478 Aug 16 115 May 21 111 Aug 1 11912 June 18	29% Jan 69 Nov 91% Jan 111% Dec 1035 Feb 120 Aug
$\begin{array}{cccc} 9^{3}_{8} & 9^{1}_{2} \\ 42^{3}_{4} & 44 \\ 10^{3}_{8} & 10^{5}_{8} \\ 77^{1}_{2} & 78 \end{array}$	42 42 11 111 77 77	42 50	83 ₈ 91 ₈ 47 495 ₈ 111 ₈ 111 ₄ 75 751 ₄	*4614 47 1012 11	47 4 *98 ₄ 1	778 11,50 012 9,70	0) Butte Copper & Zinc	834 Aug 6 1634May 21 65 Mar 1 8014May 24	1 66 Jan 9212 June
10884 11114 *11114 11312 7412 7612 *35 3512	10684 110 *11114 1131 7758 797	106 ¹ 4 108 ⁷ 8 *111 ¹ 4 112 78 81	10684 11078 *113 11312 7712 7958	10512 1084 *113 1131 77 784	10618 10 2 *113 11 4 76 7	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0 Byers & Co (A M)No par Preferred100 0 California PackingNo par 0 California Petroleum25	901 ₂ Jan 16 1171 ₂ Jan 2 1085 ₈ Apr 13 1141 ₂ Aug 1 681 ₂ June 18 81 Sept 1 251 ₄ Mar 16 36 Sept	1 1054 May 1121 Dec 1 604 Apr 70 Dec
278 278 10212 10358 3118 3178	*35 36 284 3 10338 105 3112 321	3484 3484 284 278 104 108 3184 3278	27 ₈ 3	*35% 357 278 3 10478 107 31% 325	27 ₈ 1061 ₄ 10	3 7,00 9 41,60	0 Callahan Zinc-Lead 10 0 Calumet Arisona Mining 10 0 Calumet & Hecla 25	18 Mar 8 58 Apr 3	oll 14 Sept 25 Jan
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421 ₈ 427 ₈ *11 111 ₂ *763 ₄ 80 791 ₂ 80	*1012 111 79 79 80 811	2 11 11 80 80	11 11 ¹ 8 81 ⁸ 4 83	86 87	12 1184 1 851 ₂ 8	2 1,10 63 ₄ 25	0 Central Alloy SteelNo par 0 Century Ribbon MillsNo par 0 Preferred100 0 Cerro de Pasco CopperNo par	11 Aug 14 175 Apr 6 77 Aug 24 92 May 14 581 Jan 3 937 Sept 1	1013 Jan 164 Aug 70 Jan 884 Dec 1 58 June 7213 Dec
45 4538 *9412 97 *74 77 1018 1019	451 ₂ 46 *941 ₂ 961 *74 76	2 *94 ¹ 4 96 ¹ 5 74 74	4512 4578 *9412 9612 *74 75	441 ₂ 45 *941 ₂ 96 *74 75	78 4458 4 12 *9412 1 *74 7	51 ₈ 12,80 61 ₂	O Certain-Teed Products No par 7% preferred 100 Certo Corp 20 Chandler Cleveland MotNopar	4084May 24 6458 Apr 24 9412 Aug 14 100 May 2 71 May 3 7912 Aug 2	42 Jan 554 May 1 65 Dec 787 Aug
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331 ₂ 331 ₂ 53 54 478 ₄ 487 ₈	5384 571	2 53% 56% 4 4812 521	32 32 32 53 55 53 55 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53	52 55 50 ¹ 4 52	511 ₂	5678 57,70	0 Chicago Yellow CabNo par 0 Childs CoNo par 0 Chile Copper	37 Apr 19 5712 Sept 1 3738 Mar 5 5312 Sept 1	0 485 Mar 654 Aug 2 331 June 444 Dec 3 347 Jan 907 Dec
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891 ₄ 891 ₅ 79 80 *1201 ₂ 121 *1721 ₄ 173	791 ₂ 821 *1201 ₂ 121	*120 121	121 121	*8612 88 7778 77 121 121	78 76 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 12	77 3,80 21 10	O Class B	69 Aug 13 10934 Apr 11818 Mar 21 12434 Mar 1	5 51 June 8412 Oct 9 11114 Jan 12514 Nov
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*1401 ₂ 145 1991 ₂ 2001 781 ₄ 793	*140 ¹ 2 145 201 202 78 78 ³ 4 79	*140 ¹ 4 145 199 200 78 78 79	*1401 ₂ 142 200 202 791 ₄ 803	140 ¹ 4 140 202 204 78 ³ 8 80	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 40^{1}2 & 1,20 \\ 22 & 7,60 \\ 80^{3}8 & 13.50 \end{array} $	00 Preferred 100 00 Coty Inc No pa 00 Crucible Steel of America 100	1381 Jan 16 1464 Apr 1 123 Jan 3 222 Sept 1 694 July 3 93 Feb	10 128 Jan 1424 Dec 14 56 Jan 123 Dec 7 7612 Oct 9634 Mas
*114 118 24 251 434 43 18 18	2 251 ₂ 26 4 48 ₄ 4	84 251 ₄ 25 84 48 ₄ 4	58 2514 251 78 458 47	2 2484 25 8 484 4	12 25 34 434	2584 15,60 5 2,00		22 Apr 4 28's May 7 43's July 31 712 May 1 15 July 31 323's Jan 1	8 1812 Aug 3414 Jan 12 478 Oct 1044 Jan 12 2838 Nov 5044 Jan
175 ₈ 183 *99 1001 *73 ₄ 83	181 ₄ 18 12 *99 100	12 18 18 12 *99 100	14 18 181 12 *99 1001	1734 18 2 *99 100 4 *734 8	183 ₈ 12 *99 1	183st 7.10	O Cuban-American Sugar 100 Preferred 100 Cuban Dom'can Sgu Nopa	1618 Aug 13 2414May 2 9818 Sept 5 108 Feb 734 Augt 1 12 Jan	1 9712 Nov 107 Aug 4 1012 Nov 18 Jan
731 ₂ 75 139 148	138 143	138 144	78 14814 154	34 143 149	14612 1	5338 102,3	OO Cudahy Packing5 00 Curtis Aer & Mot CoNo pa Preferred10	0 1174 Jan 5 14318 Apr	16 45 Nov 694 Dec 18 111 Nov 118 Dec 14 103 Apr 152 Oct
200 200 *129 ³ 4 130 56 57 56 ¹ 2 57	*12934 130 55 55 5714 59	*129 ³ 4 135 57 ₈ 55 57 3 ₈ 58 59	*130 135 541 ₂ 55 571 ₈ 58	1331 ₂ 134 541 ₂ 55 58 66	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35 551 ₄ 3,9 631 ₂ 111,5	OO Cushman's SonsNo page Cushman's Sons pref (7) 10 Cuyamel FruitNo page Davison ChemicalNo page 100 Davison Chemical	0 114 Jan 11 135 Sept 149 July 27 5878 Sept 17 34 Feb 18 6312 Sept 18	11 107 Apr 125 Dec 6 30 Apr 5512 Oct 14 2614 Apr 4812 Dec
125 125 205 205 *521 ₂ 53 *112 114	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 *1231 ₂ 124 14 207 218	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 2141 ₂ 214 521 ₂ 5	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16 11,70 55 10.90	Deere & Co pref	0 16612 Jan 11 21912 Sept 40 Jan 3 61 Apr 0 108 Jan 9 120 May	12 1331; Jan 1701; Dec 16 361; Aug 427; Dec 16 101 Jan 1141; Dec
*161 163 207 ₈ 20 *104 105	78 2014 20 *102 108	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	84 161 163 12 2038 20 84 10384 105	78 2034 2 10518 10	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	60 3- 211 ₂ 5.0 081 ₂ 6.0	40 Diamond Match 100 Dodge Bros Class A 100 Preferred No po	0 1343 Jan 18 165 Aug 12 June 11 241 Jan 17 6312 June 19 10812 Sept	25 116 Feb 1474 Sept 4 1314 Oct 2712 Jan 14 5612 Oct 85 Feb
10 10 58 58 •1001 ₂ 101 1831 ₈ 184	58 58 1 ₂ 101 101	581 ₄ 59	601 ₂ 61 1003 ₄ 100	12 60 60 84 1007 ₈ 10	0 ¹ 2 60 ¹ 4 *100 1	9 ⁸ 4 13,2 60 ¹ 2 4,1 01 9 80 5.0	000 Dome Mines, LtdNo po 000 Dunhill InternationalNo po 000 Duquesne Light 1st pref10 000 Eastman Kodak CoNo po	5512 Jan 9 76 Mar 100 10018 Aug 22 11612 Mar 163 Feb 20 19414 July	29 49 Aug 621 Oct 3 11414 Mar 1175 Nov 30 12614 Jan 17514 Sept
*125 129 55 ¹ 2 56 388 391	*125 129 5658 58 34 387 388	*125 129 565 ₈ 57 383 387	*125 126 5634 58 388 394	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$5 *125 1$ $7^{1}_{2} 57^{1}_{4}$ $1^{1}_{4} 390 3$	61 ¹ 2 76.1 93 3.8	20 Preferred	100 12312 Aug 31 134 Apr 26 Jan 11 6112 Sept 37 310 Jan 10 40512 June	14 2114 Oct 294 June 4 168 Jan 3437 Oct
*115 ¹ 4 116	116 116	1	1	1	1	1		1	11 1

New York Stock Record—Continued—Page 4 For sales during the week of stocks not recorded here, see fourth page preceding

\$\frac{8}{9}\text{ sper share} \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	Jan. 1. share lots Highest	PER SHARE Range for Previous
\$\text{per share}\$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc		Lowest Highest
18	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	S

^{*} Bid and asked prices; no sales on this day; s Ex-div dend. s Ex-rights.

New York Stock Record—Continued—Page 5 For sales during the week of stocks not recorded here, see fifth page preceding

New York Stock Record—Continued—Page 6 For sales during the week of stocks not recorded here, see sixth page preceding

HIGH AND	Monday,	LE PRIC		SHAI esday,			R CEN	_	Sales for the	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	PER SE Range Sinc On basis of 10	e Jan. 1; 0-share lots	PRR SE Range for . Year 1	Previous
	Sept. 10.	Sept. 11	. Sept.	share	Sept.	13.	Sept.	14.	Week.	Indus. & Miscel. (Con.) Par	\$ per share 2014 June 13	Highest S per share 41 Jan 11	Lowest 5 per chare 314 Jan	Highest per sher 38% De
	$\begin{array}{ccc} 24 & 25^{1}8 \\ 100 & 100 \\ 11 & 11^{1}2 \\ 96 & 96 \end{array}$		1 1012	24 100 11 98	*2388 100 *1012 *95	100	*100	$\begin{array}{c} 251_4 \\ 1001_2 \\ 107_8 \\ 98 \end{array}$	3,200	Oil Well Supply 25 Preferred 100 Omnibus Corp No par Preferred 100		11012 Jan 11 1514 May 10 9938 June 12	1024 Mar 11 Mar 81 Jan	110 Jun 1716 Jun 9912 Ma
*72 7212 2538 2538	*72 72 ¹ 2 81 81	71 7	2 718 ₄	728 ₄ 30	721 ₈ *23 *82	7338 9212	7414	75 ⁷ 8	7,000	Oppenheim Collins & CoNo par	67% Aug 17 18 May 9 75 May 9	881 ₂ Jan 7 30 Sept 12 102 Jan 5	581 ₂ Feb 237 ₈ Dec 1023 ₄ Nov	824 De 35 Ap 1081 Jun
21784 21784 12612 12612 2858 2958	126 ¹ 2 28 29 ¹ 8		$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1261 ₂ 291 ₄	*1261 ₂ 281 ₄	2878	2138 ₄ : *1261 ₂ 283 ₈	130 2878	900 40 54,700	Orpneum Circuit, line	147 ¹ 8 Feb 20 119 ¹ 4 Jan 24 10 ¹ 2 Jan 18 82 ¹ 2 Jan 10	222 Aug 31 1264 July 19 294 Sept 7 9812 Sept 8	108 Feb 74 Feb	1554 Oc 1244 Au 121 ₂ Jun
981 ₂ 981 ₂ *96 961 ₂ 821 ₈ 821 ₂	*971 ₂ 991 ₂ 97 97 82 82	971 ₂ 9 98 9 *82 8	8 *971 ₂ 8 *97 28 ₄ 811 ₄	98	*9784 *96 81	991 ₂ 98 81	98 *97 x781 ₂	$\frac{98}{98}$ 80^{7}_{8}	200 3,200	Outlet Co	81 June 19 741: Jan 3	9918 Sept 4 9578 Apr 18 117 Mar 16	52% Jan 73 Dec 107 Jan	91 No 99 De 854 De 120 No
53 5338 118 118 15112 15112	521 ₂ 531 ₂ 11 ₈ 11 ₄ 154 154	52 5 1 ¹ 8 150 15	118 118	118	118	511 ₂ 11 ₈ 155	154	511 ₂ 11 ₈ 154	6,400 5,600 490	Preferred	1 Sept 14 145 June 12	534May 4 214 Apr 27 160 May 17	31 Feb	50 De 17a Ja 162 De
8318 8434 4014 41 4114 4112	831 ₂ 847 ₈ 401 ₄ 408 ₄ 408 ₄ 42	8338 8 4014 4		8538 4114	84 ³ 4 41	8738 4212 4412	42	881 ₂ 43 441 ₂	7,000	Pan-Amer Petr & Trans50	3814 Feb 20	881 ₂ Sept 14 53 ⁸ 4 Apr 3 54 ⁵ 8 Apr 30	334 Apr 4018 Dec	62 De 65% Ja 66% Ja
1718 1778 1412 1514 *81 8518	177 ₈ 177 ₈ 141 ₂ 143 ₄ *81 90	17 1 *141 ₂ 1 *81 9	718 1712 512 *1412 0 *81	171 ₂ 151 ₂ 90	17 141 ₂ *81	$\frac{17}{145}$	1778 1484 *81	177_8 151_4 90	900	Class B	70 Feb 21	288 Apr 28 2184 May 14 10614 May 15	164 Oct 8 Apr 54 Sept	37% Ja 18% Ja 83 No
84 ¹ 2 86 10 ⁵ 8 10 ⁵ 8 7 7 ¹ 2 30 ¹ 2 32 ³ 8	$\begin{array}{cccc} 85 & 86\$_4 \\ 10^{1}2 & 10^{8}4 \\ 6^{8}4 & 7^{1}4 \\ 29 & 32 \end{array}$	x1018 1 658	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 6 & 821_2 \\ 03_4 & 101_4 \\ 7 & 65_8 \\ 01_2 & 285_8 \end{array} $	1034		833 ₄ 101 ₂ 7 291 ₄	1018	83 10 ⁵ 8 6 ¹ 4 28	7,500 107,300	Park & TilfordNo par Park Utah C MNo par Pathe ExchangeNo par Pathe Exchange ANo par	9 Aug 15 2 Feb 8 818 Feb 9	8734 Sept 6 1412 Jan 5 918 May 10 24 Aug 8	20 Jan 6 Jan 34 Dec 1812 Dec	465 Oc 1012 De 12 Jun 484 Jun
301 ₂ 323 ₈ 331 ₈ 341 ₂ 15 15 321 ₂ 35	331 ₂ 348 ₈ 148 ₈ 141 ₂ 331 ₄ 348 ₄	333 ₈ 3 147 ₈ 1	4 331 ₄ 51 ₄ 151 ₈ 51 ₂ 331 ₅	3438 1538	328 ₄ 141 ₈ 331 ₂	338 1584 34	3318	335 ₈ 151 ₂ 341 ₂	14,300 7,500 18,100	Patino Mines & Enterpr20 Peeless Motor Car50 Penick & FordNo par	237s Jan 3 141s Sept 13 228s Jan 7	34 Aug 8 42 Apr 30 2578 Mar 18 37 Apr 17	181s Aug 20 Apr 191s Sept	27% Fe 32 Ja 27% Ma
147 ₈ 15 *75 80 188 194	148 ₄ 15 *75 80 1901 ₄ 1901 ₄	14 ¹ 4 1 *75 7 192 ¹ 4 19	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 47_8 & 141_2 \\ 8 & *75 \\ 21_4 & 189 \end{array} $	147 ₈ 76 190	143 ₈ 75 1881 ₂	14 ¹ 2 75 188 ¹ 2	141 ₄ *73 187	14 ¹ 2 75 188	100 2,000	Preferred100 People's G L & C (Chie) _ 100	14 ¹ 4 July 18 75 Sept 13 151 ³ 4 Jan 6	31 May 2 9658 Apr 25 194 Sept 8	211 ₂ Dec 91 Sept 126 Jan	39% Ja 100 Ma 1684 No
*48 4814 *5312 54	*165 168 *48 48*4 *52 ¹ 2 54	54 5	834 48 4 5234		*165 *48 53 314	169 4884 53 32		$169 \\ 488_4 \\ 54 \\ 317_8$	20 300	Philadelphia Co (Pittsb) 50 5% preferred 50 6% preferred 50 Phila & Read C & I No par	4512 Mar 15	17434May 4 49 Aug 18 57 Mar 29	854 Jan 40 Jan 80 Jan 374 June	51 De 5312 Bej
32 ¹ 8 33 ³ 8 17 ⁷ 8 18 ³ 8 40 ¹ 2 40 ⁷ 8	321 ₄ 333 ₈ 181 ₄ 19 40 403 ₄		31 ₄ 311 ₂ 81 ₂ 171 ₈ 01 ₄ 391 ₄	18		17 ¹ 4 40 ⁷ 8	17	1758 4158	8 300	Certificates of intNo par	27 Mar 13	394 Jan 3 38 Jan 12 2512May 28 4458 Apr 30	3714 June 18 Sept	47 M: 411s Js 6014 Fe
*251 ₂ 27	*2512 27 *9612 98 1438 1434	*26 2 *9612 9	612 26	26	*2512	26 ¹ 2 98 15 ³ 8	251 ₂ *961 ₂	251 ₂ 98 153 ₈	40	Phillips Petroleum No par Phoenix Hoslery	90 Jan 9	38 May 8 103 ¹ 4 Feb 14 18 ³ 8 May 31	351s Dec 103 Jan	52% At 1074 Ju 234 M
63 63 258 284 22 22	62 621 ₂ 21 ₂ 23 ₄ 223 ₄ 233 ₄	6358 6	484 6414 258 219	6414	*58 212	64 258 24	64	64 258 2434	1,000 9,900 5,100	Preferred 100 Pierce Oil Corporation 25 Preferred 100	3978 Feb 16	6578 Aug 24 514 Apr 27 3012 Apr 26	374 Oct 14 Mar 1812 Mar	1021 ₂ Ju 11 ₆ Jui 24 Jui
$\begin{array}{cccc} 4^{1}8 & 4^{1}4 \\ 42^{1}2 & 43^{7}8 \\ 116 & 117 \end{array}$	418 414 4414 4638 117 11814	4 448 ₄ 4 1185 ₈ 12	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 41_4 & 4 \\ 78_4 & 471_2 \\ 2 & 1211_2 \end{array} $	125	12012		*121	41 ₄ 475 ₈ 124	8,600 86,300 1,800	Pierce Petrol'mNo par Pilisbury Flour Mills _ No par Preferred100	31 ₂ Feb 16 32 ³ 4 Feb 18 108 Jan 5	658 Apt 27 4914 Sept 12 125 Sept 12	21 ₂ Mar 307 ₈ Nov 104 Aug	512 Ju 3712 At 109 O
49 49 ⁷ 8 •85 88 •80 ¹ 4 88 30 ⁷ 8 31 ⁸ 4	49 49 861 ₂ 861 ₂ *82 88 31 31	*82 8	8 481 ₈ 61 ₂ *851 ₄ 8 *82 11 ₂ *291 ₈	86 88	*851 ₂ *82 *82 291 ₄	471 ₂ 86 88 2014	*8512 *82	471 ₄ 86 88 307 ₈	100	Pittsburgh Coal of Pa100 Preferred100 Pittsburgh Steel pref100 Pitts Terminal Coal100	81 May 1	55 July 6 881 ₂ July 9 96 Feb 9	324 Mar 705 Mar 94 Dec	741 ₂ Ju 98 Se 101 Ju 55 Ju
•691 ₂ 72 641 ₄ 641 ₄ 27 27	691 ₂ 691 ₂ *641 ₄ 65 29 291 ₄	*69 7 641 ₄ 6	1 *681 ₄ 41 ₂ 64 81 ₂ 271 ₂	71 65	*6814 6418	71 6418 2712	*6814	71 64 27	100 900 700	Preferred 100 Porto Rican-Am Tob ci A 100 Class B No par	69 Aug 14 534 July 5 234 Aug 15	36% Mar 20 82 Mar 13 79% Jan 6 35½ May 18	74 Apr 65 Aug	55 Ju 841 ₂ D 911 ₂ J 527 ₈ D
70 ¹ 2 71 24 25 79 79	705 ₈ 72 235 ₈ 248 ₄ *79 80	705 ₈ 7 228 ₄ 2 *75 7	4 721 ₂ 4 223 ₄ 91 ₂ *78	741 ₄ 231 ₂ 80	721 ₄ 221 ₂ 76	7338 231 ₂ 76	72 23 76	$73^{1}_{8} \\ 24^{1}_{4} \\ 80^{3}_{8}$	7,900 6,000	Presed Steel CarNo par Preferred 100	61% July 17 18 June 13 70 Aug 29	1361 ₂ May 31 267 ₈ Jan 3 88 Jan 4	925 Mar 361 Feb	1261s II 7814 II 921 ₂ M
25 ¹ 2 25 ¹ 2 42 ¹ 2 42 ¹ 2 68 68	24 24 *42 ¹ 4 49 *68 69 ¹ 2	44 4 *68 6	41 ₂ 24 41 ₄ 421 ₄ 91 ₂ *68	6912	*68	6912	*421 ₂ *68	45 69 ¹ 2	230 10	Producers & Renners Corp.50 Preferred50 Pro-phy-lac-tic BrushNo par	16 Feb 17 41 Feb 20 63 Aug 24	2858June 6 4958June 6 91 Feb 17	367s Jan 55 Feb	337s M 50 F 71 Se
12414 12512	12414 12414	107 10 *124 12	8 1078 ₄ 6 125	125	107 ⁷ 8 125	$\frac{1077}{125}$	1073 ₄ *124	107 ⁸ 4 126	1,200		1033s Jan 6 118 Jan 21	12912May 31	981 ₂ Feb 1081 ₂ Jan	1204 N
	143 143 *107 108 84 841 ₂ 25 25 ⁸ 4	*138 14 107 10 83 8 251 ₂ 2	7 10734 378 82	1078 ₄ 831 ₄		$145 \\ 1087 \\ 828 \\ 25$	*10738		400	8% preferred 100 Pub Serv Elec & Gas pfd 100 Pullman Inc No par Punta Alegre Sugar 50	107 Aug 7 7818 Aug 15	150 May 4 1101 ₂ Apr 25 94 May 15 347 ₈ Jan 3	125 Jan 102 Jan 734 Aug 27 Oct	135 ¹ 4 N 110 ¹ 2 D 84 ³ 4 I 46 ⁷ 2 J
24 24 11318 11318	2378 24	237 ₈ 2 1125 ₈ 11 1211 ₈ 12	258 11318		238 ₄ 1121 ₂	2378	24 1121 ₂	$\frac{241_2}{1121_2}$	17,300 260 77,400	Pure Oil (The) 25 8% preferred 100 Purity Bakerles Class B No par Preferred No par	23 ¹ 4 Aug 2 19 Feb 1 108 Mar 15 75 June 15	2712 Jan 5 119 June 6 13278 Sept 13	25 Oct 1114 Jan	331 ₂ M 1151 ₂ I
141 141 212 220	147 ¹ 2 151 206 216 ¹ 2	207 21	51 ₄ 155 43 ₄ 204	1601 ₄ 2131 ₂	158 204	161 210	160 204	161 214	12,700 191,700	Class B	964 Jan 3 105 July 12 854 Feb 20	171 Apt 12 161 Sept 13 2261 ₂ Sept 5	41% Jan 41% Apr	68% N
*5684 58 37 38 93 93 812 812	*56 57 3714 3712 *93 94 *884 9	371 ₂ 3	658 5618 8 3714 93 018 1019	378 ₄ 93	36 93	5718 3712 93 1218	361 ₈ 93	56 36 ¹ 2 93 12 ¹ 4	7,500 100	Radio Corp of Amer No par Preferred 50 Real Slik Hoslery 10 Preferred 100 Reis (Robt) & Co No par Remington-Rand No par	5412 Jap 4 2478 Jan 17 8012 July 12 512 Feb 23	60 May 16 40% Aug 17 95 Aug 3 13 May 15	2012 Nov 80 June	57 A 49 N 99 I
26 26 ¹ 2 •91 ⁷ 8 94 •92 ⁷ 8 94	2612 2738 *9218 93 *9278 94	265 ₈ 2	714 2616 3 *89 4 *897	$\frac{2678}{93}$	261 ₄ *89	$\frac{268}{93}$	261 ₄ *89	271 ₈ 93 921 ₂	34,100	Remington-Rand No par First preferred 100 Second preferred 100	231s Jan 20 9114 Aug 16 9212 Aug 13	361 ₂ May 31 98 June 2 100 Jan 24	2012 Nov 8712 Nov	10213
	23018 3118 72 7614 *10512 108	741 ₂ 7 1071 ₂ 10	1034 1912 18 *1081	3084 2 8538 2 11018	831 ₂ 1081 ₂	109	32 87 *1081 ₂	917 ₈ 109	221,600 327,700 400	Republic Iron & Steel100 Preferred100	221 ₂ Jan 21 491 ₈ June 19 102 June 25	33% June 4 91% Sept 14 112 Feb 6	2512 Dec 53 Oct 965 Jan	2678 1 7578 1 106 1
107 ₈ 11 1435 ₈ 1441 ₂ 481 ₂ 501 ₄	10 ¹ 2 11 143 144 48 ⁸ 4 50	143 14 4858	1914' 481	14312	101 ₄ 143 48	101: 1431: 481:	14314	50	8,900 79,100	Reynolds SpringNo par Reynolds (RJ) Tob class B_25 Richfield Oil of California_25	128 Apr 24 231 ₂ Feb 17	1478 June 4 16118 Jan 3 53 May 18		162 I 285 I
191 195 581 ₄ 581 ₄ 461 ₂ 47 431 ₄ 45	190 195 5784 5784 4614 4714 43 45	4618	571 ₄ 581 ₆ 165 ₈ 45	461	45	581 ₂			1,300	Rossia Insurance Co	37 Mar 16	5912 Sept 4 49 May 18		341 ₂ 1 437 ₂ B
3 318 66 67 6012 61	3 318 6612 72 6012 61	681 ₂	27 ₈ 28 70 681	2 431 4 27 8 713 2 601	69	43 27 713 595	278 6718	278 6984 5984	61,800 67 100	Savage Arms CorpNo par Seneca CopperNo par O Shubert Theatre CorpNo par Schulte Retail StoresNo par	2 Jan 18 544June 19 497 Feb 18	491 ₂ Aug 31 41 ₈ May 23 72 Sept 10 671 ₂ Apr 14	1 June 55 Aug	74% 1 57 B
$\begin{array}{cccc} 121 & 1221_2 \\ 131_2 & 135_8 \\ 1533_8 & 1551_2 \end{array}$	123 123 131 ₂ 131 ₃ 1521 ₈ 1558 ₆	122 1 *135 ₈ 1521 ₄ 1	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 22^{1}8 & *120 \\ 14^{1}4 & 137 \\ 56 & 153 \end{array} $	1221 ₈	120	120 14	120 1358	120 14 1541	2,400 127,100	Preferred 100 Seagrave Corp No par Sears, Roebuck & Co Nopar	11878 June 28 10 Feb 18 8218 Jan 16	129 Apr 11 171 ₂ June 18	1164 Jan 84 Sept	154 1
$129 130 \\ *507_8 52 \\ 278_8 278_8 \\ 218_4 221_8$	129 13114 *5084 5215 27 2715	*503 ₄	2714 267		*51 2678	52 278	511 ₈ 267 ₈	5118 278	12,10 30 26,00	Shell Union OilNo par	39% Jan 24 234 Feb 8	31 Apr 30	41% Oct 245 Oct	814
671 ₂ 685 ₈ 27 271 ₂ 1073 ₄ 1081 ₄	215 ₈ 213 663 ₄ 685 26 271 *1073 ₄ 1081	6678	6784 67 27 261		6638			691 ₄ 277 ₈	101,80	Simms Petroleum 10 Simmons Co. No par O Sinclair Cons Oli Corp. No par O Preferred 100	17% Feb 20	73 Apr 4	331 ₂ Jan 15 Oct	224
321 ₂ 331 ₈ 118 121 155 ₈ 155 ₈	*115 121	*118 1	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		32 ¹ 4 119	33	33 118	338 121 15	38,60 60 3,80	O Skelly Oil Co	25 Feb 15 102 June 23 125 Jan 6	34 Apt 30 134 Feb	244 June 1104 Nov	374 1 1344
44 441 ₂ 425 ₈ 433 ₈ 1361 ₂ 140	x4112 428		43 ¹ 2 42 41 ¹ 4 41 40 *134 ¹	421	41 41	418	4 42	42	61,50	Preferred No par So Porto Rico Sug No par Preferred 100	3212 Feb 18	60 Jan 1	1 44 Nov 4 33% Aug	5214 J
501 ₂ 507 ₈ 341 ₄ 341 ₄ 131 ₈ 131 ₂	341 ₄ 343 13 131	34	51 497 34 33 13 121	333	8 33	331	4 3312	331	11,40	Southern Calif Edison25	4312 Jan 5	6058May 2	15 May	20
*101 ₂ 12 *80 85	*116 119 11 113 *86 94	*116 1058 *80	*116 1184 11 84 798	1161 11 84 80	2 *117 11 80	119 111 801	8 *1118 4 80	1163 1113 80	20 58	O Class B	109 Jan 7 1058 Sept 11 79 Feb 25	20 Feb 2 92% Feb 2	84 May 73 Feb	1121 ₂ 1 16 88
41 42 335 ₈ 34 69 693 ₈	331 ₂ 34 685 ₈ 691	3314	411 ₂ 39 34 33 69 69	78 344	341	403	8 35	391	50.90	0 Preferred 100 Spicer Mfg Co No par Preferred 100 Stand Comm Tobacco No par	26 June 22	4214May 1 11338June 3778 Sept 1	201 ₂ Jan 104 Feb	11112 1
67 ¹ 8 67 ¹ 8 *115 ¹ 2 116 ¹ 2 *100 ¹ 4 103	6678 67	*668 ₄ 2 1158 ₄ 1	69 67 66 20 ¹ 2 117 100	84 668	4 668		2 117		43,50 4 1,80 13,50	0 Standard Gas & El Co.No pæ 0 Preferred	87% Jan 12 65 Jan 3 100 Jan 5 100% Jan 3	7112May 1 127 Apr 2	6 571e Jan 7014 Jan	661g 1
58 ³ 4 59 ³ 8 45 45 ³ 8 36 ¹ 8 36 ⁵ 8	587 ₈ 591 447 ₈ 451 351 ₂ 361	2 581 ₂ 4 447 ₈ 4 351 ₄	59 58 4518 44 3578 35	1 ₂ 594 8 ₄ 451 8 ₈ 361	585 4 448 8 358	60 4 45 3 35	591 ₂ 458 ₈ 357 ₈	60 457 368	76,30	0 Standard Oil of New York - 2	284 Feb 17	6378 Apr 3 49 Apr 3 4112 Apr 3	0 50% Apr 0 35% Apr 0 29% June	60% 41% 34%
103 1041 ₂	378 4 *1718 19 10384 1068	38 ₄ 17 8 1041 ₈ 1	378 4 17 18		38 18	197	78 *384 78 1718	19	1,10	0 Stand Plate Glass CoNo pa 0 Preferred	10 Jan 18 134 ¹ 4 Feb 28	77s Feb 2 40 Feb 2 150 Jan 2	3 2 Mar 3 10 Mar 6 901 ₂ Jan	1678 3
5278 5278		5358		5 ₈ 55		108		108 55		0 Stewart-Warn Sp Corp_No pa 0 Stromberg Carburetor_No pa			4 26 June	

New York Stock Record—Continued—Page 7 For sales during the week of stocks not recorded here, see seventh page preceding

HIGH AN Saturday, Sept. 8.	Monday, Sept. 10.	Tuesday, Sept. 11.	Wednesday, Sept. 12.	Thursday, Sept. 13.	Friday, Sept. 14.	Sales for the Week.	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	PER SI Range Sine On basts of 10 Lowest	ce Jan. 1.	Range for Year Lowest	Previous
Sept. 8. \$ per share 7912 8034 1125	\$ept. 10. \$ per share 7958 81125 125 125 134 314 319 638 638 638 638 638 638 638 638 638 638	Sept. 11. \$ per share 80% 82% 125 314 312 5578 56 10574 108 614 612 2612 2672 2273 2274 414 434 12 15 183% 183% 1841 1412 2378 248 2312 26 488 4812 3814 3812 63 63 4382 63 63 248 90 9012 2834 293 90 901 13812 140 10118 10278	\$ept. 12. \$ per share 8158 8358 *125 *125 *105 108 618 618 618 612 2612 27 222 2234 *434 5 1312 1312 1814 1812 1814 1812 1814 1812 1814 1812 2314 44 62 244 2818 2878 91 91 139 14112 139 14112 101 10818	\$\\$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Sept. 14. \$ per share 8114 83 125 125 338 338 338 338 578 5712 105 108 618 684 2658 2714 1912 2078 4434 5 13 13 1812 1812 14 1414 7138 7234 7034 7334 1418 1438 24 25 2618 2738 488 4812 4112 4258 63 63 4244 8978 90 489 893, 13812 14114 10614 10712	Week. Shares 323,700 5,400 5,400 5,5800 1,300 5,400 395,700 86,800 10,700 41,800 3,900 30,000 1,200 86,000 1,200 86,800 1,200 86,800 5,400 52,300 52,300 52,300 52,300 52,300 52,300 52,300 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	Indus. & Miscel. (Con.) Par Studeb'rCorp(The). No par Preferred. 100 Submarine Boat. No par Sun Oil. No par Sun Oil. No par Preferred. 100 Superior Oil. No par Superior Steel. 100 Sweets Co of America. 50 Symington. No par Class A. No par Telautograph Corp. No par Tenautograph Corp. No par Tenautograph Corp. No par Texas Pacific Coal & Oil. 10 Texas Pac Land Trust. 1 Thatcher Mig. No par The Fair. No par Thempson (J R) Co. 25 Tidewater Assoc Oil. No par Preferred. No par Preferred. 100 Timken Roller Bearing. No par Preferred. 100 Timken Roller Bearing. No par Tide Water Oil. 100 Timken Roller Bearing. No par Thempson (J R) Co. 25 Tidewater Assoc Oil. No par Preferred. 100 Timken Roller Bearing. No par Thompson (J R) Co. 25 Tidewater Oil. 100 Timken Roller Bearing. No par Thompson (J R) Co. 20 Tidewater Oil. 100 Timken Roller Bearing. No par Tobacco Products Corp. 100	## Lowest \$ per chare 57	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Lowest	### ### ##############################
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New York Stock Exchange—Bond Record, Friday, Weekly and Yearly Jan. 1 1909 the Exchange method of quoting bonds was changed and prices are note "and interest"—except for income and defaulted bond

RONDS	Interes! Pertod	Price Priday,	Week's Range or	Bonds	Range Since	BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE	ertod	Price Priday;	Week's Range or	Bonds	Rançe Since
U. S. Government. First Liberty Loan		Sept. 14. Bid Ask 982032 Sale	Last Sale. Low High 981622 100	-	Jan. 1. Low High 9816221012420	Week Ended Sept. 14. Cundinamarea (Dept-Col) 78 '46 J Extl s f 6 ½s		Sept. 14. Bid Ask 9978 Sale 92 Sale		No. 5	Jan I. Low High 931 ₂ 100
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Third Liberty Loan— 4¼% of 1928— North Liberty Loan— 4¼% of 1933-1938 Treasury 4¼s———1947-1952					99 ²¹ 22100 ²⁴ 22 100 ² 12 104	Series B a f 8s	S	104 10458 9712 Sale 9684 9812	971 ₂ 98 983 ₄ 99	18 38 72 13	110 1117 ₈ 103 1063 ₈ 97 99 97 1007 ₈
Treasury 3%s1946-1956 R Freasury 3%s1943-1947 J	W S	103 ²⁰ 32 103 ²⁰ 32 98 ²⁸ 32 99 ⁴ 32	10315 ₃₂ 1042 ₂₃ 9822 ₃₂ 991 ₂₂	192 195 212	109*033116*33 104*632111*233 102*23 108*10*39 98*33 103*033	1st ser 5 ½s of 19261940 A 2d series sink fund 5 ½s1940 M Dresden (City) external 7s1945 M Dutch East Indies extl 6s1947 J	O			1 10 21	95 100% 9412 9918 100 1025 103 105%
State and City Securities.	D	982283 982833	981732 1003032	122	98 1003033	40-year external 6s1962 M 30-year external 51/ss1953 M 30-year external 51/ss1953 M	18		10384 10384 103 103 10318 10318	33	103 1051 ₉ 1013 ₄ 1041 ₄ 1011 ₄ 1041 ₈
N Y C 31/4 % Corp stNov 1954 N 31/4 % Corporate stMay 1954 N 4s registered	W N	86 86 893 ₄	901 ₂ July'28 86 86 993 ₄ Mar'28	<u>î</u>	901 ₂ 931 ₂ 86 931 ₈ 998 ₄ 1003 ₈	El Salvador (Repub) 8s1948 J Finland (Republic) ext 6s1945 M External sink fund 7s1956 M External s f 6½s	8	110 1111 ₂ 97 Sale 101 Sale 991 ₂ Sale	$\begin{array}{cccc} 110 & 110^{1}_{2} \\ 96^{1}_{4} & 97^{1}_{2} \\ 100^{1}_{2} & 101 \\ 98^{1}_{4} & 99^{1}_{4} \end{array}$	3 7 26 128	1071 ₂ 114 951 ₈ 1001 ₉ 991 ₈ 1021 ₉ 978 ₄ 1018 ₈
4s registered	MM	94 977 ₈ 101 1057 ₈	9912 June 28 9918 July 28 10614 June 28 10418 Aug 28		981 ₈ 1008 ₄ 991 ₈ 1018 ₄ 1061 ₄ 1088 ₄ 1041 ₈ 1087 ₈	Exti sink fund 5½s1958 F Finnish Mun Loan 6½s A1954 A External 6½s series B1954 A	A	9178 Sale 9714 9812 9784 9814	915 ₈ 921 ₄ 98 981 ₂ 977 ₈ 98 1141 ₂ 115	50 4 3 32	91 96 971 ₈ 101 971 ₈ 101
4% Corporate stock 1958 h 4% Corporate stock 1959 h 4¼ s Corporate Stock 1960 h 4¼ s Corporate Stock 1964 h	M N M N M B	94 981 ₂ 94 98 981 ₂ 100	981 ₂ July'28 977 ₈ Aug'28 997 ₈ 100	5	9812 10184 9778 10184 9984 10288	External 7s of 19241949 J German Republic ext'l 7s1949 A Gras (Municipality) 8s1954 M	DON	107 ¹ 4 Sale 106 ¹ 2 Sale 102 Sale	1068 ₄ 1071 ₄ 106 1061 ₂ 1011 ₂ 1021 ₂	105 90 19	113 1197 ₈ 1051 ₂ 1091 ₃ 1047 ₈ 1073 ₄ 101 1041 ₄
4 1/8 Corporate stock 1966 A 4 1/8 Corporate stock 1972 A 4 1/8 Corporate stock 1971 J	0	$\begin{array}{ccc} 99 & 101 \\ 99 & 1031_4 \\ 102 & 1061_2 \end{array}$	102 ³ 4 June'28 103 June'28 100 ¹ 2 Aug'28 108 ¹ 2 June'28		10284 10512 103 10588 10012 105 1:812 10984	Gt Brit & Irel (UK of) 51/48.1937 F 10-year conv 51/481929 F 4% fund loan £ op 1960.c 1990 M 5% War Loan £ opt. 1929.1947 J	A N D	118 ¹ 4 Sale c86 ¹ 4 Sale c97 ² 4 99	1035 ₈ 1041 ₄ 1181 ₄ 1181 ₄ c861 ₄ c861 ₄ c99 c99	84 43 19	10358 1064 1164 119 c8518 9034 c9858 9958
4½s Corporate stock1963 N 4½s Corporate stock1965 J 4½s Corporate stock. July 1967 J	D	102 10612			1058 ₄ 1098 ₄ 107 1098 ₄ 102 1101 ₈	Greater Prague (City) 7 1/28_1952 M Greek Government s f sec 7s_1964 M Sinking fund sec 6s1968 F	A	1061 ₂ Sale 981 ₈ 987 ₈ 87 Sale	1061 ₄ 1061 ₂ 981 ₄ 99 861 ₂ 88	8 19 36	104% 109% 96% 100% 84% 92
New York State Canal 4s1960 4s HighwayMar 1962	A 8	****	991 ₂ Aug'28 1031 ₂ June'28		991 ₂ 1051 ₄ 1031 ₂ 1031 ₂	Haiti (Republic) s f 6s1952 A Hamburg (State) 6s1946 A Heidelberg (Germany) ext 7 ½ s 50 J Hungarian Munic Loan 7 ½ s 1945 J	00	991 ₂ Sale 981 ₂ Sale 104 1041 ₂ 985 ₈ Sale	10414 10438	17 34 7 17	991 ₂ 102 941 ₂ 991 ₈ 1031 ₄ 1051 ₂ 975 ₈ 102
Agric Mtge Bank s f 6s1947 F S f 6s AApr 15 1948 A	6	915 ₈ Sale 881 ₂ 90	891 ₂ 893 ₄ 881 ₂ 89	5 5	89 95 8818 8912	External s f 7sSept 1 1946 J Hungarian Land M Inst 7½s 61 M Hungary (Kingd of) s f 7½s.1944 F Irish Free State extls. s f. 5s.1960 M	A	951 ₂ Sale 95 951 ₂	9414 9512	14 7 4 72	94 971 ₉ 971 ₂ 101 1001 ₂ 1031 ₉ 95 971 ₄
Antioquia (Dept) Col 78 A 1945 J External 8 f 78 ser B 1945 J External 8 f 78 series C 1945 J External 5 f 78 ser D 1945 J	1	97 Sale 96 Sale 961 ₂ Sale 951 ₂ Sale	96 ³ 4 98 95 ¹ 2 96 ⁷ 8 96 ¹ 2 96 ⁷ 8 94 ³ 4 95 ¹ 2	12 23 8 31	941 ₂ 1003 ₈ 945 ₈ 99 94 985 ₄ 945 ₈ 96	Italy (Kingdom of) ext'l 7s1951 J Italian Cred Consortium 7s A 1937 M Extl sec s f 7s ser B1947 M	D	9784 Sale 9712 9784 9658 9684	978 98 97 9758 96 9684	188 10 59	9614 10013 9514 9979 94 100
External s f 7s 1st ser	00	941 ₄ Sale 95 Sale 95 Sale	948 ₄ 958 ₈ 95 951 ₄ 941 ₄ 95	21 19 23	9384 9978 9312 9812 9414 9612	Italian Public Utility ext 7s. 1952 J Japanese Govt £ loan 4s	AAC	100 Sale	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	38 61 115 10	9514 10114 9134 9434 10014 10514 99 10119
Argentine Nation (Govt of)— Sink fund 6s of June 1925, 1959 Extis f 6s of Oct 1925 1959	D	991 ₄ 998 ₄ 997 ₈ Sale 993 ₄ Sale	991 ₂ 993 ₄ 991 ₂ 997 ₈ 991 ₄ 993 ₄	43 83 60	99 100 ¹ 2 99 100 ³ 4 99 100 ⁵ 8	Lower Austria (Prov) 7½s_1950 J Lyons (City of) 15-year 6s_1934 M Marseilles (City of) 15 yr 6s_1934 M	N		9984 10014 100 10014	31 53	965 ₈ 102 99 1011 ₉
Sink fund 6s series A 1957 N External 6s series B. Dec 1958 J Extls 16s of May 1926 1960 N External s f 6s (State Ry) . 1960 N	N	99 ⁷ 8 Sale 99 ¹ 2 Sale 99 ³ 4 Sale 99 ⁵ 8 Sale	991 ₂ 100 99 997 ₈ 991 ₂ 998 ₄ 991 ₂ 998 ₄	97 80 55 195	99 1011 ₄ 987 ₈ 1011 ₈ 99 1003 ₄ 985 ₈ 101	Mexican Irrigat Asstng 4½s. 1943 Mexica (U S) extl 5s of 1899 £ '45 Q Assenting 5s of 18991945 Assenting 5s large	3	33% 34 381 ₂ 39	331 ₂ Aug'28 493 ₄ Jan'28 335 ₈ 39 381 ₂ 381 ₂	15	31 87% 49% 49% 3358 43% 30 43%
Extl 6s Sanitary Works1961 F Ext 6s pub wks (May '27)1961 F Public Works extl 51/81962 F Argentine Treasury 5s £1945 M	A	99 ³ 4 Sale 99 ¹ 2 Sale 95 ¹ 2 Sale 91 ¹ 4 92	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	63 62 42 4	99 101 ₈ 99 101 94 ₁₂ 97 ₁₄ 91 ₁₈ 93 ₇₈	Assenting 4s of 1904 Assenting 4s of 1910 large Assenting 4s of 1910 small Treas 6s of '13 assent (large) '33		25 Sale 26 ⁷ ₈ Sale 24 ³ ₈ 25 40 ¹ ₂ 41 ¹ ₂	241 ₂ 25 267 ₈ 267 ₈ 247 ₈ 25 401 ₂ 401 ₂	24 1 45 9	22 ³ 4 34 ³ 6 25 32 ⁷ 8 22 ¹ 2 31 37 ¹ 2 46 ⁷ 8
Australia 30-yr 5sJuly 15 1955 J External 5s of 1927Sept 1957 k Extl g 4½s of 19281956 M Austrian (Govt) s f 7s1943 J	N	97 ¹ 8 Sale 96 ³ 4 Sale 88 ⁷ 8 Sale 102 ¹ 4 Sale	97 971 ₂ 961 ₂ 971 ₄ 88 891 ₈ 102 1021 ₂		955 ₈ 99 958 ₄ 99	Small Milan (City, Italy) ext'l 61/28 '52 Montevideo (City of) 781952		9284 Sale	391 ₄ 40 921 ₈ 93 103 1037 ₈	11 99 5	3618 4614 9119 9549 102 108
Bavaria (Free State) 6½s1945 p Belgium 25-yr ext s f 7½s g_1945 p 20-yr s f 8s1941 p	D	961 ₂ 97 1147 ₈ Sale	963 ₈ 97 1147 ₈ 115 110 111	25 54 51	96 991 ₂ 114 116 109 1114	Netherlands 6s (flat prices) 1972 30-year external 6s 1954 A New So Wales (State) ext 5s 1957 External s f 5s Apr 1958 A	A		104 ¹ 2 104 ⁵ 8 101 101 ⁷ 8 94 94 ³ 8 94 94 ¹ 2	70 41 32	1041 ₂ 109 1003 ₄ 1033 ₆ 93 96 93 96
25-year external 61/4s 1949 M External 8 f 6s 1955 J External 30-year s f 7s 1955 J Stabilization loan 7s 1956 M	4 S	1051 ₄ Sale 1005 ₈ Sale 1053 ₄ Sale	$ \begin{array}{r} 105 & 1051_2 \\ 100^{3}_8 & 100^{3}_4 \\ 1051_2 & 1077_8 \end{array} $	64 61 92	10314 10914 9879 10112 10512 109	Norway 20-year extl 6s1943 F 20-year external 6s1944 F 30-year external 6s1952 A	4	1031 ₄ Sale 1031 ₈ Sale 1027 ₈ Sale	$\begin{array}{cccc} 102^{1}_{2} & 103^{1}_{4} \\ 102^{5}_{8} & 103^{1}_{4} \\ 102^{1}_{2} & 103 \end{array}$	41 35 31	10112 10313 101 10414 1012 10314
Bergen (Norway) s f 8s1945 M 15-year sinking fund 6s1949 A Berlin (Germany) s f 6½s1950 A Bogota (City) ext'l s f.8s1945 A	4 N	1131 ₄ Sale 1001 ₂ Sale 991 ₂ Sale	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	93 4 7 30	104 ¹ 4 108 ¹ 4 112 ³ 4 113 ⁷ 8 98 ⁵ 8 102 97 100	40-year s f 5 \(\frac{1}{2} \) =	S	97 Sale 93 Sale 91 Sale	1001 ₂ 1007 ₈ 97 971 ₄ 93 93 891 ₂ 91	85 113 2 24	9818 10248 94 98 9112 9312 8912 9374
Bolivia (Republic of) extl 8s. 1947 Ext'l sec 7s. 1958 J Bordeaux (City of) 15-yr 6s. 1934 M	N	103 Sale 105 Sale 981 ₂ Sale 1001 ₈ Sale	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 42 292 108	10314 10878 10312 108 9384 9812 99 10112	Oslo (City) 30-year s f 6s1955 Sinking fund 5½s1946 F Panama (Rep) extl 5½s1953 J	^	9912 9934	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6 26 15	994 103 99 103 1011 ₂ 1041 ₄
Brazil (U S of) external 881941 J External 8 f 6 1/28 of 19261957 A Extl 8 f 6 1/28 of 19271957 A	0	109 Sale 957 ₈ Sale 955 ₈ Sale	1081 ₂ 109 951 ₂ 961 ₂ 951 ₂ 965 ₈	61 184 180	107 11384 92 9912 95 9912	Extl see s f 6½s1961 J Extl s f 5s ser A _ May 15 1963 M Pernambuco (State of) ext. 7s '47 Peru (Republic of)	D	1027 ₈ Sale 951 ₂ Sale 95 951 ₄	1028 ₄ 1027 ₈ 95 951 ₂ 941 ₂ 951 ₄	12 44 12	102 10414 93 97 94 981 ₂
7s (Central Railway) 1952 7 7//s (coffee secur) £ (flat) 1952 A Bremen (State of) extl 7s 1935 Brisbane (City) s f 5s 1957 M	1 5	107 10812	$100 1001_4 \\ 1045_8 \text{ Sept'28} \\ 101 1011_2 \\ 921_4 931_4$	87 19	97 103 103 10858 10014 10312 9078 9578	Extl s f sec 7 ½s (of 1926) 1956 M Extl s f sec 7s 1959 M Nat Loan extl s f 6s 1960 J Poland (Rep of) gold 6s 1940 A	5	106 Sale 1921 ₂ 1025 ₈ 905 ₈ Sale 841 ₄ Sale	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 105^{1}8 & 106^{3}4 \\ 101^{8}4 & 103 \\ 90^{1}2 & 91 \\ 84 & 84^{1}2 \end{array} $	106 52 133 54	1031 ₈ 1074 ₄ 100 1047 ₈ 891 ₈ 94 801 ₂ 87
Buenos Aires (City) 63/s1962 J Extl s f 6s ser C-21960 A Extl s f 6s ser C-31960	000	85 ¹ 4 Sale 101 Sale 99 Sale 99 Sale	85 8558 10014 101 9834 9914 9834 99	77 13 10 13	821 ₂ 897 ₈ 100 1021 ₄ 963 ₄ 101 96 923 ₄	Stabilization loan s f 7s_1947 A Ext sink fund g 8s1950 J Porto Alegre (City of) 8s1961 J	010	88 ³ 4 Sale 100 Sale 106 ³ 4 108	88 ³ 4 89 ³ 4 99 ³ 4 100 106 ³ 4 Sept'28	86	88 9178 9819 10179 10419 109
Buenos Aires (Prov) extl 6s. 1961 M Bulgaria (Kingdom) s f 7s. 1967 J Caldas Dept of (Colombia) 7 14s'46	S	94 ¹ ₂ Sale 90 90 ⁷ ₈	94 94 ¹ ₂ 90 90	80 47	93 97 894 9358	Extl guar sink id 7½s1966 J Queensland (State) extl s i 7 s 1941 A 25-year external 6s1947 F	0	105 106	102 1021 ₂ 1127 ₈ 113 105 105	6	1014 1044 1124 1157 104 1084
Canada (Dominion of) 58. 1931 10-year 5½8. 1929 F 58. 1952 4½8. 1936 F	A	105 Sale	99 ¹ 2 100 100 ¹ 4 100 ¹ 2 100 ¹ 8 100 ¹ 2 104 105	24 19 82 35	100 1021 ₂ 997 ₈ 1021 ₄ 104 109	Rio Grande do Sul extl s f 8s. 1946 A Extl s f 7s of 1926 — 1966 M Rio de Janeiro 25-yr s f 8s. 1946 A Extl s f 6 1/2 5 F	N	99 Sale 107 Sale 961 ₄ Sale	$\begin{array}{cccc} 1061_8 & 1071_8 \\ 978_4 & 99 \\ 107 & 1071_2 \\ 951_2 & 961_4 \end{array}$	83 69 6 56	105 ¹ 4 108 ¹ 4 97 ¹ 2 100 ¹ 9 105 ² 8 110 ¹ 4 93 ¹ 2 97 ¹ 4
Carlsbad (City) s f 8s	O		$\begin{array}{ccc} 98^{1}_{4} & 99 \\ 107^{1}_{4} & 107^{1}_{4} \\ 100^{1}_{4} & 101^{1}_{2} \end{array}$	38 1 22	98 1017 ₈ 105 1092 ₄ 981 ₄ 103	Rome (City) extl 63/s1952 A Rotterdam (City) extl 6s1964 M Saarbruecken (City) 6s1953 J Sao Paulo (City) s f 8sMar 1952 M	J	9112 Sale	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	100 4 4 11	9114 9619 1024 106 9012 9449 11214 120
Farm Loan 8 f 6s_Oct 15 1960 A Farm Loan 6 f 6s_Oct 15 1960 A Farm Loan 6s ser A_Apr 15 '38 A	7	99 ¹ 2 100 ¹ 2 90 Sale 89 ¹ 4 Sale 91 ⁸ 4 Sale	99 ¹ 4 100 90 91 89 90 91 ¹ 2 92 ³ 4	34 38 92 127	99 1011 ₄ 868 ₄ 938 ₄ 861 ₂ 938 ₄ 89 96	Extl s f 6½ s of 1927 1957 M San Paulo (State) extl sf 8s_1936 J External sec s f 8s 1950 J External s f 7s Water L'n_1956 M	LLZ	9584 Sale 10712 Sale 10714 Sale 10112 Sale	968 ₄ 971 ₄ 106 1071 ₂ 107 1071 ₄ 101 1011 ₂	10 15 18 15	9612 10014 105 10858 106 1094 100 10414
Chile (Republic of)— 20-year external s f 7s1942 M External sinking fund 6s1960 External s f 6s1961	0	10158 Sale 9418 Sale 9414 Sale	$\begin{array}{ccc} 101^{1}2 & 102^{3}8 \\ 93^{1}8 & 94^{1}4 \\ 94 & 94^{1}4 \end{array}$	45 224 119	10058 104 9159 9738 9158 97	Extlsf6s\$intrcts1968 J Santa Fe (Prov. Arg. Rep.)7s 1942 M Seine, Dept of (France) extl7s '42 J Serbs, Croats & Slovenes 8s '62 M	S	95 Sale 99 Sale 105 Sale 9814 Sale	94 ¹ 2 95 98 99 104 ⁵ 8 105 ¹ 4 98 98 ¹ 2	8 37 44 53	941 ₂ 943 ₄ 943 ₄ 1001 ₈ 1031 ₄ 1063 ₄ 963 ₄ 1011 ₉
Ry ref extl s f 6s 1961 J Extl s f 6s int ctfs 1961 M Chile Mige Bk 6 ½s June 30 1957 J S f 6 ¼s of 1926 _ June 30 1961 J	D	941 ₄ Sale 941 ₈ Sale 97 981 ₂ 988 ₄ 99	94 941 ₄ 94 941 ₄ 971 ₂ 981 ₂ 981 ₂ 991 ₂	174 19 44 30	9318 97 94 9414 9534 9934 9634 101	Solssons (City of) extl 6s1936 M Styrla (Prov) extl 7s1946 F Sweden 20-year 6s1939 J	AD	991 ₄ Sale 921 ₈ Sale 1023 ₄ Sale	991 ₄ 997 ₈ 921 ₈ 93 1021 ₄ 1031 ₈	9 19 16	98 102 92 97 1021 ₈ 105
Guar s f 6s	D	92 ³ 4 Sale 28 ¹ 8 Sale	921 ₂ 933 ₈ 281 ₈ 30	24 21 3	91 95 25 ¹ 8 34 ⁵ 8 994 102	External loan 5 1/5	0	1111 ₂ Sale 1043 ₈ Sale 80 Sale	1111 ₂ 112 104 1043 ₈ 791 ₂ 793 ₄	29 12 40 5	10212 10518 10934 11334 10178 10518 7618 84
Cologne (City) Germany 6 1/4 s1950 Colombia (Republic) 6s1961 External s f 6s of 19281961 A Colombia Mtg Bank of 6 1/4 s.1947	0	1001 ₄ 1003 ₄ 1 981 ₈ Sale 915 ₈ Sale 915 ₈ Sale	981 ₈ 983 ₄ 915 ₈ 927 ₈ 911 ₄ 92	60 49 72	961 ₄ 998 ₈ 888 ₄ 958 ₈ 908 ₈ 951 ₂ 863 ₄ 933 ₄	Extl s f 5½s guar 1961 A Tolima (Dept of) extl 7s 1947 M Trondhjem (City) 1st 5½s 1957 M	N	91 Sale 931 ₂ Sale 975 ₈ Saie	905 ₈ 913 ₈ 931 ₂ 931 ₂ 97 Sept'28	78	971 ₉ 95 931 ₄ 972 ₄ 943 ₄ 991 ₉
Sinking fund 7s of 19261946 M Sinking fund 7s of 19271947 F Corenhagen (City) 5s1952 J 25-yr g 4½s1953 M	A	95 Sale 941 ₄ 955 ₈ 95 Sale 97 Sale	90 91 ¹ ₄ 94 95 94 ¹ ₈ 95 96 97 ¹ ₄	17 4 18 82	8684 9384 9218 98 92 98 9584 101	Upper Austria (Prov) 781945 J External s f 6 1/8 June 15 1957 J Uruguay (Republic) extl 8s.1946 F External s f 6s1960 M	DAN	971 ₈ 981 ₂ 87 89 109 Sale 971 ₄ Sale	971 ₄ 983 ₈ 88 88 1083 ₄ 109 971 ₄ 985 ₈	14 1 15 75	9684 9914 86 9012 10714 11038 9614 100
Cordoba (City) extls f 7s1957 F External s f 7s Nov 15 1937 M Cordoba (Prov) Argentina 7s1942 J Costa Rica (Repub) extl 7s.1951 M	A	89 89 ⁵ ₈ 96 Sale 96 ¹ ₂ 96 ³ ₄ 100 100 ¹ ₂	891 ₂ 893 ₄ 953 ₄ 967 ₈ 951 ₈ 961 ₂ 993 ₄ 1001 ₂	50 9 10 6	8784 8978 95 101 95 100 98 1011 ₂	Vienna (City of) extl s,f 6s1952 M Yokohama (City) extl 6s1961 J	N	96 Sale	881 ₂ 89 958 ₄ 961 ₂	27 25	8784 89 94 100
External 5s of 1914 ser A_1949 F External loan 41/4s ser C_1949 F	A	103 10314	961 ₄ 97 1041 ₂ 105 103 103 993 ₈ 993 ₈	16 5 1	941 ₂ 998 ₄ 997 ₈ 105 1001 ₂ 1031 ₄ 96 1001 ₄				-		
Sinking fund 5 %s_Jan 15 1953	1	10314 Sale	103 1033	25	10112 10618		1		1		

N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.	Price Priday.	Week's Range or	Bonds	Range Since	BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.	riod	Price Priday	Week's Range or	13	Range Since
Week Ended Sept. 14.	Sept. 14.			Low High	Week Ended Sept. 14. Chic Milw & St P (Concluded)—	54	Sept. 14.		No.	Jan. 1.
Railroad Ala Gt Sou 1st cons A 5s1943 J D	95 105	1051 ₂ June'28 94 Sept'28		10512 108% 9212 96	Gen & ref ser A 4½s_Jan 2014 Debentures 4½s1932 Debentures 4s1925 25-year debentures 4s1934	3 B		7314 Mar'28 75 Mar'28 7178 Feb'28		72% 74% 70% 75 71 78% 70% 78%
1st cons 4s ser B1943 J D Ala Mid 1st guar gold 5s1928 M N Alb & Susq 1st guar 3½s1946 A O	92 ¹ 4 94 100 ¹ 4 82 ¹ 4 90	100 Sept'28 90 July'28		100 1003 ₈ 87 911 ₁ 89 9£3 ₈	Chic Milw St P & Pae 5s1975 Conv adj 5sJan 1 2000 Chic & N'west gen g 3 1/81987		945 ₈ Sale 771 ₂ Sale	7638 7712	562 2560	9214 981 ₂ 6178 7984
Alleg & West 1st g gu 4s1998 A O Alleg Valgen guar g 4s1942 M 8 Ann Arbor 1st g 4sJuly 1995 Q J	83 93 95 ³ 4 75 79	90 90 76 Sept'28	1	924 99 7514 8412	General 4s 1987	MM	771 ₂ 901 ₈ 917 ₈			751 ₂ 86 78 845 ₈ 89 98 94 94
Atch Top & S Fe—Gen g 4s_1995 A O Registered A O Adjustment gold 4s_July 1995 Nov	931 ₂ Sale 883 ₄ Sale	931 ₂ 941 ₂ 90 Aug'28 871 ₂ 89	112	911 ₂ 99 90 964 871 ₂ 945 ₈	Registered Stpd 4s non-p Fed in tax '87 Gen 4%s stpd Fed inc tax 1987	MN	901 ₈ 921 ₂ 1021 ₂ 1058 ₄	10214 Aug'28	20	89 96% 102 113
Registered Nov Stamped July 1995 N N Conv gold 4s of 1909 1955 J D	871 ₂ 887 ₈ 89 Sale	9134 June 28 8758 8918 89 89	7	91 91% 87% 94 88 94	Gen 5s stpd Fed inc tax1987 Registered Sinking fund 6s1879-1929	MN	109 Sale	109 109 113 Mar'28 1015 ₈ 1018 ₄	12	10484 117 113 113 10158 10258
Conv 4s of 1905	90 Sale 8818 8912 91 95	891 ₄ 90 938 ₄ Jan'27 91 91	13	9014 9414	Sinking fund 5s1879-1929 Registered	AOAO	100 Sale 991 ₂ 100	101 ¹ 4 May'28 99 ⁸ 4 100 100 May'28	13	10114 10114 99 1018 100 10018
Trans-Con Short L 1st 4s_1958 J J Cal-Aris 1st & ref 4 \(\frac{1}{2} \) A1962 M S	90 95 100 Sale 103	$\begin{array}{ccc} 92^{1}8 & 92^{1}8 \\ 100 & 100 \\ 105 & 105 \end{array}$	1 4 3	861 ₄ 96 961 ₄ 1043 ₄ 105 1075 ₈	Sinking fund deb 5s1933 Registered1930 10-year secured g 7s1930	MN	1011 ₂ 1031 ₄ Sale	102 Aug'28 1001 ₂ Aug'28 103 1031 ₂		9978 10318 10012 10218 10284 10619
Atl Knoxv & Nor 1st g 5s1946 J D Atl & Charl A L 1st 4 1/2s A1944 J J 1st 30-year 5s series B1944 J J Atlantic City 1st cons 4s1951 J J	967 ₈ 991 ₄ 1021 ₂ 1057 ₈ 87 91	97 Aug'28		97 1008. 102 10714 91 94	15-year secured g 6 1/2 1936 1st ref g 5s May 2037 1st & ref 4 1/2 May 2037	M B	1091 ₂ 1103 ₄ 1061 ₄ 1063 ₄ 983 ₄ Sale	1101g 1101g	2 7	1081 ₂ 1141 ₄ 1043 ₈ 114 955 ₈ 1041 ₂
Atl Coast Line 1st cons 4s July '52 M S Registered M S General unified 41/8 1964 J D	94 ¹ 4 Sale 98 100	941 ₈ 943 ₈ 93 Aug'28 100 100	12	91 98 ³ 4 93 97 ³ 8 96 104	Chic R I & P Railway gen 4s 1988 Registered		90 9184	897 ₈ 90 91 May'28	18	861 ₂ 96 91 921 ₄
L& N coll gold 4sOct 1952 M N Atl & Day 1st g 4s1948 J	90 ¹ 4 91 76 77 67 ⁵ 8 69 ⁸ 4	901 ₈ 908 ₄ 741 ₂ 741 ₂	13	8814 9884 7414 88 6514 7612	Refunding gold 4s1934 Registered1952 Secured 4½s seriesA1952	A O	935 ₈ Sale 931 ₂ Sale	931 ₄ 943 ₄ 93 93 931 ₂ 943 ₄	273	931 ₄ 968 ₄ 93 951 ₄ 91 978 ₄
2d 4s	78 86 99 100	8578 July'28 99 99	<u>i</u>	851 ₂ 924 97 1021 ₄	Ch St L & N O Mem Div 4s. 1951 Gold 5sJune 15 1951	1 D	867 ₈ 91 1051 ₈ 108	9234 May'28 107 July'28		92 928 10558 1081 10518 107
Balt & Ohio 1st g 4sJuly 1948 A O RegisteredJuly 1948 Q J 20-year conv 4)/2s1933 M 8		92 93 921 ₂ Sept'28	54	91 98 92 2684	RegisteredJune 15 1951 Ch St L & P 1st cons g 5s1932	A O	838 ₄ 1021 ₄	107 Apr'28 841 ₂ Jan'27 993 ₄ June'28		994 1038
Refund & gen 5a series A 1995 I D	98% Sale	981 ₄ 99 98 June'28 1011 ₂ 102	141	98 1001 ₈ 100 105	Chic St P M & O cons 6s1930 Cons 6s reduced to 3 4s1930	I D	9612	10158 June'28 10014 10114 9612 June'28	9	1015 ₈ 1015 ₈ 98 1038 ₈ 961 ₈ 98
1st gold 5sJuly 1948 A C Ref & gen 6s series C1995 J D P L E & W Va Sys ref 4s1941 M N	10438 Sale 109 Sale 9212 94	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	31 54 6	103 110 1061 ₂ 112 91 971 ₂	Debenture 5s	J D	973 ₄ Sale	9784 9814 100 Jan'28 100 100		9712 10013 100 100 9638 1033
Southw Div 1st 5s1950 J Tol & Cln Div 1st ref 4s A.1959 J Ref & gen 5s series D2000 M	102 Sale 8812 88	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25 28 48	101 ¹ 8 107 ¹ 8 82 ¹ 2 91 ¹ 8 100 105 ¹ .	Inc gu 5s Dec 1 1960 Chic Un Sta'n 1st gu 4½s A 1963 1st 5s series B 1963	J	931 ₂ 94 100 Sale 1051 ₄	$\begin{vmatrix} 94 & 941 \\ 99 & 100 \\ 1051_2 & 1055 \end{vmatrix}$	35	9118 987 978 1031 103 107
Bangor & Aroostook 1st 5s1943 J Con ref 4s		10338 July'28	<u>-</u> 6	1024 10458 8358 9384 6812 72	Guaranteed g 5s1944 1st guar 6 1/2 s series C1963 Chic & West 1nd gen g 6sp1932	JD	1021 ₂ 1041 ₃ 1161 ₂ 117 1031 ₈ Sale	10238 Sept'28 1161 ₂ 1163 102 June'28	4	10184 105 114 1194 10178 1055
Beech Creek 1st gu g 4s1936 J Registered	95	96 Sept'28 95 Aug'28 97 Jan'28		95 98 94 97 97 97	Consol 50-year 4s1952 1st ref 5 1/4s ser A1962 Choc Okla & Gulf cons 5s1952	J J M S	881 ₂ Sale 1031 ₈ 1033 ₄	8818 881	14 22	8484 931 10278 1057 10584 1078
2d guar g 5s	79 ⁵ 8	82 Aug'28		82 82 ¹ 8	Cin H & D 2d gold 4½s1937 C I St L & C 1st g 4s-Aug 2 1936 Registered	QF	951 ₂ Sale 951 ₂ 98	951 ₂ 951 985 ₈ July'28 971 ₄ Feb'28	3	951 ₂ 100 97% 985 971 ₄ 971
Bolivia Ry 1st 5s	371 ₂ 801 ₈ 831 ₂	82 Sept'28		7978 88	Cin Leb & Nor 1st con gu 4s 1942 Clearfield & Mah 1st gu 5s_1943	MN	88 ³ 8 94 ¹ 3	2 8814 Feb'28	8	87 934 100 100
Bruns & West 1st gu g 4s1938 J Buff Roch & Pitts gen g 5s1937 M 1 Consol 4 1/2	9318 931	941 ₂ Aug'28 1003 ₄ Sept'28 93 931 ₂		100 1065 ₈ 901 ₂ 981 ₄	Cleve Cin Ch & St L gen 4s. 1993 20-year deb 4 1/4 s	J D	90 913 983 ₄ 991	90 Aug'28 9834 Sept'28	8	883 ₈ 971 973 ₈ 1004 1083 ₄ 116
Canada Sou cons gu 5s A1962 A C	9714 Sale	1021 ₂ Aug'28 1051 ₈ 1051 ₂	7	102 1031 ₂ 1051 ₈ 1107 ₈	General 5s Series B 1993 Ref & Impt 6s series A 1929 Ref & impt 6s ser C 1941 Ref & impt 5s ser D 1963	J J	1005 ₈ 1011 1041 ₄	112 Aug'2 1005 ₈ 101 107 Aug'2	8 6	100 108 10314 1085
Canadian Nat 4½s_Sept 15 1954 M 5-year gold 4½s_Feb 15 1930 F 30-year gold 4½s1957 J	981 ₂ Sale 971 ₂ Sale	981 ₂ 99 978 ₈ 977 ₈		9678 10218	Cairo Div 1st gold 4s1939 Cin W & M Div 1st g 4s1991	3 3		95 Aug'2 4 851 ₈ July'2	8	981 ₂ 1051 95 963 851 ₈ 931
Canadian North deb s f 7s1940 J 25-year s f deb 6 1/21946 J 10-yr gold 4 1/2 Feb 15 1935 F	11658 Sale 9712 978	1161 ₂ 1167 ₈ 978 ₄ 978 ₄	13 37	11014 117 11518 123 9678 10314	St L Div 1st coli tr g g 4s1990 Spr & Col Div 1st g 4s1940 W W Val Div 1st g 4s1940	M S	951 ₈ 981 90 935	8 9634 Mar'2 8 94 July'2	8	96 971 94 961
Canadian Pac Ry 4% deb stock	3	86 87 9938 100 9834 Apr'28		855 ₈ 92 96 1011 ₄ 981 ₄ 981 ₄	Clev Lor & W con 1st g 5s1933	A O		4 107 July'2 10018 1001	8 1	9612 1008 107 1081 10018 1048
Caro Cent 1st cons g 4s1949 J Caro Clinch & O 1st 30-yr 5s_1938 J 1st & con g 6s ser A_Dec 15 '52 J	8258 Sale 103 10712 1081	825 ₈ 825 ₈ 104 Aug'28 2 1081 ₂ Aug'28		80 905 ₈ 100 1051 ₂ 107 1093 ₄	Clove & Poen on Alka ser B 1949	MN	98 963 ₄	10118 May'2 100 Nov'2 10184 Mar'2	7	1014 1014
Cent Branch U P 1st g 4s1948 J Central of Ga 1st g 5s. Nov 1945 F	89 ¹ 4 91 84 86 106	931 ₂ Mar'28 79 Aug'28 105 Aug'28		93 ¹ 2 95 79 90 105 108 ¹ 8	Series A 4 1/2s	MN	98 1011 901 ₂ 893 ₄	2 100 July 2 9014 Apr 2 8958 Apr 2	8	9014 901 8958 895
Consol gold 5s 1945 M Registered M 10-year secured 6s _ June 1929 J 1	10212 Sale		13	100 1074	Cleve Union Term 1st 51/8-1972	A	10514 108	4 99 Apr'2 10714 108	8 4	99 1061 10314 1101 10058 1078
Ref & gen 51/3 series B1959 A (Ref & gen 58 series C1959 A (Chatt Div pur money g 4s.1951 J	105 Sale 10414 Sale	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 105 & 105 \\ 1041_4 & 105 \end{array} $	15		1st s f guar 4 1/2 s ser C 1977	1		8 100 Sept'2 91 Aug'2	8	99 1007
Mac & Nor Div 1st g 581946 J Mid Ga & Atl div pur m 58 1947 J	101 106 101 107 103 108	105 June'28 10318 Apr'28 103 July'28		105 109 1031 10318 103 10678	Refunding & exten 4 1/4 s 1935	F A	9914 Sale 97 Sale 9014	9918 998	8 8	981 ₂ 1001 951 ₈ 100 927 ₈ 967
Mobile Div 1st g 5s1946 J Cent New Eng 1st gu 4s1961 J Central Ohio reorg 1st 4½s1930 M Cent RR & Bkg of Ga coll 5s 1937 M 2	86 Sale 98 100 ¹	851 ₄ 86 991 ₈ 991 ₈	5 5	98 1004	Con & Passum Riv 1st 4s1943	FA	901 ₄ 95 88 958 ₄	91 Aug'2 90 May'2 9518 June'2	8	91 954 90 90 951 ₈ 961
Central of N J gen gold 5s1987 J Registered1987 Q	10978 114	1103 ₈ 114 1071 ₄ 1071 ₄	12	10814 1191 ₁ 10714 1181 ₄	Non-conv deb 4sJ&J 1956		731 ₈ 751 735 ₈ 74	2 73% Aug'2 7312 Sept'2	8	7218 821 72 861 80 811
General 4s 1987 J Cent Pac 1st ref gu g 4s 1949 F Registered F	9312 94	92 June'28	13	92 94	Cuba Nor Ry 1st 51/8 1942	1 1	735 ₈ 731 ₈ 75 95 Sale		823	73 851 9414 981 961 ₂ 1001
Mtge guar gold 3½s_Aug 1929 J I Through Short L 1st gu 4s_1954 A Guaranteed g 5s1960 F	9184 948			99 9914 9118 9514 10012 10513	1st ref 7 1/2s ser A	1 6	941 ₂ 95 1065 ₈ 107	9684 97 1061 ₂ Sept'2 2 99 Aug'2	8	10512 110 98 1011
Charleston & Savn'h 1st 7s1936 J Ches & Ohio fund & impt 5s1929 J	1131 ₈ 993 ₈ 997		4		Day & Mich 1st cons 41/8193; Del & Hudson 1st & ref 48194;	IM N	97 100 92 Sale		38	9014 963 100 1033
1st consol gold 5s	10338 106 991 ₂ Sale		34		15-year 5½s193 10-year secured 7s193	MA	102 104 Sale 103 Sale	103 104	3 5	10312 107
Registered W 20-year conv 4/5s 1930 F Craig Valley 1st 5s May 1 '40 J Potts Creek Branch 1st 4s 1946 J	998 ₄ Sale J 102	101 Sept 28	45	101 1024	Den & R G 1st cons g 4s1936 Consol gold 41/51936	5 3	93 90 Sale 931 ₈ 941	2 9318 Aug'2	8	931 ₈ 981
R & A Div 1st con g 4s1989 3 2d consol gold 4s1989 3	93	901 ₂ Sept 28 94 ₈ July 28 92 ₈ July 28		90 931; 9418 958, 9112 928,	Des M & Ft D 1st gu 4s 1938	5 3 .	2712 301	3212 July'2	8	87 97 2714 35 26 321
Warm Springs V 1st g 5s1941 M Chesap Corp conv 5s May 15 1947 M 1 Chic & Alton RR ref g 3s1949 A	7112 72	4 72 Sept '28	84	694 74	Des Plaines Val 1st gen 4 1/4s_194	ME)	10214 Feb'2 80 Aug'2	8	1024 1021 75 82
Ctf dep stpd Apr 1928 int Railway first lien 3½s1950 Certificates o deposit	71 ¹ 2 74 62 64 62 63		2	69 731	Gold 4s199: Detroit River Tunnel 41/4s_196: Dul Missabe & Nor gen 5s_194:	MN	75 791 975 ₈ 991 1031 ₈	98 Aug'2 10312 Aug'2	8	70 80 9718 103 10312 1031
Chie Burl & Q-III Div 31/8-1949	851 ₂ 89	861 ₂ Sept'28 893 ₈ Feb'28	3	8518 9118 8938 901	Dul & Iron Range 1st 5s193 Registered	4	1003 ₄ 84 85		8 3	99 ¹ 4 108 ¹ 100 ¹ 8 102 ² 81 ¹ 8 90 95 96
Registered	928 ₄ 941 94 Sale 8 931 ₄ Sale	2 94 943 ₈ 931 ₄ 94	110	923 ₈ 984 88 984	East Ry Minn Nor Div 1st 4s '4s' East T Va & Ga Div g 5s1936 Cons 1st gold 5s1956	BAG	98 99° 105¹2	957 ₈ July'2 99 Aug'2 1051 ₂ 105	8 1	99 1041 105 1101
1st & ref 4 1/2s ser B 1977 F 1st & ref 5s series A 1971 F Chicago & East III 1st 6s 1934 A	99 Sale 106 Sale 104	981 ₂ 991 ₄ 106 106	16	9634 1027	Elgin Joliet & East 1st g 5s194 El Paso & S W 1st 5s196	T ME D	1 10012 104	78 10014 Aug'2	8	9912 1061 106 1094
C& E Ill Ry (new co) con 5s.1951 M 1 Chic & Erie 1st gold 5s1982 M 1 Chicago Great West 1st 4s1959 M	N 85 Sale N 1055 Sale	841 ₂ 861 ₂ 1055 ₈ 1055 ₈	58	8314 93 10318 1121	Erie 1st consol gold 7s ext1930 1st cons g 4s prior1990	8 3	1025 ₈ 104 847 ₈ Sale	1021 ₂ Sept'2 847 ₈ 85 86 Jan'2	12 18	1021 ₂ 1061 831 ₄ 91 86 86
Chic Ind & Louisv—Ref 681947 J Refunding gold 581947 J Refunding 4s Series C1947 J	108 ¹ 4 118 99 89	116 Aug '28	3	1151 ₄ 1181, 1051 ₈ 106	1st consol gen lien g 4s199 Registered199	6 3 .	81 Sale		8	
1st & gen 5s ser A1966 M 1 1st & gen 6s ser BMay 1966 J	J 10158 102	8 10884 10884	8 6	10884 1111	50-year conv 4s series A195 Series B195	3 A (833 ₈ Sale 831 ₄ 85	8338 84	12 26	8038 891
Ch M & St P gen g 4s A. May 1989 J	J 92 ¹ 4 J 95 J 86 ¹ 2 Sale	9934 June 28	10		Ref & impt 58	7 W 1	943 ₄ Sale 1107 ₈ Sale	94 95 110 ⁷ 8 112	8 179	93 994 1107 ₈ 116
Gen g 31/2s ser BMay 1989 J Gen 41/2s series CMay 1989 J	J 761 ₂ 78 J 861 ₈ Sale	9618 9612	3 7	825 918 765 814 95 1041	Genessee River 1st s I 58195 Erie & Pitts gu g 3 1/2 ser B194 Series C 3 1/4 s	0 3	858 ₄	14 1131 ₂ Aug'2 - 102 Feb'2 - 91 June'2	8	112% 118 102 102 90% 94
Registered	.1	_1100 May '28	190	1 100 1001	Est RR extisi78195	M	410334 Sale	10318 103	84 51	1004 104

Due Feb 1

	13-	1	Waste .		1	BONDS	اوة	Price	Wask's	-	
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE. Week Ended Sept. 14.	Intere	Friday. Sept. 14.	Week's Range or Last Sale.	Bonda	Since Jan. 1.	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Sept. 14.	Perto	Priday. Sept. 14.	Range or Last Sale.	Bond	Since Jan. 1.
Fia Cent & Penn 1st ext g 5s.1930 1st consol gold 5s	J D S M N J J D O N J A J J A D J A D J A D J A D J A D J A D J A D S	105 1061 ₄ 100 1001 ₄ 981 ₂	100 Sept'28 100 Aug'28 967 ₈ Sept'28 841 ₄ 851 ₂ 451 ₈ 451 ₄ 993 ₄ Apr'28 1051 ₈ Aug'28 1041 ₂ Aug'28 100 Aug'28 99 99 1001 ₄ June'28 87 Sept'28 991 ₄ Aug'28 741 ₈ Aug'28 741 ₈ Aug'28	31 6 	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	Louisville & Nashville 5s	WILMILSONOLINGE THE PARTY OF TH	102 ¹ ₂ 103 ³ ₄ 106 ³ ₄ Sale 105 ⁵ ₈ 107 99 100 ³ ₄ 100 101 ¹ ₂ 100 101 ¹ ₂ 100 91 ³ ₄ 96 ¹ ₂ 70 99 ¹ ₂ 87 ⁵ ₈ 89 92 ¹ ₂ 94	1001 ₂ 1001 ₂ 95 951 ₂ 1011 ₂ Aug'28 1021 ₂ 103 106 1063 ₄ 1051 ₈ 1055 ₈	5 5 10 10 5 5 2 2 2 2 5 15	Low H42b 10012 106 9334 9914 100 10238 10212 10512 10438 11012 109 9738 10434 100 10338 10012 10214 955 9612 6884 71 100 10278 8678 9444 9012 9812 100 10084 9914 10318 6978 7934 7518 8249 9958 10112
Great No-gen 7 series A 1936 Registered. 1st & ref 4½ series A 1981 General 5½s series B 1952 General 5½s series B 1952 General 5½s series D 1976 General 4½s series D 1976 General 4½s series D 1977 Green Bay & West deb ctfs A Debentures ctfs B. Greenbrier Ry 1st gu 4s 1940 Gulf Mob & Nor 1st 5½s 1950 Ist M 5s series C 1950 Gulf & S I 1st ref & ter g 5s. 51952 Hocking Val 1st cons g 4½s 1999 Registered 1999 Registered 1997 H& T C 1st g 5s int guar 1937 Waco & N W div 1st 6s 1930 Houston Beit & Term 1st 5s 1937 Houston Beit & Term 1st 5s 1937 Houston Beit & Term 1st 5s 1933 1st guar 5s red 1933 Hud & Manhat 1st 5s ser A 1957 Adjustment income 5s Feb 1957	JIJIJI Feb NOOJIJININAA IJIJIJI FEMAAJJIMIMMF	971 ₂ 1021 ₂ 104	11238 1131412 Apr'28 96 96 96 96 96 10712 10734 104 9738 86 Mar'28 2512 2614 9578 Mar'28 9814 July'28 100 10812 101 10112 10212 May'28 9814 July'28 9918 Sept'28 10212 May'28 10212 May'28 10212 May'28 10212 May'28 10212 May'28 10212 Aug'28 10212 Aug'28 9918 Sept'28 10212 Aug'28 9918 Aug'28 9918 Aug'28 9918 9834 9978 8912 90	99	111 116 1141 ₂ 1144 ₃ 955 ₃ 1021 ₃ 1051 ₈ 1151 ₄ 103 209 961 ₂ 1011 ₄ 957 ₈ 1011 ₆ 86 868 ₇ 221 ₄ 291 ₄ 953 ₈ 1071 ₇ 99 104 1071 ₂ 1081 ₂ 973 ₈ 1011 ₈ 983 ₄ 1011 ₈ 983 ₄ 1041 ₈ 102 1031 ₃ 98 1024 ₆ 1001 ₄ 1007 ₆ 991 ₈ 1021 ₈ 978 ₈ 1021 ₈ 861 ₄ 951 ₈	Man G B & N W 1st 3½s1941 J Mich Cent Det & Bay City 5s.'31 M Registered	JSMJJNOOADD8JNN8FJJJSJ	84 90 100 101 9118	88 July'28 100 Sept'28 10034 Apr'28 9758 Jan'28 9218 July'28 85 86 9912 9912 9212 Aug'28 9914 9978 98 May'28 97 July'28 97 July'28 90 Apr'28 49 50 4738 5738 15 16 1514 Sept'28 8812 90 9514 9514 9514 9514 0012 10034 0018 Aug'28	10 7 20 20 29 15 29	88 88 89 8 9018 10218 10034 10178 9758 9788 9218 9218 7712 8984 9812 1000 9212 9924 9858 10068 98 9914 9514 9718 90 90 42 61 42 2324 1112 21 87 9212 9312 10012 98 10010 10318 100 10318 96
Illinois Central 1st gold 4s 1951 Registered	JJJ080NJJMMMJFJJJFF ALLICHTON JEJJJFF	915 ₈ 951 ₄ 85 88 84 88 74 Sale 901 ₈ 92 94 Sale 83 881 ₄ 883 ₈ 90 1071 ₂ Sale 110 Sale 110 Sale 100 Sale 887 678 77 801 ₈ 831 ₂ 761 ₂ 763 ₄ 767 ₈ 77 801 ₈ 87 781 ₂ 90 93	95 May'28 8612 June'28 8524 July'28 8612 June'28 874 74 9212 July'28 93 94 8418 Aug'28 85 Apr'28 8878 8912 9914 May'28 10712 10712 110 11014 19918 10012 8618 July'28 80 Aug'28 80 Aug'28 767678 7678 8578 June'28 88 Oct'27 9012 92 Apr'28			Mo-K-T RR pr lien 5s ser A. 1962 J 40-year 4s series B	TOIJIOABBNIJIISASSIJ	93 ¹ 2 99 99 ³ 8 87 ¹ 2 Sale 100 ³ 4 Sale 86 ¹ 2 87 ¹ 8 92 ¹ 2 93 ³ 4 104 ³ 8 Sale 99 ³ 4 100 ³ 8 79 ¹ 8 Sale 91 ³ 4 95 103 11 90 Sale 84 Sale 92 94 ¹ 2 99 ³ 4 100 ³ 4 95 ⁴ 4 Sale 92 94 ¹ 2 94 ¹ 4 Sale 85 ¹ 4 95 106 111 101 104 80 ¹ 2 80 ³ 4	9518 June'28 99 Aug'28 8712 8734 0018 10934 8658 8634 9414 10454 00 10058 7812 7918 99 100 93 July'28 03 Aug'28 00 Apr'28 90 90 84 84 90 90 84 84 9412 June'28 9934 9934 9914 June'28 994 198 90 July'28 11 June'28 90 419 28 801 48 5912 801 9112	22 25 10 60 34 38 145 197	9518 9614 98 100 85 9284 99 10484 86 9212 9012 9985 1018 10912 9912 10378 7614 8314 98 1028 93 9712 103 103 9938 100 8484 9812 84 929 9412 98 9934 10538 9018 111 11273 10434 10484 7934 83 90 9614 101 10448
Ind Bloom & West 1st ext 4s. 1940 Ind Il' & Iowa 1st g 4s	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	98 Sale 86 ¹ 4 91 93 ¹ 2 84 ¹ 4 88 100 ¹ 4 100 ¹ 4 101 ¹ 2 107 ¹ 8 Sale 93 ¹ 2 Sale 93 ¹ 2 Sale 96 ¹ 8 97 ¹ 2 98 ³ 4 86 ¹ 8 87 96 ¹ 4 97 97 ¹ 2 Sale 89 94 99 ³ 8	98 99 9218 July'28 91 Sept'28 88 July'28 100 June'28 107 10712 9318 9334 7712 Feb'28 9612 Sept'28 9712 Sept'28 971 9718 41 Sept'28 42 Sept'28 12 1212 90 Aug'28 103 May'27 86 Sept'28 93 9338 100 100 7312 7412 9918 10012	24 36 	96 101 9218 9218 91 97 88 92 100 105 10412 10412 104 10812 85 9914 7712 7712 9412 20178 9578 102 8178 9212 9444 9978 91 100 38 52 3778 49 1018 19 8812 9678 918812 9678 9218 97 9912 10312 7288 7944 97 10314	Nat Ry of Mex pr lien 41/8.1957 J July 1914 coupon on	OPANOLOVYOCITY OF L. O. L.	171 ₂ 147 ₈ 15 191 ₂ 163 ₄ 19 211 ₂ 21 22 113 ₂ 123 ₈ Sale 123 ₈ Sale 96 973 ₄ 993 ₄ 91 951 ₄ 97 1041 ₈ 1043 ₄ 1 951 ₄ 97 1041 ₈ 1043 ₄ 1 99 101 1053 ₄ Sale 1 911 ₂ 913 ₄	18 July'28 15 21 8712 Aug'25 17 Sept'28 3812 Jury'27 1458 22 22 Apr'27 1238 1212 8658 Nov'27 98 Sept'28 88 July'28 98 Sept'28 8912 July'28 98 Sept'28 99 99 98 987 01 101 9612 97 00314 10434 9634 Aug'28 99 Sept'28 99 Sept'28 107 07 Apr'28 9112 9134 9934 9934		18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1
Kansas City Term 1st 4s. 1960 Kentucky Central gold 4s. 1987 Kentucky & Ind Term 4½s. 1961 Stamped. 1961 Plain. 1961 Lake Erie & West 1st g 5s. 1937 2d gold 5s. 1937 Registered. 1997 Registered. 1997 Pebenture gold 4s. 1938 25-year gold 4s. 1931 Registered. 1998 Leh Val Harbor Term gu 5s. 1954 Leh Val Harbor Term gu 5s. 1954 Leh Val N Y 1st gu g 4½s. 1940 Lehigh Val (Pa) cons g 4s. 2003 Registered. General cons 4½s. 2003 Registered. Lehigh Val RR gen 5s series. 2003 Leh V Term Ry 1st gu g 5s. 1941 Registered. Leb & N Y 1st guar gold 4s. 1945 Leb & N Y 1st guar gold 4s. 1945 Leb & N Y 1st guar gold 4s. 1945 Lex & East 1st 50-yr 5s gu. 1965 Little Mlami gen 4s Ser A. 1962 Long Dock consol g 6s. 1935	NOOSONO NAXXELLILILILILILILILILILILILILILILILILILI	9034 Sale 91 9314 8812 9334 91 9812 97 9978 100 10114 9758 10118 8314 85 8314 85 9778 Sale 10388 Sale 9938 8558 8912 9812 Sale 10658 10714 10012 10712 8818 9178 1058 110 8818 92 1038 10612	9058 91 91 91 90 Sept'28 9212 Sept'28 98 Sept'28 10012 10012 2002 1001 June'28 8318 Sept'28 9934 Aug'28 9934 Apr'28 10338 10338 10338 10338 10358 10358 10358 10352 Aug'28 10512 Aug'28 10512 Aug'28 10514 Aug'28 10514 Aug'28 889 Aug'28 10514 Aug'28 889 Aug'28 10514 Aug'28 889 Aug'28 10612 July'28	10 1 1 1 158 6 6 20	8812 9534 91 9612 90 9612 90 9612 90 9612 90 9638 98 9838 9938 10514 100 10478 81 8712 86 98 100 97 100 9944 9944 103 10712 101 10212 8634 9312 89 1 10418 11114 10014 10714 10074 10713 101 10712 105 11558 88 9612 10612 10912	Ref & impt 5s series C 2013 A Registered A N Y Cent & Hud Riv M 3½s '97 J Registered 1997 J Debenture gold 4s 1934 M Registered 1942 J Lake Shore coll gold 3½s 1998 F Registered 1998 F Registered 1998 F Registered 1998 F Nich Cent coll gold 3½s 1998 F Registered 1937 A 25-year debenture 4s 1937 A 25-year debenture 4s 1931 M 26 series A B C 1931 M Refunding 5½s series A 1974 A Refunding 5½s series A 1975 J N Y Connect 1st gu 4½s A 1953 F 1st guar 5s series B 1953 F N Y & Erle 1st ext gold 4s 1933 M 4th ext gold 5s 1930 A N Y & Greenw L gu g 5s 1946 M N Y & Harlem gold 3½s 2000 M Registered	NINOSUMANIONNOONAALUULL OO	82 Sale 80 ³ 8 84 ³ 4 97 ⁵ 8 Sale 93 98 ⁷ 8 7978 80 ¹ 8 7718 79 ¹ 4 7978 83 76 ⁵ 8 95 ⁵ 8 97 97 ¹ 4 98 ⁵ 8 101 ¹ 4 102 106 ¹ 2 Sale 96 ¹ 2 Sale 106 ¹ 2 Sale 106 ¹ 2 Sale 106 ¹ 2 Sale 106 ¹ 2 Sale 96 ¹ 2 Sale 106 ¹ 2 107 91 ³ 4 97 ¹ 2 100 95 98 98 98	107 10614 June'28 8114 82 8012 8ept'28 9658 9814 9718 Apr'28 93 Aug'28 8012 77 77 79 Aug'28 77 July'28 9558 9558 9558 0114 102 10612 107 10612 107 10612 107 10612 107 10612 204 Aug'28 9958 June'28 9958 June'28 9958 June'28 94 Aug'28 94 Aug'28 94 Aug'28 8518 Apr'28 Apr'28	4 31 55 22 6	104½ 110¾ 106¼ 106¼ 7978 8788 7758 85½ 9312 991¼ 971% 9838 913¼ 99 771¼ 8618 7618 8278 77 8384 9618 9612 9512 10012 10012 10312 10012 10312 10012 10312 10012 10312 10012 10312 10012 10314 9512 10212 10012 10314 9512 10212 10012 10314 9512 10212 10012 10314 9512 10212 10012 10314 9518 8518 8518
Long Isld 1st con gold 5sJuly 1931 1st consol gold 4sJuly 1931 General gold 4s1938 Gold 4s1932 Unified gold 4s1949 Debenture gold 5s1934 30-year p m deb 5s1937 Guar Sh B 1st con gu 5s Oct '32 Nor Sh B 1st con gu 5s. Oct '32 Lou & Jeff Bdge Co gd g 4s1945	Q J D B B D M B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	10014 9634 9934 92 98 96 97 871 ₂ 935 ₈ 9834 Sale 9834 9914 875 ₈ 891 ₂	92¾ July'28 92 June'28 8758 901 ₂ 98¾ 98¾ 98¾ 98¾ 90 91 99¾ Aug'28	3 3 3 19	100 102 9412 9934 92 9612 92 10012 8758 9358 98 10014 97 10112 90 9484 9984 102 8714 9412	N Y Lack & W 1st & ref gu 5s1973 M First & ref gu 4/s con. 1973 M N Y L E & W 1st 7s ext. 1930 M N Y & Jersey 1st 5s. 1932 F N Y & N E Bost Term 4s. 1932 F N Y & N E Bost Term 4s. 1947 M Non-conv debenture 3/4s. 1947 M Non-conv debenture 3/4s. 1955 J Non-conv debenture 4s. 1955 J Non-conv debenture 4s. 1956 J Conv debenture 3/4s. 1956 J Conv debenture 6s. 1948 J Registered. 1948 J	DIOCICIOSSOPSI	83 87 ³ 4 76 ⁷ 8 81 ³ 4 72 ¹ 8 76 ³ 4 82 ¹ 2 83 ¹ 2 81 ¹ 2 Sale 72 ¹ 2 74 ¹ 2 112 ¹ 4 Sale	101 10114 90 Nov'27 831 ₂ July'28 867 ₈ July'28 71 Aug'28 82 831 ₂ 821 ₂ 711 ₄ Aug'28 112 ¹ 4 113 108 Aug'28 104 104 ³ 4 74 74 891 ₄ 901 ₈	3 57 12 -23 -19 2 142	991 ₈ 109 100 1012 ₄ 821 ₂ 90 767 ₈ 831 ₄ 701 ₈ 812 ₄ 798 ₈ 881 ₂ 79 881 ₂ 112 111 ₂ 981 ₂ 111 ₅ 1033 ₅ 1057 ₈ 721 ₈ 825 ₈ 87 935 ₈

BONDS T. T. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Sept. 14.	Interest	Price Friday. Sept. 14.	Week's Range or Last Sale.	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1.	BONDS. N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE. Week Ended Sept. 14.	Interest	Price Priday. Sept. 14.	Week's Range or Last Sale.	Bonde	Range Since Jan. 1.
N Y O & W ref 1st g 4s_June 1992 Reg \$5,000 only June 1992 General 4s	M S D D O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	731 ₂ Sale 711 ₂ 73 873 ₈ 92 821 ₂ 861 ₂ 741 ₂ 78 691 ₄ Sale 991 ₂ 101 91 Sale 91 Sale 91 Sale 91 Sale	7312 7484 7612 Apr'28 7612 Apr'28 7484 Aug'28 8788 Aug'28 8984 Jan'28 81 8118 8278 Mny'28 6812 6914 9912 Aug'28 8514 86 10112 10214 9058 9118 9858 Sept'28	7 6 12 24 32 36	Total H40h 724 304 7612 78 7612 78 7613 804 8708 804 8814 9212 80 8312 68 804 9912 1024 8312 92 100 103 90 97 9812 103	St L-San Fran pr lien 4s A 1950 Con M 4½s series A 1978 Prior lien 5s series B 1950 Income series A 6s July 1960 St Louis & San Fr Ry gen 6s. 1931 General gold 5s 1931 St L Peor & N W 1st gu 5s 1948 St Louis Sou 1st gu g 4s 1931 St L S W 1st g 4s bond ctfs. Nov 1989 Consol gold 4s 1932 Lst terminal & unifying 5s. 1952 St Paul & K C Sh L 1st 4½s. 1941 St Paul & Duluth 1st 5s 1931 1st consol gold 4s 1931 1st consol gold 4s 1931	M S J J Oct. J J J J J J M S M N J J J D J J F A	877, Sale 877, Sale 898, Sale 10114, Sale 10114, Sale 10114, Sale 10114, Sale 10114, Sale 1011, Sale 102, Sale 9714, Sale 9878, Sale 9978, Sale 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 905, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9312, 9	Zow H40h 87% 88% 89% 89% 89% 10014 10114 10114 10122 Aug*28 100 10014 105 June*28 8812 88% 82 Aug*28 99514 96% 999 July*28 999 999 999 999 999 999 999 999 999 9	145 394 75 115 15 16 23 46	Zow H49h 8512 93 8748 9778 9878 10412 9912 10218 100 105 9914 10312 105 111 9778 9778 79 9214 82 8712 9418 99 9678 10318 99 99 900 99
Norfolk & West gen gold 6s1931 Improvement & ext 6s1934 New River 1st gold 6s1932 N & W Ry 1st cons g 4s1996 Registered1996 Div'l 1st lien & gen g 4s1944 10-yr conv 6s1941 North Cent gen & ref 5s A1974 Gen & ref 4½s ser A stpd1974 Gen & ref 4½s ser A stpd1974 North Ohlo 1st guar g 5s1945 North Pacific prior lien 4s1997 Registered1997 Gen lien ry & ld gt 3sJan. 2047 Ref & impt 5s series B2047 Ref & impt 5s series B2047 Ref & impt 5s series D2047 Nor Pac Term Co 1st g 6s1933 Nor Ry of Calif guar g 5s1938	FAAAIMIMMAQQQQIIIIII	931 ₂ Sale 93 931 ₂ 913 ₄ 921 ₂ 1077 ₈ 951 ₂ 961 ₂ 91 Sale 91 921 ₂ 661 ₂ Sale 100 Sale 1128 ₄ Sale 1041 ₂ 1051 ₂ 104 105	175 July 28 921 ₂ 921 ₃ 108 Aug 28 9, 993 ₈ Aug 28 95 Sept 28 907 ₈ 92 88 Aug 28 66 663 641 ₂ Aug 28 991 ₂ 1001 11234 1131	11 2 4 5 5 54 67 13 38	1023 ₈ 1051 ₂ 1047 ₈ 107 103 1063 ₄ 897 ₈ 983 ₈ 901 ₂ 961 ₈ 921 ₈ 963 ₄ 175 1901 ₄ 911 ₄ 974 ₈ 1073 ₄ 108 981 ₈ 1015 ₈ 95 103 89 977 ₆ 621 ₂ 721 ₉ 641 ₂ 697 ₈ 97 105 111 1171 ₄ 1035 ₈ 1091 ₂ 1023 ₈ 1091 ₂ 1023 ₈ 1091 ₂ 107 1103 ₈	1st consol gold 4s	J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	99 1003, 95 100 95 100 9634 9712 1033, 10612 9818 9912 902 953, 8814 9012 101 1043, 9012 907 100 102 104 9914 995 743 87 43 83le 6212 Sale 7912 Sale	10312 10312 10634 Mar'28 9878 9878 9912 July'28 8814 10434 10434 9078 9078 100 Sept'28 10014 Aug'28 10712 May'28 9212 95 75, Aug'28 7414 75 4234 4478 5912 6212 7918 Mar'28	10 	901s 901s 97s 97s 97s 97s 97s 97s 103s 111s 106s 106s 96s 103s 111s 106s 96s 99s 99s 99s 99s 99s 95s 95s 95s 95s 95
North Wisconsin 1st 6s1930 Og & L Cham 1st gu g 4s1948 Ohio Connecting Ry 1st 4s1943 Ohio River RR 1st g 5s1936 General gold 5s1937 Oregon RR & Nav con g 4s1940 Ore Short Line 1st cons g 5s1946 Guar stpd cons 5s1946 Guar refunding 4s1929 Oregon-Wash 1st & ref 4s1961 Pacific Coast Co 1st g 5s1946 Pac RR of Mo 1st ext g 4s1938 2d extended gold 5s1955 Paris-Lyons-Med RR ext 16s.1958 Sinking fund external 7s1958 Paris-Orleans RR s f 7s1954 External sinking fund 5½s 1968 Paulista Ry 1st & ref s f 7s1942	J J S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	99 1031; 93 941; 106 109 1071; 11014 9812 Sale 8914 897; 7518 7514 9312 	821 ₈ 821 ₈ 821 ₉ 953 ₈ Nov'22 104 Apr'28 1011 ₂ June'28 913 ₄ 913 106 106 1061 ₄ July'28 981 ₂ 99 89 891 75 75 75 93 931 102 May'28 1005 ₈ July'28 991 ₈ 991 1031 ₂ 1043	2977	106 ¹ 4 111 ⁸ 4 98 100 86 ¹ 8 94 ¹ 2 75 88 ¹ 8 91 ⁸ 4 95 ⁸ 8 102 102 ⁸ 8 100 ⁸ 8 101 ⁸ 4 96 100 ⁷ 8	Atl & Birm 30-yr 1st g 4s. d1933 Seaboard All Fla 1st gu 6s A. 1935 Series B	FAINAO DDBBBDBOONIII	87 8812 74 ³ 4 8ale 69 ³ 4 86 98 100 100 10112 1001 ₈ 102 ⁵ ₉ 108 ¹ 2 90 91 99 ³ 4 Sale 100 Sale 89 ³ 4 Sale 96 ¹ 2 Sale 89 ³ 4 Sale 96 98 92 ⁷ 8 93 ¹ 4 93 ¹ 4 Sale 110 ¹ 4 111	74 76 74 76 74 76 74 741 98 Sept'28 9912 Aug'28 1001 ₈ Aug'28 1145 ₈ May'28 90 905 ₈ 88 Mar'28 991 ₈ 991 ₂ 1001 ₄ 1001 ₄ 100 100 961 ₄ 90 961 ₄ 90 901 ₄ 90 1063 ₄ June'28 973 ₈ May'28 973 ₈ May'28 9110 1101 1101	76 6 34 113 -1 25 7 48	88% 95 69% 947g 70 94% 98 100% 991; 1017g 100 105 1141g 115 P77% 95 8 88 981g 100 99 104 100 10314 9514 1001g 88% 96 105 108 9718 9718 9718 9718 96 96 108 1191g
Pennsylvania RR cons g 4s. 1943 Consol gold 4s. 1948 4s steri stpd dollar. May 1 1948 Consolidated s f 4 ½s. 1960 General 4 ½s series A. 1965 General 5s series B. 1968 10-year secured 6 ½s. 1936 Registered 6 ½s. 1936 Registered 6 ½s. 1936 Registered gold 5s. 1964 Pa Co gu 3 ½s coll tr A reg. 1937 Guar 3 ½s trust ctfs C. 1942 Guar 3 ½s trust ctfs D. 1944 Guar 15-25-year gold 4s. 1931 Guar 4s ser E trust ctfs. 1952 Pa Ohlo & Det 1st & ref 4 ½sA'77 Peorla & Eastern 1st cons 4s. 1940 Income 4s. April 1990 Peorla & Pekin Un 1st 5 ½s. 1974 Pere Marquette 1st ser A 5s. 1956	M N N A D D A D A D D A D D A D D A D D D D	9312 9214 96 10134 Sale 10178 Sale 1078 Sale 1078 Sale 11078 Sale 11078 Sale 11078 Sale 10312 Sale 8734 8712 Sale 89 8718 9718 975 90 941 9712 Sale 8514 88 3718 42 104 1024 Sale	9312 931 94 Sept '28 10134 102 9978 1017 10634 10, 5 10224 10, 5 1102 1107 112 Apr '28 103 1048 91 June '21 8712 871 90 Apr '21 8812 July '24 8 9758 98 9778 971 9712 971 8514 86 40 Aug '21 103 Sept '2	2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	921s 99 100 107 977s 1047s 1043s 115 1023s 1057s 1112 112 1013s 1057s 877s 93 871s 92 8914 9014 8812 9095 963s 100 90 9514 102 835s 92 8712 501s 10214 1082 10012 10512	Registered. Devel & gen 4s series A 1956 Develop & gen 6s 1956 Develop & gen 6 ½ s 1956 Mem Div 1st g 5s 1956 St Louis Div 1st g 4s 1951 East Tenn reorg lien g 5s 1935 Mob & Ohlo coll tr 4s 1938 Spokane Internal 1st g 5s 1953 Staten Island Ry 1st 4 ½ s 1943 Sunbury & Lewiston 1st 4s 1938 Superior Short Line 1st 5s 51933 Term Assn of St L 1st g 4 ½ s 1933 1st cons gold 5s 1944 Gen refund s f g 4s 1957 Texarkana & Ft S 1st 5 ½ s A 1955 Texa & N C com gold 5s 1944 Texas & Pac 1st gold 5s 2006 2d inc5s (Mar. 28cpon) Dec 2006 Gen & ref 5s series B 1977	A OO A D J J J D D M S A O A O O A D J J D D M S A O A O A O A O A O A O A O A O A O A	891 ₂ Sale 115 Sale 1197 ₈ Sale 1021 ₈ 109 91 933 ₈ 811 ₄ 86 	11518 Apr'22 8814 891; 115 1151; 11978 1207; 108 July'22 8878 90 10518 Aug'22 92 Aug'22; 85 Nov'22 95 Apr'22; 10114 Aug'21; 10134 Aug'21; 2 87 88 3 10418 Aug'24; 10012 July'2; 10078 1000 Aug'21; 1003 Aug'110034 1017	69 32 32 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 4 4 2	110 11516 8584 98 11312 121 11724 127 106 ; 11318 8778 94 10414 10518 9184 9618 81 90 95 9612 9978 9978 9912 10218 10158 107 87 94 10178 10712 10012 10312 10018 10412
1st 4s series B	M N N A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S	94	10514 Aug'2: 400 401 2 104 June'2: 2 100 July'2: 100 Aug'2: 8 10134 June'2: 2 97 Aug'2: 97 Aug'2: 97 July'2: 2 101 July'2: 2 101 July'2: 2 10612 1063 2 10712 1071 11312 Jan'2	8 4 4 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	9458 100 105 114 40 421 104 106 9978 102 100 1021 1014 1022 97 99 97 971 98 971 98 105 1044 1141 1134 1134	Toledo Peoria & West 1st 4s. 1917 Tol St L & W 50-yrg 4s	M S J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	62 ¹ 2 65 57 ¹ 2 65 ¹ 38 ¹ 2 42 95 ⁷ 8 Sale 91 ¹ 2 95 90 Sale 98 Sale 109 ⁸ 8 Sale	2 10812 1081 101 101 101 100 June'2: 15 Nov'2' 4 9014 901 2 9858 July'2: 9358 933 63 Sept'2: 2 63 July'2: 3858 Aug'2: 9514 96 9314 931 90 90 97 98 1098 88	2 4 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 6 10 10 7 4 8 10 7 4 8 154 8 154	98\(^4\) 103 100 10\(^1\)5\(^2\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3\)5\(^3
Pitts McK & Y 1st gu 6s	1 J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	1011 ₂ 106 1001 ₈	- 100¼ Aug'2 - 95 Oct'2 95 June'2 - 108 June'2 - 2 91 s June'2 - 91 yune'2 - 92 92 92 94 June'2 - 94 June'2 - 100½ June'2 - 71½ Apr'2 - 71½ Apr'2 - 91¾ 91¾ 2 83% 83 94¾ 91¾ 2 91¾ 91¾ 2 91¾ 91¾ 2 91¾ 91¾	8	71 804 91 914 9184 97 9484 954 98 1048 7948 824 1044 1044 1004 1015 448 5 5 74 90 954 834 908 91 991	General 5s	3 J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	92 97 941 ₂ 98 ³ 941 ₂ 191 ₄ Sale 97's 1001 ₂ 1011 981 ₂ 1051 ₄ Sale 102 1021 103 1033 1033 ₈ Sale 103 1031 1011 ₂ 91 ⁴ 83 ³ ₈ 88 ⁵ 1011 ₂ 91 ⁴ 93 ³ 90 ³ ₄ Sale	4 9884 Nov'2 4 9514 Aug'2 96 June'2 1914 200 10014 June'2 2 100 Sept'2 100 Aug'2 2 1018 102 2 1018 102 2 1018 102 2 1018 102 2 100 100 103 103 8 9918 100 8 89 June'2 10584 July'2 4 928 Apr'2 4 938 Aug'2 908 91	7 8 8 15 8 7 8 8 7 8 33 10 1 1 4 7 9 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	10014 10112 100 10334 100 10714 95 10344 104 10978 10134 10613 9814 10412 10214 10738 9734 105 8618 89 10412 10534 9139 9312 8338 8838 89 9519 8839 9414
Rutland 1st con g 4 / s 1941 St Jos & Grand Isl 1st g 4s 1947 St Lawr & Adir 1st g 5s 1996 2d gold 6s 1998 St L & Cairo guar g 4s 1931 St L Ir Mt & S gen con g 5s 1931 Unified & ref gold 4s 1933 Unified & ref gold 4s 1933 St L M Bridge Ter gu g 5s 1930	7 J	90 93 ⁸ 86 100 105 ¹ ₈ 1 96 ¹ ₂ 97 ¹ 100 Sale 997 ⁸ Sale 98 ³ ₄ 99 1 94 ¹ ₈ Sale	4 94 July'2 - 86 86 - 100 Aug'2 - 106 Aug'2 - 2 96 ³ 96 ³ 997 ₈ 100 101 ³ 4 Dec'2 98 ³ 4 99 94 ¹ 8 94 ⁴	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	93 966 86 92 100 1008 105 108 96 9874 9814 1024 98 1015 94 974	Warren 1st ref gu g 3½s 2000 Wash Cent 1st gold 4s 194 Wash Term 1st gu 3½s 194 1st 40-year guar 4s 194 W Min W & N W 1st gu 5s 193 West Maryland 1st g 4s 195 1st & ref 5½s series A 197 West N Y & Pa 1st g 5s 193 Gen gold 4s 194 Western Pac 1st ser A 5s 194	S F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A C F A	8314 88 8978 9914 100 80 Sale 98 Sale 101 Sale 90 901 971 ₂ Sale	97 ¹ 4 98 ¹ 101 101 90 90 97 ³ 8 99 97 ¹ 8 Aug'2 87 87	8 8 8 103 8 15 15 8 2 10	8878 96 9838 1014 9812 8714 9612 10312 100 1042 8858 944 9718 101 9718 9718

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R. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Sept. 14.	Period	Price Priday. Sept. 14.	Ras	sek's nge or 1 Sals.	Bonds	Ran Sin Jan	100	Week Ended Sept. 14. Sept. 14. Range of Last Sale	Range Since Jan. 1.
Wheeling & Lake Erie— Ext'n & Impt gold 5s	M S M S J D J J J N N	100	100 92 98 91 67 ⁵ 8 103 ⁸ 4 92 83 ¹ 8 88 ¹ 2	Htcb Sept'28 July'28 Aug'28 91 67 ⁵ 8 May'28 June'28 84 89 ⁸ 4 Mar'28		100 92 98 91 671 ₂	H49h 1004 10214 102 94 791; 1044 93 928; 931; 924;	Crown-Willamette Pap 6s 1951 J J 10112 Sale 10112 10212 25 10 20 25 25 25 25 26 26 26 26	
Adams Express coll tr g 4s1948 Ajax Rubber 1st 15-yr s f 8s. 1936 Ajaska Gold M deb 6s A1925 Conv deb 6s series B1926 Allis-Chalmers Mfg deb 5s1937 Alpine-Montan Steel 1st 7s1955 Am Agric Chem 1st ref s f 7 1/4 s 41 Amer Beet Sug conv deb 6s1933 Am Cot Oll debenture 5s1933 Am Cot Oll debenture 5s1933 Am Cot Oll debenture 5s1942 Am Mach & Fdy s f 6s1939 American Natural Gas Corp Deb 6 1/5 (with purch warr) 42	M B N B A A O N O O	8884 8984 10414 Sale 612 912 612 812 9912 Sale 105 10534 90 92 10212 Sale 9884 101 9312 9512 104 10414 98 Sale	6 9878 9414 105 9014 1021 ₂ 981 ₄ 933 ₄	88 ³ 4 104 ¹ 4 July'28 July'28 99 ³ 4 95 105 ¹ 4 90 ¹ 4 102 ¹ 2 Aug'28 94 ¹ 4 Aug'28	9 14 5 19 14 8 4 5	31 ₈ 31 ₈ 98 93 104 79 101 961 ₂ 92	96 10934 10 10 1024 967; 1061; 93 1044 1024 97 106	Gen & ref 6s series A	2214 106% 10614 109% 107 107 1212 10714 15 9714 86% 99 107 8818 85 101 100 9912 103% 106% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 104 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 105% 1
Am Sm & R 1st 30-yr 5s ser A '47 1st M 6s series B	A J J M B B D D J M N O O N J A A J N J M S	1041 ₄ Sale 991 ₈ Sale 96 Sale 993 ₄ 1043 ₄ Sale 105 Sale 107 Sale 1051 ₈ 106 991 ₂ Sale 1031 ₂ 104 861 ₂ Sale 105 Sale 1321 ₂ Sale 137 Sale 95 Sale 90 Sale 1011 ₂ 1021 ₂		10112 10778 10414 9914 9658 10012 1055 Feb'28 10518 10518 1001 10418 8734 10512 113712 13712 13712 110112 9012	233 1 1668 1324 141	10684 10212 9812 9234 9984 10318 10488 10318 10318 103 83 103 83 103 104 12 11014	106 100 1001; 10212 106 1042 109 110 106 1011; 1093; 931, 1061; 10513 10514 964, 104	Elk Horn Coal 1st & ref 6 1/8 s. 1931	94 9912 92 99 92 99 7634 91 10214 96 10312 95 10118 90 10539 90 1053 99 105 101 120 8912 10438 11012 11072 11072 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 11073 1
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Phillips Petrol deb 5 5/8 1939 J D 92 Sale 92 92! 51 9114 648, Pierce Arrow Mot Car deb 8s1943 M 8 1078 108 1078 108 1078 108 1078 108 1078 108 1078 108 1078 108 1078 108 1078 108 1078 108 1078 108 1078 108 1078 108 1078 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 10	Refunding gold 5s 194' Registered	M S	98 ¹ 4 Sale	1031 ₈ 103 104 Apr'2 981 ₄ 98 1001 ₈ 100	28 - 1 34 21	1 102 100 104 104 3 97 10	Warner Sugar Refin 1st 7s19: Warner Sugar Corp 1st 7s19: Wash Water Power st 5s19: Westches Ltg g 5s stmpd gtd 19:	39 J J 39 J J 50 J D	105 ⁵ 8 Sale 86 ⁵ 8 Sale 101 ¹ 4 104 ¹ 105 ¹ 4	1025 ₈ 105 861 ₈ 86 2 104 July'2 - 1051 ₂ Sept'2	4 5 8 2 8	10512 10778 8412 95 104 105 105 10918
Prelli Co (Italy) conv 78	Phillips Petrol deb 5¼s193: Pierce-Arrow Mot Car deb 8s194: Pierce Oil deb s f 8sDec 15 193: Pillsbury F1 Mills 20-yr 6s_194:	9 J I 3 M 8 1 J I 3 A I	92 Sale 107 ¹ 8 108 100 ¹ 2 106 103 ⁷ 8 Sale	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 5	9114 9- 9012 100 2 10412 100	34	53 M 6 53 A 0 56 J D 50 J J	102 ³ 4 104 ³ 104 ⁷ 8 Sale 103 ³ 4 Sale 50 Sale	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 2 8 3 4 60 29	102 108 10114 1061e 10114 105 50 60
Portland Gen Elec 1st 5s1935 J 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99%	Pirelli Co (Italy) conv 7s195: Pocah Con Collieries 1st s f 5s195: Port Arthur Can & Dk 6s A_195: 1st M 6s series B195: Portland Elec Pow 1st 6s B194:	M N N S F A S F A N N	106 ¹ ₈ Sale 93 ³ ₄ 95 103 ³ ₄ 104 103 ³ ₄ 105 101 ¹ ₈ 102	106 ¹ 8 106 96 ¹ 2 Sept': 103 ³ 4 104 106 July': 101 ¹ 8 101	12 1 28 28	99¼ 113 9312 96 103¾ 106 10412 106 3 100 106	Western Electric deb 5s19 Western Union coll tr cur 5s. 19 Fund & real est g 4½s19 15-year 6½s19 25-year gold 5s19	44 A C 38 J J 50 M N 36 F A 51 J D	102 103 97 ¹ 2 98 110 ¹ 8 Sale 102 ¹ 2 Sale	102 103 971 ₂ Sept'2 110 1101 102 1021	8 -12 2 20 2 17	100 1051 ₃ 963 ₈ 1031 ₈ 1083 ₄ 1137 ₈ 1011 ₄ 1051 ₄
Porto Rican Am Tob conv 6s 1942 J J 9912 Sale 9812 9998 95 9714 105 White Sew Mach 6s (with war) 750 J 7	Portland Gen Elec 1st 5s193: Portland Ry 1st & ref 5s193: Portland Ry L & P 1st ref 5s194: 1st lien & ref 6s series B194:	5 J J 0 M N 2 F A 7 M N	9934 Sale 9734 Sale 9918 100 10012 1013	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 ₄ 3 ₄ 1 ₈	99 100 1 9784 96 0 98 101 1 100 10	14 West'h'se E & M 20-yr g 5s 19: 34 Westphalia Un El Pow 6s 19: 35 Wheeling Steel Corp 1st 5½s 19: 36 White Eagle Oil & Ref deb 5½s' 37 With stock purch warrants	53 J 53 J 57 M	90 Sale 1005 Sale 9712 Sale	90 91 10058 101 9678 98	34 34 42	89 91 99% 1044 931 ₂ 96%
Pub Serv Corp N J deb 4½s. 1948 F A 147 Sale 147 154½ 2922 116 154½ Wilson & Co 1st 25-yr s f6s. 1941 A O 101½ Sale 101 101½ 171 100 105½ Pub Serv El & Gas 1st & ref 55 65 J D 104 Sale 103½ 104 61 102 105% Wilson & Co 1st 25-yr s f6s. 1941 A O 107 Sale 107 107½ 15 106 108½ Sale 107 107½ 15 106 108½ Sale 107 107½ 15 106 108½ Sale 100 100½ 161 109½ 101½ 101½ 101½ 101½ 101½ 101½ 105 108½ Sale 100 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 100½ 161 10	Porto Rican Am Tob conv 6s 194: Postal Teleg & Cable coll 5s. 195: Pressed Steel Car conv g 5s193: Prod & Ref s f 8s (with war). 193:	2 J . 3 J . 3 J . 1 J L	99 ¹ ₂ Sale 94 ⁷ ₈ Sale 94 ³ ₄ 95 111 ¹ ₈	9812 99 9412 95 95 95 11034 Sept'	158 9 14 23 18 1 28	9714 10 1 93 94 3 90 99 11034 11	White Sew Mach 6s (with war) 3s Without warrants	35 M N 33 M	98 ³ 8 99 34 36 ¹ 33 ¹ 8 34 ² 102 102 ¹	124 124 9838 99 12 35 35 18 3514 Sept'2 18 102 102	2 31 8	9814 104 28 3712 25 36 10112 10312
Punta Alegre Sugar deb 7s1937 J J 9734 Sale 9734 9812 39 9734 107	Pub Serv Corp N J deb 4 1/4 s. 1941 Pub Serv El & Gas 1st & ref 5 s '61 1st & ref 4 1/4 s	8 F A	147 Sale 104 Sale 9914 Sale	147 154 1031 ₂ 104 991 ₈ 99	12 292 6 14 5	1 102 104 4 9918 9	Wilson & Co 1st 25-yr s f 6s19 Winchester Repeat Arms7 1/4 Youngstown Sheet & Tube 5s19	AL A	101% Sale	101 101	2 15	100 1051 ₈ 106 1081 ₈

Outside Stock Exchanges.

Boston Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at the Boston Stock Exchange, Sept. 8 to Sept. 14, both inclusive compiled from official sales lists:

Maria de la companya del companya de la companya de la companya del companya de la companya de l	Friday Last Sale	Week's of Pri	ces.	Week.			ce Jan.	
Stocks— Par	Price.	Low.	High.	Shares	Los	0	Hig	h
Railroad— Boston & Albany100		179	179	18	179	Sept	1941/2	
Preferred 100	85	*83½ 100	85 101 16	412 89	x83 1/2 100	Sept Feb	107 %	Ma
1st preferred100 2d preferred100	114	114	114 10734	85 46	110 103	July Aug	120 ¼ 110 ¼	Jan
Bost & Maine com unst 100 Ser A 1st pr pf unstpd 100	75	74 z84 1/8	76 87	95 133	55 80	Jan Jan	83 98	May
Ser D 1st pref unstpd100		170	170	23	150	July	190	Api
Prior pre: stamped 100	10	7434 110	76 110½	178 22	107	Aug	90 115	May
Ser A 1st pfd stpd100 Ser B 1st pref stpd100		76 115	761/2	30 155	106 16	Jan Jan	87 145	Mai
Ser C 1st pref stpd100	1	104	105	350 310	98 135	Jan Jan	131 180	Api
Ser D 1st pref stpd100 Chie Jet Ry & U S Yd pf 100	10814	10814	10814	5	108	Jan	1131/4	June
Conn & Pass River pf100 East Mass St Ry Co100		301/2	103 32½	14 486	102 1/2	Jan Jan	107 43	Apr
Preferred B		7816	66 76	525 115	63 70	Aug	80 1/2 88	Apr
Adjustment100 Maine Central100		53 69	57 72 1/8	491 660	50 59	July Feb	72%	Apr
Preferred NYNH&Hartford 100 Old Colony 100		85 25934	85 63	2,043	81¾ 54¾	Aug June	87	Api
Old Colony 100 Pennsylvania RR 50	133%		136	120	1311	July	141	Apr
Vermont & Mass100	120	63 % 120	65 120	972 13	62 114	June	72% 121	Apr
Miscellaneous-								
American Brick Co Amer Pneumatic Service 28	17 1/8	1734	17% 3%	50 255	1514	July	20	Mar June
Preferred50	15	15	1514	295	15	June	2414	Feb
mer Tel & Tel100	18214	48 180¾	48 183	40 1,764	17136	July July	210	May
moskeag Mfg Co Bigelow-Hartf Carpet Preferred100	19¼ 88	19 88	21 1/8 89 1/8	2,555 225	18 88	Apr	25 1/8	Api
Preferred100	041	103 1/2	103 1/2	20	101	Jan	110	Mai
Continental Securities Corp	941/2	94 112	95 115	225 109	931/4	Jan	134 1/2	Apr
Preferred	83	83 15	83 16	25 2,015	82 14%	Aug	8516	June
Crown Cork & S com stk Cominion Stores Ltd Cast Boston Land1		134 %	135	105 510	105 36	Jan Jan		June
matern Manufacturing	473	23/8	21/2	200	236	Jan	234	Jar
Eastern SS Lines Inc2	8914	87 .50	135	2,605 8,039	.50	Feb Sept	2	May
Rights Preferred Economy Grocery Stores_	45 18%	45 161/2	47 183%	400 3,532	45	Sept Jan	51	Api
Edison Elec Illum 10t	279	277	279	270	252	Feb	305	May
Preferred100	74	341/2 74	37½ 75	230	31 74	Feb Sept	43 86 1/4	Api
General Alloy Co	12	12 24¾	121/2 247/8	460 110	16 16	June Jan	13 1/2 30	Jar
Silchrist Co	10717	29 102 1/8	30	213	281	Sept	3516	Jan
Glichrist Co. Glillette Safety Razor Co. Greif Coop'ge Corp cl A.	4414	4234	46	2,174 245	39	June	112 46	Sept
Greenfield Tap & Die 20		16	16 1/4	45 25	1516	July	20¼ 13	Jan
Joshamana Dakonica Inc	1		45	65	43%	Sept	45%	Aug
Class A Preferred Good Rubber Insurance Sec International Com Kidder, Peab Accep A pf 10(1041/2	1041/	5	1011/4	Aug	10416	Sept
nsurance Sec10	30	29 25	301/2	640 50	25 25	Aug	43 1/2 32	Jan
nternational Com		67 1/6 94	70%	630	45%	Feb		Sept
		10/2	113%	157	734	Jan	113%	Sept
Massachusetts Gas Co.100	1401/2	1401/2	1411/2	2,485	109	Jan Feb	15 155	Sept
Mergenthaler Linotype 100	1872	773% 100	78½ 101	363 247	77 99	Apr	88 112	May
Mtge Bank of Colombia	4	45 31/4	45	100 66	43	July	52 6	Ap
National Leather 10 Nat Mirs & Stores Corp 1	40	381/2	40 %	2,350	30	Apr	42	Aug
Nelson Corp (Herm) tretf & New Engl Equity Corp	401/2	25 37	26 40½	160 35	2414	Aug Jan	34 1/2	May
Preferred		97	97	10 387	93	Jan Jan	.50	Jai
New Eng Pub Serv		10114	10114	15	100	July	109 34	Fel
New Eng Pub Serv	14234	142/2	106¾ 145	208		Mar	111136 152	Maj
Pacific Mills	20 74	50 26¾	50½ 27½	112 405	45 1/6 25	Jan Aug	60 401/4	May
Reece Button Hole10 Reece Folding Machine.10	15%	x15%	171/2	95 85	15	Mar Feb	40 14 17 16 2 14	Sep
Ross Stores (The) Inc	25	191/2	26	905	10	Apr	36 3%	June
ter Sec Corp of allot ctfs wedish Am Inv of tr ctf100	32 146	32 140	34 149	1,246 1,137	31 123%	Jan June	37 149	May Sep
Swift & Co	131 1/4	130½ 127	133¼ 130	364 332	124¾ 90	Jan Feb	135 % 134	
ower Mig	3/8	31/8	41/2	1,300	.90	Mar	5	Aus
Jnion Copper Land & Min Jnion Twist Drill	16	14	16	1,230	11	Apr	16	May
United Elec Coal	6814	62 721/2	69 74½	13,566 2,880	40% 63%	Apr	69 77	Sep
Onited Shoe Mach Corp_2 Preferred2 US Brit Inv \$3 pf allot etf.	31	31	31 77	255 50	29% 71%	Mar July	32 9614	Jun
JS& For Sec Corp 1st pf		94%	9434	10	93%	July	101	Fe
Venesuela Holding Corp Waldorf System Inc Waltham Watch pref. 100	251/4	2234	11 251/4	400 720	1934	Jan Jan	36 2714	Ma
Waltham Watch pref106 Prior preferred106	8314	83¼ 102	85 102	55 120	8314	Sept July	98 106 1/2	Ap
Walworth Co	1	171/2	18¾ 185	515	1434	Aug	1834	Sep
2d preferred5	17379	54	54	787 12	52 1/2	June Jan	192 ½ 60 ¼	Ma
Mining— Areadian Cons Min Co2	11/2	136	134	1,105	1	Aug	234	Jun
Arisona Commerciai2	514	5	534	720	314	Mar	6	Ja Ma
Bingham Mines	43	42	4816	1,970	4156	June	56	Ja
Salurnat & Wasse	5	18	18	3,723	2014 12	Jan	3314	Sep
Calumet & Hecia2 Cliff Mining Co2	E	2034	21/4	12,140 2,640	114	Mar	23	Ma Ma
Calumet & Hecia2 Cliff Mining Co2 Copper Range Co2 East Butte Copper Min 1	2214			15	.40	Aug	1 434	Ma
Calumet & Hecia	2214	.60	31/				72.7%	Jul
Calumet & Hecia	22 1/4 2 1/4 5 2 1/4	234	314	360	236	July	12	
Dalumet & Hecia	22 1/4 2 1/4 5 2 1/4	234	31/4 31/4 .65 531/4	360	.50 47	Aug Aug		AI
Dalumet & Hecia	22 1/4 2 1/4 5 2 1/4	234	31/4 31/4 .65 531/4 105	360 100 447 11	.50 47 10334	Aug Aug June	12 134 60 10634	Ma AI
Calumet & Hecia	22 1/4 2 1/4 5 2 1/4	234	3 1/4 3 1/4 .65 53 1/4 105 22 6	360 100 447 11 1,615 1,795	.50 47 103 ½ 211 ½ 1 ½	Aug June Feb Mar	12 134 60 10634 2434 7	Ma Ar Ma Ma
Calumet & Hecia	22 1/4 2 1/4 5 2 1/4	234	3¼ 3½ .65 53¼ 105 22 6 1½ 1¾	360 100 447 11 1,615 1,795 50 128	.50 47 103 ½ 211 ¼ 1 ¼ .75	Aug Aug June Feb	12 134 60 10634 2434 7	Ap Ma Ap Ma Ma Jun
Calumet & Heca	22 1/4 2 1/4 5 2 1/4	234	3¼ 3½ .65 53¼ 105 22 6 1¼ 1¾ 1¾	360 100 447 11 1,615 1,795 50 128 100	.50 47 103 ½ 211 ½ .75 1 1 ½	Aug June Feb Mar Feb Feb June	12 1% 60 106 % 24 % 7 2% 3	Ap Ma Ma Ma Jun Ma Ja
Calumet & Heeta. 22 Ciliff Mining Co. 2 Copper Range Co. 2 East Butte Copper Min. 1 Franklin Mining Co. 2 Hancock Consolidated 2 Hardy Coal Co. 4 Helvetia . 2 Island Creek Coal . 2 Freferred . 2 Island Copper . 2 La Salle Copper Co . 2 Lake Copper Corp. 2 Mason Valley Mines . 2 Maso Consolidated . 2 Mayflowar & Old Colony 2 Mayflowar & Old Colony 2 Mayflowar & Old Colony 2	5 22¼ 2¼ 5 2¼ 3 3 5 1 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	.60 2½ 3 .65 52 105 20¾ 5 1½ 1½ 1¾ .50	3¼ 3½ .65 53¼ 105 22 6 1¼ 1¾ 1,50 .60	360 100 447 11 1,615 1,795 50 128 100 200 505	.50 47 103 ½ 211 ½ .75 1 1 ½ .20 .50	Aug June Feb Mar Feb June Mar Jan	12 1% 60 106 ½ 24 ½ 7 2% 3 2 .83	Ap Ma Ap Ma Ma Jun Ma Ja Ma Ma
Calumet & Heeia. 22 Cififf Mining Co. 2 Copper Range Co. 2 East Butte Copper Min. 1 Franklin Mining Co. 2 Hancock Consolidated. 2 Hardy Coal Co. 4 Helvetia 2 Lisiand Creek Coal. 2 Preferred 5 Ekennenan Copper 2 La Salle Copper Co. 2 Lake Copper Co. 2 Mason Valley Mines 4 May Hower & Old Colony 2 May Hower & Old Colony 2 Mohawk 2 New Cornelia Copper . 2	5 22¼ 2 2 1 2 1 3 3 3 5 5 5 6 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	.60 2½ 3 .65 52 105 20¾ 1½ 1½ 1½ .50 42	3¼ 3½ .65 53¼ 105 22 6 1¼ 1¾ 1.50 .60 56½	360 100 447 111 1,615 1,795 50 128 100 200 505 4,207	.50 47 103 ½ 211 ¼ .75 1 1 ½ .20 .50	Aug June Feb Mar Feb June Mar	12 1% 60 106 ½ 24 ½ 7 2% 3 2 .83	Ap Ma Ma Ma Jun Ma Ma Ma Ma
Calumet & Heeta. 22 Ciliff Mining Co. 2 Copper Range Co. 2 East Butte Copper Min. 1 Franklin Mining Co. 2 Hancock Consolidated 2 Hardy Coal Co. 4 Helvetia . 2 Island Creek Coal . 2 Freferred . 2 Island Copper . 2 La Salle Copper Co . 2 Lake Copper Corp. 2 Mason Valley Mines . 2 Maso Consolidated . 2 Mayflowar & Old Colony 2 Mayflowar & Old Colony 2 Mayflowar & Old Colony 2	5 22½ 5 2½ 5 2½ 1 3 5 2½ 1 5 5 21½ 5 5 21½ 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	.60 23/4 3 .65 52 105 203/4 5 13/4 13/4 .50 42 29/4	3¼ 3½ .65 53¼ 105 22 6 1¼ 1¾ 1,50 .60 56½ 30	360 100 447 111 1,615 1,795 50 128 100 200 505 4,207	.50 47 103 ½ 211 ¼ .75 1 1½ .20 .50 42 25 ½	Aug June Feb Mar Feb June Mar Jan Sept	12 1% 60 106 ½ 24 ¼ 7 2 % 3 2 .83 1% 65 30 .30	Ap Ma Ma Ma Jun Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma

	Eriaay Last	Week's			Ran	ge Sin	ce Jan.	1.
Stocks (Concluded) Par.	Sale Price.	Low.	High.	Week. Shares.	Los	0.	Hu	à.
Ojibway Mining25		2	21/6	400	.60	Feb	3	Mas
Old Dominion Co25	1536	15	16%	7.580	9	Mar	1914	Aug
P. C. Pocahontas Co		1214	1434	655	1136	Aug		May
Quincy25	4334	42	47	10.028	1234	ADT	46	July
St Mary's Mineral Land .25	31	30	3134	595	215	Mar		May
Shannon10		.50			.25	Mar		May
Superior & Boston		.25	.30		.15			May
Utah Apex Mining 5		4	41/4		314	Aug	816	Jan
Utah Metal & Tunnel 1		11/6	114		1	Feb	136	Feb
Aictoria25		134	234		.95	Apr	234	Sept
Winona25		.17	.20		.10	Feb	.35	May
Bonds-			.20	0.0	.10	1.00	.00	212.003
Amoskeag Mfg 6s1948		88	88	\$32,000	8714	Aug	9514	Jan
Atl G & W I SS L 5s 1959		80 -	80	1.000	72	Jan	8134	
British & Hungary Bk, Ltd		CO	00	2,000		0 1101	01/3	2-1-11
7 1/28 1962		100	100	1.000	9834	Jan	101	May
East Mass Street RR-		100	100	1,000	00/4	0.44.0	101	
4 1/4 s series A 1948	65	6416	641/2	7.000	6414	Sept	79	Apr
5s series B	00	75	75	1,500	74	July	88	Apr
6s series D1948		98	98	1.000	9036	Feb	9834	May
Ser S A 6s1928		99 1/4	99 %	2,000	99 1/6	Sept	100	Mar
		9814	981/2	1,000	9834	Sept	102	Sept
Fox New Engl Theatres—		9079	9072	1,000	0073	Sept	102	Бер
	102	100	102	12.000	100	Sept	102	Sept
Hood Rubber 78 1936	102		101	2,000	100	July	103 14	Jan
Mass Gas Co 4 1/2 1929				1.000	99	June	100 %	Mar
Miss River Power Co 5s '51	700		991		102		104	
	102		102	1,000		Aug		Feb
New Engl Tel & Tel 58 '32.			101	3,000	100	Aug	10316	Feb
P C Pocah Co 7s deb. 1935	110	110	110	1,000	106	Jan	115	May
Saarbriechen Mtge Bank-		01	04	0.000	01	3000	0.4	V
6s series B1947		91	91	2,000	91	May	94	Jan
		1011/2		1,000	101	June	103	Jan
	99%	991/2	99 %	10,000	9914	Aug	995%	Aug
Vamma Water Pr 5 1/28 1957		94	94	10,000	94	Sept	97	Mar
Western Tel & Tel 5s. 1932	100%	100%	100%	5.000	100	July'	103	Jan

*No par value. z Ex-dividend.

Chicago Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at Chicago Stock Exchange, Sept. 8 to Sept. 14, both inclusive compiled from official sales lists:

	1	Friday Last	Week's	Range	Sales	Ran	ge Sin	ce Jan.	1.
Stocks-	Par.	Sale Price.	of Pri		Week	Lou		Hig	
Acme Steel Co	25	107	104	10736	3,345	83	Jan	107 14	Sent
Adams Royalty Co	com*	107	191/2	20	225	19	June	28%	Apr
All-Amer Mohawk	"A"5	18	18	211/2	$\frac{225}{11,760}$	1316	Aug	2136	Aug
American Colortyp	e, com *		311/2	341/2	1,050	23 14	Feb	34 14	Sept
Amer Multigraph Amer Pub Serv prei	100		45 99¾	101	50 253	23 1/2 97 1/2	Mar	45 104	Sept
Am Pub Util part I	ofd100		99	9916	80	9236	Sept	101	July
Amer Shipbuilding	100	88	90	92	240	88	Aug	11736	Jan
Amer States Sec Co	rp A*	12	11	13	39,165	4	Jan		May
Class B	******	51/8	131/2	17 5%	$\frac{2,200}{5,950}$	43%	Jan	171/8	
Armour & Co pref.	100	90	88	90	970	66 34	Jan	9136	May
Common class A	v t c 25		22 1/8	23 16	3,300	115%	May	231/2	Sept
Armour & Co (Del) pf_100		93	94	20	87	Jan	971/8	June
Art Metal Wks Inc	pref*	45	341/2	49	28,675	28	June	49	Sept
Assoc Appar Ind In	Co .*	53 1/2	52 44	55 44 %	6,600	52 36	Sept	55 44%	Sept
Atlas Stores Corp	com*	46%	46	51 1/4	6,200	27	June	5114	Sept
Auburn Auto Co co	om*	84	82	90	4,350	78	Sept	14114	Mar
Balaban & Katz v t	C25	80	80	8214	7,000	5934	Jan	82	Mar
Bastian-Blessing C	o com.	38	371/2	3914	12,750	24	Feb		June
Baxter Laundries I Beatrice Creamery	com 50	30 73 ¼	26 ¼ 73 ¼	31 ¼ 77 ½	$\frac{21,000}{3,650}$	21 64	June June	7714	Apr
Bendix Corp Class	B 10	155	153	160	5,150	106	May	16135	Aug
Borg-Warner Corn	com 10	102	101	105	30.050	70	June	106	Sept
Preferred 7%	100	1021/2	1021/2		350	10134	Aug	103	Aug
Brach & Sons (E J) Butler Brothers	com*	20 24 1/4	20 23 1/4	21 24 1/4	3.050	16¾ 20	Apr	22%	May May
Campb Wyant & C	an Fdv *	521/2	50	53	3,250	35	June	5434	May
Castle & Co (AM)	com 10	70	5714	7134	29,450	4234	Feb	7134	Sept
Celotex Co com		63	63	63	20	49	Feb	69	May
Preferred			89	89	15	80	Feb	92	Aug
Cent D Pa Corp "A Central III Pub Ser	A. bid.	9814	23 9714	23 98¼	100 75	18 9314	June	25¼ 100¾	Jan
Central Ind Pow n	ref 100	9074	95	95	25	92	Aug	101%	May
Central Pub Ser (1 Central Pub Serv C	Del) *		18	18	60	1516	Apr	2234	Aug
Central Pub Serv C	corp A_*	29	29	30	420	201/8	Jan	31	Aug
Central S W Util c	om*	10417	87	87	300	76	Jan	98	May
Prior lien pref		104½ 100	104 1/2	1003	200 275	9934	Jan	105 14	May Jan
Preferred	•	4114	41	4136	850	41	Aug	4334	Aug
			-					/-	
Preferred	*	181/2	1514	181/2	1,350	111%	Aug	2234	Jan
Certificates of de Chicago Elec Mfg	posit*	17	17	17	300	11	June	18	Jan
Chie Rap Tr pr pf	A 100		12 101	102	225 35	10034	Aug	18	Jan
Chie Rap Tr pr pf Chie Rys part ctfs	er 2_100		3	3	150	136	Aug	314	May
Part ctis ser 3	100		1	136	460	34	Feb	2	May
Part etfs 4 Chie No Sh & Mil	100		11/4	11/4	25	34	Feb	11/4	Sept
Prior lien pref	100		97	100	79	9314	July	100	Apr
Common	100		18	18	30	18	Sept	44	Jan
Preferred.	100	54	52	53	87	50	Aug	65	Jar
Chickasha Cotton	01110	501/2	49	503/2	2,350	45	June	56	July
Club Alum Uten C Coleman Lamp & S	70	30 63	28½ 60	30 63	8,250 2,350	27 56 14	Aug	39 66	Jan May
Commonwealth Ed	ison 100	190	184	190	2,113	165	Jan	190	Sept
Consol Aut Mdso	nom *		1114	13	250	736	Aug	13	Sept
Cum conv pref Consol Film Ind In			47	471/2	300	47	Sept	48	Aug
Consol Film Ind In	ne com_*		15	15	100	13	Aug	25	May
PreferredConsumers Co con	nmon 6	161/2	26 141/4	29½ 17	850 30.625	734	Feb Jan	29 14	Sept
Preferred	100	90	90	90	50	87	Jan	9814	Apr
Warrants Crane Co common Preferred Cutler Ham Mfg C		814	71/2	81/2	2,900	314	Feb	1014	Apr
Crane Co common	25	4816	4734	481/9	212	45 119	Mar	4814	Sept
Cutler Ham Mfg C	100 norm	80	12136	60	34 200	481/	Jan	122 60	Sept
Davis Indus Inc	A" •		13	131/2	130	1236		1736	
warrants			5/6	3/8	1,100	5/8	Aug	1 7/8	
Dayton Rubb Mfg	A com *	47	40	47	176	35	June	59	May
Prior common. Decker (Alf) & Co	hn Inc.	321/4	7634	76 ½ 32 ¼	18 705	65 25	Feb	90	May May
Eddy Paper Corp	(The) *	3274	321/2	34	500	30	Feb	4236	May
El Household Util	Corp. 10	2614	2614		3,770	1314	Jan	28	Sept
Elec Research Lab	Inc *	12	11	14	3,500	2%	Jan	1414	
Empire G&F Co 7	% pf_100	99%	99%	100 1/4	145	99	Feb Sept	105	May
6 % preferred 6% preferred 8% preferred	100	9614			405	95%		99	July
Of professed	100		111	1111%	265	1083			May
o % preferred	Connell								
Fitz Simmons &			. 58	58	1 200	46	Jan	74 34	Mar
Dk & Dredge co	m20			28	1,200	1814	Jan		May
Dk & Dredge co	Co A	27	27						Same
Dk & Dredge co	Co A	27 813 26	.8134	8616	12,800	4734	Jan	8634	Sept
Dk & Dredge co	Co A	27 81½ 26		86 1/2 26 1/4 54 1/4	12,800 18,800 500	4734		8634 2634 62	Sept
Pitz Simmons & C Dk & Dredge co Foote Bros G & M Galesburg Coulte Godchaux Sugar, Gossard Co (H W	Co r-Disc Inc, cl B	81½ 26	81½ 23 54 280	86 1/4 26 1/4 54 1/4 285 1/4	12,800 18,800 500 312	4734 43 245	Jan Jan Jan Jan	8634 2634 62 345	Sept Sept Apr May
Dk & Dredge co	r-Disc Inc, cl B) com D100	81½ 26 280	81 14 23 54	86 1/2 26 1/4 54 1/4	12,800 18,800 500	4734	Jan Jan Jan	8634 2634 62 345 45	Sept Sept Apr

	Friday	Sales Sales							
Stocks (Concluded) Par.	Last Sale Price.	Week's I of Prid Low.		Week Shares.	Low.	Since	High.		
Hart Schaffer & Marx 100 Henney Motor Co	162 273/8	159%	162 29¼	200 4.500		Jan Feb	181 Apr -2916 Sept		
Rights	49½ 1 39½	48¾ 1 39½	50 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,280 3,840 470	1	Feb Aug Feb	1% Sept 44 Apr		
Illinois Brick Co25 Illinois Nor Util pref100 Indep Pneu Tool v t c*	55	1011/6	101 1/8 55	10 40	9814	Jan Feb	101% Sept 56 May		
Inland Wi & Cable com_10 Kalamazoo Stove com* Kellogg Switchbd com_10	56½ 128½ 10½	51 122½ 10	59½ 132 11½	13,175 18,950 7,950	26 65% 735	Jan Jan Aug	59½ Sept 135 May 13½ Jan		
Kentucky Utilir cum pf_50 Keystone St & Wi com*	63	52 621/2	52 1/8 65	19,250	43 16	Feb	54 ¼ June 65 Sept		
Kimberly Clark Corp.com* Kraft-Phenix Cheese com25 Leath & Co com*	55	54% 65% 16	561/2 651/2 17	1,750 100 450	60%	July Feb June	56½ Sept 77½ May 18¼ Aug		
Libby McNeill & Libby 10 Lindsay Light com 10	111/2	10%	111/2	14,900 300	816	Apr	13 May 4% Apr		
Lion Oil Ref Co com* Loudon Packing Co* McQuay-Norris Mfg*	29	27 34 48½	29½ 34 50	9,500 460 800		June June Jan	32 May 3514 Aug 60 May		
Preferred 50	12 46½	11 461/2	14 % 47 ½	4,350 100	10%	Jan Jan	22% Apr 55 Mar		
Metro Ind Co ctf9* Middle West Utilities* Preferred100		101 155 121%	108 158¾ 122	8,475 3,228 518	100 123 1/4 116 1/4	June Jan Jan	108 Sept 169 May 1251 May		
\$6 cum preferred* \$6 cum prior lien* Prior lien preferred100	3413.59	9616	98¼ 102⅓ 124	678 669	9314	Jan Mar	100 May 108 May		
Midland Steel Prod com* Midland Util—			106	501 280	84	June	110% Jan		
6% preferred A100 Prior preferred100 Miller & Hart Inc conv pf.*	1013		88 1/4 103 1/4 52	105 2,750	98¼ 50¾	Aug Aug Aug	911/4 Jan 107 Mar 521/4 July		
Minneap Honeywell Reg.* Preferred100	38	38	38	50 120	30 95	Feb May	45 May 112 May		
Modine Mig com	172	47½ 165 26¾	56 180 32	8,000 1,010 6,225	31 1/4 160 24 1/4	Sept Apr	56 Sept 187 Aug 36 May		
Morgan Lithograph com.	75	70 67	75 71 1/2	1,200 3,950	8834 6434	Jan June	75 Aug 8714 Apr		
Mosser Leather Corp com * Nachman Springfilled com* National Carbon pref100	36 132	30 34½ 132	34 37¾ 135	4,900 500	23 28 14 132	Feb July Aug	37 1/4 Mar 37 1/4 Sept 139 1/4 Apr		
Nat Elec Power A part* National Leather com10	36	35 4	37	1,850 900	2736	Jan	42 May 6 May		
Neve Drug Stores, com Convertible "A"	29	40% 25% 37%	31 1/8	2,500 54,625 750	2416	Sept June	57 14 May 33 14 Apr 44 Sept		
Nobblitt-Sparks Ind com. North American Car com.	51	34 51	38 53¾	6,950 4,800	28 3214	June Jan	4414 May 54 June		
Northwest Eng Co com* Nor West Util pr lien pf 100 Novadel Process Co com*	223	101 20	45 101 23¾	900 29 750	9916	Jan Jan Mar	50 % May 105 Feb 23% Sept		
Preferred Oak & Prod class A Class B	47	46	48 50	550 10,550	28 3114	Mar	48½ Sept 50½ Sept		
Penn Gas & Elec A com	223	2 31	50½ 36 22½	7,050	26	Aug July Jan	50½ Sept 36 Sept 27½ May		
Perfect Circle (The) Co	39	37 118	39½ 129		31%	July Jan	3914 Sept 129 Sept		
Common	173	178 15%		242 10,043	15	Jan Aug	191 Aug 161 Sept		
Rights 100 6% preferred 100 7% preferred 100	183	- 111114 - 120	183 11114 120	59 10 10	103	Jan Aug	191 Aug 125 Aug		
Q-R-S Music Co comQuaker Oats Co pref100	128	124 1/2	132 120	9,280	381/2	Jan Jan			
Q-R-8 Music Co com	53	4 52 - 32 1/4 - 25 5/4		10.350 1,500 250	311/2	Aug	56 Sept 34 Sept		
Ross Gear & Tool com		- 34 %	35	780 100	30	Sept June May			
Shaffer Oil & Refg pref_100 Shaler Co class A		- 95	35½ 95 23	1,550 10 150	79	Aug Mar Sept	97 May 23 Sept		
		67	67 791	50 24,350	481/2	Mar	79 1/2 Apr 79 1/2 Sept		
Sonatron Tube Co com	253		25½ 100 90½	115	99	Aug Aug Aug	26 % Apr 104 % Mar 96 Apr		
Spiegel May Stern com	683	63 90	70 91½	13,352	50 83	Aug	70 Sept 107 June		
Steel & Tubes Inc2		- 162 - 106	163 109%	3,305 137 1,400	49	Feb Feb	54% May 163 Sept 109% Sept		
Studebaker Mail Or com Super Maid Corp com Sutherland Paper Co com 16	139	13 14	803	8,210 27,050	8¾ 45	May June	141/2 Sept 801/2 Sept		
Swift & Co	1313	2 32 1/4		22,250	124 16	July Jan Jan	27 Sept 136 May 34% Feb		
Thompson (J R) com. 24 12th St Store (The) pfd a Stock pur warrants	63	0.5	64 % 25 % 3 %	150	25	June	70 June 31½ May		
United Lt & Power—	31	301/	33	5,950	23	June			
Class "A" preferred Class B preferred Class "A" common		99 56 ½	100 563 26	60 24 100	53	Jan Jan Jan	58 May		
Class "A" common	47	- 20 38½	20 ½ 56 ½	150 51,850	19 373	June Sept	27 Apr 5614 Sept		
Preferred 100 Rights 100	17	126 1	61 % 126 } 18	18,140 60 8,044	122	Jan Aug	128 July		
Utah Radio Products com- Vorcione Corp part pref. Wahl Co com-	45	433	69 453	68,400	21 40	Aug	69 Sept 45% Sept		
Com stock purch warr_	30	15 24	16 ½ 32 ¾		1	Mar			
6½% preferred10 Ward (M) & Co— Class A		-	108	310	100%		110 Feb		
Waukesha Motor com		139	1393 403	8 1,000	66 32	Mar	150 Apr		
Williams Oil-O-Matic com Winton Engine con pref	48	45% 73 45	4 50 4 8 493	209 600 (11,600	634	Jan	52 June 10 Apr		
Woodworth Inc pref	* 34	271	4 34	5,450	33	Aug	34 Sept		
Common Wrigley (Wm Jr) Co com Yates-Amer Mach part pf	21	32 3 78 20 3	78 233	50	6814	Jan July Apr	35 Mar 82 Aug		
Yellow Cab Co Inc (Chic) Zenith Radio Corp com Bonds—	• 30	293		1,70	293	6 Sep	43 Jan		
Cherry Burrell 6s193 Chic City & Con Ry 5s 192	7 66		100 663		60	Sept			
Chicago Stadium 6s1943 Chicago Rys 5s B192		823 100 423	823 100	7,000	82 1	Sept	88 1/4 Jan 100 June		
Purch money 5s192 Ctts of deposit192 Commonw Edison 5s194	7 41	41 84	41 84	1,000	79	Sept Aug	47 Jan 8714 Jan		
Commonw Edison 5s194 Northwestern Elev 5s194 Pub Serv Nor Ill—	90	1043	903	1,000	103 %	June	109 Feb		
1st & ref 5 1/s 196: St. Louis Gas & Coke 6s '4' Straus Safe Dep 5 1/s . 194:	7	105%	95	2,000	94	June	98 Mar		
Straus Safe Dep 5 1/2s. 194: Union Elevated RR 5s 194: Willoughby 6s 194:	3	983 89 101	983 89 101	9,000 2,000 3,000	983	Sept	102 July 9414 Mar		
* No par value.		201	101	1 3,000	, 100	Jan	107 May		

Philadelphia Stock Exchange.—Record of transaction at Philadelphia Stock Exchange, Sept. 8 to Sept. 14, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

	Friday Last	Week's		Sales Sales	Rang	e Sinc	e Jan.	1.
Bonds-	Sale Price.	of Pri Low.	High.	for Week.	Low	.	Hig	h.
Almar Stores*	15	14	151/8	8,575	11%	June	20	Feb
American Stores ** Bellefonte Central ** 50	7936	7814	82	21,900	64	Jan	82	Sept
Bellefonte Central50		23	23	62	17	Jan	24	June
Bell Tel Co of Pa prof 100	116%	11634	116%	169		July	118	Mar
Blaumers All Ctf	5814	5814	59 14	326	58	June	60	May
Bornot Inc	10	9%	10	545	814	June	14	Feb
Preferred	23	18	24	3,100	17	Aug	24 73	Sept
Camden Fire Insurance	54 1/6 31 1/4	50 31	54 1/8 32	894	2714	Aug Jan	49%	May
Cramp Ship & Eng 100			316	2,600	1%	Feb	14	Jan
Elec. Storage Battery 100		0000	88%	2,821	69%	Jan	9014	Sept
Fire Association10		48	4914	1,203	46%	July	85	Apr
Glant Portland Cement_50		25 1/2	2514	10	2514	Sept	42	Jan
Horn & Hard (Phila) com. *		210	223%	258	20514	Aug	237 1/2	Mar
Horn & Hardart (NY) com*		531/2	61	3,013	52	Feb	64	Mar
Insurance Co of N A10	7734		8034	2,000	68	Aug	10414	
Keystone Telep pref 50		14	14	57	12	Jan	21	Jan
Lake Superior Corp100	914	7	934	15,100	3	June	9%	Sept
Lehigh Coal & Naviga 50			139 14	1,900	10534	Feb	154	June June
Lit Brothers 10 Manufact Cas Ins	48	2414	25%	1,900	22 1/2 27 1/8	Jan Jan	29 14	Aug
Manufactured Rubber 10	30	46 1/2	49	200	41 78	Apr	64 1/6	Feb
Mark (Louis) Shoes Inc	4	4	436	2,100	3 %	July	22 14	Jan
North East Power Co. *		2734	28 78	1,000	201/8	Mar	30%	May
Penn Cent L& Poum of *		7014	80	73	78	July	82	May
Pennsylvania RR 50		63%	64%	5,800	6134	June	72	Apr
Pennsylvania Salt Mfg50		9514	98	410	92	Jan	109 14	Jan
Pennsylvania RR50 Pennsylvania Salt Mfg _ 50 Philadelphia Co (Pitts) _ 50		169 1/8	1691/8	500	146	Jan	169 1/8	Sept
6% pref	H	. 53	53	8	52	Jan	56 1/2 94 1/2	May
Phila Dairy Prod pref		9016	92 1/2	390	90	Mar	9416	Apr
Phila Electric of Pa2		7214	7316	500	5534	Jan	7434	May
Phila Elec Pow rects2	30%	29%	31	11,800	22	Jan	31	Sept
Phila Rapid Transit50		55	5514	500	5014	May	61	Apr
7% preferred 56 Phil & Read C & I Co 7 Philadelphia Traction 56		5036	50%	1,000	50	Apr	52	May
Philadelphia Traction 50	573	32 1/4	32 1/4 60	100	28 1/2 55	Feb	38 1/6 64	Jan May
Reliance Insurance10	0174	265%	28 1/8		25	June	37 16	Jan
Shreve El Dorado Pipe L 28	363		37	4,100	18	Mar	37	Sept
Scott Paper Co	40	4816	49	100		May	6014	May
61/48% pref B		. 101	101	15	100	July	101	Sept
Stanley Co of America		52	6835	31,300	30%	May	6834	Sept
6½8% pref B Stanley Co of America Tacony-Palmyra Bridge	28	26 1/2	28	110	26 16	Aug	28	Sept
Tono-Belmont Devel	7	1/6	1	1,400	3%	July	2	Jan
Tonopah Mining	41,	4116	414	1,500	4118		t 5	July
Union Traction 50 United Gas Impt 50	387		38%	2,400	3614	Sept	46	May
United Gas Impt50	143	142	148 1/2 25 1/8	54,400	1141/2	Jan	149%	May
United Lt & Pr A com U S Dairy Prod cl A Common class B Ist preferred Victory Insurance Co 10		24%	5614	3,000	15	Feb	2734	July
Common close P		16	56 1/2 16 3/4	374	3734	Jan	62%	May Jan
let preferred		97	97	10	87	Jan	98	May
Victory Insurance Co 1		27	28 1/8	425	25	July	34	Jan
Victor Talk Mach com		109%	114	4,100	52	June	114%	Sept
Warwick Iron & Steel 1)	1	1	1,900	56	Jan	134	Apr
W Jersey & Seashore RR.5		39	43	1,297	33 14	Jan	43	Sept
Rights-								
Insurance Co of N A	93	934			73%	July	1034	Aug
Manuf Casualty Ins	173	4 141/6	1734	7,600	13%	Sept	17%	Sept
Bonds—								
Adv Bag & Paper 6s w i '6		99%				May	100%	Feb
Elec & Peoples tr ctfs 4s '4		55 14	58	3,000	55	June		May
Interstate Rys coll tr 4s '4	3 49		49	2,000	4814		52	Jan
Lake Sup Corp 5s192	9	101	20¼ 101		100 1	June		Apr
Lehigh Val Coal 1st 5s_193	7	100	100 %	2,000 4,000	9814	Apr		
Phila El(Pa) 1st 4 1/2s ser '6			103 1		10234	Aug		Mar
1st lien & ref 5s195 1st 5s196	6 1043	4 104	105	10,000	104	Aug		
1st lien & ref 5 1/28 194		10584	106 1		10534			
1st lien & ref 5 1/48195		106 1	106	2.000	106	Mar		
Phila Elec Pow Co 5144 '7	2		1047		104	Aug		May
Phila Elec Pow Co 5 1/38 '7 P & Read Term deb 58 '4	1	104	104	2,000	104	Sept		Mar
Strawbridge & Cloth 5s '4	100		100%	2,000 16,000	99%	June		
York Rys 1st 5s 193		971		3.000	971/4	Sept		Feb

* No par value.

San Francisco Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at San Francisco Stock Exchange, Sept. 8 to Sept. 14, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

		Last	Week's		for	Ran	e Sind	e Jan.	1.
Stocks-	Par.	Sale Price.	of Pro	High.	Week.	. Los	0.	Hig	h.
American Comp	any	149	145	159	6,547	130	Jan	220	June
Anglo & Lon Par	Nat Bk	251	254	255	40	255	Mar	295	May
Amour & Co A co			231/2	231/2	435	121/2	Jan	2316	Sept
Associated Oil		48	48	48	12	39	Jan	48	Aug
Atlas Im Diesel l	Eng "A"	8014	75%	84 %	6,736	31	Jan	8734	Aug
Bancitaly Corp.		122 34	122	145 16	157,321	100	June	22014	May
Bank of Californ			300	311	66	269 14	Feb	452	May
Bank of Italy N		201	20014	2171/8	21,536	125	June	31114	May
Byron Jackson		98%	9214		29,948	31%	Apr	105	Sept
Calamba Sugar co			32	33	300	30	Aug	33	Sept
California Coppe		634	514		5.820	2	Mar	814	Apr
Calif Cotton Mil		97	97	100	315	75	Jan	143 16	Mar
California Ink.		52	511/2		590	30	Jan	57 1/2	June
Calif Oregon Po	wer pref		1101		20	10814	Jan	1121/4	Mar
Calli Oregon Fo	wer prei	77	76%	8114	102	691/8	June	8114	Sept
California Packi		81	7816	8314	44,440	53	Jan	8416	Sept
Caterpillar Tract		99	99	99	15	98	Jan	102	Jan
Coast Co Gas & I			401/6		3,725	3014	June	443%	
Clorox Chemica		4114			2,475	7715	Sept		Sept
Crown Zellerbach		80 1/2	7916		33,823			82	Sept
Voting trust co		26%	2514	28		25¼ 23	Sept	29 %	Sept
Dairy Dale "A".		2714	27	28 1/8	1,145		Jan	32 34	June
"B"		2416	24	25%	9,455	1736	Jan	311/4	May
East Bay Water	A pref	95	95	95	244	84 1/8	July	99	Apr
B preferred		96	95	96	100	90	Sept	11016	Mar
Emporium Corp	(The)	28	28	281/2	180	28	June	34 16	Jan
Fageol Motors c		4.85	434		875	2	Jan	714	May
Firemen's Fund	Insurance.		11516		243	110	Feb	127	Jan
Foster & Kleiser	common	131/4	13	131/2	1.475	12	June	19	Jan
Galland Laundry		60	57%		1,610	57%		641/4	Aug
Golden State Mil	k	57	4736		63,165	33	June	57 1/2	Sept
Gt West Power 8	er A 6% pf	1001/4		102 16	210	981	Jan	103 1/4	Api
Preferred		105	104	105	160	1031/4	June	106 %	Mai
Golden State Rig	zhts	5.10			25,266	2.10	Aug	5.15	Sept
Haiku Pineapple	pref		24 1/6	2514	95	24 1/8	Sept	28	Api
Haiku Fruit & Pa	acking pref	16	16	16	180	1516	Sept	2216	Api
Hawaiian Coml			5034	53	170	46	June	5314	Jar
Hale Bros Stores			25	25	110	25	June	31	Jar
Hawaiian Pinea		6014	5534	61	5,620	41	Jan	61	Sept
Home Fire & Ma	rine Ins	3834	37 %	38%	345	3714	June	4914	
Honolulu Cons	OIL	39	39	40	1.085	35	Feb	43	Maj
Hunt Bros Pack	"A" com	23	23	2334	405	22	June	2814	
Illinois Pacific G	logg "A"	5036	50 14		2,896	42	June	62	June
Walster Badio	14400 /4	71	6536		12,363	30	June	7434	
Kolster Radio Langendorf Baki	ng " A"	341/2	33 14		1,680	32	Aug	39	July
		2314	22 14		175	18	July	25	July
"B"	ric pref	106 1/2	106 14		60	10514	Jan	11234	An
L A Gas & Elect	ric prei	2016	2014			2014			
Leighton "A"			1514		230	13	Sept	24	Jul
"B"		16					July	16	Sep
Magnavox Co		3.75				30	Jan	4	Ma
Magnin (I) com	mon	2514	253		920	22	Jan	28	Ap
Nor Am Investm		1001	110	112	215	105	Jan	112	Au
Preferred		100 1/2			130		Jan	103	M

	Last Week's Range Sale of Prices.			Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1.					
Stocks (Concluded) Par.		Low.	High.	Shares.	Los	0.	Hij	h.		
North American Oil	44	40	45	16.065	36	June	45	Sept		
Occidental Ins	27	27	2736	205	2634	Aug	28	Aus		
Oliver Filters A	54	51%	56 1/8	9.805	39	Aug	5614	Sep		
В	53%	50	5534	20.295	38 14	Aug	55%	Sep		
Pacific Gas & Elec com	52	5114	5334	7.422	43 1/4	Mar	53 %	Sep		
1st preferred	26 34	2634	27	1.695	26 1/8	Jan	2914	AD		
Pacific Lighting Corp com.	77	76	7734	9.511	7214	Feb	96%	May		
Rights	2.60	2.50	2.90	31.767	2.45	Sept	2.90	Sep		
6% preferred.	103	102 1/4	103	290	100 16	Jan	106 14	Fel		
Pacific Tel & Tel com		152	152	5	145	July	159	May		
Preferred	121	120	12114	165	11334	Jan	125	Ma		
Paraffine Co's Inc com	861/4	84%	871/4	5.145	79	June	109 14	Ap		
Piggly Wiggly West Sts A.	33	26	33 1/4	19,205	21%	June	3314	Sep		
Pig'n Whistle pref		15	1516	105	1434	Apr	1714			
Richfield Oil		46 %	51	58,200	2314	Feb	52	Ma		
XW	24 14	241/4	24 1/2	1.060	221/4	June	24 3/4	Ma		
Roos Bros com	31%	3134	32 34	390	31	Feb	37 %	Ma		
Preferred	99	99	99	25	98	Jan	103 14	Ap		
SJLt & Pow prior pref	1145%	114	11534	35	11314	Jan	11914	Ma		
6% prior pref		103	103	60	100	Jan	106 14	Ma		
B. F. Schlesinger A com		221/4	23	460	20	June	2714	Ma		
Preferred	94	94	95	70	90	July	99	Ma		
Shell Union Oil com	27 1/2	2634	22 1/6	2.542	24	Feb	29 34	Ma		
Sherman and Clay pr pref.	9534	951/2	951/2	105	95	Aug	9956	July		
Sperry Flour Co com		713%	713/8	425	60 14	Mar	85	Ap		
Preferred		100 34	101 34	100	9934	Jan	104 16	Ma		
Spring Valley Water		94 7/8	94 74	10	91	Aug	120	Ma		
Standard Oil of Calif		5734	59 %	12,367	53	Feb	62%	Ap		
Transcontinental Air	26 34	26	27	100	22	June	2814	Au		
Union Oil Associates		4936	5134	5,381	4136	Feb	5734	Ap		
Union Oil of California	511/4	4934	5134	8,505	4234	Feb	5714	AD		
Wells Fargo Bk & Un'n Tr.	636	636	65%	690	534	Mar	8	Fel		
Yellow & Checker Cab	51	50 %	51	135	4834	June	58%	Ma		

Cincinnati Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at Cincinnati Stock Exchange, Sept. 8 to Sept. 14, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

	1	Priday Last	Week's		Sales for	Ran	ge Sin	ce Jan.	1.
Stocks-	Par.	Sale Price.	of Pr	High.	Week. Shares.	Low	0.	Hig	h.
Ahrens "A"	*		213%	221/2	205	21%	Aug	2334	June
"B"	*		16	1634	45	1514	June	17	July
Ameriaundry Maci	L.COM ZOI	9416	941%	97	3,101	9134	Aug	114	Jan
Amer Products pref	*		2734	28%	140	25	July	29 14	Apr
Amer Rolling Mill of Amer Thermos Bot	com25	97%	95	99	1,358	85	Aug	120	Jan
Amer Thermos Bot	tle "A"* -		1714	18	702	11	Feb	1814	Mar
Preferred	50		4514	46	46	43	Jan	49%	Feb
Baldwin com	100		29 14	32	78	24	Aug	41	Jan
Baldwin new pref Buckeye Incubator	100 .	1117	108	108	25	108	Sept	110	Jan
Carey (Philip) com		1136	716	1514	2,832	222	Spet	49	Jan
Central Brass "A".			2214	233 14	55	2214	Jan	274	Apr
Central Trust	100	265	261	265	9	255	June	27 1/2	Feb Jan
Churngold Corp	*	40	40	4236	161	3714		80 14	Apr
Cin Car Co	50	32 14	32	32 1/2	1,331	29	July	3334	Jan
Cin Car Co CNO&TP	100	02/2	430	431	10	429	Jan	480	Apr
Cin Gas & Elec pref	100	9914	99	9914	265	97	Aug	100 1	
CN&CLt& Trac		100	100	100%	107	9734	Feb	109	June
Preferred		81	80%	82	109	80%	July	121	May
Cin Sub Bell		115	107	117	402	10014		128	May
Cin Street Ry		54	53%	5414	442	45%	Jan	55	Jan
Cin Union Stock Ya	ards_100 _		36%	37	150	3514	Aug	56	Apr
City Ice & Fuel	*	58	55	58 %	2,384	36 %	Apr	58 3%	Sept
Cooper Corp new p	ref100	9416	93	94 1/2	110	93	Sept	105 14	Apr
Cooper Corp new p Crosley Radio "A"	******	5214	50 34	54%	3,791	25	Feb	55	June
Dow Drug com	100	43	42%	44	164	34	May	44 1/4	Aug
Eagle-Picher Lead		18%	1734	19	2,629		Mar	24 1/4	Jan
Egry Register "A"			30	31	45	30	Aug	32	July
Fenton United com Formica Insulation		221/2	170	2314	5,238	90	Jan Mar	180 26	July
Gibson Art com	*	50	46%	50	361	43	Jan		May
Globe-Wernicke pr	ef100		9514	9514	10	9514	Sept	9814	Jan
Gruen Watch com	*	47 1/2	46	4736	186	46	July	54 14	Feb
Preferred			11434		68	11436	Feb	116	Feb
Hobart Mfg	*	74	731/2	75	615	44 16	Jan	75	Sept
Int Print Ink	*	531/4	50	53%	2,329	3934	Aug	53%	Sept
Preferred	100	98%	97%	98%	409	97	Aug	100	June
Johnston Paint pre			8914	92	50	89%	Spet	102	Feb
Julian Kokenge		35	3014	35	895	30	Aug	35	Sept
Kodel Elec & Mfg ' Kroger com McLaren Cons "A' Mead Pulp	A	25½ 120	11936	251/2	942 126	211/2 70	Aug	551/2	Jan
McLaren Cons"A'	*	120	1716		20	16 %	Jan Feb	121 203/4	Sept
Mead Pulp	*		7436		25	65	Mar	82	Jan
Meteor Motor	*		35	38	93	26	Jan	45	May
Nash (A)	100		13414		27	100	Apr	146	Jan
Nat Recording Pur	np*	3614	34	36 1/2	99	28	Aug	48	Apr
Ohio Bell Tel pref.	100 .		1121/4	11334	55	10914		115	Apr
Paragon Refining o	om25	1914	161/2	20	651	91/4	Apr	20	Sept
Preferred			126 1/2	126 1/2	24	106	Mar	135	May
Procter & Gamble	com20	282	275	282	363	249	Jan	300	May
6% preferred	100			11113	124	9634	Jan	113	July
Pure Oil 6% pref		100		1001/4	116	9634	June	100 1/2	Apr
Rapid Electrotype	******	75	73	75	303	341/2	Feb	75 1/2	Aug
United Milk Crate US Playing Card	A	27	26 14		525	261/2	July	271/4	Aug
U.S. Playing Card.	100				35	109 1/2	Aug	132	Jan
U S Print & Litho o				73 101	52 23	9614	Feb	831/2	Jan
U S Shoe com	100		736		122	51/8	Feb	91/2	Jan

* No par value.

Cleveland Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at Cleveland Stock Exchange, Sept. 8 to Sept. 14, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

		Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week.	Ran	ge Sin	ce Jan.	1.
Stocks-	Par.	Price.	Low.	High.	Shares.	Lou	0.	Hig	h.
Aetna Rubber, com			21	211/2	430	18	July	27	Jan
Amer Multigraph, c	om*	36 1/2	36	36 %	1,254	26 3/8	Jan	36 34	Sept
Allen Industries		12	12	12	155	101/2	July	173%	May
			301/4	30 %	234	30	July	37	Feb
Bessemer L & C, co			3434	35	170	33%	June	3734	Jan
Bond Stores "A"	20		3/4	3/4	50	5%	Aug	3	Apr
"B"	*		34	34	50	34	Jan	136	May
Buckeye Incubator,				15 1/2	315	914	Sept	49	Jan
Byers Machine "A"	*		19	20	150	19	Sept	40	Jan
Clark Fred G		7	7	7	150	21%	Feb	816	Aug
Canfield Oil, com		138	135	138	108	112	May	138	Sept
Central Alloy Steel,			42	42	100	2814		42	Aug
Preferred				111136	20	10914	Jan	112	Mar
City Ice & Fuel, con		58	54 1/8	59	4,679	3614	Feb	59	Sept
Cleve-Cliffs Iron, c		135	125	135	255	104	Jan	135	Sept
Cleve El Illum, pfd.		11136		11136		110	June	115	May
Cleveland Railway,			103	104	222	102	May	109	Mar
Cleve Secur, P L pfd			2	2	150	15%		31/8	Apr
Cleve Wor Mills, co			18	1814	1,380	18	Sept	30	Mar
Dow Chemical, com		165	165	165	97	11214	Jan	175	May
Elect Control & Mfg			60	61	297	54%	Jan	66	May
Faultless Rubber, c	om*		3214	32 14	85	30	July	3934	Jan
Fed Knitting Mills,		3716	35	371	264	37	Jan	39 34	May
Foote-Burt, preferre	ed100		95	95	92	80	Feb	95	July
Firest Tire & Rub, c	om10	172	172	175	205	168	June	232	Jan
6 preferred						109	Jan	112	Mar
7% preferred			10834	10834	165	108	Aug	11136	Jan
Godman Shoe, com.			5734	57%	600	57	Aug	59	July

	Last Week's Range Sale of Prices.			Sales for Week.	Ran	ge Sin	ce Jan.	1.
stocks (Concluded) Par	Price.		High.	Shares.	Los	0.	Hte	h.
Gen Tire & Rub, pfd100		97	9814	135	95	July	103	Mar
Grasselli Chemical, com		611/2	65	485	47	July	65	Sept
Preferred100	109 5%	109 5%		134	105 14	Feb	111	Apr
Great Lakes Towing, pf 100	109 1/4	10934		33	108	Jan	110	Mar
Greif Bros Cooperage, com*		43	43	20	39	July	4516	
Halle Bros, preferred 100			102	10	100	Aug	104 14	Feb
Harbauer, ccm		13	13	100	12%	Apr	14	Jan
Harris-Seybold-Pot, com.		15	15	10 100	10	June	24	Jan
India Tire & Rub, com*	50 150	145	513	10,160	18	Feb	55	Sept
Interlake Steamship, com *	39 34	39	150 40	72 340	123	Feb	150	Sept
Jaeger Machine, com* Jordan Motor, pfd100	30 73	18	25	216	27¾ 18		40	Sept
Kaynee, com*	3314	33 1/4	34	150	29	Aug	50	Mar
Kelley Isl L & T, com 100	0072	54	54	10	4916	Aug	4314	
Korack S, com		101/4	1014	25	814	Apr	55 1/8 10 1/4	Jan
Take Frie Bolt & Nut com *	2714	22	2715	1,455	17	Jan	271/2	Sept
Lake Erie Bolt & Nut com * Lemur com*	3216	32	32 1/2	450	27	Mar	35	Mar
McKee A G E com*	4114	401/4	4114	885	40	July	45	ADI
Metrop Pav Brick com*	4616	461/2	47	119		June	49	May
Miller Rubber pref 100	20/2	85	851/2	200	70	May	98	Jan
Mohawk Rubber com*			175	140	29%	Jan	185	Aug
Preferred100		93	93	215	55	Jan	93	Sept
Murray Ohio Mfg com *	1.5	15	15	325		June	16	Mar
Miller Drug com*		25	26	54	24	July	28	July
Myers Pump com*	3834	3814	39%	3.856	33	Feb	4314	Apr
National Acme com 10	191/2	1734	191/2	775	714	Jan	1916	Sept
National Refining com 25		36	36	14	34 %	Aug	39	Jan
Preferred100		1321/2	1321/2	11	130	Mar	135	Feb
National Tile, com*	341/2	30	351/2	7,030	2634	June	35%	Jan
1900 Washer com*		25	25	30	241/2	Aug	301/6	Feb
North Ohio P & L 6% pf100		971/2	971/2	42	93	Jan	100	Feb
Ohio Bell Telep pref 100		1121/2		34	109	June	114%	Apr
Ohio Brass B*		92	92 %	379	88	Aug	1001/2	Mar
Ohio Seamless Tube com.*		53%	53%	75	38	Mar	61	Aug
Pack Elec*	88	8514	88	395	47	Jan	90	Aug
Packer Corp.	36 %	35	37	605	32 1/8	Feb	401/2	
Paragon Renning com. 25	19	161/2	20	4,904	91/2	Jan	20	Sept
Preferred100			128	156	106 1/2	Feb	135	May
Richman Bros com*	350		350	953	256	Feb	350	Sept
Scher Hirst com*	40	22	22	180	22	Aug	29	May
Selby Shoe com*	40	3914	40	385	381/2	Aug	47	Apr
Sandusky Cement, com *	4017		220	78	155	Jan	220	Sept
Seiberling Rubber com*	461/2	46	46 1/2	1,220	331/4	Feb	50	May
Preferred 100	02	1051/2		100	102 14	Aug	10734	
Sherwin-Williams com25	93	82	95	2,483	651/2	Feb	95	Sept
Preferred	934		106	211	106	May	1091	
Std Textile Prod com100		914	9%	25	8	Aug	16	Mar
A preferred	52	51 % 28 ¼	52	169	501/2	Aug	71	Apr
Stearns Motor com*	5		2814	1.277	28	Aug	35	May
Steel & Tubes25	18614	165	191	4,525	3	Mar	101	Apr
Thompson Prod com100	10074	3414	35		53	Jan	191	Sept
Trumbull-Cliffs Furn pf 100			105	60 80	22 1001/4	Feb	106	May
Union Metal Mfg com*		45	46	370	4234	July	49	Mar
Wood Chem	25	25	26	140	25	June		Aug
Bonds-	20	20	20	140	20	M	6674	May
City Ice & Fuel 6s 1933		101	101	1,000				
Cleveland Railway 5s_1931		1001/		1,000	100	May	101	Feb
Cramer comments of the		200/4		2,000	100	Luy :	101	* 60

St. Louis Stock Exchange.—Record of transactions at St. Louis Stock Exchange, Sept. 8 to Sept. 14, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists:

	Friday Last Sale	Week's of Pr		Sales for Week.	Ran	ge Sin	ce Jan.	1.
Stocks— Par	Price.	Low.	High.	Shares.	Lou		Hig	h.
Boatmen's Bank 100		168	168	5	168	Sept	19234	June
Nat Bank of Commerce 100		176	180	1	60 157	A	pr 236	M
American Trust100		200	200	25	200	Sept	225	May
Mercantile Trust100)	546	546	25	533	July	570	Jaz
Street Railway Stocks		0.0	010	-	000	0 413	0.0	0.00
St Louis Public Serv com.		27 1/2	28	80	20	Jan	3234	June
Miscellaneous Stocks		104	104					
Aloe, pref100 Bentley Chain Stores pref		104 80	104	50 15	102 ½ 73	Aug	104 1/2	Sep
Brown Shoe pref 100	119	119	119	20	117	Apr		June
Common100	52 1/8	46 1/2	52 1/8	675	45	June		Ap
Burkart pref		21	21	11	19	Mar	2434	Ap
Century Electric Co100		121	130	7	115	Sept		Ma
Chicago Ry Equip pref2 Coca Cola Bottling sec\$	1	181/2	18 ½ 63 ¼	670		Jan Mar	6314	June
Champion Shoe Mchy 100	100	100	100	25		Sept	107	Ma
Ely & Walk D G 1st pfd 100)		115	16		July		Maj
2nd preferred10	9	91	91	6		Aug		Jai
Common 2		29 32	29 32	245 170		Sept		Jai
Elder common	0	7414	74 1/2	15		Jan Jan		May
Fred Medart Mfg com	221/2	221/2	221/2	50		Sept		Ap
Hamilton-Brown Shoe2	5	20	20	60	18	June		Jai
Huttig S & D com	* 21	21	21	25		July		Fel
Preferred 10 Hydraulic Pr Brick com 10		95	95	10		Sept		Ma
Independent Packing com	0 41/4	1734		10 10		Apr		Mag
Preferred10	0	96	96	5		Aug		Jai
Internat Shoe, com10	* 781/2	77	80 1/2	2,112	62	Jan	87	Ap
Preferred10	0	1101/2	1101/2	10		July		Au
Johansen Shoe Koplar pref	*	34 1/s 52	34 1/8 52	20 95		Apr		Ma
Landis Mach com2	5	4514	451/4	30		Sept		Jun
Landis Mach com2 Mo-Ills Stores com Mo Portland Cement2 Moloney "A" Mahoney Aircraft 8 Nat Candy com	*	33	351/2			Jan		Sep
Mo Portland Cement 2	5 46	451/4	46	680	38	Mar		Ma
Moloney "A"	5514	5514		841		Aug		Sep
Nat Candy com	* 99	22 ¾ 21 ¾	25 22¼	832 630		Aug		Jan
Pickrel Walnut Co	* 23	22%	23	225		July		Sep
Pedigo-Wener Shoe	-1 -513	36	361/4	210	35	June		Ma
Rice-Stix Dry Goods com	* 19%			435		Sept		
1st preferred10 2d preferred10	0 109	108	109 99¾	80		Sept		Ap
Serugga V.B D C. com 2	5 20	10	20	344		Aug		Jan
2nd preferred10	0	. 86	86	10		June		Sep
Scullin Steel pref	* 37	35	371/4			Jan		Ap
2nd preferred 10 Scullin Steel pref Securities Inv pref 10 Sheffield Steel com	0	105	105	10		Sept		Ma
Skouras Bros A	* 46	66	67 46	116 385		Jan		Ap
South Acid & Sulph com_	* 4434	441/		60		June		Sep
Southw Bell Tel pref10	0	11874	1191/4	119	117	Aug		Ma
St Louis Car pref10	0	. 10134	101 1/2	10	100	Jan	103	Jul
Stix, Baer & Fuller	* 34	33 ½ 109 ½	34 ½ 121			Mar		
Wagner Electric com Preferred10	0 106	106	106	4,360		Feb		Sep
Mining-		200	100	30	3079	3 841	101	Jun
Granite Bi-metallic1	0	44c.	44c.	2,528		Mar	44c.	Sep
Consol Lead & Zinc Co A.	* 123	12 1/2	131/8	795	11	Mar	173%	
Street Ry. Bonds— United Railways 4s193	4	8434	85	0.000	04	A	0.55	T
Miscellaneous-		01/1	00	9,000	84	Aug	85%	Ja
Merchants' Bridge 6s. 192		100	100	2,000	100	Sept	100	Sep
Nat Bearing Metals 6s '4		1031/4		5,000	99%	Jan		Au
Wagner Elec Mtg 7s seria		103	103	2,000	102	Feb	10416	Au
Houston Oil 6 1/28 193 Scullin Steel 68 194	1 100	103	103 100¼	2,000 5,500	9814	Sept		Sep
Moloney Elec 51/s194	3 973		973	21,000	1 20 73	Jan Sept		Ma

* No par value.

Pittsburgh Stock Exchange.—see page 1486. Baltimore Stock Exchange.—see page 1486.

New York Curb Market-Weekly and Yearly Record

In the following extensive list we furnish a complete record of the transactions on the New York Curb Market for the week beginning on Saturday last (Sept. 8) and ending the present Friday (Sept. 14). It is compiled entirely from the daily reports of the Curb Market itself, and is intended to include every security, whether stock or bonds, in which any dealings occurred during the week covered:

occurred during the	week	covere	ed:													
Week Ended Sept. 14.	Friday Last	Week's R		Sales for	Range	since	Jan. 1			Friday Last	Week's Ran		Sales for	Range	Since	Jan. 1.
Stocks— Par	Sale Price.	of Price		Week. Shares.	Low.	1	High		Stocks (Continued) Par.	Sale Price.	of Prices.		Veek	Low.	1	High.
Indus. & Miscellaneous. Acetol Products Inc A* Acme Steel com	106%	28 104 1/8 1 26	281/2	500 400 400	83 24	Aug Jan July Sept	106 % 29 90 %	Feb Sept May Feb	Crowley Milner & Co com * Crown Will'te Pap v t c _ * Cuneo Press com 10 Curtis Aeropl Exp Corp _ • Curtis Flying Serv Inc_ *	18%	48 50 28¼ 28 51½ 53 27 29 18 19	1/4 1/4 3/4	1,300 100 1,900 1,700 31,300	16 40 1936	Jan Feb Feb Aug	55 June 31 May 55 % June 44 May 19% Sept
Aero Supply Mfg cl A*		321/2	35 1/8 32		8%	Jan Jan	75 50	May May	S7 cum pref*	192	187 192 116¼ 116		250 100	1711/ J	une	192 Sept 119¼ Feb
Alles & Fisher com*		29% 81c	293% 81c	100 200	26 1 76c 1	May Aug		Jan June	Davega, Inc		34 36 449½ 459	3/2	5,900 500	30 22036	Mar Jan	51 Jan 470 Aug
Allison Drug Store cl A* Class B	13 1/8 6 3/4	43%		2,100 14,500 5,700	336	Aug Aug Feb	21% 15% 48%	Jan Jan June	De Forest Radio, v to	141/2	13½ 16 11½ 12		79,000	83%	Jan Jan	1614 Sept 1534 June
Aluminum Ltd*	45% 134 148%	130 1	46 1/8 34 50 3/8	5,700 300 4,600		une Jan	134	Sept May	Class A with pur warr_* Dixon (Jos) Crucible100		21½ 23 166 170	3	300 60		Apr	24% May 196 Apr
Preferred100	14079		10834				11014	May May	Dominion Stores Ltd*	36 138½	35½ 36 129½ 140	378	2,700 7,600	15%	Feb	44% June 140% Sept
Amer Arch Co100 Am Brown Boveri Elec Corp			51	100	46	June	70	Jan	Dubliler Condenser Corp.* Duplan Silk Corp. com*	3%	314 4		3,200	236	Apr	514 May 2814 June
Founders shares* Amer Chain com*	8% 33¼		8½ 33¼	1,100 100	3314	Feb Sept	45	Jan	Durant Motors, Inc	3 1/8 12 3/8	21/8 3	314	3,200 8,300	936	Jan Mar	4 Apr 16 July
Amer Clgar com100 Amer Colortype common.*	140 321/4	31	3434	1,400	2314	Mar Feb	162 ½ 36 ½	Apr	Durham Dup Raz prior pf with cl B com pr warr100		461/2 46	336	100	45	Aug	59 Feb
Amer Dept Stores Corp.*	19%	191/2	37%	5,800	1314 1514	July Jan Jan	5316 2414 2314	June Apr	Class A v t c	10	71/4 1	8	500		Apr	9% May 18 Sept
American Hawaiian 8810 Amer Manufac com100 Preferred100	1834	18½ 44 62	19 46¾ 62	1,600 100 25	42	Aug Aug	80 % 80	Jan Jan	Educational Pictures Inc— Pf with com pur war_100	18		234	125		July	97 Mar
Amer Meter Co* Amer Rayon Products*	1914		115		110	Sept t	w123 24	Feb June	Evans Auto Loading Cl B 5 Ex 100% stock dividend	4854			10,200		Sept	49% Sept
Amer Rolling Mill, com_25 Am Solvents & Chem, v t c*	21	201/2	9934	20,900	11%	June Jan	2814	Jan May	Fageol Motors com10 Fajardo Sugar100	138	138 14		700 180			636 May 16536 Apr
Amer Thread preferred	351/8	33½ 3½ 24	35 1/8 3 5/8 24	4,100 100 25	25 14 2316 24	Jan Apr	41 36 313 ₁ , 24	May May Apr	Fandango Corp com Fan Farmer Can Shop* Fansteel Products Inc		28 2 18½ 2		100 100 3,700	3 28 12	Aug Feb	10 Apr 44% Jan 35 Jan
Anchor Post Fence com* Angio-Chile Nitrate Corp.*	4014	30%	3134	700		June Feb	33%	Aug June	Fedders Mig Inc class A		41 4 161/4 1	3	700 1,600	2734 14	Feb Mar	5034 May 20 Jan
Apponaug Co com	36	35%	36 %	1,700	30	Aug	38% 101	Aug July	Film Inspection Mach		31/4	314	200 100	471/2	June July	5% Jan 84 Apr
Armstrong Cork common.* Art Metal Wks conv pf*	59%	34	60 47	5,900	52 29 1/8	Aug July	66 34 1/2	May July	7% preferred10	10735	107 10	736	375 100	166 107	Mar Sept	238 Jan 112 Jan
Associated Dy. & Print Atlantic Fruit & Sugar Atlas Plywood	60e 851/4	28½ 60c	28¾ 70e 85½	500 600 4,400		July Sept Jan	32 15 1 93 14	May Jan May	Florsheim Shoe Co com A 4 6% preferred100 Ford Motor Co of Can_100			91/2	1,500 200 450	98 510	June Jan	58% Apr 103% Apr 698 May
Atlas Portland Cement* Auburn Automobile, com.	40	84¼ 40 83¼	40 901/2	600 4,300	38	Feb Sept	473/2	Apr	Forhan Co, cl A	399		21/2	400	23	Jan	34 Aug
Axton-Fisher Tob com A 10 Bahia Corp common*	13	281/2	29 13	300 1,800	22 6	July Feb	51¾ 17	Apr May	Foreign shares class A	291/4	2834 3	31/8	$\frac{1,800}{40,300}$	1734	Aug	20 % May 33 % Sept
Preferred 25 Balaban & Katz com vtc 25	7914		17 1/8 83	4,000	60	Feb Dec	19 1/4 83	June	Franklin (H H) Mfg com.			5	3,800	131/4	Mar Feb	7 May
Bastian Blessing Co*		38	39% 29	1,200	28 23	June	39 1/4 33	Apr Apr	Amer sha rep com B stk.			31/2	100 52,400	42 5%	July Feb	711/8 Mar 133/4 Sept
Baxter Laun com A25 Bendix Corp class B Bird Groc Stores com*	31		157 1/8 31	600 400 1,000		Apr June Feb	161 31	Aug	Freshman (Chas) Co Fulton Sylphon Galesburg-Coulter Disc		403/2 4	2 5	1,600 650	2736 24736	Mar Jan	441/4 Feb 85 Sept
Blaw-Knox Co com25 Bliss (E W) Co com*		103 1/2		1,040 62,500	103	Mar Mar	103 14	Sept Sept	General Alloys Co	11	11 1	18%	200 3,200	10¾ 56¾	Aug Feb	13½ Jan 77 May
Blumenthal (S) & Co com.* Blyn Shoes Inc com10	49%		49¾ 3¼	8,300 300	26 11%	Mar Aug	49%	Sept Jan	General Baking com	103/ 75%	93% 1	81/8	$\frac{47,400}{6,200}$	73%	Aug	17 May 86 May
Bohn Aluminum & Brass.	71	- 58 71	58 73	2,200	58 83%	Sept	69 1/2 87 102	June	Gen'l Bronze Corp com General Cable warrants Gen Floo Co of Ct Britali	- 11		13	400 200	35%	Jan July	53¼ May 16 Apr
Borg-Warner Co com100 Bridgeport Mach com* Brill Corp class A	23		102 23½ 23½	200 100 500	75 1/8 2 1/4 20 1/4	June Jan July	5 1/8 34 3/4		Gen Elec Co of Gt Britain American Deposit rcts. Gen'l Laundry Mach com			978	900 3,400	8%	May	10% Aug 33 June
Preferred 100		10%	11¼ 90	200 30	10%	Aug Jan	1734 95	May	General Mills Inc, com Gilbert (A C) Co com	• 663 • 19	65 6	19	$\frac{1,600}{2,100}$		July Aug	68 June 20% May
Brillo Mfg com Bristol-Myers Co com	243		24 1/4 78 7/8	500 2,500	14 65	Jan May	31¾ 79	Mar Sept	C G Spring & Bump com.	• 67	6	714	100 700	516	June Aug	50 Mar 12% Mar 169 Jan
British Aluminum— Amer dep rcts		1111/	12 1/4 31 5/4	200 300		Sept		Sept Sept	Glen Alden Coal Gobel (Adolf) Inc com net Golden State Milk Prod_2	w 34 ½	31 3	59 37 1/8 58	400 19,900 1,000	31	Sept Aug	39 Aug 58 Sept
Ordinary reg	305		311/4	200	$25 \frac{1}{2}$	Jan Jan		Sept	Gold Seal Electrical Co. Gorham Mfg com	•	- 8	914	1,200	0	June	17 Jan 62 Apr
Amer deposit receipts	145	- 8	15% 8	5,600 100	12%	Aug	1934	May July	Gramaphone Co Ltd—	0	- 115% 1	16	150	112	Feb	134 Mar
Buckeye Incubator com Budd (E G) Mg com Bullard Mach Tool	92	89	93	2,000 1,000	15 43	June Jan	9434		Am dep rcts ord shs_£ Grant (W T) Co com		_ 120 13	60 24	4,800	104%		60 Sept 125 Jan 65% Sept
Butler Brothers 20 Buzza Clark Inc com Camp. Wyant & Cannon—	•	- 15%	$\frac{24\%}{15\%}$	1,500 200	20½ 14%	Apr May		June Mar	Grasselli Chemical new Gt Atl & Pac Tea 1st pt 10 Greenfield Tea & Die	0 117	117 1	65 1/8 17	13,700 10 300	116%	Mar June	120 Apr 123 Jan
Foundry	523	50 1/4	52 1/4 114 1/4	3,100 100	88 113	June Sept		Aug	Greenfield Tap & Die Greif (L) & Bro, Pref10 Griffith (D W) Class A	*	- 1%	981/2	50 300	9714	Feb Mar	106 Mar 21/2 May
Casein Co of Amer100	55	- 173	57¾ 180	3,500	30 156	Jan Jan	226	May	Grigsby Grunow Co Hall (C M) Lamp Co	. 184		1934	2,700	935	Jan June	276 1/2 Sept 19 1/2 Sept 30 Jan
Cavan-Dobbs, Inc. com		80 35½	84 3/8 36 3/8	1,700 1,500	53 81¾	Jan Apr			Hall (W F) Printing1 Happiness Candy St el A.	53	8 538	28 6½ 44	2,400 6,300 800	535	Feb	9% Apr 63 June
6½% pref with com stk pur warr 10 Celanese Corp of Am com	1093		109¼ 65½	300 2,700	106 5314	Apr	112 % 103	June May	Hart-Parr Co com	* 153	8 15	15¼ 18¼	300	8%	Feb	15% May 19% Sept
First preferred10	*	- 118 90	124 1/8 90	200 100	115 80	Aug	1853	Jan Feb	Hercules Powder, com _10 Heyden Chemical	0 240	240 2 13	40 15	1,000	436	Jan Feb	245 May 15 Sept
1st preferred Celotex Co com	• 64	105	105 64	100 500	105 49	Sept Feb	69%		Hires (Chas E) cl A com Holland Furnace Co		42	25% 43% 30	2,500 1,000 300	38	Mar June Aug	26% Aug 47 June 42% Jan
7% preferred	0 152	90 151 91/8	90½ 156 10	100 750 2,400	80 11614 814		164	June Jan	Hood Rubber com Horn 'A C) Co com 7% 1st pref	*	19%	19 1/4 47 5/6	100	14	July	19 % Sept 49 July
Charis Corp	• 36	36	37	1,100	27 1/2	July	38	Aug	Huyler's of Del com	• 18	171/2	61 18	3,300 2,700	52 12	Mar Mar	64 May 20% Jan
Cities Service, common2 Preferred10	0 68 0 99	67 1/8	68 100	21,800 1,500	9436	Jan Jan	103	June May	Imperial Tob of Canada	5	95%	39%	2,800	814	Mar	11¼ June 57¾ Sept
Preferred BB	_ x96	x96	96	100 100 400		Jan	97	Apr Apr Sept	Industrial Rayon new	• 115	4 112 1	$48\frac{1}{2}$ $21\frac{1}{6}$ $79\frac{3}{4}$	3,700 23,200	78%	Feb July Aug	57% Sept 125 Sept 104% May
Citys Bank Ltd Budapest City Ice & Fuel (Cleve)	* 57	55 54% 19%		900	55 36 1/3 17	Sept Jan Aug	5734	Sept	Insurance Securities Co.1	10 25	24%	25%	1,600 2,300	24%	Sept	32 May 105 Sept
Club Aluminum Utensil Cohen-Hall-Marx Co	• 30 • 53		301/2	1,600 11,700	2716	Aug	883	Jan Sept	Int'l Printing Ink com Internat Products com	13	50 1/8	53 1/4 15 1/2	2,300	115	Aug	53% Sept 15% Sept
Colgate Palmolive Peet Ex-stock dividend	86	8614	89%	3,500	113% 86%	Aug	1145	Aug Sept	\$6 cum pref10 Internat Safety Razor B.	00 79	79	81 34	3,10	7534	July	34 Sept
Colombian Syndicate Columbia Graphoph Ltd	- 13				136	Mar	2 %	May	Interstate Dept Stores con	1 51	48	80 1/4 51 1/4	3,30 20	0 37	Feb Feb	56% May
Am dep rets for ord stk. Consol Automatic— Merchandising v t c			78¾ 13	56.100 15,400	716	Jan		Sept	Jackson Motor Shaft		1916	19%	50 3,20	0 15 27 34	Aug	1934 Sept 34 July
\$3.50 preferred Consol Cigar warr	• 47 - 9	47	91/8	700 800	514	Sept July	48	Aug	Kaynee Co com Keiner-Wms Stpg	10 35	32 1/2 16 3/4	35 16¾	10	0 29 0 1634	Aug	43½ May 17 Mar
Consol Dairy Products Consol Film Indus. com	• 43 • 16	3914	173%	9,200 27,000	21 123%	Jan Sept	503	June Feb	Kemsley Milbourn & Co. Keystone Aircraft Corp	-1	151/2	16	10,30	1		
Consol Laundries Cons Ret Stores Inc. com.	16	271/2	30%	700	26 34	July	20	May	Kimberly-Clark Corp.com	n* 55	3/8 543/4	24 55 1/8 32 1/4		0 52	Sept July June	55% Sept
Consumers Co	*	16	16 45	200 100	38	June		& Apr Sept		.* 33	33	35 4334	20	0 33	July	441/4 Mar 441/4 Aug
Class A with warr Courtaulds Ltd Amer de	• 14		14%				203	6 May	Lackawanna Securities		17¾ 46¾	17¾ 47¾	3,90	0 13%	June June	19 June 55 1/4 Jan
rects for ord stk reg_£ Crane Co common2	5	4614	4614	100	27	Mai	463	May Sept	Lake Superior Corp1	00 9 .• 34	% 321/2	10 36	12,90 12,80	0 27	July	38 June
Crocker & Wheeler com 10 Crosse & Blackwell	0 92		921/2		1	Jan		Sept	Lefcourt Realty com	. 34		13 34 1/2 39 1/2		0 25 3		35% May
Pref with warrants	•	-1 51%	51 1/4	100	91%	Aug	1 529	4 July	Preferred	_* 39	731 0173	5073	2,00	J. 30	3 411	

	Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices.	Sales for Week,	Range Since Jan. 1.		ce Jan. 1.		Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices.	Week.		e Sin	nce Jan. 1.	
Stocks (Continued) Par.	Price.	Low. High.	2,000	Low 10514	Mar	High. 15414 June	Stocks (Concluded) Par. Spencer Kellog & Sons new	Price.	31½ 34	3,100	3134		High.	
Lehigh Coal & Nav50 Lehigh Val Coal etfs new Lehigh Valley Coal Sales 50	31	30% 31% 50% 53%	3,500 8,150	27 15 50	Mar Mar	39 Jan 6614 Jan	Spiegel May Stern Co— Common*		63½ 71	12,500	50	Aug	71 Sept	
Leonard Fitzpatrick & Mueller Store, com* Libby, McNeil & Libby_10	30 1/6	30 30 1/s 11 11	200 300	27	July Jan	43 Jan 131/6 May	6½% preferred100 Standard Investing Corp.* Stand Mot Constr100	911/4	90 91% 40 40 1% 1%	1,500 500 400	84 34 60c	Aug Aug Jan	100 May 49% May 4 Apr	
Libby Owens Sheet Glass 25 Magnin (I) & Co com*		131 133 25 25	500 100	109 23	Mar Feb	140 July 27 May	Stinnes (Hugo) Corp* Stetson (John B) Co com.*		10½ 10½ 100 100	100	95	Apr June	19 May 125 Apr	
Manning Bowman & Co A* Mar Steam Shov, new com* Marmon Motor Car com.*	51 51 1/4	18 18¼ 45¼ 51⅓ 49½ 52	7,700 4,200	17% 38% 38%	Jan July Feb	20¼ Feb 51¼ Sept 58¼ Apr	Stuts Motor Car Sutherland Paper com10 Swedish-Amer Invest pf100	20%	18¼ 20% 26 27 141 149	15,000 300 2,000	24	Mar July July	20% Sept 27 Sept 149 Sept	
Massey-Harris Ltd com* Mavis Bottling Co of Am*	11%	11 13¾	1,900 25,900	39 11	Mar Sept	46¼ Apr 22 May	Swift & Co	32	130 132 % 32 34 %	800 14,600	125 25%	Jan Jan	137 May 3414 Feb	
May Drug Stores Corp May Hosiery Mills \$4 sh McKesson & Robbins com*	221/2	22 22 1/4 40 40 43 1/4 44 1/4	900 200 4,300	20 40 4314	Aug Aug Sept	26% May 48% Jan 44% Sept	Syrac Wash Mach B com.* Thompson Prod Inc cl A * Timken-Detroit Axle10	18 34 20%	17½ 18½ 33 35 20 21½	600 900 11,800	30 .	July June Feb	25¼ Mar 44¼ May 21% Sept	
Preference series A50 Mead Johnson & Co com.*	53 ½ 63 %	53¼ 54⅓ 62 63%	12,600 2,100	5314	Sept Feb	54½ Sept 72 May	Tishman Realty & Constr * Tobacco Prod Exports*	451/4	44 1/8 45 1/8 3 3 1/4	2,600 400	33	Jan June	46% May 4% Feb	
Melville Shoe new com* Mercantile Stores Co100 Mesabi Iron*	125 2 1/4	60 68½ 115% 125 2½ 3	5,000 800 4,500	50 97 134	Jan Mar	68½ Sept 152 May 4¼ June	Todd Shipyards Corp* Toddy Corp class A* Class B v t c	11	46 49 24 24 16 10 11	400 200 300	24	Apr Sept Sept	60 14 May 27 14 July 12 14 July	
Metropol Chain Stores* Metrop 5 & 50c Sts A100	631/2	62 1/4 64 51/4 51/2	4,800 300	516	Jan Aug	66 May 11 May	Transcont. Air Transp* Trans-Lux Pict Screen	241/2	241/8 273/4	10,700	2014 1	Мау	35 May	
Midland Steel Prod* Midvale Co* Modine Mfg*	58	105 106 ¼ 41 41 ½ 50 58	1,000 300 900	39	Jan July	112 Jan 48¼ Apr 58 Sept	Triplex Safety Glass Ltd— Amer dep rcts ord shs £1	571/4	2¾ 4¾ 57¼ 59	10,900	214 1 48	Aug	66% June	
Montecatini Min & Agri— Warrants		3 3	1,000	2	July	4¼ May	Fruscon Steel com10 Fubise Artificial Silk el B.	530	48 51 1/6 520 540	2,200 310	33 14 450	Jan Feb	52% Sept 628% Apr	
Moore Drop Forg cl A* Murphy (G C) com* Nat Baking common*	55	52% 55 71% 71% 5	400 100 200	35 1/4 62 1/4 4	Jan Aug	55 Sept 81 May 101/4 Jan	Tulip Cup Corp com* Tung-Sol Lamp Wks com_* Class A*	13 1 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3	6 6 6 13 14 14 14 21 14 23 14 23 14	1,100 2,700	101/8	Feb Feb	8 July 15% June 23% Sept	
Nat Food Products— Class A with warr*		32 32	100	221/2	July	32 Aug	Unit Biscuit Co cl B* Class A*	211/4	21¼ 21⅓ 65⅓ 66	1,000 500	54 1/8 1	Feb May	26 Aug 70¾ Aug	
Class B	12 38% 32	11½ 12 37½ 39 32 32½	5,600 500 6,900	6 31 23	Apr July	15 May 41% Aug 33% Sept	United Carbon v t c United El Coal Cos v t c United Milk Prod. com*	23 1/8 67 3/4 25 1/4	23 1/8 24 3/4 61 5/6 69 3/6 25 1/4 30 1/2	1,100 7,100 1,200	2614	Feb Aug	24% Sept 69% Sept 42% June	
Nat Sugar Refg100 National Tea pref100	104	150 155 104 106	950 250	119 104	Feb Jan	155 Sept 1071/4 May	7% cum pref100 Unit Piece Dye Wks com.•	863/8	81 81 85% 89	50 800 100	76 5214	July Feb	91 June 95 May 1214 Feb	
Nat Theatre Supply com_* Nat Tile* Nat Trade Journal, Inc_*	30	9½ 10½ 31¼ 35 30 30	2,600 200 300	6 30 30	Jan Aug Sept	1914 May 35 Sept 3514 May	United Profit Share com.* United Shoe Mach com25 U S Asbestos	73 1/8 50 1/8	9 9 73 73 % 47 % 50 %	400 6,100	63 7/8	Jan July	7714 May 52 Sept	
Nauheim Pharmacies com* Cum conv pref*		23 23 33 33	100 100	19 1/2 30 1/4	Aug	28¾ May 37% May	U S Dairy Prod class A	55 38½ 29¼	55 55 38½ 42 28 30½	500 11,900 9,200	29%	July Aug Mar	62% May 42 Sept 32 May	
Nebel (Oscar) Co com* Neisner Bros com* Preferred100		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,100 600 50	18 73 1101/4	Apr Apr Jan	25 May 100¾ May 139¾ May	# Foreign Sec com* # Foreign Sec com* # Foreign Sec com*	79	96 96 1/8 77 1/2 80	400 5,100	94 J 7014	Feb	100% Feb 84% Jan	
Nelson (Herman) Corp5 Neptune Meter class A* Neve Drug Stores com*	251/4	25 1/8 26 20 20	1,100	20	June	34 % May 25 Feb 34 May	U S Gypsum Co com20 Preferred100 U S Radiator com*		60¼ 61½ 125 125 43 43	950 25 100	1231/4	Aug July Aug	100 June 135 July 48 Jan	
Convertible A	37	24¼ 31¼ 36¾ 38 9 10	$ \begin{array}{r} 40,900 \\ 800 \\ 2,800 \end{array} $	35%	Sept June June	4314 May 1114 Aug	U S Rubber Reclaiming * Universal Insurance		10¼ 10⅓ 79 79¼	200 100	9 J	lune	16 1/4 Jan 82 1/4 July	
New Orl Gt Nor RR100 Newton Steel com* N Y Hamburg Corp50		33 34 67 68½ 49¾ 52	400 600	25 62 1/2	Mar Aug Sept	48% May 73¼ July 56% May	Universal Pictures* Universal Prod Van Camp Pack, pref50	24 1/8 33	20¾ 40¾ 31¼ 33¾ 16 16	19,700 500 100	23	Aug Aug Mar	24 1/4 Jan 33 1/4 Sept 27 July	
N Y Merchandise Co* Nichols & Shepard Co		49% 52 30 30 72% 77%	1,800 100 $10,800$		June	35 Jan 7714 Sept	Wahl Co common* Waitt & Bond class A*	261/2	17 18 25½ 26¾	200 2,000	9 5% 24 3%	Feb Jan	21¼ May 29 Apr	
Stock purch warrants Niles Bement-Pond com. • Noma Electric Corp com •	53 83% 23%	52 56% 71% 83% 23 23%	$1,900 \\ 38,400 \\ 2,500$	16¼ 28 20¼	Feb Jan June	56¾ Sept 90 May 26¾ May	Class B. Walgreen Co com. Warrants.	$ \begin{array}{c} 19\frac{1}{2} \\ 56\frac{1}{2} \\ 31 \end{array} $	17% 20% 47% 59% 24% 31%	4,500 29,200 7,700	3716 J	Mar June Apr	20 1/2 Sept 50 May 31 1/2 Sept	
Northwest Engineering* Novadel Process com*	431/2	42 44 19 24¼	3,000 6,900	29 % 11 %	Feb Feb	50% May 24% Sept	Wamsutta Mills100 Watson (Jno Warren) Co.*	6	42 48 5 63/8	3,300	42 8 5 8	Sept Sept	48 Sept 20 Jan	
\$2 cum partic pref* Pacific Coast Biscuit pf .* Park Austin & Lipscomb		45½ 48 43 43	300 200		Mar June	51 Aug 5114 Jan	Wayne Pump	41 74½	37¾ 41 74½ 76 105 105	13,800 1,300 100	67	Feb Jan	41 Sept 85% May 108 May	
Partic pref* Parke, Davis & Co*		26% 26% 46% 51	100 1,600	38	Aug July	29 Apr 51 Sept	Western Auto Supply cl A* Warrants	551/2	54 55½ 4½ 4½	500 100	51 436 8	July Sept	66% Apr 17% pAr	
Penney (J C) Co el A pf 100 Pennsylvania Salt Mfg_50	54	54 55 102 102 1/4 96 100	300 60 200	38 101 14 92	Jan Aug Jan	55 May 105 May 104 May	West Point Mig100 Wheatsworth, Inc, com* Preferred A		130 ¼ 133 ½ 52 ½ 52 ½ 126 ½ 135 ½	120 200 20	34%	Jan Aug	59 % May 135 % Sept	
Peoples Drug Store, Inc* Perfect Circle Co*	67½ 38%	65½ 67½ 36% 39	1,500 1,700	3414	Mar Aug	69 1/4 Sept 39 1/4 Sept	Winter (Benj) Inc com* Wire Wheel Corp com new.	12½ 28¼	123/8 13 281/8 29	1,300 4,300	11% J 20% 1	une Mar	16 Aps 36% June	
Phelps Dodge Corp100 Philippe (Louis) Inc A com * Phil Morris Con Inc com.*	155 30 1/4 4 1/8	145 155 24 30½ 4 4½	1,200 600		Feb Sept July	155 Sept 30½ Sept 10 Mar	Woodworth Inc com* Worth Inc conv cl A* Yellow Taxi of N Y*	33½	33% 34% 15% 16% 18% 18%	1,200 900 200	15% 8	Sept Mar	39¼ June 23¼ Mar 22 May	
Pick (Albert), Barth & Co Common v t c		9 9	300	9	Sept	11% Jan	Young (L A) Sp & Wi com • Conv. pref.		48½ 52¼ 49½ 54	6,200 200 600	36%	Mar Mar	49% Sept 49% Sept	
Pref class A (partic A pf)* Ple Bakeries cl A* Plerce Governor Co*	19 34	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 19 & 19 \\ 25 & 25 \\ 34 & 35\frac{1}{2} \end{array} $	1,400 200 3,800	25	Aug July Feb	22½ Jan 34½ June 36½ May	Zenith RadioZonite Products Corp com*	36	118 119 35 42	8,900		July	116 1/4 Sept 48% Apr	
Piggly Wiggly Corp com.* Piggly Wiggly Western States Co class A*	39 291/4	35¼ 40¾	2,500		Mar	41% Sept	Rights— Brockton Gas Light		7 814	200 12,700		Sept	814 Sept	
Pines Winterfront Co cl A 5 Pitney Bowes Postage	126	25% 29% 125 126	400		Jan Jan	126 Aug	Commonwealth Power Curtiss Aeropl & Mot Flat	8¾	1¼ 1½ 7½ 9% 3¼ 3¼	92,400 2,400	734 8	Sept Sept Apr	9% Sept 6% May	
Meter Co		8% 9% 148% 148% 265 300	300 100 120	144	June Mar Feb	10⅓ Jan 185 Apr 300 Sept	Insurance Co of N A Loew's Inc	24 93/8	9 978 231/2 273/8	4,800 4,700 100	7% J	July Feb	10% Aug 25% Sept 4% Sept	
Pitts Screw & Bolt* Pratt & Lambert Co*	571/6	51½ 51½ 57 58½	$\frac{100}{2,900}$	50 50	Feb July	51½ Sept 61¼ May	Met Vickers Elec Ltd Pub Serv of Nor Ills		7¾ 7½ 15 15	200 500	7% 8	Sept Sept Aug	7% Sept 15% Aug	
Procter & Gamble com. 20 Propper Silk Hosiery Inc. * Prudence Co 7% pref. 100		274 283½ 34% 35½ 105 106	1,500 125	33	Feb June May	300 May 35½ Sept 107½ Apr	United Elec Serv bond rts. U S Gypsum Universal Pictures pref rts.	171/2	17% 17% 17½ 18 5	200 4,500 500	1314	Sept Aug Sept	1% Sept 18% July 5 Sept	
Rainbow Luminous ProdA* Raybestos Co com25	25	21 25% 52% 55	2,200 6,100	20 4716	Aug Aug	35 May 55 Sept	White Sewing Mach deb rts	101/2	91/2 111/2	900		Aug	1214 Jan	
Realty Associates com* Repetti, Inc	601/2	290 290 65e 65e 60¼ 60¾	100 1,900		Feb Sept	350 May 1% Apr 60% Sept	Public Utilities— Amer & Foreign Pow warr.	221/4	21 1/4 23 1/4	10,900	814	Feb	241/4 Sept	
Richman Bros Co* Richmond Radiator, com.		34214 34214 17 1814	10 400	265 J	June Aug	342½ Sept 27½ Jan	Amer Gas & Elec com* Preferred*	173 105¾	$172 176 \frac{1}{8} \\ 105 \frac{1}{2} 105 \frac{3}{4}$	4,500 600	11736	Jan Aug	184 May 111 May	
7% cum conv pref* Riverside Fdy & Mach Ross Stores Inc*	33¼ 24	37½ 38 33 33¼ 21 25½	200 200 1,600	231/2	Apr May Sept	40% June 33% Sept 26% June	Amer Lt & Trac com100 Amer Nat Gas com v t c* Amer Pow & Lt A pref	2151/2	211½ 220 18 18¾ 79¼ 80	1,700 300	18 J	Jan June July	249 May 22 May 87 May	
Royal Baking Prod com 100 Preferred	10634	226 299 106¾ 107¾ 100¾ 102¼	450 70 700		Aug Jan Jan	299 Sept 1111 June 125 May	Amer States Sec com cl A.* Com class B.	12 1/8 14 1/2	10% 12% 13% 17½	24,400 7,600	736 1	Mar Mar	14 May 18% May	
Safety Car Ht & Lt100	51	47½ 53½ 156 156	28,000 25	18% 135	Mar Jan	57 June 170 Mar	Warrants Amer Superpower Corp A * Class B common	42 42 1/8	4¼ 5¾ 42 44½ 42¼ 45	14,100 16,500 3,100	3314	Apr Aug Aug	56 Apr 56% Apr	
Safeway Stores com	665	645 665 551/4 64 325 325	1,000 25		Jan June June	665 Sept 64 Sept 325 Sept	Brazilian Tr L & P new ord Brooklyn City RR100	51¼ 59 7¾	49½ 51¼ 59 59 7½ 7½	11,400 100 4,100	54% J	Feb July Jan	52% May 60% July 9% May	
Banitary Grocery Inc	871/2 381	77 89 377 388	13,200 300	50 215	Jan Jan	90 May 400 Sept	Class A	x47 1/8 x42 1/8	x47 1/4 49 1/4 x42 1/4 45 1/2	5,300 4,000	30 14	Jan Jan	4914 Sept 4516 Sept	
Savannah Sugar com* Schiff Co com* Schulte Real Estate Co*	25	121 125 41 42 25 2514	1,200 300	26 17	Feb Jan Jan	129 Mar 43 Aug 29 Mar	Preferred 25 Central Pub Serv cl A Cent States Elec com	29 1/8 115	26% 26% 28½ 30 113 115	500 6,200 200	19%	Jan Jan	34 Aug 115 Sept	
Behulte-United 5c to \$1 Ste* Pref part paid100 Beeman Bros common*		23 1/8 24 1/8 86 88 56 1/2 59	2,000 200 2,400	79%	June June	26 Sept 100¾ Feb	7% preferred100 Cities Serv Pr & Lt \$6 pf. •		113 114 98½ 98¾	300 300	104 1/2 95 1/4	Jan Jan	1211 May 102 May	
Seiberling Rub, com* Selfridge Provincial Stores	3072	45 461/4	1,100	3334	Feb.	60% Sept 50% May	7% cum pref100 Com'w'lth Edison Co100 Com'wealth Pr Corp pref	194 7/8	107 ½ 107 ½ 185 ½ 194 ½	100 400	167	Jan Jan July	109 Apr 1941 Sept 1041 Jan	
Etd ordinary£1 Bervel Inc (new co) v t c* Preferred v t c100	12%	4516 4516 12% 13¼ 35½ 38¼	300 8,900 200		Jan Feb	4½ May 16% May 47% May	Cons G E L & T Balt com.* East States Pow B com*		102 102½ 86¼ 87¼ 22 2474	700 1,100 4 200	67 16	Jan Jan	92 1/4 May 26 1/4 May	
Seton Leather com* Sharon Steel Hoop50	29¾ 26	26½ 30 25 26¾	2,700 800	26 1/2 1 19 1/2 1	Sept May	32½ May 25½ Jan	Elec Bond & Sh pref100 Elec Bond & Sh Secur Elec Invest without war	109 ¼ 129	22 24 % 109 ¼ 109 % 118 ½ 134 ½	4,200 400 102,900	76 40¾	July Jan Jan	11114 Apr 13414 Sept 7914 May	
Sheafter (W A) Pen Sherwin-Wms Co com_25 Silica Gel Corp.com v t c.•	2314	49¾ 51¾ 80¾ 92 20½ 23¾	1,100 200 3,600	40 14 65 1/6	Jan Mar Feb	60% Apr 92 Sept 29 Apr	Elec Pow & Lt 2d pref A.* Option warrants Empire Gas & E 8% pf. 100	73	69½ 74½ 20¼ 21½ 111 111½	47,300 400 300	02 131/4	Jan Jan Feb	106 Apr 24% May 1134 Apr	
Silver (Isaac) & Bro* Singer Mfg100	54	54 55 503 510	400 110	39 428	Jan Jan	60 May 530 July	Empire Gas & E 7% pf_100 Empire Pow Corp part stk*	111½ x99¾ 34¾	99¾ x100 30½ 35½	300 2,900	99% 8	Sept Feb	105 May 3914 May	
Smith (A O Corp	27¾	185¼ 197¾ 27 29 32¼ 33	4,600 300		May May Jan	200 Aug 29½ July 35¼ May	General Pub Serv com	37½ 25%	36 1/8 38 1/8 24 3/4 25 7/8 132 132	6,400 3,800 75	16%	Jan Jan	42% May 29 May 140 May	
Sou Grocery Sts com	39 1/4 33 3/8	39¼ 40% 32% 34¼	1,200 4,100	31½ 25	Mar June	45½ May 34½ Sept	Class B.	46 % 15 %	46 % 47 ¼ 15 % 16 %	700 20,200	3%	Aug	52 May 19% May	
Common Class B Southern Stores Corp cl A*	17	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,800 4,700 2,800	15¾ 8 20	Feb Sept Aug	26¾ May 28 June 40 Mar	Italian Super Power	D 1	3% 4 13 14% 5% 6%	500 900 1,600	13 .	July Sept	16 % June 8 July	
Spaiding (A G) & Bro com* Span & Gen Corp, Ltd£1 Sparks-Withington Co*	7	190 219 634 734	20,700	2 125	Jan Feb	219 Sept 11 July	Preferred A v t c*		7¾ 7¾ 50 50	100 100	734 8 50 8	Sept	1516 Jan 7216 Jan	
	210	100/2 111	*,000	80	Jani	127 June	Marconi Wirel T of Can. 1	71/2	6% 7%	46,900	3	Feb	836 Mar	

Public Utilities (Concl.)	Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices.	Sales for Week.	Range Sin		Other Oil Stocks	Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices.	Sales for Week.		nce Jan. 1.
Marconi Wireless Tel Lond. Class B	Price	16% 17%	26,000	Low.	High.	(Concluded) Par Union Oil Associates	53	Low. High. 53 53 434 5	200 800	Low.	
Middle West Util com* \$6 cum pref* 7% preferred	97	156 % 157 % 97 97 % 155 % 156	500 350 200	123 Jan 94 Jan 1171 Jan	168 May 101 May 156 Sept	Wilcox (H F) Oil & Gas Woodley Petroleum Corp "Y" Oil & Gas Co	1734	15% 17% 4% 5% 4% 5	1,600 500 400	15 % Sept 3 % Apr 2 % Feb	814 Apr
Mohawk & Hud Pow com * 2nd preferred* Warrants	1314	38 41 107½ 108 12½ 13½	5,500 75 500	29 1/4 Jan 102 1/4 July 6 Jan	53 May 108% Sept 19% May	Mining Stocks.		-/2	200	27. 200	
Mohawk Valley Co ctfs dep Municipal Service* Nat Electric Pow cl A*	21	68 68 14 21 22 14 37 37	300 5,800 100	67% Aug 13% Jan 27% Jan	71 Aug 25 May 40% May	Am Commander M & M1 Arizona Globe Copper1	6c	4e 4e 5e 6e	1,000 8,000	3e Apr	
Nat Pow & Light pref* Nat Pub Serv com class A * Nevada-Calif Elec com 100		109 109 24 25½ 51 51	150 2,400 100	106% June 22 Jan 33% Jan	111 Feb 29% May 55 Aug	Carnegie Metals 10 Central American Mines		125 126 20¾ 22 6 6¾	300 6,100 1,700	121 June 17 Jan 60c Jan	27% Apr 6% Aug
New Eng Pub Serv com* N Y Telep 6 1/4 % pref 100 Nor Amer Util Sec com*	115	80 80 113 115 7 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	100 300 4,000	61 Feb 111 1/2 June 7 Jan	81 July 115% Mar 11% Sept	Chief Consol Mining 1 Comstock Tun & Dr'ge.10c Consol. Copper Mines 5	1114	3½ 3½ 37c 40c 11½ 12	1,800 2,000 10,000	3 Aug 20c May 5 Jan	53c June 15 May
Northeast Power com Northern Ohio Pow com	x28½	93 95½ 27½ x29½ 31½ 32½	20,200 700	92 Jan 19% Jan 18 Jan	951 ₂ May 31 May 33 Aug	Crotez Silver Mines 1 Cresson Consol G M & M1	22c 93c	21 22½ 22c 22c 82c 99c	2,000 3,900	14 Feb 18c Jan 76c Aug	32c May
Nor States P Corp com_100 Ohio Bell Telep 7% pf_100 Pacific G & E 1st pref_25	112	137 ¼ 139 112 112 26 % 26 %	1,900 10 200	110 July 23½ June	152 May 115 Apr 30 Apr	Divide Extension		4c 6c 91c 1 3 314	36,000 300 1,600	30c Mai 11/4 Jan	2 Apr 3¼ Sept
Penn-Ohio Ed com	106	106 106¾ 96½ 96%	3,700 210 180	92 Feb	48% May 109 Jan 100 May	Engineer Gold Min Ltd.5 Evans Wallower Lead com* Falcon Lead Mines1 Golden Centre Mines5	714	4¼ 5¾ 6¾ 7½ 7c 8c	8,800 3,400 4,000	2 Jan 6% Sept 5 July	914 July 16c Jan
Penn Ohio Secur		22½ 23½ 14¾ 15½ 22½ 22½ 84 86	2,000 600 200 400	11 Jan 13 Feb 20 Jan 68 Jan	25 May 25 May 27 May 90 May	Goldfield Cons. Mines. 1 Goldfield Florence. 1 Hecla Mining. 25c		9 13¾ 13e 13e 10e 11e 15 15¼	90,300 1,000 6,000 4,200	Se Jar Se Jar 1314 Apr	1 18c June 25c May
Power Secur, com	17½ 65	15 17½ 65 68 89¾ 97	400 200 9,300	111/4 Apr 65 Sept 34/4 Jan	17 1/4 Sept 68 1/4 Aug 97 Sept	Hollinger Cons Gid Mines 5 Hud Bay Min & Smelt* Iron Cap Copper10	8½ 19¾	15 15¼ 8¼ 9 19 20% 2¼ 3	4,600 34,200 1,000	8% Sep 16% June 2% Sep	1814 Jan 2114 Feb
6% preferred 100 Blerra Pacific El com 100 South Calif Edis A pf 25	102%	\$99½ 102½ 47 48 28¾ 28¾	257 400 400	92 Jan 29 Jan 28 June	105% Apr 50 Sept 30 Apr	Kirkland Lake Gold Ltd. 1 Mason Valley Mines 5 Mining Corp of Canada 5	13%	1¾ 1⅓ 1⅓ 1⅓ 1⅓ 3³16 3¾	1,000 900 200	1¼ Fet 110 Apr 310 Apr	21/4 Feb
So Calif Edison, pref B _ 25 Southeast Pow & Lt com_ \$7 preferred	26 1/2 53 1/4	26% 26% 51% 55	500 7,600 100	26 % Sept 41% Feb 105 Aug	30 Apr 61 Apr 1111 May	New Cornelia Copper5 New Jersey Zinc100 Newmont Mining Corp10	29½ 224 163½	29½ 30 220 225	6,000 550 9,300	25% Feb 180% Jan 122 Jan	30 Sept
Warr'ts to pur com stk So'west Bell Tel pref100 So'west Pow & Lt 7% pf100	19	18% 20 118% 119 108 109%	2,900 100 50	121 Feb 1171 Aug 107 Aug	24 1/2 May 120 Mar 117 1/2 June	Niplesing Mines	52 1/8 74c	3¼ 3½ 52 57½ 67e 74e	2,100 92,300 6,600	3 Aug 1714 Mai 63c Sep	5 54 Jan 64 July 11, Jan
Preferred Swiss Amer Elec pref	105	50 51¾ 104 105 99% 100%	900 100 300	29 1 Jan 103 Aug 96 1 June	58¼ May 107¾ Apr 103¾ May	Parmac Porcupine M Ltd.1 Plymouth Lead Mines1 Premier Gold Min1		20e 21e 7e 7e 2¼ 2½	4,800 1,000 1,700	15c Jan 5c Jan 21/8 Jan	8c Aug 3¼ Jan
United Elec Serv warrants United Gas Impt50	z142¾	37 37½ 1¾ 1¾ 140% 149%	5,300 72,600		45 May 3 May 150 May	Roan Antelope C Min Ltd. San Toy Mining	15%		3,000 10,700	241/4 Sep 3c Jan 61/4 Jan	60 May
Com class "B" Preferred class A	3314	99 99	45,600 1,300 100	94% Jan		Silver King Coalition5 So Amer Gold & Plat1 Standard Silver Lead1	4	14 14 3¾ 4 15c 15c	2,800 1,200	10 July 234 Jan 12c Jan	414 Sept
Util Pow & Lt class B	231 1/6 15	30 ½ x32 15 16 ½	8,300 6,600		3214 May 1814 May	Teck Hughes1 Tonopah Belmont Dev1 Tonopah Extension1	5e	9 91/6 88c 88c 5c 11c	1,500 100 14,000	814 Fel 88c Sep 5c Sep 214 Jan	t 2116 Jan t 18c Jan
Former Standard Oil Subsidiaries.						Tonopah Mining	16	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	900 9,700 100	45c Jan 13 June 25c Jan	1 1 June 25% Jan
Anglo-Amer Oll (vot sh) £1 Non-voting shares£1 Borne Scrymser Co100	1834	17% 19 17% 18% 53 53	8,500 1,700 200	17 June 16½ June 48 July	22% Feb 20% Feb 56 Jan	Unity Gold Mines	13%	1% 1% 4 4 68c 86c	900 400 9,000	35c Fel 314 Au 68c Sep	2 Aug 5% Jan
Buckeye Pipe Line 50 Chesebrough Mfg 25 Continental Oil v te 10	140	62¼ 63¼ 140 145 16% 17%	200 200 14,600	58 Jan 117¼ Jan 16 Feb	76 Apr 161 Apr 23 Jan	Yukon Gold Co		55e 74e	4,300	50e Fel	
Eureka Pipe Line 100 Galena Signal Oil 100 Preferred old 100	70	70 70 7% 8 81 n86	50 300 760	64 1/8 Jan 4 1/4 Jan	88 Apr 13 June	Bonds Abbotts Dairies 6s 1942 Abitibi P & P 5s A 1953		101% 102%	11,000	1001/4 Ap	r 10234 Mar
Preferred new 100 Bumble Oil & Refining _ 28 Illinois Pipe Line 100	81 82 1/2	81 831/2	620 23,800 550	27 Jan 59 14 Feb	86 July 84% Apr 245 May	Abitibi P & P 5s A1958 Adriatic Electric 7s1952 Alabama Power 4 1/81967	100	90 90¼ 98¾ 100 93 93¾	110,000	93 Sep	t 100% Mar
Imperial Oil (Canada)	751/2	71½ 76½ 72½ 72½ 80½ 81½	9,400 100 400	56 14 Feb	75 May 7214 Sept 8914 Apr	1st & ref 5s1956 Allied Pk, 1st col tr 8s.1939 Aluminum Co s f deb 5s '52	1021/2	100 100 39 40 102½ 103	5,000 1,300 116,000	35 Jan 100 Jul	52½ Jan y 103¼ Apr
New York Transit 100 Northern Pipe Line 100	1031/		200	19% June 38% Jan 94 Jan	32 May 59 May 125 Mar	Aluminum Ltd 5s1948 Amer Aggregates 6s1948 Amer Comm'l Alcohol 6s'43	104 1/4	97½ 98½ 104¼ 104¾	46,000 8,000	9514 Au 9736 Jun	e 10836 May
Penn-Mex Fuel 24 Prairie Oil & Gas 24	36	35 36 46 46 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	2,500 400 8,800	28 June 46 Sept	6814 May 84 May 56 Apr	Amer G & El 5s2028 American Power & Light			183,000 257,000 92,000	98 July 931 Au 105 Jun	g 101% Apr
Prairie Pipe Line 100 Solar Refining 100 Bouth Penn Oil 21	50	180 180 48% 50½	1,500 50 5,500	169 Mar 86% Jan	223 May 186 Apr 53 Apr	Amer Radiator deb 4 1/2s'47 Amer Roll Mill, deb 5s'48 Amer Seating 6s1936	9614	97 97 % 96 97 96 96 96 %	48,000 63,000 19,000	97 Au 95 14 Au 96 Sep	g 100% Apr g 99% Jan
Southern Pipe Line new_10 Standard Oil (Indiana)20 Standard Oil (Kansas)21	76 21 54		19,400 2,200	12 July 70% Feb 15 Jan 122% Feb	17 Aug 83% Apr 27% Apr	Amer Solv & Chem 6s_1936 Amer Thread 6s1928	108	108 109 100¼ 100¼ 100 100¾	12,000 6,000 30,000	99 Jun 100 Jun	e 125 May e 101½ Jan
Standard Oil (Kentucky)26 Standard Oil (Neb)26 Standard Oil (O) com26 Vacuum Oil new	843/	43½ 43½ 82½ 84½	1,600 200 4,250 4,500	39 % Feb 71 Mar	13614 Apr 4514 Aug 8414 Aug 8714 May	Anaconda Cop Min 6s. 1929 Appalachian El Pr 5s. 1956 Arkansas Pr & Lt 5s 1956 Asso Dye & Press 6s 1939	981/4		117,000 47,000 14,000	97 Jun	e 10214 Mas e 10114 Mas
Other Oil Stocks.	3072	80% 81%	1,500	12 54110	SI 74 May	Associated G & E 5 198 1977 Conv deb, 4 198 - 1948 Assoc'd Sim Hard 6 198 133	101 1/4	1001/2 101 1/8	122,000 663,000 3,000	9934 Jul 97 Au 8434 Jan	y 114% May g 113% May g 92 Apr
Amer Contr Oil Fields	69c	66c 77c	12,600 8,800		1½ Jan 6½ May	Atlantic Fruit 8s1949 Atlas Plywood 5½s1943 Bates Valve Bag 6s1942	106%	171/2 171/2	5,000 41,000	104 Au	g 1151/4 May
Argo Oil Corp 10 Atlantic Lobos Oil com Preferred	2 %	2% 2%	800 10,500	2½ May 1½ Jan	4¼ Jan 5 Apr	With stock purch warr. Beacon Oil 6s. with warr. Belgo-Can Paper 6s. 1943	1051	98 98	22,000 47,000 1,000	99 July 99 July 98 Sep	t 102 % Mar
Barnsdall Corp stk purch warrants (deb rights) British Amer Oil com		714 1014	37,900	31/4 July	101/2 Sept	Bell Tel of Canada 5s. 1958 Berlin City Elec 6s 1958 61/4 % notes 1929	9214	92 9314 9914 10014	28,000 53,000 7,000	98% Au 98% Ja	95% June 101 Feb
Carib Syndicate new com	1254	391/4 391/4	2,400	1214 Sept	41 May 23% Jan	Boston Con Gas 5s1947 Boston & Maine RR 5s 1967 6s1933	9734		6,000 149,000 2,000	101 July 953 Au 102 Au	g 100 14 May
Creole Syndicate	12%	1 1% 1%	27,700 2,500 400		17½ May 3½ June 10% Apr	Burmeister & Wain Co of Copenhagen 15-yr 6s '40 Canadian Nat Rys 7s. 1935	5	97 98 110 110½ 101 101¾	4,000 13,000 15,000	94% Jun 108 Jun 100% Jun	e 114% Jan
Darby Petrol Corp	211/	21½ 22½ 1½ 1½		814 Jan 1 Jan	3014 May 214 May	Carolina Pr & Lt 581956 Cent States Elec 581948 Cent States P & Lt 51/48 '53 Chic Pneum Tool 51/48 1942			25,000 10,000 4,000	89% Au 95% Sep 97 Jun	t 99 Jan
Guif Oil Corp of Penna 26 Houston Gulf Gas 1 Intercontinental Petrol 16	14%	14% 15	7,100 600 14,900	101% Feb 11% Feb 1 June	14814 May 2214 Apr 234 Mar	Childs Co deb 5s1943 Cinc Gas & Elec 4s1968 Cincinnati St Ry 5 1/8 1952	90 89	90 91 88% 89% 98 99%	33,000 37,000 6,000	87% Au 85% Au 97% Sep	96 4 Apr 92 4 Apr t 104 4 Mar
International Petroleum Kirby Petroleum Leonard Oil Developm't2	3814	37½ 39¼ 1¼ 1½	14,000 1,100 4,700		3 May 9% May	Cities Service 5s1966 6s1966 Cities Service Gas 5 1/2 1942	95	94 1/4 95 103 1/4 163 1/4	91,000 10,000 15,000	90¼ Ap 103 Jan 93¼ Au	10414 May
Lion Oil Refg	543/	271/2 291/4	1,900 7,200 50,200	20 Feb 481 Apr	32% May 57 May 1% Apr	Cities Serv Gas Pipe L 6s'43 Cities Serv P & L 534s 1952 Cleve Term Bldg 6s1941	9934	96¾ 97¼ 98¾ 98¾	39,000 126,000 2,000	98 Au 96¼ Au 97 Jun	g 102 Apr e 100 Jan
Marland Oil of Mexico	35e	1% 1% 4% 4% 30c 40c	300 500 15,000		4% Mar 8 Jan 740 May	Colon Oil deb 6s1938 Commers und Privat Bank 5 1/81937	8814		12,000 34,000	99% Au 87% Au	g 9414 Jan
Mountain & Gulf Oll	83c 22234	26 % 26 %	3,400 16,000 1,900	21½ Sept 24¼ Mar	11/4 Mar 281/4 Jan 301/4 Apr	Consol G E L & P Balt— 6s, series A1949	106	106 1063/2		10000	e n1081 Feb
New Bradford Oil North American Oil North Cent Tex Oil		40 40 12¼ 12½	1,200 100 300	39 1/2 May 10 1/4 Jan	5% Jan 40 Sept 13% May	5 195 5 series E 195 5 5 ser F 196 5 Consol Publishers 6 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 194		105% 105% 102% 102% 99 99 90% 92%		97 1/2 July 97 1/2 Ja 90 1/4 Sep	y 105 1/2 Jan n 102 May
Pandem Oil Corporation. Pantepec Oil of Venesuela Paragon Refg com	12%	12¼ 13¾ 17 20	3,800 20,500 300 200	2½ Aug 8½ Feb 10½ Jan 5½ Feb	15% July 20 Sept	Consol Textile 8s1941 Cont'l G & El 5s1958 Continental Oil 5 (s1937 Cuban Telen 7 4s1941	91 1/2	91 1/4 92 1/2	108,000 10,000 11,000	9414 Au	g 9714 Mar g 99 Jan y 11234 Aug
Reiter Foster Oil Corp	10	9 10¼ 23¾ 24	14,400 600 1,400	414 Feb 22 Apr 414 Jan	7% Apr 13 Aug 31% Apr 9% Apr	Cuban Telep 7 1/28 1941 Cudahy Pack deb 5 1/28 '37 58 1946 Denver & R. G. West 58 '78	99%	99½ 99½ 100½ 100¾	48,000 12,000 59,000	9714 Jan 9914 Jul 8914 Jun	101 May 1024 Mar 964 May
Ryan Consol Petrol	25%	61/6 61/2 231/2 261/6 231/4 311/4	1,600 15,500 28,600	5% Jan 23% Sept 3 Mar	7 Jan 85 Jan	Denv & Sait Lake Ry 6s '60 Detroit City Gas 5s B 1950 6s, series A1947	106%	91¾ 92 101¼ 101¼ 106¼ 107¼	27,000 7,000 17,000	99 14 Au 106 Jun	93% May g 104% Mar e 108% Feb
Tidal Osage Oil v t stock. Non-voting stock.	18	17% 19% 17% 19	900 700	13 Feb	22 14 May	Detroit Int Bdge 6 1/8 1952 25-year s f deb 7s 1952	9914	99 9934		9736 Jun	

1516	Friday Last	Week's		Sales	Rang	Range Since Jan. 1.			
Bonds (Continued)—	Sale Price.	Low.	ces. High.	Week.	Low		High		-
Dirie Guif Gas 6 1/5 1937 with warrants Elec Pow (Germ'y) 6 1/5 153 Empire Oil & Refg 5 1/6 142 Eur Mtge & Inv 7s C. 1967 Fairb'ks Morse & Co 5s 42 Federal Sugar 6s 1933 Fed Wat Service 5 1/5 1957 Firestone Cot Mills 5s 1948 Firestone T&R Cal 5s 1942	97 1/4 92 1/4 92 1/4 96 1/4	93 97 92 1/4 91 1/4 96 89 100 1/4 91 1/4	95 97 % 92 % 92 % 96 % 90 % 101 % 94 95	26,000 6,000 38,000 35,000 14,000 3,000 145,000 40,000 8,000	92 14 93 92 91 78 14 80 16 90 92 14	Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug June Aug Aug	95% 97% 97% 90 108%	Jan May Mar Mar Jan Sept May Mar Jan	の の の の の の の の の の の の の の
First Bohemian Glass Wks 1st 7s with stk pur war '57 Fisk Rubber 5 \(\frac{1}{2} \) s	90 ¾ 94 ¼ 100 ¾ 98 ½ 101 ¾ 91 ¾	88 92 94 100 % 98 % 101 % 91 %	98%	4,000 11,000 78,000 6,000 32,000 12,000 49,000	90 93 87 96% 100	Aug Aug Feb Aug June June	103 98% n99% 101% 101 104% 97	Jan Feb Apr Aug Jan Apr Mar	99777
without warrants	881/2	88 104 94¾	88½ 107 95¾	13,000 18,000 4,000	100	Aug Jan Aug	95 118 10016	Apr June June	-
General Vending Corp— 6s with warr Aug 15 1937 Ga & Fla 6s	75 98 108% 1004 100 98	100 1/4 107 3/4 100	92½ 75 98¼ 100⅓ 100⅓ 100⅓ 100¼ 100¼ 99	31,000 9,000	84 74 98 99 100 106 % 99 %	July Sept Sept May Apr June Aug Aug Aug	98 % 96 % 103 100 % 7101 112 102 % 102 % 102	Oct Jan Mar Jan Jan Mar Jan May	1
Hamburg Elec Co 7s.1935 Hanover Cred Ins 5s1931 Hood Rubber 7s1936 5½s	95 97 101 ¼ 98 ½ 100	94½ 101 88½ 94½ 96 100 101 98% 97½	100 101 % 99 % 100 %	5,000 2,000 31,000 1,000 1,000 79,000 68,000	93 98% 85 93 95% 99 96% 97% 94%	Aug Aug June Aug Aug July Jan June July	103 96 % 103 % 96 % 99 % 99 % 103 % 106 102 101 % 99 %	Feb Apr Jan Jan May May May Apr Mat May	
Internat Securities 5s. 1947 Interstate Nat Gas 6s. 1935 Without warrants	95 97 ½ 99 ½ 94 ½	103 941/2 961/2 97 991/6 112	91¾ 103 95¾ 98 97 99½ 112 95½	1,000	101 ½ 94 ½ 96 ½ 97 96 104 ½	Jan Sept Sept Aug Feb June Aug	104 1/2 99 3/2 102 3/4 101 109 115 3/4	July Apr Mar Apr Apr	
With warrants Without warrants Italian Superpower 6s 1963	97 89	96¼ 88	97 90	23,000 14,000	82%	July Aug	105 941/2		
Without warrants Kelvinator Co 6s. 1936 Without warrants. 1946 Kendall Co 5 1/48 1947 Kendall Co 5 6 C deb 5s. 1947 Lahigh Pow Secur 6s. 2024	95 99% 105%	95	66 951/2 100	12,000	63¼ 95 98¾	July June Sept July May	85		
Leonard Tiets Inc 7 1/18 '46' Without warrants Libby, McN & Libby 58 '42' Lombard Elec Co 781982	921	921/2	103½ 93½	37,000	9216	Jan Sept	10534	Apr	
With warrantsLone Star Gas Corp 5s 1942 Long Island Ltg 6s 1943 La Power & Light 5s 1953 Manitoba Power 5½8 1954 Mass Gas Cos 5½8 1944	102	95½ 97½ 103¼ 95 101¼	95½ 97½ 103½ 96¾	1,000 6,000 2,000 11,000 58,000	93% 96% 103% 94 100%	Feb Aug Aug Sept Aug June Aug	107 99 100 105½ 100 104½ 105	May Mar Jan Apr Mar Apr Jan	
Memphis Nat Gas 6s 1944 With warrants Met Edison 4 1/5	100 7 99½ 3	99 ½ 97 ½ 97 ½ 99 ½ 100 ½ 100 ½ 101 ¼ 101 ¼ 105 ¾ 87 ¼ 128 108 ¼ 99 95 ¼ 92 ½	100 ½ 98 ½ 99 ½ 99 ½ 101 ½ 101 ½ 107 88 ½ 131 ¾ 108 ½ 99 6	9,000 30,000 10,000 5,000 20,000 57,000 11,000 40,000 99,000 1,000 91,000 21,000 161,000	99 ½ 96 ½ 97 ½ 97 ½ 99 ¾ 99 ¾ 99 ¾ 98 ½ 104 105 ½ 108 98 ½ 108 98 ½ 98 ½ 98 ½ 99 ¾ 98 ½ 99 ½ 99 ½ 99	Sept July Aug July Aug Jan Aug July July June June July Aug	100 ½ 102 ¼ 103 ½ 96 102 ¼ 103 ¾ 101 ¼ 102 ¼ 102 ¼ 134 ½ 113 ¼ 99 ¼ 101 101 97 %	Sept Mar Apr June Jan Feb June Mar Apr Aug May Feb Mar	
With warrants Without warrants Rippon Elee Pow 6 1/8 . 195 North Amer Edison 5 1/8 16 North Ind Pub Serv 5s 196 Nor States Pow 6 1/8 . 193 Conv 6 1/8	100 3 100 3 100 101 3 3 2 99 93 1100 100	- 100¾ - 102¾ - 130 4 99¾ 4 93¾	101 ½ 101 103 130 101 94	9,00	0 94 × 92 0 100 × 99 0 101 119 0 99 0 91 ×	June	101 97 14 101 14 105 14 148 103 14 97 14	Sept Mar Jan Apr May Apr	
With warrants Pac Gas & El 1st 43/s. 195 Pacific Invest 5s	973 8 98	100	100 98 98 98 100	1,00	0 95% 0 96 0 100	June July Mar Jan	101 14 105 102 14	May	
Penn Pow & Lt 5s serB '5 Phila Elec Pow 5 1/8-197 Phila Rap Tran 6s-196 Phila Sub Cos G & E—	2 104	1013	102 104% 103%	3,00	0 100 0 103%	Aug	104	Jan Jan Jan	
1st & ref 4½s 195 Pittsburg Steel 6s 194 Potomae Edison 5s 198 Queensboro G & E 5½s 5 Rem Arms 5½ % notes 193 Bichfield Oil of Calif 6s '4 3-yr convt 5½ % notes " Bs Louis Coke & Gas 6s 4 Ban Ant Pub Ser 5s 198 Sauda Falls 5s 198	7 100 8 103 6 98 2 101 6 97 11 116 11	98 101½ 97½ 116 100¾ ½ 93½ 96¾	1443 1013 943	16,00 15,00 41,00	0 100 97 % 101 101 95 % 90 98 % 90 99 % 90 94 %	Feb	103 102 M 107 107 155 101 M 100 M	Apr Apr Apr June	
Schulte R E 6s. 197 With warrants 197 With warrants 197 Without warrants 197 Scripps (E W) 5½s 197 Servel Inc (new co) 5s. 197 Shawinigan W & P 4½s 197 Shawinigan W & P 4½s 197 Sherid Wyoming Coal 6s 197 Shider Pack 6%, notes. 197 Solvay-Am Invest 5s. 197	103 91 43 96 48 94 37 94 31	91 943 693 4 94 96 92 1003	\$ 71 953 97 92 \$ 1003 \$ 1163	13.00 17,00 16,00 54,00 5,00 1,00 7,00 4 101,00	00 883 00 943 00 133 00 933 00 96 00 92 00 993 00 103	Sep Fel Au Sep Sep July	93% 100 76% 98% 101% 102% 135	Api May May Api Jan	r
8outheast P & L 6s20: Without warrants Southern Asbestoe 6s. 19: 8ou Calif Edison 5s19: Refunding mige 5s. 19: Gen & ref 5s19: 8ou Calif Gas 5s19: South'n Dairies 6s19:	37 51 100 52	1383 10034 100	4 1053 4 1413 1011 101 1019 933	4 145,00 4 38,00 59,00	00 95 00 105	June Jan July	1413	Sep Ap	t

1		Friday		1					_
	Davids (Goods)	Last Sale	Week's of Pri	ces.	Sales			High	_
	Bonds (Concluded)—	Price.		High.	Week.	Low 102	-		Mar
	Southern Gas 6 ½s1935 Southwest G & E 581957	95	95	951/4	23,000	95	July	100%	Apr
١	S'west Pow & Lt. 6s2022 Staley (A E) Mfg 6s1942	105½ 98½	98	98%	10,000 20,000	9734	Aug	101 36	Mar
1	Stand Inv 5s with war 1937 Stand Pow & Lt 6s1957	99%	130 99%	130 100	$\frac{2,000}{27,000}$	9938	Jan Sept	10436	
1	8tinnes (Hugo) Corp— 7s Oct 1 '36 without warr	90	88	90	38,000	87	Sept	98% 1	May
	7s 1946 without warr'ts. Stutz Motor 7 1/2s 1937	881/2	8814 9814	89 1/8	$15,000 \\ 21,000$	88 93	Aug Feb	97% 1	May Sept
1	Sun Maid Raisin 61/8_1942 Sun Oil 51/81939	79 101	78%	79% 101	9,000 51,000	76 100	July July	98 102%	Apr
1	Swift & Co 5s Oct 15 1932	99 1/8	99%	100	59,000	9956	Aug	10134	Jan Mar
1	Texas Power & Lt 5s1956 Trans-Cont Oil 7s1930	99 1/4 105 7/8	98¾ 105¾	105%	38,000	103	Feb	116 95%	Jan Apr
ı	Tyrol Hydro Elec 7s1952 Ulen & Co 6 1/2s1936		92 9916	99 16	1,000 1,000	8934 9734	Feb		May
1	United El Serv (Unes) 7s'56 Without warrants			94 1/2	7,000	9236	Jan	100	Apr
1	United Indust 6 1/8 - 1941 United Lt & Rys 5 1/8 - 1952	93	90 1/2	92 1/2 94 1/8	4,000 75,000	92	Sept	9934	Jan Jan
I	6s series A1952 Un Rys of Havana 71/4s '36			101	2,000 5,000	10035	June	10814	Jan Feb
1	United Steel Wks 6 1/2 8 1947 With warrants	91%	90	91 1/2	13,000	89	June	96	Feb
1	US Rubber 6 1/2 % notes 1929 Serial 6 1/2 % notes 1932	9514	100 9434	100 9514	1,000 2,000	92 92	July	102 1/2 103	Feb Feb
١	Serial 6 1/2 % notes1933 Serial 6 1/2 % notes1934	95¾ 94¾	9434	95¾ 95	2,000 6,000	91 901	July	103 102 16	Feb Jan
1	Serial 6 1/2 notes 1935 Serial 6 1/2 notes 1936	95	95 9434	95 95	1,000 2,000	9036	July	103	Feb Jan
١	Serial 6 1/2 % notes 1938		94 95	94¼ 95¾	10,000	901/8	July	103 14	Jan Jan
١	Serial 6 1/2 % notes1939 U S Smelt & Ref 5 1/3 _ 1935		102	102 94%	5,000	100	May	105	Feb May
1	Van Camp Pack 8s1941	93¾ 75	93%	75	38,000 8,000		Aug	82	July
1	Vesten Elec Rys 781947 Va Elec & Pow 5s A1955		89 1/2	89 1/2 99 1/2	5,000 5,000	89 98¾	Aug		Jan Mar
1	Warner Bros Pict 6 1/8 1928 Warner-Quinlan Co 6s 1942	11514	195 112	198 118	$3,000 \\ 186,000$	95% 98	Jan Feb		Aug
1	Webster Mills 6 1/8 1933 Western Power 5 1/8 1957	100 16	92	92 1/2	3,000 70,000	88 99	June	99 % 105	Apr May
1	WestvacoChlorine5 1/28 1937 Wheeling Steel 4 1/28 1953		100 3		15,000 101,000	100	Aug		May May
1	Wisconsin Cent Ry 5s_1930		97	9714	5,000	95	June		Aug
	Foreign Government								
	and Municipalities.								
1	Agricul Mtge Bk Rep of Col 20-yr 78Jan 15 1946		98	98%	10,000	9736	Jan	10234	Apr
	20-year 7s Jan 15 1947		99%	9934	6,000	97	Jan	101 %	Apr
	Akershus (Dept) Norway— External 5s1963		8914	90	110,000	8814	Aug	9734	
	Baden (Germany) 781951 Bank of Prussia Landown-	98	98	9814	7,000		June		Apr
	ers' Assn 6% notes 1930 Buenos Aires(Prov)7 1/45 '47	102	10136		48,000 17,000	100 14	Jan Feb		May
	781952 Cacuca Valley (Dept) Co-	100	100	101 1/2	42,000	98	Jan	10214	
	bia extl sink fund 7s 1948 Cent Bk of German State &		9614	97	20,000	961/4		97	Sept
	Prov Banks 6s B 1951 Sec sink fund 6s A 1952	89	863% 89	89 14 89	53,000 1,000	86 88	Aug	93	Mar Jan
	6 1/2 1958 Danish Cons Munic 5 1/2 55	893	89 1/4 98 3/4		113,000 67,000	8936 97	Aug	102	June Apr
	5s new		951/2		5,000		July	9914	Apr
	Extl sink fund 6 1/4s 1952 Denm'k (Kingd'm) 53/48 '55	85%	85 1/2	86 100%	4,000 32,000		Aug July	n90 102 14	Feb Jap
	4 %s 1962 Frankfort (City) 6 %s. 1953	897	89%	90 ½ n97 ½	246,000	8714	June	95 4	May
	German Cons Munic 7s '47	981	98	98¾ 90¾	42,000	96	Aug	94 %	May
	Indus Mtg Bk of Finland				1			10214	
	lst mtge coll s f 7s1944 Medellin (Colombia) 7s '51	97%	9714	9814	8,000 35,000	9236	Jan	101	Apr
	8s		931/4	105 93 1/4	2,000 13,000		Jan July	9414	
	Mendoza (Prov) Argentins	99	98%	9914	37,000	9634	Jan	100⅓	Apr
	Minas Geraes (State) Brazi Ext 6 1/8	958		95%			Aug	9736	Apr
	Montevideo (City) 6s_1956 Mtge Bk of Bogota 7s_1947		9434		27,000	911	Feb	98%	Sept
2	New_ Mtge Bank of Chile 6s 193	98	94 9734	95 9814	25,000	9134	June June	9514	Mar
8	Mtg Bk of Denmark 5s '7' Mtge Bk of Jugoslav 7s '5'	963	96 14	97 3/8	14,000 44,000	9514	June Aug	99 1/2	Apr May
t	Mtge Bank of Venetian Provinces 7s1953	1	91	911/4			June		Apr
r	Newfoundland 7s 1952 Parana (State of) Braz 7s '5	2 100 3	100 14	101	2,000	9914	June	102 9814	Feb May
t	Prussia (Free State) 6 1/8 '5 Extl 68 (of '27) Oct 15 '5	953	95	951/2	91,000	95	June	98%	Mar
2	Rio Grande do Sul (State) Brasil 7s (of '27) 196'	903	97	97 14			Jan		Apr
7	08194	943			25,000	9414	July		Sept
е	Russian Government—	9	1214	127	32,000	1214	June	18 18	Mar Mar
e	6 % s ctfs191 5 % s192	1 13	13	131/		12%	June	17%	Mar
y	5 1/2 s certificates 192 Saar Basin Con Counties	1 13			1,000	127	July	1174	
r	Santa Fe (City) Argentin	5 100 e		100	6,000		Sept		
n	Republic extl 7s194 Santiago (Chile) 7s194	96	96	97½ 100½	11,000	9834	July	101%	Apr Mar
D	Saxon State Mtg Ins 7s -'4 6 1/2s	5	993	100	2,000	973	July	98%	Apr
r	Serbs Croats & Slovenes (King) extl sec 7s ser B'6	2 85	843	4 851	64.00	82	Aug	92	Feb
1	Silesia (Prov) 7s195 Switzerland Govt 516 192	8 89 9 100	89 ½ 100 ½	4 89 ½ 4 100 5	49,00	0 88 kg	Sept	89¾ n103	June
r	Warsaw (City) 7s195	8 87	873	4 88	45,00		July	9034	May
8	* No par value. I Corre	etlon	em T.fate	ed on t	he Stock	Evehar	ge thi	s week.	where

* No par value. I Correction. m Listed on the Stock Exchange this week, where additional transactions will be found. n Sold under the rule. o Sold for cash. s Option sales. t Ex-rights and bonus. w When issued. z Ex-dividend. y Exrights. z Ex-stock dividend.

Option sales made as follows: a Middle West Util. prior lien stk. Mar. 5 at 12] A. G. Spalding & Bro., com., Jan. 14 at 120; g Associated Gas & Elec., Jan. 14 at 47; h Sierra Pacific Electric Co., Jan. 6 at 92; u Mt. State Power, Jan. 13, 101 1/4.

(1) Palmolive Pet., Feb. 28 at 85.

"Under the rule" sales were made as follows:

"Under the rule" sales were made as follows:

b Belgian National Railway, preference Jan. 20 at 17½: Eltingon Schild Co. 6s, Jan. 13 at 98½; f Goodyear Tire & Rubber of Calif. 5½s, Jan. 4 at 101½. & U. S. Rubber 6½% notes 1940 at 108; r J. J. Newberry, pref. Jan. 25 at 107½; s Standard Publishing class A Jan. 25 at 4; u \$1,000 United Oil Prod. 8s 1931; Feb. 2 at \$81. Potrero Sug. 7s, 1967, Feb. 17 at 98; v American Meter Co. Feb. 29 at 126. (3) Ohlo River Edison 5s, 1951, Feb. 27 at 103. (4) Nat. Pub. Sur. war.; Apr. 24 at 3@3½. (6) Mtg. Bk. of Bogota 7s, 1947, Apr. 20 at 96—Inland Steel 1½s. May 4, at \$5,000 at 98½. (8) Cities Service pref., May 23 at 108½. (9) German Con. Mines 7s, 1947; May 23, \$1,000 at 101½. (10) Trumbull Steel; pref., July 19, 100 at 122½. (11) Midwest Gas 7s, 1936, July 23, \$4,000 at 107½; (13) 1,000 Pittsburgh Steel 6s 1948 Aug. 24 at 103½.

Quotations of Sundry Securities

1	-	- 1	1	EBG	1	est" except where marked '	- 72				L
Public Utilities Par.	Bia	Ask	Railroad Equipments		- 00	Bird Grocery Stores com+	*29	32	Amer Founders Trust com	110	11
merican Gas & Electric† 6% preferred† mer Light & Trac com.100	174	175 1071 ₂	Equipment 6 1/8	5.25 5.20	4.90	7% cum pref(with war) 100 Bohack (H C) Inc com	*55	65	6% pereferred	4412	5
Preferred 100	215	218 118	Baltimore & Ohio 68 Equipment 41/48 & 58	5.25 5.15	4.85	7% 1st preferred100 Butler (James) com	•	110	Class BAtl & Pac Intl Corp	12	1
mer Pow & Light Deb 6s 2016M&8		10714	Buff Roch & Pitts equip 6s. Canadian Pacific 41/48 & 6s.	5.25 5.20	4.87	Consol Ret Sts, 8% pl with		60	Bankers Financial Trust	69 89	9
mer Public Util com100 7% prior preferred100	50 92	65 94	Central RR of N J 6s Chesapeake & Ohio 6s	5.25 5.35	5.00	Diamond Shoe, com	106 31	110	Bankers Investm't Am com.	121 ₄	
Partie preferred100	9112	9512	Equipment 6 1/48	5.25 5.15	4.95	Preferred. Fan Farmer Candy Sh pref †	104	105 32	Debenture sharesBankstocks Corp of Md A		
modated Gas & Eleccom.	106 ¹ 2	1071 ₂ 20	Equipment 5s Chicago & North West 6s	5.30	5.00	Fed Bak Shops, com	*7 96	10	Class B. Preferred.		
\$6 Dreferred+	*56	58 100	Equipment 6 1/28 & 58	5.20 5.15	4.90	Feitman & Curme Shoe		100	Units British Type Investors A	4312	2 4
\$6 1/2 preferred	101	103	Equipment 6s	5.30 5.50	5.00	Stores A com† 7% preferred100	*10 75	20 85	Continental Securities Corp. 5s 1962	114	. 10
Deb 5s 1968 A & O Deb 5s 2875	92 9712	9284	Delaware & Hudson 6s Erie 4 1/2 & 5s	5.25 5.30		Gt Atl & Pac Tea vot com_† Preferred100	*359	369 118	Crum & Forster Insuran- shares com	90	1
Mat. Util. Assc. com	*40 ¹ 2 *13 ¹ 2	4112	Equipment 6s	5.35 5.25	5.05	Preferred	119 1031 ₂	123	Preferred Diversified Trustee ahs	100 211 ₂	10
om'w'ith Pr Corp pref_100	102	10212	Equipment 5e	5.10	4.85	Howorth-Snyder Co. A	18	21	Shares B	191 ₂ 271 ₂	2 3
eneral Pub Serv com	*2512	26	Hocking Valley 5s Equipment 6s	5.15 5.25	5.00	7% preferred 100			Eastern Bankers Corp com_ Units	149	1
\$7 preferredt	*130 *1001 ₂	135	Illinois Central 4 1/28 & 58 Equipment 68	5.10 5.30		Kinnear Stores com	*32 116	33 118	Finan & Indust Ser com Preferred	116 ¹ 2 105	1
\$6 first preferredt en'l Public Util100 ississippi Riv Pow pref.100	96 ¹ 2	9712	Equipment 7s & 61/48 Kanawha & Michigan 68	5.20 5.30	4.90 5.00	Knox Hat, com	+220		Warrants. First Fed Foreign Inv Trust	125 95	i
First mage 5s 1951J&J Deb 5s 1947M&M	101 ¹ 2 96 ¹ 2	10212	Kansas City Southern 51/4s. Louisville & Nashville 6s	5.25 5.30	5.00	\$7 cum prefz Cl A partic pref† Kobacker Stores com†	*64 *431 ₄	68 4678	Fixed Trust Shares	1878	1
tional Pow & Light pref_†	10712		Equipment 6 1/28	5.15	4.90	Cum pref 7%100	100	104	deb 5s with warrants	1391 ₂ 25	2
7% Preferred100	13738 109	138	Michigan Central 5s & 6s Minn St P & S S M 4 1/5s & 5s	5.10 5.30	5.00	Tane Bryant Inc com		109	Old units	80 71	1
r Texas Elee Co com. 100 Preferred100	15 49	17 52	Equipment 6 1/18 & 78 Missouri Pacific 68 & 6 1/18	5.50 5.25	4.95	Leonard Fitspatrick & Muller Stores com	*29	33	New units 6% bonds Greenway Corp com	120	
do Pub Serv. 7% pref_100	110 102	1111 ₂ 104	Mobile & Ohio 5e New York Central 4 1/48 & 5e	5.15		Preferred 8%	320	120 350	Preferred (w w)	174 524	
cific Gas & El 1st pref25 get Sound Pow& Lt 6%p †	*2612		Equipment 6s	5.25 5.20	5.00	First preferred 6% 100 Second pref, 8% 100	100		Guardian Investment Preferred	18 26	1
% preferred	*89	92	Norfolk & Western 4 148	5.00	4.75	McLellan Stores comt	*52	58 105	Incorporated Investors Insuranshares ser A 1927	76 251 ₂	2
ist & ref 51/s 1949_J&D uth Cal Edison 8% pf_25	*54	102 ¹ 2 59	Pacific Fruit Express 78	5.10	4.90	6% preferred100 Melville Shoe Corp comt	*64	66	Series C 1927	255 ₈ 285 ₈	8
	110	$\frac{1111_2}{1081_2}$	Pitteb & Lake Erie 6 168	5.05 5.15	4.95	1st pref 6% with warr_100 Warrants		106	Series C 1927 Series F 1927 Series H 1927	24	1
% preferred100	103	100 ¹ 2 104 ¹ 2			4.75	Mercantile Stores	104	130	Int Sec Corp of Am com A	21 58	1
% pref100	108 ¹ 2	110	Scaboard Air Line 51/48 & 68 Southern Pacific Co 43/48	5.75	5.25 4.75	Metropolitan Chain Stores_† New preferred100	-03	631_{2} 108	Common B 6½% preferred	34 96	1
meets row Corp pres. 100	101	104	Equipment 78	5.10	4.90	Metropol 5 to 50 Sts com A †	*4	7	6% preferred Invest Co of Am com	891 ₂	2
Short Term Securities			Southern Ry 4 1/8 & 58 Equipment 68	5.30	4.90 5.00	Preferred 100	52	60	7% preferred	99 153	1
is Chal Mfg, 5s May '37.	99	9912	Toledo & Ohio Central 68 Union Pacific 78		5.00 4.90	Miller (I) & Sons comt Preferred 6 1/2 100	9.4	363 ₄ 98	Series A units Investments Trust of N Y	1084	4
m Co of Amer, 58 May'52 her Rad, deb 4 1/48, May'47	1021 ₂ 978 ₄	10234				Murphy (G.C) Co com +	*71	75 105	Joint Investors A. Conv pref		
Roll Mill deb 5s, Jan '48	96	9612	Standard Oll Stocks			8% cum pref100 Nat Family Stores Inct Cum pref \$2 with warr_25	*25 *2812	26 31	Massachusetts Investors Mohawk Invest Corp	91%	
Thread 6s, Dec 1928 glo-Am Oil 4 1/28, July '29	100 983 ₄		Anglo-Amer Oll vot stock £1			Nat Shirt Shops, comt	*22	26	Mutual Investment Trust	10%	
a'da Cop Min 6s, Jan '29 lst cons 6sFeb. 1953		100^{5}_{8} 105^{3}_{8}	Non-voting stock£1 Atlantic Refining100 Preferred100	*1838 172	173	Preferred 8%100 Nat Tea 612% pref100	104	93 106	New England Invest Trust_ Old Colony Invest Tr com	3112	
tavian Pete 4 1/4s 1942 Il Tel of Can 5s A_Mar '55	931 ₄ 1021 ₂		Preferred100	115	118	Neisner Bros Inc. com	*94	25 96	8econd Internat See Corp.	48	
th Stl 5% notes June 15'29 Sec 5% notes June 15'30		100 998 ₄	Borne Scrymser Co25 Buckeye Pipe Line Co50	*48	53 ¹ 2	Preferred 7%100	12100	145 140	6% preferred	42	-
Sec 5% notes_June 15 '31	9812	9912	Chesebrough Mfg Cons25			Preferred 7%100 N Y Merchandise com1	106	109 30	New units Shawmut Bk Inv Trust	90	
Sec 5% notes_June 15 '32 m'l Invest Tr 5s_May '29	981 ₂ 981 ₄	99	Continental Oil v t c 10	*1718	1714	First pref 7% 100	102	105 310	58 1952 1952 Stand Int Sees Corp units	95 200	
% notesMay 1930 d Pkg, deb 51/4s_Oct 1937	97 991 ₈			6814		6% cum cl A pref100	102	104		48	-
nard SS Line 4 1/28 Dec '29 El Ill Bost 4s, Nov 2 '28	981 ₂ 998 ₄		Galena Signal Oil com100 Preferred old100	71 ₂ 81	81 ₄ 83			68 114	Standard Investing Corp 5 1/2 preferred w w	103	1
11/2% notesNov 1930 apire Gas & Fuel 5s		9914	Preferred new	81		6 1/2 % cum pref 100 Piggly-Wiggly Corp † Preferred 8 % 100	*38 x101	41 104	5% bonds w w	1271 144	
June 1929-30	9612		Illinois Pipe Line100	22212	233	Piggly West States A		$\frac{28^{1}2}{149}$		128 128	8
k Rub 51/28Jan 1931	92	93	Imperial Oil† Indiana Pipe Line Co50	*8014	751 ₂ 81	Rogers Peet Co com100			Class B.	437 24	8
n Mot Ac Corp 5s Mar '29 5% serial notesMar '30	991 ₂ 991 ₄	100	International Petroleum † National Transit Co12.50	◆205e		Safeway Sts pf w'out war 6% Sanitary Grocery Co comt	*377	98 385	Class B Class C 1 Class C 2	25%	84
% serial notes_Mar '31 % serial notes_Mar '32		100	New York Transit Co100 Northern Pipe Line Co100	100	541 ₂	61/4% preferred100 Schiff Co com	127 *40	133 43	Class D.	18	1
% serial notes Mar '33	97	98	Ohio Oil	*6138 *3584	6178	Cum conv pref 7% 100 Silver (Isaac) & Bros com_ †	160	175 55	U S & Brit Internat units U S & Foreign Sec com	771	
% serial notesMar '34 % serial notesMar '35	968 ₄	9714	Prairie Oil & Gas	*4612	4658	7% cum conv pref 100	106	109	Preferred	951	
5% serial notesMar '36 oodr (BF) Co 5s Jan 15 '29	96 991 ₂	971 ₄ 100	Solar Refining100	175	186 ³ 4 181 ¹ 2	Southern Groc Stores A† Southern Stores 6 units		96	United Investors Sec Water Bends.	94	1
odyr T & R 5s Dec 15 '28 If Oil Corp of Pa deb 5s	9912	100	Southern Pipe Line Co50 South Penn Oil25	*1514 *50	171 ₂ 503 ₄	Spaid (A G) & Bros, com 100 U S Stores com class A	*4	220 7	Arkan Wat 1st 5s '56 A.A&O Birm WW 1st 51/4sA'54.A&O	100	1
Dec 1937 Deb 5sFeb 1947		1001 ₄ 1001 ₄	Southwest Pa Pipe Lines.100	80	84	Com class Bt	35	3 45	City W(Chatt) 514 "54AJ&D	100	1
ppers Gas & Coke deb 5s			Standard Oil (Indiana) 25	*7578	7614	Walgreen Co com	*57	59 107	1st M 5s 1954J&D City of New Castle Water	95	
June 1947 g Pet 4 1/48_Feb 15 '29-'35	97	100	Standard Oil (Kansas)25 Standard Oil (Kentucky).25	*12614	127	8% cum pref10 West Auto Supply com A	*52	55	5s Dee 2 1941J&D 1 Clinton WW 1st 5s'39_F&A	94 96	
er Oil 5sJune 15 1929 Serial 5% notes June 15'30		100 981 ₂	Standard Oil (Neb)25 Standard Oil of New Jer25	*4584	4578	636% preferred100	101	104	Com'w'th Wat 1st 5 1/8A'47	99 95	
Serial 5% notes June 15'31 Serial 5% notes June 15'32	95 94	96 95	Standard Oil of New York.25 Standard Oil (Ohlo)25	*3614 *8212	3638	Rubber Stocks (Cleveland Quotations)			Conneller W 5eOct2'39A&O1 E St L & Int Wat 5e'42.J&J	94	- 1
lss Gas Cos, 5 1/18 Jan 1946	103	10312	Preferred100	118	119 23	Aetna Rubber common†	* 1912	22	lst M 6s 1942J&J Huntington 1st 6s '54_M&S	100 100	
cific Mills 51/sFeb '31 oples Gas L & Coke 41/s		9612	Preferred			Falls Rubber som †	* 5	20 20	5s1954 Mid States WW 6s'36 M&N	95 100	
Dec 1929 & 1930 oct & Gamb, 4 1/28 July '47	98 971 ₂		Union Tank Car Co100 Vacuum Oli (New)25	*8018	114 81	Preferred 25 Faultless Rubber 1	-90.5		Monm Con W 1st 5s'56AJ&D	90	- 1
es Shef Stl & Ir 6s Aug '29 ift & Co 5% notes	100					6% preferred100	10912	110	Monm Val Wt 51/4 '50_J&J Muncie WW 58 Oct2'39 A 01	94	
Oct 15 1932 lew Pow 1st 58_Aug '29		100 991 ₂	Sugar Stocks			7% preferred100 General Tire & Rub com25	1081 ₄ *170	1088 ₄	St Joseph Water 5s 1941A&O Shenango ValWat 5s'56A&O	96 92	
NJRR & Can 4s Sept'29	9812	9912	Caracas Sugar50 Cent Aguirre Sugar com20	*151	3 153	Preferred	94	981 ₂ 1068 ₄	So Pitts Wat 1st 5s 1960 J&J	971	12
8 Sm & Ref 5 1/8 Nov '35 sc Cent 58 Jan '30		102 ¹ 4 98	Fajarde Sugar100	*139	141	India Tire & Rubber	*50	50 ¹ 2 50c	Ter H W W 68 '49 AJ&D 1st M 5s 1956 ser BF&D	100 95	
			Federal Sugar Ref com100 Preferred100	35	25 40	Preferred100		8	Wichita Wat 1st 6s '49_M&S		1
Tobacco Stocks Par			Godchaux Sugars, Inc† Preferred	*23	26 85	Mohawk Rubber100	170	841 ₂ 180	Indus. & Miscellaneous		- 1
nerican Cigar com100		142	Holly Sugar Corp com	*42	44 93	Preferred100 Seiberling Tire & Rubber	90	93 47	American Hardware 25 Babcock & Wilcox 100	121	
tish-Amer Tobac ord £1	*30	31	National Sugar Refining_100	150	152	Preferred100	105	107	Biles (E W) Cot Preferred50	*40	
perial Tob of G B & Irei'd	*30 *28	31 29	New Niquere Sugar 100 Savannah Sugar som †	*127	45 130	Investment Trust Stocks			Childs Company pref100	105	-
Cigar Machinery new100	95 60	100 70	Bugar Estates Oriente pf_100	116	118 46	and Bonds Par Allied Internat Investorst	*108	112	Preferred		- 1
nion Tobacco Ce com	20	23 80	Vertientes Sugar pf100	60	75	Allied Capital CorpAmer Bond & Share com. 10	67	73 27	Pheips Dodge Corp100	150	1
oung (J S) Co100	110	115	Chain Store Stocks			Amer Brit & Cont com 75% paid	25	30 95	Royal Baking Pow com_100 Preferred100	106	
Dundamed see	104	110	Par.	*96	00	75% paid	0.0	94	Singer Manufacturing 100	490	
			Am Dep Stilst pf 7% 100 Berland Stores units	-90	99	6% preferred Amer Finan Hold com A			Singer Mfg Ltd £1	*6	- 1

CURRENT NOTICES.

- -Henry G. Rolston & Co., 30 Broad St., New York, have issued a circular on Republic Fire Insurance Co. of Pittsburgh.
- —Throckmorton & Co., 165 Broadway, New York, have issued an analysis of Missouri-Kansas Pipe Line Co. bonds.
- -Resnick, Breslow & Co. announce the opening of an office in 32 Broadway, N. Y. City, to deal in unlisted securities.
- —Joseph Walker & Sons, 61 Broadway, New York, have issued an analysis of Columbia Gas & Electric Corp.
- -Dyer, Hudson & Co. announce the removal of their main office to the fourth floor of 61 Broadway, New York.
- -Auerbach, Pollak & Richardson have prepared a selected list of railroad stocks yielding from 4.50 to 6%
- -Outwater & Wells, Jersey City, N. J., have issued a diversified list of New Jersey investment suggestions.
- ---Prince & Whitely, 25 Broad St., New York, are distributing an analysis of United States Steel Corp. -Otis & Co. are distributing an analysis of Republic Iron & Steel Co.

Investment and Kailroad Intelligence.

Latest Gross Earnings by Weeks.—In the table which follows we sum up separately the earnings for the first week of September. The table covers 6 roads and shows 3.66% of September. The table covers 6 reincrease over the same week last year.

First Week of September.	1928.	1927.	Increase.	Decrease.
Buffalo Rochester & Pittsburgh	\$334,438	\$340,833		\$6,395
Canadian National	5,205,517	4,765,553	439,964	
Canadian Pacific	4,249,000	3,787,000	462,000	
Mobile & Ohio	298,904	351,651		52.747
St Louis Southwestern		478,089		10,989
Southern Railway System		3,832,493		333,490
Total (6 roads)	\$14,053,962	\$13,555,619	\$901,964	\$403,621
Net increase (3.66%)			498,343	

In the table which follows we also complete our summary of the earnings for the fourth week of August:

Fourth Week of August.	1928.	1927.	Increase.	Decrease.
Canadian National Duluth South Shore & Atlantic	\$8,323,967 144,448		\$1,241,023	26,906
Mineral Range	6,385	6,571		186
Western Maryland Previously reported (7 roads)	520,733 13,592,598			97,851
Total (11 roads)	\$22,588,131	\$21,410,759	\$1,302,315 1,177,943	

In the following table we show the weekly earnings for a number of weeks past:

			We	ek.	Current Year.	Previous Year.	Increase or Decrease.	%
					8	8	8	
lat	week	Feb.	(13	roads)	14,361,236	13,890,366	+470,870	3.39
24	week	Feb.	(13	roads)	14,728,570	14,221,833	+506,737	3.56
84	week	Feb.	(13	roads)	18,881,532	10,882,826	-1.294	0.02
4th	week	Feb.	(12	roads)	15,575,152	13,665,718	+1,909,434	13.97
let	week	Mar.	(11	roads)	9,148,917	9,305.258	-156,341	1.69
24	week	Mar.	(11	roads)	9,271,593	9,523,366	-251,773	2.65
34				roads)	14,104,068	13,836,568	-267,552	1.90
4th	week	Mar.	(12	roads)	21,017,426	20,134,884	+882,541	4.38
let	week	Apr.	(12	roads)	15,651,418	15,283,350	+368,068	2.41
24	week	Apr.	(12	roads)	13,255,732	13,508,682	-252,950	1.87
34	week	Apr.	(11	roads)	9,009,058	8,996,523	+12,534	0.14
4th	week	ADT.	(12	roads)	17,496,497	18,058,908	-562,411	3.11
lst				roads)	13,649,210	14,118,344	-469,133	3.33
24	week	May	(12	roads)	14,191,781	13,656,727	+535,054	3.92
34	week	May	(12	roads)	14,458,113	13,506,067	+952,046	7.04
4th	week	May	(12	roads)	15,007,030	14,264,043	+742,987	5.21
let	week	June	(12	roads)	13,673,411	13,394,869	+278,542	
24	week	June	(12	roads)	14,229,434	13,551,112	+678,341	5.01
34	week	June	(11	roads)	14.138.958	13.541.992	+596,966	3.66
4th	week	June	(11	roads)	19,250,486	18,288,339	+962,147	
1st	week	July	(12	roads)	14,126,722	13,318,138	+808,584	6.07
24	week	July	(12	roads)	14.366.775	13,648,978	+717,797	
3d	week	July	(12	roads)	14,611,038	14.078.523	+532,435	
4th				roads)	20,725,170	19,038,584	+1.686,586	
lat	week	Aug		roads)	14,966,919	13,605,103	+1,361,816	
24	week	Aug		roads)	15,193,245	14,211,656	+981,589	
3d	week			roads)	15,501,891	14,278,486	+1.223,405	
				roads)	22,588,131		+1,177,943	
				roads)	14.053.962			

We also give the following comparisons of the monthly totals of railroad earnings, both gross and net (the net before the deduction of taxes), both being very comprehensive. They include all the Class A roads in the country, with a total mileage each month as stated in the footnote to the table:

Month.		Gross Earning	78.	Net Earnings.					
at oran.	1927.	1926.	Increase or Decrease.	1927.	1926.	Increase or Decrease.			
	8	8	3	8	3	8			
August _	556,406,662	579.093.397	-22.686,735	164.013.942	179,711,414	-15.697.472			
			-26,058,156						
			-23,440,266						
			-58.159.905						
			-59,294,705						
	1928.	1927.	00,202,100	1928.	1927.	20,100,01			
January			-30,161,749			-5,558,796			
			-12,850,859						
			-26,410,659						
			-24,437,149						
			-8,823,323						
			-14,871,440 +3,333,445						

Note.—Percentage of increase or decrease in net for above months has been 1927—Aug., 8.73% dec.; Sept., 7.14% dec.; Oct., 3.87% dec.; Nov., 20.53% dec.; Dec., 23.76% dec. 1928—Jan., 5.88% dec.; Feb., 0.50% inc.; March, 2.96% dec.; April, 2.56% dec.; May, 0.66% inc.; June, 1.41% dec.; July, 9.32% inc. In the month of Aug. the length of road covered was 238,672 miles in 1927, against 237,824 miles in 1926; in Sept., 238,814 miles, against 237,854 miles in 1926; in Oct., 238,828 miles, against 238,041 miles in 1926; in Nov., 238,711 miles in 1926; in Jan., 239,476 miles, against 238,552 miles, against 237,711 miles in 1926; in Jan., 239,476 miles, against 238,608 miles in 1927; in Feb., 239,584 miles, against 238,731 miles in 1927; in March, 239,649 miles, against 238,729 miles in 1927; in April, 239,852 miles, against 238,904 miles in 1927; in May, 240,120 miles, against 239,079 miles in 1927; in June, 240,302 miles, against 239,066 miles in 1927; in July, 240,433 miles, against 238,906 miles in 1927.

Electric Railway and Other Public Utility Net Earnings.—The following table gives the returns of ELECTRIC railway and other public utility gross and net earnings with charges and surplus reported this week:

Blackstone Valley Gas & Electric Co.

(And	Subsidiar	y Compani	es)	
_		July	-12 Mos. En	d. July 31-
	1928.	1927.	1928.	1927.
Gross earnings Operation Maintenance Taxes	$\substack{444,699\\240,091\\25,731\\32,424}$	433,206 249,700 17,823 30,734	$\substack{6,026,645\\3,098,894\\279,074\\380,289}$	5,785,722 $3,136,994$ $220,793$ $374,420$
Net operating revenue Income from other sources	146,452	134,948	2,268,387 37,710	2,053,514 6,740
Net income Deductions			2,306,098 105,500	2,060,255 105,500
Balance Interest and amortization			2,200,598 550,971	1,954,755 505,368
Balance			1,649,626	1.449,386

(National I	a Power & Li	ight Co.Su	bsidiary.)	
_		July — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	-12 Mos. End 1928.	1. July 31— 1927.
Gross earns. from oper Oper. expenses & taxes	$\substack{6.93,801 \\ 345,042}$	668,654 384,080	8,970,783 4,638,236	8,705,432 4,586,683
Net earns. from oper_ Other income	348,759 58,205	284.574 55,120	4,332,547 829,192	4,118,749 441,620
Total income Interest on bonds Other int. & deductions_	406,964 150,417 17,359	339,694 118,965 9,759	5,161,739 1,792,019 170,142	4,560,369 1,287,715 53,586
Balance Dividends on pref. stock	239,188	210,970	3.199,578 1,076,127	3,219,068 944,832
Balance			2.123.451	2.274.236

Columbus Electric & Power Co.

(And	Subsidiar	y Compani	es)	
	-Month o	July -	-12 Mos. En	d. July 31-
	1928. \$	1927.	1928.	1927.
Gross earnings	$322,210 \\ 98,788 \\ 21,415 \\ 31,400$	337,479 119,035 9,464 34,663	4,336,788 1,342,645 259,211 389,295	4,013,110 1,197,725 235,985 369,460
Net oper. revenue Income from other sources	170,607	174,315	2,345,635 9,768	2,209,938 27,255
Balance			2,355,403 882,910	2,237,194 903,684
Balance			1,472,492	1,333,510

Eastern Texas Electric Co.

(And	Dubsidiar	y Companie	18.)	
Gross earnings		1927. 8 694,099	-12 Mos. En 1928. \$ 7,545,893	d. July 31— 1927. \$ 6,681,356
Operating Maintenance Taxes	332,216 33,339 46,785	341,741 35,116 38,551	3,715,055 424,400 539,466	3,444,742 401,530 409,410
Net operating revenue Income from other sources	350,311	278,689	2,866,970 69,746	2,425,672 122,206
Balance Deductions	2,927,716 1,117,154	2,547,878 874,401		
Balance Interest and amortization.			1,810,562 489,813	1,673,477 480,928
Balance			1.320.748	1.192.548

Edison Electric Illuminating Co. of Brockton.

	-Month of	July -	-12 Mos. En	d. July 31-
	1928. \$	1927.	1928. \$	1927. \$
Gross earnings Operation Maintenance Taxes	$\substack{151,060\\78,442\\6,022\\24,837}$	$\begin{array}{c} 141,495 \\ 74,115 \\ 7,246 \\ 26,049 \end{array}$	$\substack{1,984,695\\962,763\\90,911\\262,298}$	1,881,747 $886,567$ $44,210$ $294,785$
Net operating revenue Income from other sources	41,758	34,084	668,811 9,205	656,184 1,771
BalanceInterest and amortization			678,017 44,734	657,955 14,002
Balance			633,282	643,953

El Paso Electric Co.

And	Jubsidiar	Companie	a.,		
-	Month of July 1927.		-12 Mos. En 1928.	d. July 31— 1927.	
Gross earnings	\$ 253.953	\$ 238.919	3.109.715	2.936.659	
Gross earnings	200,900	200,010	3,103,713	2,500,000	
Operation	125,235	118.086	1.430,779	1.431.087	
Maintenance	16,440	13,941	187,847	186,025	
Taxes	22,036	21,093	259,840	242,461	
Net operating revenue	90.240	85.798	1.231.247	1.077.085	
Income from other sources	5		8,623		
Balance			1,239,870	1.077.085	
Interest and amortization.			209,588	169,408	
Rolance		_	1 030 282	907 676	

Fall River Gas Works Co.

	Month of 1928.	July————————————————————————————————————	-12 Mos. End 1928.	d. July31— 1927.
Gross earnings	81,510	84,575	1,043,780	1,039,726
Operation Maintenance Texas	44,392 6,851 12,321	42,347 6,755 10,847	564,166 80,220 164,676	546,235 79,940 130,753
Net operating revenue Interest charges	234,715 17,782	282,796 14,839		
Balance			216,933	267,957

Fort Worth Power & Light Co.

(Southwester	rn Power &	Light Co.	Subsidiary.)	
-		July — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	-12 Mos. End 1928.	1. July 31— 1927.
Gross earns. from oper Oper. exps. and taxes	$\substack{252,789 \\ 126,816}$	$245,489 \\ 132,568$	$3.110,508 \\ 1,676,125$	2,895,578 1,379,7 5 8
Net earns, from oper. Other income	125,973 1,174	112,921 2,971	1,434,383 24,383	1,515,820 23,078
Tetal income Interest on bonds Other int. and deduct	127,147 14,542 2,528	115,892 14,542 2,395	1,458,766 174,500 31,507	1,538,898 174,500 30,003
Balance_ Divs. on preferred stock	110,077	98,955	1,252,759 160,832	1,334,395 160,832
Balance			1.091,927	1,173,563

		on Electi			Los Ang	geles Gas	& Electr		
And	-Month of	July -	–12 Mos. En 1928.	d. July 31- 1927.			To make the	Month 10 1928.	of July 1927.
Gross earnings	434,757	441,171	5,237,731	4,897,293	#Net after taxes			632,609 201,244	567,000 141,976
Operation	204,006 55,356	207.455	2,443,035 673,326	2.455.466	* After interest and de				
Taxes	32,881	54,263 30,721	404,045	615,479 376,730			ower Co.		
Net operating revenue Income from other sources	142,514	148,730	1,717,323 1,004	1,449,616			ght Co. Sul f July————————————————————————————————————	-12 Mos. End 1928.	d. July 31—
Balance Interest and amortization_			1.718.327 875.359	1,474,094 861.980	Gross earns, from oper	\$ 406,251 229,775	\$ 369,069 201,831	\$ 5.117.955 2,705,259	4.637.149
Balance			842,968	612,114	Oper. exps. and taxes Net earns. from oper.	176,476		2,705,259	2,368,657
Hav		s Light C	Co. -12 Mos. En 1928.	nd. July 30-	Other income	9,037	167,238 9,762	180,132	2,268,492 182,608
Gross earnings	1928. \$ 54,173	1927. \$ 59.389	1928. \$ 700,463	1927. \$ 707,941	Total income Interest on bonds Other int. and deduct	$185,513 \\ 67,250 \\ 15,950$	177,000 67,250 9,877	$2,594,828 \\ 807,000 \\ 171,761$	$\substack{2,451,100\\796,722\\97,979}$
Operation Maintenance	35,548	38,476	462,621	497,635 32,961	Balance Divs. on pref. stock	102,313	99,873	1,616,067 364,000	1,556,399 364,000
Takes	2,088 5,532	3,293 4,779	32,169 65,874	69,601	Balance			1,252,067	1,192,399
Net operating revnue_ Interest charges			139,798 5,174	107,742 2,544		ic Power	& Light	Co.	
Balance			134,623	105,197	(American	-Month o	ight Co. Su	-12 Mos. En	d. July 31-
Illinois Po	(And Sub		oration.		C	1928.	1927.	1928.	1927.
-			12 Mos. End 1928.	d. July 31— 1927.	Gross earns, from oper Oper, exps. and taxes	380,917 215,421	297,110 183,631	4,155,624 2,331,186	3,692,330 2,070,142
Gross earns, from oper Oper, exp. & maint	2,745,603 1,493,311	2,338,537 1,443,006	32.964.751 17.843.967	31.604.713 17.880.573	Net earns. from oper. Other income	$165,496 \\ 2,409$	113,479 5,583	1,824,438 18,082	1,622,188 19,989
Total expenses & taxes	121,252	1,443,006	1,353,243	1,253,499	Total income Interest on bonds	167,905 37,996	119,062 37,996	1,842,520 455,950	1,642,177 466,481
Earnings from operation Less rentals	1,614,564 $1,131,039$ $54,972$	1,545,777 792,760	$19,197,211 \\ 13,767,540 \\ 563,905$	12,470,640	Other int. and deductBalance	69,050	27,454 53,612	512,508 874,062	313,173 862,523 405,218
Add other income Total net earnings	1.113.942	6,089 798,850	478,632 13,682,266	48,337	Divs. on pref. stock Balance			406,394	405,218
Less prior charges of: Iowa Pow. & Lt. Co The Kansas Pr. & Lt.				911,301		land Car	& Coke		401,000
Total earnings avail-			1,167,071			Power & L	ight Co Sul		d Jarla 21_
able for bond int 12 mos. int. on Ill. Pr. & Lt. Corp. mtge. dt			12,515,194 5,153,511	11,607,675 5,046,536		1928.	1927.	1928.	1927.
	rough Ra	pid Tran		0,010,000	Gross earns, from oper. Oper, exps. and taxes	$373,296 \\ 217,489$	$377,290 \\ 223,375$	4,435,399 2,949,696	4,486,782 2,908,237
(Net Earnings of th	ne Interborou	gh System un	Month	of July	Net earns, from oper_ Other income	155,807 4,414	153,915 4,079	1,485,703 37,381	1,578,545 33,427
Gross revenue from all so	urces		1928. \$ 5,093,242	4.883,906	Total income	160,221 40,604	157.994	1.523.084	1.611.972
Expenditures for oper. and	i maint. the	property	$\frac{3,351,401}{1,741,840}$	3,248,969 1,634,937	Other int. and deduct	3,938	35,479 22,522	452,750 180,395	425,750 248,984
Taxes payable to City, Sta			197,504	295,593	Balance Divs. on pref. stock	115,679	99,993	889,939 381,338	937,238 380,604
Available for charges Rentals payable to City for Rentals payable as int. on				1,339,344 $221,800$ $150,687$	Balance			508,601	556,634
Rentals payable as int. on Dividend rental at 7% of stock not assenting to "! Miscellaneous rentals	on Manhati Plan of Rea	an Railway djustment''	25,380 24,997	25,381 22,878	Savann	ah Electi	ric & Pow	-12 Mos. En	d. July 31-
2715Contaneous rentais			422,964	420.746		1928. \$	1927.	1928. \$	1927. \$ 2,249,804
Interest payable for the	use of borre	wed money	1,121,371	918,598	Gross earnings Operation Maintenance	$\begin{array}{r} 175,738 \\ 74,672 \\ 10,803 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 173,293 \\ 77,498 \\ 12,303 \end{array}$	2,239,080 $925,674$ $151,218$	1,062,564 $147,358$ $166,305$
and sinking fund room	inframents.			690.991	Taxes	76,056	68,622	187,942	
Interest on I. R. T. 1st Interest on I. R. T. 7% Interest on I. R. T. 6% Interest on equipment to	ten-year note rust certifica	es	193,325 $47,545$ $8,137$ $194,788$	$\begin{array}{r} 195,536 \\ 46,541 \\ 14,825 \end{array}$	Net operating revenue Interest & amortization_			974,244 454,410	873,575 400,121
Sinking fund on I. R. T Other items	. 1st mortga	ge bonds	194.788	198,209 6,329	Balance	D. aifi	Electric	519,834 Co	473,454
Delenge before deduc			1,147,282	1,152,431			ry Compani		
Balance before deductividend rental at 5% of	on Manhatt	an modified	-25,910	-233,833	-	Month o	of July 1927.	-12 Mos. En 1928.	d. July 31— 1927.
guarantee stock (payabl	le if earned)		231,870	231,871	Gross earnings	\$ 119.890	\$ 108,124	\$ 1,319,898	\$ 1,261,078
Balance after deduc dividend rental (sul (See note)	bject to re	eadjustment)	-257,781	-465,704	Operation Maintenance Taxes	$ \begin{array}{r} 36.891 \\ 8.529 \\ 15.883 \end{array} $	37,576 6,180 14,117	414,973 78,337 176,983	533,030 77,862 162,665
Note.—The above state system operations are on the the company and are	the basis of	the preferen	tial deficits:	as computed	Net operating revenue Interest & amortization	58,584	50,249	649,603 55,131	487,520 48,801
by the company and are, and tentative because the necessitated by the final	ey are subjection	ect to such in of objection	readjustment ons made by	t as may be the Transit	Balance			594,471	438,718
Commission to certain iter City. Such adjudication is subway is payable to the	may show th	nat a portion	of the "bala	ance" on the			& Light		
on the system.					(Southwester	-Month	of July————————————————————————————————————	5ubsidiary.) —12 Mos. En 1928.	id. July 31— 1927.
Jack	-Month o	Traction	-12 Mos. E	nd. July 31-	Gross earns, from oper	1928. \$ 689,641	\$ 693,987	8	8.878.088
Gross earnings	1928. \$ 92.461	1927. \$ 105,073	1928. \$ 1,244,653	1927. \$ 1,522,214	Oper. exps. and taxes	386,199	423,554	9,508,805 5,189,153	4,962,914
Operation Maintenance	$50.672 \\ 13.497$	55,738 $14,682$	636,424 $163,893$	728.522	Net earns. from oper_ Other income	303,442 26,289	270,433 14,143	4,319,652 158,675	3,915,174 102,440
Taxes	15,921 8,928	22,724 9,310	208,446 107,086	183,893 238,827 134,498	Total income	329.731 157.521	$\begin{array}{c} 284,576 \\ 139,188 \\ 12,243 \end{array}$	$\frac{4,478,327}{1,834,139}$ $\frac{147,676}{147}$	4,017,614 1,388,028 165,690
Operating revenue City of South Jackson- ville por'n of op. rev	3,442 368	2,617 667	128,801 7.014	236,472	Other int. and deduct	161,100	133,145	2,496,512	2,463,896
Net operating revenue	3,073	1,949	121,787	$\frac{11,001}{225,471}$	Divs. on pref. stock Balance			2.041.512	2.008.896
Interest & amortization. Balance			43,736	43,701	Datanot			_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,000,000
		Service.		40,701	FINA	NCIAL	REPOR	TS.	
		ry Compan					1 .		

(And Subsidiary Companies.)

54.738 34.706

 $\frac{20.031}{6.073}$

13,958

Month of July 1928. 1927.

 $\frac{55,646}{33,839}$

 $21.806 \\ 5.340$

16,465

Gross earnings..... Oper. exps. and taxes...

Net earnings.....Interest charges.....

Balance (for reserves, retirements & divs.)

-12 Mos. End. July 31— 1928. 1928. \$ 703.655 675,323 411,623 399,836

224,285

275,487 73,759

201.727

Financial Reports.—An index to annual reports of steam railroads, public utility and miscellaneous companies which have been published during the preceding month will be given on the fist Saturday of each month. This index will not include reports in the issue of the "Chronicle" in which it is published. The latest index will be found in the issue of Sept. 1. The next will appear in that of Oct. 6.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company. (Annual Report-Year Ended Dec. 31 1927.)

The annual report for the calendar year 1927 was released for publication Sept. 10. A condensed comparative income account for the last four calendar years, together with statistical tables, and a condensed balance sheet as of Dec. 31 1927, were published under "Financial Reports" in our issue of March 3 1928, page 1341.

President Daniel Willard June 27 1928 wrote in substance:

President Daniel Willard June 27 1928 wrote in substance:

100th Anniversary.—The year 1927 marked the one-hundredth year o continuous operation under the company's original charter, granted by the 8tate of Maryland, Fed. 28 1827.

Operations for the Year.—The year 1927 opened with very promising prospects, in fact, the first 5 months of the year the gross revenues exceeded those for the corresponding period of 1926, during which latter year the company handled the largest tonnage in its history. However, the general recession in business that prevailed throughout the country as a whole resulted in diminishing revenues in June and thereafter to the end of the year, accentuated somewhat in the territory served by company by the marked decline in the export coal traffic incident to the settlement of the strike of the coal miners in Great Britain. The net results of operations were also affected to some extent by increases in compensation to employees.

Gross revenue from freight traffic for year 1927 was \$203,567,887, a decrease of \$8,923,131, or 4.20% compared with 1926. The total revenue freight carried was 108,495,849 tons, being 5,727,121 tons, or 5.01% less than last year. The total revenue tons carried one mile was 20,841,869,236, a decline of 510,950,875, or 2.39% from that of the previous period. That the tons one mile did not decline to the same extent as the tons carried is due to the increase in the average distance each ton was carried which was 192.10 miles in 1927 as compared with 186,93 miles in 1926. The loss in tonnage was principally in coal and manufactured articles. Freight revenue comprised 82.72% of all operating revenues and of the total revenue tonnage handled during the year 63.32% originated on company's lines.

The total passenger revenue for 1927 was \$26,286,707, a decrease of \$1,850,520, or 6.58% under last year, and the number of passengers carried was 12,83,274, a decrease of 57,857,904, or 6.48%, under 1926, were the third largest of any year in the history of the company, being ex

previous period. The property was well maintained and is in good physical condition.

Transportation expenses for the year were \$87.289.456, a decrease under the previous year of \$2,256,384, or 2.52%. The ratio of transportation expenses to total revenue was 35.47% in 1927 as against 34.77% in 1926.

All other operating expense charges aggregated \$16,666,136, an increase over 1926 of \$2,419,128, due in part to the unusual expenditures incident to the observance of the company's one-hundredth anniversary, in part to the higher basis for pension allowances to employees; to the assumption of expenses of relief and savings features; and to increases in compensation granted employees during the year. The total of all operating expense charges for 1927 was \$186,168,521, being \$5.303,779, or 2.77% less than similar charges for 1926. The ratio of total operating expenses to total operating revenue was 75.65% in 1927 compared with 74.34% in 1926.

Railway tax accruals for 1927, in which is included the Federal income tax, amounted to \$12,286,617, an increase over 1926 of \$209,940, or 1.74%, and equalled 4.99% of total operating revenues. Out of each dollar of operating revenues approximately 5 cents went for taxes. The net amount paid for use of equipment of other carriers was \$1,738,556, a decrease of \$630,335, or 26.61% as compared with 1926, which reflects to some extent the enlarged ownership and improved condition of company's equipment. There was also a decrease of \$237,853, or 18.92%, in the amount paid for use of joint facilities.

Net railway operating income for the year was \$44.817,227, and while this indicates a decrease of \$5,346,622, or 10.66% under 1926, it neverthe-

of joint facilities. In the facilities of the year was \$44.817.227, and while indicates a decrease of 5.346,622, or 10.66% under 1926, it neverthewas the largest in the history of the company except for the year

less was the largest in the history of the company except for the year 1926.

Income from rentals, investments, &c., increased \$1,454,349, over 1926, and was more than sufficient to overcome the increase of \$1,085,141 in interest and other charges over the same period.

The net income for 1927 after all charges was \$22,632,345, the largest heretofore earned with the single exception of the year 1926. After deduction of dividends on the company's preferred stock at the resular rate of 4% per annum, there remained a surplus for the year 1927 of \$20,277,816, equivalent to \$11.10 per share on the average amount of the company's common stock outstanding during the year, on which dividends at the rate of 6% were declared, amounting to \$10,964,491, leaving \$9.313,325 to be transferred to the accumulated surplus of the company which now totals \$90,935,666.

For the purpose of determining recapturable income under the Transportation Act of 1920, properties under common control and management are grouped together, and thus combined, the net railway operating income for the Baltimore & Ohio System for the year 1927 was \$46,290,348, and was equivalent to a return of 5.22% on the total recorded investment of \$886,758,277 in property held for and used in the service of transportation.

General Balance Sheet.—The net increase in the recorded investment in

General Balance Sheet.—The net increase in the recorded investment in property held for and used in the service of transportation as related to net railway operating income was as follows,
 For road property
 \$13,386,864

 For equipment
 16,552,883

 For miscellaneous investments
 7,480,378

Net increase. \$37,420,126
The increase in miscellaneous investments is mainly occasioned by the inclusion in this grouping of the cost of the Cheinnati, Indianapolis & Western R.R., the Indian Creek Valley Ry., the Hamilton Beit Ry., and the Cheat Haven & Bruceton R.R. the operations of which properties were for the first time included in the dompany's net railway operating income for 1927, and by the transfer of amounts representing investment in property now used in the service of transportation formerly carried in other groupings.

for 1927, and by the service of transportation formula groupings.

There was an increase of \$25.559.015 in other investments of the company due principally to the acquisition during 1927 of capital stock of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Ry., Western Maryland Ry., and Monongare Produced of \$24.225.477, resulting from increases

pany due principally to the acquisition during 1927 of capital stock of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Ry., Western Maryland Ry., and Monongahela Ry.

Current assets show an increase of \$24,225,477, resulting from increases in cash on hand, special deposits and materials and supplies, and decreases in various accounts receivable.

During the year company increased its capital through the issue and sale, as of June 9 1927, of 632,425 shares of common stock. With the approval of the I.-8. C. Commission, these shares were sold at a price of \$107.50 per share, less a charge for underwriting of \$2.25 per share. From the net proceeds of this sale, amounting to \$66,562,731, company was enabled to retire on or before Jan. 1 1928, obligations in the amount of \$35,800.000, the proceeds being available for additions and betterments to the property. Through such retirement of funded obligations the fixed charges of company will be reduced by \$2,144,000 per annum. There was also effected an improvement in the relationship of capital stock and mortgage debt, respectively, to total capitalization, namely, from 26.65% of stock and 33.35% of mortgage debt to 33.48% of stock and de.52% of mortgage debt. In short, instead of a proportion of one of stock to three of bonds, as formerly, the relationship became one of stock to two of bonds; and improvement which should be reflected in a broader market for company's securities, and cheaper financing of comapny's monetary requirements in the future.

There was a net reduction in long term debt of \$28,594,018.

The increase of \$30,942,453 in current liabilities is due to the transfer to this account of \$33,871,000 10-year secured bonds, the funds to pay which on Jan. 1 1928, were available in the treasury, less some normal fluctuation nother accounts including in the grouping.

Additions and Betterments to Road.—The expenditure for additions, betterments, extensions and improvements to fixed road property for the year 1927 aggregated \$16,070,235, and the total book value of property retired by reason of renewals or other causes amounted to \$2,683,371, leaving the net increase in capital investment for road property for the year 1927, \$13,386,864.

The new fruit and produce terminal, including a large cold storage whouse, in Philadelphia, constructed jointly with the Reading Co., completed and placed in full operation during the year.

INCOME ACCOUNT YEARS ENDED DEC. 31.

1		1927.	×1926.	1925.	1924.
1	*Aver. miles operated	5,552	5,552	5,197.33	5,196.18
1	Railway Oper. Revenues-		8	\$	8
1	Rativaly Oper, Revenues- Freight 2 Passenger Mail Express Other transporta.rev Miscellaneous revenues	203,567,887	212,491,018	193,558,361	180,179,357
1	Passenger	26,286,707	28,137,228 2,744,745 5,287,530 3,654,894	27.904.665 $2.719.186$ $5.225.380$ $3.600.464$	29,047,718
1	Wall	5 050 741	5 287 520	5 225 380	2,709,837 $4,786,832$
1	Other transports rev	3 341 431	3 654 894	3 600 464	3,451,561
1	Miscellaneous revenues_	5,072,337	5.257,969	4.538.884	4,143,489
1					
1	Total ry. oper. revs2	246,078,510	257,573,386	237,546,940	224,318,795
1	Railway Oper. Expenses-	_			
1	Maint. of way & struc	30,894,282	32,639,547	28,440,416	26,638,363
1	Maint. of equipment	51,318,647	55,039,906	53,206,661	48,659,504
1	Traffic	5,599,463	5.241,032	4,551,082	4,242,473
1	Transportation Miscell. operations	87,289,450	89,545,840	$84,621,877 \\ 2,153,188$	$85,313,755 \\ 1,789,046$
1	General	87,289,456 2,314,233 8,851,319	$2,327,038 \\ 6,793,828$	6,210,388	6,169,512
1	Transp. for invest. (Cr.)	98.880	Cr.114,891	Cr84,015	Cr60,021
1					170 770 000
1	Total ry. oper. exps1	86,168,521	191,472,300	$179,099,597 \\ 58,447,343$	$\substack{172,752,632\\51,566,162}$
. 1	Net rev. from ry. oper Ratio of oper. exps. to	59,909,988	66,101,085	38,447,343	31,300,102
	operating revenues	75.65%	74.34%	75.40%	77.01%
	Other Oper, Charges-				
	Railway tax accruals	12,286,616	12,076,677	10.064.868	9.548,086
	Uncollectible ry, revs	47.986	234.212	53,451 $4,368,704$ $926,233$	103,073
	Uncollectible ry. revs Equip. rents (net debit)_	47,986 $1,738,556$	2,368,891	4,368,704	2.956,055
	Jt. facil. rents (net debit)	1,019,602	1,257,455	926,233	874,625
	Total oth. op. charges	15 000 760	15 027 925	15,413,255	13,481,839
	Net ry. oper. income	44 817 227	15.937.235 $50.163.850$	43.034.087	38,084,324
	Other Income—	11,011,221	00,100,000	10,001,001	00,002,022
•	Income from lease of road	167,709	16,672	15,799	16,147
	Miscell. rent income	685,182	1.033.099	1 045 021	1 020 084
	Misc. non-on phys prop	200.910	163,208	308,833	321,021
	Sep. oper. prop. (profit) _ Dividend income	$973,793 \\ 2,813,766$	163,208 522,207 2,475,144	308,833 415,793 1,969,500 1,515,191	
	Inc. from fund	2,813,766	2,475,144	1,969,500	1.910.942 $1.528.264$
,	Inc. from fund. securs Inc. from unfund. securs.	1,645,675	1,505,262	1,515,191	1,328,204
,	and accounts	1,705,405	1.008.828	1,003,982	672,832
i	Inc. from sinking & other				
	reserve funds	347,588	360,536	190,582	$\substack{163,083 \\ 24,917}$
3	Miscell. income	30,656	31,379	25,276	24,917
-	Total other income	8.570.687	7,116,338	6.489.977	5,657,290
	Gross income	53,387,914	57,280,187	49,524,064	43,741,613
	Deducs. fr. Gross Inc				
3	Rent for leased roads	595,832	595,104	605,409	604,453
ı	Miscellaneous rents	258,470	272,093	605,409 $270,945$	270,429
	Miscell. tax accruals	276,192	259,937	421,881	248,370
8	Sep. oper. prop. (loss) Int. on funded debt	233,811	272,093 259,937 349,747 27,660,104	96 478 959	1,040,171 $24,950,935$
,	Int. on unfunded debt	$27,963,957 \\ 1,272,816$	402,805	421,881 668,555 26,478,252 164,228	190,474
,	Miscell. income charges.	154,489	130,635	121,284	117,091
i					
t	Total deductions from	30.755,569	29,670,429	28,730,556	27,421,924
)	Net income	22,632,345			
	Preferred divs. (4%)	2.354.528	2.354.528	2,354,527	2,354,527
	Common dividends	y10,964,491	9.116.725	2,354,527 7,597,270 (5%)	7,597,337
7		(6%)	(6%)	(5%)	(5%)
-	Balance, surplus	9,313,325	16,138,505	10.841.711	6,367,826
i	Shares of common stock	9,010,020	10,100,000		
	Outstanding (par \$100)	2.151.879		1,519,453	1,519,454
-	Earns. per sh. on com				
-	* Excludes passenger	trackage ris	thts between	Phila, and l	New York.

Excludes passenger trackage rights between Phila, and New York.

x For comparative purposes figures for 1926 have been recast to include the operations of the Cincinnati Indianapolis & Western RR., Indian Creek Valley Ry. and Hamilton Belt Ry. for the entire year, and the Cheat Haven & Bruceton RR. from Feb. 1 1926, all of which are now operated as a part of the Baltimore & Ohio RR. y Includes dividends on additional stock issued and outstanding for a portion of the year only.

GENERAL BA			1927.	1926.
Equipment Sub. cos. oper, as consti	ituent parts	of the co	273,429,450 251,548,066 221,478,671	267,933,697 234,995,183 306,460,026
Misc. phys. props. held Perpetual leaseholds—c	for transpo apitalized	rt. purposes (per contra)	6,987,918 6,441,200	6,635,074 6,441,200
Investments in: Road Road Equipment Sub. cos. oper. as const: Misc. phys. props. held Perpetual leaseholds—c Investment in sub. & affil. Stocks Bonds Investment in other misc.	Pledged. \$5,415,324	Unpledged. \$7,606,884	Total. 13.022,408	Total. 12,507,833
Miscellaneous Investment in other misc.	36,888,000 physical p	3,373,000	13,022,408 37,056,441 3,373,000 4,722,888	34,653,034 6,700,989 4,773,354
Investment in sinking fur Deposits in lieu of mortga	ds	v sold	4,136 663,567	3,307 106,703
0	Pledged.	Unpledged.		22 200 000
Stocks	21,950,817 165,486	\$33,094,330 633,699	55,045,147 799,186	28,623,366 1,833,923
Cash		891,242	53,467,634	1,533,723 822,494 24,533,719 512,206 2,695,893
Special deposits Loans and bills receivable Traffic and car service ba	lance receiv	able	242,571 4 172,746	2,695,893
Net balances receivable fr Miscellaneous accounts rec	om agents	& conductors	3,440,865 8,738,130	3,672,809 11,012,532
Materials and supplies Interest and dividends re-	ceivable		20,468,469 31,173	19,386,954 40,209
Special deposits. Loans and bills receivable. Traffic and car service ba Net balances receivable fr Miscellaneous accounts re Materials and supplies. Interest and dividends re Rents receivable. Unadjusted debits. Securities of carriers' own			$20,191 \\ 2,392,659 \\ 1,808,606$	2,695,893 5,809,436 3,672,809 11,012,532 19,386,954 40,209 24,414 1,719,158 1,770,126
Stocks unpledged	gton Branci	h (per contra)	x4,018,300 x1,650,000 x50,142,300	x1,408,300 x1,650,000 x42,351,300
Total				
-	Total	Held by or		
Liabilities-	Issued.	Held by or for Co. 0	utstanding.	1926.
Preferred stock	60,000,000	1,136,819	215,187,853 58,863,181	\$ 151,945,354 58,863,181
contra)	1,650,000	1,650,000	3,320,231	
Equipment obligations	68,901,600 94,986,400	44.919.300	88 901 600	66,896,268 351,589,100
rem. on capital stock. Equipment obligations. Mortgage bonds	64,226,500 72,989,322	8,241,300 1,000,000	$350,067,100 \\ 55,985,200 \\ 71,989,322$	90,985,200 66,066,673
Common stock Preferred stock	$\frac{2,401,950}{1,211,250}$	5,000	2,396,950 $1,211,250$	2,396,950 $1,211,250$ $2,728,000$
Home Ave. Ry. Co. cap-	2,728,000	050	2,728,000	
Loans and bills payable	lances nava	ble	99,750 3,807,877	
Audited accounts and was Miscellaneous accounts p	ges payable		10,138,692 1,160,614	12.814.710 $1.579.485$
Dayton & Mich. RR. Co.: Common stock. Preferred stock. 1st mtge. bonds. Home Ave. Ry. Co. capital stock. Loans and bills payable. Traffic and car service ba Audited accounts and way Miscellaneous accounts p Interest matured unpaid Dividends matured unpaid punded debt matured un Unmatured dividends dec Unmatured interest accrued	d		3,807,877 10,138,692 1,160,614 3,304,893 118,829 33,933,880 3,816,451 4,892,280 58,855 2,208,750	300,000 4,390,943 12,814,710 1,579,485 3,352,548 104,344 88,150 3,627,540 4,879,265 23,151 1,338,533 1,262,299
Unmatured dividends dec	paid		33,933,880	3,627,540
Unmatured rents accrued Other current liabilities			58,855 2,208,750	23,151 1,338,533
Liability for provident fur Other deferred liabilities_	nds		9,540,853	6.064.745
Tax liability Insurance reserve			5,132,065 $2,840,315$	4,996,367 2,438,536
Accrued depreciation—eq Other unadjusted credits.	uipment		$\substack{4,327,077\\61,772,898\\1,959,855}$	4,625,589 $55,623,428$ $1,893,107$
Sinking fund reserves Add'ns to property throu Profit and loss, balance.			249 136	235 307
Total		-		
				t included in

x These amounts held by or for company's account are not included in total assets in 1925 or 1926.

The following securities bear the endorsement of the B. & O. RR. Co. jointly with other companies, viz.: Kentucky & Indiana Terminal RR. Co. 1st mtge. sterling bonds, \$7.041,777; Richmond-Washington Co. 1st mtge. bonds. \$10,000,000; Washington Terminal Co. 1st mtge. bonds. \$12,000,000; and also guaranteed severally but not jointly, 3% of \$1,300,573 Fruit Growers Express Co.'s equipment obligations. The company, through subsidiary, the Toledo & Cincinnati RR. Co., guarantees \$2,728,000 consol. 1st mtge. bonds of the Dayton & Michigan RR. Co.—V. 127, p. 678.

Power Corporation of Canada, Ltd.

(Third Annual Report—Year Ended June 30 1928.)

In presenting the report to shareholders, President A. J. Nesbit says in part:

Nesbit says in part:

Some changes have taken place during the year on the list of companies controlled by your corporation through stock-ownership or those in which it held a substantial interest. Thus the corporation's holdings in the Ottawa & Hull Power Co., Ltd., and its subsidiary, the Ottawa River Power Co., Ltd., passed to other hands on March 15 1928 at a price your directors felt was satisfactory.

Toward the end of the fiscal year your corporation acquired an interest in the British Columbia Power Corp., Ltd., a company formed to acquire the stock of the British Columbia Electric Ry. Co., Ltd., one of the largest hydro-power producers in Canada, serving Vancouver, Victoria, New Westminster and adjacent territories.

Your corporation holds a substantial interest in the bonds and(or) shares of the following public utilities: Canada Northern Power Corp., British Columbia Power Corp., Winnipeg Electric Co., Southern Canada Power Co., Ltd., International Utilities Corp., Dominion Power & Transmission Co., Ltd., Consolidated Gas Co. of New York, Foreign Power Securities Corp., Ltd., East Kootenay Power Co., Ltd., Manitoba Power Co., Ltd., Brazilian Traction, Light & Power Co., Ltd., Shawinigan Water & Power Co., Montreal Island Power Co., Northwestern Utilities Internations, Atlas Light & Power Co. (England), Gatineau Power & Paper Corp., Public Service Corp. of New Jersey, Tokyo Electric Light Co., Electric Investors, Atlas Light & Power Co. (England), Gatineau Power Co., Ottawa Light, Heat & Power Co., Ltd.

In addition your corporation holds a substantial amount of Government bonds, bank stocks and stocks of some of Canada's successful industries.

All of the companies in which your corporation is directly interested have made gratifying progress during the year. In accordance with established precedent, we give below a brief synopsis of the the progress of the various companies concerned:

British Columbia Power Corp.—During the year this company has put

made gratifying progress during the year. In accordance with established precedent, we give below a brief synopsis of the the progress of the various companies concerned:

British Columbia Power Corp.—During the year this company has put into operation the largest automatically controlled hydro-electric generating station. The plant is built on the west shore of Alouette Lake, but is controlled from Stave Falls, 10 miles distant. This modern station is helping to serve Vancouver, 35 miles away.

Canada Northern Power Corp.—The growth in physical resources of several of the mines in northern Ontario has been accompanied by marked increases in mill capacity which has caused an increased demand for power. The Rouyn district in northwestern Quebec is developing rapidly with a resulting increase in power consumption. New combined office and store buildings have been constructed during the year at New Liskeard, Kirkland Lake and Timmins, and electrical merchandise stores have been opened

at Cobalt, Englehart, Halleybury, Rouyn and South Porcupine. In the Quince plant power units Nos. 3 and 4 of 10,000 h.p. each have been installed, bringing up the total installed capacity tof the Canada Northern Power Corp., Ltd., to 101,100 h.p.

The Dominion Power & Transmission Co. is making steady progress. New car shops, buses and garage accommodation were added to the street railway service during the year. The new street car faree recently authorized will quite naturally react favorably on the earnings of this company. The hydro-electric plant at Decew Falls has an installed capacity of 50,000 h.p. and that of the Hamilton steam station 26,800 h.p.

Business conditions in the territory served by the East Kootenay Power Co., Ltd., have improved and the immediate future should reflect favorably in the earnings of the company for the coming year.

Increased demand for power has caused the installation of another 7,400 h.p. unit in the Sentinel steam plant, bringing up the total installed capacity at this steam station to 15,000 h.p., while the Eliko and Aberfeldie hydroelectric stations now have a generating capacity of 22,000 h.p.

"L'Energie Industrielle" and its subsidiaries, operating throughout France are growing very fast, and although the first annual report of the Foreign Power Securities Corp., has not yet been issued, it is safe to preduct a good future for this holding company, as hydro-electric developments are going ahead in France at an unprecedented rate.

The continued prosperity of the territory served by the Southern Canada Power Co., Ltd., has caused a steady increase in the demand for electrical energy. Several new industries have established plants in the eastern townships of Quebec, and additions to existing plants have been made by many of the older companies. This growth in demand for power has necessitated the building of new transmission lines. During the year no less than twelve towns and villages have been added to the number of municipalities served by this company? The Southern

INCOME ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.

Gross revenue	175,475	\$796,635	\$324,477
Expenses		68,299	52,611
Federal taxes		18,872	17,348
Interest		48,012	8,132
Net income	300,000	\$661,452	\$246,386
	187,500	217,139	145,454
Balance, surplus Previous surplus Premium on securities	\$636,686 545,246 500,000	\$444,313 100,932	\$190,932
Profit and loss surplus		\$545,245	\$100,932
Earns. per sh. on common		\$2.77	\$0.60

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30.

Assets— Cash Accounts receive Accrued revenue Investments:		738,272 67,809	Liabilities— First pref. stock Non-cum. pref.stk. Common stock Bank &otherloans	5,000,000 3,495,500 1,299,940	1927. \$,000,000 2,500,000 1,875,000 1,086,966
Investments:	1 007,102	(67,809	Bank &otherloans	1,299,940	1,086,966
	13,927,529		Dividends payable	1,381,948 150,000	299,918 75,000
Preferredstocks Common stocks	10 471 004	(1,151,023	Miscell reserves Pd. in by subsc	255,975	1,595
Advances to subs Common stocks of	10,471,234	1,180,202	5% 30-yr. debs.	5,541,175 4,979,500	545,245
affiliated cos	8,680	(5,832,397 10,595		1,681,932	313,213

Total _____28,785,970 11,383,723 Total ____28,785,970 11.383,723 x Represented by 200,205 shares of no par value.—V. 126, p. 3118.

Brooklyn City Railroad Company.

(74th Annual Report—Year Ended June 30 1928.)

Pres. H. Hobart Porter, Sept. 12, wrote as follows:

Revenues from transportation were \$11,428,812, a decrease of \$31,772 as compared with the year ended June 30 1927. Other operating revenues decreased \$7,497, the total operating revenues being \$39,269 less than

decreased \$7,497, the total operating revenues being \$39,269 less than last year.

Operating expenses for the year decreased \$4,630 despite the fact that the cost of operation of cars increased \$199,677, this additional cost being almost entirely due to the 5% wage increase which became effective on April 15 1927. A special provision of \$45,500 from income credited to the reserve for legal expenses, caused the general and miscellaneous expenses to increase \$43,852. During the previous year no provision for this purpose was made. Other items of operating expense decreased \$158,160. The accident prevention bonus plan inaugurated in August 1926, whereby motormen and conductors receive cash awards for the operation of their cars without accidents, has substantially reduced the number of accidents. The past year shows a decrease of \$241,292 in the actual cost of accidents as compared with the previous year and the actual expenses were \$203,993 less than the amount set aside for this purpose and charged to operating expenses. This highly creditable showing is most gratifying and it is believed that with the continued co-operation of all employees a further substantial reduction in the cost of accidents may be realized. As of July 1 1927 the tax levied by the State of New York on the gross earnings of the company was reduced from 1% to ½ of 1% which accounts for the considerable saving in taxes.

The company has paid, from current funds, all of its outstanding bank loans and made the regular annual payment of \$375,000 for new cars applied on account of the outstanding equipment trust certificates, with corresponding saving in interest, as shown in the income account.

The company is office building at 168 Montague St., which was sold some two years ago, was delivered to the purchasers in May 1928, and the general offices of the company were moved to 385 Flatbush Avenue Extension. Office space in this building is held under a loun-term lease and the arrangement has greatly faciliated the work of all the departments of

and the arrangement has greatly reached to the company.

By agreement of both sides, Francis G. Caffey was appointed by the U.S. District Court as a special master to take testimony in the co-called "Construction Suit" of the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corp. against company. The testimony in this suit before the special master commenced in June and apparently will not be completed for several years.

The application of the Equitable Coach Co. for a certificate of control of the control of the Borough of Brooklyn to operate bus routes in the Borough of Brooklyn

in June and apparently will not be completed for several years.

The application of the Equitable Coach Co. for a certificate of convenience and necessity to operate bus routes in the Borough of Brooklyn and other boroughs of the city has been before the Transit Commission since September 1927. Some of these routes would compete with lines of the company. Company, by counsel, appeared in opposition to the issuance of the certificate insofar as bus routes, in the opinion of your officers, were competitive with the car lines of the company. The hearings before the Transit Commission terminated in July and briefs of counsel have not yet been submitted to the Commission.

The heavy expense of the defense of the Construction Suit and the opposition to the grant of a certificate to the Equitable Coach Co. is not reflected in the operating expenses of the company. To date \$450,000 has been appropriated for these purposes from earned surplus and the total cost will largely exceed this amount.

			1924-25.
428,812			\$11,363,196 85
	\$11,460,585 100,000	\$11,399,374 96,666	\$11,363,281 96,000
66,797	72,556	181,055	202,882
$15,333 \\ 714$	17,785 835	821	1,516
$339,463 \\ 087,203 \\ 111,077 \\ 416,416 \\ 816,859$	\$11,651,760 \$1,361,543 1,177,233 1,119,830 4,306,739 854,158 506,554	\$11.677.916 \$1.327.310 1.216.428 1.047.849 4.219.641 636.748 515.130	\$11,663,679 \$1,407,398 1,441,866 953,423 4,143,845 583,184 547,982
291,064	\$9,326,057 \$2,325,703 714,542	\$8,963,105 \$2,714,811 768,707	\$9,077,698 \$2,585,981 775,364
629,688 73,643	\$1,611,161 72,493	\$1,946,104 92,855	\$1,810,617 101,941
	\$1,683,654 \$512,493 25,045 25,529	\$2,038,958 \$500,811 79,276 36,136	\$1,912,558 \$282,688 204,833 13,461
188,960	\$1,120,587 799,928	\$1,422,736 1,279,870	\$1,411,576 *1,339,855
188,960	\$320,659	\$142,866	\$71,721
		1,600,000	1.600.000
	27-28. 428.812 428.812 100.833 66.797 15.333 70.416 612.491 339.463 087.203 1111.077 416.416 816.859 550.406 321,427 291.064 661.376 629.688 73.643 703.330 467.453 22,483	27-28. 1926-27. 428.812 \$11.460.570 15 15 428.812 \$11.460.585 100.833 17.785 66.797 72.556 15.333 17.785 612.491 \$11.651.760 339.463 \$1.361.543 111.077 1.177.233 416.416 4.306.739 816.859 854.158 550.406 854.158 321.427 \$9.326.057 291.064 \$2.325.703 661.376 714.542 629.688 714.542 703.330 \$1.683.654 424.433 \$12.493 703.330 \$1.683.654 424.433 \$25.529 188.960 \$1.120.587 799.928	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

CON	BULLDAI	ED DALL	MUL BILLET SULVE SU.	
	1928.	1927.	Labilities— 1928.	1927.
Assets—		8		
Fixed capital a	38,914,374	39,122,177	Capital stock 16,000,000	
Cash		472,205	1st cons. mtge. 5s_ 6,000,000	6,000,000
Deposit with trus-			Ref. mtge. 4s 925,000	925,000
tee under equip.			5% equip. tr. ctfs. 2,625,000	3,000,000
trust agreement.	40,108	40,107	Interest accrued 68,906	81,958
Dep. with trustee			Matured coupons. 152,150	152,500
of amt, in spec.			Accounts payable 299,969	350,265
res. for replace-			Unpd.wages & dep. 97.349	60,188
ment & equip		110,443	Matur. divs. unpd. 1,869	1.965
Bd.& mtg.lots sold	243,500	50,000	Prov. for Federal.	
Temp. investment			State & city tax_b1.021.870	1,079,510
Special deposits		267,318	Notes payable	600,000
Accts. receivable	86,167	92.886	Reserves 1,938,457	1,057,460
Prepayments	94.516	51,422	Def'd or unadjust.	
Mat'ls & supplies.		516,264	credit items 27.891	30,902
Reacquired secs .:	,		Prop. & liab. lease-	
ref. mtge. bonds	400,000	400,000		7,800,000
Unadi, debit items		235,258	Special surplus 1,160,605	
			Surplus 3,818,657	
Total	41 937 724	41 358 080	Total 41 937 724	41 358 080

a Fixed capital: The Brooklyn City RR. Co. at value set by the company April 1 1924, together with additions since that date. b In the provision for Federal, State and city taxes is included \$650,680 in respect of N. Y. State special franchise taxes and interest in dispute. V. 126, p. 2962, 575

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS

STEAM RAILROADS.

Matters Covered in "Chronicle" of Sept. 8.—(a) Net operating income of United States railroads for July and the seven months, p. 1342. (b) Presidential candidates asked by Chairman of Security Holders' Committee to give consideration to subject of fair return in Western trunk line territory, p. 1342. (c) Peace plan of mediation board for settlement of grievances of Western train men under consideration, p. 1343.

Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific R.R.—Equip. Trust Certificates Sold Privately.—Announcement was made Sept. 10, that Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., have sold at private sale an issue of \$8,911,000, 41/2% equipment trust certificates. The certificates were purchased by the company at sale held in accordance with the ruling of the I.-S. C. Commission. Issued under the Philadelphia plan.

I.-S. C. Commission. Issued under the Philadelphia plan.

The certificates are in four series: Series E, \$2,535,000; Series F, \$4,920,000; Series G, \$871,000; Series H, \$585,000. Guaranteed inconditionally as to principal and dividends by endorsement thereon by Chicago Milwaukee St Paul & Pacific RR. Certificates will be dated July 2 1928 and will mature each July 1 in equal annual installments. Series E and Series F maturing 1929 to 1943 incl., and series G and series G maturing 1929 to 1941 incl. Denom. \$1,000 c*. Principal and dividend warrants (J. & J.) payable in N. Y. City in gold coin of the United States. Issuance and sale of these certificates authorized by the I.-S. C. Commission.

The trustee will lease the equipment to the Chicago Milwaukee St. Paul & Pacific RR. at a rental sufficient to pay the principal amount of these certificates will represent not more than 75% of the cost of new standard railroad equipment. Series G and series H certificates will represent not more than 65% of the cost of new standard railroad equipment. Series G and series H certificates will represent not more than 65% of the cost of new standard railroad equipment placed in operation within the past 14 or 12 months, respectively. Under the terms of the lease, the company will covenant to maintain and keep this equipment in good order and repair and to replace any of such equipment which may become lost or destroyed.—V. 127, p. 1101, 257.

Chicago, Springfield & St. Louis Ry.—Notes.—
The I.-S. C. Commission on Aug. 24 authorized the company to issue unsecured promissory notes aggregating \$52,500 to replace notes in substantially equal amount issued without authority of the commission.—V. 125, p. 3055.

Consolidated RF	Rs. of Cul	a.—Earni	ngs.—	
Year Ended June 30— Divs. on stock owned Interest Profit on sale of secur	1928. \$4,800,000 17,046	\$2,515,000 17,368 133,849	\$2,650,000 4,896	\$1,950,000 1,305
TotalAdminis. & general exps_	\$4,817,046 35,797	\$2,666,217 47,078	\$2,654,896 55,003	\$1,951,305 72,563
Net income Divs. on preferred stock_		\$2,619,139 2,398,877	\$2,599,893 2,398,466	\$1,878,742 1,197,144
Balance, surplus Refund of prior yrs, exp_	\$2,382,322	\$220,262 25,000	\$201,428	\$681,598
Net surplus	\$2,382,322	\$245,262	\$201,428	\$681,598

Cuba Northern Rys. Co.—Earnings		
Year Ended June 30— 1928. Gross revenue from operations \$5,691.022 Expenses, including taxes	\$6,049,714 3,826,362	1926. \$6,263,083 3,771,685
Net revenue from operations	\$2,223,353 51,016	\$2,491,398 39,757
Gross income	\$2,274,369 819,526	\$2,531,155 1,061,337
Other interest 2.527 Amortization of debt disc. & expense 122.515 Uncoll. accounts, rec. written off 11,969 Loss from sale & retire. of equipment 5,723	236,043 34,441 1,347 1,959	34,383
Equipment rentals Dr.302,052 Taxes prior years 18,953 Miscellaneous 18,544	13.050	9.022
Net income for the year \$1,036,232	\$1,168,004	\$1,426,413

Florida East Coast Ry.—Construction of Branch Line.—
The I.-S. C. Commission on Sept. 1 Issued a certificate authorizing the company to construct a branch line of railroad extending from a point at or near Belleglade-Chosen to a point on the west bank of the Miami Canal at Lake Harbor, a distance of approximately 9.5 miles, all in Palm Beach County, Fla.—V. 126, p. 3748.

International Railways of Central America.—Listing.
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 300,000 shares (total of 500,000 shares authorized) common stock, no par value, on official notice of issuance in exchange for certificates for 300,000 shares of common stock of the par value of \$100 each outstanding and listed and certificates for 15,000 additional shares of its common stock, no par value, on official notice of issuance of J. Henry Schroder Banking Corp., and to Blyth, Witter & Co., making the total applied for 315,000 shs. no par value.
The 15,000 shares of common stock are being issued to J. Henry Schroder Banking Corp. and to Blyth, Witter & Co. in consideration for the cancellation of an agreement petween the bankers and the company, dated Jan.
19 1927, whereunder the former were entitled to receive 5% of the net earnings available for the common stock of the company during a period of 10 years subject to certain limitations and conditions.

Consolidated Income Account 6 Months Ended June 30 1 Railway operating revenues Railway operating expenses Railway tax accruals Uncollectible railway revenue	\$4,057,347 2,195,335 215,230
Railway operating income	168,099
Net income	80.997
Balance Balance, beginning of period Profit on sale of securities Miscellaneous credits	$5,112,741 \\ 56,400$
Total surplus	3.789

Miscellancods dobites-2-5			11,010
Balance at credit, end	of period		\$6,299,141
Compa	rative Consol	idated Balance Sheet.	
June 30'28	8. Dec. 31'27.	June 30'28	3. Dec. 31'27
Assets— \$	8	Liabilities 3	8
Road & equipm't_73,868,12	2 73,129,836	Common stock 30,000,00	00,000,000
		Preferred stock 10.000.00	
Sinking fund 351.74	0 340,914	Govt. grants 6,657,61	5 6.657.615
Cash 1,515,93		Funded debt27,023,52	
Loans & bills rec 60	00	Loans & bills pay 844.93	6 786,220
Special deposits 1,595,97	1 1.322.150	Traf., &c., bal.pay 25	1 1,810
Int. & divs. rec'le_ 16,72		Accts. & wages pay 192,81	
Traffic, &c., bal. 9,26	0 103,620	Int. & divs. mat'd. 88.46	0 49,771
Agents & conduc. 152,75	9 334,717	Interest accrued 408,23	3 445,902
Mat'ls & supplies. 1,665,47	0 1.665,835	Miscell. accts. pay. 262.36	4 496,156
Miscell. accounts. 458,12	7 490,012	Funded debt mat.,	
Remain, in transit 28,37	1 44,077	unpaid 25,36	25,362
Other def. assets 72,22	8 50,347	Min. int. Occ. RR. 65	638
Disct. on fund. dt _ 2,532,14	6 2,580,973	Invest. reserve 401,72	9 401,728
Rent & insurance 24.71	9 20,762	Tax liability 461,02	321,104
Other unadj. deb. 1,545,45	1 811,420	Ins. & casualty res. 13.00	3 15,824
		Accrued deprec'n_ 2,301,04	2 2,185,697
		Operating reserves 75,19	5
		041	10 000

Operating reserves 75,195
Other unadj. cred. 12,524
Sink. fund res..... 432,737
340,915
Tot. (each side) .85,500,611 84,367,634 Profit and loss..... 6,299,141 5,112,741
Notes......The International Rys. Co. of Central America is entitled to receive the following subvention not mentioned in above balance sheet:
From the Govt. of Guatemala, \$7,500 U. S. gold per kilometer for approximately 90 kilometers. The company is constructing 203 miles of additional railway and for this purpose has entered into contracts for construction and material payable over an estimated period of 17 months from July 31 1927.
Contigent Liability.—Guaranty of principal of 194.4 shares preferred stock of the Guatemala Tramway, Light & Power Co. at \$100 per share, on liquidation or dissolution of that company.—V. 127, p. 110 per

New York New Haven & Hartford RR.—New Director.—Cornelius N. Bliss of New York City has been appointed a director to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Howard Elliott.—V. 127, p. 1251.

Pittsburgh & West Virginia Ry.—Bond Issue.—

The company has asked the I.-S. C. Commission for authority to issue \$10,000,000 first mortgage 5% gold bonds, of which \$3,000,000 will be actually issued and \$7,000,000 nominally issued and held in its treasury. The company proposes to seil the bonds at 95.

The bonds will provide funds for the construction of the first unit of the Connellsville extension, extending from a point near Pittsburgh to Connellsville, Pa., a distance of 138 miles, where it will connect with the Western Maryland Ry. constituting a new route from Baltimore to the lakes and the west.—V. 127, p. 1387.

St. Louis-San Francisco Ry.—Abandonment of Operat'n.

The I.-S. C. Commission on Aug. 30 issued a certificate authorizing the company to abandon operation of part of the Kansas City, Clinton & Springfield Ry's line, of railroad between Belton, Mo., and Stanley, Kan., a distance of 8.98 miles, of which 5.53 miles are in Cass and Jackson Countles, Mo., and 3.45 miles are in Johnson County, Kans.—V. 127, p. 1251.

Seaboard Air Line Ry.—Bonds Authorized.— The I.-S. C. Commission on Aug. 28 authorized the company to issue \$480,000 lst & consol. mtge. gold bonds. Series A; bonds to be pledged and repledged from time to time as collateral security for short-term notes

Control of Naples, Seaboard & Gulf and Brooksville & Inverness Ry.

The I.-S. C. Commission on Aug. 20 issued a supplemental order authorizing amendment of lease dated Aug. 17 1927, between the Naples, Seaboard & Gulf Ry. and the Seaboard Air Line Ry. The commission also issued a supplemental order authorizing amendment of lease dated Jan. 5 1926, between the Brooksville & Inverness Ry, and the Seaboard Air Line Ry.—V. 127, p. 1251.

Wabash Ry.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$17,867,000 ref. & gen. mtge. 4½% gold bonds, series C, maturing April 1 1978.

			ing income	
Net railway Non-operating	operating income	ncome		\$4,634,02 782,24
Gross income Deduction from	gross inco	me		\$5,416,27 3,494,68
Net income_				\$1,921,58
	Comp	arative Gene	ral Balance Sheet.	
Assets—	8	Dec. 31 '27.	Liabilities— 8	8
invest. in road			Common stock. 66,697,775	66,697,77
& equipment.	278,466,231	277,102,749	Pref. A stock 69,333,050	69,333,08
sinking funds	359	359	Pref. B stock 2,462,142	2,462,14
Dep. in lieu of			Funded debt 128,848,408	112,046,00
mtg. prop. sold Miscell. physical			Loans and bils	1,500,00
invest. in affil.		2,003,409	bal. payable 1,623,807	1,539,7
		9,197,608		E 029 E
Other investm'ts	23,038,039	23,635,784	Wages pay 5,385,079	
Special deposits_		2,698,072		
Loans & bills rec				
Fraff. & car-serv	10,104	900,910	Fund. debt mat.	7,2:
bal. rec.		1,271,671		20
Net bal. rec. fr.	-,110,200	2,412,511	Unmat. div. dec.	
agts. & conduc		280,326		1,480,73
Miscell. accounts		200,020	Unmat.rentsaccr 215,718	
receivable		2,122,936	Other curr. liab. 255,451	211,0
Material & supp.				15,208,27
Int. & divs. rec.		283,656		2,174,14
Rents receivable	69.281	70.651	Ins. & cas'lty res. 111,033	103,47
Other curr. ass.	79,742		Oper. reservesdeb.210,920	3
Work, fund adv.			Accr. deprec	
Ins. & other fds.			equip 11,309,919	10,483,3
Other def. assets		11,233	Oth.unadj.credits 2,682,238	1,968,7
Rents & insur.			Approp. surplus 839,27	
prem. paid in		WW 0-0	Profit & loss 39,677,29	39,537,4
advance	142,912	77,272		
Disct. on funded		0.074.700		
debt	3,487,042	2,274,733		
Other unadjust.	712,729	758,192		
Sec. issued or as- sum., unpled.	1,041,407	1,041,287		
Sec. issued or as- sum., pledged		1,037,924		

Income Account for 6 Months Ended June 30 1928

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

Matters Covered in Chronicle of Sept. 8.—(a) Production of electric power in U. S. in July increased about 10% over the same month last year—p. 1308.

American Light & Traction Co.—Working Control Acquired by United Light & Power Co.—See latter company below.—V. 127, p. 819.

American States Public Service Co.—Notes Offered. Metcalf, Cogwell & Co., Des Moines, are offering \$350,000, 1-year 5% gold notes, due April 20 1929 at 993/4 and int., to yield about $5\frac{1}{2}\%$.

Company.—Company, through its subsidiaries, owns or will presently own and manage properties supplying water and artificial gas without competition for domestic and commercial purposes to 31 cities and suburban communities adjacent to and including parts of the cities of Los Angeles and Sacramento, Calif. The total population served is approximately 165 000

communities adjacent to and including parts of the cities of Los Angeles and Sacramento, Calif. The total population served is approximately 165,000.

The various systems have been carefully inspected by engineers who report that water supplies are generally sufficient for present and normal future needs. Water for the several properties is obtained from wells varying in depth from 100 to 500 feet and pumped to storage tanks and protected reservoirs. The territories served by the several properties, except Oak Park Water Co., are closely grouped, making economical and efficient operation possible.

Capitalization of Company upon Completion of this Additional Financing.

First lien 5½% gold bonds, due 1948.

Capitalization of Company upon Completion of this Additional Financing.

First lien 5½% gold bonds, due 1948.

**Section 000 should be supplied to the company and the American Appriasal Co. indicate that the combined properties of the company have a reproduction cost new, less depreciation, of over \$6,000,000.

Earnings.—Net carnings, after giving effect to annual interest requirements on the 1st lien 5½% to bonds, are equivalent to more than five times the annual interest requirements on this issue of notes.

Purpose.—Proceeds of this issue will be used for the retirement of underlying securities and to reimburse the company for the acquisition of additional properties.

Acquires Fight California** Water Companyaics**—

Acquires Eight California Water Companies. Acquirtes Eight California Water Companies.—
Acquisition of 8 major water companies valued in excess of \$3,000,000 serving cities and suburban communities of California, including portions of Los Angeles and Sacramento, is announced by the company. These properties, bring the total population served by the company in 31 cities and communities to approximately 165,000 and the total number of customers to more than 31,000. The new properties include the Oak Park Water Co. of Sacramento; Gardenia Water Co., Placentia Water Co., Haines Canyon Water Co., Huntington Beach Water Co., Highland Domestic Water Service Co., Peoples Water Co. of Palms, and Ojai Water Service Co.—V. 127, p. 544.

Associated Gas & Electric Co.—Pref. Stock Refinancing.
—The first step in the program of the Associated System to refund the present outstanding high dividend rate preferred stocks with an issue of \$5 preferred stocks through exchange has been announced in a letter sent to stockholders.

According to the company, the time is now ripe for the issuance of a \$5 dividend preferred stock and accordingly the holders of the \$7 dividend preferred stock are offered for each share of their \$7 dividend preferred, either 2-2 | 10 shares of class A stock, or 1 1-10 shares of the \$5 dividend preferred stock, and 1-10 of a share of common stock.

preferred stock, and 1-10 of a share of common stock.

The offer of exchange for class A stock is on the basis of \$50 per share for the class A stock and \$110, per share for the \$7 dividend preferred stock or \$5 more than the call proce. The offer of exchange for \$5 dividend preferred stock is at \$105 per share for the \$7 dividend preferred stock and about \$95 per share for the new \$5 dividend preferred without additional charge for the 1-10 share of common stock. The stock to be exchanged under these offers must be received by Oct. 15 1928. As the amount of class A stock available is limited the offer of exchange for class A stock may be entirely withdrawn or its terms modified at any time even though before Oct. 15.

The issuance of the new \$5 dividend preferred makes it possiable, in view of the present credit of the company, to substitute this security for present issues of preferred stock and will, of course, mean a considerable reduction in the charges against earnings, with consequent saving to the company. The preferred stocks which have been outstanding include shares carrying a preferred dividends of \$3.50 on a preferential value of \$50, and shares carrying a preferred dividend of \$7, \$6.50 and \$6 on a preferential value of \$100. Refunding capital for these issues will be obtained by such financing as has now been arranged, the new preferred having no greater preference in its claim on assets than the preferred stock now outstanding, and with an annual charge of about 5 per cent. on the money thus procured. "If and when this is accomplished," says the company, "the resulting balance of earnings for the class A stock will, of course, be considerably increased."

Cumulative dividends on \$5 dividend pref. stock are payable Q-M. 15. Red. all or part on any dividend date, on 30 days notice, at \$102 per share and accrued dividends. Entitled, in case of liquidation or dissolution, to \$100 per share and accrued dividends before any distribution is made to class A, class B, and common stocks. Dividends are not subject to present normal Federal income tax. Transfer agents are F. E. Taylor and W. L. Freund, 61 Broadway, N. Y. City. Registrar is Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Capitalization July 1928—

Class A, B, and common stocks

Preferred stocks (varying rates, all of equal rank and no par value), preference value

\$61,380,000,000

Funded debt:

4½% convertible gold debentures due 1948

Consolidated and refunding bonds 5% Series due 1968

35,000,000

In addition to its offer to holders of its \$7 div. pref. stock of the privilege of exchanging those shares for class A or units of new \$5 div. pref. and common shares, the Associated Gas & Electric Co. announces similar offers to the holders of its original series preferred, \$6.50 div. pref., and \$6 div. pref. stock on varying terms.

common shares, the Associated Gas & Electric Co. announces similar offers to the holders of its original series preferred, \$6.50 dlv. pref., and \$6 dlv. pref., stock on varying terms.

Those holding the original series preferred are offered for each 2 shares of their \$3.50 dlvidend stock, either 2 4-10 shares of class A stock, or a unit of ¼ shares of \$5 div. pref. and one-tenth share of common.

Holders of \$6.50 div. pref. are offered for each share of their stock 2 1-10th shares of Associated class A stock, or a unit consisting of one and 1-10th shares of the new \$5 dividend preferred and 1-10th share of common. The holders of \$6 div. pref. are offered for each share of their stock 2 shares of class A, or 1 1-10th shares of the \$5 preferred, and 1-10th share of common.

The foregoing offers are based on the approximate call prices of \$60 per share for the original series pref. stock and \$105 per share for the \$6.50 and \$6 div. pref. stock.

The original series pref. stock was brought out by the company in 1922 under its then new plan of revamping and simplifying the capital structure of the Associated System and was sold principally to customers and employees being the original customer ownership stock. The \$6.50 stock and the \$6 stock were distributed initially through national banking groups and a substantial portion was issued as a result of conversions of debentures of the company and of the Associated Electric Co.

Stocks deposited for exchange under these offers must be received by Oct. 15. The amount of class A stock available is limited so that the offer to exchange for class A stock available is limited so that the offer to exchange for class A stock available is limited so that the offer to exchange for class A stock available is limited so that the offer to exchange for class A stock available is limited so that the offer to exchange for class A stock available is limited so that the offer to exchange for class A stock may be entirely withdrawn or the terms of exchange modified at any time even bef

Associated System Output Reaches Peak for Year .-

Associated System Output Reaches Peak for Year.—
The output of electricity of the Associated System for the 4 weeks ended Sept. 1 reached a new high peak for the current year it is announced. The putput for the 4 weeks aggregated 72,295,047 k.w.h., an increase of 10.6% and the highest output for any consecutive 4 week period during 1928 and includes the highest output for any single week this year.

The operating properties in the several territories again showed large increases especially in the Maritime Provinces and in New England. The output in the Maritime Provinces increased over 28% reflecting the recent expansion into new territories. The Cape and Vineyard properties in Massachusetts and the New Hampshire properties centering around Portsmouth all showed increases exceeding 23% due in part to increased industrial activity and the results of the vigorous new business campaign inaugurated some months ago.

some months ago.

The New York State properties showed increases ranging from 14.9% in Central New York to more than 21% for Staten Island reflecting increases in both agricultural and industrial activities. Western Kentucky and Tennessee properties showed increases of 20%, while Western Pennsylvania and Manila also reported substantial increases.—V. 127, p. 1388.

 California Oregon Power Co.—Earnings.—

 12 Months Ended July 31—
 1928.

 ross earnings.
 \$3.099.368

 et earnings.
 1.952.769

 ther income.
 16.384

Net earnings, including other income______\$1,969,153 \$1,662,648 V. 127, p. 952.

Central States Electric Corp.—2½% Stock Dividend.—
An quarterly dividend of ½% payable in stock has been declared on the common stock in addition to the regular quarterly cash dividend of 25c. a share, both payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 10. Like amounts were paid on July 2 last. It is the intention to continue the stock dividends on the common at the rate of 10% annually in addition to the regular \$1 annual cash payment. From April 1926 to April 1928, incl., the company paid regular quarterly cash dividends of 25c. a share, on the The regular quarterly dividend of \$1.75 a share on the 757.

common stock.

The regular quarterly dividend of \$1.75 a share on the 7% pref. stock and the regular quarterly of \$1.50 a share on the 6% pref. stock were also declared, payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 10.

The corporation is a holding company having as its principal investment North American Co. common stock.—V. 127, p. 1388.

Consolidated Gas Co. of N. Y.—Re. Stock Split-Up.—
To correct an erroneous statement that this company has paid a 100% stock dividend on its outstanding common stock, we wish to state that we have been informed that this is not so. What actually took place was a split-up of the old common stock on a 2 for 1 basis, two new common shares being issued by the company in exchange for each share outstanding. No transfer from surplus to capital account was made. (See also V. 126, p. 3927, and V. 127, p. 408).

Rehearing Denied in Gas Merger.—
The Public Service Commission denied Sept. 11 the application of Corporation Counsel George P. Nicholson and Morris L. Ernst, counsel for the Public Committee on Power in New York State, for a rehearing on the Commission's order authorizing the company to acquire all of the outstanding capital stock of the Brooklyn Edison Co., Inc.—V. 127, p. 1252, 952.

Central States Power & Light Corp.—Bonds Offered.—

A syndicate consisting of Chase Securities Corp., Pynchon & Co., West & Co., Peabody, Houghteling & Co., Federal Securities Corp. and W. S. Hammons & Co. are offering an additional issue of \$2,000,000 1st mtge. & 1st lien gold bonds $5\frac{1}{2}\%$ series due 1953, at 96 and int., to yield about 5.80%. Bonds are dated Jan. 1 1928, due Jan. 1 1953.

Data from Letter of H. C. Orton, Pres. of the Corporation. Business and Properties.—Corporation furnishes electric light and power and (or) gas and (or) other public utility services to 97 cities and communities located in the States of Iowa, kentucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Oklahoma and Texas. Through subsidiaries, controlled through ownership of more than 99% of all outstanding stocks, it also serves 92 communities in the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Michigan, Missouri,

North Dakota and in New Brunswick, Can. The total population of the territories served by the system is approximately 331,000 and the customers total more than 49,000. The combined annual electric output is about 26,000,000 k.w.h., the electric properties including 9 steam electric generating stations, 11 hydro-electric generating stations, and 1,397 miles of electric transmission lines.

As a result of recent financing the corporation has acquired directly and through a subsidiary a comprehensive system for the production, transportation and sale of natural gas at wholesale and retail to growing communities in the eastern and northeastern part of Oklahoma. Total sales of these properties for the 12 months ended on March 31 1928, approximated 10,133,000,000 cubic ft.

 Capitalization—

 1st mtge. and 1st lien gold bonds, 5½% series, due 1953 (Incl. this issue)
 Authorized.
 Outstanding.

 87 dividend preferred stock (no par)
 60,000 shs.
 60,000 shs.
 60,000 shs.

 Common stock (no par)
 50,000 shs.
 35,100 shs

 \$10,500,000 60,000 shs. 35,100 shs.

a Issuance of additional bonds restricted by provisions of the mortgage.

Earnings.—The following statement of consolidated earnings of the corporation and its subsidiaries for the year ended March 31 1928, has been prepared by F. W. Lafrentz & Co., certified public accountants, based upon their audies of the properties recently acquired, and in respect of the property theretofore owned or controlled, upon audits of Haskins and Sells, certified public accountants, Thulin & Co., public accountants, and the records of the corporation:

Gross earnings \$3,980,176
Operating expenses, maint, and taxes (other than Federal and State taxes) \$2,220,125

purposes.

Management.—Corporation has the benefit of the management of Utilities
Power & Light Corp., through that corporation's control of its common
stock.—V. 127, p. 952.

Copenhagen Telephone Co.—Earnings.—

Earnings 6 Months Ended June 30 1928. Subscription charges Kr.
Toll receipts Recording fees, removals, &c Total _____Kr. 12,915,379

Detroit Edison Co.—Listing.—

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$113,800 additional capital stock upon official notice of issuance.

Consolidated Income Account 12 Months Ended July 31.

 Gross Earnings from all Operations—
 1928.
 1927.

 Electricity
 \$47,081,849
 \$43,854,531

 Steam
 2,388,533
 2,330,226

 Gas
 331,544
 295,644

 Miscellaneous
 87,535
 107,662

 Total_
 \$49,889,460
 \$46,588,063

 Expense of all operations, including maintenance.
 21,635,124
 22,297,878

 Retirement reserve (depreciation)
 6,328,000
 5,684,000

 Federal income and other taxes
 4,957,000
 4,281,500

 Net earnings from all operations
 \$16,969,337
 \$14,324,684

 Interest on funded debt
 5,449,225
 4,532,497

 Interest on unfunded debt
 91,864
 287,734

 \$4.820.231 \$5,541,089 ess amount charged to prop. acct. for int. on money borrowed for construction purposes. 508,758 453.012 \$4,367,219 \$5,032,331 \$9,957,465 311,288 27,500 \$11,937,006 314,542 31,541 Net income. Net income_______\$11,590,922
Profit and Loss at beginning of period______11,531,412 \$9,618,677 9,812,602 \$23,122,334 7,109,773 Dividends paid and declared.
Casualty and contingency reserve
Retirement reserve (depreciation)—additional to
current appropriations from earnings. 545,000 980,000 Miscellaneous adjustments of profit and loss.... 154,027 159,646 Profit and loss surplus at end of period...... 15,313,535 11,531,412

Consolidated Balance Sheet July 31

	Consc	ntuated Data	nce sheet only 31.		
Assets-	1928.	1927.	Liabilities—	928.	1927.
Real est ., bldgs .;	•	•		72,300	87.044.400
&c	46.821.999	41.294.865		36,200	258.067
Power plant	40,021,000	41,204,000	Character and an about	30,200	2,493,300
equip., &c		155 940 199			85,926,300
Const. mate., &c				200,000	12,100,000
Cash	1.964.408			00,315	2.122.353
Notes receivable				00,770	
Accounts rec				61.507	1,422,549
Prepaid accts			Miscell. accrued	01,001	-,,
Suscrib. to cap.		,		274.551	161.953
stock	28,641	869.775	Retirement res.	,	-0-,000
Stks. of sub. co's	1,285,049	1,205,049	(deprec.) 18,4	17,116	15,775,462
Adv. to sub. co's	4,685,066	4.473,807			
Bonds & invest.	145,237	139,687		56.604	1,155,127
Casulaty & cont.			Miscell. reserve_ 6	02,654	303,670
invest. fund	1,157,253		Miscell. unad-		
Special deposits_			credits	13,174	604,288
Debt disct. & exp					
Deferred charges				313,535	11,531,412
Adjust. accts	2,598	1,732			
			Tot. (each side) 245,5	17,325	223,446,532

Detroit United Ry .- Property Sold .-

-V. 127, p. 545.

The properties of the Detroit United Ry. and the Detroit Monroe Toledo Short Line Ry. were sold for \$2,575,300 at public auction at Detr Sept. 12 to Edward W. Durner of Princenton, N. J., and James T. Har an of New York, representatives of the organization committee of borolders of the two roads.

The sale was conducted by William S. Sayres Jr., standing master-in-chancery of the U. S. District Court, under a mortgage foreclosure. The Detroit United Ry. and the Detroit Monroe & Toledo Short Line Ry. will be reorganized as the Eastern Michigan Ry.—V. 127, p. 545.

Eastern Massachusetts Street Ry.—Public Control.—
The stockholders on Sept. 11 by a vote of 159,393 shares to 43,007, approved the continuation of control of the road by a board of public trustees for a further period of five years as recently authorized by the Commonwealth.

Under the terms of the Extension Act, the road for five years beginning Jan. 15 next will be operated by board of three public trustees. One of these trustees is to be elected by the directors of the road from among their own number and the other two are to be appointed by the Governor. If such appointments have not been made by Jan. 15, the affairs of the road will continue to be administered by the present board of four trustees.—V. 127, p. 1389, 545.

Eastern States Power Corp.—New President, &c.-See Northeastern Power Corp. below.—V. 126, p. 3115.

See Northeastern Power Corp. below.—V. 126, p. 3115.

Eastern Utilities Investing Corp.—New Capital Set Up.—
The outstanding capitalization of the corporation now reflects the exchange of 50,000 shares of \$7 cumul. pref. stock share for share for \$6 cumul. preferred stock it was announced this week. The new capitalization is as follows: \$5 cumul. prior pref. stock, 75,000 shares; \$6 cumul. pref. stock, 50,000 shares; \$6 cumul. pref. stock, 100,000 shares; \$6 cumul. pref. stock, 100,000 shares; \$6 cumul. pref. stock, 100,000 shares; partic. preference stock, 175,000 shares; and class "B" common stock, 100,000 shares.
The Associated Gas & Electric Co. recently announced the offering of 10-year 5½% investment certificates exchangeable when full paid for stock units of the Eastern Utilities Investing Crop. each of these units consisting of 3 shares of \$5 cumul. prior pref., 2 shares of \$6 cumul. pref. 5 shares of partic. preference stock and 5 shares of class A common stock. Interest and dividends are to be adjusted on exchanges and conversions so as to be continuous but not overlapping. Interest on full and partial investment certificates will be paid from data payment is received by the Associated Gas & Electric Co. quarterly at the rate of 5½% per annum on a par value of \$1,000 for full certificates and \$100 for partial certificates. The preferred, class A, class B, and common stocks of the Associated Gas & Electric Co. all of which are junior to the issue of investment certificates, offered directly to stockholders by the company, are stated to have an aggregate value, based on current quotations, of over \$118,000,000.

Balance available for dividends of \$2,152,584 is shown in the report of the corporation for the 12 months ended July 31 1928, equal to 5.7 times annual dividend requirements on the \$6 and \$7 cumulative preferred stocks to be outstanding upon the completion of present financing plans.

The revenues of the corporation are derived chiefly from dividends and

preferred stocks to be outstanding upon the comparison.

The revenues of the corporation are derived chiefly from dividends and interest upon its investments. Balance for dividends on the participating preference and common stocks of the corporation is given as \$1,302.584 after allowing for annual dividends on 75,000 shares of cumulative prior, preferred stock, 50,000 shares of \$6 cumulative preferred stock, and 25,000 shares of \$7 cumulative preferred stock to be presently outstanding.

Balance sheet as of July 31 1928, shows total assets of \$35,458,352, made up of investments of \$35,265,361, cash of \$13,007, and interest and dividends receivable of \$179,984.—V. 127, p. 1389.

Elmira Water, Light & RR.—Control.— See Rochester Central Power Corp. below.—V. 127, p. 106.

Empire Gas & Electric Co.—Control.— See Rochester Central Power Corp. below.—V. 127, p. 106.

Erie (Pa.) Lighting Co.—Defers Pref. Dividend.—
The quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share due Oct. 1 next on the cumul.
\$2 div. pref. stock has not been declared, it is announced. A distribution at this rate was paid on July 2 last.—V. 127, p. 682.

Fort Smith Light & Traction Co.—Earnings.—

12 Months Ended July 31—

Gross earnings \$990,740

Net earnings 292,757

Other income 113,416 1927. \$951,163 251,534 97,154

Net earnings, including other income. \$406,173 \$348.688 Note.—Gas properties sold June 15 1928. Gas department net earnings for the full year ended July 31 1927 and for the 10½ months ended June 15 1928 are included in other income.—V. 127, p. 1389.

General Water Works Corp.—Preferred Stock Offered.— Eliason, Kolb & Eliason, Philadelphia recently offered the \$7 series cumulative preferred stock at \$100 per share and dividends.

Fully paid and non-assessable. Exempt from present normal Federal income tax. Preferred both as to assets and dividends. Issuable in series bearing dividends not exceeding \$7 per share per annum. Dividends payable Q.-J. Red. all or part on any div. date at \$107 per share, plus divs. Entitled to \$107 per share and divs. in the event of voluntary liquidation and \$100 per share and divs. in the event of involuntary liquidation. Dividends cumulative at rate of \$7 per annum. Transfer agents, Bank of America National Association, New York, and Illinois Merchants Trust Co., Chicago. Registrars, Central Union Trust Co., New York, and Continental National Bank & Trust Co., Chicago.

Continental National Bank & Trust Co., Chicago.

Data from Letter of L. A. Phillips, Vice-President of the Corporation.

Company.—Incorp. in Delaware. Owns all the capital stock (except directors' qualifying shares) and obligations (except current indebtedness) of the following water companies: Boise Water Corp., serving Boise, Ida., and surrounding districts; Breckenridge Water Co., serving Breckenridge, Tex.; Texas Water Utilities Co., serving Memphis, Estelline, Post, McGregor, Moody, Cameron, Hempstead and Sealy, Tex.; Indiana Water Service Co., serving Montpelier, Jonesboro, Albany, Butler, Greensburg and Washington, Ind., and Three Oaks, Mich.; the Winchester Water Works Corp., serving Winchester, Ky.; Freeport Water Co., serving Freeport Pa.; Jersey Shore, Pa.; Portage Water Co., serving Portage, Pa.; Lloydell Water Co., serving Lloydell, Beaverdale, Dunlo and Ruthford, Pa. Texas Water Utilities Co. also serves ice in several communities in Texas.

The combined companies serve water for domestic and industrial purposes in thirty-two growing communities with a population of approximately 140,000. Service is furnished to 23,851 consumers through 406 miles of mains.

Consolidated Earnings for the 12 Months Ended April 30 1928.

Consolidated Earnings for the 12 Months Ended April 30 1928.
[Adjusted for non-recurring charges and after giving effect to recent acquisitions and financing.]

\$198.321

Annual dividend requirements on 10,000 shares \$7 series cumul. referred stock The above balance of \$198,321 is over 2½ times the annual dividend requirements on the outstanding \$7 series cumulative preferred stock. Compare also V. 127, p. 259, 408, 545.

General Gas & Electric Corp.—Listing.-

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 5,313 additional shares of common stock, class A, without par value, on official notice of issuance, making the total amount applied for 361,473 shares. The 5,313 shares represent the maximum number of additional shares required to be listed for issuance to holders of common stock, class A, for subscriptions to additional common stock, class A, to the extent of the dividend payable on Oct. 1 1928, to holders of record Sept. 12.

Consolidated Income Accounts (Corporation	and Subsidia	ries).
Years Ended-	Mar. 31 '28.	June 30 '28
Operating revenue	\$23,830,217	\$22,962,797
Operating revenue a Operating exp. & taxes, incl. Federal taxes Maintenance	10,468,447 2,404,378	9,786,478 2,443,628
Depreciation	1,562,805	1.525.687
Rentals	382,472	381,400
Operating income	\$9.012.115	\$8.825,603
Operating incomeOther income	946,132	1,063,206
Total income	\$9,958,247	\$9,888,810
Interest on funded debt.	3.826.861	3,645,788
Other interest and miscellaneous	243,936	215,035
Amortization of discount and expense	294.381	296,092
Preferred stock dividends of subsidiaries	2.105.630	2.095,293
Minority interests	235,577	246,592
Net income	\$3,251,862	\$3,390,010
of companies acquired or disposed of during year	6.954.619	7.418.355
Miscellaneous credits—Net	293,559	94,444
Total	\$10,500,040	\$10.902.809
General Gas & Electric Corp. dividends	1,896,116	1,903,420

Surplus at end of period, including surplus of subsidiary companies at date of acquisition... \$8,603,924 \$8,999,389

participations.					
	Compar	ative Consoli	dated Balance She	et.	
	June 30 '28.	Mar. 31 '28.	Ju	ne 30 '28.	Mar. 31 '28-
Assets-	8	8	Liabilities-	. 8	8
Property	145.845.185	143,136,879	Cap. stk. & div.		
Funds for constr.	,,		participations.x3	1.210.735	31,082,994
dep. with trus		15,074,666	Subsid. cos 3		34,728,457
Securities owned	2,540,502	741.662	Funded debt-	-,,	,,
Sinking & other	-,,	,		9.034,800	89,388,600
funds	807,539	2.332.060	Pay' by subser.	,,,,,,,,,,	00,000,000
Cash & callloans	3,737,455	4.828,739	for pref. stk.		
Notes receivable	38,507	37.701	(subsid. cos.)	114,970	75,098
Accts. receivable		2,144,957	Notes payable	171,868	253,104
Mat'ls & suppl.	1.836,597	1.926.871	Accts. payable	1.078.912	1,085,683
Working funds &		-,,	Consumers' dep.	652,348	660.075
miscellaneous_	376,086	376,547	Adv. by cons. for		
Unamort, disct.			extensions	434,333	441,786
and expense	9,479,044	8,963,888	Miscellaneous	75.687	69,727
Unamort, adi. of	.,		Taxes & rentals.	1,608,305	1,645,367
property accts	469,369	479,309	Int. on fd. debt.	912,972	670,143
Undis.deb.items	121,935	124.787	Miscellaneous	83,645	96,869
			Depreciation and		
			conting, res.	8.847.052	8,774,641
			Inj. & damages		
			and uncollect.		
			accounts res	445,931	437,577
			Miscell, reserves	1,591,082	
			Min. int. in sur.		
			of sub. cos	661,134	562,303
			Sur. incl. sur. of		
			subs. at date		
			of acquisition.	8,999,389	8,603,924
Total	180,866,681	180,168,068	Total18	80,866,681	180,168,068

Georgia Power Co.—Bonds Offered.—Drexel & Co., Bonbright & Co., Inc., and Harris, Forbes & Co. are offering an additional issue of \$15,000,000, 1st & ref. mtge. gold bonds 5% series due 1967 at 98 and int. to yield about 5½%. Dated Mar. 1 1927. (See original offering and description in V. 124, p. 1509.)

description in V. 124, p. 1509.)

Issuance.—Subject to authorization by the Georgia P. S. Commission.

Data from Letter of P. S. Arkwright, President of the Company.

Company.—Supplies electric light and power, directly or ndirectly, in substantially all of northern and central Georgia, incl. over 188 communities in this territory. Among the cities directly served are Atlanta, Rome and Athens. In addition, the company furnishes transportation service in Atlanta and vicinity and in Rome and Athens, and gas service in Atlanta, the the electric, street railway and gas properties in Macon and adjoining communities and the electric, gas and water properties in Brunswick. The market for the system's services throughout the region is large and diversified and the territory is developing rapidly, along industrial and agricultural lines. The population of the territory served by the electric system is estimated to be in excess of 1,900,000.

Properties.—Properties of the company and its controlled companies include 20 hydro-electric generating plants with an installed capacity of over 362,000 hp., steam generating plants with an installed capacity of over 362,000 hp., steam generating plants aggregating over 35,000 hp. gasengers for the twelve months ended July 31 1928 and gas plants with a daily capacity of 10,400,000 cu. ft. The electric system of the company forms an important link in the interconnected power systems serving the southeastern section of the United States.

Security.—In the opinion of counsel, these bonds are secured by a first mortgage on certain electric light and power properties, which properties, in the opinion of the entire fixed properties of the company, and are further secured by a direct mortgage on the remaining fixed property of the company, (except certain undeveloped land as stated in the mortgage) subject to closed divisional underlying mortgages securing \$18,177,000 of bonds. The total value of the company's fixed properties as they existed on Oct. 31 1926, as estimated by independent e

and for other corporate funds for further additions and improvements Capitalization Outstanding as of July 31 1928 (upon Completion of this Financing).

Capital Stock (No Par Value)—	
Common	2,000,000 shs.
Preferred. \$6 cumulative	- 373,469 shs.
2d preferred, \$6 cumulative	- 400,000 shs.
Underlying (closed) divisional bonds	*\$18,177,000
1st & ref. mtge. bonds, 5% series due 1967 (incl. this issue)	- 78,000,000
* Not including \$648,000 bonds of Atlanta Gas Light (Co. outstanding
in the hands of the public.	

Gross revenues (including other income) *\$17.781,308 Oper. exp., maint. & taxes (except Federal taxes)8,728,093	1928. \$19,985,151 9,429,810
Net earnings\$9,053,215 Annual interest[an funded debt (to be outstanding upon com-	
pletion of (his financing, including int. on outstanding bonds of Atlanta Gas Light Co.)	4,843,500

*Other income includes net income of controlled companies accruing to Georgia Power Co. amounting to \$170,673 for the 1928 period and a deficit of \$92,409 for the 1927 period, but does not include interest during construction amounting to \$395,040 and \$414,752 for the respective periods. Of the net earnings, over 80% was derived from the electric and gas business.

business.

Control.—Company is controlled through stock ownership by Southeastern Power & Light Co., which also controls Alabama Power Co., Mississippi Power Co. and Gulf Power Co., all located in contiguous territory and serving practically all of Alabama, northern and central Georgia, eastern Mississippi and northwest Florida, and South Carolina Power Co., serving southeastern South Carolina. Practically all of these properties are linked together by high-tension transmission lines into a single interconnected system.—V. 126, p. 3448.

Hartford (Conn.) Electric Light Co.—Extra Dividend.—
The directors have voted a customers' dividend amounting to 60% of the October bills and an extra dividend of 60% on the amount of the stockholders' October dividend accrual. Employees of the company will also share in the distribution and will receive 60% of their October earnings extra. The company announces also a reduction in power rates. The letter to customers follows in part:

"The abnormally large amount of water power during the year, the inincreased use of electricity by our customers, the low prices paid for coal and the improved efficiency of our organization have each helped materially to improve the earnings of the company for the year to date. The directors have therefore recognized in the attached vote the three parties at interest, namely, the customers who furnish the business, the stockholders who furnish the money and the employees who do the work. It is gratifying to the board that it is able this year to declare a customers' dividend of 60% instead of the lesser amount of 40% declared a year ago.

The amount of the customers' dividend will be approximate y \$280,000. The number of customers totals 65,000. In the past four years the sums distributed in this manner tota about \$1,000,000. It is the first time an extra dividend has been paid from earnings to stockholders and also to employees of the company. The extra dividend to stockholders amounts to about \$90,000 in the form of 12½ cents a share payable Nov. 1 to holders of record Oct. 1. The employees will divide \$65,000 "Electrical World."

—V. 126, p. 3297.

Illinois Bell Telephone Co.—To Increase Stock.—

Illinois Bell Telephone Co.—To Increase Stock.—
The stockholders will vote Sept. 26 on increasing the authorized capital stock from \$110,000,000 to \$150,000,000, par \$100.,—V. 127, p. 821.

Jersey Central Power & Light Co.—Acquisition.—
An order of the New Jersey P. U. Commission permitting the company to sell \$225,000 of 5% bonds at 95 was modified on Sept. 7 to read "90% of par." The company may also issue \$130,000 of 6% pref. stock and 11,125 shares of common stock of no par value, the latter at \$10 a share. The proceeds are to be used to purchase the Ocean Gas Co (see latter in V. 123, p. 3184).—V. 127, p. 1103.

Kansas City Clay County & St. Joseph Ry.—Tenders.
The Equitable Trust Co., 37 Wall St., N. Y. City, will until Sept. 21
receive bids for the sale to it of 1st mtge. 5% 30-year gold bonds dated
Sept. 1 1911, to an amount sufficient to absorb \$50,478 at prices not exceeding 105 and interest.—V. 125, p. 1460.

Lima Telephone & Telegraph Co.—Control.—

Louisville Gas & Electric Co. (Del.)	-Earning	8.—
12 Months Ended July 31— Gross earnings	1928. \$9,465,634	1927. \$8,655,678
Net earningsOther income	4,896,593	4,434,394 149,066
Net earnings, including other income	\$5,136,222	\$4,583,460

Louisville Gas & Electric Co. (Ky.).—Stock Increased.—
The stockholders on Sept. 10 increased the capital stock from \$45,000,000 of which \$25,000,000 is preferred stock, par \$100; \$15,000,000 is class A common stock, par \$100, and \$5,000,000 is class B common stock, par \$10 of which \$50,000,000 of solid be preferred stock, \$15,000,000 shall be class A common stock and \$25,000,000 shall be class B common stock. See also V. 127, p. 1103.

Market Street Railway Co.—Earning	gs.—	
12 Months Ended July 31— Gross earnings Net earnings Other income	\$9,857,675 1,496,066	\$9,853,537 1,762,595 32,568
Net earnings, including other income	\$1,516,350	\$1,795,163

Gas Distribution Contracts.—Company's entire present output of gas will be delivered under four favorable contracts extending beyond the maturity of these bonds, to the three following well-known public utility companies: Memphis Power & Light Co., Mississippl Power & Light Co., and Arkansas Power & Light Co. The contracts are briefly summarized

maturity of these bonds, to the three following well-known public utility companies: Memphis Power & Light Co., Mississippi Power & Light Co. and Arkansas Power & Idght Co. The contracts are briefly summarized as follows:

(1.) A contract with the Memphis Power & Light Co. to supply its entire gas requirements in the distribution of natural gas for domestic and industrial consumers in and about the City of Memphis.

(2.) A contract with the Memphis Power & Light Co. for the supplying of gas for fuel to its electric power plant, subject to such gas being required to fill the supply under the contract mentioned in (1) providing for the minimum delivery of 4,000,000,000 cubic feet of gas per annum for the first five years, and thereafter its entire fuel requirements at a price calculated to be equivalent to the cost of other available fuels.

(3.) A contract with the Mississippi Power & Light Co. to supply its natural gas requirements in territory along the company's main pipe line. This contract is at favorable rates, based upon the field prices at which the company purchases gas.

(4.) A contract with Mississippi Power & Light Co., substantially similar to the contract with Mississippi Power & Light Co., except as to parties and territory.

Properties.—The properties of the company will, upon completion of the project, include approximately 210 miles of new 18-inch pipe line with a daily rate transportation capacity of 60,000,000, cubic feet, two modern compressor stations with an installed capacity of 6,100 horse power, and other facilities and equipment necessary for the successful operation of the properties. Ford, Bacon & Davis, Inc., are also under contract to construct to parties and equipment necessary for the successful operation of the properties of the National Suerty Co. Ford, Bacon & Davis, Inc., are also under contract to furnish the materials required in the entire project and to construct compressor stations and miscellaneous equipment. It is expected that the line will be completed about Jan, 31

not less than \$11,000,000,000 cubic feet. The requirements for the Exchiphis Gas Co. contract are estimated to be approximately 250,000,000,000,000 cubic feet.

Stock Purchase Privilege.—The holder of each \$1,000 bond will be entitled to purchase a unit of 10 shares of the common stock of the company at the rate of \$4 per share at any time on or before Aug. 1 1932: thereafter and on or before Aug. 1 1936, at the rate of \$5 per share; thereafter and on or before Aug. 1 1940, at the rate of \$6 per share; thereafter and on or before Aug. 1 1943, at the rate of \$8 per share (subject in certain contingencies, as provided in the mortgage, to reductions in the prices to be paid for said shares); provided however, that any or all such stock purchase privileges may be terminated by the company upon 30 days' notice by the appropriation of the sum of \$40 for each \$1,000 bond and upon such notice and appropriation all such purchase privileges not previously exercised shall cease. In the event of the redemption of any bond prior to the exercise of the appertaining purchase privilege a certificate will be issued evidencing the continuation of such privilege. Holders of \$500 bonds will have a proportionate purchase privilege entitling the holder thereof to purchase five shares of common stock on the same basis, the appropriation to be made in case of the termination of such privilege to be \$20.

Construction Fund.—Out of the proceeds of this issue there will be deposited with the Pennsylvania Co. for Insurances on Lives & Granting Annuities, depositary, a sum, which, together with other moneys deposited with the deposit arg and (or) shares of preferred stock appropriated for disbursement under the deposit agreement, will be sufficient to pay the estimated cost of the purchase of materials and of the construction of the proposed pipe line and interest on these bonds for the estimated period of construction of engineer's certificates or other proper showing of construction progress.

Listed.—Bonds listed on Chicago Stock Exchan

struction progress.

Listed.—Bonds listed on Chicago Stock Exchange.—V. 127, p. 1390.

Michigan Bell Telephone Co.—Acquisition.—
The I.-S. C. Commission on Aug. 30 approved the acquisition by the company of the propert es of the Orion Telephone Co. The report of the Commission says:
On Oct. 28 1927, the Bell company contracted to purchase the properties of the Orion company, free from all liens or encumbrances, for \$15,000. An appraisal made by the Bell company's outside plant engineer finds the reproduction cost new of the properties to be \$22,725, and less depreciation \$15,800. No part of the properties to be acquired will be retired from service. In 1927 operating revenues and operating expenses of the Orion company were \$7,331 and \$6,895, respectively.—V. 127, p. 953.

Middle West Utilities Co. Friend Professional Dividend

Middle West Utilities Co.—Extra Preferred Dividend.—
The directors have declared the regular quarterly dividend of \$1.75
per share on the common stock, payable No. 15 to holders of record Oct. 31.
A dividend of \$2.25 a share was declared on the outstanding \$100 par
preferred stock, payable Oct. 15 to holders of record Sept. 25, being onefourth of the regular annual dividend of 7% plus 50c. per share, thereby
completing the payment of an additional dividend of 1% required to be
paid in any calendar year in which more than \$6 per share is paid as dividends
on the common stock.
The regular quarterly dividend of \$1.50 a share on the \$6 cumulative

The regular quarterly dividend of \$1.50 a share on the \$6 cumulative no par preferred stock was also declared, payable Oct. 15 to holders of record Sept. 29.—V. 127, p. 822.

Midwest Gas Corp.—Bonds Called.—
All of the outstanding 1st mtge. 7% gold bonds, series A, dated Nov. 1
1926, due Nov. 1 1936, have been called for redemption Nov. 1 next at
105 and int. Payment will be made at the Guaranty Trust Co., trustee,
140 Broadway, N. Y. City.
The trustee has been authorized to purchase any of the bonds at any
time prior to Nov. 1 at 105 and int. to date of redemption, less a bank
discount at the rate of 5% per annum; from date of presentation to date
of redemption, upon presentation and surrender of any of the bonds with

the Nov. 1 1928 and all subsequent coupons attached, at the Guaranty Trust Co.—V. 127, p. 682.

Net earnings, including other income......\$1,157,341 \$1,248,919
Note.—Tacoma and Puget Sound divisions sold Dec. 31 1927. Net earnings of Tacoma and Puget Sound divisions for the full year ended July 31 1927 and for 5 months ended Dec. 31 1927 are included in other income.—
V. 127, p. 953.

New York Central Electric Corp.—Control.— See Rochester Central Power Corp. below.—V. 127, p. 107.

North American Edison Co.—Debentures Offered.—Dillon, Read & Co. are offering at 100 and int., \$20,000,000 5½% debentures, series "B."

5½% debentures, series "B."

Dated Aug. 15 1928; due Aug. 15 1963. Interest payable F. & A. without deduction for normal Federal income tax not exceeding 2%. Principal and int. payable in New York in United States gold coin. Denom. \$1,000 c*. Red. all or part by lot, on the 15th day of any month on 30 days notice, (1) to and incl. Aug. 15 1930 at 104 and int., with successive reductions in the redemption price of ¼ of 1% during each two-year period thereafter to and incl. Aug. 15 1960, and thereafter until maturity at 100 and int. and (2) under certain conditions upon sale of certain assets, at 100 and int. The indenture is to contain provision for refund of Penn. personal property tax not exceeding 4 mills per annum. Central Union Trust Co., New York, trustee.

Listing.—Company has agreed to make application in due course to list the series B debentures on the N. Y. Stock Exchange.

Data from Letter of Edwin Gruhl, President of the Company.

Company.—Organized in Delaware in March 1922, as a subsidiary of North American Co. Controls through stock ownership important public utility operating companies, including Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co., Union Electric Light & Power Co. (St. Louis), Mississippi River Power Co., Milwaukee Electric Ry. & Light Co., Wisconsin Electric Power Co., Milwaukee Electric Ry. & Light Co., Wisconsin Electric Power Co., Milwaukee Electric Ry. & Light Co., Wisconsin Electric Power Co., Milwaukee Electric Ry. & Light Co., Wisconsin Michigan Power Co., The earnings of the operating subsidiaries of the company are derived principally from electric light and power business, more than 78% of gross earnings and more than 87% of net income from operation during the 12 months ended June 30 1928 having come from that source.

Consolidated gross earnings of subsidiaries of North American Edison Co., during the period of 12 months ended June 30 1928, represented more than 55% of the consolidated gross earnings of all subsidiaries of the North American Co. during that period.

Capitalization.—Upon completion of this financing, the capitalization of the company (subject to further conversions of series A debentures into preferred stock after Sept. 5 1928) will be as follows:

Authorized. Outstanding.

a Additional debentures of any series may be issued subject to indenture restrictions. b 183,410 shares reserved against conversion of series A debentures.

Purpose.—Proceeds will be used for the payment of unfunded debt of the company and for other corporate purposes.

Consolidated Earnings of the Company and its Subsidiaries.

Net inc. from oper___\$28,934,414 \$35,047,137 \$37,519,794 \$38,913,534 Int. chgs. and pref. divs. of subs., & minor. it__ 11,372,738 13,213,205 14,443,532 14,714,815 Depreciation_____ 7,396,579 8,372,945 8,770,941 8,859,469

Balance before interest charges of North
American Edison Co\$10,165,097 \$13,460,987 \$14,305,321 \$15,339,250
Annual interest requirement on debentures to be outstanding as shown above.
The above balance of \$15,339,250 for the 12 months ended June 30 1928 is more than 7½ times the annual interest requirement of \$2,017,050 on the \$38,341,000 principal amount of debentures of the company to be outstanding, as shown above, upon completion of this financing.—V. 127, p. 822.

Northeastern Power Corp.—Change in Personnel.—
F. L. Carlisle, Chairman of the board of directors of this corporation and of the Eastern States Power Corp. has been elected president of these corporations to fill the vacancies created by the resignation of H. Edmund Machold to assume the chairmanship of the New York State Republican Committee. Mr. Machold's resignation as a director of Eastern States Power Corp. was also accepted.
A statement issued following the meeting of the board of Northeastern Power Corp. reported that the output of electric energy during the 7 months ended July 31 1928, amounted to 338,742,133 k.w.h., an increase of 31% over the 257,704,950 k.w.h. reported for the same period of last year. As a result of the long tern contract for 40,000 k.w. with Niagara, Lockport & Ontario Power Co., which went into effect on Sept. 1, and other new business recently received, an even greater rate of increase in output is expected to be shown during the remaining months of the year.—V. 127, p. 261.

Northern States Power Co.—Earnings. 12 Months Ended July 31— 1928. 1927.

Gross earnings. \$30,786,418 \$29,133,589
Net earnings. 15,522,617 15,010,206
Other income 291,247 83,726

Net earnings, including other income......\$15,813,864 \$15,093,932

Note.—Above figures include all properties now in the system for full periods.—V. 127, p. 1390.

Ocean Gas Co. (N. J.).—Sale.— See Jersey Central Power & Light Co. above.—V. 123, p. 3184.

 Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co.—Earnings.—

 12 Months Ended July 31—
 1928.

 Gross earnings
 \$11.010.030

 Net earnings
 5.077.966

 Other income
 486,814
 \$8,331,684 3,960,324 932,726

Peoples Light & Power Corp.—Stock Underwritten.—

A new issue of 10,000 shares \$6 cumul. pref. stock, no par value, has been purchased by G. L. Ohrstrom & Co., Inc., for public offering in the near future. This stock is redeemable at the option of the corporation, in whole or in part on any dividend payment date, upon at least 30 days notice, at \$105 and accrued dividends per share. Dividends are payable quarterly of the first of February, May, August and November. Through its subsidiaries, including properties under contract of purchase, the corporation renears public utility service in territories having a total estimated population contract of purchase, the corporation renears public utility service in territories having a total estimated population contract of properties are mostly hydro-electric systems. The subsidiary companies include, among others, Green Mountain Power Corp., Wisconsin Hydro Electric Co., Arizona Edison Co. and Austin Gas Co.—V. 127, p. 1253.

FINANCIAL CHRONICLE SEPT. 15 1928.] Philadelphia Co.—Bonds Called.—Earnings.—
The company has called for redemption Oct. 1 next \$68,000 1st mtge.
5% 30-year gold bonds, due Oct. 1 1929, of the Union Gas Co. of McKees port at 102% and int. Payment will be made at the Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh (Pa.), trustee.

 12 Months Ended July 31—
 1928.
 1927.

 Gross earnings
 \$61,270,418
 \$61,472,661

 Net earnings
 26,767,098
 26,114,949

 Other income
 1,488,731
 1,102,080

 Net earnings, including other income.....\$28,255,829 \$27,217,029 -V. 127, p. 953. Postal Telegraph & Cable Corp.—Initial Pref. Div.—
The directors on Sept. 12 declared an initial quarterly dividend of 14% on the 7% non-cum. pref. stock, payable Oct. 1 next to holders of record Sept. 21. (See V. 126, p. 3929; V. 127, p. 107.)—V. 127, p. 1391 Public Service Corp. of New Jersey.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 289,124 shares of \$5 cum. pref. stock (no par value). Combined Results of Operations for 12 Months Ended June 30 (Company and Subsidiary Utility Companies). Operating income______ \$37,795,514\$33,005,345 16,140,177 16,340,574 Net income of subsidiary companies_____

Public Service Corp. of N. J. income (exclusive of dividends on stocks of operating companies)__

Expenses

Maintenance \$21,655,336\$16,664,771 $\begin{array}{cccc} 4,057,151 & 4,208,810 \\ 1,412,639 & 898,400 \\ 25,123 & 24,826 \\ 241,526 & 224,020 \end{array}$ 25,123 241,526 98,102Taxes
Retirement expenses 102,094 \$2,279,760 \$2,959,470 Total
Public Service Corp. of N. J. Income Deductions—
Interest charges
Amortization of debt discount and expense
Other contractual deductions from income \$23,935,096\$19,624,241 ,296,926 \$5,200,189 158,233 120,336 40,269 32,122 Net income of P. S. Corp. of N. J. and sub. cos. \$19,439,668\$14,271,595 Approp. accts. of sub. cos.; adj. of sur. accounts. \$C76,285 Dr14.888 Dyss. of sub. cos. (excl. of inter-company divs.) \$2,007,463 1,476,449 Apprp. accts. of P. S. Corp. N. J. (excl. of divs.) \$2,007,463 1,476,449 Dr4,547 Balance________\$17,600,416\$12,775,710
Divs. on pref. stock of P. S. Corp. of N. J______ a5,997,832 4,312,766 Net inc. in sur. before payment of com. stk. divs. \$11,602,584 \$8,462,944 a Exclusive of inter-company dividends.

ownership --- 29,050,250 29,079,200 Prem on cap.stk. 1,355,750 418,500 Cap.stk. subscr. 9,078,756 4,566,500 Funded debt. --231,266,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,650 286,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 466,999,102 59,318 479,318 2,309,766 funds..... Special deposits. Funded debt. ...231,266,650
Acc'ts payable... 4,596,537
Consumers' dep. 3,966,285
Misc. cur. ilab... 35,420
Taxes accrued... 2,968,211
Interest accrued 2,293,737
Misc. accr. ilab... 307,548
Reserve x47,949,757
Misc. unadj.cred... 2,575,222
Profit and loss... 20,860,845 Prepayments... Unamortiz. debt discount and 403,859 30,108 2,586,110 2,832,875 236,742 expense..... Misc. suspense. 9,852,775 2,514,688 6,826,979 2,489,358 43,681,632

----596,159,581 615,460,097 Total -----596,159,581 615,460,097

18,262,683

Radio Corp. of America.—Clause on Tubes Invalid.—
By a two-to-one decision the Federal Court of Appeals at Philadelphia
Sept. 11 declared invalid the clause in the agreements made between the
Radio Corp. of America and licensee manufacturers, which provided that
the latter should use only Radio Corp. tubes in the construction of receiving

the latter should use only Radio Corp. tubes in the construction of receiving sets.

Upholding Judge Hugh M. Morris of the District Court of Delaware, the court at Philadelphia ruled that the cause was a violation of the Clayton Anti-Trust law. Judge Morris in his decision of Feb. 7 had held that to permit such a contract to be carried out would be to write a nullifying clause in the Clayton Act itself.

It was the contention of the five complaining independent tube manufacturers that the Radio Corp. was building a monopoly of the tube business by granting licenses to manufacturers with the provision that the concerns should not use the tubes of other companies and that it was therefore acting in restraint of trade.

The Radio Corp. contended that the contracts were for the use of its patents and were not in any way acting in restraint of trade.

In his decision Judge J. Warren Davis, agreeing with Judge Morris, endorsed the complainants' contention and held that the tubes were not a "definite component, patented part" of Radio Corp. sets. Therefore, he concluded, the Radio Corp. was not privileged to put restrictions on what tube manufacturers of sets should use in their apperatus.

Judge Victor B. Woolley agreed with the opinion as prepared by Judge Davis, but Judge Joseph Buffington, senior member of the court, dissented. He held that the Radio Corp. was fully within its rights in making the restrictive stipulation.

The complainants agaist the Radio Corp. were Aurthur D. Lord, receiver of the De Forest Radio Corp.; the Northern Mfg. Co., the United Radio & Electric Corp., the Televocal Corp. and Harry Chirelstein, the owner of the Sonatron Tube Corp.

It is believed that the case will be carried to the U. S. Supreme Court.

—V. 127, p. 1254, 823.

Rochester Central Power Corp.—Debentures Offered.—

Rochester Central Power Corp.—Debentures Offered.— A new issue of \$22,500,000 5% gold debentures, series A, priced at 90 and int., is being offered by Manufacturers Trust Co., W. C. Langley & Co. and Bonbright & Co., Inc.

Dated Sept. 1 1928; due Sept. 1 1953. Interest payable M. & S. at office or agency of corporation in N. Y. City. Red. all or part on at least 30 days notice at 105% and int. Denom. c*\$1,000 and \$500, and r*\$1,000. Corporation agrees to pay the normal Federal income tax to the extent of 2%. Certain Calif., Conn., Maryland, Mass. and Penn.taxes refundable. Manufacturers Trust Co., New York, trustee.

Data from Letter of E. L. Phillips, Chairman of the Board of Directors, Corporation.—Organized in New York in June 1928, as Rochester Empire Power Corp., name since changed to above title. Upon completion of the present financing, the corporation will own, directly or indirectly, all of the outstanding common stock of a number of operating companies, including Rochester Gas & Electric Corp. Empire Gas & Electric Co., Elmira Water, Light & RR., and New York Central Electric Corp.

These companies furnish, directly or indirectly, electric power and light to 195 communities and gas to 34 communities in the State of New York. Among the communities served with electric power and light are Rochester, Elmira, Auburn, Corning, Cornell, Geneva, Newark, Seneca Falls, Canandaigua, Dansville, Penn Yan, Lyons and Warsaw. Industrial steam service is furnished in the cities of Rochester and Hornell and street raliway service in Elmira. The territory served extends from Lake Ontario to the Pennsylvania State line and from a point near Syracuse on the east to within about 50 miles of Buffalo on the west, the population in the territory being estimated in excess of 700,000. The companies own and operate electric generating plants with a total capacity of 166,362 k.w.

Purpose.—Proceeds from the sale of these debentures, together with \$18,000,000 of pref. stock and 1,600,000 shares of common stock, will be used for the acquisition of all the common stocks of the above companies.

Capitalization—

Suprise September 1,600,000 shares of common stock (par \$100).

Limited by restrictions contained in the indenture.

As of May 31 1928, there

Consolidated Earnings of Corporation and Subsidiaries (After giving effect to the present financing).

12 Months Ended May 31— 1927. 1928. Gross earnings. \$19,047,198 \$20,333,930 Operating expenses, maintenance & taxes. 10,900,553 11,354,572 Net earnings \$8,146,645
Interest and other deductions of subsidiaries Preferred dividends of subsidiaries \$8,979,358 2,623,621 2,102,783

Preferred dividends of subsidiaries 2,102,783

Balance 34,252,954

Annual interest on 5% gold debentures (this issue) 1,125,000

The balance of \$4,252,954, as shown above, amounts to over 3¼ times the annual interest requirements on this issue of debentures and, after deducting \$1,395,643 for reserves for renewals and replacements (deprec.) amounts to over 2½ times such interest requirements. Of the above gross earnings, approximately 64% was derived from the sale of electric power and light, 28% from the sale of gas, 2% from street railway service, and the balance of 6% from miscellaneous sources.

Provisions of Issue.—These debentures will be a direct obligation of corporation, and will be issued under a trust indenture dated as of Sept. 1 1928, which provides that gold debentures may be issued in series bearing such rates of interest, maturing on such dates, redeemable on such terms and containing such other rights and limitations permitted by the indentures as the directors may provide upon the issue thereof.

Indenture also provides, among other things, that additional gold debentures may be issued under the indenture when consolidated net earnings, as defined in the indenture, for 12 consecutive calendar months within the 15 calendar months preceding the month in which application is made for the authentication of such additional debentures shall have been equal to at least twice the interest charges upon all outstanding interest bearing obligations of the company, including the gold debentures to be issued, but excluding obligations to be concurrently paid off. Indenture also provides that until Sept. 1 1950, but only so long as any of these 5% gold debentures series A are outstanding, or funds for their payment or redemption are not deposited, the company will not issue any secured obligations maturing more than three years from date of issue unless the indenture under which such secured obligations are issued provides that these debentures.

Franchises.—The company issue any unsecured obligations matur

| 1924. | 1925. | 1926. | 1927. | 1926. | 1927. | 1926. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928. | 1928

Rochester Empire Power Corp.—Name Changed.—See Rochester Central Power Corp. below.—V. 127, p. 1105.

Rochester Gas & Electric Corp.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$6,000,000
-year 4½% gold bonds, series D, due Sept. 1 1977.
Income Statement Years Ended July 31.

Income Statement Lears Entied ou	M 91.	
	1928	1927
Gross earnings	13,276,657	\$12,322,008
Operating expenses and taxes	7,282,022	6,760,425
Interest charges	1,533,749	1,401,408
Retirement expense	921,559	933,849
Balance	\$3,539,327	\$3,226,326
Surplus, Aug. 1	\$3,120,884	\$2,540,792
Other additions to surplus	48,755	1,725
Total surplus	\$6,708,966	\$5.768.843
Dividends paid	\$3,385,824	\$2,622,031
Other deductions from surplus	97,018	25,928
Surplus July 31	\$3,226,123	\$3.120.884

		Balance S	heet July 31.		
	1928.	1927.		1928	1927
Assets-	8	\$	Liabilities-	8	8
Fixed capital	32,121,848	58,427,152	Pref. 7% ser. B stk	4,000,000	4,000,000
Cash	1.247,915	596,716	Pref. 6% ser. C stk	2,700,000	2,700,000
Account receivable	1,453,909	1,445,955	Pref. 6% ser. stk.	16,748,700	16,273,400
Interest receivable		1.054	Common stock	8,248,200	8,248,200
Materials & supp.	1.062.968	1.271.319	Cap. stk. subscrib.	178,800	615,500
Prepayments	33,968	42.164	Long term debt	29,321,000	23,321,000
Subscrib.to cap.stk	57.484	378,980	Notes payable		178,500
Misc. assets	2.361,609		Accounts payable.		1,490,582
Suspense accounts	2.121.773	2,202,119	Consumers' dep	124,033	136,949
Suspense accounts	2,.2.,	-,,	Mat. int. unpaid.		262,197
			Dividends declared		
			Long term debt		
			mat. & unpaid.		3.000
			Accrued liabilities_	995,715	682,269
			Reserves	3,852,731	
			Miscell, unadi, cr.		
			Character district, or,	0 007 004	0 101 055

---70,461,476 65,043,226

Surplus..... 3,227,394

3,131,85

 San Diego Consolidated Gas & Electric Co.—Earnings.

 12 Months Ended July 31—
 1928.

 Gross earnings.
 \$6,644.878

 Net earnings.
 3,135,348

 Other income.
 3,660

 Net earnings, including other income.......\$3,139,008 \$2,955,667 V. 127, p. 953.

portain of undis. carrs. of sub. & affil. cos. 1.463.329 9.070.384 debt discount and expenses in 1.463.239 1.447.955 Balance	1528	FINANCIAL	CHRONICLE	[Vol. 127.
Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.—Agrizátion.— 1. 1014.966 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.00 1. 102.	12 Mos. End. July 31— Gross earnings Not earnings	1928. 1927. \$2,265,150 \$2,411,152	Dated Aug. 1 1928; due Aug. 1 1953. on first day of any month on 30 days' notice and thereafter decreasing 1% each 5-year penenom. \$1,000 and \$500 c*. Int. payable v Federal income tax not to exceed 2% per an	Int. payable F. & A. Red. e at 105 through Aug. 1 1933 eriod, plus int. in each case. without deduction for normal num. Company will refund
The 1-8 C. Commission and Alife. 27 approved the Sociation Topics. Southwest Missouri RR.—Bords Net Pried.— Southwest Missouri RR.—Bords Net Pried.— State 1, 1920 on the see not paid of an anarrity. The topics of the first beautiful to the pried of the post 1, 1920 on the pried of the pried of the post 1, 1920 on the pried of the pri	Net earnings including other income		to resident holders, upon proper and timely tax; Pa., Calif., Conn., Vt. and R. I. 4-mi D. C., Colo., Neb., Kan., Ky. and Va. 5-mi tax up to 3% of int. per annum and Mass.	y application, Minn. 3-mills lls taxes; Md. 4½-mills tax; lls taxes; N. H. State income ncome tax not exceeding 6%.
Southwest Missouri RR.—Bonds Not Paid.—The \$11,500 Southwest Missouri RR.—White company was been been been been been been been bee	The IS. C. Commission on Aug. 27 approximately approximately a company of certain properties of the Monro	Co.—Acquisition.— roved the acquisition by the e County Mutual Telephone	Data from Letter of Everett W. Sweezy, F	resident of the Company.
cheed in the hands of F. O. Wallows and Harrison C. Rogers of Jospha 1920 on the sand with the company of the company of the properties of the company of th	Southwest Missouri RR.—Bonds	ric Rv. ref. & ext. gold 6s.	all of the capital stock and obligations (exc 20 telephone companies and 4 ice companies a controlling interest in the Lima Telephone minority interest of approximately 38% of	ept current indebtedness) of. In addition it will acquire & Telegraph Co., in which a both the outstanding pref.
The mental of the many action and possess of North America The Committee of the Committee	Mo., as receivers Sept. 14 1926. The compa. Sept. 1 1926 on the above bonds as well as same date on the \$150,000 Webb City North \$1,027,000 Southwest Missouri RR. gen. & re. E. Z. Wallawer, George G. Carl J. F. Hutt.	ny defaulted the interest due the interest coupons due the nern Electric RR. 5s and the off. 5s.	trolled by the American Telephone & Telepra substantially all of the capital stock of the in turn, owns all of the outstanding comp qualifying shares) of the Alliance Power Co. The properties of the operating companies of Ohlo and the aggregate population of the	ph Co.). It will also acquire Stark Electric RR., which, non stock (except directors'
Messert 18ff. gen. & ref. bs. Harrisburg Press Co. bs depoctary. Uniter takes of Aur. 51 the "Carposite" was informed that it is to a control of the control	Townsend, Whelen & Co. have been appoint the holders of the Southwest Missouri Elect Trust Co., Harrisburg, Pa., depositary, and Trust Co., Philadelphia, associate depositary E. Z. Wallower, Ed. S. Hermann, F. B.	ric Ry. 6s, with Harrisburg I Bank of North America & Musser, A. H. Waite, and	mately 800,000. The telephone companies is subscribers in 65 cities and towns, including Lin Delphos, McConnellsville and Waynesfield. in the cities of Toledo, Youngstown, Canton of the common stock of the Utilities Service.	na. Ada, Napoleon, Wauseon, The ice companies operate and Springfield, Ohio. All Co. (except directors' quali-
Standard Cas & Electric Co.—Earnings.—Combined as tearnings of all unbeliating and affiliated public utility combined are arrived to the previous 12 months. compare as follows. 1928. as compared with the previous 12 months. compare as follows. 1928. as compared with the previous 12 months. compare as follows. 1928. as compared with the previous 12 months. compare as follows. 1928. as compared with the previous 12 months. compare as follows. 1928. as compared with the previous 12 months. compare as follows. 1928. as compared with the previous 12 months. compared as follows. 1928. as compared with the previous 12 months. compared as follows. 1929. as follows. 1921. And 1921. as follows. 1922. And 1921. as follows. 1922. And 1922. as follows. 1923. as follows. 1924. And 1922. as follows. 1924. as	Missouri RR. gen. & ref. 5s. Harrisburg Tr Under date of Aug. 31 the "Chronicle"	rust Co. is depositary.	Security.—The bonds will be secured by a of the underlying companies pledged under time of the issuance of these bonds all the owned underlying companies (except 38% of the Telegraph Co., owned by the Central Unic	Light & Power Co. first lien on the capital stock the trust indenture. At the capital stock of the directly estock of the Lima Telephone on Telephone Co.) will either
Circes earnings. Star All	Standard Gas & Electric Co.—A Combined net earnings of all subsidiary and panels of Standard Gas & Electric Co. for the 1928, as compared with the previous 12 month	Carnings.— I affiliated public utility com- he 12 months ended July 31 hs. compare as follows:	have been deposited under the indenture or to be sufficient to acquire or retire any undep stocks will have been so deposited, and provi of all funded debt, with the exception of \$1 Upon the completion thereof, these divisional	cash or property estimated osited balance of such capital ision amde for the retirement ,121,600 of divisional bonds. bonds, together with \$513.800
Standard Power & Light Corp. (& Subs.).—Earnings. 12 Months Ended———————————————————————————————————	Net earnings Other income Net earnings including other income	64,673,086 60,952,965 2,804,787 2,644,817	panies, will be the only underlynig securities No securities (except purchase money morts property of any underlying company whose st and pledged under the trust indenture. The depreciated value of the properties of	outstanding with the public. (ages) may be issued on the ock is pledged unless acquired of the operating companies as
reserve, depiction, amort. & minority int. proportion of units earns of sub. As Affl. cos. 4 affl. cos. 5 affl. cos. 6 aff	-V. 127, p. 1391. Standard Power & Light Corn	(& Sube) - Farnings	estimated by independent engineers is repor	ted to be in excess of \$12,-
Balance	reserve, depletion, amort. & minority int. portion of undis. earns. of sub. & affil. cos Standard P. & L. Corp. int. charges & amor	pro- t. of 8,764,635 9,070,384	Gross earnings Operating expenses, including maintenance than income taxes, but excluding depreciate	and taxes, other 2,392,286
performed agrees a equal to \$3.05 a same on the common stock contention of the properties to be acquired stock. An elementary of the common stock then outstanding, after allowance for an additional 4 cents a share on the common stock then outstanding, after allowance for an additional 4 cents a share on the properties to be acquired to the properties to be acquired or retired and for other corporate purpose. Stark Electric RR.—Control.—A special meeting of the stockholders will be held on Sept. 20 (a) for the propose of could all the property of the companies to be acquired or retired and for other corporate purpose. A special meeting of the stockholders will be held on Sept. 20 (a) for the propose of the company to execute to Carlos Belina, Edg., a power of attorney conferring upon him full power to represent powers as may be necessary or convenient.—V. 100, p. 1678. The company has acquired voting control of American Light & Traction Co.—Earnings.— The company has acquired voting control of American Light & Traction Co. and a published statements where the former for the 12 months ended July 31 102s. The statement step the total voting stock of that company. It is our opinion that an accurate reflection of the situation requires that a consolidated earnings statements. Consolidated Eurnings Statements of American Light & Traction Co. and statements of the control of the situation requires that a consolidated earnings statements. Consolidated Eurnings Statements of American Light & Traction Co. and problems of the control of the situation requires that a consolidated earnings statements. Consolidated Eurnings Statements of American Light & Traction Co. and problems are controlled to the control of the situation of the situat	Balance Preferred dividends Participating preferred divs.—Cash do Stock	\$7,301,315 \$7,592,426 1,540,000 1,540,000 2,235,398 2,217,388 740,003 740,003	l .	
Stark Electric RR.—Control.— See Utilities Service Co. below —V. 126, p. 1662. Sultepec Electric Light & Power Co.—Proposed Sale.— A special meeting of the stockholders will be held on Sept. 20 (a) for the purpose of volution of all the property of the company proposed Sale and secretary of the company to execute to Carlos Belina, Ed., a power of attorney conferring upon him full power to represent the company in connection with such proposed sale and such other incidental powers as may be necessary or convenient.—V. 100, p. 1678. United Light & Power Co. (Md.).—Acquires Control of American Light & Traction Co.—Earnings.— The company has acquired voting control of American Light & Traction Co. Earnings.— The company has acquired voting control of American Light & Traction Co. its revealed in a statement we have greatly increased our last published for the carnings statement of the total voling stock of that company. It is our opinion that an accument including consolidated earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. will continue to publish its independent earnings statement 1927. Gross earnings of sub. and constituent companies. \$\$1,083,072,083,090,000 1812 (e.g. are followed by the publish its independent earnings statement 1927. Taxes.————————————————————————————————————	prior charges is equal to \$3.66 a share on the cof June 30, after allowance for an additional 30 pating preferred stock, and compares with a l 12 months ended Dec. 31 1927, equal to \$4.01 then outstanding, after allowance for an addit	common stock outstanding as 9 cents a share on the partici- balance of \$3,095,035 for the a share on the common stock tional 44 cents a share on the	Consolidated net income as above is equal interest requirements on these 1st lien bond recurring charges or giving effect to savings to management of the properties to be acquired. Purpose.—Proceeds from the sale of these will be used for the acquisition or retirement of companies to be acquired or retired and for o	ds, without eliminating non- be effected by the combined be bonds and junior securities the securities of the operating ther corporate purposes.
A special meeting of the stockholders will be held on Sepi. 20 (a) for the purpose of voting on the proposed sale of all the property of the company in the Republic of Mexico, and (b) on authorizing the President or Vice President and Secretary of the company to execute to Carlos Belina. Ed., a power of attorney conferring upon him full power to represent the powers as may be necessary or convenient.—V. 100, D. 1678. United Light & Power Co. (Md.).—Acquires Control of American Light & Traction Co.—Earnings.—The company has acquired voting control of American Light & Traction Co.—Earnings.—The company has acquired voting control of American Light & Traction Co. Is revealed in a statement accompanying the earnings statement issued by the United Light and the will be our future policy. American Light & Traction Co. be substituted for the earnings statement heretofore published and this will be our future policy. American Light & Traction Co. be substituted for the earnings statements. Consolidated Earnings Statement Light & Traction Co.—In the Company of t	Stark Electric RR.—Control.— See Utilities Service Co. below.—V. 126, p.	1662.	1st lien 6% gold bonds, series A (this issue)	a \$5,000,000 a 3,000,000
United Light & Power Co. (Md.).—Acquires Control of Merican Light & Traction Co.—Earnings.— The company has acquired voting control of American Light & Traction Co. tis revealed in a statement accompanying the earnings statement of the former for the 12 months ended July 31 1928. The statement issued by the United Light & Power Co. says have presently increased our holdings of American Light & Traction Co. stock. We now own a clear majority of the total voting stock of that company. It is our opinion that an accurate reflection of the situation requires that a consolidated earnings statement of the treatments. Traction Co. be substituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. be substituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. be substituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desubstituted for the earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. Desub	A special meeting of the stockholders will be purpose of voting on the proposed sale of all in the Republic of Mexico, and (b) on author President and Secretary of the company to Esq., a power of attorney conferring upon hir	e held on Sept. 20 (a) for the the property of the company rizing the President or Vice- or execute to Carlos Belina, in full power to represent the	Common stock (no par) a Limited by restrictive conditions of the shares reserved for conversion of \$3.000,000 fture bonds, series A, due Aug. 1 1938.—V. 12	100,000 shs. 100,000 shs. trust agreement. b 33,000 sl½% convertible gold debender, p. 1392.
The company has acquired voting control of American Light & Traction Co. it is revealed in a statement accompanying the earnings statement of the former for the 12 months ended July 31 1928. The statement issued by the United Light & Power Co. says: "Since our last published statement we have greatly increased our holdings of American Light & Traction Co. stock. We now own a clear majority rate reflection of the situation requires that a consolidated earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. be substituted for the earnings statement to the continue to publish its independent earnings statements." Consolidated earnings statements. 1928, 1928, 1928, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1929, 1	United Light & Power Co. (Md	7. 100, p. 1678. .).—Acquires Control of	dend Rate.— The directors declared a quarterly dividend the stock on a \$2.50 annual rate as compar	d of 62½c. per share placing ed with \$2 previously. The
ment including consolidated earnings statement of American Light & Traction Co. be substituted for the earnings statements. Consolidated Earnings Statement heretofore published and this will be our future policy. American Light & Traction Co. will continue to publish its independent earnings statements. Consolidated Earnings Statement 12 Months Ended July 31. (Including American Light & Traction Co.) 1927. Gross earnings of sub. and constituent companies \$81,088,476 \$87,834,923 Operating expenses. 38,332,721 Maintenance. 4,967,666 5139,295 Taxes. 7,200,938 Depreciation. 5,696,127 5,978,390 Net earnings of sub. and constituent companies. \$24,891,026 \$28,891,306 Net earnings of sub. and constituent companies. \$24,891,026 \$28,891,306 Net earnings arnings. \$29,792,736 Int. on bonds and notes of subsidiaries and constituent companies Amortization. \$9,165,548 Corps and constituent companies are subsidiaries and constituent companies and runded debt. \$365,658 Gross income available to United Light & Power. \$10,960,248 Interest on funded debt. \$1,350,334 Balance for common. \$4,096,334 Balance for common. \$4,096,334 Balance for common. \$4,096,334 Balance for common. \$4,096,334 Unterelbe Power & Light Co. (Elekricitaetswerk \$4,096,334 Unterelbe Power & Light Co. (Elekricitaetswerk \$4,096,334	The company has acquired voting control or Co. it is revealed in a statement accompany in the former for the 12 months ended July 31 by the United Light & Power Co. says: "Since our last published statement we have	f American Light & Traction ng the earnings statement of 1928. The statement issued	Western Power, Light & Tong Offered.—A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., and Inc., are offering at 100 and int.	elephone Co.—Bonds and Porter, Fox & Co., an additional issue of
Gross earnings of sub. and constituent companies. \$81.834.923 Operating expenses. 38.332.721 Maintenance. 4.967.666 Taxes. 7.200.938 Operciation. 5.696.127 Operciation. 5.696.127 One earnings of sub. and constituent companies. \$24.891.026 Not earnings arnings. 901.430 Net earnings. 10.000 perating earni	rate reflection of the situation requires that a ment including consolidated earnings stated Traction Co. be substituted for the earnings st and this will be our future policy. America: continue to publish its independent earnings s' Consolidated Earnings Statement 12 M	a consolidated earnings state- ment of American Light & atement heretofore published a Light & Traction Co. will tements." Tonths Ended July 31. Traction Co.)	Dated Feb. 1 1928; due Feb. 1 1948, original offering in V. 126, p. 717, 8 Data from Letter of Nathan L. Jones, P Company.—Incorp. in Delaware. Owns own and operate a group of public utility pure and Oklahoma; and is now acquiring through	. (See description and 871.) President of the Company. subsidiary companies which roperties in Missouri, Kansas a subsidiaries additional prop-
Net earnings of sub. and constituent companies \$24,891,026 \$28,891,306 Non-operating earnings. Net earnings. Sequivities of whole of intrinshed in 30, water in 3, ice in 13, gas in 3, and tele power will be furnished in 30, water in 3, ice in 13, gas in 3, and tele property in service in 86 communities. Securities. The population to be served with electricity, wat or telephone is estimated at more than 175,000 and the number of the allow or telephone is estimated at more than 175,000 and the number of the property includes 2 manufacturing plants with a capacity of 210 tons per day and 13 retail ice service st Company also owns the controlling stock interest in City Ice Deliver Co. is not a sub property includes 2 manufacturing plants with a daily capacity of Security.—Bonds are a direct obligation of the company and upo property includes 2 manufacturing plants with a daily capacity of Security.—Bonds are a direct obligation of the company and in the includes and pledged with the trustee. No additional stocks or bonds and pledged with the	Operating expenses	$\begin{array}{lll} \text{miss_\$81,} 088,476 & \$87,834,923 \\$	and New Mexico are also owned by subsidic pletion of the present financing, will own a and funded debt of the subsidiary companies shares and a minority stock interest in City I The subsidiaries will supply 122 communi	aries. Company, upon com- ill outstanding capital stocks s, except directors' qualifying ce Delivery Co. ties in Missouri, Kansas and
Net earnings Int. on bonds and notes of subsidiaries and constituent companies Amortization. Divs. on pref. stocks of sub. and cont. co's, and proportion of earnings attributed to com. stock not owned by company Gross income available to United Light & Power. Interest on funded debt. Other interest. Amortization. Preferred stock dividends. Preferred stock dividends. Preferred stock dividends. Balance for common. V. 127, p. 824. Unterelbe Power & Light Co. (Elekricitaetswerk) S29,792.736 9,916,548 9,916,548 8,079,380 8,079,380 8,079,380 1,096,248 1,351,104 165,215 225,338 771,931 1,350,334 4,351,104 165,215 225,338 771,931 1,350,334 Elekricitaetswerk S29,792.736 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548 9,916,548	Net earnings of sub. and constituent compar	nies_\$24.891.026 \$28.891.306	located as to permit economical operation in	groups. Electric light and
Gross income available to United Light & Power \$10,960,248 Interest on funded debt \$165,215 Amortization \$25,338 Prior preferred stock dividends \$771,931 Preferred stock dividends \$1,350,334 Prefe	Net earnings	\$29,792,736 situent companies 9,916,548 836,560	or telephone is estimated at more than 175, customers and subscribers exceeds 38,000. Through subsidiaries the company also sure	d with electricity, water, gas 000 and the number of such onlies ice in Dallas. Tex., and
Balance for common V. 127, p. 824. Unterelbe Power & Light Co. (Elekricitaetswerk Valuation — The total depreciated value of the property as an experiment of the property as a property as	Gross income available to United Light & P Interest on funded debt—Other interest—Amortization—Prior preferred stock dividends	8,079,380 Power \$10,960,248 4,351,104 165,215 225,338 771,021	company also owns the controlling stock inte the leading distributor of ice in the Dallas property includes 2 manufacturing plants wit Security.—Bonds are a direct obligation of pletion of the present financing will be seen	rest in City Ice Delivery Co., odistrict. The Albuquerque th a daily capacity of 85 tons. the company and upon compared by first lien on all out-
Unterelbe Power & Light Co. (Elekricitaetswerk Valuation—The total depreciated value of the property as an	Balance for common	1,350,334	standing capital stocks (except directors questioning funded debt of pledged subsidiaries,	alifying shares) and all out- all of which will be deposited
Unterelbe Aktiengesellschaft), Germany.—Bonds Ready. Permanent 25-year 6% sinking fund mortgage gold bonds, due April 1953, are now ready and exchangeable for the temporary bonds issued in the first instance. (See also V. 126, p. 3300.)—V. 127, p. 547. In the data depreciated value of the properties of substantian difference of the cost of substantians and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions. **Extension of the cost of substitution and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions to May 31 1928, is \$8,590.818, for proper substitutions and extensions	Unterelbe Power & Light Counterelbe Aktiengesellschaft), Go	o. (Elekricitaetswerk ermany.—Bonds Ready.	pledged under the indenture. City Ice Del under the indenture. Valuation.—The total depreciated value	of the property as appraised

Utilities Power Co.—Bonds Called.—
All of the outstanding 1st mtge. 20-year gold bonds, series A have been called for redemption Nov. 1 at 107½ and int. Payment will be made at the Beacon Trust Co., Boston, Mass.—V. 126, p. 1041.

Utilities Service Co.—Bonds Offered.—S. W. Straus & Co., Inc., and Love, Macomber & Co. are offering at 99½ and int., to yield over 6%, \$5,000,000 1st lien 6% gold bonds series A.

completion of this financing will be less than 42% of this valuation.

Earnings.—The combined earnings from the properties owned and to be acquired by subsidiaries for the year ended May 31 1928, before depreciation and Federal income tax, are as follows:

Gross revenue.

Operating expenses, maintenance and local taxes, and proportion of earnings applicable to minority stock interests.

1,259,360 \$589,966 24,358

Net income before int., depreciation and Federal tax......Annual int. requirement of 1st lien collateral bonds...... \$614.324 \$213,000

Initial Dividend .-

The directors have declared an initial quarterly dividend of 1% on the 7% cumul. pref. stock, payable Oct. I to holders of record Sept. 21. See offering in V. 126, p. 3592.

 Wisconsin Public Service Corp.—Earnings.—

 12 Mos. End. July 31—
 1928.

 Gross earnings.
 \$4.831.556

 Net earnings.
 1.989.389

 Other income.
 10.685

 8,562
 Net earnings including other income \$2,000,074 \$1,919,856 -V. 127, p. 954.

 Wisconsin Valley Electric Co.—Earnings.—

 12 Mos. End. July 31—
 1928.

 Gross earnings
 \$1,658,385

 Net earnings
 740,149

 Other income
 15,730
 \$1,587,077 796,365 8,382 Net earnings including other income______\$755,879 —V. 127, p. 954. \$804.747

INDUSTRIAL & MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & P. Reduces Bread Prices.—The Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co has announced a reduction in price of the one-lb. loaf to 5c. and the twin loaves to 8c. "Wall Street News" Sept. 11, 1928.

Steamship Lines Reject Wage Plan.—Steamship companies of the Atlantic seaboard, represented by a wage agreement committee, rejected Sept. 12 the proposed new wage scale for longshoremen and checkers submitted to the committee. New York "Times" Sept. 13, p. 55.

Matters Covered in "Chronicle" of Sept. 8.—(a) Union wages paid in Chicago building trades, p. 1314. (b) American tobacco industry in 1927, crop exceeded a billion pounds, p. 1317. (c) Charges by Prof. Buell that Firestone rubber concessions in Liberia served to force latter to accept U. S. loan agreement; denials by State Department and Liberian President, Herbert Hoover not connected with negotiations, p. 1319. (d) Oklahoma oil prorating order expected; corporation commission indicates it will fix State maximum output at 700,000 barrels daily, p. 1321. (e) Offering of \$16,000,000 6% bonds of Republic of Chille issue oversubscribed, p. 1334. (f) Market value of securities listed on Chicago Stock Exchange approximately eleven billion dollars, p. 1335. (g) Brokerage firm of H. G. Lane & Co., Oakland, Calif., placed in receivership, p. 1337. (j) Treasury Department's September financing \$525,000,000 4½% Treasury certificates, p. 1336. (i) Average of 25 insurance stocks up to 72% in 20 months, according to survey by Gilbert Eliott & Co., p. 1337. (j) Treasury Department's September financing \$525,000,000 4½% Treasury certificates, p. 1339. (k) Foreign holdings of U. S. Steel Corp. shares decline, p. 1340. (l) Tariff duty on sodium silicofluoride raised, p. 1341.

Abitibi Power & Paper Co., Ltd.-Notes & Bonds Called.All of the outstanding 4-year 6% gold coupon notes, due Mar. 15 1931, have been called for redemption Sept. 15 at 101½ and int.

All of the outstanding 7½% 1st Mtge. s. f. gold bonds of the Abitibi Transportation & Navigation Co., Ltd., dated July 1 1922, have been called for redemption Oct. 1 at par and int. Payment will be made at the First National Bank, Chicago, Ill., or at the Chase National Bank, New York City, or at the Montreal Trust Co., Montreal, Canada. Any bondholder may surrender his bonds for payment at the Montreal Trust Co., Montreal, before Oct. 1 and upon surrender thereof will receive payment therefor with interest to date of presentation.—V. 127, p. 1392.

Acme Glass Co.—Consolidation—New Financing.—
Consolidation of the businesses of the Acme Glass Co., since 1895 makers of glass bottles, and of the Eastern Glass Co., for the past 8 years engaged in the distribution of this product, has resulted in the organization of a new company, the Acme Glass Co. An offering of 40,000 shares of the new company's 7½% cumulative participating class A stock with stock purchase warrants is expected to be made shortly by Walker & Willis.

The outstanding capitalization of the corporation, which has no funded debt, consists of \$400.000 7½% cumulative participating class A stock (\$10 par) and \$1.500.000 of class B stock (\$10 par). The asset value behind the capital issue of the corporation amounts to \$1,900,000, equal to \$48 per share of outstanding class A stock.

Air Reduction Co., Inc.—Extra Dividend.-

The directors have declared an extra dividend of \$1 a share in addition to the usual quarterly dividend of 50c. a share on the capital stock, no par value, both payable Oct. 15 to holders of record Sept. 29.

The extra dividend is equivalent to \$3 a share on the stock which was outstanding before the 3-for-1 split-up last March, and compares with \$2 a share extra on the old stock outstanding which was ordered by the directors at the September meeting a year ago. In three years prior to 1927, \$1 a share extra annually had been paid on the old stock.—V. 127, p. 683, 547.

Albany Perforated Wrapping Paper Co.—Earnings.

(Including A. D. W. Dalla & Danes	Co Ted	
Period Ended— Net sales Cost of sales	2 Mos. End. June 30 '28. \$3,645,277 2,373,636	July 2 '27. \$3,892,402 2,658,702
Selling and administrative expense Net operating profit	\$400,684	\$330,302 3,972
Total incomeOther chargesNet loss Canadian Co	26,579	\$334,274 17,372
Net profit Preferred dividends Common dividends	78,750	\$316,902 105,000 192,000
Balance, surplus Previous surplus	def\$112,939 2,702,095	\$19,902 2,815,321
Total surplus Underwriting costs written off Net adjustments prior periods Experimental expenses Premium on Canadian bonds	85,564 $70,015$ $137,820$	\$2,835,223 127,500 5,628

Profit and loss surplus \$2,702,095 Wm. A. Wheeler, President, says in part:

During the last half of the present fiscal year as compared with the same period for the previous year, the sales of the Albany company increased 11½% and the net available for interest and dividends increased approximately 35%.

At the present time the Albany company and the Sheet Harbour company are making installations of additional and improved machinery and equipment which should be in production by Jan. 1 next, and it is confidently expected that it will materially improve the earning position of the company.

company.

From the income and expense statement it will be noticed that for the fiscal year the Albany company earned net after all charges for interest, depreciation and Federal taxes, \$379.594, and based on the earnings of the Albany company for the last half of the fiscal year, their net after charges is approximately \$500,000 per year.

The operating loss of the Sheet Harbour company amounted to \$191.782. At the close of the foscal year we had on hand about 5,600 tons of ground wood pulp which will be disposed of in the next two or three months and based on the present and indicated future condition of the market for ground wood, we anticipate a loss on this tonnage of approximately \$50,000.

Upon completion of the new installations of machinery and equipment above referred to, these losses will stop or be very materially reduced, as the Albany plant will probably consume practically all the tonnage produced by the Sheet Harbour plant.

Consolidted Balance Sheet

	ottuteu D	utunce Sheet.		
Assets— June 30 '28. J	uly 2 '27.	Liabilities- Ji	ine 30 '28.	July 2 '27.
Prop., plant & eq.		Preferred stock		\$1,500,000
(less reserve)\$4,796,565 \$4	,325,073	Common stockx	1,440,000	240,000
Cash 281,994	77,341	1st mtge. bonds	3,000,000	780,753
Acc'ts rec., less res. 354,052	303,706	Notes pay. (bor-		
Trade accept. rec. 39,024	13,356	rowed money)	300.000	740,000
Securities owned 22,980	22,980	Accounts payable.	175,853	151,529
	,134,114	Accrued accounts.	66,037	38,043
Other acc'ts rec'le 14,226	17,352	Minority interest_	400	400
Prepaid charges 370,237	258,899	Surplus	2,114,241	2,702,095

Total\$7,096.531 \$6,152.820 Total ... -\$7.096.532 \$6.152.820 x Represented by shares of no par value.—V. 127, p. 262.

Allegheny Steel Co.—Listed.—
The Pittsburgh Stock Exchange has approved for listing 35,000 shares of 7% cum. pref. stock (par \$100) and 300,000 shares of common stock (no par value).

Comparative Statement of Inc	come and E.	xpenses.	
	June 30 '28. \$10,005,705	Calendo 1927. \$16,770,598	1926
Operating profit	\$1,276,911	\$2,134,136 166,037	\$2,081,077 175,710
Total	177.046	\$2,300,172 335,498 253,475	\$2,256,787 375,17) 236,436
Net profit Surplus as at beginning of period Adj. of Federal tax prior years	\$1,063,345 5,667,948 39,361	\$1.711.199 4,981,160	\$1,645.152 4,509.048
Total surplus Dividends (preferred and common) Sundry deductions	661,381	\$6,692,359 1,018,587 5,824	\$6,154,199 1,170,033 3,007
Surplus as at end of period* Includes dividends declared on pr			

Con	aparative Ba	lance Sheet.	
June 30 '28	. Dec. 31'27.	June 30 '28	. Dec. 31 '27.
Assets— \$	8	Liabilities— \$	8
Cash 1,337,29	7 1,295,489	Trade accts. pay 681,74	0 518,915
U. S. Govt. secur_ 1,712,00	0 1,312,000	Misc. acets. pay 190,42	1 194,203
Oth. market. secur 607.10	4 611.954	Federal tax 269.91	8 253.475
Notes receivable 261.68	3 262,929	Pref. divs. payable 114,70	7
Accts. receivable 1,848,47	2 1,305,233	Reserve for deprec. 3,568,87	9 5,848,147
Inventories 1,834,04	2 2,192,811	Workmen's com-	
Investments 260,01	9 259,710	pensation insur_ 253,80	08 258,035
Real estate, plant		Employees' contr. 33,97	6 44,325
& equipment 13,918,29	5 13,489,220	Preferred stock 3,270,20	0 3,199,100
Patents, patterns		Common stock 3,343,68	8 3,322,013
& good-will	1 1	Capital surplus 4,154,66	1 1,655,590
Deferred charges 212,35	7 232,403	Earned surplus 6,109,27	3 5,667,948
Total21,991,27	0 20,961,750	Total21,991,27	0 20,961,750
-V. 113. p. 1985: V. 114	p. 200: V.	115, p. 439, 1762; V. 122,	p. 3608.

Allison Drug Stores Corp.—Earnings.—

Earnings 6 Months E	
Operating profit	
Net profit after depreciation but before	re Federal taxes 22,768
Balance Sheet	June 30 1928.
Fixed assets\$233.754	Capital and surplus x\$977,718
Current assets 442,519	Current liabilities 173,200
Leaseholds 141,493	
Good-will, formulas, &c 289,906	
Organization expense 36,185	
Deferred charges 7,060	Total (each side)\$1,150,918

x Represented by 70,000 shares class A and 95,000 shares class B stock, both of no par value.—V. 126, p. 1812.

American Chicle Co.—To Split Up Common Shares.—
The stockholders will vote Oct. 15 (a) on increasing the authorized common stock. no par value, from 187,500 shares (186,595 shares outstanding) to 500,000 shares; (b) on approving the issuance of two new shares in exchange for each common share outstanding; (c) on authorizing the retirement and elimination of the present outstanding 1,201 shares of 6% pref. stock (par \$100).

It is proposed to place the new common stock on a \$2 annual dividend, equivalent to \$4 per share on the present common stock on which dividends at the rate of \$3 per share per annum are being paid.

The directors propose to carry the common stock in the balance sheet at the unchanged total value of \$3,373,190, this to be effected by a reduction in the stated value of the shares from \$20 to \$10 each.—V. 127, p. 1099.

American Druggists' Syndicate.—Earnings.—
6 Months Ended June 30—
Net profit before depreciation & Federal taxes.—\$378.608
Earns. per sh. on 1,000,000 shs. cap. stk. (par \$10)

-V. 126, p. 2150. \$521,085 \$0.52

American Ice Co.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$6,900,000 temporary 5% sinking fund gold debentures due June 1, 1953.—V. 127, p. 1255.

American Linseed Co.—Control.— See Gold Dust Corp. below.—V. 127, p. 548.

American Hide & Leather Co.—Annual Report.—Carl F. Danner, President, and Claude Douthit, Chairman of the Board,

Carl F. Danner, President, and Claude Douthit, Chairman of the Board, state in part:

Since the publication of the last audited report (Dec. 31 1926), 15.000 shares of the 7% cumulative preferred stock have been purchased and retired. Also, in accordance with the authority voted by the stockholders on Sept. 14 1927, the common stock of the company formerly of a par value of \$100 per share has been changed into common stock without nominal or par value. This has made possible a revaluation of the fixed assets of of the company, at a figure which the management believes to be a more correct and conservative reflection of their real value.

The company experienced an actual operating loss for the 18 months' period ending June 30 1928, of \$495,140. During this period a refund for excess taxes previously paid the Federal Government has been received. However, as the enclosed statement of profit and loss will show, large charges and reserves have been made by the new management with the intent of having this statement convey to the stockholders a conservative picture of true values, the net result being a total shrinkage in surplus of \$1.366,665.

In January 1928, the management of the company was changed and, while some very difficult problems have had to be met, it is believed that with the changes in policies which have been made, and with reductions in overhead and operating expenses, which have been accomplished since the new management took charge, the company is now on the road to profitable operations.

1530			FINAN	CIAL
Consolidated Statement of [Including Net sales Including \$ Selling, general & admin	United States 226,913 depre	subsidiary co	ompanies.]	18,778,404
Loss before other inco Interest & dividends rec Refund of prior years' F	me & charges			\$495,140 103,564 304,072
Net loss Interest paid Provision for doubtful a Reduction of inventory Reserve for losses on sal Provision for fluctuation Losses on sales of fixed :	ccountsvalues June 3 es contractsin value of s	0, 1928		\$87,504 187,926 469,832 421,435 100,000 41,036 58,933
Net loss for period Earned surplus Dec. 31	1926			\$1,366,665 5,524,821
Earned surplus June 3	30 1928	nce Sheet Jun	e 30	4,158,156
Com. 1928. Cost of propertiess 11,348,6 Notes & stocks of outside cos 1928. Cost of propertiess 11,348,6 Notes & stocks of outside cos 1929. Hides, skins and leather	1927. \$39 24,820,435 44 880,485 44 880,485 43 5,759,862 46 2,224,120 12 834,720 195 194,609 189 88,883 180 627,964 8,018 168 35,619,494 depreciation ubtful accounty 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180	Liabilities— 7% pref. stock Common stock Common stock Notes payable Trade accts., actaves acc Res. for loss on contracts Deprec'n reset Reserve for cogenecies Capital surplu Earned surplu Total of \$13.329.4 ts. z After mounting to \$\frac{3}{2}\$, \$\frac{126}{6}\$, \$\frac{9}{6}\$, \$\frac{126}{6}\$, \$\frac{9}{6}\$, \$\frac{126}{6}\$, \$\fr	1928. 10,000,000 10,1150,000 10,1150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,150,000 11,	11,500,000 3,000,000 463,440 3,085,567 20,316 436,901 5,613,269 35,619,494 deducting vision for expresented
Anglo-American The following are the	Corp. of	South Af	rica, Ltd	-Opera.
Brakpan Mines, Limited Springs Mines, Limited West Springs, Limited —V. 127, p. 955, 684.	Tor Mill 87,4 73,0 46,2	ed. Revenue 00 £141,943 00 153,283	2 £86,078 75,529	Profit. £55,864 77,754 22,052
Apponang Co. () The directors have dethe 6½% pref. stock, palso V. 127, p. 263, 109	R. I.).—In eclared an in eayable Oct.	itial quarterl 1 to holders	y dividend of of record Sept	1 1/8 % on 20. See
Atlas Plywood C	Corp. (& S	ubs.).—Ea	rnings.—	16 - F- 1
Period— Net sales Cost of sales, selling, gen Depreciation	. & adm. exp	\$3,300,434 2,699,878	\$2,743.822	Mos.End. ine 30 '26. 2,599,111 1,985,398 118,743

Atlas Plywood Corp. (& St			
	-Years End	. June 30-	11 Mos.End.
Period—	1928.	1927.	June 30 '26.
Net sales	\$3,300,434	\$2,743,822	\$2,599,111
Cost of sales, selling, gen. & adm. exp		2.188.896	1,985,398
Depreciation	166,013	148,213	118,743
Depletion	37,904	45,796	33,288
Net profit from sales	\$396,638	\$360,918	\$461.682
Other income (net)	55,395	34,162	35,720
Total income	\$452,034	\$395,080	\$497,402
Interest charges	115,064	98.531	93.782
Reserve for Federal taxes	36.282	48,878	54,000
Other deductions	20,279		
Net profit_ Adjust. of invent. items undervalued_	\$280,408	\$247,670 Cr.34,474	\$349,620
_ Total	\$280,408	\$282,144	\$349.620
Dividends	210,600	200,000	200,000
Amortization of organization expense	4,885	9,771	9.771
Flood losses & expenses	23.631		0,,,,
Good-will written off			19.999
Add. tax reserve			3,000
Surplus additions for the year	\$41,292	\$ 72,373	\$116,850
Previous surplus	183,303	116,850	
Surplus June 30	\$224.595	\$189,223	\$116,850
Shs. cap. stk. outstand. (no par)	60,600	50,000	50,000
Earnings per share	\$4.62	\$4.97	\$6.99

		ative Balan	ce Sheet June 30.		
Assets—	1928.	1927.	Liabilities-	1928.	1927.
Plant, prop., eq., &c. (less depr.&c			Capitalstock	\$3,061,470	\$2,674,212
	4 499 009	22 000 304	First mtge. 6 1/28 5 1/2 % gold debs	0 450 000	1,426,500
Miscell.invest	18.650	79 450	5% % gold debs	2,452,000	
Good-will			Dep.on rl. est.sale	8 5,263	
Cash			Mtge. note pay		4,000
Notes & accts, rec			Purch. contr. pay.	75,667	
	384,653		Accounts payable.	105,994	37,443
Lifeins. surr. value	6,180		Accrued expenses.	64.854	18.266
Inventories	1,147,245	1,084,968	Interest payable		48,750
Adv. on lumber &			Dividend payable.	60,600	
logging opera'ns	7,281	13.678	Res. for Fed. taxes	1	00,000
Accts. rec., empl.			& contingencies.	106,929	63,736
homes purchase			Deferred paym. or		
contract		3,374		81.199	102.667
Skg. fund assets		3,981	Surplus	230.004	189,223
Deferred charges	74,366	53,201		200,002	100,120
Total.	6.243.981	\$4,662,130	Total	86 943 001	84 669 130
x Represented	00 000	,000,100		.00,610,851	\$1,002,100

Auburn Automobile Co.—2% Stock Dividend.— The directors have declared a 2% stock dividend and the regular quarterly dividend of \$1 per share, both payable Oct. 2 to holders of record Sept. 21. Like amounts were paid on Jan. 2, April 2 and July 2 last. Previous stock distributions were 5% each made on Aug. 1 and Nov. 1 1926.—V. 127, p. 825.

Baldwin Rubber Co.—Earnings.—
The company reports net profits of \$149,365 after all charges, including depreciation and Federal taxes, for the first 7 months of this year.—V. 127, p. 550.

Bancitaly Corp.—Proposal Made to Increase Dividend.—
President A. P. Glannini, on Sept. 11 announced that the dividend rate on the stock would be established at \$4 annually beginning the first of 1929. At present, the company is paying dividends of 56 cents per share quarterly, or at an annual rate of \$2.24 on the \$25 par value stock.

Mr. Glannini reiterated that officials of the corporation could not be regarded as responsible for and were not primarily interested in market fluctuations but were concerned with sound conduct of affairs and earning maximum return for stockholders.—V. 127, p. 550.

Barlum Tower & Properties, Detroit.—Bonds Offered.— Federal Bond & Mortgage Co., Detroit, recently offered \$3,600,000 6% 1st mtge. and coll. trust bonds at par and int.

\$3,000,000 o% 1st mtge. and coll. trust bonds at par and 1nt.

Dated June 15 1928; due \$90,000 each June 15 1932-1942, and \$2,610,000

June 15 1943. Normal Federal income tax up to 2% paid by the borrower

Tax free in Michigan. Interest payable J. & D. Denom. \$100, \$500

and \$1,000.

Security.—The bonds are directly secured by a closed first mortgage on
the Barlum Tower and land which is owned in fee simple; equities in the
Dixieland Hotel, Lane Bryant Bidg., Barlum Bidg., Barlum Apartments,
and Stores, Lawyers Bidg. and the Hotel Lewis, and approximately twothirds of the stock in the Barlum Hotel. All properties are completed.

Borrower.—The borrowers are John J. Barlum and the Barlum Realty Co.
of which Mr. Barlum is President.

Purpose.—Purpose of this issue is to retire outstanding 6½% bonds
and furnish the borrower additional capital for further operations.

Valuation of Properties.

and furnish the borrower additional capital for further operations.

Valuation of Properties.

The Barlum Tower and land owned in fee have been appraised at \$4,583,000
The Barlum properties, consisting of the Lawyers Bldg, and land,
Barlum Bldg., Dixieland Hotel and Lane Bryant Bldg., Lewis
Hotel, Barlum Apartments with northeast corner of Woodward
and Palmer Aves., and leaseholds; approximately two-thirds of
the stock of the Caddilac Square Improvement Co., owners of
the Barlum Hotel, which has been pledged as additional collateral security, all have been valued at 3,653,350

Net value \$7,086,350
The bond issue is, therefore, less than 52% of the net value of the security.

Income.

The gross income from the Barlum Tower, based upon leases made since opening of the building about Jan. 1 1928, is estimated at \$804,987
Estimated operating expenses, including allowance for normal instead of complete occupancy, taxes and insurance 342,900

Gross annual income from the Barlum properties based upon normal occupancy is \$448,581
Gross annual expenses, including ground rent, taxes and insurance are estimated to be 246,529

Leaving an estimated net annual rental of \$202,052 This makes an estimated net income from all sources of \$664,139 After allowing for interest and amortization serial payments (upon the first mortgage on the Barlum properties bearing interest at $5\frac{1}{2}$ % and $5\frac{1}{2}$ %) which has been reduced to \$1,150,000 from \$1,250,000, the balance of the net income is more than $2\frac{1}{2}$ times the highest annual interest charge on this issue of bonds.

Barnard Mfg. Co.—Balance Sheet Dec. 31.-1096

21.00060	1021.	1040.	TO DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON	1021.	AUDU.
Plant	1,470,245	\$1,464,239	Capital stock	\$1,250,000	\$1,250,000
Trucks, &c	750	1,269	Accounts payable.	46,364	
Cash, accts. rec.,			Res. for city taxes.		16,309
inventory, &c	381,780	470,794	Depreciation	593,469	593,469
Profit & loss	380,703		Bal. due City of		
			Fall River	16,309	
			Reserves	327,336	
			Tax reserve		20,551
Tot. (each side) _\$	2,233,478	\$1,936,303	Profit and loss		55.974
-V. 125, p. 98.		*			
Disalam U.	Lastand	Carnet	C- Farmin	aa	

 Bigelow-Hartford Carpet
 Co.—Earnings.—

 6 Mos. Ended June 30—
 1928.

 1927.
 \$1,347,663

 \$1,218,448

 Other income.
 98,371
 \$792,253 104,791 \$1,321,134 305,338 137,133 \$897,044 308,276 79,484 \$878,664 239,640 \$3.30 \$509,284 241,500 \$1.77 Net profit. \$985.595

Shs. com. stock outstanding (no par) 246,085 239,640 241,500
Earnings per share 30 1928 shows current assets totaling \$11,921,380 and current liabilities of \$765,254. Current assets totaling \$2,565,321 cash and Liberty bonds; \$3,418,137 accounts and notes receivable and \$5,937,921 inventories.—V. 126, p. 1202.

Bingham Mines Co.—Smaller Dividend.—Earnings.—
The directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share, payable Oct. 5 to holders of Sept. 20. On July 5 last, a dividend of \$1 per share was paid.

as paid.

Period End. June 30— 1928—3 Mos.—1927.

perating profit...... \$23,220 \$105,038 1928—6 Mos.-\$72,171 -1927. \$224,870 \$0.46 \$2.10 \$1.44 \$4.48

Bird Grocery Stores, Inc.—Sales.— 1928—Aug.—1927. \$1.248.553 \$1.158.031 \$90.522 \$11,207.59 -V. 127, p. 1106. ### Increase | 1928—8 Mos.—1927. | Increase | 1928—8 Mos.—1927. | Increase | \$90,522 | \$11,207,591 | \$10,060,403 | \$1,147,188

Bird & Son Inc -Balance Sheet Dec. 31.

Dird & Soi	inc.	Datance	Sheet Dec. 31.	
	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.
Assets—	8	8	L'abilities— \$	8
Real estate, mach.			7% 1st pref. stock 4,987,100	5,000,000
and equipment.		7,183,816	Com. stksurp_x11,458,466	9,153,097
Cash, U. S. cert.,			Accounts payable,	SIR
notes and bonds	4,370,769	2,063,280	taxes, &c 1,527,419	1,425,946
Notes & acc'ts rec.	2,224,038	2,199,384	Reserve for allow. 51,686	82,594
Inventories	2,306,099	2,330,287		
Invest. in affil. cos.	248.912	352,149		
Deferred charges	78,078	132,721		

1,400,000 1,400,000 Total (ea. side) 18,024,672 15,661,637 x Represented by 200,000 no par shares.—V. 126, p. 1356

x Represented by 200,000 no par shares.—V. 126, p. 1356.

(Sidney) Blumenthal & Co., Inc.—August Shipments.—
August shipments of the company were the largest on record, it is announced. Earnings for the present 3 months period ending Sept. 30 will be considerably more than double earnings during the second quarter of the year totaled \$501,900. The present quarter it is indicated will show net income of not less than \$1,100,000. For the first 9 months of 1928, estimate of earnings is not less than \$1,600,000, or more than \$6 per share on common stock.

Orders on hand at present, exceeding considerably amount at same time last year, will require placing in operation every loom in the company's plants. Such activity is expected to continue well into December.

The question of preferred stock dividends which were passed in April, 1925, is expected to be acted upon early in 1929.

The company recently announced that it had leased the eighth floor, covering 40.000 square feet, of One Park Ave., N. Y. City. These new quarters will be 10.000 square feet larger than the present quarters occupied by the firm, at 395 Fourth Ave., N. Y. City.—V. 127, p. 1106.

quarters will be 10.000 square feet larger than the present quarters occupied by the firm, at 395 Fourth Ave., N. Y. City.—V. 127, p. 1106.

Borden Co.—Listing.—

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of (a) 10,000 additional shares of capital stock (par \$50), on official notice of issuance in part payment for all the outstanding capital stock of Blackhawk Investment Co., and (b) 2.096 additional shares of capital stock, on official notice of issuance in part payment for the assets and business of Aurora Ice Cream Co.; making the total amount applied for to date 1,226,932 shares.

Under authority of resolutions duly adopted by the board of directors, at a meeting held Aug. 7, the officers of the company authorized the following transactions:

(a) The purchase by the company of all the issued and outstanding capital stock of Blackhawk Investment Co. (Wis.) being 18,000 shares of common stock no par value, out of a total of 20,000 shares of such stock authorized: part payment to be made by the issue and delivery of 10,000 shares of the full paid and non-assessable capital stock of the company. The contract of purchase and sale provides, in addition, that the company shall furnish funds for the redemption of \$500,000 7% cumulative preferred stock of Mansfield-Caughey Co. at par and divs. to Aug. 1 1929; the last two named corporations being subsidiarles of Blackhawk Investment Co. by virtue of its ownership of the entire outstanding common stock of said corporations.

(b) The purchase of the assets and business of Aurora Ice Cream Co. (III.), part payment to be made by the issue and delivery of 2,096 shares of capital stock, and the assumption by the company of all liabilities of said corporation, existing at the time of purchase, except certain tax liabilities and except a specifically designated debt of \$30,000. The contract of purchase and sale provides, in addition, that the company shall furnish funds to redeem \$1,750 outstanding preferred stock of Aurora Ice Cream Co., at par and divs. to No

Pro Forma Consolidated General Balance Sheet as of May 31 1928.

Pro Forma Consolidated General Balance Sheet as of May 31 1928.

1After glving effect to the acquisition of the properties and businesses of the Reid Ice Cream Corp., J. M. Horton Ice Cream Co., Inc., Merrell-Soule Co., Dairy Made Ice Cream Co., Gridley Dairy Co., Wieland Dairy Co., Wieland Ice Cream Co., A. J. Olson Co., J. D. Broxham Dairy Co., and certain assets of J. M. Barron & Sons and of Greenview Farms Dairy Co., Inc.; also Ottawa Dairy, Ltd., which is included as an investment in subsidiary companies, due to the fact that on May 31 1928, complete acquisition of Ottawa Dairy, Ltd., had not yet been accomplished, also, properties and businesses of the Lakeshire Cheese Co., Peoples Fuel & Supply Co., Christiansen Bros. Dairy Co., Freeport Milk Products Co., which are included on basis of figures as of June 30 1928. The net assets acquired from the aforementioned companies, include certain property valuations based on appraisals (partially completed), and are subject to addits of the books of the companies (now in progress.);

Assets—
Property, plant and equipment (including Madison Ave. and Hudson St. Office Building properties, less mortgage on Madison Ave. Office Building properties of \$1,400,000 and reserves for depreciation)

Cash. \$59,799,396 14,784,434 8,526,854 8,614,324 12,856,507 Receivable—less reserve for doubtful accounts.
Receivable—less reserve for doubtful accounts.
Marketable securities (at market or less).
Inventories (at the lower of cost or market).
Investments in subsidiary companies.
Prepaid items, miscellaneous assets and accounts awaiting distribution.
Trade marks, patents and good-will. Total assets. Liabilities— -----\$113,739,196 Liabilities—
Mortgages
Notes and accounts payable
Accrued accounts—Income taxes (estimated), \$1,940,947;
other items, \$1,607,235; total
Deferred credits
Subscriptions to capital stock—Borden Co.
Capital Stock—Borden Co., 1,134,778 shares (par \$50 each) Reserves—Insurance, contingencies, &c.
Surplus \$593,100 11,149,658 3,548,182 84,685 7,822,211 56,738,900 9,623,231 24,179,228

Burroughs Adding Machine Co.—Earnings. 1928. 1927. 1926. 6 Mos. Ena. June 30—
Gross profits on sales of machines, service, parts, accessor., suppl., &c. \$7,795,038
Other income. 297,959 1925. \$6,184,852 610,707 \$6,459,560 213,615 \$5,321,983 351,749 $\$8,092,997 \\ 3,345,709$ Sales, gen. & misc. exp.
Prov. for foreign & U. S.
Federal income tax... \$6,673,175 2,933,537 \$6,795,558 3,503,716 \$5,673,732 2,984,361 900,985 626,373 488,598 382,000 Net profit______\$3,846,303 Dividends______1,990,167 \$3,113,265 x1,991,570 \$2,803,245 1,324,084 \$2,307,371 1,356,903 Balance, surplus_____\$1,856,136 \$1,121,695 \$1,479,160 \$950,468 Shares com. stock outstanding (no par)_____ 800,000 800,000 600,000 600,000 Earnings per share_____\$4.80 \$3.89 \$3.99 \$3.13 x In addition, co. distributed a stock div. on Mar. 1 1927 of 200,000 no par shares (valued at \$25 per share, or \$5,000,000, for purpose of divs. thereon) Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30

		TOTAL TRANSPORT	the purcet office of	U.	
Assets-	1928.	1927.	Liabilities-	1928.	1927.
Plant, equip., &c	c_x4,391,953		Capital stock	z20,000,000	20,000,000
Good-will Pats. & devel. wor	2,024,001		Accounts payable	_ 435,542	
Cash	- 4.769.788	3.443.471	Wages & com. pay Prov. for inc. tax	469,910 - 1,574,553	
Govt. securities_	-13,805,437	9,640,673	Repairs to mach		1,100,200
Notes & accts. red Inventories	c.y4,195,364		under guaranty		
Misc. investmen	ts 713,948		Deferred credits. Reserve for contin		1,169,179 2,003,456
Deferred charges.	754,403		Surplus		
Total	-42,554,647	36,010,655	Total	42,554,647	36,010,655

x After deducting \$6.766,765 reserve for depreciation. y After deducting reserves. z Represented by 800,000 shares of no par value valued at \$25 per share for purpose of payment of dividends thereon).—V. 127, p. 826.

Calamba Sugar Estate, San Francisco.—Dividends.—
The directors have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 134% on the new 7% pref. stock. par \$20, and of 2% on the new common stock, par \$20 both payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 15. Dividends at the above rates were paid July 2 on the old common and preferred stocks of \$100 par value, which were recently split up on a 5-for-1 basis.—V. 127, p. 956.

California Consumers Co.—Preferred Dividend No. 2.-The directors have declared the second quarterly dividend of \$1.75 per share on the \$7 cumul. pref. stock payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 15. (For offering, see V. 126, p. 2317).—V. 127, p. 111.

Canadian Brewing Corp., Ltd.—Acquisition.—
The corporation has arranged to acquire all of the capital stock of the Empire Brewing Co., Ltd. of Brandon, Manitoba, according to an announcement. This step will mark the first expansion of the corporation outside of Ontario, its 3 present breweries being located in the latter province, one in Toronto and two in Hamilton.

It is understood that the acquisition of the well-distributed stock of the Empire Brewing Co. is being effected by the exchange of its shares for a block of the authorized, but presently unissued no par value shares of Canadian Brewing Corp., and that no further public financing is presently contemplated by the latter. ("Monetary Times" of Toronto).—V. 126, p. 3596.

Cannon Chemical Co., Memphis, Tenn.-Proposed

Cannon Chemical Co., Memphis, Tenn.—Proposed Merger.—

It is understood that negotiations are pending looking toward the consolidation of the assets and businesses of this company and the Golden Peacock, Inc., of Paris, Tenn.

The Cannon company was organized in 1925 and manufactures chemical products, the more prominent being an insecticide known as "War-on-Insects," and a four-purpose oil, known as "Four-Way-Oil," both of which products are widely distributed through wholesale groceries, drug store and chain stores throughout the United States. The company also manufactures certain brands of cosmetics, the best known of which is "Vanity Fair," which is distributed by more than 12,000 dealers, as well as chain store organizations and department stores. In addition to "Vanity Fair" brand, the Cannon company also owns a number of other brands of cosmetics, such as "May Fair," "Jenny Lind," "Midnight Dream," "English Garden," "Flower Kist," &c., which it manufactures on an exclusive distribution basis for chain stores, groceries, wholesale and retail drug stores, and department stores.

In addition to its established business, the Cannon company has recently entered into contracts with Sears, Roebuck & Co., the Independent Grocers Alliance of Chicago, (an organization having a present membership of over 16,000 Independent retail grocers) Butler Bros. and other chain store and mail order houses, for the exclusive distribution of their "Four-Way-Oil" and "War-on-Insects." The Woolworth company, after a successful trial, has also contracted with the Cannon company for the exclusive distribution of a line of popular priced cosmetics throughout their entire chain of 1,700 stores. The contract with Sears, Roebuck & Co. also includes a special line of high priced cosmetics to be manufactured exclusively for the latter for mail order distribution.

The Golden Peacock, Inc., was organized about 5 years ago, and is engaged in the manufacture of a general line of cosmetics. Its principal product is a bleach cream, known as

Checker Cab Mfg. Corp.—Preferred Stock Converted.—
Jerome B. Sullivan & Co. announce that all preferred stock of the above corporation has been converted into common stock. See also V. 127, p. 1107.

Childs Co., New York.—Definitive Debs. Ready—Sales.—
The Empire Trust Co. as trustee is prepared to exchange definitive 5% 15-year gold debentures for temporary debentures presently outstanding. (See offering in V. 126, p. 2153.)

Sales for Month and Eight Months Ended Aug. 31.

August—1927— 24 \$2,461,649 \$2,217,224 \$2,46 -V. 127, p. 826.

Chrysler Corp.—Denies Rumor.—
President Walter P. Chrysler, states: "There is absolutely no foundation to the report that we are seeking control of the Briggs Manufacturing Co. We have given no consideration to such a move."—V. 127, p. 1393.

City Financial Corp.-To Form Surety and Insurance Company .-

According to sources close to the corporation, an announcement will be made in a few days of the formation of a company to operate in the insurance and surety fields. No public offering of its stock is contemplated, but it is understood that stockholders of City Financial Corp. will receive rights to subscribe for stock of the surety company on a favorable basis.—V. 126, p. 3303.

Cohn-Hall-Marx Co.-Resume Dividend Payments on

The directors have declared an annual dividend of \$2.50 per share on the outstanding 100,000 shares of common stock, no par value, payable in four quarterly installments of 62½ cents per share on Oct. 1 1928, Jan. 2, April 1 and July 1 1929 to holders of record Sept. 15 and Dec. 15 1928, and Mar. 15 and June 15 1929, respectively. From Oct. 15 1925 to July 15 1926, inc., the company paid quarterly dividends of 70c. per share; none since.—V. 125, p. 1977.

Columbia Graphophone Co., Ltd.—Proposed Stk. Div.
The directors propose that a portion of reserve be capitalized and distributed in the form of fully paid common shares. Should shareholders agree to the proposal, a further resolution would be submitted that capitalization be increased to £2,800,000 by the creation of 4,000,000 new common shares of 10s par to provide a bonus issue of one common share for every one held, the remainder to be used for general purposes of the company.

The Committee on Securities of the New York Curb Exchange on Sept. 9 announced that the Guaranty Trust Co. will take a record of holders of American depositary receipts for ordinary shares of the Columbia company entitled to cash and stock distributions on a date to be announced, instead of Sept. 5, the date on which the record of shareholders was taken by the company in London. The Committee added: "This eliminates for the time being the necessity of deliveries of American depositary receipts carrying due-bills as specified in the original ruling Issued on Sept. 8, and the Committee now rules that due-bills which may have been issued pursuant thereto are void. The receipts for ordinary shares of the Columbia company, shall not be quoted "ex" the cash and stock distributions until further notice." See also V. 127, p. 1394.

Consolidated Automatic Merchandising Corp. - Contracts-Lease.

According to an announcement, May Department Stores, Abraham & Strauss of Brooklyn; Thalheimer Bros., Inc. of Richmond, Va., and the D. H. Holmes Co. of New Orleans are going to sell cigarettes and have closed contracts with the Consolidated Corp. for the installation of automatic merchandising machines in their stores within the next 90 days. The machines will deliver matches as well as cigarettes.

The corporation has lessed the entire 24sh and 25th floors and taken

The machines will deliver matches as well as cigarettes.

The corporation has leased the entire 24th and 25th floors and taken an option on the 26th floor of the building at 245 Fifth Ave., N. Y. City, at an aggregate rental for the next 10 years of \$240,000. The New York City offices of the following subsidiaries of the company will be consolidated at the new headquarters: Sanitary Postage Service Corp., Automatic Merchandising Corp., both of which are now at 285 Madison Ave., General Vending Corp., One Park Ave.; Hoff Vending Corp., 200 Hudson St.; Peerless Scale Co. of Detroit and the Pacific Scale Corp. of Los Angeles; Substantial economies have been effected through the co-ordination of the various activities of the company's subsidiaries and through the opportunity offered to service all of the vending machines through a single force.

—V. 127, p. 1394.

Consolidated Dairy Products Co., Inc. -Sales. Month Ended Aug. 31—
Sales
Stores operated
—V. 127, p. 828.

Consolidated Machine Tool Corp.—Tenders.—
The First National Bank, corporate trustee, 67 Milk St., Boston, will until Sept. 17, receive bids for the sale to it of 1st mtge. 20-year 7% sinking fund gold bonds, due June 1 1942, to an amount sufficient to exhaust \$120,055.—V. 125, p. 1466.

Container Corp. of America.—Listing.— The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$6,000,000 15-year 5% gold debentures, due June 1 1943.

Consolidated States	ment of Earn	ings.	
	6 Mos. End. June 30 '28 \$1,336,627 304,357		
Net profit	\$1,032,270 6,115	\$2,008,265 88,081	
Total profits & income Interest charges Prov. for Federal income taxes	224 020	\$2,096,346 466,597 220,000	951 099
Surplus net profits	\$716,346 dated Balance	\$1,409,748 Sheet.	\$423,625
June 30 '28 Dec. 31 '27			28 Dec. 31 '27
Assets— 8 8	LAabilities-		8
Realestate 2,793,772 2,803,184		able. 548,3	
Buildings, mach. &	Accrued wag	es 22,5	11,67
equip17,841,042 14,342,523		axes. 165,6	554 308,032
	Res. for cont		54 116,554
Accts. & notes rec. 1,206,581 837,589			321 1,451,012
Inventories 1,794,759 1,563,189			000 -4 401 000
Other assets 346,013 169,051 Deferred charges 1,008,613 552,388			000 x4,421,000
Deferred charges 1,008,613 552,388 Organization exp 49,735 49,735		st M.	x775,000
	Box Co Container Co	rp. of 5,700,0	400,000
	America ste		000 x2,200,000

America stock:
7% cum. pref. 2,200,000 x2,200,000
Class A common 5,397,280 5,043,280
Class B commony3,649,483 3,649,483
Mid-West Box Co:
8% cum. pref. 594,900 8,500
6% cum. pref. 177,900 256,900
Surplus 1,446,472 1,058,803 Total......26,069,389 20,881,990 Total......26,069,389 20,881,990 x Reduced by amount held in treasury purchased for purpose of retirement as follows: First mtge. 6% bonds, \$376,000; debentures, \$150,000; 7% cumulative preferred stock, \$200,000. y Represented by 508,289 shares of no par stock.

To Increase Stock .-

The stockholders will vote Oct. 2 on increasing the authorized class A common stock (par \$20) from 350,000 shares to 600,000 shares and the authorized class B common stock (no par value) from 590,000 shares to 1,200,000 shares.—V. 127, p. 552, 113.

Continental Can Co., Inc.—To Increase Common Stock—100% Stock Distribution Proposed.—The stockholders will vote Oct. 16 (a) on increasing the authorized common stock, no par value, from 750,000 shares (710,000 shares outstanding) to 2,000,000 shares, and (b) on approving the distribution of a 100% stock dividend to be paid on Nov. 22 to holders of record Nov. 5.—V. 127, p. 1394.

Continental Motors Corp.—Large Orders Received.—
According to a statement issued by W. R. Angell, Executive VicePresident, large orders recently received from several new customers
coupled with increased schedules from our regular customers will substantially increase our production during the balance of the year in both the
automotive and industrial divisions. Mr. Angell further states: "One
of the new orders calls for 5,000 motors for a well-known eight-cylinder
car—motors which up to this time have been produced in the motor car
company's own plant. Production of these eight-cylinder motors will start
immediately; delivery to begin Oct. 1. Other orders placed with our
industrial division by some of the country's leading agricultural implement
houses call for immediate production of between 20,000 and 50,000 heavyduty motors.

"Two of our larger regular customers have substantially increased their
schedules for delivery during the next 90 days covering motors now in
production. These increased schedules together with the new automotive
and industrial business recently placed with us assures a larger production
than usual during the remainder of the year."—V. 126, p. 3933.

Continental Paper & Bay Corp.—Succeeds Continental

Continental Paper & Bag Corp.—Succeeds Continental Paper & Bag Mills Corp.—Controlled by International Paper Co.—See latter company below.

Continental Paper & Bag Mills Corp.—Successor Co. See International Paper Co. below.—V. 126, p. 1987.

Continental Steel Corp.—Earnings, &c.—
The earnings for the first 6 months of 1928 were \$562,482 after depreciation and estimated Federal taxes. Earnings for the entire year 1928 are estimated at \$1,200,000 after depreciation and taxes, which after allowing for preferred dividends, equal slightly under \$6 per share on the common stock.

In 1927 the corporation

stock
In 1927 the corporation, organized under the laws of Indiana, acquired substantially all of the stock of the Kokomo Steel & Wire Co. of Kokomo, Ind., the Superior Sheet Steel Co. of Canton, O., and the Chapman-Price Steel Co. of Indianapolis, Ind.

Consolidated Balance Sheet—Dec. 31 1927.

Consoniua	ieu Duiunce	Sheet - Dec. 31 1921.	
Asseis—		Liabilities—	
Cash	\$245,682	Accounts payable	488,646
U. S. Govt. bonds		Payrolls payable	126,854
Value of life insurance		Accr. int., gen, taxes, &c	124.873
Notes and accts. rec.—less res		6% serial bonds (due 1928)	32,500
Inventories	2.348.584	Provision for Federal taxes	100.041
Empl. subser. to com. stock_		1st mtge. 6s	1.200,000
Frac. shs. pf. stk in treas		Kokomo St'l & W. Co., ser. 6s	870,000
Bonds held for sinking fund		Operating reserves	46.559
Inv. in outside cos		Reserves for contingencies	37.615
Land contr. rec. & unsold land		Min. stkholders int. in subs	698,471
Properties		7% pref. stock	\$3,017,670
Funds held for plant constre.	601,500	Common stock	
Patents		Earned surpl-prof. for year	
Deferred charges	367,698		578,961
Total	\$13,200,587	Total	\$05,200,587

Total. \$13,200,587 | Total. \$505,200,587 a Land, building, machinery and equipment as appraised Dec. 31 1926 plus additions including construction in progress at cost \$10.285.770, less reserve for deprectation of \$2,503,134. b Common stock (167,326 shares of no par value) and initial surplus and includes credit arising from appraisal of \$2,563,392.—V. 125, p. 393.

Crown Zellerbach Corp., San Francisco.—
The directors have declared an initial quarterly dividend of 25c. a share on the common voting trust certificates, payable Oct. 15 to holders of record Sept. 29, and an initial dividend of 83 1-3c. a share on the \$5 preferred stock, covering the months of July and August, payable on the same dates.

The directors have approved acceptances of free Crown Willamette common voting trust certificate deposits for exchange for Crown Zellerbach common voting trust certificates beginning Sept. 17 and extending over a period of 60 days. Stock is to be deposited with the secretary of the corporation.

This corporation is successor to the Zellerbach Corp., which racquired through consolidation the Crown Willamette Paper Co. 126, p. 2813). which recently

Curtiss Aeroplane & Motor Co., Inc.—Rights.—
The common stockholders of record Sept. 25 will be given the right to subscribe on or before Oct. 25 for 58,149 1-3 additional shares of common stock (no par value) at \$100 per share on the basis of one new share for each 5 shares held. Subscriptions are payable at the Bank of America, National Association, 44 Wall St., N. Y. City. The company has authorized 600,000 shares of common stock, of which 290,746 shares are outstanding.

The proceeds of the new issue are to be used to expand the company's facilities for the manufacture of commercial airplanes and motors. The

present expansion plans contemplate using the entire amount for the erection and equipment of additional plant facilities and for working capital necessary in the manufacture of products that enter the commercial rather than the military field.—V. 127, p. 1394.

Curtiss Flying Service, Inc.—Stock Sold Privately.— James C. Wilson & Co. and National Aviation Corp. announce that 675,000 shares of capital stock have been sold privately. C. M. Keys, Chairman, in a letter dated Sept. 12 says in part:

Company.—Has been organized in Delaware. It has acquired the entire capital stock of Curtiss Flying Service, Inc., of New York, heretofore owned by Curtiss Aeroplane & Motor Co., Inc. Under its former name, Curtiss Exhibition Co., many of the early exhibition flights were given by the most noted of the pioneer pilots in many of the countries of the world.

After the war the business of the company was re-established at Curtiss Field, Mineola, N. Y. Most of the activities at Norfolk, Buffalo and Atlantic City, as well as at other points, became concentrated at this one field.

The company has been successful and profitable since the countries.

The company has been successful and profitable since the resumption of its activities in 1919. It employs a fleet varying from 20 to 30 airplanes, carries on a successful training school and furnishes a general flying service, not including scheduled flights on organized lines, to New York City and

of its activities in 1919. It employs a fleet varying from 20 to 30 airplanes, carries on a successful training school and furnishes a general flying service, not including scheduled flights on organized lines, to New York City and vicinity.

Purposes of Present Expansion are to expand and multiply the commercial market of the Curtiss Aeroplane & Motor Co. by establishing well organized and well financed agencies at all the important cities of the country, to set up and operate schools for primary training at all these important cities, and to equip these schools with the most modern and up-to-date equipment and man them with pilots experienced in training men, and controlled under the discipline of a well organized company. These established fields will also carry on the same type of flying that has been carried on for so many years successfully at Mineola.

The company also has under its charter the right to enter into transportation by air for the carriage of mail, passengers and express and to contract with the U.S. Government, or foreign Governments, for this service.

A survey of the country has been going on for more than a year looking to the establishment of these fields and agencies and all the officers of the Curtiss Company have become firmly convinced that there is a keen demand at all important centres for thoroughly up-to-date training schools and that in many centres flying is held back because of the lack of such schools.

There will also be established three advanced training schools, one on the West Coast, one on the East Coast and one in the Middle States. All the leaders of aviation, particularly the Guggenheim Foundation and Colonel Lindbergh, have publicly advocated the establishment of such advanced schools and at different times leaders of aviation have gone so far as to advocate the subsidizing of these schools by the Government for the sake of raising the standard of public flying in the United States and so furnish a large body of highly trained pilots as a measure of national defens

located and carrying on aviation activities in the country.

Capitalization.—Has an authorized 2,000,000 shares no par value capital stock, of which 750,000 shares are to be presently outstanding and 250,000 reserved under option. Of the stock to be presently outstanding 75,000 shares are to be issued in payment for all of the capital stock of Curtiss Flying Service, Inc., of New York and 675,000 shares have been sold privately—V. 127, p. 1394.

New York—Sales—

Dominion Iron & Steel Co., Ltd.—Annual Report.

Statement of Earnings and Expenses for Year Ending Dec. 31 1927.

Profit from operations, after deducting manufacturing, selling and administration expenses, but before charging sinking funds, depreciation and interest on funded debt. \$1,859.2

Provision for sinking fund (only) 189,4

Interest on 1st mtge, bonds. 257,6

Int. on consolidated mtge, bonds: Currency series, \$231,942; sterling series, \$351,771; total 583,7

Proportion of discount of bonds written off 56,6

Interest on inter-company balances Cr.73,6 $\begin{array}{c}
 ,859,216 \\
 189,400 \\
 257,950
 \end{array}$ 583,712 56,061 Cr.73,026 \$845.118 90,066

\$935,184 Surplus at Dec. 31 1927 ...

Total \$67,848,575 Total **x** After reserve for depreciation of \$10,498,388. **y** After ded loans amounting to \$2,540,707.—V. 126, p. 722. \$67.848.575

Dubilier Condenser Corp.—Earnings.

Net profit (after depr. and taxes, &c.)----

- dollier Collacti	ser corb	. 25 001 10010	90.	
Years Ended June 30-	1928. \$1.663.900	1927. \$1,621,331 1,214,444	dio Corp.) 1926.	1925.
Gross profit on sales	\$249,525	\$406,887	\$765,385	\$1,665,924
Oper. & admin. exp	380,882	482,172	408,569	1,317,033
Net operating loss	\$131,356	\$75,2841	prof\$356,8161	prof\$348,891
Profit & loss adjustments		47,696	318,582	95,701

\$131,356 loss\$122,980

\$38,233

53,190

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	SEPT. 15 1928.]	Comparative Balance Sheet June 30. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1928. 1927. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928. 1928.	CIAL		
	Assets— 1928. Land, bldgs., ma- chinery & equip. a\$328,770 Pats.&pat. rights_b1,201,921 Cash	1927. \$343,109 1,170,867 49,976	Liabilities— plital stockc counts payablec tes payablec cr. liabilities	\$2,053,694 50,812 10,000 22,331	
	Develop. exp. def. 310,907	740,404 Re 310,907 Su 11,799 Re	rpluss. for def. devel.	85,000 def37,824	90,000 8,095 310,907
.00	a After deducting \$146,77 \$275,000 reserve for obsole no par value. d After dec \$111,603 reserves to adjust t	3 reserve for scence. c I ducting \$14 to lower of c	r depreciation. Represented by ,237 reserves. ost or market	b After 304.150 e After -V. 125, 1	deducting shares of deducting p. 1715.
	Donner Steel Co., The Marine Trust Co. of will until Oct. 10 receive bld bonds, series AA and series series AA bonds, and 102½ sufficient to exhaust \$103,29	Inc.—Ten Buffalo, trus is for the sa A, at a pric and int. f 2.—V. 127.	nders.— stee, 237 Main le to it of 1st e not exceeding or series A bo p. 553.	St., Buffaref. mtge. g 105½ aronds, to a	alo, N. Y. s. f. gold ad int. for n amount
	The company has issued it showing as of July 1 1928, tholders of \$961,760 as of that of over \$18,000 since last Ap. The company announces the company announces the state of the state of the state of the company announces the state of th	ts first states total assets of t date. The oril. hat it now he	ment since orga of \$1,018,404 a e assets position as 85 agents in	nization la nd surplus on shows a New York	and New
	Emsco Derrick & E The stockholders of record on or before Oct. 20 for add share in the ratio or one new	quipmen Sept. 20 wi litional com share for e	t Co.—Rightll be given the mon stock (pach nine shares	ts.— e right to r \$100) at now held	subscribe \$150 per
	Earnings Reserve for Federal taxes Reserve for contingencies Interest on funded debt				48,548 28,739 38,225
	Total surplus Cash dividends Stock dividends				1,498,580 179,243 1,125,000
	Consolidate	d Balance Sl	eet June 30 19:	28.	
	Pump & Supply Co. and the	ts and other e Emsco De	assets purchas rrick & Equip Liabilities—	ed from the ment Co.	
	Fixed assets x\$2 Cash Notes receivable	2,171,322 Ca 145,417 Ft 531,990 No	apital stock inded debt otes payable (p	aid Aug.	4,490,700 1,200,000
	Accounts receivable 2 Inventories 2 Good-will Patents and trade-marks Other assets	2,316,720 Ac 200,000 W 764,120 D 25,496 Ac	ecounts payable ages payable ividends payable crued account serves	les	530,970 42,415 78,587 25,437 160,087
	Tetal 36	Su	rplus Total		194,336

Total______\$6,817,533 | Total_______\$6,817,533 | X After reserve for depreciation of \$371,951. y Funded debt reduced \$200,000 during Aug. 1928.—V. 127, p. 958.

Esmond Mills.—Stock Increased, &c.—
The stockholders on Aug. 22 increased the authorized common stock (par \$100) from \$1,000,000 to \$3,500,000, and approved the distribution of a \$100% stock dividend on the outstanding \$765,000 common stock. V. 127, p. 1258, 829.

Evans Auto Loading Co.—New Common Stock Placed on a \$2.50 Annual Dividend Basis.—

The directors have declared a dividend of 62½ cents per share on the 200,000 shares of common stock, par \$5, payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 20. The previous quarterly dividend was \$1.25 per share paid July 2 on the 100,000 shares outstanding prior to the distribution on Sept. 1 of a 100% stock dividend (see V. 127, p. 416, 688).—V. 127, p. 829.

Evans-Wallower Lead Co.-Forms Subsidiary to Start

Production of Electrolytic Zinc—Earnings.—

Officials of the company this week announced plans for the construction of a plant for the production of electrolytic zinc at East St. Louis, Ill. The new plant will be operated through a subsidiary known as the Evans-Wallower Zinc Co. The plant, which will have a capacity of 50 tons of metal daily, will use the Tainton Process of electrolytic deposition of metal from roasted zinc concentrates. The plant has been designed to utilize low grade western concentrates, whose by products are expected to add to its earning power.

low grade western concentrates, whose by products are expected to add to its earning power.

The Evans-Wallower Lead Co. operates mines in the Joplin District formerly owned by the Golden Rod Mining & Smelting Corp., which was consolidated last January with the Evans Lead Co.

Net earnings of the enlarged company for the first 6 months of 1928, after depreciation but before depletion charges, totaled \$212.991, compared with \$389,101 for the entire year of 1927. Annual dividend requirements on the company's 7% preferred stock amount to \$87,500.—V. 126, p. 3600.

Everett (Mass.) Mills Co.—Liquidating Dividend.—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$10 per share, in liquidation, en the outstanding \$2,100.000 capital stock, par \$100, payable Sept. 27 to holders of record Sept. 17.—V. 126, p. 3763.

Financial Investing Co. of New York, Ltd.—Div.—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 5c. per share and the regular quarterly dividend of 40c. per share, both payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 15. An extra dividend of 10c. per share was paid on April of record 1 1928. Earnings for 8 Months Ended Aug. 31 1928.

Surplus Dec. 31 1927			\$108,824 10,946
Total surplus Dividends paid			\$119,770 86,150
Balance		Balance Sheet.	\$33,620
Cash	145 2,468,984 946 41,575 092 72,099 677 92,621 1,803	Capital stock\$1,301,40 Loans payable 580,00 Accrued Interest 39,60 Bonded debt 1,795,00 Dividends payable Res. for Fed. taxes 21,46 Accounts payable 25,69	627,500 1 15,764 0 1,040,000 24,849 0 7,629 5 67,339

Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.—Charges by Prof. Buell that Firestone Rubber Concessions in Liberia Served to Force Latter to Accept U. S. Loan Agreement—Denials by State Department and Liberia President—Herbert Hoover Not Connected with Negotiations.—See under "Indications of Business Activity" in last week's "Chronicle," p. 1319.—V. 126, p. 1207.

First National Pictures, Inc.—New Treasurer, &c.—
President Irving D. Rossheim announces that Samuel Spring has resigned as Vice-President and Treasurer of the company to return to the general practice of law. Warren C. Boothby, Financial Controller of the company, was elected as Treasurer to succeed Mr. Spring and will be in charge of the financial affairs of the company under President Rossheim.—V. 127, p. 959, 416.

Florsheim Shoe Co.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$7,250,000 6% cumulative preferred stock (par \$100), and 236,293 shares of class A common stock (no par value), all with authority to add 163,707 shares of class A common stock or any part thereof upon official notice of issuance in conversion of class B common stock on the basis of one share of class A common stock for each 2 shares of class B common stock.

	uths Ended April 30 1928. \$2,075,657 913,248
Profit from operationsOther income (net)	\$1,162,409 172,592
Gross income_ Discount allowed_ Bad debts, less recoveries_ Sundry charges_ Federal income tax at 13½ %	8,892 1 062
Net profit Balance, beginning of period	\$1,116,663 3,080,446
Total Dividends paid—Stock, account of r Cash (common) Treasury stock not shown on books Premiums on stock purchases	449,376
Balance, end of period	\$1,164,598
	of April 30 1928.
Assets— Cash on hand and in banks. \$1,146,095 Cash on call. 250,000 U. S. Liberty bonds, &c 2,899,533 Accounts & notes rec., &c.,	Liabilities— Accounts payable
incl. current accts. of subs. 3,678,526 Merchandise inventory	and miscellaneous taxes 29,642 Reserve for contingencies 45,638 6% preferred stock 7,040,000 Class A stock (no par) a1,181,465 Class B stock (no par) b1,637,070 Surplus 1,164,598
_a 236,293 shares (no par). b 327,4	Total (each side)\$11,586,299 114 shares (no par) .—V. 127, p. 1258

Total (each side)......\$11,586,299

a 236,293 shares (no par). b 327,414 shares (no par).—V. 127, p. 1258

Fox-New England Theatres, Inc.—Bonds Offered.—
Offering was made Sept. 11 of an issue of \$4,000,000 6½% convertible sinking fund debentures by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., and A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., at 100 and int.

Data from Letter of William Fox, President, New York, Sept. 6.
Dated Aug. 1 1928; due Aug. 1 1943. Principal and int. payable at Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., in New York or Chicago. Interest payable F. & A. without deduction for the Federal normal income tax net in excess of 2% per annum. Denom. \$1,000, \$500 and \$100 c*. Debentures are redeemable through Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., at the option of the company, as a whole or in part at any time and from time to time on 60 days' notice at following prices and accrued interest: On or prior to Aug. 1 1933 at 105%, and during each fiscal year ending on Aug. 1 thereafter at a premium successively decreasing ½% for each such year or fraction thereof. Company agrees to reimburse the holders of these debentures upon application within 60 days after payment thereof by the holders as provided in the trust indenture, for any State. Commonwealth or District of Columbia personal property taxes or securities taxes, but in no event to exceed 5½ mills per annum on each dollar of taxable value of the debentures and any State, Commonwealth or District of Columbia income taxes on interest, but in no event to exceed 6% per annum of such interest.

Company.—Incorporated in Delaware. Is a wholly owned subsidiary of Fox Theatres Corp. Acquired on Aug. 23 1928 the assets of all the well-known Poil enterprises in New England, which include 18 theatres, 15 being owned in fee and 3 under leaseholds, with an aggregate seating capacity of approximately 43,000. The Addition to these theatre properties the company has acquired real estate holdings in fee in Springfield, Mass., 15 being owned in fee and 3 under leaseholds, with an aggregate seating capacity of approximately 4

and to provide additional working capital for Fox-New England Theatres, Inc.

Security.—These debentures are a direct obligation of company and are secured by a closed mortgage on the fee and leasehold properties of the company, subject to a first closed mortgage securing \$14,060,000 lst mtge. 5% sinking fund gold bonds, and the rights of tenants under existing leases. The properties have recently been appraised by independent engineers who have established the estimated cost of reproduction new less depreciation at \$23,380,290. In addition to the above, the trust indenture under which these debentures are issued contains terms and provisions devised to protect the interests of the holders.

Debenture Provisions.—These debentures have been issued under a trust indenture under which the company covenants, among other things, that so long as any of these debentures are outstanding:

(1) It will not create any mortgage, except the aforementioned first mortgage, which would be prior in lien to or on a parity with the lien of the trust indenture, and will not guarantee the stock or dividends thereon of any other corporation, or the obligations (with the exception of obligations of a subsidiary maturing not later than one year from date and incurred in the acquisition of furniture, equipment or fixtures to be used for theatrical purposes) or interest and sinking fund charges thereon of any other company, association, person or persons.

(2) It will not declare or pay any dividends on any class of its stock or make any distribution whatsoever among its stockholders, except out of surplus earned subsequent to Aug. 1 1928, and then only if prior to the time of any such payment or distribution there shall have been set aside and maintained as a reserve, a sum suffcient for the payment of interest and sinking fund requirements upon the list mtge. bonds and on the debentures for a period of 12 months from the adte of the payment of said dividend, or the date of the making of any distribution to the stockholders.

Sinking Fund.—Indenture provides for a sinking fund beginning Feb. 1
1930 and ending Feb. 1 1943, operating through Halsey, Stuart & Co.,
Inc., calculated to retire \$2,700,000 of this issue prior to maturity. The
sinking fund will operate to purchase debentures at not to exceed the then
current call price, or, if not so obtainable, by call by lot at such call price,
all in accordance with provisions contained in the trust indenture. In
addition, any debentures converted into the class A common stock of
Fox Theatres Corp. shall be cancelled and shall not constitute a credit
against the sinking fund.

Conversion Privilege.—These debentures will be convertible at any time
at their principal amount on five days' notice at the option of the holders,
on Aug. 1 1929 and thereafter to and incl. July 31 1933, into class A stock
of Fox Theatres Corp. listed on the New York Curb Market on the following
terms: On Aug. 1 1929 and thereafter to and incl. July 31 1930 at \$35
a share, thereafter to and incl. July 31 1931 at \$40 a share, thereafter
to and incl. July 31 1932 at \$45 a share, and thereafter to and incl. July 31 1930 at \$35
1933 at \$50 a share, unless earlier redeemed, all as set forth in the agreement
covering the conversion privilege. In the event of the redemption of
any of the debentures prior to Aug. 1 1933, the conversion privilege will
continue up to the redemption date.

If at any time prior to Aug. 1 1933 the company shall sell or issue class A
common stock in excess of \$50,000 shares or class B common stock in
excess of 100,000 shares (excluding class A common stock issued on conversion) for cash or property at less than the then current conversion
prices set forth above, or by way of a stock dividend, the holders of these
debentures will have the benefit of an adjusted conversion price in the
manner and on the terms provided in the agreement covering the conversion
privilege.

Eurnings.—Based on past operating experience and taking into consideration constructive changes in policies contemplated, Fox

For Theatres Corp.

Fox Theatres Corp.

Fox Theatres Corp., into whose class A common stock these debentures are convertible, was incorporated in New York on Nov. 5 1925, while the interests which control it have been engaged without interruption in the motion picture industry for 24 years. Corporation has expanded in the exhibition field and prior to its acquisition of the Poli Circuit, directly or through subsidiaries, operated or leased 24 theatres, including the Roxy Theatre in N. Y. City. With the acquisition of the Poli properties, Fox Theatres Corp.'s chain of motion picture houses totals 42, with theatres in eight different States. In addition, Fox Film Corp., which is owned and operated by the same interests, controls through subsidiaries approximately 250 theatres located from coast to coast.

Net profits of the company available for dividends after all charges, including Federal taxes, as certified by independent auditors, are given below:

below: Year Ended-

including Federal taxes, as certified by independent auditors, are given below:

Year Ended—

Oct. 31 1926.

Sept. 100.

Amount.

Oct. 31 1927.

Total figure does not include any revenues from theatres having a combined seating capcaity of approximately 20,000, which have been completed recently or are now under construction located in the cities of Brooklyn, Detroit, St. Louis, and San Francisco, nor does it reflect any income from the Poli circuit acquired by Fox-New England Theatres, Inc.

Fox Theatres Corp. estimates that its net profits available for dividends after all charges, including Federal taxes, and after its acquisition of the Poli circuit, for the calendar years 1928 through 1933, will be as follows: 1928, \$1.576.060; 1929, \$3.414.657; 1930-33, \$4.389.176.

The above figures have been submitted to and approved by indepedent auditors familiar with motion picture theatre operations. Nothing is included in these figures with respect to the income anticipated by the corporation on its investment in the stock of Fox Case Corp., producers of "Fox-Movietone" films. The "Movietone" process of sound recordation permits the taking of perfectly synchronized "talking pictures" both in and out of the studio. The popularity of "Movietone" films, which embrace current news features, such as Colonel Lindbergh's activities, sporting events and the like; talks by internationally known figures including George Bernard Shaw, Premier Mussolini; and entertainment features by figures such as Robert Benchley and Will Mahoney, are well known from Coast to coast, as "Movietone" apparatus is installed in approximately 500 theatres at the present time with preparations made for an equal number of installations during the remaining months of the calendar year.

Fox Theatres Corp. has neither funded debt nor preferred stock outstanding. The issued and outstanding capital stock of the company consists of \$00,000 shares of class B stock privately held.—V. 127.p. 1396.

Fox Theatres Corp.—Financing for New Subsidiary, &c. -See Fox New England Theatres, Inc., above.

Class A Common Stock Listed .-

There have been placed on the Boston Stock Exchange list 800,000 shares (authorized 3,900,000 shares) no par value class A common stock, with authority to add thereto 114,286 additional shares as the same may be issued through conversion of the 6½% convertible sinking fund gold debentures of Fox-New England Theatres, Inc., and 35,000 additional shares as the same may be issued through the exercise of certain stock purchase options.—V. 127, p. 554.

Galesburg Coulter-Disc Co.—Extra Dividend.—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 25 cents per share and the regular quarterly dividend of \$1 per share, payable July 1. The company on April 1 last paid an extra dividend of 25 cents per share and a regular quarterly dividend of 80 cents per share.

An initial quarterly div.

Merger Rumor Denied .-

Rumors of a merger between this company and the Borg-Warner Co., accompanied by a rapid rise in Galesburg stock were emphatically denied by S. A. Ingersoll, chairman of the Galesburg company.

"There have been no merger negotiations between the two companies," Mr. Ingersoll stated, "and to my knowledge none are at present contemplated. Business of the Galesburg company has been progressing satisfactorily during the present year and I can see no special advantage to be gained through a consolidation."—V. 127, p. 1396.

General Cable Corp.—Acquires Detroit Concern.—
The following statement is understood by the "Chronicle" to be correct:
The corporation has acquired the Detroit Insulated Wire Co. and made it a division under the general supervision of the officers of the Rome divi-

W. G. Dalgleish, former Vice-President and Treasurer of the Detroit ern, is Secretary and Acting Manager of the Detroit division. he proposed new mill of the corporation at Mobile, Ala., also will be ated under the general supervision of the officers of the Rome division. It is expected that construction will be begun soon.—V. 127, p. 959,

General Mills, Inc.—Initial Preferred Dividend.—
The directors have declared the first quarterly dividend of 1½% on the \$3,400,000 6% cumul. pref. stock, payable Oct. 1 (see offering in V. 126, p. 4089).
This company was incorporated in July to take over the business and property of five flour and cereal producers—Washburn Crosby Co., the Red Star Milling Co., Royal Milling Co., Kalispell Flour Mill Co., and the Rocky Mountain Elevator Co. The well-known, individual trademarks of these various concerns were retained.
The consolidated company has 10 flour mills located in eight different States with a daily capacity of 63,575 barrels of flour and a wheat storage capacity of 18,470,000 bushels. The company also owns and operates plants at Minneapolis and Kansas City for the production of special and poultry feeds, and a modern plant in Chicago for the manufacture of cereals. The company has 78 country elevators to facilitate the collection and storage of wheat, and is now able to distribute its products through 41 branch offices.—V. 127, p. 267.

General Vending Corp.—Exchange Offer to Expire.— It was announced Friday (Sept. 14) that the offer of Consolidated Automatic Merchandising Corp. to exchange its stock for stock of the General Vending Corp. will expire on Sept. 21.—V. 127, p. 1109.

(A. C.) Gilbert Co., New Haven.—Dividend No. 2.—
The directors have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 87½ cents per share on the preference stock, no par value, payable Oct. 1 to holders of record, Sept. 15. An initial quarterly dividend of like amount was paid on this issue on July 1 last.—V. 126, p. 3764.

Glidden Co., Cleveland.—August Sales.—
August sales were \$2,424,979, a gain of 10% over August 1927, and constitute a record month. September sales so far are running 15% ahead of September 1927, according to press dispatches about Sept. 12.—V. 127, p. 1396.

Gold Dust Corp.—Dividend Increased—Rights, &c.—
The directors have declared a quarterly dividend of \$1.25 per share on the common stock, no par value, payable Nov. 1 to holders of record Oct.
17. From Nov. 1 1927 to Aug. 1 1928, incl., quarterly dividends of 75 cents per share were paid.
The stockholders will vote shortly on increasing the authorized common stock from 325,000 shares to 1,000,000 shares. It is proposed to issue additional stock to the stockholders at \$80 per share on the basis of one new share for each two shares owned.
President George K. Morrow announced that the corporation had purchased actual control of the American Linseed Co. and now holds 70% of the capital stock of the latter company.
The stock purchased by the Gold Dust Corp., was acquired from the du Pont and Rockefeller interests. Mr. Morrow also stated that the Gold Dust Corp. common stock will be offered to the remaining American Linseed Co. stockholders on a basis yet to be decided.
At last accounts, the Gold Dust Corp. had outstanding 294,643 shares of no par value common stock.—V. 126, p. 3602.

Gold Seal Electrical Co., Inc.—Annual Report.—

[Including Gold Seal Manufacturing Co., Inc. and Diana Radio To Consolidated Profit and Loss Statement for Year Ended Dec. 3 Sales. Cost of sales. Selling and administrative expenses.	\$1 1927. \$803,720 381,780
Operating profitOther income	\$182,771 17,672
Total income_ Other deductions Other adjustments—Cr	\$200,442 40,525 15,659
Net profit	\$175,577

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31 1927.

-	Assets— Cash Notes & accts. rec., less under discount Special cash deposits Inventories Merchandise with dealers Machinery, equip., furni-	$\substack{212,602\\6,280\\99,962\\270,322}$	Liabilities— Capital stock Accounts payable Trade acceptances Commissions Dividends payable Borrowed cap, stock, (for purch, of Cleve, plant)	49,897 13,474 3,324 14,201 50,208
		,	purch. of Cleve. plant). Reserve for bad debts	50,208
	Good-will, trade marks Deferred charges	990,000	Reserve for taxes	4,039
		81 770 045		\$1 770 945

x After depreciation of \$90,573.—V. 127, p. 416.

Gotham Silk Hosiery Co., Inc.—New Machine Invented To Form Subsidiary .-

President S. E. Summerfield has issued the following statement:
Plans had been completed for placing Gotham's new invention for repairing silk stocking runs in production before the end of the year.

Over 1.000 of the new Knitbac machines, which are similar to an electric sewing machine except that they operate without thread, are now being manufactured. They will be delivered to us within a few weeks. The company will install these machines in its repair factory.

In the last week, more than 350 of America's largest stores have investigated the new invention and a number have already contracted for the right to use it.

Plans of formation of a new subsidiary company are now nearly perfected and an announcement will probably be made within a week.—V. 127, p. 960.

(W. T.) Grant Co. (Del.).—Sales—Listing.

1928—August—1927. Increase. 1928—8 Mos.—1927. Increase. \$3.996.322 \$3.113,746 \$882.576 \$29.018.123 \$23.196.532 \$5.821.591
The old stores in August accounted for an increase of 2.04%, and for the eight months showed an increase in sales of 3.62%. (V.127, p.1396.831, 115; V. 126, p. 3602, 3306.)

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 486.624 shares common stock (no par value) with authority to add 20,575 shares on official notice of issue in exchange for present outstanding stamped certificates; and 1 share on official notice of issue in exchange for present outstanding scrip certificates; making the total amount applied for 507.200 shares common stock.

SalesOther income	\$22,397,592 89,689
Total income Operating expenses (including cost of merchandise) Depreciation Reserve for Federal income tax	\$22,487,280 21,462,950 231,997
Net income Common dividends	a\$690,333 253,599
Balance	

Earnings per share on present outstanding stock. \$1.36 a:Net earnings of \$690,333 for the 6 months ended July 31 1928, compare with \$544,077 for the 6 months ended July 31 1927.

Con	nparative i	Balance Sheet.	
July 31 '28	Jan. 31 '28	zJuly 31 '28	Jan. 31 '28
Assets- z S	8	Liabilities— 8	3
Cash 1,090,476	1.830.941	Capital stock x3,787,300	3,787,300
Inventories 4,476,897	4,659,712	Accounts payable. 653,525	
Acets. rec., &c 495,201		Accr. accounts y657,447	
Life ins. policies 52,080		Res. for painting	-
Empl. notes rec 58,300	67,926		44,941
W.T.Grant Realty	0.,020	Def. notes payable 250,000	
Corp. 1	1	Surplus 7,095,042	
Furn. & fixtures 1,797,801	1,511,362		0,000,000
Alter. leased stores 3,969,284	3,328,179		
Prepd.ins., rent, &c. 547,065	278,620		11,792,917
		ares. y Includes Federal in	
s Subject to adjustment at	end of fise	cal year.—V. 127, p. 1396.	come our.
Grasselli Chemica			

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$13,724,200 6% cumulative preferred stock (par \$100) each, and 746,959 common shares (no par value). Income Account 6 Months Ended June 30 1928 (Company and Subsidiaries) Net sales \$21,044,455
Cost of sales, exclusive of depreciation and obsolescence 15,979,337
Total selling, general and administrative expenses 1,840,199
Net profit from operation (before depreciation and obsolescence) 3,224,919
Other income 383,469 Net profit from operation (Detoil of action of the operation of the operation operatio Total income

\$3,608,389 9,780 10,150 825,000 331,615 Total income
Interest paid
Sundry miscellaneous expenses
Depreciation and obsolescence
Federal income taxes accrued Total______\$16,399,199
Preferred stock dividends 411,726
Common stock dividends 862,820
Reserve for anticipated loss in value on returnable containers
outstanding with customers 285,000
Other adjustments affecting prior years 225,000

Balance—June 30 1928			14,614,653
Assets— Cash	\$3,835,499 233,575 396,487 4,578,709 6,994,971 8,270,932 32,087,740	A Sheet June 30 1928. Labilities— Accounts payable— Accounts payable— Accrued Federal taxes— Reserve for anticipated loss— 6% preferred stock— Common (746,959.8 shs, no par)— Fire insurance fund reserve provided under company's plan of self insurance of certain risks—	\$38,145 1,461,305 138,265 571,779 314,927 13,724,200 25,865,327
		Surplus	12,119,980

-----\$56,728,601 Total-----\$56,728,601 • Pro forma balance sheet adjusted to give effect to sale and issuance of 100,000 common shares without par value and application of the proceeds received therefrom. See V. 126, p. 4090.

Greenebaum Sons Investment Co., Chicago.—Rights-Stock Split-Up .-

The stockholders of record Sept. 6 have been given the right to subscribe on or before Oct. 1 for additional capital stock (par \$100) at \$300 per share on the basis of one new share for each two shares owned. Payment thereof is due on or before Oct. 10.

Of the \$3.000,000 to be paid in \$1,000,000 will be added to capital account and the balance to surplus or reserves as may be determined by the board of directors, with the result that after said amount shall have been paid the company will have a fully-paid capital of \$3,000,000 and surplus, undivided profits and reserves of approximately \$5,000,000.

The stockholders on Sept. 5 increased the authorized capital stock from \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000.

Another special meeting of the stockholders will be held on or about Oct. 25 to authorize the conversion of the then existing 30,000 shares, par \$100, into 300,000 shares without par value and the exchange of the no par value shares for the par value shares in the ratio of 10 to 1.

It is expected that the present annual dividend rate of \$20 a share will be maintained on the increased capital stock until the conversion thereof into shares without par value and that dividends at the annual rate of \$2 a share will be paid on the stock without par value after conversion of the par value shares into shares without par value.

The directors are: Moses E. Greenebaum, Henry E. Greenebaum, James E. Greenebaum, M. E. Greenebaum, Jr., Edgar N. Greenebaum (Sec'y), Walter J. Greenebaum, John Greenebaum and Joseph G. Straus.—V. 127, p. 1396.

Guaranteed Mortgage Co. |(of N. Y.) .- Balance Sheet June 30, 1928.-

Assets—		Liabilities-	
Cash, ctfs. of deposit, &c	\$185,247	Capital stock	\$375,000
1st M. guar. ctfs. & 1st M.inv.		Accounts payable	
secur. by improved real est.	541.862	Due on construction mtges	106,400
Accrued int. & prem. receiv	54,583	Accrued interest, payable on	
Ctfs. & mtges. guaranteed	3,316,623	mtges. guaranteed, &c	45.292
Furniture, fixtures, &c., less	3	Deposits on guar, certificates	
_ depreciation	2,587	and mtges. unissued	70,564
Deferred charges	1,229	Ctfs. & mtges. guaranteed	
		Unearned commissions, &c	15,719
		Res. for trustees' fees	275
		Surplus	125,000
		Undivided profits	x46,697
Total	84 102 132	Total	24 100 12

x Federal tax for half year to June 30 1928 not provided for herein -V. 126, p. 3603.

Hayner Royalty Corp.—Initial Preferred Dividend.— The directors have declared an initial quarterly dividend of 15 cents per share on the no par value preferred stock, payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 15.—V. 127, p. 417.

Hazel-Atlas Glass Co.—Extra Dividend.— The directors have declared an extra dividend of 12½ cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share, both payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 18. Similar distributions were made in each of the 3 preceding quarters.—V. 127, p. 831.

Hedges-Walsh-Weidner Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.-See International Combustion Engineering Corp. below.

Hercules	Cement	Corp.,	Philadelphia.—Financial
Statement.—			
Balance Sheet L	Dec. 31 1927	(Before Sto	ck Increase and New Financina)

Balance Sheet Dec. 31 1927 (Before	Stock Increase and New Financing)
Assets—Plant and equipment x\$3,126,912	Liabilities— 6% bonds
Inventories & other quick ass'ts 409,421	Preferred stock
	Accounts payable and reserve for U. S. Income tax 150,093 Surplus
Total\$3,899,400	Total\$3,899,400

After deducting \$826,526 for depreciation and depletion, ee also V. 127, p. 1259, 1397.

Herring Hotel, Inc., Amarillo, Tex.—Bonds Offered.—Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., St. Louis, are offering \$550,000 1st mtge. 6% serial real estate gold bonds at the following prices: Aug. 1 1929, maturity to yield 5½%; all other maturities to yield 6%.

Dated Aug. 1 1928; due serially Aug. 1 1929 to 1938. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500 c*. Principal and int. payable at the office of the St. Louis Union Trust Co., St. Louis, Mo., trustee. Callable on any int. date on 60 days' notice at 100 and int., plus a premium of ½ of 1% for each year prior to maturity.

notice at 100 and int., plus a premium of ½ of 1% for each year prior to maturity.

Security.—Bonds are a direct obligation of the Herring Hotel, Inc., and are secured by a first mortgage on fee and hotel building at Amarillo, Texas. The hotel is a modern 13-story building with full basement and containing 500 outside guest rooms, each with private bath. The ground floor contains a large lobby, opening on both streets, trimmed with Travertine marble and with floors of Tennessee marble. On this floor are 8 shops, including a drug store, coffee shop, barber shop and beauty shop. The second story contains a large banquet hall, capable of seating 600 guests, and has its separate kitchen, as well as a series of sample rooms, which may also be used as private dining rooms. The 11 upper floors are used for guest rooms.

and has its separate kitchen, as well as a series of sample rooms, which may also be used as private dining rooms. The 11 upper floors are used for guest rooms.

Value of Security.—The ground has been appraised at \$60,000, which, together with building costs, make a total value for ground and building of \$1,260,000 and the total for ground, building and equipment of \$1,510,000. On the above basis, this loan represents but 44% of the value of the security, not including furnishings, and less than 36½% of the value of total security.

Rental Income.—This hotel opened for operation on Jan. 1 1927 and, based on audit report, net profits available for depreciation, Federal income tax and interest on these bonds have averaged \$186,666 per annum since the date of opening. This is equal to over 5.6 times maximum interest requirements on this issue and over 3 times maximum principal and interest requirements in any one year except 1938.

Sinking Fund.—Under the terms of the mortgage, the mortgagor is required to deposit with Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., Inc., fiscal agents, in St. Louis, monthly in advance a sum sufficient to pay one-twelfth of all sums necessary each year to pay maturing coupons and bonds as well as general and special taxes and other charges.

Purpose of Loan.—This financing has been arranged to enable Col. Thompson, who has operated the hotel and will continue to do so, to acquire substantially all of the stock of the company and will also retire the pre-existing funded debt of the company.

Hollinger Consolidated Gold Mines, Ltd.—Dividend

Hollinger Consolidated Gold Mines, Ltd.—Dividend Rate Decreased .-

The directors have declared a fourth weekly dividend of 5c. per share. Since July 1926 the company had been paying 10c. per share every four

Since July 1926 the company had been paying 10c, per share every four weeks.

The official announcement made by the company follows: "The directors on Sept. 11 decided to cut the present dividend in half. The dividend has been at the rate of 26% per year and will be reduced to 13%, payable as formerly in 13 periods of 28 days each. The earnings of the company will be ample to provide for the dividend at this rate.

"Announcement is also made that the Hollinger company are carrying on negotiations with the T. & N. O. Ry. for the construction of a line into Kamiskotia. If these negiations are concluded satisfactorily, a concentrator will be erected to treat the ore at the Kamiskotia property."—V. 126 p. 3307.

Home Mortgage Co., Durham, N. C.—Bonds Offered.— S. W. Straus & Co. are offering \$1,000,000 1st mtge. coll. trust 6% sinking fund gold bonds at 99 and interest to yield about 6.10%.

yield about 6.10%.

Dated Aug. 1 1928; due Aug. 1 1943. Interest payable (F. & A.) at the office of S. W. Straus & Co., fiscal agents, N. Y. City. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500c*. Callable at 105 and int. on or before Aug. 1 1933; 103 and int. after Aug. 1 1933 and on or before Aug. 1 1938; and at 101 and int. thereafter. Red. for sinking fund at par and int. Federal income tax up to 2% per annum paid by the borrowing corporation. Minnesota 3 mills tax; Montana 3½ mills tax; Penn., Conn., Vermont, Calif. and Oklahoma 4 mills taxes; Maryland 4½ mills tax; District of Columbia, North Carolina, Virginia, Nebraska, Wyoming, Kentucky, Colorado, Kansas and Michigan (mortgage exemption) 5 mills taxes; Iowa 6 mills tax; New Hampshire State income tax up to 3% of the interest per annum; and Mass. and North Carolina State income tax up to 6% of the interest per annum refunded. First National Bank of Durham, N. C., trustee.

The company is at North Carolina corporation, the stockholders of which are insurance officials, bankers, manufacturers and leading real estate experts and experienced first mortgage operators. The trust indenture under which the above bonds are to be issued will embody those conservative restrictions which wide experience has found advisable in the safequarding of this class of investment.

The first mortgage collateral trust 6% sinking fund gold bonds are the direct obligation of the company, which has a capital, surplus and deferred income reserves of over \$1.600.000.

The bonds are secured by deposit with the trustee of first mortgages on carefully selected homes and income-producing business properties located in different cities and towns approved for the investment of Building and Loan Association funds in the State of North Carolina, or cash, to an aggregate amount always equal to the principal amount of bonds outstanding under the indenture.

No mortgage deposited as collateral will exceed 60% of a conservative appraisal of the property subject to the mortgage.

Balance Sheet as of Aug.	31 1928 (4	After Giving Effect to this F	inancing)
Assets— Cash in banks. State of North Carolina bonds Other stocks and bonds Notes and mtges. on hand. Accounts receivable. Cash and bonds with trustee. Mortgages with trustee Unamortized discount Furn. & fixt. less deprec. Life insurance premiums paid Office supplies.	\$102,399 50,750 134,361 1,588,280 10,860 1,597,037 5,352,963 370,471 7,745 64,684	Liabilities— Notes payable	\$205,000 6,774 197,528 129,131 6,950,000 121,100 500,000 25,000
Total	\$9,280,804	Total	\$9,280,804

-V. 127, p. 831.

(A. C.) Horn Co.—Earnings.—
Company for the first 6 months of 1928 reports earnings before taxes and reorganization expenses, but after depreciation of \$204.589 against \$274.506 for the full year of 1927. Sales for the first half year showed an increase of 18½% over the same 6 months in 1927.
R. E. Bishop, Pres., states: The varnish business continues to be brisk and the addition of certain new accounts has added materially to sales in this department. The water-proofing division which supplies all building material specialties, obtained several important contracts, among them being the Yale Bowl, a group of buildings at Wellesley College and the Warwick Hotel in New York. The sales volume of this department conconsiderably surpasses any previous year. The paint division has had a very good season so far, although the weather conditions have been unfavorable and an improvement is anticipated during the last six months.—V. 127, p. 1110.

Horn & Hardart Baking Co.—Extra Dividend.—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 50 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of \$1.25 per share, both payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 20. Like amounts were paid on Jan. 1, Apr. 1 and July 2 1928.—V. 126, p. 3766.

Indian Refining Co.—To Pay Accrued Pref. Divs.—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$47.55 per share on the old preferred stock, covering the period from Dec. 16 1921. to Sept. 30 1928, and an initial quarterly dividend of 1½% on the refunding preferred stock for the quarter ended Sept. 30 1928, both payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 25. (See also V. 127, p. 417.)

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$3,348,100 original issue of 7% refunding cumulative convertible preferred stock (par

\$100) on official notice of issuance in exchange for present outstanding 7% cumulative convertible preferred stock; and of \$500,000 additional common stock (par \$10) on official notice of issuance for conversion of preferred or refunding preferred stock; and of \$3,348,100 stock trust certificates for refunding preferred stock and \$500,000 additional stock trust certificates for common stock, on official notice of deposit of refunding preferred stock and additional common stock under the terms of the stock trust agreement, dated July 22 1925; making the total amounts applied for: \$3,348,100 refunding preferred stock \$3,348,100 refunding preferred stock trust certificates. \$10,250,000 common stock (total authorized issue), and \$10,250,000 common stock trust certificates.—V. 127, p. 1110.

Inland Steel Co.—Listing.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$30,000,000
1st mtge. sinking fund 4½ % gold bonds, series A, due April 1 1978.

Consolidated Income and Surplus Account. 6 Months End. June 30 1928.

- 4	Gross income	25.212.387
(Net earnings	\$7,342,502 273,060
	Total income	1,250,659 39,431 559,750 679,000
1	Net profit for period	\$175,000
	Surplus for period	\$3,177,806 25,269,632
	Total surplus Extra cash dividend on common stock Premium paid on preferred stock retired Premium paid on debenture bonds retired Unamortized bond discount & expense	1,500,000 420,000
	Surplus, end of period	\$20,708,758
	Assets - Tarme 20 199 Dec 21 197 Tarme 20 1	00 Dec 21 197

Assets-	June 30 '28	Dec. 31 '27	June 30 '	28 Dec. 31 '27
	8	8	Liabilities— \$	8
Land, plants an	d		Preferred stock	_ 10,000,000
mines	y53,199,487	53,797,068		
Invests. in & adv	1.		Funded debt 30,000,00	0 12,150,000
to affil. cos	_ 3,465,963	3,569,676	Accounts payable. 1,696,22	2 1.539,867
Inventories	_10,282,749		Accruedpayrolls 696,47	
Accounts ree	- 7,820,003	6,239,666	Accrued bond int. 337.50	0 112,250
Notes receivable.	87,921	55,284	Accr. general taxes 614.52	6 604,459
U.S. treas. certif	8,558,880	5,610,750	Federal taxes 1,101,93	994,000
Other market. se	e. 1,237,575	221,100	Pref. stock div	_ 175,000
Cash	- 5,617,332	5,534,549	Oper. & conting.	
Deferred engs., &	e. 2,925,767	1,117,157	reserves 3,040,26	6 2,556,219
			Capital surplus 2.769.23	35 2,769,235
			Earned surplus 17,939,52	3 22,500,397

Total......93,195,679 89,080,868 | Total......93,195,679 89,080,86 x Represented by 1,200,000 shares of no par value. y After depreciation of \$20,607,522.—V. 127, p. 691.

Inter-Continent Capital Corp.—Stocks Offered.—Stanley & Bissell, Inc., are offering at \$60 per unit, 20,000 units of stock. Each unit consists of one share of \$3 cumul. 1st pref. stock and one share of class A common stock, both without par value. A similar amount of no par value class B common stock, having equal voting power with the class A common, has been sold for cash to those mainly responsible for the organization and management of the company.

Transfer Agents: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York and Central Trust Co. of Ill., Chicago. Registrars: Seaboard National Bank, New York and Northern Trust Co., Chicago.

Data from Letter of Edward S. Little, President of the Corporation.

then, and then to be issued and outstanding, would be entitled upon liquidation.

The certificate of incorporation provides that so long as any preferred stock shall remain outstanding, a sum equal to 10% of the net earnings of the preceding calendar year, as defined therein, after providing for preferred dividends, shall be carried to general surplus account annually beginning Feb. 1 1929, before any dividends may be paid on the class A or class B common stock. But this shall be necessary only until the general surplus account shall at least equal 20% of the aggregate liquidation value of all shares of prferred stock outstanding. Such general surplus account of 20% of the liquidation value of outstanding preferred stock may be used for payment of dividends on the preferred stock but not for payment of dividends on class A or class B common stocks.

Common Stock Provision.—Non-cumulative dividends as declared by the board of directors shall be paid annually per share upon the class A and lass B common stock in the following manner: First up to 50c. on the class A common; then up to 25c. on the class B common; then an additional 25c. on the class A common; then an additional 50c. on the class A common Thereafter dividends will be paid or declared on the class A common

stock or class B common stock during 1928. In case of liquidation or distribution of assets, subject to the rights of the preferred stock, the assets shall be distributed as follows: First to the class A common stock an amount equal to \$15 per share (payable only in the event that there be assets remaining after the payment of all current dividends out of surplus or otherwise); second to the class B common stock an amount equal to \$3 per share; the remaining assets to be distributed to class A common and class B common in equal amounts per share.

Voting Rights.—Class A and class B common shareholders are entitled to exclusive voting power, subject to the rights of preferred shareholders in event of non-payment of preferred dividends. Class A common and class B common shares are entitled to one vote each.

Investment Policy.—The by-laws of the company governing the investment of funds provide among other things that when the total resources of the company aggregate \$1,000,000 or more:

(1) Not more than 25% of the total resources may be invested in stocks, securities or obligations originating in any one country other than the United States.

(2) Not more than 30% of the total resources may be invested in the

securities or obligations originating in any one country other than the United States.

(2) Not more than 30% of the total resources may be invested in the stocks, securities or obligations of corporations, joint stock associations or other entities whose principal operations fall primarily within any single industry or business.

(3) Not more than 10% of the total resources shall be invested in the stocks, securities or obligations of any one issuer.

(4) The company may not aquire or hold a majority of the voting stock of any corporation.—V. 127, p. 1259.

(4) The company may not aquire or hold a majority of the voting stock of any corporation.—V. 127, p. 1259.

International Combustion Engineering Corp.—

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 70,000 shs. common stock (no par value) on official notice of issuance, in exchange for shares of the Hedges-Walsh-Weidner Co. and 65,000 shares of common stock (no par value) on official notice of issuance, for cash; making a total applied for of 1,051,529 shares of common stock without par value.

The above 70,000 shares are to be issued in exchange for 35,400 shares without par value, out of a total number of 38,610 shares without par value of common stock outstanding of the Hedges-Walsh-Weidner Co., pursuant to resolutions of the board of directors adopted at their meeting on Aug. 17 1928. Under the agreement for the acquisition of the 35,400 shares of common stock of the Hedges-Walsh-Weidner Co., it is provided that not less than 29,000 of such shares shall be delivered to the corporation on or before the said date the sum of \$100 will be paid to the corporation for each such share not so delivered, and that for any shares in excess of 35,400 of such stock delivered to the corporation it shall pay the sum of \$100 in cash. In part execution of the above agreement 20,262 shares of the common stock of the Hedges-Walsh-Weidner Co. were delivered on Aug. 23 1928.

The above 65,000 shares of the stock are to be issued to F. J. Lewis under an agreement between him and the corporation executed July 1 1927, providing for the acquisition by this corporation of all of the capital stock of the F. J. Lewis Manufacturing Co. Pursuant to the agreement F. J. Lewis acquired the right to purchase 65,000 shares of such stock.

Hedges-Walsh-Weidner Co. was incorp, in Delaware June 13 1928, and took over all the assets and liabilities and businesses of the Casey-Hedges Co. (V. 126, p. 3922) and the Walsh-Weidner Boiler Co. The business consisted of the manufacture and sale of boilers, water walls, stills, range bollers,

Consolidated Earning Statement for Calendar Years (Casey-Hedges Co. and

Net salesManufacturing and other expense	1927. \$5,084,922	1926. \$4,351,015 4,272,206
Operating profit Miscellaneous income	\$204,400 55,013	\$78,808 84,329
Total Miscellaneous expense Reserve for income tax	11,450	\$163,128 6,498 13,539

Net profit \$225,921 Balance Sheet as of June 1 1928 (The Hedges-Walsh-Weidner Co.)

Assets— Fixed assets \$3,472,220	Liabilities— 6% preferred stock\$1,300,000
Cash 20,586 Notes receivable 100,568	Common stock (38,610 shs., no par) 3,861,050
Materials 1,327,051	Notes payable 125,000 Accounts payable 265,760 Accrued expenses, taxes, &c. 98,710
	Dividends 35,650 Reserve for contingencies 119,439
Total\$5,805,611	Total\$5,805,611

-V. 127, p 1397.

International Nickel Co.—Listing.—
The New York State Exchange has authorized the listing of 202,988 shs. of common stock (par \$25), making the total amount applied for 1,876,372 shares.—V. 127, p. 1110.

International Paper Co.—Power, &c., Resources.—A 31-page illustrated booklet of the power and paper, pulp and timber properties of this company and its affiliated companies has just been issued by the former. From this booklet we take the following:

Power Resources of New England Power Association and International Paper

l	New England Power Association— H. P. Deve under Con Hydro-electric plants: Connecticut River, 100,000 h.p.; Deer- field River, 124,000 h.p.; other, 5,500 h.p.; total Steam-electric plants	
	Total, New England Power Association	611,500

p.; New Brunswick, 80,000 h.p.; United States, 62,500 h.p.; $803,100 \\ 110,000$ Hydraulic power plants Total, International Paper Co. and subsidiaries.....

Acquisition of Continental Paper & Bag Mills Corp.— The following published statement has been pronounced correct for the "Chronicle":

Correct for the "Chronicle":

One of the largest paper bag manufacturing companies has just gone through a reorganization which will bring it under the direct management of International Paper Co. Under the proposed plan for a holding company for the latter, this unit, Continental Paper & Bag Corp. will become an integral part of International Paper Co. owned a substantial interest in Continental Paper & Bag Mills Corp. Several successive years of deficits, and consequent advances of large sums of money, made it necessary that the company undergo a thorough reorganization. To this end, Continental Paper & Bag Mills Corp., which will be dissolved.

Continental Paper & Bag Corp. has taken over the assets and obligations of Continental Paper & Bag Corp., incorporated in Delaware, in June 1928, has a capital of \$3,000,000 (\$100 par). Under the direct management of International Paper. Horace A. Sheesley becomes Vice-President and General Manager.

International Paper, as of Sept. 30 1927, owned the entire \$4,000,000 issue of 7% preference stock of Continental Paper & Bag Mills Corp. \$1,781,500 out of \$2,500,000 of 6½% preferred, and \$1,910,400 out of \$3,750,000 common.

Last November, International Paper made an offer to holders of Continental 6½% bonds, of which there were outstanding \$5,319,900 as of Dec. 31 1927, of 8½ shares of its preferred stock for each \$1,000 bond. Approximately 93% of the bonds have been deposited, which are the property of International Paper.

International Paper subsequently made a private collateral offer to minority stockholders of Continental 6% preferred and common, which was generally accepted. This provides for a small sum on each class of stock. Upon dissolution, these stocks will disappear.

Under the direct supervision of the International Paper Co. it is expected that the Continental Paper and Bag will be able to develop and maintain a stable earning power. As a wholly owned subsidiary the new company tends to round out International Paper's policy of diversification.—

Predic

International Petroleum Co., Ltd.—Production.—
Production in Colombia during July totaled 1.694.934 barrels, compared with 1.645.680 barrels in June and 1.226,000 barrels in July 1927. The company completed 8 wells in July, with an average initial production of 665 barrels, and 25 drilling rigs were in operation. Shipments of crude from Cartagena in July were 1.415.988 barrels, compared with 1.642.901 barrels in June and 942.424 barrels in July 1927.

The company's crude output in Colombia in the first 7 months of this year totaled 11.624.994 barrels, compared with 7.305.570 barrels in the corresponding period of 1927. The average initial production of 62 wells completed in the first 7 months of this year was 1.037 barrels, against an average of 1,149 barrels for 43 wells completed in the 1927 period, and 24 rigs were operating against 21 in the first 7 months of 1927. Crude shipments totaled 10.374.769 barrels in the 7 months ended July 31 1928, compared with 6.225.544 oarrels in the 1927 period.

The company completed 12 wells in Peru in June with an average initial output of 431 oarrels, against 18 in May with an average output of 156 barrels. Production in June totaled 789.700 barrels, against 806.579 oarrels in May. In the first 6 months of 1928 production in Peru totaled 4.277.981 barrels, compared with 3.885.468 barrels in the same period of 1927. Shipments were 1.297.419 barrels, against 1.666.817 barrels. The average initial production of 66 wells completed in the first 6 months was 180 barrels daily, against 205 oarrels daily or 65 wells completed in the corresponding 1927 period. Rigs operating numbered 48 in the 1928 period compared with 51 last year.—V. 127, p. 962.

International Printing Ink Corp.—Listing.—

International Printing Ink Corp.—Listing.-

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 256,022 common shares (no par value) with authority to add 35,000 common shares on official notice of issuance against subscription warrants issued with 70,000 preferred shares with further authority to add 50,000 additional common shares, on official notice of issuance in accordance with the provisions of the corporation's first stock purchase plan for employees; making the total amount authorized to be listed 341,022 common shares. (Compare V. 126, p. 3604.)—V. 127, p. 268,115.

Interstate Department Stores, Inc.—Sales.—
1928—August—1927. Increase. | 1928—8 Mos.—1927. Increase. | 568,460 | \$1,324,756 | \$243,704 | \$12,087,073 | \$10,310,024 | \$1,777,049 1928—August—1927. \$1,568,460 \$1,324,756 —V 127, p. 832.

Investment Stock & Bond Corp.—Organized—21,000 Common Shares Placed Privately.—

Common Shares Placed Privately.—

The corporation has been incorporated in Delaware to buy, hold, sell and underwrite securities. The company, according to David Van Alstyne, Jr. of Peabody, Smith & Co. is not of the investment trust type.

The corporation has a capitalization of 200,000 shares no par value common stock, 100,000 shares \$5.50 preferred stock of which there are outstanding approximately 21,000 of common shares, and no pref. There will be no public offering of securities at the present time, the 21,000 common shares being subscribed for privately at \$5 per share, principally by the directors who are sponsoring the company.

Directors, in addition to Mr. Van Alstyne will be: Carl H. Berets (of Peabody, Smith & Co.); David Hoffman (Sec. of Central Machinery & Supply Co.); Anton G. Hardy; Harold G. Aron, (Chairman of Board of International Germanic Trust Co.); William H. Long, Jr. (Doremus & Co.); Irving W. Bonbright, Jr., and Gilman D. Blake (attorney).

Iron City Sand & Gravel Co.—Bonds Called.—
All of the outstanding 2nd mtge. 6% 7-year s. f. mtge. gold bonds, dated April 1 1926, have been called for redemption Oct. 1 at 102½ and int. Payment will be made at the Union Trust Co. of Maryland, Charles and Fayette Sts., Baltimore, Md.—V. 127, p. 962.

Italo Petroleum Corp. of America. - Increases Capital Plans New Financing.

The corporation has completed arrangements for the sale of \$6,000,000 additional stock, half of which consists of preferred and half common. Offering of the shares, part of which has been allotted to the Pacific Coast where the company now has about 8,000 stockholders, is expected to be made shortly through eastern investment dealers, it is stated.

The proceeds from the sale of stock will be used to pay for the properties of 12 companies operating along the Pacific Coast, now held and operated under contract. The most important among the group are the McKeon Drilling Co., Graham & Loftus Oil Co., Brownmoor Oil Co., Producers Oil Co. and Pennsylvania Coalinga Oil Co.

As a result of the acquisition of these properties, the Italo corporation will constitute a complete unit in the industry, having its own producing, refining and distributing properties, according to Vice-President A. G. Wilkes.

In addition to acquiring the properties mentioned the company of the compa

Wilkes. In addition to acquiring the properties mentioned the company plans to extend the scope of its activities along the entire Pacific Coast. Current earnings of the corporation, including properties acquired, approximate \$400,000 monthly, while the balance available for the \$7.700,000 7% preferred and \$8,200,000 common to be outstanding, is conservatively estimated at \$300,000 monthly at present.—V. 127, p. 962.

Kendail Company.—Debentures Offered.—The National City Co. and the First National Corp. of Boston offered on Sept. 11, \$6,500,000 20-year 5½% debentures, series A, at 95 and interest to yield 5.93%. The debentures carry stock purchase warrants (see below)

purchase warrants (see below).

Dated Sept. 1 1928; due Sept. 1 1948. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500 c*. Interest payable M. & S., without deduction for the normal Federal income tax not exceeding 2%. Red. at the option of the company or through operation of the sinking fund, as a whole or in part, on any int. date, upon 30 days' prior notice, at 104 if red. on or before Sept. 1 1930; at 103 thereafter on or before Sept. 1 1932; at 102 thereafter on or before Sept. 1 1938; at 101 thereafter on or before Sept. 1 1944; and at 100½ thereafter prior to maturity. Principal and interest payable at First National Bank of Boston and at the head office of National City Bank, New York, trustee. Company will agree to reimburse to owners resident in the respective States, upon application in the manner to be specified. In the trust agree-

ment, the following taxes paid in respect of these debentures or the interest thereon: any Penn. personal property tax, not exceeding in any year 4 mills on each dollar of assessed value; any Mass. income tax, not exceeding in any year 6% of the interest on such debentures; any personal property or exemption tax in Conn., not exceeding 4-10% of the principal in any year; any security tax in Maryland, not exceeding in the aggregate 45c. on each \$100 of assessed value in any year; any ad valorem tax for State purposes in Kentucky, not exceeding 50c. on each \$100 of assessed value in any year; any intangible personal property tax in the District of Columbia, not exceeding ½% of assessed value in any year; and any property tax in California, not exceeding 55c. on each \$100 of taxable value in any year.

purposes in Kentucky, not exceeding 300. on each \$100 of assessed valuation any year; any intended personal property tax in the District of caluabia, not exceeding ½% of assessed also in any year; and any property tax in California, not exceeding 55c. on each \$100 of taxable value in 200 any year.

Slock Purchase Warrants.—Debentures will be accompanied by detachable stock purchase warrants entitling the holders thereof to purchase for each \$1.00 debentures, at any time on or before Sept. 1 1933, 5 shares of common stock of the company, upon cash payment of \$15 per share. Calculated on the basis of the capitalization to be presently outstanding, earnings for the 6 months ended June 30 1928 were at the annual rate of \$2.24 per share of common stock.

Frontions of Issue.—These debentures will be direct obligations of the cently to be outstanding; the company's sole funded indebtedness presently to be outstanding; the company's sole funded indebtedness presently to be outstanding; the company's sole funded indebtedness presently to be outstanding; at any one time, issuable in one or more series from time to time, with such and any one time, issuable in one or more series from time to time, with such such redemption terms, and with such other provisions (within the ilmitations to be set forth in the trust agreement) as the directors may from time to time determine.

Additional debentures (in addition to the \$6,500,000 now issued) may be either of series A, or of one or more other series, and may be issued, without restrictions, for the purpose of refunding debentures with such amount of the \$1,233,700 pref. stocks of subsidiary companies at present outstanding, and for the purpose of refunding debentures with the reserved for this purpose. The trust agreement withous the control of the such subsidiary preferred stocks shall have been retired, an appropriate may be issued from time to time in substance that additional debentures with be reserved for this purpose. The trust agreement is one of the substance of such a

40,000 Shares Pref. Stock Offered.—The National City Co. offered Sept. 12 at \$97 per share a new issue of 40,000 shares cumul. and participating preferred stock, series A (with stock purchase warrants attached), entitled to a regular annual dividend of \$6 a share.

purchase warrants attached), entitled to a regular annual dividend of \$6 a share.

Transfer agents: National City Bank, New York, and First National Bank of Boston. Registrars: Chase National Bank, New York, and National Shawmut Bank, Boston.

Preferred as to regular dividends at the rate of \$6 a share per annum, cumulative from Sept. 1 1928, payable Q.-M. Entitled also, as a class, to participating dividends (not exceeding \$2.50 a share per annum), payable annually, equivalent to 4½% of the residuary net profits, as defined, earned subsequently to Sept. 1 1928, determined after deducting regular dividends on the cumulative and participating preferred stock and any stock ranking on a parity therewith. Red. all or part on first day of any month, upon 30 days' prior notice, at \$115 a share, plus accrued unpaid regular and participating dividends, and a participating dividend for the current year, based upon a rate of \$2.50 a share per annum, adjusted for each month elapsed from the close of the preceding fiscal year. Dividends exempt from the present normal Federal income tax.

Stock Purchase Warrants.—There will be issued with this issue of cumulative and participating preferred stock, series A, stock purchase warrants entitling the holders thereof to purchase at any time on or before Sept. 1 1933, upon the cash payment of \$15 per share (in the manner to be specified in the stock purchase agreement) common stock of Kendall Co. in the ratio of ½ share of common stock for each share of this issue of cumulative and participating preferred stock, series A.

Authorization and Issue.—The articles of organization will provide that in addition to the 40,000 shares of series A, constituting the original issue, 32,637 additional shares of preferred stock of other series, as determined upon the authorization thereof, may be issued from time to time without the vote of the holders of the preferred stock of series A at the time outstanding. Such additional shares of other series may be issued from time to time be determined

Data from Letter of Pres. Henry P. Kendall, Boston, Sept. 10.

Company.—Incorp. in Massachusetts. Is the successor by name to Kendall Mills, Inc. Company is one of the largest manufacturers and distributors of hospital supplies in the United States, and will presently acquire all the assets of Bauer & Black, which is engaged primarily in the manufacture of a complete line of surgical dressings for distribution to the retail trade.

Kendall Company occupies a leading position in the field of cotton surgical supplies and numbers among its customers a majority of the hospitals in the United States. In addition, it has developed a large demand for its products in the dry goods field, 2nd with manufacturers of specialties with many of whom it has mutually valuable contracts. Among the principal products of the company are absorbent gauze, bandages, surgical dressings and cheesecloth, most of which are sold under the well-known "Curity" trade name.

name.

The company has had a steady growth during the past 20 years. Since 1923 its dollar sales have doubled, while the physical volume of sales during the same period has almost trebled. The products of the company are distributed through branch offices operating under the name of Lewis Manufacturing Co. and located in N. Y. City, Chicago, San Francisco, Philadelphia, Cleveland and St. Louis. Company carries on an incressingly large export trade throughout the world and has a wholly owned subsidiary in Canada, Lewis Manufacturing Co. of Canada, Ltd., handling its growing business in that country.

The company owns or controls through its subsidiaries a total of 7 plants, located at Walpole, Mass., Slatersville, R. I., Camden, S. C., Edgefield,

8. C., Paw Creek, N. C., and Newberry, S. C. Either directly or through its subsidiaries, the company owns an aggregate of more than 2,200 acres of land, on which its plants are located, each plant having sufficient property for expansion. All of the plants have favorable railroad connections; the Southern plants being strategically located both with regard to raw materials and labor supply, and the Northern plants, which finish the products, being advantageously situated for the shipment of finished goods to the Eastern and Western markets.

Bauer & Black is one of the leading manufacturers of drug store specialties in the United States. Its products are distributed primarily to the wholesale and retail drug trade, as well as to the medical profession all over the country. The superior quality of Bauer & Black products, supported by nation-wide advertising, has been maintained and improved for a period of over 40 years, and is responsible for a well-established good-will. The products manufactured and distributed include medicinal and adhesive plasters, dressings, ligatures, medicated and absorbent cotton and gauze, suspensories, first aid articles, baby talcum powder, Blue Jay corn plasters and soap.

The company enjoys a large export trade throughout the world, its grow-

sories, first aid articles, baby talcum powder, Blue Jay corn plasters and soap.

The company enjoys a large export trade throughout the world; its growing business in Canada being handled through a wholly owned subsidiary. Bauer & Black, Ltd. The company owns and occupies a well-equipped modern plant located in Chicago, Ill., conveniently situated with regard to transportation facilities.

Subsidiaries.—In addition to the two Canadian subsidiaries and Lewis Manufacturing Co., the entire capital stocks of which will be owned, the company will also own all of the outstanding common stocks of the following operating and selling subsidiaries: Mollohon Mfg. Co., Oakland Cotton Mills, Slatersville Finishing Co., Slatersville Water Co., Bauer & Black (Ill.), and Bauer & Black of New York.

Capitalization—

7% preferred stocks of subsidiary companies—

Closed

\$1.263.700

\$1.263.700

\$6.500.000

(III.), and Bauer & Black of New York.

Capitalization—

7% preferred stocks of subsidiary companies — Closed 20-year 5½% debs., series A, due 1948 — \$12,000,000 (20-year 5½% debs., series A, — \$12,000,000 (20-year 5½% (20-year 5½%) (

Black and the	Net Earns. Before	Depre-	Net Avail.	*Not Avail.	*Bal. after Int., Amort. of
Calendar Year.	Deprec., Int. & Tax.	ciation	& Fed. Taxes.	for Pref. Divs.	Disct., Fed. Tax. & Pref. Dividends.
1925 1926	\$1,365,927 1,456,674	\$405,265 459,440	\$960,662 997,234	\$413,723 445,907	\$165,906 196,641
1927	2,057,574	563,475 300,995	1,494,098 881,058	883,148 559,502	614,306 419,725

1927 (6 mos.) ... 1,182,053 300,995 881,058 595,502 419,725

* Calculated by deducting from net earnings available for interest and Federal income taxes, (a) annual interest and amortization of discount charges on the \$6,500,000 debentures, (b) Federal income taxes at present rate of,12%, (c) divs. on the pref. stocks of subsidiary companies outstanding. For the 3 years and 6 months ended June 30 1928, the net earnings available for interest and Federal income taxes have averaged \$1,238,015 per annum, or more than 2½ times annual charges of \$445,959 constituting interest and dividend requirements of the \$6,500,000 principal amount of 20-year 5½% debentures, series A, and the \$1,263,700 aggregate par amount of 7% pref. stocks of subsidiary companies. For the year ended Dec. 31 1927, such net earnings were more than 3 1-3 times such annual charges, and for the 6 months ended June 30 1928, were at the rate of approximately 4 times such charges.

For the 3 years and 6 months ended June 30 1928, the net earnings available for dividends on the cumulative and participating stock, Series A, as calculated above, have averaged \$677,794 per annum, equivalent to approximately 2½ times the \$6 regular dividend on the preferred stock. For the year and 6 months ended June 30 1928, such net earnings were equivalent to over 4 times the regular dividend and for the 6 months ended June 30 1928 were at a rate equivalent to more than 4½ times such dividend. Based on the capitalization to be outstanding upon completion of the present financing, the cumulative and participating preferred stock, Series A, would have been entitled to a part cipating dividend in the amount of 72c. a share from earnings for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31 1927. On the same basis, the earnings for the 6 months ended June 30 1928 would have entitled the preferred stock, Series A, to a participating dividend at the annual rate of approximately \$1 a share.

Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30 1928

Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30 1928

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Assets-		Liabilities—	
Cash in banks & on hand		Accounts payable, &c	\$581,086
Notes & accts. rec. (net)	2,562,143	Bankers accep. sec. by cotton	277,625
Value of life insurance	35,998	Accrued items	326,855
Inventories	3,806,946	Reserve for taxes	181,563
Land, bldgs., machinery, &c.		Pref. stocks of sub. cos	1,263,700
Investments		51/2% debentures, Series A	6,500,000
Def. assets incl. deb. disc	786,488	Preferred stock, Series A	4,000,000
Trade marks, patents, &c		Reserve for contingencies	25,000
Good-will.	1	Common stock & cap. surp.	3,391,087
		Earned surplus	404,425

Total\$16,951,341 Total\$16,951,341

Kendall Mills, Inc.—Successor Company.— See Kendall Co. above.—V. 121, p. 1469.

Keystone Steel & Wire Co.—New Directors.—
D. P. Sommer has been elected a director to succeed the late John Sommer. R. E. Sommer has been elected to the board for a period of three years.—V. 127, p. 1398.

King Philip Mills (Fall River, Mass.).—Control Sought.—In a communication to the stockholders, Treasurer Simeon B. Chase on August 30, officially informed them that parties outside of the city of Boston are seeking control of the corporation and have made an offer of \$175 a share for all of the stock, which numbers 22,500 shares. The official letter was sent because of reports in circulation that the First National Bank of Boston, acting for a third party, is seeking control of the mill. Mr. Chase states that when negotiations have reached a stage sufficiently definite for submission to the stockholders they will be informed.—V. 125, p. 3491.

Kroger Grocery & Baking Co.—Listing—Acquis., &c.—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 127,947
additional shares of common stock (no par value) on official notice of issuance in exchange for the assets and businesses of Hoosier Stores Corp.,
the Foltz Grocery & Baking Co., Eagle Grocery Co., C. Thomas Stores,
Inc. (and of the subsidiary and affiliated companies of C. Thomas Stores,
Inc.), Universal Grocery Co., Piggly-Wiggly Valley Co., the Middle States
Stores Co., the Columbus Piggly-Wiggly Co., Heilman Baking Co. and
Missouri-Illinois Stores Co., making the total amount applied for to date
1,230,883 shares.

By resolution of the board of directors adopted Sept. 6 1928, the officers
were authorized to issue an aggregate of 127,947 full-paid and non-assessable
shares of the common stock in payment or part payment for the assets and
businesses of the above named companies.
Hoosier Stores Corp. was incorp. in Indiana in 1919 and is operating at the
present time a total of some 73 stores, 44 of these being in the City of Fort
Wayne and the others in the surrounding territory, including 3 in the State
of the present year.

of Onio.

Foltz Grocery & Baking Co. was incorp. in 1909 in Ohio. At the beginning of the present year it operated 193 stores in Cincinnati, O., Hamilton, O., Louisville, Ky., and surrounding vicinities.

Eagle Grocery Co. is a partnership, with its principal place of business at 3939 Butler St., Pittsburgh, Pa. Company operates 115 stores in Pitts-

Eagle Grocery Co. is a partnership, with its principal place of business at 3939 Butler St., Pittsburgh, Pa. Company operates 115 stores in Pittsburgh.

C. Thomas Stores, Inc., was incorp, in Michigan in June, 1927, and is now operating 145 stores in western Michigan. Its principal place of business is located in Grand Rapids. C. Thomas Stores, Inc., have as subsidiaries or affiliated companies K. & B. Stores, operating 21 retail stores; Curtis Creamery Co., operating a dairy: White Baking Co., operating a bread plant, Veltman Baking Co. operating a cake plant, and Thomas Real Estatic Co., operating a cake plant, and Thomas Real Estatic Co., operating a capture of plant, Veltman Baking Co. operating a capture of plant, Veltman Baking Co. operating a capture of plant, and Thomas Real Estatic Co. operating a capture of capture of plant of

Sales Cost of goods sold Cost of	-\$95,278,943 - 80,244,891
Gross profit	10.112
Gross income	- 11,575,630 - 575,402 - 529,846 - 42,087
Net profit	- \$2,538,113 - 13,063,111
Total. Dividends paid: First preferred. Second preferred Common: Cash Stock	- 2,442 - 2,285 - 538,136
Sundry other credit adjustments	\$14,795,792 Cr17,411
Polones sumbles of and affected	

Balance surplus at end of period ______\$14,813,203

Pro Forma Balance Sh. [After giving effect to the acquisitiabove 10 companies.]	eet as of June 30 1928. ion of the assets and businesses of the
Accts. & notes receivables. 486,777 Inventories	Accrued taxes, wages, &c
Total \$37,727,624	Total\$37,727,624

Lake Superior Paper Co., Ltd.—Bonds Called .-All of the outstanding 6% 1st mtge. 30-year gold bonds, dated March 1 1911, have been called for redemption March 1 1929, at 105 and fnt. Payment will be made at the Bank of Montreal in London, England, or at the holder's option at the Royal Trust Co. in Montreal or Toronto, Canada or at the agency of the Bank of Montreal in New York City.

Any bondholder may surrender his bonds for payment at the office of the Royal Trust Co. in Montreal or Toronto on or before March 1 1929, and upon surrender thereof will receive 105 and int. to the date of such surrender.

—V. 125, p. 1719.

Lane Bryant, Inc., New York, -Sales. 1928—August—1927. \$678,416 \$605,238 —V. 127, p. 832.

Lehigh Valley Coal Co .- Time for Deposits Extended .-The deposit committee under the plan for the unification of the Lehigh Valley Coal Co. and the Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Co., in a letter to the shareholders, extends the time limit for deposits to the close of business Oct. 10 1928.

The committee states that the response to its requests for deposits in assent to the plan and agreement has been gratifying, but that since the broadest possible participation in the plan is desired the committee is granting shareholders an extension of time in which to become parties to the plan and

agreement.

The committee's letter contains a statement by Richard F. Grant who, the letter states, has been invited by the boards of directors of both companies to become president of the new corporation in which, according to the plan and agreement, will be unified the mining operations of the Lehigh Valley Coal Co. and the selling operations of the Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Co. Mr. Grant's statement reads as follows:

Valley Coal Sales Co. Mr. Grant's statement reads as follows:

Prior to 1920, there was a contract arrangement between the Lehigh Valley Coal Co. and the Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Co., according to which the Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Co. sold the Lehigh Valley Coal Co.; soal. In the course of the sogregation upon which the Government insisted in its suit against the Lehigh Valley RR., et al, the above contract had to be terminated, and since 1920 there has been no contract arrangement between the two companies.

The result is that the Lehigh Valley Coal Co., with its great reserves of unmined merchantable coal, is the only large anthractic mining company that is without a seiling organization, either of its own or under contract, and that the Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Co., with its docks, storage yards, retail pockets, selling facilities and sales offices, is the only nation-wide anthracite selling organization that is without sources of supply, either of its own or under contract.

The Lehigh Valley Coal Co. and the Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Co. plainly belong together, and ever since 1920 representatives of the two companies have been trying to negotiate a new contract satisfactory to both companies. Each company, however, has been so reluctant to make concessions to the other that all these negotiations have proved unsuccessful.

It was in the realization that the problem could be solved only by unification of the two companies that the negotiations which led up to the present plan and agreement were begun between the two companies. In these negotiations the Lehigh Valley Coal Co. was represented by President Humphrey, Chairman Wheaton, and Theodore S. Barber, the latter being a member of the board of directors, as well as a number of the other officers and directors of the company, and the Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Co. was represented by President G. N. Wilson and Thomas W. Lamont, the latter being a member of the board of directors, as well as a number of the other officers and directors of the company, and the

The committee, which consists of Thomas W. Lamont, Theodore S. Barber and Richard F. Grant, emphasizes that to expedite the plan it is desirable that all shareholders who have not already done as should immediately denotit their have not already done so should immediately deposit their shares with the depositaries, which are J. P. Morgan & Co., in New York, Girard Trust Co., in Philadelphia, and Miners Bank of Wilkes-Barre, in Wilkes-Barre, Pa. (Compare plan in V. 127, p. 692).—V. 127, p. 962.

Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Co.—Smaller Dividend.—
The directors have declared a dividend of 90c. a share, payable Oct. 1
to holders of record Sept. 17. In the previous quarter, the company paid
a dividend of \$1 a share.

Time for Deposits Extended .-

See Lehigh Valley Coal Co. above.-V. 127, p. 962.

Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co.—Offer to United States Sheet & Window Glass Co.—See latter company below.—V. 127, p. 1398.

Liquidometer Co., Inc.—Contracts Announced.—
The company announces that it has contracted to supply Liquidometer gages for Sobol Bros., metropolitan distributors of gasoline, General Baking Co., Simplex Oil Heating Co. in New York, Western Electric Co. in New York and Chicago, and Petroleum Heat & Power Co., New York.—V. 127, p. 1398.

Louisiana Oil Refining Corp. (& Subs.).—Earnings.—Period End. June 30— 1928—3 Mos.—1927. 1928—6 Mos.—1927. Net earnings from oper \$956,532 \$525,276 \$1,632,328 \$1,055,509 Deductions from income 94.942 51,205 154,016 58,773 52,917

Net profit before depl., deprec., drill labor & exp & amort...... Depletion of cost..... \$1,419,539 144,054 518,933 151,164 17,330 \$909,611 200,107 502,211 128,536 18,626 \$831,147 67,881 252,416 75,410 8,535 Depreciation _____ Drilling labor & exp____ Amort of pref stock disc \$426,904 loss\$17,543 loss19,494 Net profit \$588,058 Net prof on sale of inv. Net inc bef Fed inc tax \$426,904 loss\$37,037 arns per sh on 1,140,-063 shs com stk (no par) \$0.28 Nil -V. 127, p. 116. \$588,058 \$290,626 \$0.35

Lyman Mills.—\$25 Liquidating Dividend.—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$25 per share in liquidation, payable Sept. 20. This will bring total payments to \$215 per share.—V. 126, p. 2322.

McCrory Stores Corp.—Sales.— 1928—Aug.—1927. \$3.115.524 \$3.036.677 Increase. 1928—8 Mos.—1927. V. 127, p. 832. \$78.847 \$23.615.342 \$22.888.968

McKesson & Robbins, Inc. (Conn.).—Merger.—See McKesson & Robbins, Inc. (Md.).—V. 127, p. 693.

McKesson & Robbins, Inc. (Md.) .- Pref. Stock Sold. —A banking group composed of Goldman, Sachs & Co., Bond & Goodwin, Inc., the Bridgeport Trust Co. and the R. F. Griggs Co. have sold at \$51 a share and div. 193,907 shares of preference stock series A 7% convertible of the par value of \$50. At the offering price the yield is 6.86%. This operation will mark the formal introduction to the public of the securities of the Maryland corporation recently organized to consolidate the manufacturing firm of McKessen & Robbins, Inc., of Connecticut, with 15 wholesale drug houses in various sections of the United States.

An offer to holders of preferred stocks of certain of the company's proposed subsidiaries, not now committed under agreements or options, to exchange their shares for cash or preference stock Series A is now in effect (against which a maximum of 26,113 shares of preference stock Series A may be issued directly or for the cash required); to the extent that shares of such preferred stocks are not exchanged for cash or called for redemption, the number of shares of this issue available for sale will be reduced below 103,007.

Preference stock Series A is convertible to and including redemption date into common stock, share for share. Redeemable in whole or in part at any time on 30 days' notice at \$60 per share and divs. Company has agreed to make application to list its preference stock Series A and common stock on the New York Stock Exchange. Dividends payable quarterly a cumulative from Sept. 15 1928.

Data from Letter of Pres. F. Donald Coster, Sept. 8.

Company.—Has been formed in Maryland to acquire (either directly or through subsidiaries) all or substantially all of the outstanding common stocks and in certain cases preferred stocks of the following companies:

Principal Location

Year established

Name		tabl.shed.
McKesson & Robbins, Inc. (Conn.)	Bridgeport, Conn.	1833
Bedsole-Colvin Drug Co., Inc.	Mobile, Ala.	1919
Churchill Companies	Burlington, Ia.	1
(10) 6	Cedar Rapids, Ia. Peoria, Ill.	1875
	10	1
Eastern Drug Co	Boston, Mass.	1826
Farrand, Williams & Clark	Dottoit Mass.	
Fuller-Morrison Co.	Detroit, Mich.	1890
Faxon & Gallagher Drug Co.	Chicago, Ill.	1852
Paxon & Ganagher Drug Co		1855
	Albany, N. Y.	
Cilhann Canar Co. Tan	Troy, N. Y.	
Gibson-Snow Co., Inc.		1829
	Rochester, N. Y.	
Hall Van Conden Co	Buffalo, N. Y.)
Hall-Van Gorder Co	Cleveland, O.	1851
Kirk, Geary & Co	Sacramento, Cal.	1852
* 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	San Francisco, Cal.	
Langley & Michaels Co.	Fresno, Cal.	} 1850
	Oakland, Cal.	1
Minneapolis Drug Co	Minneapolis, Minn.	1868
Murray Drug Co.	Columbia & C	1890
Roeder & Kuedier Co.	Newark, N. J.	1902
Southern Drug Co	Houston, Texas	1906
	Los Angeles, Cal.	1
Western Wholesale Drug Co.	San Diego, Cal.	1901
	Phoenix Ariz	1
The number of this county is		,

Sales and Profits.—The combined net sales of the businesses to be acquired and the combined net profits applicable to the company as defined and after adjustments incident to such acquisitions as set forth in their accompanying certificate, were as follows:

a Combined No. of times

Calendar	Net .	net profits apple, to	dividend req. on 309,648
	Sales	Company.	shs. of pref.
Year—			
1925	\$71,347,330	\$2,669,122	2.4 times
1926	74.160,859	2,746,168	2.5 times
1927	74.950.250	2,770,036	2.5 times
1928 (4 months)	25,950,073	1,136,453	3.1 times
a In the event that the compa	ny does not ac	quire any of	the shares of
tools of Mallomon & Do	bhine Inc of	Conn not r	host committed

common stock of McKesson & Robbins, Inc., of Conn., not now committed for exchange, the combined net profits applicable to the company for the 3 years and 4 months would have been less by an average of \$18,527 per

Consolidated Balance Sheet-April 30 1928.

Assets-		Liabilities—	
Cash \$1,	924,085	Notes & accept. payable	\$4,163,007
Bankers acceptances	229,316	Accounts payable	4,686,272
Value of life ins. policies	50,102	Wages, salaries, taxes, &c	583,623
Marketable securities	461.455	Divs. declared & unpaid	178,032
Notes & accts. receivable a10,	763,175	Prov. for Fed. taxes	517.758
Inventories 14,	815,254	Mtges., pay., & long term ob.	156,476
Advances & misc. investments 4,	583.831	Miscellaneous reserves	40,000
Fixed assets & leaseholds 7,	199.368	Preferred stock of sub. cos	b1.517,600
		Min. int. in com. stk. of subs.	
Goodwill, trade-marks, &c		Preference stk. Ser. A 7% con. Common stock and surplus	15,482,400

Total.....\$40,303,854

a After deducting reserves where not guaranteed. \$478,137 of cash, 2,842 shares of preference stock Series A and 48,086 shares of common stock are being pledged to the company as a guarantey of certain notes and accounts receivable and advances to customers. b Of the outstanding preferred stock of subsidiary companies \$517,600 represents shares not now under agreements nor presently to be called for redemption; 10,352 additional shares of preference stock Series A may be issued by the company in acquiring this stock. The remaining \$1,000,000 represents an issue of 7% cumulative convertible preference stock (callable at 105 and divs.) of McKesson & Robbins, Ltd. of Can., over 80% of the common stock of which is owned by McKesson & Robbins, Inc. of Conn. The Connecticut corporation has guaranteed annual net profits of \$100,000 to the Canadian company so long as the latter's preference stock shall be outstanding. c This item represents the minority interest in the common stock of McKesson & Robbins, Ltd. of Canada. In the event that the Maryland Company does not acquire any of the shares of common stock of McKesson & Robbins, Inc.

of Conn. not now committed for exchange, the minority interest (excluding good-will) would be increased by \$139,088 and the common stock and surplus correspondingly decreased.—V. 127, p. 1261.

(R. H.) Macy & Co.-Increased Capital Stock Placed on a \$2 Annual Dividend Basis—New Director—Listing.

The directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 50c. a share on the new no par value capital stock, payable Nov. 15 to holders of record Oct. 26. This is at the annual rate of \$2 per share and is equal to \$6 on the old stock, holders of walch were offered 2 new shares at \$10 per share for each share held. Dividends at the rate of \$5 per share per annum were paid on the old stock from May 1927 to Aug. 1928 incl., and on Feb. 15 last a 5% stock dividend was also paid.

Isidor Straus, 2nd, son of Jesse Isidor Straus, president, has been elected a director to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Louis J. Chamansky, president of Shepard, Norwell Co.

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 735,000 additional shares of common stock without par value on official notice of issue making the total applied for 1,102,500 shares. See also V. 127, p. 962, 832.

Marlin-Rockwell Corp.—Extra Dividend of 50c.—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 50 cents per share in addition to the regular dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 22. Like amounts were paid on July 2 last. An extra dividend of 25 cents per share was paid on the common stock on April 1 1928. During 1927, the following extra dividends were paid on the common stock; 25 cents per share in the first quarter, 50 cents per share in the second quarter, 25 cents per share in the third quarter and 25 cents per share on Dec. 31 for thefourth quarter.—V. 127, p. 1112.

Metropolis Fire Insurance Co.—Stock Offered.—The company, with offices at 41 East 42d St., N. Y. City, is offering 100,000 shares capital stock (par \$5) at \$16.50 per share.

ing 100,000 shares capital stock (par \$5) at \$16.50 per share. The authorized capital of the new company is \$500,000 and the authorized surplus, \$1,000,000.

Transfer agent, Equitacle Trust Co., New York; registrar and trustee, Grace National Bank, New York.

The Metropolis Fire Insurance Co. being licensed by the New York State Superintendent in charge of insurance companies must render a statement of its financial condition and operations at regular intervals, and is subject to examination at any time without notice.

Management.—The directors feel that the company, being started under capable and experienced management, will share in a considerable volume of the country's fire insurance business, and its stock should prove an un usually profitable investment to those who become stockholders now. Under a proposed contract the company will commence business with anassured premium income and eliminate to a large extent usual business production costs.

Directors.—James Cunnion, Charles B. McLaughlin, John A. Campbell, H. T. Owen, Isaac Arndt, Robert Cools, A. Holzman, Henry De Sola Mendes, James Cunnion, Jr., Jacob S. Strahl, Joseph Coghlan, Edward Shipment, Albert Cole Bogert.

Metropolitan Chain Stores, Inc.—Sales.—

Metropolitan Chain Stores, Inc.—Sales.—
1928—Aug.—1927.
\$984,706 \$965,482 Increase. | 1928—8 Mos.—1927.
\$19,224 \$7,165,840 \$6,735,563

-V. 127, p. 833.

Missouri-Illinois Stores Co.—Sale.— See Kroger Grocery & Baking Co. above.—V. 125, p. 3357.

Missouri State Life Insurance Co.—Business Increases.

New life insurance, including both ordinary and group, written by the company during the month of August, 1928, totaled \$27,957,694, an increase of \$10.645,943 or 61.5% over business written during the corresponding month last year, according to a report by Hillsman Taylor, President of the company.—V. 127, p. 1261.

National Air Transport, Inc.—Air Mail Increases.—
Air mail poundage increased 83% on the corporations' lines in the first four weeks of August following the reduction of the air mail postage rate to 5c. for the first ounce and 10c. for each additional ounce. During this time the company carried 113,461 pounds of air mail as compared with 62,098 pounds during the corresponding period of the previous month, or an increase of 51,363 pounds. To take care of the greatly increased loads, the corporation was compelled to send 32 double sections on 224 scheduled flights during the 28 days and on the night of Aug. 21, it was necessary to send out six sections, including a tri-motored Ford monoplane on the New York-Chicago night run and a double section on the Chicago-Dallas night run. N. A. T.'s abnormal traffic on this one day was occasioned by a special shipment of direct advertising by air mail from the Reo Motor Car Co. of Lansing, Mich. The original shipment amounted to 17,100 pounds, of which National Air Transport's shares totaled 8,062 pounds, or 47%. Adding to this the regular air mail business of the day, N. A. T. handled a total of 12,255 pounds in the 24-hour period. (See also V. 127, p. 1262.)

National Biscuit Co.—Extra Dividend of 50c.—The directors on Sept. 11 declared an extra dividend of 50c. per share on the outstanding \$55,238,000 common stock, par \$25, payable Nov. 15 to holders of record Oct. 31. An extra dividend of 50c. per share was paid on July 14 last and one of \$1 per share on Nov. 15 1927.—V. 127, p. 834.

National Casket Co. Inc. (& Subs.).—Annual Report. 1927. \$892,094 142,000 413,470 177,201 \$159,424 \$5.70

Comparative Balance Sheet June 30. 1928. 1927. 1927. Liabilities-Assets-5,906,809 Real estate, mach, furn.,trucks,&c. 4,016,376 4,203,743 Merchandise 3,650,695 3,601,676 Acc'ts receivable 347,610 297,318 Securities 2,540 Patent rights & 5,906,809 1,131,000 367,783 225,821 822,000 353,791 100,000 5,383,326

National Surety Co .- To Increase Capital and Change Par Value of Shares.-

The stockholders will vote Oct. 10 on increasing the authorized capital stock from \$15,000,000 (par \$100) to \$16,000,000, par \$50, each present share to be exchanged for two new shares.—V. 127, p. 1114.

National Tea Co., Chicago.—Sales.—

1928—August—1927. Increase. | 1928—8 Mos.—1927. Increase. | 1928—8 Mos.—1928. Increase. |

Ontario Pulp & Paper Co., Ltd.—Bonds Called.—
All of the outstanding 6% 1st mtge. s. f. gold bonds dated 1912 have been called for redemption Oct. 1 next at 110 and int. Payment will be made at the Bank of Montreal, London, England, or at its agency in New York City, or at the Royal Trust Co. in Toronto or Montreal, Canada.
Any bondholder may surrender his bonds and coupons for payment at the Royal Trust Co. in Montreal or Toronto before Oct. 1, and upon surrender thereof will receive 110 and int. to date of surrender.—V. 101, p. 618

Novadel Process Corp.—Consolidation Approved.—
The stockholders on Sept. 10 approved a plan for the combination of this reporation with the Agene Process, now owned by Wallace & Tiernan & o., Inc., the new corporation to be known as the Novadel-Agene Corp. See 127 p. 1262 Co., Inc., the new V. 127, p. 1262.

Pan American Western Petroleum Co.—Offer Extended.
Bond & Goodwin & Tucker, Inc., Blair & Co., Inc., Hemphill, Noyes &
Co. and Newberger, Parsons & Co. as fiscal agents for the Richfield Oil Co.
of California announce that the directors of the latter corporation have
extended their offer of July 11 1928 to exchange Richfield common stock
for Pan-American class B stock from Sept. 11 1928 to Nov. 11 1928. (See
also V. 127, p. 272, 560.)—V. 127, p. 1400.

Paramount Famous Lasky Corp.—Earnings.—
The corporation in its consolidated statement which includes earnings of subsidiary companies, reports combined net profits of \$1,609.478 for the three months, and \$3,873,627 for the six months ended June 30 1928, after deducting all charges and reserves for Federal income and other taxes. The six months figures include its \$111,061 undistributed share of earnings of the Balaban & Katz Corp. a 65% owned subsidiary.

The above profits amount to \$2.34 per share for the three months and \$5.63 for the six months on the common stock outstanding.—V. 127, p. 835.

Parke, Davis & Co.—Special Dividend of 10c.—
The directors have declared a special dividend of 10c. and the regular quarterly of 25c. per share, both payable Sept. 29 to holders of record Sept. 19. Like amonts were paid on March 3 and Sept. and June 30 last. A special distribution of 20c. per share was made on Jan. 3, while in each of the preceding 3 quarters a special dividend of 10c. per share was paid.—V 126, p 3771

of the preceding 3 quarters a special dividend of 10c. per share was paid.—V 126, p 3771

Peck & Hills Furniture Co., Chicago.—Report.—

The company reports total shipments of \$16,454.801 for the fiscal year ended June 30 1928, which is an increase of more than a \$1,000,000 over the previous year. This company, reputed to be the largest wholesale distributor of furniture and floor coverings in the United States, has inincreased its shipments every month for the past three years. With the recent purchase of the Birmingham Furniture & Manufacturing Co., the concern now has a chain of houses in 19 of the largest cities in the country, one in Cuba and one in Mexico. It is understood that the acquisition of additional distribution houses will be continued until the goal of national distribution is reached.

The company was organized in 1896, the combined capital of its founders, Jay C. Hills and Charles G. Peck, then consisting of \$40 and a merchandising idea unique in the furniture industry. At that time only a small percentage of the furniture manufactured was distributed through the jobber, practically all being sold direct to the dealer by the manufacturer.

The idea of these two ambitious young men was that the jobber was destined to become the main channel of distribution and they made their plans accordingly. They reasoned that as furniture is a bulky product, subject to damage in transit, the jobber who would carry unlimited varieties and styles in stock for immediate delivery to the retail dealer, would render a vitally essential service. Such has proved to be the case.

The policy of hand-to-mouth buying on the part of the retail furniture dealer, now so universally in effect, has unquestionably been a major factor in the rapid rise of Peck & Hills. This policy greatly reduces the investment which the retail furniture dealer was formerly compelled to carry in large warehouse stocks, so that it can be used in carrying time sales which otherwise he would be unable to handle. The Peck & Hills plan of operatio

(J. C.) Penney Co., Inc.—Gross Sales.—

1928—August—1927. Increase. | 1928—8 Mos.—1927. Increase.

\$12.886,280 \$11,000,112 \$1.886,168 \$96,374,447 \$82,202,178 \$14,272,269
At Aug. 31 1928 a total of 981 stores were in operation as compared with
854 stores a year ago.
Comparative Sales of 836 Stores for Month and 8 Months Ended Aug. 31.

1928—Month—1927. Increase. | 1928—8 Mos.—1927. Increase.

\$11.557,080 \$10,696,807 \$860,273 \$83,690,352 \$78,354,036 \$5,336,316

—V. 127, p. 965.

Perfect Circle Co.—Initial Common Dividend.—
An initial quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share has been declared on the common stock, no par value, payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 20. See offering in V. 127, p. 560.

(Louis) Philippe, Inc. (Del.),—Initial Dividend, &c.—
The directors have declared the initial quarterly dividend of 40c. per share on the class A stock payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 20. Laurence A. Steinhardt of Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, and H. Paul Warwick of Cecil, Warwick & Cecil, have been elected directors. See also V. 127, p. 422.

Piggly Wiggly Western States Co. (Del.).—Sales.—

1928—August—1927. Increase. 1928—8 Mos.—1927. Increase.
\$1.311.754 \$1.085.039 \$226.715 \$9.884.384 \$8.700.373 \$1.184.011

At the end of August 1928 the company was operating 202 stores in Southern California, Utah and Cleveland, O. In August 1927 about 180 stores were in operation.—V. 127, p. 1116.

 Raybestos Co.—Earnings.—

 6 Months Ended June 30—
 1928

 10 Income from sales after discount and freight
 \$3,503,523

 Cost of sales and depreciation
 1,978,146

 Selling and general expense
 914,206

 Net operating income_____Other income_____ \$617,772 34,199 Total income. Federal and local taxes
Preferred dividends $89,628 \\ 25,182$ 85,981 44,470Net income available for common stock_____ Earns per share on 116,072 shs common stock_____ —V 127, p 1400

Republic Iron & Steel Co.—Acquisition.— See Steel & Tubes, Inc. below.—V. 127, p. 1263.

Salt River Valley Water Users' Association.—Floats \$4,100,000 Stewart Mountain Power Project 5½s.—

\$4,100,000 Stewart Mountain Power Project 5½s.—
First Securities Co., Los Angeles; Anglo London Paris Co., San Francisco; Harris, Trust & Sav. Bank Chic.; Rutter & Co., New York, and the Valley Bank, Phoenix, are offering \$4,100,000 Stewart Mountain Power Project 5½% serial gold bonds, dated June 1 1928 and due serially Oct. 1 1931 to June 1 1958. The bonds are priced to yield about 5.70% for all maturities or from 99.46 to 97.15 according to maturities.

The Salt River Valley Water Users' Association, located in Maricopa County, Ariz., was incorp. in 1903. It controls all power sites on the Salt River below and including Roosevelt Dam, 70 miles above Phoenix, and is the largest producer of hydro-electric power in Arizona. The United States Bureau of Reclamation has closely co-operated with the Association and retains advisory supervision and checks financial and physical conditions periodically. Approximately 240,000 arces of highly developed

lands are embraced within the Association. The total population within the Association boundaries including the City of Phoenix and thirteen other cities and towns is officially estimated at 110,000.

These bonds are secured by a pledge of certain power revenues including specific contracts with the Central Arizona Light & Power Co., a subsidiary of the American Power & Light Co., which with its subsidiaries is under the supervision of the Electric Bond & Share Co. In addition they are secured by assessments to be levied against all of the lands within the Sait River project to which the stock of the association is appurtenant. The net power revenue for the twelve months' period ended July 31 1928, was equal to approximately 2½ times maximum interest charges of \$691,100 on the association's total outstanding bonded indebtedness including this issue. Contracts have been effected, guaranteeing certain specified minimum returns, with important public utility and industrial companies. These annual guarantees exceed in the aggregate \$1,100,000.—V. 124, p. 1373.

Sanitary Grocery Co., Inc.—Sales.— 1928—Aug.—1927. Increase. 1928—8 Mos.—1927. Increase. \$1,769,484 \$1.198,002 \$571,482 \$14,603,317 \$10,672,932 \$3,930,385 -V. 127, p. 836.

San Juan Sugar Co.—Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.—
The property securing the general lien mortgage sinking fund gold bonds, dated July 1 1924, will be sold at public auction on Sept. 18 in the Court Room of the Court of First Instance of San Cristobal, Cuba.—V. 119, p. 1074.

Schiff Co., Columbus, O.—Sales.— 1928—August—1927. Increase. | 1928—8 Mos.—1927. \$383,103 \$273,330 \$109,773 \$3,030,750 \$2,167,967 -V. 127, p. 967.

Singer Mfg. Co.— $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ Extra Dividend.—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ on the outstanding \$90,000,000 capital stock, par \$100, both payable Sept 30 to holders of record Sept 10. An extra of $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ was made on June 30 last, while $5\frac{1}{2}\%$ extra was paid on Mar. 31 last, and on Dec. 31 1927. The company on Sept. 30 1927, paid an extra cash dividend of $3\frac{1}{2}\%$; on June 30 1927, an extra of $5\frac{1}{2}\%$; on Mar. 31 1927, an extra of $3\frac{1}{2}\%$; on Dec. 31 1926 an extra of $1\frac{1}{2}\%$; on Sept. 30 1926 as extra of $1\frac{1}{2}\%$; on Sept. 30 1926 as special cash dividend of 33 1-3%.—V. 126, p. 3774.

Sloan & Zook Co., Bradford, Pa.—Bonds Called.—
The company has called for redemption Nov. 1 next \$43,000 10-year 1st mtge. 6% s. f. gold coupon bonds. Payment will be made at the Commonwealth Trust Co., trustee, 312 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.—V. 117, p. 1898.

 Southern Grocery
 Stores.—Sales.—
 1928—August—1927.
 Increase.
 1928—8 Mos.—1927.
 Increase.

 \$1.138.070
 \$967,532
 \$170,538 | \$9,421,402
 \$7,824,667
 \$1,596,735

 —V. 127, p. 1400.
 \$1,596,735
 \$1,596,735

Spanish River Pulp & Paper Mills, Ltd.—Bonds Called*
All of the outstanding 6% 1st mtge. s. f. gold bonds dated Dec. 1 1910
have been called for redemption Oct. 1 at 110 and int. Payment will be
made at the Montreal Trust Co., London, Eng., or at its offices in Montreal
or Toronto, or at the agency of the Royal Bank of Canada, 68 William St.,
New York City.
Any bondholder may surrender his bonds and canada, 68 William St.,

Any bondholder may surrender his bonds and coupons for payment at the Montreal Trust Co. in Montreal before Oct. 1 and upon surrender thereof will receive 110 and int. to the date of surrender. See also Ontarlo Pulp & Paper Co., Ltd., above.—V. 126, p. 3775.

(C. G.) Spring & Bumper Co.—Conserves Cash.— Freasurer M. D. Harrison, Aug. 31, in a letter to the preferred stock-

Treasurer M. D. Harrison, Aug. of, M. S. School, S. Says:

"The current demand for C. G. Bumpers is exceptionally heavy. In the judgment of the directors, to conserve the company's cash in handling this business, the quarterly preferred dividend that otherwise would be paid on Oct. 1 1928, has been passed. However, preferred stockholders should recall that their dividends are cumulative; and, for information, an entire year's preferred dividend requirements were earned during the last two months of the fiscal year ending Aug. 31 1928."—See V. 127, p. 1400.

Stanley Co. of America.—Control Acquired by Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc.—See latter company below.—V. 127, p. 697.

Steel & Tubes, Inc.—Sale Approved.—
The stockholders on Sept. 14 approved the sale of all the assets of th company to the Republic Iron & Steel Co.—V. 127, p. 1400.

(Hugo) Stinnes Corp. (Md.).—Resignation.—
The corporation on Sept. 12, made the following announcement with respect to the resignation of Hugo Stinnes, Jr.
"In view of the pending investigation in which he is involved Hugo Stinnes, Jr. has voluntarily resigned from all offices and boards of directors with which he was identified. By unamimous agreement between the German and American members of the board of directors of the corporation (the holding company) the affairs of the company and its subsidiaries will be directed by its present management and the policy will be formulated and carried out under the supervision of the board of directors. The directors state that the corporation and its subsidiary and affiliated companies have at no time and in no way whatsoever been connected with the transactions for which Hugo Stinnes, Jr. is now under investigation."—V. 125, p. 1990.

Stromberg Carburetor Co. of America. -Bal. Sheet June 30.-

Assets-	1928.	1927.	Liabilities-	1928.	1927.
Property & plant.	\$3,116,774	\$3,030,839	Capital stock	x\$600,000	\$600,000
Patents		210,047	Accts. payable and		
Cash	460,055	314,837	accrued accts	152,730	282,929
Liberty bonds, &c.	31,209	118,701	Bonds subscrip	16,872	*****
Notes & accts. rec.		391,625	Res. for Fed. taxes	41,665	56,608
Inventories		889,187	Pes've for deprec.	1,117,938	954,746
Other assets		128,238	Surplus	3,278,332	3.210.119
Deferred charges	16,231	20,928			
			Total (each side)	\$5,207,537	\$5,104,402
	1 00 000				

x Represented by 80,000 no par shares.
The income account for the 6 months ended June 30 was given in V. 127, p. 1265.

Studebaker Corp. of America.—Sales Increase.—

A 12-month period in which each month showed an increase in sales over the corresponding month of the previous year has just been completed by the corporation, it is announced. Retail deliveries by dealers during August were 19% greater than August 1927.

Since the introduction of the new Studebaker line of cars early in July production has been unable to keep pace with demand. Orders for certain models are now so great that it will be 30 days before factory schedules can be stepped up to fill them, it was said.—V. 127, p. 1265.

Suburban Electric Development Co.—Initial Dividend.
The directors have declared an initial quarterly dividend of 37½ cents per share on the outstanding common stock, no par value, payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 20. See offering in V. 127, p. 426, 697.

(John R.) Thompson Co. (Chicago).—Sales.— 1928—August—1927. \$1,189,601 \$1,183,307 \$6,294 \$9,669,362 \$9,516,563 -V. 127, p. 836.

Timken Detroit Axle Co.—Extra Dividend.—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of ½ of 1% in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 1½%, both payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 20. Like amounts were paid in the preceding 7 quarters.—
V. 127, p. 837.

Tobacco Products Corp.—Resumes Cash Dividend on Common Stock

The directors have declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$2 per share on the common stock, par \$100, payable Oct. 15 to holders of record Sept. 28. In each of the 3 preceding quarters a dividend of 1-10 of a share of United Cigar Stores Co. of America common stock was distributed on each share of Tobacco Products common stock. From April 1926 to Oct. 1927, quarterly cash dividends of \$1.75 per share were paid.—V. 127, p. 1400.

Torrington Co. (Me.), Torrington, Conn.—Authorized Capitalization Decreased—Par Value of Common Stock Changed.

The stockholders on Sept. 11 (a) voted to decrease the authorized capital stock by 40,000 shares of pref. stock, par \$35 each (being all of the authorized pref. stock) and 120,000 shares of common stock (heretofore authorized but not issued), par \$25 each, such decrease to be accomplished by retiring all of said 40,000 shares of pref. stock (said shares having heretofore been issued and re-acquired by the corporation) and by retiring all of said 120,000 shares of common stock which have never been issued; and (b) approved changing the par value of the 280,000 shares of common stock issued and outstanding from \$25 per share to \$12.50 per share so that the number of shares of common stock issued and outstanding will be 560,000 shares of the par value of \$12.50 each, instead of 280,000 shares of the par value of \$25 each.

The stockholders on Sept. 14 voted to change the 560,000 shares of common stock, par \$12.50 each, into an equal number of shares without par value.

Transportation Re-Insurance Co.—Assets, &c.-Transportation Ke-Insurance Co.—Assets, &c.—
The report of the company for the period to June 30 1928, as submitted to and approved by the New York State Insurance Department shows assets of \$2.518.806, of which is included \$1.919.121 for the item of cash in banks. The surplus is given as \$1.491.268, which with the capital stock of \$1.000.000 makes the surplus to policyholders, \$2.491.268. The company is now licensed to do business in New York, Indiana, Massachusetts, West Virginia and the District of Columbia. The company is affiliated with Wm. H. McGee & Co., Inc., and related companies.—
V. 126, p. 2663.

Triplex Safety Glass Co. of North America, Inc.-

Stock Offering Oversubscribed.—

The raising of \$1,000,000 additional capital to provide for expansion of the Triplex Safety Glass Co. of North America has been completed with the announcement that subscriptions have already been received in excess of the 40,000 shares of common stock offered at \$25 a share. See V. 127, p.

Union Guarantee & Mortgage Co.—Extra Dividend.—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of \$1 per share on the capital stock, payable Jan. 2 to holders of record Dec. 15, and two regular quartely dividends of \$1.50 per share payable Oct. 1 and Jan. 2 to holders of record Sept. 15 and Dec. 15, respectively.—V. 126, p. 429.

Union Mortgage Co., New York.—Extra Dividend.—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 2% in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 2% on the common stock, both payable Jan. 2 to holders of record Dec. 15.

The directors also declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2% on the common stock, payable Oct. 1 to holders of record Sept. 15 and two regular quarterly dividends of 1½% on the 6% pref. stock, payable Oct. 1 and Jan. 2 to holders of record Sept. 15 and Dec. 15, respectively. See also V. 126, p. 733.

Union Tank Car Co.—Balance Sheet June 30.—

Assets— 1928.	1927.	Liabilities- 1928.	1927.
Tank car equip't x37.874.6	11 40,475,640	Capital stock 31,004,000	30.734.000
Accrued income 78.5		41/2 % equip. tr. ctf.11.700,000	
Material 651,44		Accounts payable_ 325,758	
Cash & securities_ 7,676,59		Acer. int. & State	-
Accts. receivable 1.468.78	30 1,499,949	tax 131.625	168,221
Unamort. debt disc 145,56	00 206,029	Reserves 759,284	892,921
		Surplus 3,974,810	3,006,944

---47,895,479 48,293,755 Total----47,895,479 48,293,755 After deducting reserve for depreciation.

Our usual comparative income account was published in V. 127, p. 1266.

United Shoe Machinery Corp.—Extra Dividend.—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of \$1 per share in cash on the common stock (par \$25) and the regular quarterly dividends of 62½ cents on the common and 37½ cents on the preferred all payable Oct. 5 to holders of record Sept. 18.

In each of the years 1925, 1926 and 1927, the company paid a total of \$1 per share in extra cash dividends on the common stock; also in Nov. 1927, paid a 20% stock dividend.—V. 126, p. 3291.

United States Electric Light & Power Shares, Inc.-Appoint European Representative .-

The trust announces the appointment of J. Alvaro Munoz as European presentative, with an office at 20 Rue de la Paix, Paris.—V. 127, p. 1400.

United States Sheet & Window Glass Co.-Plan of Reorganization.

Reorganization.—

The stockholders of the company are in receipt of a circular letter setting forth the details and operation of the plan of reorganization which has been approved and recommended by its directors. The letter which is dated sept. 1 and signed by Pres. J. C. Blair says:

By the terms of the Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co's proposal, the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co., for its property and assets, including good-will, will receive from the Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co.:

\$3,847,346, sufficient to redeem the preferred stock of the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co., excepting dividends accruing from and after July 1 1928, until the date fixed for retirement of the preferred stock. The amount of such dividends shall be paid from the property to be sold to the Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co., or assumed by it; and

9.188 shares of fully paid and non-assessable common capital stock of the Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co.; and

38,250 shares of the common capital stock of the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co., at its option, may issue to the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co., 9,562 shares of its common capital stock, fully paid and non-assessable).

The Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co. will pay current operating expenses

Glass Co., at its option, may issue to the United States Sheet & Vandous Glass Co., 9,562 shares of its common capital stock, fully paid and non-assessable).

The Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co. will pay current operating expenses and other liabilities of the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co. incurred in the regular or usual course of its business which shall be unpaid at the time of the transfer of the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co's property and assets to the Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co.; but, the Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co. will not assume or pay expenses, income taxes, if any, or other liabilities of the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co., or its stockholders, incurred by reason of the sale. No income taxes against the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co., will arise by reason of the sale under the plan adopted by it.

If less than 85% of the common stock of the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co is voted in favor of the sale, the Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co has the right to withdraw and cancel its proposal to purchase.

It is contemplated that preferred stock of the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co., will be retired promptly if the sale is completed, and that its affairs will be wound up speedly if its dissolution is authorized.

When its affairs are wound up, its common stockholders will receive their pro rata part of shares of common stock in the Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co. to be received from the sale and also of dividends, if any, received by the company on said shares while its affairs are being wound up, and which shall not be required to pay its debts and expenses.

Common stockholders of the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co, one-fourth of a share of common stock in the Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Co to be received by the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co to be received by the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co to be received by the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co to be received by the United States Sheet & Window Glass Co to be received by the United States

United States Steel Corp.—Unfilled Orders.—
See under "Indications of Business Activity" on a preceding page.
V. 127, p. 837, 677.

Universal Leaf Tobacco Co., Inc.—Earnings.-

Year End. June 30— Gross sales	\$17,899,639	\$17,620,008 14,929,801	1926. \$18,343,705 15,647,544	1925. \$13,311,508 10,965,037
Gross profitOther income	\$2,057,830 359,854	\$2,690,207 303,428	\$2,696,161 232,423	\$2,346,471 152,293
Total income Exps., taxes, depr., &c. Depreciation Loss on sale of cap ass'ts Minority interest	\$2,417,684 y967,552 126,131 39,886 3,222	\$2,993,634 1,840,309	\$2,928,584 1,724,449	\$2,498,764 1,488,201
Net income Preferred dividends Common dividends	\$1,280,893 569,458 315,367	\$1,153,326 581,666 78,275	\$1,204,135 586,556	\$1,010,563 613,042
Surplus Com. shs. outst. (no par) Earns. per sh. on com x Par \$100. y Does n	\$396,068 105,528 \$6.74 ot include d	\$493,385 104,366 \$5.48 epreciation.	\$617,579 x52,183 \$11.83	\$397,521 \$52,183 \$7.62

Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30.

Assets-	1928.	1927.	Ltabuutes-	1928.	1927.
Fixed assets	x1,921,134	2.043,688	Pref. stock (8)	7.145,400	7.218.400
Good-will, organi-			Minority int. subs.		228
zation, &c.y	1	1	Pref. divs. payable	139.812	144.062
Invest, affil. co	2,158,665	1,850,151	Notes payable	500,000	222,002
Cash	1,216,444	1,503,287	Accts. payable	935,646	634,745
Accts. & notes rec.		4,044,497	Tax reserve	110,000	150,000
Inventories	5,630,459		Conting. liabilities		250,637
Conting. account.		250,637	Com. stk. & surp.:	5,099,443	4,685,202
Deferred assets	62,648	55,293		.,,	-,

____14,148,571 13,083,275 Total_____14,148,571 13,083,275 x After deducting \$992.477 reserve for depreciation. y In accordance with resolutions of the stockholders at the annual meeting held Sept. 21 1926, the good-will item of \$5,023.300 carried on the balance sheet of June 30 1926 was written down to \$1. z Represented by 107.586 shares of no par value.—V. 125, p. 2827.

Valvoline Oil Co.—Tenders.—
The Equitable Trust Co. of New York, trustee, 11 Broad St., N. Y. City, will until Sept. 17 receive bids for the sale to it of 15-year 7% gold debentures due May 1 1937 to an amount sufficient to exhaust \$36,085 at a price not exceeding 104 and int.—V. 127, p. 124.

Wahl Co., Chicago.—13/4 % Back Dividend.—

The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.75 per share on the preferred stock, on account of dividend due for the quarter ended Mar. 31 1927 The dividend is payable Oct. 1 to stock of record Sept. 20. A like amount was paid on April 1, and on July 2 last.—V. 126, p. 3613.

Walgreen Co.-Sales.-

Walgreen Co.—Sates.—Period End. Aug. 31— 1928—Month—1927. 1928—2 Mos.—1927. Sales.————\$2,664,124 \$1,825,373 \$5,199,526 \$3,703,220 Sales given in last week's "Chronicle" for the 8 months of 1928 and 1927 were those for the month of July 1928 and 1927. See V. 127, p. 1401.

Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc.—Acquires Control of Stanely Co. of America.—It was announced Sept. 12 that the company has acquired control of the Stanley Co. of America.

Following board meetings of Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc., and Stanley Co. of America, H. M. Warner and Irving D. Rossheim, Presidents, respectively, of Warner Bros. and Stanley Co., announced that the former company would make the following offer to stockholders of Stanley Co. make the following offer to stockholders of Stanley Co.:

Make the following offer to stockholders of Stanley Co.:

Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc., will offer to each holder of common stock of Stanley Co. of America, for 80% of his holdings, one share of a new preferred stock, convertible for two years into Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc., common stock, in the ratio of \$55 a share for the Stanley stock and \$125 a share for the Warner Bros. common stock, plus one-tenth of a share of Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc., common stock. For the remaining 20% of the holdings of each stockholder of Stanley Co. of America, Warner Bros. will pay \$57.50 a share in cash. The offer of Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc., is subject to appropriate action of a meeting of stockholders of Warner Bros. Pictures, inc., to be called later.

The large stockholders of the Stanley Co. have already agreed to the change on that basis and the offer is being transmitted to all other stockholders with recommendation of the Stanley Board that it be accepted. The date of acceptance will be announced later.

No Immediate Prospects of Warner Bros.-Keith-Albee-Orpheum Merger.—H. M. Warner, President, issued the following statement concerning widespread rumors of acquisition of theatres singly and in chain:

In particular with reference to the statement that Warner Bros. are about to take over the Keith-Albee-Orpheum chain of theatres at this time there is no immediate prospect of such a deal being consummated We are, of course, as a developing firm, seeking an outlet for Vitaphone and Warner Bros. pictures, always ready to consider any proposition which would broaden our selling strength. That does ont mean that Warner Bros. are indiscriminately going to buy theatres singly or in chain. When negotiations of importance have reached the stage where facts can be given, it will be our pleasure to communicate them to the newspapers and the

To Retire Class A Stock no Dec. 1 Next .-

The corporation has called the redemption on Dec. 1 1928, its entire outstanding class A stock. The stock will be redeemed on and after that date upon presentation at the New York Trust Co. at \$17 a share plus unpaid and accumulated or accrued divideds, amounting in all to \$21.50 a share. On and after the redemption date, all dividends on the class A stock will cease to accrue.

The rights of holders of class A stock to convert their shares into common stock of the corporation shall also cease at the close of business on Dec. 1 1928. Prior to that time, the holders may convert their class A shares into common stock, share for share, upon surrendering them at the New York Trust Co.—V. 127, p. 1267.

Wolthausen Hat Corp., Ltd.—Annual Report.—

Years End. May 31-	1928.	1927.
Gross profits	\$254.922	\$212,445
Expenses, including depreciation	163.562	143,777
Bond interest	14,000	27.749
Other interest	14.808	21,140
Bond discount	1.500	
Reorganization expenses	581	581
Provision for income tax		2.666
The state of the s	3,242	
Provision for sinking fund	6.000	6.000
Income tax adjustment	198	
Net profits	\$51.031	\$31.672
Preferred dividends	14.000	14.000
Charles adjustment		
Special adjustment	Dr.170	
Balance, surplus	826 081	\$17,672
-V. 117, p. 1249.	\$ 36,8 61	\$17,072

White Eagle Oil & Refining Co.—Larger Dividend.—
The directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 50c. a share on the outstanding 490,000 shares of capital stock, no par value, payable Oct. 20 to holders of record Sept. 28. This restores the stock to a \$2 annual dividend basis and compares with dividends of 25c. a share in each of the preceding.—V. 127, p. 970.

Willow Brook Dairy Co.—Earnings.—
The company, for the 12 months ended May 31 1928, reports net earnings after all charges except interest and Federal income taxes, of \$190,222, or 3.17 times interest requirements. This compares with an annual rate of 2¼ times interest requirements indicated in the report for the 9 months ended Feb. 29 1928.

The balance sheet of the company reflects a strong current position of 4.1 to 1 with cash in excess of twice total current liabilities.—V. 126, p. 3946.

Worth, Inc. (Md.).—Sales.— 1928—August—1927. \$240.001 \$268,602 \$28,601 \$2,313,468 \$2,060,489 -V. 127. p. 970. *252,979

Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co.—Listing.— The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$75,000,000 1st mtge. sinking fund 5% gold bonds, Series A, due Jan. 1 1978.—V. 127 p. 1268. 839.

Yukon Gold Co.	-Annual	Report.		
Years End. Dec. 31— Operating profit Other income	1927. \$825,180 118,653	1925. \$364,560 144,361	1925. \$758,995 106,330	1924. \$405,340 105,923
Total income Taxes, interest, &c. Depletion Depreciation Miscellaneous	\$943,833 324,408 53,460 208,135 22,960	\$508,921 345,830 40,025 155,018 22,069	\$865,325 334,659 100,546 275,532	\$511,263 474,271 30,596 183,343
Loss on sale of assets	22,500	×517,749	y615,001	

Net loss _____profit\$334,870 \$571,771 \$460,413 \$176,9 x Loss on sale of Dawson assets. y Loss on sale of Trinity River Dreamd loss due to abandonment of Trinity River lease.—V. 125, p. 1854.

CURRENT NOTICES.

-John S. Young, who has been associated with Frick-Martin & Co. of Los Angeles for many years, and Fred L. Clarke, formerly with the California Securities Co., the investment arm of the California Bank, have organized an investment securities firm to be known as Young-Clarke & Co., and have taken over the stock brokerage business of Buford Graves Co. Their offices are located at 650 So. Spring St., Los Angeles. George A. Rathburn, who for many years has been general agent for the Equitable Life Assurance Co. of New York for Southern California, and Cecil Frankel, who is equally well known along Spring Street, will be associated with the firm as directors.

—Charles N. Cox has been appointed Vice-President in charge of the New York sales of Wilfred E. Boughton & Co., Inc., according to an-nouncement of the company from its offices at 43 Exchange Place, New York. The firm has recently been organized with a home office in New York and branches in Newark, Hartford, Paterson and Trenton, and foreign offices in Paris, Vienna and Berlin. Prior to his connection with the Boughton corporation Mr. Cox has been identified with the Investment Trust of New York, Fred F. French Co. and Tide Water Oil Sales Corp. He is a graduate of Emory and Henry College, Emory, Va., and Columbia University.

—Rudolph Guenther-Russell Law, Incorporated, announces that William J. Doherty, who is widely known in the advertising profession in the Middle West, has become associated with the agency's Chicago office, which now provides a complete advertising service, including planning, research and copy. The Chicago branch of the agency recently moved to new quarters at 120 South La Salle Street.

—Wade Brothers & Co., 55 Broadway, New York, who recently announced the addition of a silk trading department are distributing an eight-page circular on the silk exchange and its relation to the industry.

A. R. Mathias & Co., Chicago, announce the opening of their offices at Suite 839, Bankers Bldg., for the conducting of an investment securities business dealing in stocks, bonds, grain and cotton.

-A. D. Mendes & Co., 43 Exchange Place, N. Y. City, announce that Thomas Carney and F. H. Moody have become associated with them in their sales department.

—Analyses on Kroger Grocery, U. S. Steel and Reynolds Tobacco "B' are included in Orton, Kent & Co.'s (60 Broad St., N. Y. City) market let-

—Palmer & Co., members N. Y. Stock Exchange, announce the opening of a branch office at 349 East 149th St., N. Y. City, in charge of Robert

—Richard A. Cunningham, formerly of Bauer, Pogue, Pond & Vivian, has joined the sales organization of C. A. Preim & Co., 15 Broad St.,

-Bond & Goodwin announce that Robert C. Goupp is now their representative in Buffalo and Rochester, with headquarters at 51 Shoshone Ave.,

-Morey, Guibord & Co., Inc., 52 Cedar St., New York, have prepared for distribution a circular on American Natural Gas Corp. common stock.

-C. L. Schmidt & Co., Inc., Chicago announce that Varnum S. Evans is now associated with them in charge of their unlisted trading department.

-Gurnett & Co., members New York Stock Exchange, 39 Broadway; New York, have prepared an analysis on First National Stores, Inc.

—Stanley A. Trinner, formerly of Bertram A. Unger & Co., is now associated with the trading department of Salmon, Wood & Co., Inc. -Hoit, Rose & Troster, 74 Trinity Place, New York, have issued a statis-

tical and quotation bulletin of active over-the-counter securities. -Stone & Webster and Blodget announce the opening of an Albany,

N. Y., office under the man -Curtis & Sanger, 49 Wall St., N. Y. City, have issued their weekly quotation pamphlet of bank and insurance company stocks.

James M. Charles has become associated with Reinhart & Bennet, 52 Broadway, New York, in their investment department.

-F. W. Tracy of F. W. Tracy & Co., investment brokers, Chicago, has returned from a three months' business trip to Europe. -Monroe, Saffin & Davis, 39 Broadway, N. Y. City, have prepared a

descriptive circular on Davega, Inc., common stock. -William T. McIntire, partner of Dominick & Dominick, has been elected a Director of the National Cash Register Co.

The Commercial Markets and the Crops

COTTON-SUGAR-COFFEE-GRAIN-PROVISIONS

PETROLEUM-RUBBER-HIDES-METALS-DRY GOODS-WOOL-ETC.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME

The introductory remarks formerly appearing here will now b. found in an earlier part of the paper immediately following the editorial matter, in a department headed "INDICATIONS OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY."

Friday Night, Sept. 14 1928. COFFEE on the spot was in rather better demand and firmer. On the 10th inst. early cost and freight offers were in small supply at about unchanged prices. For prompt shipment Santos Bourbon 2-3s, 24e.; 3-4s, 23.10 to 23½c.; 3-5s at 22.60 to 23c.; 4-5s at 22½ to 22¾c.; 5s at 22½c.; 5-6s at 22½c.; 7-8s at 20.35c.; part Bourbon 2s at 24½c.; 2-3s at 24½c.; 3-5s at 22.60 to 22¾c.; 4-5s at 22.10c.; 6s at 22c.; Santos, peaberry 4s at 22.35c. Rio 7-8s for prompt shipment were here at 17c. and Victoria 7-8s at 16½c. One comment was: "All reports from Brazil to date with regard to the growing crop have been most favorable. The change of moon has passed without any frost and the only possible On the 10th inst. early cost and freight offers were of moon has passed without any frost and the only possible damage to the crop now would be from drought or unusually cold winds. This means that the crop will be large and as stocks in Brazil are very heavy, the depression in the markets is not unwarranted. Santos also, through her efforts to sell both actuals and futures here, has added at times to the casier tone. On the other hand, the season of heavy coneasier tone. On the other hand, the season of heavy consumption is near at hand and so far the trade has made no provision for it. Therefore, Brazil is still in a fairly good position to maintain high prices."

On the 11th inst. early cost and freight offers from Santos On the 11th inst. early cost and freight offers from Santos were practically unchanged. For prompt shipment Santos Bourbon 2-3s were quoted at 24c.; 3s at 23½ to 23.85c.; 3-4s at 23.05c.; 3-5s at 22.55 to 22.85c.; 4-5s at 22.35 to 22¾c.; 5s at 22.35 to 22.40c.; 5-6s at 22.15 to 22½c.; 5s at 21.70c.; 6-7s at 20.90 to 21.20c.; 7-8s at 18¼ to 19.15c.; part Bourbon 2s at 24½c.; 2-3s (old crop) at 23.85 to 25.05c. On the 12th inst. cost and freight offers from Brazil were about unchanged. On the 13th inst. there was practically no change in the early cost and freight offers from Santos, those for prompt shipment consisting of Bourbon 2-3s at no enange in the early cost and freight offers from Santos, those for prompt shipment consisting of Bourbon 2-3s at 24½c.; 3s at 23½c.; 3-4s at 23.40c.; 4-5s at 22½ to 22¾c.; 5s at 22¼ to 22½c.; 5-6s at 22c.; 6s at 21¼ to 21.80c.; 6-7s at 21 to 21.40c.; 7-8s grinders at 18¼ to 19¼c.; part Bourbon 2-3s at 24½c.; 4-5s at 22.40c.; 3-5s at 22¾ to 23c.; 6s at 22c. The only offers of Rios for prompt shipment were of 7-8s at 17.30c., a decline of 10 points. Rio 7s were offered firm for October-December shipment equal to 17¼c. Victoria 7-8s for prompt shipment were unchanged at 16.30 Victoria 7-8s for prompt shipment were unchanged at 16.30

Victoria 7-8s for prompt shipment were unchanged at 16.30 to 16.80c. and 8s at 16.10c.

Later the spot demand continued to improve though no large lots were taken. Buyers wanted prompt deliveries. Quotations were 23½ to 23¾c. for Santos 4s, 17½c. for Rio 7s, and 16½c. for Victoria 7-8s. The "Los Angeles" has landed 4,000 bags of Brazilian coffee at Baltimore and at Philadelphia the "West Selene" has landed 1,500 bags, all of which is deliverable immediately for consumption. Arrivals of mild coffeee in the United States since Sept. 1st were 41,882 bags; deliveries, 29,487 bags; stock in United States on Sept. 11th, 378,288 bags, against 365,893 bags last week and 239,482 bags for the corresponding week last year. The West Notus has landed 19,300 bags of Brazilian soffee at San Francisco which is resign directly into coffee at San Francisco which is going directly into consumption. Futures on the 11th inst. closed at a rise of 5 to 8 points on Rio and 4 to 15 on Santos with Brazilian markets firmer and offerings here small. Rio cables were higher. Brazil was inclined to support December Santos. Santos cabled that the Defense Committee late last week bought 19,000 bags on the Santos Exchange and that this support lead to an expectation among some of a stronger

market with an early advance.

It is considered suggestive that coffee growers in Brazil should be arranging for a meeting at Sao Paulo to discuss price defense and control. The Brazilian Coffee Farmers are now declared by some to be confronted with a situation similar to that of rubber producers before prices crashed. The coffee growers, some think, should keep an eye on Central America. The restriction of receipts of crops which resture at the same time, it is urged, is defensible, but not mature at the same time, it is urged, is defensible, but not the artificial support of prices by authorities entering the market as buyers. The law of supply and demand should market as buyers. The law of supply and demand should be dominant. Holding up of prices artificially is contrary to economic principles, and in the end generally brings disaster. Some declare that the trend of prices appears to be towards a somewhat higher level in view of the strength of the primary markets, the increasing demand for actual coffee as the period of heaviest consumption approaches and reports that 1929-30 Santos crop prospects are unfavorable from continued drought.

Futures on the 13th inst. closed 2 points lower to 5 points higher on Santos with sales of 17,250 bags and 4 to 6 lower on Rio with sales of 20,500 bags. Today Rio futures closed unchanged to 14 points lower with sales of 7,000 and Santos

was 14 points lower to 5 points higher with sales of 5,000 bags. Final prices show an advance for the week of 22 to 37 points on Rio and 24 to 35 points on Santos.

Santos coffee prices closed as follows:

Sept _____22.30@ ____ | March ___21.40@21.43 | July _____20.86@nom.
Dec ____21.84@ ___ | May ____21.16@ ____ |

Rio coffee prices closed as follows: Spot.____17.50@ ___|Dec ____16.08@16.10|May ____15.41@15.42 Sept.____16.20@ ___|March ___15.60@ ___|July ____15.12@nom.

SUGAR.—Cuban raws were steadier on the 11th inst. at 2 3-16c. c. & f., with 3.96c. delivered, with 21/8c. bid c. & f. and 3.89c. delivered. Cuban sold for Oct. shipment at 2 3-16c. c. & f. London sold raw at 10s. 9d. c.i.f. At a at 2 3-16c. c. & f. London sold raw at 10s. 9d. c.i.f. At a decline on the 10th inst. British refined was in much better demand. A cargo of Cuba for Sept. shipment is said to have sold at 2 3-16c. and Europe was believed to have bought another Sept. cargo at 10s. 9d. c.i.f., equal to 2.13c. f.o.b., or fully 2½c. c. & f. New York. Resale granulated here was offered on the 11th at 5.52½c.; regular, 5.65c., with withdrawals smaller. On the 11th inst. futures advanced 2 to 5 points, the latter on Sept., in which, however, there was no further trading. Dec. shorts covered more freely. Back of all this were press reports that President Machado had declared that the next Cuba crop would be less than 5,000,000 tons, though there would be no restriction on planting, cutting, grinding and marketing of the crop. The apparent removal of the restrictions on the present Cuban crop and the general belief that there will be no restrictions next year clearly account for the recent decline of prices. General selling by producers of new crop sugars has also hastened the decline, though this condition may right itself shortly at or around present levels. condition may right itself shortly at or around present levels.

A cargo of 2,000 tons Cuba for October loading was sold on the 12th inst. to an operator at 2.16c. f.o.b., fully equal to 2½c. e.&f. New York. It was resold to Europe at a price not named. Since the 300,000 tons of Cuba were sold to Tate Lyle in July it is said between 65,000 and 75,000 tons additional have been sold away from the United States at prices above the New York parity. Two cargoes of Cuba sold at 27-32c., one cargo Porto Ricos at 3.98 and 5,000 tons Philippines to National at 3.99c.; one cargo of Cuba at 2.7.32c. and 7.000 tons Cuba to Canada at 2.12 f.c.h. and 2 7-32c. and 7,000 tons Cuba to Canada at 2.12 f.o.b. and one cargo Cuba to France at 11s. or about 2 5-16c. c.&f. New York. On the 13th inst. 10,000 tons were delivered on contract. New York advanced 2 points on some months

on contract. New York advanced 2 points on some months on buying by local and Cuban interests.

Santa Clara Sugar Producers' Association states that Cuba grinding all of its cane will not produce more than 4,700,000 tons next year. These statements were in response to the publication by Cuba newspapers of a prediction made by Royal S. Mead of the Domestic Sugar Growers' Association at Washington that the Cuban production in Association at Washington that the Cuban production in 1929 will amount to 6,000,000 tons. Some remarked that although they do not expect to see a crop over 5,000,000 tons, a crop of 4,750,000 tons would not be surprising. tons, a crop of 4,750,000 tons would not be surprising. This, plus the increase in other sugar exporting countries, they think, should equal and probably surpass the largest world crop on record and they find it rather difficult to be bullish for the next year. Receipts at Cuban ports for the week were 40,325 tons, against 42,673 in the same week last year; exports, 96,195, against 70,111 in the same week last year; stock (consumption deducted), 771,469 tons, against 756,279 last year; centrals grinding, none. Of the exports, 51,804 went to Atlantic ports, 16,087 to New Orleans, 3,716 to interior United States, 12,118 to Galveston, 66 to South America, 9.854 to Europe, and 2,550 to Canada.

Orleans, 3,716 to interior United States, 12,118 to Galveston, 66 to South America, 9,854 to Europe, and 2,550 to Canada. Old erop (1926-27) stock, 1,046 tons.

Receipts at United States Atlantic ports for the week were 48,421 tons against 53,510 in previous week, and 56,544 last year; meltings 60,000 against 59,000 in previous week and 56,000 last year; importers' stocks 276,318 tons against 279,318 in previous week, 141,977 last year; refiners' stocks 92,404 against 100,983 last week and 62,427 last year; total stocks 368,722 against 380,301 in previous week and 204,404 last year. The Department of Agriculture puts the acreage planted to beets on Sept. 1 at 629,000 acres or 87.2% of 1927. The condition of Sept. 1 was placed at 85.7% against 87.2% at the same time last year and the ten-year average 1927. The condition of Sept. 1 was placed at 85.7% against 87.2% at the same time last year and the ten-year average of 85.9%. The total production of Sept. 1 1928 was placed at 6,380,000 against 7,750,000 harvested in 1927 and a five-year average of 7,360,000. Yield per acre 10.1% against 10.8% in 1927 and a five-year average of 10.3%. The Sugar Institute, Inc., put the total melting of fifteen The Sugar Institute, Inc., put the total melting of litteen United States refiners from Jan. 1 up to and including the week ending Sept. 1 this year at 6,923,128,894 lbs. against 7,914,172,409 lbs. for the same period last year.

Some say that a very considerable amount of sugar recently taken on September contracts was for European interests. The impression seems to prevail that instead of shipping sugar out of warshouse in New York to European refiners.

sugar out of warehouse in New York to European refiners

the sugar is to remain in warehouse here, and these concontracts will be replaced with sugar from Cuba. Private London cables were not illuminating on the reported controversy over the contract for 300,000 tons recently sold to Tate-Lyle by an operator through the Cuban Sugar Defense Committee. The latter is said to have declared that the matter is entirely out of its hands and it is therefore unlikely to take any steps in connection with it, and the disput it is believed will be amicably settled and that the matter has ceased to be a possible market factor. Refined was 5,65c. with good withdrawals. Resale was scarce. Trade later was dull. The Planters Association estimate of a maximum production of 4,700,000 tons for the next crop, had a strengthening effect. Some think it is too early to estimate as rains have been plentiful this summer and, until October rains are over, the maximum cannot be fairly judged. Prices had a continuous decline since August 16th amounting to from 20 to 34 points without a substantial reaction. It is

On the 11th inst. private cables from London reported sales of parcels of centrifugals at 10s. 9d. c.i.f. According to some of the advices, it is a trading market at 10s. 9d. A very good demand for British refined was reported at the decline. On the 11th inst. 5,550 tons of raw sugar were delivered on contract. On the 13th inst. the tone was better and sales were made of duty frees in very prompt positions at 3.99c. delivered, equal to 27-32c. c.&f. A cargo of Porto Ricos due next Tuesday was sold and the whole or part of 4,400 tons of Philippines due the 25th was taken by a refiner. Futures on the 13th inst. were 2 to 7 points higher, the latter on September, in which, however, there was no trading. The Porto Rico cyclone at 132 miles an hour headed apparently for Cuba had some effect; also buying by Europe and Canada. British and Continental interests were more inclined to buy Cuban for shipment. About 2,000 tons Cuba for October loading sold at 2.16c. f.o.b., equal to about 2.28c. c.&f., and later resold to Europe at a price equal to about 2.17c. f.o.b. A sale of Cuba for prompt loading was made to France at 11s. c.i.f., which means about 2.30c. c.&f. New York, or 2.18c. f.o.b. Refined was quiet at 2.65c. on new orders, but withdrawals were good. London cabled to-day that sales of parcels of January Cubas were made at 11s. 3/d. Parcels of Perus were on offer at 10s. 101/2d. with possible buyers of cargo lots at that price. To-day prompt Cuban raws were quiet at 21/4c. Futures ended 2 to 3 points lower for the day. Final prices are unchanged to 5 points higher than a week ago.

Spot unofficial ___ 2 7-32 | January ___ __ 2.21 @ ___ | July ___ __ 2.37 @ 2.38 | September __ 2.10@ nom | March ____ 2.23 @ ___ | May ____ 2.30 @ ___ |

LARD on the spot was firm with prime Western up to 13.45 to 13.55c. in tierces c.a.f. New York; later 13.35 to 13.45c. Refined Continent rose to 14c. delivered New York; South America, 15c. and Brazil in kegs, 16c. On the 13th prime Western was 13.45 to 13.55c.; refined unchanged. Futures on the 8th inst. declined 15 to 17 points, with grain lower and demand light, but at one time prices were 2 to 10 points higher, ending, however, at a net decline of 5 to 15 points on Jan. and Dec., respectively. In Liverpool, lard was 3 to 9d. higher. Deliveres on Sept. contracts at Chicago were 50,000 lbs. and 200,000 lbs. of bellies. Bellies were 5 points higher in a small market for Oct. at 16.40c. Hog receipts at Western points were 23,000, against 21,000 a year ago. Receipts at Chicago for Monday were unofficially estimated at 35,000 and 98,000 for the entire West. Top for hogs, \$13.20.

On the 11th inst. fatures were irregular, declining 2 to 3 points early but rallying later with corn and closing un-

On the 11th inst. fatures were irregular, declining 2 to 3 points early but rallying later with corn and closing unchanged to 5 points higher. Hogs were firm with receipts at Chicago of only 19,000 and the top \$13.30. Total Western receipts are 79,900 against 77,200 a year ago. Futures on the 13th fell 10 to 13 points early closing unchanged to 5 lower except on October which advanced 3 points. Moderate selling by packers offset higher corn and hog prices. There were deliveries of 300,000 lbs. of lard and 50,000 of bellies. Total Western hog receipts were 61,200 against 67,700 a week ago and 70,900 last year. Top was \$13.50. Today futures closed practically unchanged. Hogs were firm with a light movement. Meats were strong and had some effect. Chicago expects a decrease of 15,000,000 lbs. in lard stocks the first half of September. New York shipped 173,000 lbs. yesterday. Western receipts of hogs were 51,000 against 54,000 last year. Chicago expects 3,000 tomorrow. Final prices for the week are unchanged to 5 points lower the latter on December.

 DAILY CLOSING PRICES
 OF LARD FUTURES
 IN CHICAGO.

 Sat.
 Mon.
 Tues.
 Wed.
 Thurs.
 Fri.

 September
 12.80
 12.80
 12.80
 12.80
 12.80
 12.80
 12.80
 12.80
 12.80
 12.80
 13.05
 13.05
 13.05
 13.02
 13.17
 13.15-17

PORK quiet; mess, \$33.50; family, \$36; fat back, \$28 to \$31. Ribs, Chicago, eash, 14.75c. basis of 50 to 60 lbs. average. Beef was steady; mess, \$24; packet, \$25; family, \$26 to \$28; extra India mess, \$40 to \$42; No. 1 canned corned beef, \$3.10; No. 2 6 pounds, South America, \$16.75; pickled tongues, \$75 to \$80 per barrel. Cut meats quiet; pickled hams, 10 to 20 lbs., 22½ to 22¾c.; pickled bellies, clear, 6 to 12 lbs., 21¼c.; bellies, clear dry, salted, boxed, 18 to 20 lbs., 18½ to 18¼c.; 14 to 16 lbs., 18½c. Butter, lower grades to high scoring, 43 to 50c. Cheese, 24 to 27c. Eggs, medium to extras, 30½ to 41c.

OILS.—Linseed recently was in better demand. Raw oil in carlots was quoted at 9.6c.; tank cars at 8.8c. and single barrel lots at 10.5c. Jobbers are more inclined to purchase ahead. Contract withdrawals were larger owing to the better tone of the market. Cocoanut, Manila coast tanks, 7¾c.; spot N. Y. tanks, 8½ to 8½c. Corn, crude, bbls., 10¾ to 11c.; tanks, f. o. b. mill, 8½c. Olive, Den. \$1.35 to \$1.50. Chinawood, N. Y. drums, carlots, spot, 14¾c.; Pacific Coast tanks September, 13¾c. Soya bean, bbls., N. Y., 12¾c. Edible—Corn, 100-bbl. lots, 12c.; olive, 2.15 to 2.30; lard, prime, 16¼c.; extra strained winter, N. Y., 13¼c. Cod, Newfoundland, 68c. Turpentine, 51¼@ 56¼. Rosin, 9.40@10.75. The Census Bureau report for August stated the cottonseed oil consumption as 297,152 lbs. against 266,067 in July and 340,279 in August last year. The visible supply is 706,911 bbls., against 895,373 bbls. on Aug. 31st last year. Cottonseed oil sales to-day including switches 8,200 bbls. P. Crude S. E. 8c. S. & B. Prices closed as follows:

 Spot
 9.75@10.50 | Nov
 9.65@9.75 | Feb
 9.73@9.85

 Sept
 9.75@10.00 | Dec
 9.67@
 | March
 9.89@

 Oct
 9.85@9.90 | Jan
 9.73@9.75 | April
 9.90@9.98

PETROLEUM.—Gasoline buying was quite active at firm prices. Refiners were selling September at 11¾c. refinery and 12¾c. in tank cars delivered to nearby trade. Consumption is heavy. Bunker oil is in a stronger position. All big refiners quoted \$1.05 for grade "C" at refineries and \$1.10 f.a.s. New York Harbor. Diesel oil was in only fair demand but steady at \$2 refineries. Gas oil was slightly more active and steady. Kerosene was firmer. Consumption is increasing and production is small. Stocks on hand are light. Consumers are buying quite freely to fill fall and winter requirements. Water white was quoted at 8½c. refinery and 9½c. in tank cars delivered to nearby trade.

[Tables of prices usually appearing here will be found on an earlier page in our department of "Business Indications," in an article entitled "Petroleum and Its Products."]

RUBBER on the 10th inst. fell 10 to 20 points. Spot ambers were scarce, but that for the time was a side issue. London declined 1-16 to ½d. on the 10th despite a reduction in the supply there of 456 tons. Singapore was firmer. The sales here were 497 lots of futures or 1,242 tons. Here on the 10th the closing was at 17.60 to 17.70c. for Sept., 17.80 to 17.90c. for Dec., 17.80 to 17.90c. for Jan., 18.10 to 18.20c. for July, and 18.20c. for Aug. Spot price, 17.70c. Trading in BB contracts continued inactive. New York on the 11th inst. advanced 10 to 20 points, after an early decline of that much. New York followed the London rally. Akron was buying more freely in the outside market. The sales of futures were only 397 lots. New York closed on the 11th inst. with Sept., 17.80 to 17.90c.; Dec., 18 to 18.10c.; Jan., 18c. In the BB contracts July sold at 17.20c., an advance of 20 points. This was the only sale. Closing prices: Sept., 17.90c.; Oct. and Dec., 17.20c., other deliveries, 16.80c. nominal. Outside prices: Smoked sheets, spot and Sept., 18 to 18½c.; Oct.-Dec. and Jan. March, 18 to 18½c. Spot, first latex crepe, 19 to 19½c.; clean, thin, brown crepe, 17¼ to 17½c. Nov.-Dec. delivery; rolled brown crepe, 16¾ to 17c.; No. 2 amber, 17½ to 17¼c. Nov.-Dec.; Paras, upriver, fine spot, 20 to 20¼c.; coarse, 13 to 13½c.; Acre, fine, spot, 20½ to 20¾c.; Brazil, washed, dried, fine, 26½c.; Caucho Ball-Upper, 12¾ to 13¼c. London closed on the 11th inst. unchanged to 1-16d. higher; spot and Sept., 8¾d.; Oct., 8 7-16d. Singapore ended on the 11th inst. with Sept., 8 5-16d.; Oct.-Dec. 8 3-16d.

August consumption broke all records. It was 42 925.

August consumption broke all records. It was 42,925 tons, exceeding that of the former peak in June by 5,249 tons. It exceeded the August total of last year by 9,465 tons. For eight months the total is 291,597, an increase of 27,169 tons. On the 13th inst. the prices advanced for a time on the consumption statement about 30 to 40 points. Then it got a check from realizing, and the ending was actually unchanged to 10 points lower for the day. October 18.30c. here; December 18.40c.; January 18.30c.; March 18.40c.; Ribbed smoked; outside spot and September, 18¾ to 18½c.; October-December, 18½ to 18½c. London advanced ½ to 3-16d. but reacted later on the 13th inst.; spot and September, 8 11-16d. The Rubber Association of America's monthly report follows: Consumption August 1928, 42,926 against 37,032 in July and 33,460 tons in August last year; stocks on hand 68,984 against 83,240 in July and 96,148 last year; stocks afloat 51,880 tons against 40,189 in July and 40,937 last year; arrivals 29,805 against 33,382 in July and 33,068 in August last year.

in August last year.

The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce in Washington says: "In recent months the question has arisen as to whether statistics which have been regularly published while restriction was in effect would be continued after Nov. 1 1928. At the June meeting of the Federal Council, Federated Malay States, Mr. Egmont Hake spoke on the desirability of accurate statistics of areas planted to rubber in Malaya both to the rubber trade and to the local government, and, while admitting that a field inspection would be necessary to secure accurate reports from small holders, he felt it would be less expensive than generally supposed." To-day New York ended 10 to 20 points lower on disappointing cables and the expectations of a small increase in the stocks on Monday, say, 500 tons. London closed easy

at declines of 1-16d. with spot-September and October at 85%d.; November, 83/4d.; January-March, 9d. Singapore closed steady; No. 3 amber crepe spot, 7 15-16d., a net decline of 1-16d. Here closing prices were 18.10c. for September, 18.20c. for October, 18.30c. for December, 18.20c. for January, 18.30c. for March and 18.50c. for May. Final prices show an advance for the week of 10 to 20 points.

HIDES.—City packer was rather quiet but steady. Country hides improved a little Common dry was steady. Cucutas, 35c.; Orinocos, 34c.; Maracaibo, 33c.; Central America, 33½c.; La Guayra, 33c.; Savanillas, 33c.; Santa Marta, 34c.; Packer, native steers, 24½c.; butt brands, 23c.; Colorados, 22½c.; Frigorifico steers c. & f. N. Y., 23½ to 23½c. Later Russian buyers were said to have taken 20,000 Argentine steers and United States buyers took 17,000 at \$50.75 a decline of 3½c. to ½c. from the last previous business. City packer showed little change.

OCEAN FREIGHTS have been quiet but steady, with open tonnage for this month reported scarce. Later business was extremely quiet.

Was extremely quiet.

CHARTERS included grain Montreal Oct. 25-Nov. 15 to Adriatic 19½, and 20c.; same. Oct. 1-20, A. R., 13c.; full barley 1c. more; 33,000 qrs. same, Sept. 28-Oct. 10, Mediterranean, including Spain, 17c., 17½c. and 18c.; wheat, Vancouver to Lisbon, 31s. 3d., Nov. 1-15: Vancouver to Hamburg, 29s.; option Rotterdam or Antwerp, 28s. 6d., Nov.; Portland or Vancouver to U. K. or Continent, 30s., Oct.; lumber, North Pacific to north of Hatteras, \$14: grain, Montreal to Mediterranean, including Spain, 17½c., Oct. 15-31; 21,000 qrs. Montreal to three ports Sweden and (or) Denmark, 21½c., late Oct.-early Nov.; 33,000 qrs. Montreal, Lisbon-Leixoes, 17c. Sept. 27-Oct. 15; Montreal, Oct. 28-Nov. 15, to three ports Sweden, 21½c.; 35,000 qrs. same, Oct. 8-20, to Alicante, 18c.; 35,000 qrs. same, Nov. 3-20, Antwerp or Rotterdam, 15c.; Hamburg or Bremen, 16c.; 29,000 qrs., Montreal Sept. 17-29 to Lisbon-Leixoes, 17c. and 18c.; 37,000 qrs. Montreal 1-20 to A. R., 15½c.; one-half barley or oats, 1c. and 2c. more; 23,000 qrs. Montreal to London, 2s. 10½d., Sept. 20-Oct. 10; Montreal, first half Oct., Greece, 4s.; sugar, Cuba first half Oct., U. K.-Continent, 16s. 6d.; trip across, Mariners Harbor, South Atlantic, prompt, \$2; trip across, Achilles, prompt South Atlantic, U. K.-Continent, \$2.

COAL—At the West prices were higher. Chicago quoted smokeless lump, egg and stove sizes higher, the run of mine market firm and unchanged and the sales mounting. Hampton Roads, Charleston and New York were firmer. Loadings at all three are expected to increase shortly. Pittsburgh was unchanged and has a better business. Welsh coal prices have risen in some cases 6d. A cargo of 3,500 tons sold of Swansea coal to Montreal and Three Rivers, one of which will pay 7s. 6d. for a September consignment. Hard coal output in the week ended Sept. 1 increased to 1,807,000 tons or to about year-ago tonnage. Bituminous coal was steady and for anthracite the demand was better.

TOBACCO has been in rather better demand and the tone in the trade is more cheerful. The crop is good. Wisconsin is stressed as a State with a large yield, but packers are doing little there, awaiting the harvest. The sales of Sumatra and Porto Rico are reported satisfactory. In Georgia's 22 markets the sales in the first five weeks of the new season have exceeded the first-hand sales for the corresponding period of 1927 by more than 25,000,000 pounds. The aggregate receipts, it is true, are smaller than those of a year ago, according to the Statistical Division of the Department of Agriculture. The sale of 10,285,948 pounds of leaf for \$982,673.19, at an average price of 9.56c. last week brought the 1928 return to \$10,911,817.59.

COPPER selling was brisk. October delivery is about 80% sold at the present time, and it is estimated that if sales continue at their present rate for another week or ten days November will be just as completely sold up. Copper statistics to be published to-day are expected to show little change in surplus stocks of refined metal. Shipments for August are expected to make a new high record. Yet stocks of producing companies are increasing. The Lake district reports much activity. Shipments by Calumet & Hecla last month were 6,016,000 lbs.; Copper Range shipped 2,898,000 lbs. And large tonnages were sent by rail to the Middle West. Domestic sales are better than those for foreign account. In London on the 11th inst. standard copper fell 1s. 3d. to £62 15s. for spot and £63 5s. for futures; sales 100 tons spot and 150 futures; electrolytic unchanged at £68 15s. for spot and £69 5s. for futures. On the 12th inst. prices in London advanced 1s. 3d. on standard to £62 16s. 3d for spot, and £63 6s. 3d. for futures; sales 100 tons spot and 100 futures; electrolytic unchanged.
Surplus stocks are smaller. August shipments were the largest on record. Surplus stock of refined is 54,093 tons

Surplus stocks are smaller. August shipments were the largest on record. Surplus stock of refined is 54,093 tons against 93,654 a year ago; output in August 143,560 tons against 135,092 in July and 130,520 in August last year. Trade of late has been better than in ordinary years. Domestic business outruns export trade very plainly. London on the 13th was £62 16s. 3d. on the spot. Futures up 1s. 3d. to £63 7s. 6d.; sales, 50 tons spot and 150 futures. Electrolytic 5s up to £69 spot and £69 10s. for futures.

TIN was rather quiet most of the week but prices were steady. There was some improvement on the 12th inst, however, when 500 tons were sold here. Consumers were the largest buyers. Prices on that day were \(^3\%\)c. higher. Spot, \(^47\%\)c.; September, \(^47\%\)c.; October, \(^46\%\)c to \(^47c.; November, \(^46\%\)c. and December, \(^46\%\)c. In London on the 11th inst. spot standard dropped 5s to \(^2209\) 12s. 6d.; futures unchanged at \(^2208\) 5s.; sales 30 tons spot and 320 futures; Spot Straits declined 5s to \(^2213\) 2s. 6d.; Eastern c. i. f. London fell \(^215\) 1s. to \(^2211\) 10s. on sales of 150 tons; on the 12th inst. spot standard advanced \(^215\) to \(^2210\) 12s. 6d.; futures up \(^2210\) 1s.; sales 70 tons spot and

380 futures; Spot Straits advanced £1 to £214 2s. 6d.; Eastern c. i. f. London up 2s. 6d. to £211 12s. 6d.; sales 175 tons. Trade was good on the 12th inst. and more quiet on the 13th with sales at 47½ to 475% on the spot. September nominally, 47¼c. In London on the 13th inst. spot standard advanced £1 5s. to £211 17s. 6d.; futures up £1 2s. 6d. to £210 12s. 6d.; sales 50 tons spot and 250 futures. Straights advanced £1 5s. 2d. to £215 5s. 6d. Eastern C. I. F. London. £2 7s. 6d. to £214, with sales of 200 tons.

LEAD continued in good demand and firm at 6.40c. New York and 6.25c. East St. Louis. Most of the buying was for spot and September delivery. Lead ore was \$82.50 to \$85 per ton. In London on the 11th inst. spot rose 2s. 6d. to £22 5s.; futures up 3s. 9d. to £22; sales, 150 tons spot and 650 futures. On the 12th inst. London spot fell 2s. 6d. to £22 2s. 6d.; futures fell 3s. 9d. to £21 16s. 3d.; sales, 150 tons spot and 800 futures. Later trade improved slightly and prices were firm; East St. Louis 6.40c.; New York 6.25c. The supply is still light in the United Kingdom. In London on the 13th inst. prices advanced 1s. 3d. on futures to £21 17s. 6d.; spot, £22 2s. 6d.; sales, 300 tons spot and 300 futures.

ZINC was quiet but steady at 6.25c. East St. Louis. Stocks of slab zinc in the hands of producers of the United States increased 2,206 tons in August to 44,416 tons, according to the American Zinc Institute. Production was 52,157 tons and shipments 49,951. The average number of retorts at work for the month was 66,922 as contrasted with 66,428 at the close. Shipments from plants for export were 2,901 tons. In London on the 11th inst. spot advanced 1s. 3d. to £24 15s.; futures unchanged at £24 16s. 3d.; sales 75 tons spot and 125 futures. On the 12th inst. prices there declined 1s. 3d. on the spot to £24 13s. 9d.; futures unchanged; sales 200 tons spot and 200 futures. Ore production last week fell off 840 tons from the previous week and a reduction of twice that amount is looked for this week. The ore price was unchanged at \$40. Later prices were steady at 6.25c. for East St. Louis. London on the 13th inst. dropped 2s. 6d. on the spot to £24 11s. 3d.; futures are off 1s. 3d. to £24 15s.; sales 150 tons spot and 100 futures.

STEEL has been in moderate demand as a rule on new trading but specifications are large. Pittsburgh reports unfilled tonnages providing for 30 days output in some cases; not in all. Heavy melting steel scrap has sold more readily at \$16 to \$16.50 Pittsburgh. The rise in scrap plate all over the country is called significant. Finished steel products keep, it seems, to regular third quarter prices but in some quarters the higher figures for fourth quarter have had, it seems, to be shaded on such quotations for bars, shapes and plates as \$2 Pittsburgh in contrast with \$1.90 Pittsburgh the current price. Wire goods have been in fair demand and \$2.40 Pittsburgh for plain wire and \$2.55 Pittsburgh base for nails is generally adhered to. At Youngstown fourth quarter orders for sheets are accepted at \$2 under the nominal quotation. Current quarter quotations rule for the fourth quarter also. There seems to be no rubbing out that fact. Fair sales of sheets are being made of all kinds on this basis. The Central West reports improvement. The August pay rolls were the largest of any month this year. Tin plate business is falling off as is not unusual at this time. The present year, it is predicted in some quarters, will be the best in tin plate since the war. Unfilled orders of the United States Steel Corp. increased 53 116 tons during August, the total of 3.524 043 tons on the

53,116 tons during August, the total of 3,524,043 tons on the books at the end of the month comparing with 3,570,927 tons on July 31st, 3,637,009 tons on June 30th and 3,196,037 tons on Aug. 31, 1927. It is said that a tentative agreement has been reached between the United States and the Welsh tinplate makers with the object of doing away with detrimental competition in the export markets. It is asserted that the South Wales tinplate manufacturers will have 70% and the United States the remaining 30% of the world's export markets. Heavy melting steel scrap advanced at Pittsburgh 75c. a rise from the low of July of \$2.75. It advanced \$2 this week at Philadelphia; elsewhere 25 to 75c. Chicago's output of steel is 8%; Pittsburgh 80 to 85%; subsidiaries 75%.

PIG IRON has been in fair demand here for this time of year and the tendency seems to be towards greater steadiness. New York is said to have sold 15,000 tons last week and the trade in the Central West is understood to have continued to be brisk. Buffalo quotes \$16.50 to \$17, though it would appear from intimations that now and then \$16 is accepted as the bedrock price. The Valley prices, according to Pittsburgh advices, are \$16 for basic and \$17 for Bessemer. Foundry iron there is reported rather firmer at \$16.50 to \$17 Valley. Cleveland advanced 50c., now being quoted at \$18 for home delivery and \$17 outside. Later Valley prices were said to be 50c. higher on foundry and 25c. on basic. At Cleveland foundry and malleable are up 50c. for local delivery.

WOOL was quiet and steady. Total offerings to be made in the fifth series of Colonial wool auctions beginning in London on Tuesday, Sept. 18, will be 140,300 bales, comprising 64,550 Australian, 45,950 New Zealand, 6,700 Capes, 15,600 South America, 6,000 English and 1,500 sundries. According to present arrangements, the series will lose on Oct. 4. At Brisbane on Sept. 11 there was an average selec-

tion; demand good from French and German buyers for desirable staple. Japan, Yorkshire and Russia also bought. Prices were equal to those of the recent Sydney sales, but compared with June sales at Brisbane good wools were 7½ to 10% lower; average wools 10 to 15% and dusty inferior 15% lower, the coarser stock being iregular.

Medium wools were reported scarce and firmer. Later the demand was reported better in Boston. A Government report from there said: "Demand continues strongest on the 58s, 60s and lower qualities, which show strenghtening tendencies. Demand for 64s and finer wools is expanding with territory lines of this grade very firm. Fleece fine wools are a little more active than during the past few weeks at about 1c. lower than the recent nominal asking price. Several lots of good Ohio 64s and finer delaines have been turned over at 47 to 48c. in the grease. Some dealers are asking 56c. in the grease for Ohio 56s and 48s, 50s strictly combing wools." Philadelphia reports a better business. At Boston, Ohio and Pennsylvania fine delaine, 47c.; ½ blood, 50c.; ½ blood, 54c.; ¼ blood, 54 to 55c.; Territory, clean, basis, fine staple, 1.12; fine medium, French combing, 1.00 to 1.05; fine medium, clothing, 95 to 1.00; ½ blood staple, 1.08 to 1.10; ¾ blood staple, 1.08 to 1.10; ¾ blood, 98 to 1.00; Texas, clean basis, fine 12 months, 1.08 to 1.10; fine 8 months, 98 to 1.00; fall, 95 to 97c.; Pulled, scoured basis, A super, 1.05 to 1.10; B, 1.00 to 1.05; C, 85 to 90c.; Domestic mohair, original Texas, 65 to 70c. Australian, clean basis, in bond, 64-70s, combing super, 1.00 to 1.05; 64-70s, clothing, 90 to 92c.; 64s combing, 95 to 98c.; 58-60s, 88 to 90c.; 56s, 80 to 85c.

COTTON

Friday Night, Sept. 14 1928.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 242,040 bales, against 222,173 bales last week and 129,694 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since Aug. 1 1928 705,234 bales, against 1,198,347 bales for the same period of 1927, showing a decrease since Aug. 1 1928 of 493,113 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	9,730	19,364	28,029	9,843	12,928	13,022	
Texas City Houston	9.723	20,640	14.910	10.949	13.131	$\frac{1,460}{25,343}$	1,460 94.696
Corpus Christi	2,629	~===	5,833		3,857	11,303	23,622
New Orleans	$\frac{2,372}{172}$	2,855 66	$\frac{3.154}{295}$	4,134 186	2,683 187	2,155 436	17,353 1,342
Savannah	1,343	2,001	1.152	1.011	641	1.856	8.004
Charleston	353	287	493	142	315	339	1,929
Norfolk New York	226	42	300				526
Boston	****	25					42 25
Baltimore						125	125
Totals this week	26,548	45.280	54.166	26.265	33.742	59.039	242.040

The following table shows the week's total receipts, the total since Aug. 1 1928 and stocks to-night, compared with last year:

Receipts to	19	928.	19	927.	Stock.		
Sept. 14.	This Week.	Since Aug 1 1928.	This Week.	Since Aug 1 1927.	1928.	1927.	
Galveston	92,916				203.200	261.477	
Texas City	1.460	4,452	1.187	3.382	3.124	4.572	
Houston	94.696	281.864			263.679	402.214	
Corpus Christi	23,622		,	200,000	200,010	,	
Port Arthur, &c	20,022	550	24,403	88.143			
New Orleans	17,353	51,603	40.347		72,759	248.507	
Gulfport	11,000	01,000	40,047	100,940	12,109	248,007	
Mobile	1.342	2,376	14 100	20 705	77.053	00 475	
Pensacola	1,342	2,310	14,102	36,785	3,251	26,475	
Jacksonville					613	585	
Savannah	8,004	16,869	46,810	178,684	23,756	89,011	
Brunswick							
Charleston	1.929	5.274	14.859	40.054	15.194	30.868	
Lake Charles			,000	10,00-	522	00,000	
Wilmington		168	1.079	3.048	2.229	4.922	
Norfolk	526	2.674	1.062		15.888	20.182	
N'port News, &c.	020	2,014	1,002	0,121	10,000	20,102	
New York	42	282	146	705	30.074	210.145	
Boston	25	464			13.274		
Baltimore	105				2,070	6.172	
	125	1,389	1,219		886	654	
Philadelphia				55	4,429	7,136	
Totals.	242.040	705 234	310 045	1.198.347	894 974	1.312.920	

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we given below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at-	1928.	1927.	1926.	1925.	1924.	1923.
Galveston Houston * New Orleans Mobile Savannah	92,916 94,696 17,353 1,342 8,004	113,569 40,347 14,102	119,632 41,463 8,913	78,477 108,589 73,793 15,028 53,306	125,909 51,787 39,429 5,098 38,968	147,369 53,317 24,903 948 15,797
Brunswick	1,929 526	1,079 1,062	23,701 2,446 3,304	18,151 4,988 5,047	8,096 3,279 2,692	4,517 4,172 4,257
All others Tot. this week	25,274 242,040		330.427	358.650	276,400	2,457
Since Aug. 1.			1.002.051		878.094	861.400

* Beginning with the season of 1926, Houston figures include movement of cotton previously reported by Houston as an interior town. The distinction between port and town has been abandoned.

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 122,233 bales, of which 11,472 were to Great Britain, 19,939 to France, 25,228 to Germany, 2,701 to Italy, 27,149 to Russia, 21,567 to Japan and China and 14,177 to other

destinations. In the corresponding week last year total exports were 169,926 bales. For the season to date aggregate exports have been 526,731 bales, against 683,713 bales in the same period of the previous season. Below are the exports for the week:

	Exported to-									
Week Ended Sept. 14 1928. Exports from—	Great Britain.	France.	Ger- many.	Italy.		Japan& China.	Other.	Total.		
Galveston	2.304	3,975	5,642			7,000	100	19,021		
Houston		13,335	8.659	750	12,300	10,175	8.543	53,762		
Corpus Christi	5,207	2,629	8,052	1,901		1,808	4.025	23.622		
New Orleans	2,579		525		14,849		1,409	19,362		
Charleston	352		1,663			****		2.015		
Norfolk	655		269					924		
New York	375		318	50		1,884	100	2.727		
Los Angeles			100	****	****	300		400		
Seattle						400		400		
Total	11,472	19,939	25,228	2,701	27,149	21,567	14,177	122,233		
Total 1927	20,601	23,146	82,511	3.976	10.600	9,350	19.744	169,928		
Total 1926	61.300		94.259	13,975	18.450			244,190		

From	Exported to—							
Aug. 1 1928 to- Sept. 14 1928. Exports from—	Great Britain.	France.	Ger- many.	Italy.	Russia.	Japan& China.	Other.	Total.
Galveston	5.547	8.832	20,402	8,599	14,798	17,380	14.029	89,587
Houston	7.832		27,936	7.235				138,029
Corpus Christi	12,602		47,268	13.615		39,879		151,150
Port Arthur.	,	550	11,200	10,010		30,010	21,000	550
New Orleans.	14,973		4.762	2,666	68,440	125	3,792	97.072
Mobile	664		358	100		3.20	50	1,172
Savannah	611		1.812	100		500		3,324
	1,430	31	2,478				1.715	5.654
Charleston	1,430		4,110	3,500			1,110	3,500
Wilmington			1 471	3,500			000	6,927
Norfolk	4,426		1,671				830	
New York	7,864		13,503	1,419		3,359	1,425	27,704
Los Angeles	100		330			948		1,378
Seattle						675		675
Total	56,049	54,282	120,520	37,134	107,596	89,896	61,254	526,731
Total 1927	87.765	76,001	263.810	30,976	92,626	62,203	70.326	683,713
Total 1926	145,369		269,178					745.597

Note.—Exports to Canada.—It has never been our practice to include in the above table reports of cotton shipments to Canada, the reason being that virtually all the cotton destined to the Dominion comes overland and it is impossible to get returns concerning the same from week to week, while reports from the customs districts on the Canadian border are always very slow in coming to hand. In view however, of the numerous inquiries we are receiving regarding the matter, we will say that for the month of July the exports to the Dominion the present season have been 16.077 bales. In the corresponding month of the preceding season the exports were 17.591 bales. For the twelve months ended July 31 1928 there were 239.562 bales exported as against 274,919 bales for the corresponding twelve months of 1926-27.

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named:

Sept. 14 at-	Great Britain.	France.	Ger- many.	Other Foreign	Coast- wise	Total.	Leaving Stock.
Galveston New Orleans Savannah Charleston	6,000 1,003 2,000	850	5,000 687 1,600	20,800 89€	3,000 46 300	39,600 3,482 3,900	
Mobile	325			1,075		1,400	1,851 15,888
Other ports *	1,000	500	2,000	4,000	500	8,000	282,826
Total 1928	10,328 8,452 9,400	10,581	9.287 20.878 12.995	26,771 33,240 36,664	3,846 6,232 12,706	56,382 79,383 78,715	568,492 1,233,537 679,378

* Estimated.

Speculation in cotton for future delivery has been very active at sharply lower prices. On the 8th inst. after New York had closed at 11.50 a.m., Chicago broke 100 points from the earlier high on a Government crop estimate of 14,-439,000 bales against 14,291,000 on Aug. 8 this year, 12,-955,000 grown last year, 17,911,000 in 1927, 16,104,000 in 1925, 13,628,000 in 1924, 10,139,000 in 1923, 9,761,000 in 1922 and 7,953,000 in 1921 The condition on Sept 1 was 60.3, or 4.2 higher than a year ago and 3.2 above the 10-year average. Nearly 45,000,000 acres remain to be harvested after an abandonment since July 18 of 3.8%. Chicago, the only market open for trading on the report on the 8th inst., closed then at 77 to 78 points net decline. The condition of 603 compares with 56.1 a year ago, and a 10-year average of 57.1. The increase in the crop within a month of 148,-000 bales was 1%. The Department of Agriculture at Washington explained its report which was a big shock to the bulls as due to the fact that in the central portion of the belt, except Louisiana, conditions have improved somewhat, though it adds that along portions of the Atlantic Coast there has been too much rain and in western Oklahoma the crop has deteriorated as a result of drought. It says that the plant set bolls freely during the early part of August throughout the belt, though conditions proved unfavorable later in the month owing to excessive moisture in much of the belt with increasing insect damage. The rains continued into early September with damage through rotting of bolls. It adds, moreover, that weevil infestation is quite general and severe in most of the belt. In practically the entire coastal plains area and well up into the Piedmont, it is admitted that they punctured a large proportion of the small bolls, so that in these regions little can be expected beyond the moderate crop of practically mature bolls al-ready set. But on the other hand in the Delta section of Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana, the plants are generally well fruited and in many places are still blooming. Weevil damage in these regions was relatively light early in the season, though weevils appeared in large numbers at many places in this area during the latter part of August.

Some thought the big collapse of prices was a little far fetched on such a report. The "bear" answer was that a crop of 14,439,000 means with a carry-over of 5,100,000 bales, a season's supply of 19,500,000 bales to meet a world's consumption which some estimate at 15,000,000 to 15,250,000 bales, against 15,502,000, according to one statement, a year ago and 15,789,000 two years since. Big selling for both long and short acount followed the report. Nobody paid much attention to the ginning up to Sept. 1 of 956,486 bales against 1,533,377 bales a year ago and 696,556 in 1926. The crop estimate was the thing. It swept everything else aside, especially as the weather was better. On the 10th inst. the first day on which New York trading on the report could be done—prices here fell 85 to 107 points. Liverpool dropped 85 to 95 American points, New Orleans 97 to 113 and Alexandria since the previous Friday, 90 to 150. Bearish sentiment was practically universal. Some mill bids down to 18c. are said to have been withdrawn when the price fell to or about that level. Some hedge selling was noticeable. The selling was enormous. Nothing in the buying could make head against it.

On the other hand, some stressed the damage said to have been done to the crop this month. That could not be included in a report for Sept. 1. The season, too, is late. The ginning shows that. General killing frost, for all anybody knows to the contrary, may come early. After all, the crop of 14,439,000 is nearly 1,000,000 bales smaller than last year's world consumption of American cotton. It is too early to dogmatize about the consumption. Calling it 15,000,000 bales is just now merely an expression of belief. With only six weeks of the season elapsed, nobody really knows much about the matter. There are rather numerous qualifications in the details of the report given by the Government. Some thought the estimate pulled one way and the details by States the other; one bearish or called so and the other plainly bullish in more respects than one. The decline in raw cotton tends to increase the mill's margin of profit. Existing visible supplies are much smaller than a year ago and mill stocks of raw cotton are believed to be much depleted. Germany seems to have bought December heavily. Wall Street and Chicago bears covered freely on the 10th inst.

The weekly report stated that it was again too wet for cotton in the Atlantic Coast States and deterioration was reported from many places, with the last 10 days, especially, being unfavorably wet. In the southern portion of this area, particularly in Georgia, reports showed bolls rotting, seed sprouting and plants shedding to an unusual extent, with staple of open cotton damaged. The latter part of the week, however, with prevailing fair weather, much sunshine and moderate temperatures, was more favorable. In the central States of the belt progress of the crop was mostly fair to very good, though complaints of shedding and general deterioration in some localities continued, mostly in the southern portion. Seasonal temperatures and generally light rainfall were favorable in Oklahoma and progress of cotton, on the whole, was fair, though there was considerable shedding, many small bolls, and the crop is opening prematurely in the dry areas of the Southwest. Picking is becoming general. In Texas progress continued mainly poor, with the rains in the south coming too late to materially help; the general condition of the crop in this State continues spotted, being mainly poor in the dryer sections, but fair to very good where moisture has been better distributed. Plants have about stopped blooming and there is considerable shedding.

The report of the Association of Cotton Textile Merchants shows production of 302,470,000 yards of standard cloths for the five weeks of August, making the average weekly production 60,494,000 yards, compared with the average of 72,275,000 yards for the first six months of the year. Sales amounted to 340,810,000 yards or 112.7% of production against 84.5 in July. Shipments were 324,073,000 yards or 107.1% of production against 98.1 in July. Stocks on hand decreased 4.6% for the month against an increase of 0.9 of 1% in July and unfilled orders showed an increase of 6.1%, a decrease of 10%.

To-day prices advanced early 20 to 25 points on better cables, an increase in the consumption in this country in August, reports of a tropical storm at Porto Rico with the wind 150 miles an hour, fears that it might strike the Eastern cotton belt, a better technical position, more or less fixing of prices by the mills and finally not a little covering of shorts. The Census Bureau put the consumption in this country in August at 526,729 bales, which is larger than expected. It compared with 438,743 in July and 634,520 in A Dallas report said that the indica-August last year. tions pointed to a Texas crop of 4,117,830 bales in contrast with the Government estimate on the 8th inst. of 5,100,000 bales, and 4,352,000 last year. Later reports from Washington were to the effect that there seemed to be no danger of the tropical hurricane striking Florida. The covering demand died down. Hedging offerings increased. The weather in the main was very favorable. In the end the advance was lost and the closing was unchanged to 4 points lower. Final prices show a decline for the week of

150 to 160 points. Spot cotton ended at 17.80c. for middling, a decline for the week of 160 points.

The following averages of the differences between grades, as figured from the Sept. 13 quotations of the ten markets designated by the Secretary of Agriculture, are the differences from middling established for deliveries in the New York market on Sept. 20:

	Total militare on copti 20.					
*	Middling fair	White	.83	on	middlin	ST.
į	Strict good middling	White	.59	on	middlin	g
	Good midding	White	. 339	on	middlin	g
	Strict middling	White	.25	on	middlin	g
	Middling	White	Ragie			
	Strict low middling	White	.68	off	middlin	ıg
	Low middling	White	1.39	off	middlin	1g
	*Strict good ordinary	White	2.09	off	middlin	ıg
	*Good ordinary	White.	2.84	off	middlin	ng
	Good middling	Extra white	.39	on	middlin	18
	Strict middling	Extra white	.25	on	middlin	g
	Middling	Extra white	Even	on	middlir	ng
	Strict low middling	Extra white	.68	off	middlir	33.0
	Low middling	Extra white	1.39	off	middlin	ag
١	Good middling	Spotted	.21	on	middlir	ng
ı	Strict middling	Spotted	.03		middlin	
ı	Middling	Spotted	.63		middlin	
l	*Strict low middling	Spotted	1.22	off	middlin	ng
ı	*Low middling	Spotted	1.91	off	middlin	ng
ı	Strict good middling	Yellow tinged	.04	off	middlin	ng
ı	Good middling	Yellow tinged	.37		middlin	
l	Strict middling	Yellow tinged	.73		middlin	
ĺ	*Middling	Yellow tinged	1.24	off	middli	ng
l	*Strict low middling	Yellow tinged	1.84	off	middlin	ng
l	*Low middling	Yellow tinged	2.60) of	middlin	ng
l	Good middling	Light vellow stained	.81	of	middli	ng
۱	*Strict middling	_Light yellow stained	1.30		middli	
I	*Middling	_Light yellow stained	1.90) of	f middli	ng
l	Good middling	_Yellow stained	1.0		f middlin	
۱	*Strict middling	Yellow stained	1.8	7 of	f middli:	ng
l	*Middling	Yellow stained	2.50	of	' middli:	ng
I	Good middling	-Grav	5	5 or	r middii	ng
۱	Strict middling	-Gray	8	5 of	f middli	ng
١	Strict middling. *Middling	Gray	1.2	1 of	r middli	ng
١	*Good middling	Blue stained	. 1.5	3 OI	ı mıdalı	ng
١	*Strict middling	Blue stained	. 2.1	5 or	t midan	ng
ı	*Middling	_Blue stained	2.9	2 of	f middli	ng
1						

*Not deliverable on future contracts.

MARKET AND SALES AT NEW YORK.
The total sales of cotton on the spot each day during the week at New York are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader, we also add columns which show at a glance how the market for spot and futures closed on same days.

		Futures		SALES.			
	Spot Market Closed.	Market Closed.	Spot.	Contr'ct	Total.		
Monday Tuesday Wednesday		Firm	1,700 100 400 437		1,700 100 400 437		
Total Since Auz. 1			3 237 23 898	1,500	3,237 25,398		

FUTURES. The highest, lowest and closing prices at New York for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday, Sept. 8.	Monday, Sept. 10.	Tuesday, Sept. 11.	Wednesday, Sept. 12.	Thursday, Sept. 13.	Friday, Sept. 14.
Sept.—						
Range Closing_	19.30	18.27	18.03	19 07	17.60	17.60 —
Oct.—	19.30	18.21	10.00	10.01	17.00	11.00
Range	10 05-10 35	18 22-18 62	17 85-18.15	17.94-18.14	17.55-17.83	17.52-17.76
Closing.	10 25 10 25	18 99-18 95	17 98-17 99	18.02-18.04	17.55-17.59	17.55-17.57
Nov.—	19.20-10.00	10.22 10.20	11.00 11.00	10.02		
Range						
Closing.	19.12 -	19 05	17.87	17.93	17.54	17.53
Dec.	10.12	10.00	1			
Range	18 90-19 1	18 02-18 45	17.71-18.00	17.82-17.99	17.51-17.72	17.50-17.73
Closing.	10 00-10 1	18.02-18.04	17.84-17.86	17.90-17.92	17.51-17.52	17.50
Ton			1	1		1
Dange	18 80-19 0	17.98-18.25	17.65-17.88	17.73-17.91	17.45-17.62	17.42-17.66
Closing -	18 96-19 0	17.98-17.99	17.77-17.78	17.84	17.45-17.47	17.44-17.46
Feb.	10.00	1				
Range_						
Closing .	18.90	17.99	17.77	17.82	17.44	17.44
Mar.	1-0					
Dames	18.78-18.9	5 18.00-18.27	17.67-17.92	17.74-17.88	17.43-17.62	17.41-17.63
Closing.	18.87-18.9	5 18.00-18.0	3 17.76-17.77	17.81	17.43-17.46	17.44-17.46
Apr	1		1			
Range.						
Closing	18.85 -	- 18.00	17.75	17.80	17.44	17.43
May-						
Range.	18.73-18.8	9 17.98-18.2	8 17.67-17.93	2 17.75-17.90	17.45-17.6	17.39-17.58
Closing.		9 17.98-18.0	0 17.75-17.7	5 17.80-17.8	1 17.45-17.46	17.41-17.43
June-	1	1				
Range						17.00
Closing.	18.82	17.93	- 17.70	17.75	17.40	17.38
July-	1		1	1	1	1
	18.63-18.8	6 17.86-18.2	5 17.57-17.8	1 17.65-17.7	17.35-17.5	17.31-17.47
Closing	18.75-18.8	6 17.88-17.9	017.66	-'17.70	-17.35-17.3	3111.00

Range of future prices at New York for week ending Sept. 14 1928 and since trading began on each option:

Option for-	Range for Week.	Range Since Beginning of Option.
Fept. 1928- Oct. 1928- Nov. 1928- Dec. 1928- Jan. 1928- Feb. 1928- Mar. 1928- Apr. 1928- May 1928-	17.52 Sept. 14 19.35 Sept. 8 17.50 Sept. 14 19.15 Sept. 8 17.42 Sept. 14 19.01 Sept. 8 17.41 Sept. 14 18.95 Sept. 8 17.30 Sept. 14 18.89 Sept. 8	17.45 Jan. 28 1928 22.30 June 27 1928 17.52 Sept. 14 1928 22.87 June 29 1928 17.25 Jan. 28 1928 22.46 June 30 1928 16.98 June 12 1928 22.46 June 30 1928 17.00 Feb. 2 1928 22.70 June 29 1928 18.68 Aug. 21 1928 18.70 Aug. 21 1928 17.41 Aug. 1 1928 22.36 June 29 1928 18.58 Aug. 18 1928 12.06 July 9 1928 17.39 Sept. 14 1928 22.30 June 29 1928 18.00 Aug. 31 1928 19.07 Aug. 17 1928 17.31 Sept. 14 1928 19.97 Aug. 9 1928 17.31 Sept. 14 1928 19.97 Aug. 9 1928

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. Foreign stocks as well as afloat, are this week's returns, and consequently all foreign figures are brought down to Thursday evening.

But to make the total the complete figures for to-night (Friday), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.

including in it the exports of	f Frida	v only.		a 500000,
Sept. 14—	1928.	1927.	1926.	1925.
Stock at Liverpool bales.		1.042,000		436,000
Stock at London	******	******	******	1,000
Stock at Manchester	46,000	96,000	57,000	30,000
Total Great Britain	654,000	1,138,000	830,000	467,000
Stock at Hamburg	004 006	202 000	39,000	******
Stock at Havre	$264,000 \\ 145,000$	$306,000 \\ 159,000$		40,000 57,000
Stock at Rotterdam	7,000	9.000		2.000
Stock at Barcelona	58,000	82,000	28,000	33.000
Stock at Genoa	24,000	23,000		3,000
Stock at Ghent Stock at Antwerp				5,000 1,000
Total Continental stocks	498.000	579.000		
Total European stocksl		1.717.000		608.000
India cotton afloat for Europe American cotton afloat for Europe	$91,000 \\ 320,000$	$\frac{91,000}{398,000}$	53,000 489,000	88,000 482,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat for Europe	94,000	129,000		110,000
Stock in Alexandria, Egypt	153,000	263,000	145,000	75.000
Stock in Bombay, India	906,000	402,000	343,000	443,000 577,793
Stock in U. S. ports Stock in U. S. interior towns	a624,8740	1,312,920	758,093	577,793
Stock in U.S. interior towns		a421,618	533,485	643,994
U. S. exports to-day		10,600		
Total visible supply3	.609.007	4.745.138	3,423,578	3.027.787
Of the above, totals of America				
American— Liverpool stockbales_	334.000	713,000	372,000	134,000
Manchester stock	30,000	83,000	44,000	25,000
Continental stock	442,000	532,000	104,000	93,000
American afloat for Europe	320,000	398,000	489,000	482,000
U. S. port stocks	2024,8740	11,312,920	758,093	577,793
U. S. interior stocks	1213,133	$a421,618 \\ 10,600$	533,485	643,994
Total American2 East Indian, Brazil, &c.—	.026,007	3,471,138	2,300,578	1,955,787
Liverpool stock	274.000	329,000	401,000	302,000
London stock				1.000
Manchester	16,000	13,000	13,000	5,000
Continental stock	49,000	47,000	53,000	48,000
Indian afloat for Europe	91,000	91,000	53,000	88,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat	$94,000 \\ 153,000$	$\frac{129,000}{263,000}$	$115,000 \\ 145,000$	$\frac{110,000}{75,000}$
Stock in Alexandria, Egypt Stock in Bombay, India	906,000	402,000	343,000	443,000
_				
Total East India, &c1 Total American2	.583,000	$\frac{1,274,000}{3,471,138}$	$\frac{1,123,000}{2,300,578}$	1,072,000 $1,955,787$
-				
Total visible supply3	9.84d.	4.745,138 11.83d.		3.027,787
Middling uplands, Liverpool Middling uplands, New York Egypt, good Sakel, Liverpool	17.80c.	21.25c.	9.52d.	13.57d · 24.45c ·
Egypt, good Sakel, Liverpool	18.95d.	21.45d.	17.05c. 19.75d.	31.15d
Peruvian, rough good, Liverpool.	12.50d.	13.50d.	14.50d.	24.00d
Broach, fine, Liverpool	8.45d.	10.50d.	8.25d.	12.30d.
Tinnevelly, good, Liverpool	9.40d.	10.90d.	8.80d.	12.60d.

a Houston stocks are now included in the port stocks; in previous years they formed part of the interior stocks.

Continental imports for past week have been 48,000 bales. The above figures for 1928 show a increase from last week of 81,046 bales, a loss of 1.136,131 from 1927, an increase of 185,429 bales from 1926, and a gain of 581,-220 bales from 1925.

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement—that is, the receipts for the week and since Aug. 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding periods of the previous year, is set out in detail below:

	Moven	nent to S	ept. 14	1928.	Movement to Sept. 16 1927.				
Towns.	Receipts.		Ship- Stocks ments. Sept.	Receipts.		Ship- ments.	Stocks Sept.		
	Week.	Season.	Week.	14.	Week.	Week. Season.		16.	
Ala., Birming m	1	36	3	602	537	2,044	254	1,490	
Eufaula	262	713	426	752	1.500	7,983	1.000	8,000	
Montgomery.	933	1,328	277	5.200	7,620	25,891	2,775		
Selma	1.796	3,246	673	4.723	7.885	23,352	2,302	23,361	
Ark., Blytheville	550	570	444	2,568	114	343	507	5,690	
Forest City	3	27	105	1,934	45	277	101	1,310	
Helena	373	403	396	2,739	200	362	200	6.014	
Hope	2,605	3,509		3,038	2,381	3.983	1.404	2,199	
Jonesboro	2,000	3	63	348	50	363	1,101	1.380	
Little Rock	1,379	1,616	784	4,705	1.656	2,996	1.362	9,271	
Newport.	50	60	26	437	173	218			
Pine Bluff	332	854					244	897	
Walnut Ridge	002	804	500	4,421	1,199	2,200	965	9,521	
	241	204	3	307	33	533	133	511	
Ga., Albany		384	247	1,632	601	3,074	463	2,163	
Athens	1	16		780	1,542	4,294	490	4,418	
Atlanta	594	1,495	786	9,948	1,478	3,304	2,024	6,610	
Augusta	3,560	12,622	2,054	13,018		59,263	6,805	54,164	
Columbus	207	1,039	132	484	950	2,625	730	861	
Macon	1,240	2,421	1,362	1,614	6,170	20,263	5,349	6,273	
Rome		381	400	6,715	246	446	400	3,079	
La., Shreveport	5,608	7,806	1,434	14,807	7,110	15,880	5,168	20.418	
Miss., Clarksdale	5,457	6,730	768	16,957	9,671	16,192	1,173	23,160	
Columbus	105	116	23	367		380		836	
Greenwood	4,093	6,020	803	24.617	5.623	8.467	1.154	16,482	
Meridian	1,444	1.621	757	1,167	4,707	13,852	1,701	12,851	
Natchez	500	1.059	200	11,475	3.000	8.263	500	10,451	
Vicksburg	771	834	39	1.948	702	1.454	13	1,483	
Yazoo City	2,299	3,377	78	7,225	1,083	1.632	31	1,611	
Mo., St. Louis.	1,194	12,610		1,952	2,833	17,567	2.898	534	
N.C., Greensb'ro	4	165		1,944	276	3,483	1,352	23,810	
Raleigh x			2,001	1,011	2.0	17	49		
Oklahoma-						1.0	40	288	
15 towns*	1,536	2.079	938	7,165	3.956	11.019	2,164	10 110	
S.C., Greenville	1,152	15,108		7,454	4.160			10,118	
Tenn., Memphis	6,407	30,979	9,281	54,234		23,492	7,257	25,180	
Texas, Abilene.	30	140			12,923	57,137	15,497	56,583	
Austin	3,212	10,313	2,528	225	2,431	2,431	1,418	1,159	
Brenham	4.457	9,474		3,918	2,390	7,928	2,024	3,006	
Dallas	2,042		3,968	12,415	2,492	8,497	1,818	8,383	
Paris	5.042	6,185	1,552	13,078	2,912	5,891	2,154	4,761	
Robstown		19 000	2,184	3,895	4,844	7,934	4,657	1,044	
	474	12,982	1,508		95	28,878	1,980	6,315	
San Antonio	4,000	18,902	3,000	5,693	1,697	20,528	1,437	4,264	
Texarkana	1,059	1,415	92	1,764	2,162	3,339	1,122	3,414	
Waco	10,238	21,824	6,949	13,413	8,451	21,847	5,660	9,651	
Total, 56 towns	75,253	205,107	50,323	275,133	135.454	449,922	88 735	421,618	

* Discontinued. * Includes the combined totals of 15 towns in Oklahoma.

The above total shows that the interior stocks have increased during the week 23,809 bales and are to-night 146,485 bales less than at the same time last year. The receipts at all towns have been 60,201 bales less than the same week last year.

NEW YORK QUOTATIONS FOR 32 YEARS.
The quotations for middling upland at New York on pt. 14 for each of the past 32 years have been as follows:

ocpe. La roi ca	on or one base o	T Acuts Have no	CH GO LOHO WO.
	192033.50c.		
192722.55c.	191929.55c.	191111.80c.	190312.00c·
192617.85c.	191835.05с.	191013.75c.	1902 8.88c·
192524.75c.		190912.50c.	
192423.30c.	191615.65c.	1908 9.40c.	190010.75c.
192328.70c.	1915 10.45c.	190712.60c.	1899 6.38c.
1922 21.75c.		1906 9.80c.	
1921 13.60c.	191313.20c.	190510.90c.	1897 7.38c.

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE AUG. 1.—We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Aug. 1, as made up from telegraphic reports Friday night. The results for the week and since Aug. 1 in the last two years are as follows:

19	928	1927		
Sept. 14—	Since		Since	
Shipped— Week.	Aug. 1.	Week.	Aug. 1.	
Via St. Louis 1,255	12,831	2,898	19,215	
Via Mounds, &c 120	665	1,865	10,589	
Via Rock Island	1.816	158	2.394	
Via Virginia points 5,125	25,624	5.219	33,083	
Via other routes, &c 6,282	36,257	4,600	36,306	
Total gross overland13,014	77,193	14,740	101,631	
Overland to N. Y., Boston, &c. 192	2.135	1.472	11.038	
Bewteen interior towns 288	2.274	355	2.585	
Inland, &c., from South11.063	62,372	11,131	62,211	
Total to be deducted11,543	66,781	12,958	75,834	
Leaving total net overland* 1,471	10,412	1,782	25,797	

^{*} Including movement by rail to Canada.

The foregoing shows the week's net overland movement this year has been 1,471 bales, against 1,782 bales for the week last year, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits a decrease from a year ago of 15,385 bales.

	028	19	127
In Sight and Spinners' Takings. Week.	Since Aug. 1.	Week.	Since Aug. 1.
Receipts at ports to Sept. 14242,040 Net overland to Sept. 141,471 Southern consumption to Sept. 14_100,000	$\begin{array}{c} 705,234 \\ 10,412 \\ 640,000 \end{array}$	$319,945 \\ 1,782 \\ 95,000$	$\substack{1,198,347\\25,797\\766,000}$
Total marketed 343,511 Interior stocks in excess 23,809 Excess of Southern mill takings	1,355,646 *39,367	416,727 50,177	1,990,144 48,666
over consumption to Sept. 1			*224,707
Came into sight during week367,320 Total in sight Sept. 14	1,316,279	466,904	1,814,103
Nor. spinn's's takings to Sept. 14. $17,041$	109,053	27,287	20,101

^{*} Decrease.

Movement into sight in previous years:

Week-	Bales.	Since Aug. 1-	Bales.
1926—Sept.	17471,469	19261	,468,076
1925—Sept.	18575,212	19252	,116,731
1924—Sept.	20461.482	19241	,530,174

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS.—Below are the closing quotations for middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week:

Week Ended	Closing Quotations for Middling Cotton on-						
Week Ended Sept. 14.	Saturday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day.	Thursd'y.	Friday.	
Galveston	18.95	17.85	17.65	17.70	17.30	17.30	
New Orleans		17.71	17.54	17.54	17.10	17.10	
Mobile	18.50	17.45	17.30	17.30	16.90	16.90	
Savannah		17.32	17.48	17.53	17.06	17.00	
Norfolk		18.25	18.00	18.00	17.56	17.56	
Baltimore	19.30	18.75	18.25	18.25	18.00	17.80	
Augusta	18.94	17.88	17.63	17.63	17.13	17.00	
Memphis	18.75	17.60	17.40	17.40	16.50	16.50	
Houston	17.90	17.75	17.55	17.65	17.25	17.20	
Little Rock		17.65	17.32	17.38	16.92	16.82	
Dallas	18.20	17.10	16.95	17.00	16.60	16.55	
Fort Worth		17.10	16.95	17.00	16.60	16.55	

NEW ORLEANS CONTRACT MARKET.—The closing quotations for leading contracts in the New Orleans cotton market for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday, Sept. 8.	Monday, Sept. 10.	Tuesday, Sept. 11.	Wednesaay, Sept. 12.	Thursday, Sept. 13.	Friday, Sept. 14.
	18.48-18.49	17.39-17.40	17.22-17.24	17.26-17.27	16.83-16.85	16.83-16.84
November December January				17.34-17.35 17.35 —		16.95-16.96 16.94
February March	18.57 Bid	17.57	17.32-17.33	17.38	17.00 Bid	17.00 bid
May June	18.55	17.58	17.32-17.33	17.38	17.00 Bid	16.98-16.99
July	18.44-18.46	17.47 Bid	17.27 Bid	17.31 Bid	16.91 Bid	16.97 —
Spot	Steady Steady	Steady Steady	Steady Steady	Steady Quiet	Easier Barely st'y	Steady Barely st'y

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE DEFINES POSITION ON COTTON STAPLE STAND-ARDS.—On June 15 last the U. S. Department of Agriculture gave out a statement quoting an opinion of the Solicitor of the department which he had rendered in response to a request of the American Cotton Shippers' Association for an interpretation of the provisions of the United States Cotton Standards Act which would apply to millimeter staple descriptions as they had come to be employed in the export trade and in inter-State business in this country. In brief, it was held that "under present usage millimeter descriptions, as applied to cotton which is of or within the lengths embraced in the official standards, are contrary to the United States Cotton Standards Act."

Various translations of millimeter descriptions in terms of the official cotton standards of the United States for length of staple have been circulated both abroad and in this country; and it is now everywhere recognized

that these millimeter descriptions as commonly used in cotton transactions have constituted for the most part a grossly inaccurate application of the metric system of measurement.

The Solicitor's opinion was based upon a careful consideration of all the facts as they are now understood by the department. His decision is controlling upon the department in its administration of the law, and, while sales may properly be made on actual samples or private types, where any staple standard nomenclature is used in connection with inter-State and export transactions the description, to comply with the law, must be according to the official staple standards of the United States. Willful evasion of this requirement is held to be a violation of the law and must be dealt with accordingly.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT REPORT ON COTTON ACREAGE AND CONDITION.—The Agricultural Department at Washington on Saturday of this week (Sept. 8) issued its report on cotton acreage and 44 only 1000 as of Aug. 1. It places the area in cultivation at 44,916,000 acres, the condition at 60.3%, and the probable yield of lint cotton at 14,439,000 500-pound bales. Actual production in 1927 was 12,955,000 bales and in 1926 17,977,000. None of the figures take any account of linters. The report is as follows: is as follows:

is as follows:

A United States cotton crop of 14,439,000 bales (500-pounds gross weight) in 1928 is indicated by the Sept. 1 condition of 60.3% of normal estimated by the Crop Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agriculture. This report is based upon data from crop correspondents, field statisticians, and co-operating State Boards (or Departments) of agriculture and agricultural colleges.

On the basis of Sept. 1 reports of abandonment after July 1, the preliminary estimate of total abandonment after July 1 is placed at 1,779,000 acres, or 3.8% of the 46,695,000 acres in cultivation in the United States on July 1. This would leave for harvest this season a total of 44,916,000 acres. Upon that acreage the crop of 14,439,000 bales indicated by the September 1 condition would approximate a yield of 153.9 pounds of lint cotton per acre. The final outturn of the crop will depend upon whether the various influences affecting the crop during the remainder of the season are more or less favorable than usual.

Production in 1927 was 12,955,000 bales; in 1926, 17,977,000 bales; in 1925, 16,104,000 bales; in 1924, 13,628,000 bales; and in 1923, 10,140,000 bales.

Condition on Sept. 1 in 1927 was 56.1% of normal; in 1926, 59.6% in 1925, 56.2% and the 10-year average on Sept. 1 1917-1926a was 57.1%.

The yield per acre in 1927 was 154.5 pounds; in 1926, 182.6 pounds, and average for the 10 years, 1917-1926, 156.3 pounds.

	1928	Acreage.	Sept.	1 Cond	tition.	Yield	d per	Acre.	Production. (Ginnings) 500-Lb. Gross. Weight Bales.	
	Total aban- don-	-	10- Year			10- Year		'28b Indi-		
State.	ment after July 1 (Pre- lim.)	Harvest (Pre- liminary).	Aver- age. 1917- '26.a	1927.	1928.	Aver- age 1917- 1926.	1927.	by	1927 Crop.c	1928 Crop Indicated by Condition Sept. 1.
	%	Acres.	%	%	%	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Bales.	Bales.
Va	2.0	82,000		70	78	241	230	268	31,000	46,000
N. C		1,839,000	67	64	69	256	238	252	861,000	970,000
S. C		2,487,000	56	48	58	191	148	171	730,000	890,000
Ga		3,798,000	54	55	58	142	154	138	1,100,000	1,100,000
Fla	5.5	94,000		58	58	102	126	97	17,000	19,000
Mo		367,000		52	64	248	188	215	115,000	165,000
Tenn	4.5	1,082,000	66	60	65	176	178	195	359,000	441,000
Ala	3.0	3,367,000	59	58	59	140	180	138	1,191,000	970,000
Miss	2.5	3,688,000	61	57	60	174	194	162	1,355,000	1,250,000
La	3.0	1,829,000	55	55	53	156	170	146	548,000	560,000
Texas	4.0	17,631,000	52	56	61	134	129	139	4,352,000	5,100,000
Okla	5.5	4,630,000	59	51	53	151	138	135	1,037,000	1,306,000
Ark	4.0	3,468,000	63	55	61	168	157	172	1,000,000	1,250,000
N. Mex.	5.0	108,000	88 d	90	89	273 d	352	354	70,000	80,000
Ariz	1.0	198,000	85 d	90	87	280	315	321	91,000	133,000
Calif	1.0	221,000	89 d	90	87	279	340	322	91,000	149,000
Other	6.9	27,000		77	62	197 d	160	177	7,000	10,000
U.S	3.8	44,916,000	57.1	56.1	60.3	156.3	154.5	153.9	12,955,000	14,439,000
Calif.e		160,000		90	87		194	284	45,000	95,000

a Previous to 1924 interpolated from Aug. 25 and Sept. 25 condition. b On area left for harvest. c Allowances made for cross State ginnings. d Less than a 10-year average. e Not included in California figures nor in United States total.

Approved:
R. W. Dunlap,
Acting Secretary.

California figures nor in United States total
CROP REPORTING BOARD,
W. F. Callander, Chairman,
J. A. Becker, S. A. Jones,
F. W. Gist, D. A. McCandliss,
H. M. Taylor.

CONSOLIDATED COTTON REPORT.—The Bureau of the Census and the Agricultural Department made public Saturday (Sept. 8) their consolidated cotton report, which is as follows:

Bureau of the Census.—Census report shows 956.486 running bales (counting round as half bales) ginned from the crop of 1928 prior to Sept. 1, compared with 1.533,577 for 1927 and 696.556 for 1926.

Department of Agriculture.—An estimated condition of 60.3% of normal on Sept. 1, an indicated United States production of 14.439,000 bales (500-pounds gross weight), abandonment for the season of 3.8%, and an indicated area left for harvest of 44.916.000 acres, are shown by the Crop Reporting Board of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

COMMENTS CONCERNING COTTON REPORT.— The United States Department of Agriculture in giving out its cotton report on Sept. 8, also added the following comments:

Ments:

A United States cotton crop of 14.439.000 bales of 500 pounds gross weight is indicated by the condition of 60.3 on Sept. 1, according to the Government Crop Report. This forecast is 148.000 bales or 1% above the forecast issued a month ago. The abandonment after the first of July is estimated at 3.8% leaving 44.916.000 acres to be harvested. The indicated yield is 153.9 pounds of lint per acre. Cotton prospects are not materially different from what they were a month ago. In the central portion of the belt, except Louisiana, prospects have improved somewhat but along portions of the Atlantic Coast there has been too much rain and in western Oklahoma the crop has deteriorated as a result of drought.

The plant set boils freely during the early part of August throughout the belt, but conditions proved unfavorable later in the month due to excessive moisture in much of the Belt with increasing insect damage. The rains have continued into early September with damage through rotting of bolls.

bolls.

The weevil infestation is quite general and severe in most of the Belt. In practically the entire coastal plains area and well up into the Piedmont they have punctured a large proportion of the small bolls so that in these regions little can be expected beyond the moderate crop of practically mature bolls already set.

In the Delta sections of Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana the plants are generally well fruited and in many places are still blooming. Weevil damage in these regions was relatively light early in the season, but weevils appeared in large numbers at many places in this area during the latter part of August.

GEORGIA COTTON REPORT.—The Georgia Co-operative Crop Reporting Service of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, at Atlanta, Ga., issued on Sept. 8 its cotton crop report for the State of Georgia as follows:

Agriculture, at Atlanta, Ga., issued on Sept. 8 its cotton crop report for the State of Georgia as follows:

Cotton prospects in Georgia on Sept. 1 indicated a probable production of 1,100,000 bales (500 pounds gross weight), according to the official cotton report released to-day through the Georgia Co-operative Crop Reporting Service. Condition was placed at 58% of normal, compared with 62% on Aug. 1; 55% on Sept. 1 1927; and an average condition for the 10-year period, 1917-1926, of 54%.

Production in 1927 was 1,100,000 bales; in 1926, 1,496,000 bales; in 1925, 1,163,000 bales; in 1924, 1,004,000 bales; and in 1923, 588,000 bales. The preliminary estimate of acreage abandoned after July 1 is placed at 4%, or 158,000 acres, leaving 3,798,000 acres for harvest this year. Upon that acreage, the crop of 1,100,000 bales indicated by Sept. 1 condition would approximate a yield of about 138 pounds of lint cotton per acre—the lowest yield realized since the disastrous season of 1923. The yield per acre in 1927 was 154 pounds; in 1926, 180 pounds; in 1925, 155 pounds; in 1924, 157 pounds: and in 1923, 82 pounds.

In the northern third of the State cotton was still blooming and setting fruit Sept. 1 and prospects were still good. Decline in condition during the month in that section was much less than the average decline experienced during the last ten years, resulting in some improvement in prospects over one month ago.

The greatest decline in condition occurred in the central and eastern section of the State, where frequent and heavy rains, together with increased weevil activity, greatly reduced prospects. On Sept. 1, extremely wet weather and weevils had checked fruiting and caused considerable less through excessive shedding of small boils and damage to an unusually large percentage of the larger boils. The poorest prospect in the State is to be found in this territory, extending from Dooly and Jeff Davis Counties, in the south and southeast, to Jasper, Columbia and Burke Counties, in the south and southeast, t

COTTON GINNING REPORT.—The Bureau of the Census on Sept. 8 issued the following report showing the number of bales of cotton ginned in each of the cotton-growing States the present season up to Sept. 1, in comparison with corresponding figures for the two preceding seasons. It appears that up to Sept. 1 1928 only 956,486 bales of cotton were ginned, against 1,533,577 bales for the corresponding period a year ago, but comparing with only 696,556 bales two years ago.

Number of bales of cotton ginned from the growth of 1928 prior to Sept. 1 1928, and comparative statistics to the corresponding dates in 1927 and 1926.

State.	Running Bales (Counting Round as Half Bales and Excluding Linters.						
State.	1928.	1 1927.	1926.				
Alabama	6,911	170,596	22,440				
Arizona	5,812	2,726	5,304				
Arkansas	3.876	11,364	2,899				
Californiz	1.271	763	2,211				
Florida	1.236	6.687	3,597				
Georgia	28,997	214,070	111,333				
Louisiana	39.801	81,544	21,271				
Mississippi	21.052	95,462	18,300				
North Carolina	10	11	102				
Oklahoma	1.480	1.398	180				
South Carolina	3.384	22,955	21,057				
Texas	842,654	925,960	487,862				
All other	2	41					
United States	*956,486	*1,533,577	*696,556				

* Includes 88,761 bales of the crop of 1928 ginned prior to Aug. 1 which was counted in the supply for the season of 1727-28, compared with 162,283 and 47,770 bales of the crops of 1927 and 1926.

The statistics in this report include 43,925 round bales for 1928; 43,351 for 1927; and 14,601 for 1926.
The statistics for 1928 in this report are subject to correction when checked against the invidual returns of the ginners being transmitted by

mail.

Consumption, Stocks, Imports and Exports—United States.—Cotton consumed during the month of July 1928, amounted to 438,743 bales. Cotton on hand in consuming establishments on July 31, was 1,007,017 bales, and in public storage and at compresses 1,189,565 bales. The number of active consuming cotton spindles for the month was 28,228,024. The total imports for the month of July 1928 were 18,473 bales and the exports of domestic cotton, including linters, were 341,849 bales.

World Statistics.—The estimated world's production of commercial cotton exclusive of linters, grown in 1927, as compiled from various sources is 23,204,000 bales counting American in running bales and foreign in bales of 478 pounds lint, while the consumption of cotton (exclusive of linters in the United States) for the year ending July 31 1927, was approximately 25,869,000 bales. The total number of spinning cotton spindles, both active and idle, is about 165,000,000.

CENSUS REPORT ON COTTON CONSUMED AND ON HAND IN AUGUST, &c.—This report, issued on Aug. 15 by the Census Bureau, will be fund in full in an earlier part of our paper under the heading "Indications of Business Activity."

CENSUS REPORT ON COTTONSEED OIL PRODUC-TION DURING AUGUST.—Persons interested in this report will find it in our department headed "Indications of Business Activity" on earlier pages.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—Reports to us by telegraph this evening indicate that the weather during the week has been better than in recent preceding weeks. Temperatures have been higher and rainfall has been scattered with precipitation ranging from light to moderate. Progress as a rule has been satisfactory, although complaints of shedding continue.

Texas.—The general condition of cotton in this State continues to be spotted. Plants have about stopped bloom-There is considerable shedding.

Mobile, Ala.—The weather has been more favorable and cotton is opening more freely. Picking has not been interrupted much by rain. Complaints of rotting, boll weevil and shedding continue.

Rain.	Rainfall.	7	"hermomet	er
Galveston, Texas2 days	1.99 in.	high 86	low 78	mean 82
Abilene1 day	0.06 in.	high 96	low 60	mean 78
Brenham1 day	0.04 in.	high 98	low 52	mean 75
Brownsville 3 days		high 92	low 74	mean 83
Corpus Christi1 day	3.94 in.	high 88	low 74	mean 81
Dailas2 days	0.06 in.	high 92	low 70	mean 81
Henrietta1 day	0.12 in.	high 100	low 58	mean 79
Kerrville2 days		high 92	low 56	mean 74
Lampasas2 days		high 96	low 50	mean 73
Longview	dry	high 92	low 68	mean 80
Luling3 days	0.94 in.	high 94	low 62	mean 78
Nacogdoches	0.16 in.	high 94	low 68	
	0.44 in.			mean 81
Palestinel day			low 72	mean 82
Parisl day	0.04 in.	high 94	low 62	mean 78
San Antonio2 days	1.54 in.	high 94	low 70	mean 82
Taylor2 days	0.34 in.	high 94	low 72	mean 83
Weatherfordl day	0.22 in.	high 98	low 66	mean 82
Ardmore, Okla 1 day	0.20 in.	high 96	low 69	mean 83
Altus	dry	high 102	low 58	mean 80
Muskogee 2 days	0.67 in.	high 95	low 57	mean 76
Oklahoma City3 days	0.22 in.	high 95	low 61	mean 78
Brinkley, Ark	dry	high 93	low 55	mean 74
Eldorado	dry	high 96	low 64	mean 80
Little Rock	dry	high 91	low 63	mean 77
Pine Bluff	dry	high 100	low 60	mean 80
Alexandria, La	dry	high 94	low 70	mean 82
Amite2 days	0.87 in.	high 90	low 66	mean 78
New Orleans 2 days	0.01 in.	high	low	mean 82
Shrevepert	dry	high 94	low 63	mean 79
Columbus, Miss	dry	high 95	low 65	mean 80
Greenwood	dry	high 96	low 62	mean 79
Vicksburg1 day	0.06 in.	high 95	low 67	mean 81
Mobile, Ala 3 days	0.75 in.	high 92	low 70	mean 81
Decatur	dry	high 88	low 63	mean 76
Montgomery1 day	0.09 in.	high 90	low 68	mean 79
Selma1 day	0.08 in.	high 95	low 68	mean 82
Gainesville, Fla 2 days	0.32 in.	high 94	low 67	mean 81
Madison3 days	0.95 in.	hig 93	low 69	mean 81
Savannah, Ga1 day	0.51 in.	high 91	low 68	mean 80
Athens	dry	high 93	low 61	mean 77
Augusta	dry	high 92	low 64	mean 78
Columbus1 day	0.10 in.	high 95	low 68	mean 82
Charleston, S. C 1 day	0.09 in.	high 90	low 69	
Creenwood		high 90		mean 80
Greenwood	0.07 in.	high 90	low 60	mean 75
Committee 2 days			low 64	mean 78
Conway 3 days Charlotte, N. C 1 day	0.34 in.	high 92	low 61	mean 77
Charlotte, N. C I day	0.12 in.	high 92	low 59	mean 74
Newbern	dry	high 93	low 61	mean 77
Weldon1 day	0.43 in.	high 92	low 55	mean 74
Memphis, Tenn	dry	high 92	low 68	mean 80
PP1 - 11				

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of rivers at the points named at 8 a.m. of the dates given:

o a. m. or the dates given.	Sept. 14 1928. Feet.	Sept. 16 1927 Feet.
New Orleans Above zero of gauge.	3.8	2.9
MemphisAbove zero of gauge_	14.9	8.7
NashvilleAbove zero of gauge_	20.2	6.9
Shreveport Above zero of gauge.	5.4	6.9
VicksburgAbove zero of gauge_	21.5	17.0

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. Tie figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the putports.

Week Ended	Rece	Stocks at Interior Towns.						Receipts from Plantations				
	1928.	1927.	1926.	19	8.	19	7.	09	6.	1928.	1927.	1926.
June												
15	38,902	51,460	80,676	493.	693	534	.914	1.074	1.997	9,535	11,279	68.893
22	26.447	45,396		463.	240			1.03			13,482	
29	30.851	36.843		437			.669		.093			
July	00,000	00,010	00.200		-0-		.000	-0.	,000	0,0.2	0,012	0,00
6	36,994	38.801	37.067	407.	726	449	.131	952	467	6.759	16.263	
13	27,419			386.			.498		.992			
20	19,932	30.270		356.			.271		.912			
27	18,771	35,602		328.			492		.353			
Aug.		00,002	30,222	000				0	,,000	1	1.,020	20,00
3	28.393	45,276	53,306	302.	330	376	.345	B45	2,251	2.253	47,129	22.21
10		84.022		286			.809		.013			
17		108,930		266			.011		.748			
24			113,195	258			.511		1.117		131,450	
31			187.891	245			614			116,872		
Sept.	123034	230,020	101,001	210		000	,014	200	3,121	110,012	230,102	110,00
	999 173	261 473	208,801	251	324	271	.441	400	340	227.926	206 200	211 01
			330.497		133		.618			265.849		

The above statement shows: (1) That the total receipts from the plantations since Aug. 1 1928 are 672,735 bales: in 1927 were 1,247,013 bales, and in 1926 were 998,727 bales. (2) That although the receipts at the outports the past week were 242,040 bales, the actual movement from plantations was 265,849 bales, stocks at interior towns having increased 23,809 bales during the week. Last year receipts from the plantations for the week were 370,122 bales and for 1926 they were 373,572 bales.

WORLD SUPPLY AND TAKINGS OF COTTON.— The following brief but comprehensive statement indicates at a glance the world's supply of cotton for the week and since Aug. 1 for the last two seasons, from all sources from which statistics are obtainable, also the takings or amounts gone out of sight for the like period.

Cotton Takings, Week and Season.	19	28.	1927.		
week and Season,	Week.	Season.	Week.	Season.	
Visible supply Sept. 7 Visible supply Aug. 1 American in sight to Sept. 14 Bombay receipts to Sept. 13 Other India ship'ts to Sept. 13 Alexandria receipts to Sept. 12 Other supply to Sept. 12*b	3,527,961 367,320 4,000 21,000 16,000 20,000		466,904 29,000 30,000 51,000		
Total supply Deduct— Visible supply Sept. 14	3,956,281 3,609,007	,	5,141,292 4,745,138	7,157,217 4,745,138	
Total takings to Sept. 15_a Of which American Of which other	347,274 223,274 124,000		251,154	2,412,079 1,732,719 679,360	

* Embraces receipts in Europe from Brazil, Smyrna, West Indies, &c. a This total embraces since Aug. 1 the total estimated consumption by Southern mills, 640,000 bales in 1928 and 766,000 bales in 1927—takings not being available—and the aggregate amounts taken by Northern and

foreign spinners, 1,454,952 bales in 1928 and 1,646,079 bales in 1927, of which 801,752 bales and 966,719 bales American. b Estimated.

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.— The receipts of India cotton at Bombay and the shipments from all India ports for the week and for the season from Aug. 1, as cabled, for three years, have been as follows:

Conta	ember 13.		19	28.	11	927.	19	1926.	
Receipts at—			Week. Sincs Aug. 1 4,000 32,00		. Week.	Since Aug. 1.	Week.	Stace Aug. 1.	
					29,000	118,00	10,000	114,000	
For the			Week.		Since August 1.				
from—	Great Brutain.		Japan& China.	Totas.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Japan & China.	Total.	
Bombay 1928 1927 Other India 1928		16,000 11,000 9,000	8,000	70,000 11,000 17,000 21,000	4,000 6,000 1,000 9,000	56,000 38,000 39,000 47,000	110,000 128,000	221,000 154,000 168,000 56,000	
1927 1926	1,000			30,000	8,500 5,000	80,000 48,000		88,500 53,000	
Total all— 1928 1927 1926				91,000 41,000 18,000	13,000 14,500 6,000	103,000 118,000 87,000	110,000	277,000 242,500 221,000	

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show a decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of 25,000 bales. Exports form all Indian ports record an increase of 50,000 bales during the week, and since Aug. 1 show an increase of 34,500 bales.

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—We now receive weekly a cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Egypt, Sept. 14.	1928.		19	27.	1926.	
Receipts (cantars)— This week Since Aug. 1	11	80,000 6,382	13 28	55,000 88,374		0,000 3,298
Export (bales)—	This Week.	Since Aug. 1.	This Week.	Since Aug. 1.	This Week.	Since Aug. 1.
To Liverpool To Manchester, &c To Continent and India To America	7,000	6.504 12,026 35,553 10,465	5,250	7,745 9,691 36,045 10,949	4,250 3,500	12.850
Total exports	7,000	64.548	5.250	64,430	7.750	63,908

Note.—A cantar is 99 lbs. Egyptian bales weigh about 750 lbs.

This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending Sept. 12 were 80,000 cantars and the foreign shipments 7,000 bales.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester States that the market in both yarns and cloths is steady. Demand for both yarn and cloth is improving. We give prices to-day below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

			19	28.		1927.				
	32s C Twt			Comme Finest.				Common Finest.	Middl'g Upl'ds	
June-	d.	d.	s. d.	8.	d. d.	d. d.	s. d.	s. d.	d.	
15	16 @	1734	14 2	@ 14 4	1 11.39	14 14 @ 16 %	13 0	@13 3	9.13	
22	16 4 @					14% @ 16%	13 0	@13 3	9.08	
29						14 14 @ 16 %		@13 3	9.11	
July-	-076	-0/4		9-0		/20-0/4		0.00		
6	17 6	1814	14 6	@ 15	12.53	15 @ 16%	13 0	@13 3	9.17	
13			14 6				13 1	@13 4	9.65	
20						1516 1714		@13 6	9.91	
97	1074 @	10%						@13 6	10.05	
27	10 33 6	18	14 1	@14	3 11.73	15%@17%	13 0	@ 13 0	10.03	
Aug	10 0				1000	1		010 4	0.47	
3			13 6			1516@1716		@13 4	9.47	
10			13 6				13 5	@13 7	10.40	
17			13 6			16%@17%	13 5	@13 7	10.60	
24	15%@	17	13 2	@13	10.44	16 % @ 18	14 0	@14 2	11.15	
31	15% @	17	13 0	@13	2	18 @19	13 6	@ 14 0	12.34	
Sept	-			-			1			
	15% €	1634	12 7	@13	1 10.62	18 @19	13 6	@14 0	12.67	
	14% @		12 6				13 6	@14 0	11.83	
	**/			410	0.01	/- 6 10	0	0-20		

SHIPPING NEWS.—As shown on a previous page, the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 122,233 bales. The shipments in detail, as made up from mail and telegraphic reports, are as follows:

up from man and telegraphic reports, are as follows.	10-1
NEW YORK STATES AND 21 Colodonian 975	Bales. 275
NEW YORK—To Liverpool—Aug. 31—Caledonian, 275——— To Manchester—Sept. 7—Artigas, 100———————————————————————————————————	100
To Bremen—Sept. 7—Columbus, 318	318
To Japan—Sept. 7—Columbus, 313	1.884
To Gothenburg—Sept. 7—Gripsholm, 100	100
To Genoa Sent 12 Isarco 50	50
To Genoa—Sept. 12—Isarco, 50	-
Sept 7—Duquesne 145	1.737
Sept. 7—Duquesne, 145	
quesne 154	842
To Oporto—Sept 10—Ogontz, 100	100
To Murmansk—Scot. 11—Rheinhausen, 14.849	14,849
To Rotterdam—Sept. 11—Leerdam, 900; West Gambo, 284	1,184
To Guayaquil—Sept. 7—Coppename, 125	125
To Bremen—Sept. 11—West Gambo, 525	525
CORPUS CHRISTI-To Havre-Sept. 6-Michigan, 2,427	2,427
To Dunkirk—Sept. 6—Michigan, 202	202
To Barcelona—Sept. 10—Sapinero, 4,025	4.025
To Japan—Sept. 10—Volunteer, 1,108	1,108 700
To China—Sept. 10—Volunteer, 700	1.901
To Genoa—Sept. 11—West Ekonk. To Bremen—Sept. 11—Villaperosa, 1,956Sept. 13—	1,001
Brush, 6.096	8.052
To Liverpool—Sept. 12—Elmsport. 5.207	5,207
SAN PEDRO-To Bremen-Sept. 8—Portland, 100	100
To Japan—Sept. 11—President Madison, 300	300
NORFOLK-To Liverpool-Sept. 11-Clairton, 255	255
To Manchester—Sept. 11—Clairton, 400	400
To Bremen Sent 13 Havelland 269	269

Control of the Contro	Bales.
OUSTON—To Bremen—Sept. 7—Nyanza, 8,659————————————————————————————————————	8,695
4.200	9.450
To China—Sept. 7—Snestad, 300 Sept. 13—Volunteer, 425	725
To Havre—Sept. 9—Niagara, 9.585Sept. 10—Middleham	10 995
Castle, 2,050Sept. 13—West Quechee, 1,700	13,335 $12,300$
To Leningrad—Sept. 10—L. A. Christensen, 12,300———— To Antwerp—Sept. 10—Middleham Castle, 200—————	200
To Trieste—Sept. 13—Liberty Bell, 100	100
To Ghent—Sept. 10—Middleham Castle, 2,250	2.250
To Venice—Sept. 13—Liberty Bell. 650	650
To Barcelona—Sept. 11—Monfiore, 4.443	4,443
To Rotterdam-Sept.13-West Quechee, 1,650	1,650
GALVESTON-To Copenhagen-Sept. 8-Gorm, 100	100
To Japan—Sept. 7—Santos Maru, 7,000	7,000
To Liverpool—Sept. 8—Ninian, 2,204	2,204
To Manchester—Sept. 8—Ninian, 100	100
To Bremen—Sept. 8—City of Weatherford, 5,642	
To Havre—Sept. 10—Michigan, 3,975	$\frac{3,975}{352}$
CHARLESTON—To Manchester—Sept. 9—Magmeric, 352——— To Bremen—Sept. 12—Heddernheim, 700——Sept. 13—Cold-	
water, 700	1,400
water, 700 To Hamburg—Sept. 12—Heddernheim, 263 SEATTLE—To Japan—Sept. 7—President Cleveland, 400	263 400
Total	122,233

COTTON FREIGHT.—Current rates for cotton from New York, as furnished by Lambert & Burrowes, Inc., are as follows, quotations being in cents per pound.

,	High Density	Stand ard.	1	High Density.	Stand-	1	High Density.	Stanc -
Liverpool	.45c.	.60e.	Oslo	.50c.	.60c.	Shanghai	.700.	.85c.
Mancheste		.60c.	Stockholm		.75c.	Bombay	.60c.	.75e.
Antwerp	.30c.	.45c.	Trieste	.50c.	.65c.	Bremen	.45c.	.60c.
Ghent .	3716c.	.5214c.	Flume	.50c.	.65c.	Hamburg	.45c.	.60c.
Havre	.31c.	.46c.	Lisbon	.45c.	.60c.	Piraeus	.75e.	.90c.
Rotterdam	.40c.	.55c.	Oporto	.60c.	.75c.	Salonica	.75c.	.90c.
Genoa	.50c.	.65c.	Barcelona	.30c.	.45c.	Venice	.50e.	.65c

LIVERPOOL.—Sales, stocks, &c., for past week:

		Aug. 24.	Aug. 31.	Sept. 7.	Sept. 14.
1	Sales of the week	30.000	27.000	37,000	45,000
	Of which American	16,000	15.000	22.000	27,000
4	Actual exports	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
]	Forwarded	41.000	40,000	53,000	52,000
	Total stocks	678,000	658,000	633.000	608,000
	Of which American	294,000	385,000	356,000	334,000
	Total imports	54,000	22,000	30,000	21,000
	Of which American		15,000	7,000	11,000
	Amount afloat	105,000	106,000	101,000	100,000
	Of which American	26,000	21,000	22,000	27,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the past week and the daily closing prices of spot cotton have been as follows:

Spot.	Saturday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.
Market, 12:15 P. M.	Moderate demand.	A fair business doing.	Good inquiry.	Good inquiry.	Good demand.	Moderate demand.
Mid.Upi'ds	10.62d.	10.21d.	9.99d.	10.054.	9.91d.	9.84d.
Sales	5,000	6,000	7,000	7,000	10,000	6,000
Futures.	Quiet	Easy	Weak	Steady	Q't but st'y	Quiet but
Market opened	4 to 5 pts. decline.	43 to 47 pts decline.	15 to 17 pts decline.	5 to 6 pts. advance.		steady, 7 to 10 pts. dec.
Market,		Q't but st'y				Barely st'y;
P. M.	2 to 3 pts. decline.	35 to 41 pts decline.	18 to 23 pts decline.	5 to 6 pts. advance.		1 to 3 pts.

Prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below:

	Sat.		Mon.		Tues.		Wed.		Thurs.		Fri.	
							12.15 p. m.					
	d.	a.	a.	d.	d.	d.	a.	d.	d.	d.	d.	4.
September		10.08	9.66	9.67	9.44	9.44	9.50	9.49	9.36	9.33	9.29	9.34
October		9.96	9.54	9.55	9.32	9.32	9.38	9.37	9.24	9.21	9.17	9.22
November		9.86	9.44	9.46	9.24	9.25	9.31	9.30	9.16	9.13	9.07	9.13
December			9.44	9.46	9.24	9.25	9.31	9.30	9.16	9.14	9.08	9.13
January			9.44	9.46	9.24	9.25	9.31	9.31	9.17	9.14	9.08	9.13
February		9.85	9.44	9.47	9.25	9.26	9.32	9.32	9.18	9.15	9.09	9.13
March			9.47	9.50	9.29	9.30	9.36	9.35	9.22	9.18	9.12	9.16
April			9.48	9.51			9.36			9.18		
May		9.91	9.51	9.54	9.33	9.34	9.40	9.40	9.26	9.22	9.16	9.19
June			9.48	9.51	9.31	9.32	9.38	9.38	9.25	9.21	9.15	9.18
July				9.51	9.31				9.25		9.15	
August				9.49	9.29	9.30	9.36		9.23		9.12	9.15
September							9.35					9.14

BREADSTUFFS

Friday Night, Sept. 14 1928.

Flour has been in about the same position as heretofore. Trade has been rather slow and export demand seemed nothing marked. A fair trade is said to have been done with Europe and South America and direct with the mills. At the Northwest trade was said to be rather better.

At the Northwest trade was said to be rather better.

Wheat declined about 2 cents with crop prospects more promising. Prices declined ¼ to ¾c. on the 10th inst. after going to new lows early on a decline then of ½ to 1½c. Winnipeg dropped but also rallied despite good weather and a decline in Loverpool of 1¼d. on increased selling by Canada and of old crop by Argentina. Export sales were only 400,000 bushels. Hard winter was quiet for export. Weather conditions in Canada over the week-end were generally favorable and harvesting progressed rapidly. Winnipeg's receipts were 1,472 cars for two days. Minneapolis received 1,384 cars. Winter wheat receipts were moderate and there was a good demand from mills for the choice grades. Ordinary grades on the other hand were dull. The United States visible supply increased last week 3,325,000 bushels against 3,404,000 last year. The total is now 91,239 bushels against 64,148 a year ago. The Government report, though called bearish, was largely ignored on the 11th inst. Prices advanced ¾ to 1½c. and then reacted, ending at a net rise of ½ to 5½c. Liverpool closed ¾d. to ¾d. higher. The Winnipeg "Free Press" report pointed to a crop of 534,000,000 bushels for the three Western Canadian Provinces, or 122,000,000 bushels larger than last

year. Private advices from Canada seemed to indicate that the crop was even larger than these figures. The official Canadian report due on the 11th was awaited for a new cue. The weather was very favorable for harvesting. Receipts increased very noticeably with 1,057 cars new wheat in Winnipeg. About 80% graded No. 4 Northern or better. The Seaboard bought little, although some buying of futures early was credited against export sales at the Gulf. Mills continued to take a fair amount of choice quality of milling wheat though the medium and lower grades were still dull. The spring wheat crop was estimated on Sept. 1 by the Government as 322,473,000 bushels against 312,693,000 on Aug. 1 and the harvested crop last year of 319,307,000 bushels and 203,607,000 in 1926; condition on Sept. 1 this year 82.1 against 81.8 on Aug. 1 and 82.7 on Sept. 1 last year. The total crop is 901,000,000 bushels against 871,691,000 last year and 831,040,000 in 1926.

On the 12th inst. prices declined early on the bearish Canadian Government report. Selling was not large, however, and Northwestern hedge sales were only fair. Later a rally occurred and prices ended unchanged to %c. higher, with shorts covering freely. September led the rise. The cash markets were firmer. Winnipeg was unchanged to %c. lower. Sentiment is not as bearish as it has been. Export demand was only fair with sales of 500,000 bushels

in all positions.

To-day prices closed at a rise of \% to \%c., with other markets \% to 1c. higher. Early prices were lower with the cables off, the weather in Canada favorable and easiness in the Northwest and Winnipeg early. Eastern interests bought on the declines and this together with further rains in the American Northwest and a lack of hedging pressure caused a rally. Export demand was better. Sales in this direction were estimated at 750,000 to 1,000,000 bushels, mostly Manitobas. Portugal was said to have bought 6 full cargoes of Manitobas for November to April shipment. The Northwest was reported to have bought at times. Cash markets were steady. Winnipeg became stronger later and this helped brace prices to some extent. So did the advance in corn. North American exports this week were large, i. e., 13,221,000 bushels against 12,964,000 last year. Australia shipped 1,024,000 bushels of which 568,000 bushels went to India. Argentine shipped 1,451,000 bushels. The indications were for world's shipments for the week of 15,792,000 bushels. Final prices, however, show a decline for the week of 1½ to 2c.

| DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF WHEAT IN NEW YORK. | Sat. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thurs. | Fri. | 160½ | 159½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 1

Indian corn advanced with some decrease in the crop estimates, light offerings from the country, and cash demand good. Prices closed %c. to ½c. lower on the 10th inst, partly because of some slight net decline in wheat. Cash premiums declined somewhat, leading to a good business with shippers and the industries. Rather large ship-ments were made. Chicago's stock decreased last week something over 1,000,000 bushels. Many sold expecting a bearish Government crop estimate. It was a misstep. The United States visible supply decreased last week 1,340,000 bushels in rather striking contrast with an increase in the same week last year of 281,000 bushels. The total is now only 8,176,000 bushels against 22,593,000 a year ago. Government report on the 10th inst. stated the crop at 2,930,586,000 bushels against 3,029,561,000 last month and a harvested crop last year of 2,773,708,000 bushels. The high record was 3,208,584,000 in 1920. The condition on Sept. 1 was 78.4 against 83.3 last month and 69.7 a year ago. On the 11th inst. prices advanced 2½ to 3c. on the Government estimate of the crop of 2,931,000,000 bushels which was unexpectedly small. The outlook was for beneficial rains, but contract stocks decreased nearly 1,000,000 bushels. Cash corn was in good demand. Premiums were firmer. Only scattered earlots of old corn. firmer. Only scattered carlots of old corn were offered. On the other hand, purchases of new corn were 200,000 to 250,000 bushels. Shippers took fair quantities of old corn. Industries also bought. The Government estimate of the crop was nearly 100,000,000 bushels less than last month. It was naturally a bullish factor. It was a surprise too. The market was short. On the 12th inst. prices were irregular. September ended 1%c. higher while other deliveries were unchanged to %c. lower. Cash interests bought and there was some covering of shorts.

There was a better export inquiry reported on the 12th inst. for December and March for shipment to Trieste and the Balkans. The Kansas weekly report said that corn and grain sorghams matured rapidly during the past week. Corn suffered only from lack of moisture rather than high temperatures. Good rains were reported over a fairly wide area last night. A heavy growth of weeds and volunteer wheat is making plowing difficult. Some farmers are starting to drill wheat in several western counties. The third

cutting of alfalfa has been harvested and an increased acreage is being seeded. Cables from Roumania report that the damage to corn in that country was greater than the Government estimated. Prices now are phenomenally high, but have eased slightly recently. Home consumption of corn is estimated at 119,297,000 bushels and the estimated production 89,547,000 bushels. Imports or the use of substitutes

will have to make up for the deficit.

To-day prices advanced 1/2 to 1%c. Foreign interests were buying September, supposedly in covering shorts. Country offerings were smaller. Cash premiums were firm, and the cash demand fair. Receipts were moderate. Reports of damage by storm from Nebraska had some influence. The Southwest was buying. A private report predicted frost overnight in parts of the belt with the possibility that it wolud extend to Oklahoma. And considerable attention was given to reports that the port strike at Rosario would be resumed. Argentine exports this week were 8,088,000 bushels against 6,594,000 last year. The open interest in September was put at 19,214,000 bushels. Final prices show a rise for the week of ¾ to 4%c., the latter on September.

 DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF CORN FUTURES IN CHICAGO.

 Sat.
 Mon.
 Tues.
 Wed. Thurs.
 Fri.

 September
 94%
 94
 96%
 97%
 99%
 100%

 December
 93%
 73%
 76
 76
 76
 76
 76
 78%

 March
 96%
 75%
 77%
 77%
 77%
 78%

Oats were steady with corn and little pressure from the country and cash demand excellent. On the 10th inst. prices were irregular ending 1/8c. lower to 1/4c. higher. No pressure to sell appeared. The cash demand was good. The United States visible supply increased last week 1,881,-000 bushels against an increase last year of 2,557,000 bush-The totals was 15,257,000 bushels against 24,058,000 The Government crop estimate on the 10th inst. was 1,453,829,000 bushels against 1,442,000,000 on Aug. 1 and 1,195,006,000 harvested last year; condition 84.4 against 84.8 a month ago and 70.3 last year. On the 11th inst. the closing was ¼ to %c. higher with little pressure to sell, receipts small and cash demand excellent.

On the 12th inst prices closed 4c. lower to 3c. higher the latter on September. Northwestern interests sold De-

cember and May.

To-day prices closed 1/8 to 1/2c. higher with a fair demand. The strength of other grain and a good cash demand were the bullish factors. Country offerings were not large. Final prices show a rise for the week of 1/4 to 11/8c. except on March which is 1/4 c. lower.

1.						
DAILY CLOSING PRICE No. 2 white	Sat.				Thurs.	Fri. 53½
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF	Sat.	S FUT	Tues.		CHICA Thurs.	GO.
September December March	39 3/8 40 5/8	$39\frac{3}{40}$ $40\frac{5}{8}$ $42\frac{7}{8}$	40 1/8 41 1/8 43 1/8	40½ 41¼ 43	41	41 ½ 41 ½ 43 ¼
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF	OAT Sat.	S FUT	Tues.		WINN!	PEG.
October	50 46 1/8	50 46 1/8 49 7/8	51 1/8 47 50 5/8	52 1/8 47 5/8 50 7/8	52 3/4 47 5/8 50 3/8	52 5/8 47 7/8 51 1/4

Rye prices declined 2 to 21/2 cents partly in sympathy with wheat. On the 10th inst. prices declined 11/2c. owing mainly to lower prices for wheat. But despite the lower prices commission house buying of rye increased. Some hedge selling came from the Northwest. The United States visible supply decreased last week 47,000 bushels against an increase in the same week last year of 313,000. total now is 1,336,000 bushels against 2,443,000 a year ago. On the 11th inst. prices ended %c. lower to %c. higher with hedging sales a rather disturbing factor and export business absent as well as support from any other source. 12th inst. prices rose 1/4 to 1/2c. in response to the firmness of wheat. To-day prices ended ½ to 1½c. higher in response to the strength of other grain. The Northwest was not selling much. Inquiries for wheat from both Germany and Helsingfors had a bullish effect. The open interest at the close on the 13th inst. was 10.139,000 bushels. Final prices show a decline for the week of 1 to 2%c.

DAILY	CLOSING	PRICES	OF RY	E FUT	URES	IN C	HICAC	GO.
December			93 %	901/2	$7ues.$ $90 \frac{1}{8}$ $91 \frac{5}{8}$ $95 \frac{1}{2}$	$Wed.$ $90 \frac{1}{8}$ $92 \frac{1}{8}$ $95 \frac{1}{8}$	91 91 % 95 %	Fri. 92 93 1/4 96 1/4

Closing quotations were as follows: GRAIN

(116)	
Wheat, New York-	Oats, New York— No. 2 white————————————————————————————————————
No. 2 red. f.o.b 1.60 %	No. 2 white 53 1/2
Corn New York	No. 3 white
NE O - III	Rye. New York-
No. 2 yellow 1.22 1/2	Rye. New York— No. 2 f.o.b. 1.05%
No. 3 yellow 1.21 1/2	Barley, New York-
	Barley, New York— Malting 821/4
FLO	UR
Spring patents \$6.00@\$6 40	Rye flour patents \$6.10@\$6.45
CHEARS, DIESE SUPPLY 3.05% N OO	Semoline Vo 2 nound 254
Soft winter straights 6.00@ 6.45	Oats goods new 2 75 @ 2 80
Hard winter straights 5.65@ 6 10	Corn flour 2 90@ 2 95
Hard winder surangines 5 05 th 5,10	Corn flour 2 90 @ 2 95
Hard winter patents 6 1006 6.60	Barley goods—
Hard winter patents 6 100 6 60 Hard winter clears 5 100 5 80	Coarse 3.60
Fancy Minn patents 7.65@ 7.90	Fancy nearl Nos 1 2
City milla 7 80% 8 50	Fancy pearl Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4
City mins	3 and 4 0.00@ 7 00

City mills ... For other tables usually given here, see page 1485.

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports Saturday, Sept. 8, were as follows:

	GRA	IN STOCK	8.		
United States-	Wheat, bush.	Corn;	Oats,	Rye, bush.	Barley bush.
New York	294,000	27,000	296,000	22,000	212,000
Boston			6,000	1,000	
	719,000	12,000	314,000	22,000	275,000
	876,000	25,000	240,000	2,000	669,000
Newport News			******		
	974,000	46,000	125,000		357,000
	335,000			15,000	748,000
	488,000	76,000	225,000	5,000	23,000
Buffalo	010,000	590,000	1,570,000	242,000	490,000
" afloat	87,000				206,000
	103,000	42,000	312,000	3,000	27,000
	201,000	25,000	36,000	2,000	4,000
Chicago	219,000	6,504,000	3,909,000	202,000	907,000
" afloat		66,000	521,000		73,000
Milwaukee	891,000	94,000	1,099,000	15,000	311,000
Duluth 9,	150,000		216,000	578,000	1,023,000
	806,000	84,000	2,736,000	89.000	478,000
	604,000	21,000	118,000	8,000	43,000
	520,000	126,000	254,000		81,000
Kansas City20,		97,000	8,000	30,000	41,000
Wichita	979,000	1,000			21,000
	153,000	13,000	2,000		
Peorla	14,000	10,000	708,000		1,000
	683,000	173,000	1.935,000		1,000
	048,000	114,000	289,000	45,000	141,000
	345,000	30,000	338,000	20,000	111,000
	126,000	30,000		46,000	169,000
			44.044.000		
	239,000	8,176,000		1,336,000	6,278,000
	325,000		1,881,000		84,000
Decrease from last week		1,340,000		47,000	4 101 000
Sept. 1, 192887,9		9,516,000		1,383,000	6,194,000
Sept. 10 1927 64,4				2,443,000	4,909,000
Mote Bonded grain not	Included	d above: (Jose Now	Vork 94 00	in hughela:

Note.—Bonded grain not included above: Oats, New York, 24,000 bushels: Philadelphia, 5.000; Baltimore, 15,000; Buffalo, 27,000; total, 71,000 bushels, against 34,000 bushels in 1927. Barley, New York, 1,000; bushels, Baltimore, 80,000; Buffalo afloat, 63,000; Duluth, 30,000; Canal, 121,000; total, 295,000 bushels, against 31,000 bushels in 1927. Wheat, New York, 432,000 bushels; Boston, 100,000; Philadelphia, 189,000; Baltimore, 338,000; Buffalo, 1,420,000; Buffalo afloat, 392,000; Duluth, 105,000; Canal, 1,459,000; total, 4,435,000 bushels, against 4,481,000 bushels in 1927.

Canadian-15,000 539,000238,000 591,000 331,000 33,000 Total Sept. 1 1928 -- 16,378,000
Total Sept. 1 1928 -- 20,395,000
Total Sept. 10 1927 -- 12,694,000 554,000 365,000 495,000 1,285,000 1,725,000 $292,000 \\ 1,059,000$

 Summary—
 191,239,000
 8,176,000
 15,257,000
 1,336,000
 6,278,000

 Canadian
 -16,378,000
 1,144,000
 489,000
 554,000

 Total Sept.
 8 1928
 107,617,000
 8,176,000
 16,671,000
 1,825,000
 6,532,000

 Total Sept.
 1 1928
 108,309,000
 9,516,000
 14,661,000
 1,675,000
 6,559,000

 Total Sept.
 10 1927
 -77,142,000
 22,593,000
 25,783,000
 3,502,000
 5,404,000

The world's shipments of wheat and corn, as furnished by Broomhall to the New York Produce Exchange, for the week ending Friday, Sept. 7, and since July 1 1927 and 1926, are shown in the following:

		Wheat.		Corn.				
Exports.	1928.		1927.	192	1927.			
	Week Sept. 7.	Since July 1.	Since July 1.	Week Sept. 7.	Since July 1.	Since July 1.		
North Amer. Black Sea Argentina	32,000		Bushels. 77,012,000 1,616,000 17,171,000	Bushels. 120,000 102,000 7,185,000	Bushels, 2,257,000 1,539,000 81,365,000	Bushels. 925,000 5,279,000 86,928,000		
Australia India Oth. countr's	1,276,000 680,000 840,000	11,192,000 1,040,000	$13,848,000 \\ 6,552,000$	916,000	8,179,000	2,201,000		
Total	16,625,000	145,273,000	120,247,000	8,323,000	93,880,000	95,333,000		

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT'S REPORT ON CEREALS, &c.—The full report of the Department of Agriculture, showing the condition of the cereal crops on Sept. 1, as issued on the 10th inst., will be found in an earlier part of this issue in the department entitled "Indications of Business Activity.

GRAIN CROP PROSPECTS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.—The U. S. Department of Agriculture at Washington in giving its report on Sept. 10 of the grain crops in the United States also made public a report on the prospects of grain crops in foreign countries, which will be found complete in an earlier part of this issue, in the department entitled "Indications of Business Activity."

WEATHER BULLETIN FOR THE WEEK ENDED Sept. 12.—The general summary of the weather bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture, indicating the influence of the weather for the week ended Sept. 12., follows: In the middle Atlantic and southeastern States rainy weather prevailed during the first two or three days of the week, with some heavy falls reported from several stations. The latter part had generally fair weather east of the Mississippi River, except for some showers in more southeastern districts. In the interior it was generally fair until the latter part of the werk, when showers were widespread in the Southwest and in Central-Northern States, while west of the Rocky Mountains fair weather was the rule throughout the period. Temperature changes were not marked, although it was considerably warmer in the interior near the close of the week.

although it was considerably warmer in the interior near the close of week.

The table on page 3 shows that temperatures for the week were above normal over a belt extending from the western Lake region southwestward to southern California and Arizona. Elsewhere they were mostly below normal, though the minus departures were generally rather small, except in the middle Atlantic coast sections and in north Pacific districts. From Pennsylvania southward to North Carolina the period was mostly from about 3 degrees to 8 degrees cooler than normal, while minus departures were from 3 degrees to 5 degrees in some lower trans-Mississippl districts. It was slightly cooler than normal in the northern Great Plains and there was a deficiency of 3 degrees or 4 degrees in temperature along the north Pacific coast.

Chart II shows that rainfall was again heavy to excessive in most localities in the southeastern States from Virginia southward to Georgia and

Pacific coast.

Chart II shows that rainfall was again heavy to excessive in most localities in the southeastern States from Virginia southward to Georgia and Florida. The amounts were heavy also in southern Texas, and were substantial locally in the western Lake region, the lower Missouri Valley, and in the interior of the Northeast. Elsewhere very little rain occurred, except in restricted areas, with the Pacific coast States and far Southwest practically rainless.

A continuation of heavy rain the first part of the week over an area comprising the States from New Jersey and Pennsylvania southward to Georgia and Florida was very unfavorable for agricultural interests in most localities. Farm work was greatly delayed and crops damaged, especially on lowlands, but the latter part of the week was warm, dry, and sunshiny, which made a marked improvement in weather conditions in that area. Elsewhere it was mostly favorable for seasonal outdoor operations, and generally so for maturing crops, which are now mostly well along. Corn, especially, made rapid maturity, and much of the crop is now safe from frost in the principal producing sections

Fall plowing was hindered by dry, hard soil in many interior districts, especially in the Pacific Northwest, considerable portions of the central Great Plains, and in parts of the Ohio Valley area. A general rain is needed for this work, and also for pastures, over most of the interior valley States. Good showers were beneficial in southern Texas, where drought has prevailed, but it is still too dry over much of the Rocky Mountain area, and quite generally in the Great Basin.

SMALL GRAINS.—Late threshing made good advance in the more northern and northwestern States, under generally favorable weather conditions, and is now well along or about completed in most districts. The preparation for wheat seeding was rather slow in many places, because of hard, dry soil, with generous rains needed in much of the Wheat Belt. Moisture is especially deficient in the Pacific Northwest, western Kansas, and central lilinois, while more is needed in many other localities. Not show the northern portions of the Ohio Valley State Plants, and central lilinois, while more is needed in many other localities. Flax is being threat portions of the Ohio Valley State or to only fair yields in some place in the northern Great Plains, with port to only fair yields in some place in the northern Great Plains, with port to only fair yields in some place in the northern foreat Plains, with port to only fair yields in some place in the northern foreat Plains. CORN.—Much corn is now safe from frost injury in the principal producing areas, while in the southwestern Plains.

CORN.—Much corn is now safe from frost injury in the principal producing areas, while in the southwestern part of the belt the crop is largely beyond danger. Corn is ripening rapidly in the Ohio Valley with cutting begun, but there were some reports of slow advance and firing in Indiana. In Iowa progress and condition were fair to very good: considerable is now safe and the crop is maturing about normally; reports indicate that, with number of the death of september. Dry soil

The Weather Bureau also furnishes the following resume of the conditions in the different States:

Virginia.—Richmond: Unfavorable for most cultivated crops first part of week, due to cloudiness, moderate rains, and coolness; latter part clear, warmer and favorable for all crops and farm work. Cotton fairly good; also corn, except on lowlands where damaged by excessive rains. Too wet for topacco until latter part of week. Favorable for pastures and meadows.

warmer and favorable for all crops and farm work. Cotton fairly good also corn, except on lowlands where damaged by excessive rains. Too wet for too acco until latter part of week. Favorable for pastures and meadows.

North Carolina.—Raleigh: Heavy rains first half-flooded streams and caused much additional damage to crops. Condition of cotton still fairly good, though much deterioration in past in days by washing land, flooding, shedding, and oolls rotting. Late tobacco, much lowland corn, meadows, and hay badly damaged.

Soulh Carolina.—Columbia: Excessive rains, particularly in central and north, with correspondingly swollen streams, damaged crops accordingly. Corn shows little, if any, improvement and much that is down from previous storm stress is beyond recovery. Cotton deteriorated in extensive areas, with much shedding and boll rot and, in some central sections, young seed are sprouting, favorable for increased weevil activity: dry and clear weather at week-end improved conditions.

Georgia.—Atlanta: Extremely unfavorable on account of too much rain, except last few days; rains prevented farm work, picking cotton, making hay, and harvesting minor crops. Cotton badly deteriorated: rotting of oolls, sprouting of seeds in bolls, and shedding reported to unsual extent; staple damaged and grade reduced; opening and picking slow; beginning to open in northern division. Much corn molding in shock, but late upland fair to good.

Florida.—Jacksonville: Cotton shows deterioration and very little picking owing to rain. Frequent showers with some locally heavy rains, and seed beds, fall truck, sweet potatoes, and strawberries unfavorably affected on lowlands; some progress uplands. Much corn ruined by previous rains and high winds. Citrus, including satsumas in west, in good condition, except for local splitting and dropping; young trees doing well.

Alabama.—Montgomery: Progress of corton waried from deterioration to fair: reports quite general. Progress of corton varied from deterioration to fair: reports quite g

poor; plants have about stopped brooming and are shedding considerably picking and ginning made good progress, except where delayed by general rain in south.

Oklahoma.—Oklahoma City: Favorable for all crops, but more moisture needed in west. Progress of cotton generally fair; considerable shedding many bolls small, and opening prematurely in dry areas of southwest; picking becoming general; condition badly spotted, out probably averages fairly good. Progress and condition of late corn poor, especially in droughly southwest areas. Seeding wheat begun in extreme northwest.

**Arkansas.—Little Rock: Fair weather very favorable for cotton and rice, and for gathering all crops. Soil too dry in Southern portion, but good condition elsewhere. Progress of cotton good in northern and some central portions, poor in south; putting on squares in north and opening rapidly in south. Truck and fruit good in central and northern portions.

**Erennessee.*—Nashville: Clear, except showers in east first of week. Progress of late corn excellent. Progress of cotton very good, though checked by cool weather; blooming heavily, but requires warmth. Little preparation for fall seeding. Some rotting of tobacco first of week, but improved later.

**Erennessee.*—Louisville: No rain of consequence. Generally favorable for maturing and harvesting crops. Tobacco cutting advanced rapidly; late doing well: curing conditions satisfactory. Early corn drying and some cutting; late orogress and condition very good and mostly in roastmeets. Fall plowing proceeding slowly; still too dry locally in west.

doing well; curing conditions satisfactory. Early corn drying cutting; late progress and condition very good and mostly in set. Fall **plowing** proceeding slowly; still too dry locally in west.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE

New York, Friday Night, Sept. 14 1928.

A great deal of interest in the textile markets centered in the new National Raw Silk Exchange, which opened in New York Tuesday this week. The new exchange will fill

a long-existant need, and is expected to eliminate many evils and help stabilize the industry. It will also benefit manufacturers who are in need of selected qualities of the raw material consistently every month in that it will provide a medium for forward contracts with the minimum hazard of price fluctuations. Transactions in the opening week were rather small with prices steady. Business in finished spring silks is steadily broadening and according to present indications the printed and cheer fabrics will to present indications the printed and sheer fabrics will probably figure prominently during the new season. Current business in fall fabrics is considered satisfactory, with production keeping abreast of demand. Elsewhere in the textile markets, prices are close, but buying is somewhat better and holds promise of further everytien. For in better and holds promise of further expansion. stance, in the cotton goods division, orders for certain classes of merchandise are reported to be the best of the year. On the other hand, conditions in the raw cotton market are quite disappointing. Prices have declined steadily since the issuance of the Government crop estimate which in turn has forced proportionate recessions in quotations for the finished product, but the fact that this has succeeded in stimulating a better buying interest has been encouraging. In the woolen division, business has broadened, especially in the new men's wear lines which were recently opened. men's wear fabrics for the coming season were shown this week and interest was said to be satisfactory. Although the Jewish holidays are expected to result in a temporarily quiet market, the outlook is considered promising.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.—Easing prices, in sympathy with lower raw cotton markets following the issuance of the recent Government report, which in turn stimulated a broader buying interest, featured the week in the markets for domestic cotton goods. Various cloths have either been reduced or are to be revised within the near future with the result that buyers are showing a more active interest and indicate their willingness to proceed with the placing of orders when the price revisions are completed. The opinion prevails that there is considerable fall business held in abeyance which will be released as soon as conditions are considered right. As an example of the price reductions, print cloths were reduced 1/4c. a yard, while additional mark-downs were established in colored goods when new and lower prices were made on coarse and fine yarn chambrays, hickory stripes and pin checks for delivery during the remainder of the year. Business at the new price levels has been fair and holds promise of further expansion. During the week two sets of statistics were issued which caused widespread interest. The first and probably the more important was the Government estimate of the probable yield of this season's cotton crop. reau announced that a yield of 14,439,000 bales is indicated for this year and that the condition of the crop on Sept. 1 was 60.3% of normal, which closely approximated the average of private estimates. However, the report, which showed an increase from the previous one, was not kindly received in the raw markets, where prices steadily de-clined. The other document, which was decidedly constructive from the standpoint of the cloth trade circles, was the statistical report for the month of August issued by the Association of Cotton Textile Merchants. This seemed to compensate for the recent practice of curtailed production and substantiated the belief that conditions have improved during the past month. The report showed that sales were 1127% of production, shipments in excess of production by 7.1%, while stocks on hand showed a shrinkage of 4.6%, and unfilled orders increased 6.1%. Print cloths 28-inch 64 x 60's construction are quoted at 6c. and 27-inch 64 x 60's at 5%c. Graygoods in the 39-inch 68 x 72's construction are quoted at 8%c. and 80 x 80's at 101/4c.

WOOLEN GOODS.—Business in the markets for woolens and worsteds was decidedly more gratifying this week, especially in the men's wear section, following the recent openings of the spring 1929 lines. Besides this, a food fillin demand for spot merchandise on fall fabrics has encouraged a more optimistic sentiment concerning the new season. In the women's wear division, factors have begun to open their lines of woolen and worsted dress goods for the same season, showing a progressive step in worsted printing. New achievements, assuring up-to-the-minute fashions, in fast colors in readily laundered fabrics is believed to hold promise of a broader outlet for the new goods during the coming season. Prices showed little change and reflected the popularity of the various types rather than any change in the costs of the raw material.

FOREIGN DRY GOODS.—The undertone of the linen markets is firm with the volume of sales maintaining a satisfactory basis owing to the operations of out-of-town buyers on holiday merchandise. Handkerchiefs and dress linens, especially those in the higher grades, continue to draw the major portion of buying interest, but the outlook for substantial increase in sales of other fabrics is considered bright. Low and attractive prices, coupled with low stocks in practically all branches of the trade, have combined to stimulate a much belated buying interest. Burlaps were relatively quiet the greater part of the week, and sought slightly lower levels in sympathy with the easiness of primary markets. Light weights are quoted at 7.20c. and heavies at 10.00c.

State and City Pepartment

NEWS ITEMS

Cauca Valley (Department of) Republic of Colombia. —\$4,500,000 Issue of 7% Bonds Oversubscribed.—A \$4,500,000 issue of 7% external sinking fund gold bonds of the Department of Cauca Valley, offered on Sept. 11, by Baker, Kellogg & Co., Inc., and Field, Glore & Co., at 96 and accrued interest to yield over 7.38%, was oversubscribed according to the bankers. Dated June 1 1928. Coupon bonds in interchangeable denominations of \$1,000 and \$500 registrable as to principal only. Due June 1 1948. Principal and interest payable in New York City of the principal office of International Acceptance Trust Company, Trustee, in gold coin of the United States of America of the present standard of weight and the present standard of weight of the present standard of weight and fineness, without deduction for any taxes, present or future, levied by the Republic of Colombia or by any taxing authority therein or thereof. The bonds, it is stated, are redeemable as a whole (but not in part except for the sinking fund) at the option of the Department on any interest payment-date on and after June 1, 1938, upon sixty days' notice at 102.50 and accrued interest. According to the offering circular:

A cumulative sinking fund commencing Dec. 1 1928, operating semi-annually, is calculated to retire the entire issue by maturity through purchases in the open market below par or drawings at par. Further information regarding this loan will be found in our "Department of Current Events

and Discussions" on a preceding page .

Connecticut (State of).—Deductions from Legal List of Savings Bank Investments.—The Bank Commissioner on Sept. 11 announced that the securities of the following cities have been stricken from the list of legal investments for savings banks: Buffalo, N. Y.; Johnstown, Pa.; Trenton, N. J.

Louisiana, State of .- Court "pholds State Loan .- The Civil Court at New Orleans on Sept. 7 dismissed the injunction proceedings instituted by L. L. Williams, a member of the State Legislature affiliated with the political faction that is aligned against the Governor, to have the Canal Bank & Trust Co. of New Orleans restrained from participating in a loan to the State of \$4,090,000 to meet current expenses and contracts. The suit was dismissed by the court on the ground that Mr. Williams' contentions that the loan was unconstitutional and injurious to his financial interest in the bank were without a basis of fact.

Massachusetts, State of .- Commission Appointed to Revise Municipal Laws.—In an effort to restrict needless expenditure of money by municipalities, a special commission has been appointed by Governor Fuller to investigate the existing conditions of municipalities and devise a system of more stringent regulations. The following report appeared in the New York "Times" of Sept. 1:

In an effort to revise the present system of municipal improvements and expenditures in Massachusetts, Governor Fuller has appointed a special commission, under authority voted at the last session of the State Legislature, to investigate conditions and make a report. The committee appointed by the Governor, which consists of three men, will join four members of the Legislature already chosen.

The object of the survey is to obtain a basis on which to revise existing laws so that expenditures by municipalities may be kept strictly within the limits of actual necessities. At present many cities and towns in Massachusetts, including Boston, come into the market frequently with short-term note issues in anticipation of taxes, giving the general impression that heavy borrowing is being done, whereas such financing really takes the form of temporary bank loans.

Moffat Tunnel District. Colo.—Tax Suit Against Disvise Municipal Laws.—In an effort to restrict needless ex-

Moffat Tunnel District, Colo.—Tax Suit Against District Opened.—The suit that was brought by the Denver Land Co. attacking the legality of Moffat Tunnel bonds issued in 1925, 1926 and 1927, and enjoining the Tunnel Commission from levying taxes to meet interest and principal on the disputed bonds, opened in the District Court of Denver on Aug. 29. The "Denver and Rocky Mountain News" of Aug. 29 commented on the suit as follows: Aug. 29 commented on the suit as follows:

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Arguments in a suit to determine whether \$8.750,000 worth of Moffat Tunnel supplemental bonds will be paid will begin to-day in Division 2 of the District Court. The suit is by the Denver Land Co. to enjoin the Moffat Tunnel Board from certifying \$8.750,000 worth of supplemental bonds to the County Assessors of the State for the collection of assessments to pay the principal and interest of the three issues. The suit is one filed on behalf of the land company and a number of other Denver realty holders by W. W. Grant Jr. of Grant, Ellis, Shafroth & Toll, attorneys. The arguments are expected to last two days. Petition asking that he be joined as a plaintiff in the suit was filed yesterday in District Court by S. J. Anderson, property owner, who sets forth that his rights are the same as persons in the Denver Land Co. property owner, wh Denver Land Co.

property owner, who sets forth that his rights are the same as persons in the Denver Land Co.

District Largely Denver.

Denver constitutes approximately 90% of the tunnel district created in 1923 by the Legislature. The Moffat Tunnel Act, which created the district, provided for the issuance of \$6,720,000 worth of bonds. These were issued and sold by the Tunnel Commission. Later, when it was seen that the original bond issue was inadequate, the Board issued three sets of "supplemental bonds" to a total value of \$8,750,000. These supplemental bonds were sold in New York through a brokerage firm. It is the contention of the plaintiffs that the Board exceeded its authority in issuing the supplemental bonds, according to Grant. The Board will base its defense of the bond issues on Clause H of Section 8 of the Act, which gives it the right to "have all the powers which the Legislature can give it" in carrying out of the work of the original Act.

The supplemental bonds are held by the Board to be legal under that provision. The plaintiffs hold that the clause refers only to the buying of materials and the hiring of men. If the defense claim is upheld, all Denver property is liable for "supplemental bond issues" to 15% of the assessed valuation of Denver, or about \$42,000,000, it is said. Montgomery & Mayer, attorneys, will argue the case for the defendants. Members of the Board are W. N. W. Blayney, Charles MacA, Willcox, W. P. Robinson, Charles Leckenby of Steamboat Springs, and Charles J. Wheeler of Yampa.

San Diego, Calif.—Bonding Margin Increase Contemplated.—The city authorities have a plan now under consideration to increase the authorized bonding limit of the

city from 15 to 25% of its assessed valuation. They advance the argument that a 10% increase of the margin will allow the voters to pass upon needed improvements and they are contemplating putting the project on the November ballot. The Los Angeles "Times" of Sept. 4 commented on the report as follows:

the report as follows:

A charter amendment authorizing the city to increase its bonding margin from 15 to 25% of its assessed valuation may be submitted to the people at the November election, according to report at the City Hall, and it is expected this will be recommended either by one of the Councilmen or by the Citizens' Charter Committee now at work on a revised charter. City officials are advised that the bonding margins of both Los Angeles and San Francisco have been increased by the people voting the change into charters of those cities. Under the present tax valuation the city has no bonding margin. By increasing the limit to 25% the margin would be sufficient to sell the \$3.500,000 El Capitan bonds now on hand and would leave room to vote bonds to complete Sutherland dam, according to Councilmen.

Mayor Clark is informed that the Citizens' Charter Committee is whipping into shape the proposed amendments to the charter and that he hopes to have a final report in time to submit the new charter to a vote of the people in November. The Mayor says the charter will be ready then and if adopted by the voters it will be ready for approval by the Lexislature, which meets in January, and then would be in effect in early spring.

BOND PROPOSALS AND NEGOTIATIONS.

ABSECON CITY, Atlantic County, N. J.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by Samuel Johnson, City Clerk, until 8 p. m. (daylight saving time) Sept. 27, for the purchase of an issue of \$65,000 5½% coupon or recistered city hall bonds. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1929 to 1953, incl., and \$3,000, 1954 to 1958, incl. No more bonds to be awarded than will produce a premium of \$1,000 over the amount stated above. A certified check payable to the order of the City for 2% of the bonds offered is required.

ADA, Pontotoc County, Okla.—BOND SALE.—A \$40.000 issue of 6% improvement bonds has recently been purchased by the Hanchett Bond Co. of Chicago. Denom. \$500. Dated Sept. 2 1928. Due \$4,000 from Oct. 1 1929 to 1948. incl. Prin. and int. (A. & O.), payable at the office of the City Treasurer.

ADAMS COUNTY (P. O. Decatur), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by the County Treasurer, until 10 a. m. Sept. 21 for the purchase of an issue of \$6.560 4½% Preble Township road bonds. Dated Sept. 15 1928. Due on May and Nov. 15, from 1929 to 1938, incl.

ALABAMA CITY, Etowah County, Ala.—BOND SALE.—A \$70,000 issue of 6% water works bonds was awarded on Aug. 13 to Caldwell & Co. of Nashville at par. Denom. \$1.000. Dated July 1 1928. Due from 1930 to 1958 incl. without option. Int. payable on Jan. and July 1.

ALCORN COUNTY (P. O. Corinth), Miss.—BOND SALE CAN-CELLED.—The \$200,000 issue of road bonds offered for sale on Sept. 1—V. 127. p. 985—was awarded to the Cornith Bank & Trust Co. for a substantial premium, but had later to be cancelled because of a legal technicality involving public notice of the election on July 10 when the total issue of \$600,000 bonds was voted—V. 127, p. 442. A second election on this proposition will be held on Sept. 28.

proposition will be held on Sept. 28.

ALDEN (P. O. Alden) Erie County, N. Y.—BONDS OFFERED.—
C. S. Frantz, Town Clerk, received sealed bids until 7 p. m. Sept. 14, for the purchase of the following issues of coupon or registered bonds, aggregating \$45,000. Bidders to state rate of interest: \$28,000 highway bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1929 to 1936, incl., and \$4,000, 1937 to 1939, incl.
17,000 bridge bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1929 to 1935, incl., and \$3,000, 1936.

Dated Sept. 1 1928. Denom. \$1,000. Principal and interest payable at the Manufacturers & Traders-Peoples Trust Co., Buffalo. A certified check payable to the order of the Town Supervisor, for 3% of the bonds offered is required. Legality to be approved by Reed, Hoyt & Washburn of New York City.

ALIQUIPPA SCHOOL DISTRICT, Beaver County, Pa.—BOND SALE.—The \$250,000 4½% coupon school bonds offered on Sept. 10—V. 127, p. 1280—were awarded to a syndicate composed of S. M. Vockel & Co., Glover & MacGregor and George G. Applegate all of Pittsburgh, at a premium of \$6,175, equal to 102.47, a basis of about 4.32%. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$30,000, 1937, 1942, 1946, 1949, 1951, 1954, 1956, and \$40,000, 1958.

ALLEGAN, Allegan County, Mich.—BOND SALE.—The \$185,000 lighting bonds offered on Sept. 5—V. 127, p. 1280—were awarded to the Detroit & Securities Trust Co. of Detroit, as 4½s, paying a premium of \$91, equal to 100.514, a basis of about 4.46%. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$4,000, 1931 to 1936, incl., \$5,000, 1937 to 1940, incl., \$6,000, 1941 to 1946, incl., \$8,000, 1947 to 1952, incl., \$9,000, 1953 to 1955, incl., and \$10,000, 1956 to 1958, incl.

incl., and \$10,000, 1956 to 1958, incl.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY (P. O. Pittsburgh), Pa.—BOND SALE.—
The \$5,003,000 4½% bonds offered on Sept. 12—V. 127, p. 1142—consisting of \$2,700.000 road bonds \$1,000,000 bridge bonds, \$1,000,000 bridge bonds, \$31,000,000 park bonds also \$303,000 bridge bonds, Dated July 1 1928 and maturing serially in 30 years, were awarded to a syndicate composed of Harris, Forbes & Co., National City Co., Graham, Parsons & Co., Janney & Co., W. H. Newbold's Son & Co., First National Bank (Pittsburgh) and the Peoples Savings & Trust Co. at 100.659 a basis of about 4.10%. The price paid for the bonds according to the "Herald-Tribune" of Sept. 13, reflects a drop in bond prices, also commenting on the result as follows:
The price paid for this issue, which for the current season is second in size only to the \$9,000,000 lilinois issue to be sold on Sept. 18, is a valuable reflection of the change which has taken place in the municipal bond market since the last sale of Allegheny County was consummated on March 9 of this year. At that time the county sold \$3,710.000 4% bonds to Prescott Lyons & Co., of Pittsburgh, and M. Freeman & Co., of Philadelphia, for 102.17, which made the interest cost to the county 3.80 per cent.

Price Decline Shown.

The price decline in municipal obligations which has been effected since March by money and credit conditions is amply portrayed by the difference between the winning bid on March 9 and the highest offer for the bonds yesterday. Another Allegheny County issue was sold on Feb. 7 last. These bonds, purchased by the Mellon National Bank, brought 102.5319, which represented a cost to the county of 3.77 per cent."

The bonds mature July 1 as follows: \$165,000 from 1929 to 1957 incl., and \$218,000 1958, and are being offered for investment priced to yield \$1.0%. On Friday afternoon the bankers announced that only about \$215,000 of the bonds remain unsold. The assessed valuation for taxation purposes is reported as \$2,439,136,190.

ALLEN COUNTY (P. O. Fort Wayne), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Thomas J. Connelly, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. Sept. 24, for the purchase of an issue of \$14,000 5% Houk Road construction bonds. Dated Sept. 15 1928. Denoms. \$700. Due \$700 on May and Nov. 15 from 1930 to 1939 incl. Int. payable on May and Nov. 15.

ALLEN COUNTY (P. O. Lima), Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by Ruth Benedum, Assistant Clerk Board of County Commissioners, until 12 m. (Central standard time) Sept. 21, for the purchase of an issue of \$22,753.74 5½% road bonds. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$2,200, 1930 and 1931; \$2,300, 1932 to 1938, Incl., and \$2,253.74, 1939. Principal and interest payable at the office of the County Treasurer. A certified check payable to the order of the Treasurer, for \$500 is required. Legality approved by Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland. The date of sale in V. 127, p. 1415—due to a typographical error was given as Sept. 12.

ARCADIA, Los Angeles County, Calif.—BOND ELECTION.—After having been defeated six months ago, a proposed bond issue of \$35,000 for the construction of a new city library will again come up for approval at a special election to be held on Oct. 30.

ATLANTIC COUNTY (P. O. Atlantic City), N. J.—BOND OFFER-ING.—E. L. Johnson, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. (standard time) Oct. 1, for the purchase of an issue of \$150,000

5% coupon or registered road improvement bonds. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Denoms. \$1,000. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$7,000, 1930 and 1931; and \$8,000, 1932 to 1948 incl. Principal and interest payable at the office of the County Treasurer. A certified check payable to the order of the Treasurer, for 2% of the bonds offered is required. No more bonds to be awarded than will produce a premium of \$1,000 over \$150,000. Legality to be approved by Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York City.

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AVERY COUNTY (P. O. Newland), N. C.—BOND OFFERING.—
Scaled bids will be received until 10 a. m. on Oct. 1 by R. A. Shomaker,
Clerk of the County Board, for the purchase of a \$30,000 issue of coupon
school funding bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%. Bonds are
registerable as to principal. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Due as
follows: \$2,000, 1930 to 1942, and \$4,000 in 1943, without prior option.
Prin. and semi-ann. int. payable in New York in gold. Above clerk will
furnish required bidding forms. No bids for less than par accepted. Bruce
Craven of Trinity will furnish legal opinion. A certified check for 2% of
par of the bid, payable to the Treasurer, is required.

Total debt of county, \$541.000, including new bonds; which includes
\$120,000 school bonds and \$421,000 bonds for other purposes (roads and
bridges and court house).

Assessed valuation.

\$6,002.525
Actual value.

15,000.000

AVON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 4 (P. O. Rochester)

AVON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 4 (P. O. Rochester R. F. D. No. 1), Oakland County, Mich.—BOND SALE.—The \$48,000 school bonds offered on Sept. 12—V. 127, p. 1415—were awarded to the Detroit & Security Trust Co. as 434s, at a premium of \$206 equal to 100.42. a basis of about 4.64%. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due \$2,000, Sept. 1 1929 to 1952 incl. Other bids for 434s were as follows:

| Premium. Bumpus & Co. \$201
| Watling, Lerchen & Hayes 150

AZUSA SCHOOL DISTRICT, Los Angeles County, Calif.—BOND SALE.—The \$40,000 issue of 5% school bonds offered for sale on Sept. 4 (V. 127, p. 1280) was awarded to the U.S. National Bank of San Francisco for a premium of \$772, equal to 101.93, a basis of about 4.77%. Due \$2,000 from Sept. 1 1929 to 1948 inclusive.

BARNES, Washington County, Kan.—BONDS OFFERED.—Sealed bids were received until 7:30 p. m. on Sept. 10 by R. G. Fagan, City Clerk, for the purchase of a \$25,000 issue of 4½% semi-annual water-works bonds. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500. Dated Aug. 1 1928 and due on Aug. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1929 to 1938, and \$1,500, 1939 to 1948, all inclusive.

BARTHOLOMEW COUNTY (P. O. Columbus), Ind.—BOND SALE.—The \$13,500 4½% Henry Boeschen et al. Gariand Brook Road improvement bonds offered on Sept. 4 V. 127, p. 986 were awarded to the First National Bank of Columbus at a premium of \$10, equal to 100.37, a basis of about 4.42%. Dated Sept. 4 1928. Due \$675 on May and Nov. 15 1929 to 1938 inclusive.

BAYLOR COUNTY (P. O. Seymour), Tex.—BOND SALE.—The Brown-Crummer Co. of Wichita have recently purchased at par a \$225,000 block of the total issue of \$275,000 4% % road bonds.

BERLIN, Green Lake County, Wis.—BOND SALE.—A \$75,000 issue f 4½% semi-annual city hall bonds has recently been awarded to the ederal Securities Corp. of Chicago, at a price of 100.617.

BLAIR SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Blair), Jackson County, Okla.—BOND SALE.—The \$11,400 issue of 5% school bonds offered for sale on Sept. 4 V. 127, p. 1280 was awarded to the Security National Bank of Oklahoma City for a \$30 premium, equal to 100.263, a basis of about 4.96%. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due on Sept. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1931 to 1941, and \$400, 1942.

BLOOMER, Chippewa County, Wis.—BOND SALE.—A \$25,000 issue of $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ paving bonds has recently been purchased at par by local investors.

BOSSIER PARISH CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 (P. O. Benton), La.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 10 a. m. on Oct. 4 by R. V. Kerr, Secretary of the School Board, for the purchase of a \$45,000 issue of 6% school bonds. Denom. \$500. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Due from 1929 to 1948 incl. Bids will be received for a lower rate than 6% on these bonds. Prin. and int. A. & O. payable at the Hanover National Bank in New York City or at a local bank. Chapman & Cutler of Chicago will furnish the legal approval. A \$2,500 certified check, payable to the Secretary, must accompany the bid.

tified check, payable to the Secretary, must accompany the bid.

BRIDGEPORT, Fairfield County, Conn.—BOND OFFERING.—Walter N. Garrity, City Comptroller, will receive sealed bids until 10 a.m. (Eastern standard time) Sept. 17 for the purchase of the following issues of 4½% coupon or registered bonds, aggregating \$680,000: \$350,000 series B bridge bonds. Due as follows: \$8,000, 1929 to 1938 inclusive, and \$9,000, 1939 to 1968 inclusive.

210,000 City Hall site bonds. Due \$7,000 from 1929 to 1958 inclusive. 120,000 Series D sewer construction bonds. Due \$4,000 1929 to 1958 incl. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Denom. \$1,000. Principal and interest payable at the office of the City Treasurer. A certified check payable to the order of the Treasurer for 2% of the bonds offered is required. Legality to be approved by Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins of Boston.

BROCKTON, Plymouth County. Mass.—TEMPORARY LOAN.—

BROOKHAVEN COMMON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 31 (P. O. Manorville) Riverhead County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—The \$17,500 school bonds offered on Sept. 8—V. 127, p. 1281—were awarded to the Long Island State & Trust Co. of Riverhead, as 4½s, at par. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$500, 1931 to 1953, incl., \$1,000, 1954 and 1955, and \$1,500, 1956 and 1957.

CADDO COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 15 (P. O. Anadarko), Okla.—BOND SALE.—A \$10,000 issue of school bonds has recently been purchased at par by the American-First Trust Co. of Oklahoma City.

CALIFORNIA, State of (P. O. Sacramento).—LIST OF BIDDERS.—The following is a list of other bidders and the bids they submitted on Sept. 6 for the \$1,000,000 4\% % coupon State Buildings and State University Buildings bonds awarded jointly to Roosevelt & Son and Estabrook & Co.—V. 127, p. 1416— for a premium of \$4,699:

Kansas City at a price of 101.29, a basis of about 4.65%. Due in 20 years.

CAMDEN COUNTY (P. O. Camden), N. C.—BOND SALE.—The
\$15,000 issue of school and road refunding bonds offered for sale on Sept. 10

V. 127, p. 1281.—was awarded to a local investor, at a price of 100.60.

CARROLL COUNTY (P. O. Delphi), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—
William H. Ashba, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m.
Sept. 29, for the purchase of an issue of \$21,613.96 Arthur M. Chittick
et al Carroll and Clinton Counties drainage bonds to bear interest at the
rate of 6%. Dated Sept. 4 1928. Due on May and Nov. 15, from 1929
to 1933 incl.

CARTER COUNTY (P. O. Ardmore), Okla.—BOND ELECTION.—A special election will be held on Oct. 2 for the purpose of having the voters pass upon a proposition to issue \$500,000 in bonds for road building.

CASS COUNTY (P. O. Legansport), Ind.—BOND SALE.—The \$4.750 issue of 4½% road bonds offered on Aug. 10—V. 127, p. 575—were awarded to Charles Neff of Logansport, at par. The bonds are dated July 1 1928, and mature \$475 on May and Nov. 15, from 1929 to 1938, inclusive. No other bid submitted.

CASS COUNTY (P. O. Logansport), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—The County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. Sept. 29, for the purchase of an issue of \$96,000 coupon 4½% bonds consisting of \$65,000 Michigan Road bonds, \$20,000 bridge bonds and \$11,000 State Highway bonds. Dated Aug. 15, 1928. Denom. \$1,000. Due as follows: \$5,000, Jan. and July 1, from 1930 to 1938, incl.; and \$1,000, January also \$5,000, July 1 1939. Prin. and int. payable at the office of the County Tresurer.

July 1 1939. Prin. and int. payable at the office of the County Treasurer. CEDAR COUNTY (P. O. Tipton), Iowa.—BOND SALE.—The \$100,—000 issue of county road bonds offered for sale on Sept. 7—V. 127, p. 1416
—was tentatively awarded to the Carleton D. Beh Co. of Des Moines as 4½s, for a premium of \$800 (with the provise that the bid is to be found legal) equal to 100.80, a basis of about 4.05%. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due \$10,000 from May 1 1932 to 1941, incl. Optional after Sept. 1 1929. CENTERVILLE RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio.—BOND ELECTION.—The voters on Nov. 6, will be asked to pass a bond issue of \$22,000 the proceeds if authorized to be used for the construction of a non-fireproof school building. The bonds if issued are to run for a period not longer than 14 years.

CHADBOURN. Columbus County. N. C.—BONDS VOTED.—At a

CHADBOURN, Columbus County, N. C.—BONDS VOTED.—At a special election held on Sept. 5 the qualified electors approved a proposition to issue \$25,000 in bonds for street paving by the following count: 136 favorable and 16 unfavorable.

CHAMPLAIN, Clinton County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—The \$11,000 5% coupon Village Hall bonds offered on Aug. 23 V. 127, p. 986 were awarded to George B. Gibbons & Co. of New York at 100.57, a basis of about 4.88%. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due \$1,000 Sept. 1 1929 to 1939 incl. CHARTER OAK SCHOOL DISTRICT, Los Angeles County, Calif.—BOND SALE.—The \$10,000 issue of 5% school building bonds offered for sale on Sept. 4 V. 127, p. 1281 was awarded to Weeden & Co. of Los Angeles for a premium of \$59.15, equal to 100.591, a basis of about 4.88%. Due \$1,000 from Sept. 1 1929 to 1938 Incl.

CISCO SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Cisco), Eastland County, Tex.—ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—The \$50,000 issue of school bonds that was recently purchased—V. 127, p. 1416—was awarded at par to the State of Texas. The bonds bear semi-annual interest at 5% and are due on Aug. 1 1968.

CLAY COUNTY (P. O. Brazil), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—C. C. Cochran, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m., Sept. 25, for the purchase of an issue of \$117,000 4½% road bonds dated Sept. 5 1928. Denom. \$975 due \$3,900, on May and Nov. 15 1930 to 1944, incl. CLINTON, Custer County, Okla.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 8 p. m. on Sept. 25 by W. A. Shouse, City Clerk, for the purchase of a \$600,000 issue of semi-annual water works extension bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4½%. A certified check for 2% of the bid is required. (These bonds were unsuccessfully offered on Jan.10—V. 126, p. 278—and again on March 13—V. 126, p. 1550.)

**CLINTON COUNTY (P. O. St. Johns), Mich.—BOND SALE.—The \$8.000 coupon road bonds offered on Sept. 6—V. 127, p. 1281—were awarded to the Clinton County Savings Bank of St. Johns, as 6s, at a premium of \$40, equal to 100.50, a basis of about 5.84%. Dated Sept. 15 1928. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$2,000, May 1 1930 to 1933, incl. Int. payable on May and Nov. 1.

payable on May and Nov. 1.

COASTAL HIGHWAY COMMISSION (Comprising Counties of Dillon, Florence, Williamsburg, Colleton, Beaufort, and Jasper), (P. O. Columbia), S. C.—BOND SALE.—The \$400,000 issue of coupon highway bonds offered for sale on Sept. 12—V. 127, p. 1284—was awarded to the National City Co. of New York as 5% bonds, for a premium of \$4.919.60, equal to 101.2299, a basis of about 4.78%. Dated Aug. 1 1928. Due on Feb. 1 as follows: \$44.000, 1931 to 1938 incl., and \$48,000, 1939. The second highest bid was 100.809 on 5s, tendered by Harris, Forbes & Co. and A. M. Law & Co. of Spartanburg. The third bid was that of the Bankers Trust Co. of New York, offering 100.369.

COEYMANS UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1, Albany County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by the Members of Board of Education, until 3 p. m. (daylight saving time) Sept. 17, for the purchase of \$70,000 4½% coupon school bonds. Dated Nov. 1 1928. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500. Due annually on Nov. 1. Prin. and int. payable at the First National Bank, Ravena. A certified check for 10% of the bonds offered is r. q. irred.

check for 10% of the bonds offered is r. q ired.

COLOMA TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1, Ohio.—BONDS VOTED.—At a special election held on August 31, the voters approved a proposition to issue \$125,000 bonds the proceeds to be used for the erection of a new school building. Of 223 ballots cast 113 were for the issue, 108 against it and 2 were mutilated.

COLUMBIANA, Columbiana County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The \$4,161.50 5% special assessment paving bonds offered on Sept. 4 V. 127, D. 987) were awarded to the Union Banking Co. of Columbiana at 100.26, a basis of about 4.92%. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$832.32, 1930 to 1934 inclusive.

COLUMBUS, Franklin County, Ohio.—BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—OTHER BIDS.—The \$566,200 4½% bonds awarded on Sept. 6 at 101.41, a basis of about 4.32%, to a syndicate composed of Seasongood & Mayer, M. F. Schlater & Co. and Stephens & Co. (V. 127, p. 1416) are now being offered by the successful bidders for investment, priced to yield 4.20 to 4.15% according to maturity. The offering consists of four issues, last maturity 1953. A complete list of bids submitted for the bonds is given herewith:

Bidder.

Premium.

Seasongood & Mayer, Cincinnati, and M. F. Schlater & Co. and

the bonds is given herewith:

Bidder.

Seasongood & Mayer, Cincinnati, and M. F. Schlater & Co. and Stephens & Co., New York.

Grau & Co., Cincinnati, and R. W. Pressprich & Co., New York (Chicago, and the First Citizens Corporation, Columbus (Chicago, and the First Citizens Corporation, Columbus (Co., Cleveland) (Co., Clevelan Title Guarantee & Trust Co., Chembar, and Kountze Brothers, New York.

Geo. B. Gibbons & Co., New York, by Ohio National Bank, Columbus
Stranahan, Harris & Oatis, Toledo
Northern Trust Co. and E. H. Rollins & Sons, Chicago
Harris, Forbes & Co. and National City Co., New York, and Hayden, Miller & Co., Cleveland
Braun, Bosworth & Co., Toledo
Detroit & Security Trust Co., Detroit, and Graham, Parsons & Co. and Stone & Webster and Blodget, New York
Pulleyn & Co. and Putnam & Co., New York
R. L. Day & Co., Bostcn
Guaranty Company and Bankers Trust Co., New York, and
Tillotson & Wolcott Co., Cleveland
C. W. McNear & Co., Chicago
C. W. Whitis & Co. and Batchelder, Wack & Co., New York
Prudden & Co., Toledo
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Chicago
* Bid on \$300,000 issue only. Other bids for total offering,
COLUMBUS COUNTY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 2 (P. O 3,850.00 3,623.68 3,448.00 3,222.00 3,213.00 $\frac{3,173.00}{2,429.00}$ 2,264.80 2,208.18 1,919.42 1,642.00 855.00 *3,853.87 *2,430.00

CONCORD, Merrimack County, N. H.—TEMPORARY LOAN.—The Shawmut Corp of Boston, was recently awarded a \$500,000 temporary loan on a 4.83% discount basis. The loan matures on Dec. 15 1928.

CRANSTON, Providence County, R. I.—TEMPORARY LOAN.— The Old Colony Corp. of Boston, was awarded on Sept. 11, a \$90,000 temporary loan on a 5.18% discount basis. The loan matures in about 4 months. The following bids were also submitted: Discount Basis

Budger—
First National Bank
S. N. Bond & Co. 5.23 % 5.80 %

CUSTER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 9 (P. O. Silver Cliff), Colo.—BOND SALE.—An \$8,500 issue of 4½ % school building bonds has recently been awarded to Benwell & Co. of Denver. Denom. \$500. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due in 20 years and optional in 10 years.

CUSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 19 (P. O. Miles City), Mont.—BOND SALE.—The \$2.484.08 issue of 5% registered refunding bonds offered for sale on Aug. 28—V. 127, p. 852—was awarded to a Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Olson of Miles City at par. Due in 1938.

and Mrs. O. A. Olson of Miles City at par. Due in 1938.

CUYAHOGA COUNTY (P. O. Cleveland), Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.
—Sealed bids will be received by Louis Simon, Clerk Board of County Commissioners, until 11 a. m. (Eastern standard time), Sept. 29, for the purchase of the following issues of 4½% bonds aggregating \$4,035,381:

\$2,272,000 sewerage imp. bonds. Special assessment bonds. Due as follows: \$151,000, 1929 and 1930; \$152,000, 1931: \$151,000, 1932: \$152,000, 1933; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1931; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1937; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1939; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1939; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1939; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1939; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1939; \$151,000, 1940; \$152,000, 1941; \$151,000, 1942 and \$152,000, 1939; \$151,000, 1946; \$152,000, 1931; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1939; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1939; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1939; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1939; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1939; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1939; \$151,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1937; incl.; and \$16,000, 1936; \$152,000, 1937; incl.; and \$162,000, 1937; incl.; and \$152,000, 1937; incl.; and \$152,000, 1937; incl.; and \$152,000, 1937; incl.; and \$162,000, 1930; incl.; and \$1

DAVIESS COUNTY (P. O. Washington), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by the County Treasurer until 2 p. m. Sept. 17 for the purchase of an issue of \$15,793 4½% road bonds maturing semi-annually from 1929 to 1938 inclusive.

paytron, Montgomery County, Ohio,—BOND OFFERING.—E. E. Hagerman, Secretary Board of Sinking Fund Trustees, will receive sealed bids until 12 m (Eastern standard time), Sept. 20, for the purchase of the following issues of coupon bonds aggregating \$440,000.

\$200,000 4½% Fire Department bonds. Dated March 1 1928. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$15,000, 1929 to 1936, incl.; and \$16,000, 1937 to 1941, inclusive.

184,000 4½% bridge imp. bonds. Dated March 15 1926. Due \$8,000, Sept. 1, 1929 to 1951, inclusive.

56,000 5% Garbage Reduction plant bonds. Dated Oct. 1 1923. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$11,000, 1929 to 1932, incl.; and \$12,000, 1933. Separate bids for each issue preferable. These bonds are now being held by the Board of Sinking Fund Trustees as investments. A certified check payable to the order of the Secretary of the Board for 3% of the bonds offered is required. Legality to be approved by Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland.

DECATUR COUNTY (P. O. Greensburg), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by the County Treasurer until 1 p. m. Sept. 22 for the purchase of an issue of \$6.600 4½% Marion Township road bonds. Dated Sept. 15 1928. Denom. \$330. Due \$330 on May and Nov. 15 1929 to 1938, incl. Issue petitioned by D. W. Holcomb et al.

DECORAH, Winneshiek County, Iowa.—BOND SALE.—A \$4,700 issue of 5% semi-annual street improvement bonds has recently been purchased by a local investor.

DE KALB COUNTY (P. C. Auburn), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.— Estell Dawson, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. Oct. 12 for the purchase of an issue of \$3,853.40 drainage bonds to bear interest at the rate of 6% and maturing serially in from one to five years.

DENVER (City and County), Colo.—BoND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 5 p. m. on Sept. 17 (opening at 2 p. m. on Sept. 18) by Clem W. Collins, Manager of Revenue, for the purchase of a \$330,000 issue of 5½% improvement districts bonds. Due in various amounts from six months to ten years.

amounts from six mounts to early ears.

DICKSON CITY, Lackawanna County, Pa.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by Thomas Narcoonas. Borough Secretary, until 8 p. m., Oct. 2, for the purchase of an issue of \$150,000 4½% coupon borough bonds. Dated Aug. 1 1928. Denom. \$1,0001 Due \$30,000, Aug. 1 1933; 1938; 1943; 1948 and 1953. A certified check payable to the order of the Borough Treasurer, for 2% of the bonds offered is required. Legality approved by Townsend, Elliott & Munson of Philadelphia. These are the bonds offered on Aug. 16—V. 127, p. 715.

DONORA, Washington County, Pa.—BOND SALE.—The \$40,000 4½% street and sewer bonds offered on Sept. 10—V. 127, p. 1281—were awarded to Prescott, Lyon & Co. of Pittsburgh, at a premium of \$772, equal to 101.93, a basis of about 4.33%. Dated Aug. 1 1928. Due \$5,000. Aug. 1, 1940 to 1947, inclusive.

EASTCHESTER (P. O. Tuckahoe), Westchester County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—Batchelder, Wack & Co. of New York, were awarded or Sept. 6, an issue of \$40,000 town bonds as 4.65s, at 100.023, a basis of about 4.64%. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due \$10,000, Sept. 1 from 1929 to 193; incl. George B. Gibbons & Co. of New York offered 100.17 for 5% bonds

EAST ROCKAWAY, Nassau County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—David S. Roche, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 9 p. m. Sept. 27 for the purchase of an issue of \$35,000 coupon or registered drainage bonds rate of int. not to exceed 5% and to be stated in a multiple of 1-10th or \$4 of 1%. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Denom. \$1,000. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1929 to 1945 incl., and \$1,000, 1946. Prin. and int. payable in gold at the East Rockaway National Bank, East Rockaway. A certified check, payable to the order of the Village, for \$700, is required. Legality approved by Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of N. Y. City.

EATON LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Eaton), Weld County, Colo.—BOND SALE.—The \$14,000 issue of 4½% paving bonds offered for sale on Aug. 27 V. 127, p. 853 was awarded to Geo. W. Vallery & Co. of Denver.

EL DORADO SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. El Dorado), Union County, Ark.—BOND SALE.—The \$150,000 issue of 5% semi-annual school bonds offered for sale on Aug. 25—V. 127, p. 987—was awarded at par to the First National Bank of El Dorado. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due from Sept. 1 1929 to 1948 incl.

ESSEX COUNTY (P. O. Salem), Mass.—NOTE SALE.—The Merchants National Bank of Salem, was awarded on Sept. 11, an issue if \$49,500 Waters River bridge notes bearing interest at the rate of 4½% at 100.01. The notes mature in one year.

EUPORA, Webster County, Miss.—BOND SALE.—The \$38,500 issue of 6% special street improvement bonds offered for sale on Sept. 4 V. 127, p. 1282 was awarded to the Bank of Eupora for a premium of \$150, equal to 100.389, a basis of about 5.93%. Due on Aug. 9 as follows: \$3,000, 1929; \$3,500, 1930, and \$4,000, 1931 to 1938 inclusive.

1929; \$3,500, 1930, and \$4,000, 1931 to 1938 inclusive.

FAIRVIEW (P. O. North Olmstead), Cuyahoga County, Ohio.—
BOND SALE.—The \$295,035 special assessment coupon bonds offered on Sept. 4—V. 127, p. 853—were awarded to Braun, Bosworth & Co. of Toledo, as 5½s, at a premium of \$1,688, equal to 100.57. The bonds mature serially. A report as to the bids submitted follows: The First Citizens Corporation of Columbus, Ohio, bid a premium of \$1,125 for 5¾% bonds: The McDonald-Callahan & Co. and The Guardian Trust Co., jointly, of Cleveland, Ohio, bid \$2,107 for 5¾% bonds: Oatis & Co. and the Herrick Company of Cleveland, Ohio, jointly, bid a premium of \$1,250 for 5¾% bonds; Prudden & Co. of Toledo, Ohio, bid a premium of \$219 for 5¾% bonds; And a premium of \$2,275 for 6% bonds: Ryan, Sutherland & Co., of Toledo, Ohio, bid a premium of \$738 for 5½% bonds. Spitzer, Rorick & Co., of Toledo, Ohio, bid a premium of \$738 for 5½% bonds: Spitzer, Rorick & Co., of Toledo, Ohio, bid a premium of \$503 for 5½% bonds and a premium of \$3,574 for 6% bonds. The bids of this Company were submitted on each individual issue, and the issue for Clifford Drive

Water Main No. 2, amounting to \$900 was not included in their bid. The premiums bid by this Company were, therefore, on a total of \$294,385.

FISHER COUNTY (P. O. Roby), Tex.—BOND ELECTION.—On Sept. 29 a special bond election will be held for the voters to pass on a proposed issue of \$1,400,000 in 5% road and refunding bonds. Due serially over a period of 40 years.

FOND DU LAC, Fond du Lac County, Wis.—BOND OFFERING.—C. J. Fay, City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 9 a. m. on Sept. 25, for the purchase of a \$50,000 issue of water works bonds. Due on Mar. 1 as follows: \$2,000 on odd years and \$3,000 on even years from 1929 to 1948 incl. Legal opinion is to be furnished by successful bidder. A certified check for 5% of the bid is required.

FORT WAYNE, Alien County, Ind.—BOND SALE.—The \$250 4½% park bonds offered on Aug. 30—V. 127, p. 1144—were awarded to the Lincoln National Bank of Fort Wayne, at a premium of \$2,937.50 equal to 101.175, a basis of about 4.41%. Dated Aug. 15 1928. Due Dec. 1, as follows: \$6,250, 1929 to 1948, inclusive.

FORT WAYNE, Allen County, Ind.—BOND SALE.—The 50,000 4% coupon or registered Baer Field Park bonds offered on Aug. 28—V. 127, p. 988—were awarded to the Lincoln National Bank and the Old National Bank obth of Fort Wayne, at par. Dated June 1 1928. Due \$10,000, June 1 from 1929 to 1933, inclusive. No other bid submitted.

FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Export), Westmoreland County, Pa.—BOND SALE.—Prescott, Lyon & Co. of Pittsburgh, were awarded on Sept. 5, an issue of \$50,000 school bonds bearing interest at the rate of 5%, at a premium of \$1,120 equal to a price of 102.24. Other bidders were as follows:

Safe Deposit & Trust Co (Greensburg)
A. B. Leach & Co.
Mellon National Bank
W. H. Newbold's Son & Co.

FREEDOM SCHOOL DISTRICT, Beaver County, Pa.—BOND OFFERING.—J. B. Lambert, District Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 7 p. m. (Eastern standard time) Sept. 19, for the purchase of an issue of \$90,000 4½ or 4½% coupon school bonds. Due April 1, as follows: \$1,000, 1931 to 1935 incl.: \$2,000, 1936 and 1937, \$4,000, 1938 to 1946, incl.; and \$5,000, 1947 to 1955, incl. A certified check for \$1,000 is required. Bonds to be sold subject to their approval by the Department of Internal Affairs.

FREMONT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 32 (P. O. Pavillion), Wyo.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 2 p. m. on Oct. 4 by M. S. Durrill, District Clerk, for the purchase of a \$2,200 issue of 5% school building bonds. Denom. \$500 and one for \$200. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Dur in 20 years and optional after five years.

FULTON, Callaway County, Mo.—BONDS DEFEATED.—At a special election held on Sept. 4 the voters defeated a proposition to issue \$39,000 bonds for city highway building. The count was 689 "for" and 452 "against," while a two-thirds majority was required to pass it.

GENOA, Nance County, Neb.—BOND ELECTION.—On Sept. 18 a special election will be held to pass upon the proposition of issuing \$110,000 in school building bonds. Bonds will bear 4½% interest. J. E. Young,

GEORGETOWN SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Sussex County, Del.—NO BIDS.—No bids were submitted on Sept. 5, for the \$35,268 6% school bonds scheduled to have been sold—V. 127, p. 1282. The bonds mature on Sept. 15 1938, optional \$3,526.80 on Sept. 15 1929 to 1938 incl.

GLASSBORO SCHOOL DISTRICT, Gloucester County, N. J.—BOND OFFERING.—C. M. Townsend, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 7 p. m. (standard time) Sept. 24, for the purchase of an issue of \$22,000 4½% school bonds. Dated June 1 1928. Denom. \$1,000. Due as follows: \$2,000, 1929 and 1930. and \$1,000, from 1931 to 1948. incl. No more bonds to be awarded than will produce a premium of \$1,000 over the authorized amount given above. Principal and int. payable at the First National Bank, Glassboro. A certified check payable to the order of the Board of Education, for 2% of the bonds bid for is required. The bonds were offered on May 28—V. 126, p. 3334.

GOSHEN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 8 (P. O. La Grange), Wyo.—BOND SALE.—The \$40,000 issue of 4½% semi-annual school bullding bonds offered for sale on Sept. 7—V. 127, p. 988—was awarded to the State of Wyoming. Dated July 1 1928. Due in 20 years.

GRANTS PASS, Josephine County, Ore.—BOND SALE.—The \$19,-603.54 issue of coupon improvement bonds offered for sale on Sept. 6—V. 127, p. 1282—was awarded to Carl E. Nelson of Salem as 5% bonds at a price of 100.64, a basis of about 4.93%. Dated Aug. 1 1928. Due on Aug. 1 1938 and optional at any time.

GREENE COUNTY (P. O. Bloomfield), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—George R. Hudson, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until Sept. 29 for the purchase of an issue of \$23,000 4½% park improvement bonds to mature serially in from 1 to 10 year.

GREENE COUNTY (P. O. Snow Hilt), N. C.—NOTES OFFERED.— H. L. Lassiter, Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, offered at private sale on Sept. 10 county notes aggregating \$30,000. Dated Sept. 10 1928 and due on Mar. 10 1929.

GREENSBURG, Decatur County, Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Hoy H. Beeson, City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. Oct. 1, for the purchase of an issue of \$22,000 4½% city bonds. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Denom. \$500. Due as follows: \$1,000, July 1 1929; \$1,000, January and July 1 1930 to 1936, inclusive \$1,000, Jan. and \$1,500, July 1 1937; \$1,500, Jan. and July 1 1938; and \$1,500, Jan. 1 1939. A certified check for 1% of the bonds offered is required.

HAMILTON COUNTY (P. O. Noblesville), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—O. M. Applegate, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. Sept. 18, for the purchase of \$17.500 4½% road bonds and \$3.000. 4½% bridge bonds dated Sept. 18, 1928, and maturing on May and Nov. 15, from 1929 to 1938, inclusive.

HAMILTON, Ravalli County, Mont.—BOND SALE.—The \$15,000 issue of $6\,\%$ coupon special improvement bonds offered for sale on Sept. 4— V. 127, p. 1144—was awarded at par to local banks.

V. 127, p. 1144—was awarded at par to local banks.

HAMILTON SCHOCL DISTRICT, Butler County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—Charles F. Holdefer, Clerk Board of Education, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. Oct. 3 for the purchase of an issue of \$500,000 4½% coupon school bonds. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Denom. \$1,000. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$20,000, 1929 to 1932 inclusive, and \$21,000, 1933 to 1952 incl. Principal and interest payable at the Citizens Savings & Trust Co., Hamilton. A certified check payable to the order of the Clerk-Treasurer for \$25,000 is required. Legality to be approved by Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland.

HAMILTONIAN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Fairfield), Adams County, Pa.—BOND SALE.—The Fairfield National Bank of Fairfield was recently awarded an issue of \$5,000 school bonds bearing interest at the rate of $4\frac{1}{2}$ % at par. Due \$500 from 1933 to 1942 inclusive.

HANCOCK COUNTY (P. O. Findlay), Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The \$10,900 grade crossing elimination bonds offered on Sept. 11—V. 127. p. 1144—were awarded to the Ohio Bank & Savings Co. of Findlay as 41/s at a premium of \$41, equal to 100.37, a basis of about 4.64%. Dated July 1 1928. Due as follows: \$1,900, 1930, and \$2,000, 1931 to 1934 incl.

HANKINSON, Richland County, N. Dak.—BOND SALE.—A \$53,000 issue of 5% semi-annual improvement bonds has been purchased at par by the State of North Dakota. Due in 1948.

HARMONY TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Stark County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The \$33,000 school bonds offered on Sept. 4 V. 127, p. 854 were awarded to Seasongood & Mayer of Cincinnatia as 51/s at a premium of \$155, equal to 100.347. The bonds mature serially in from 5 to 13 years.

HENDERSON COUNTY (P. O. Hendersonville), N. C.—NOTE OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until noon on Sept. 22 by W. T. Drake, Clerk of the Board of Commissioners, for the purchase of a \$240,000 issue of 6% revenue anticipation notes. Interest is payable March and September. Denom. \$5,000. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due on Mar. 1 1930. Payable at the National Bank of Commerce in N. Y. City. County will furnish legal opinion of some recognized New York bond attorneys. A certified check for 2% of the bid, payable to the county, is required.

HOLLAND, Ottawa County, Mich.—BOND SALE.—The following issues of special assessment bonds aggregating \$32.418 offered on Sept. 5—V. 127. p. 988—were awarded jointly to the Holland City State Bank and the Peoples State Bank both of Holland, as 5½s, at par:

\$16.560 West 16th St. imp. bonds.

12.204 East 17th St. imp. bonds.

13.654 Graves Place imp. bonds.

Due \$1.356, Feb. 1 1930 to 1938, incl.

Dated Aug. 1 1928.

HOMESTEAD, Allegheny County, Pa.—BOND SALE.—The \$125.000 bonds offered on Sept. 10—V. 127, p. 988—were awarded to Glover & MacGregor of Pittsburgh, at a premium of \$502.53, equal to 100.402. The bonds are dated Oct. 1 1928, and mature on Oct. 1 1957. Interest rate not given.

HOPKINS COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICTS (P. O. Sulphur Springs), Tex.—BONDS REGISTERED.—G. N. Holton, State Comptroller, registered on Sept. 8 the following issues of 5% bonds: 2,400 district No. 39 bonds. Due in from 10 to 20 years. 2,000 district No. 76 bonds. Due in from 10 to 20 years.

HOWARD COUNTY (P. O. Kokomo), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by H. Lee Kerlin, County Treasurer, until 10 a. m. Sept. 17 for the purchase of an issue of \$38,700 road bends to bear interest at the rate of $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ and mature semi-annually from 1929 to 1938 incl.

HUDSON COUNTY (P. O. Jersey City), N. J.—TEMPORARY LOANS—The Sinking Fund according to the Clerk Board of Chosen Freeholders, recently purchased at par \$37,500 Jackson and Clay Street bridge notes and \$7,000 County Hospital boiler notes.

HUNT COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICTS (P. O. Greenville), Tex.—BONDS REGISTERED.—On Sept. 6 the State Comprison troller registered the fellowing issues of 5% serial bonds: \$3.000 district No. 8 bonds; \$1,000 district No. 46 bonds and \$1,500 district No. 98 bonds.

HUNTINGTON COUNTY (P. O. Huntington), Ind.—BOND SALE—A \$9.500 issue of road bonds bearing interest at the rate of $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ was awarded on Sept. 4 to a local investor at a premium of \$27.38, equal to a price of 100.28.

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3 (P. O. Huntington), Suffolk County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—C. N. Alexander, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. (daylight saving time) Sept. 25 for the purchase of an issue of \$75,000 4½% coupon or registered school bonds. Dated Sept. 15 1928. Denoms. \$1,000. Due Sept. 15 as follows: \$7,000, 1930 to 1939 incl., and \$5,000, 1940. Principal and interest payable in gold at the Huntington Station Bank, Huntington. A certified check payable to the order of the Board of Education for 2% of the bonds offered, is required. Legality to be approved by Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow of New York.

HOPEWELL, Prince George County, Va.—BONDS VOTED.—At a special election held recently, the voters approved the proposition to issue \$300,000 in bonds by a majority of about 6 to 1. There were three items as follows: \$150,000 for swers.

HURON COUNTY (P. O. Bad Axe), Mich.—BOND OFFERING.—Clarke Munford, Clerk Board of County Road Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. (Eastern standard time) Sept. 20, for the purchase of an issue of \$40,000 Covert road bonds to bear interest at the rate of 5% Dated Sept. 1, 1928. Due serially on Sept. 1, from 1929 to 1938, incl. A certified check for \$500 is required.

HOUSTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Houston), Harris County, Texas.—BONDS APPROVED.—The \$1.074,000 issue of 434% school bonds that was sold on Aug. 1 V. 127, p. 716) was approved on Sept. 7 by Attorney-General Claude Pollard.

ILWACO SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 113 (P. O. South Bend), Pacific county, Wash.—BOND SALE.—Two issues of bonds aggregating \$21,000, ere awarded at par to the State of Washington. Due in 1933 and optional

INDEPENDENCE, Montgomery County, Kan.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by G. H. Krienhagen, City Clerk, until 9 a. m. on Sept. 20. for the purchase of two issues of 4½% semi-annual bonds, aggregating \$18.900 as follows: \$11,700 paving bonds and \$7.200 storm sewer construction bonds. Due from 1929 to 1938, incl. Delivery expenses to be borne by purchaser. A certified check for 2% of the bid is required.

INDIANAPOLIS, Marion County, Ind.—BONDS OFFERED. bids were received until Sept. 14, at 11 a. m. (central standard time) by Sterling R. Holt, City Controller, for the purchase of an issue of \$10,000 4 \(\frac{1}{2} \) \(\frac{1}{2} \) municipal bridge bonds. Dated July 15 1928. Denom. \(\frac{1}{2} \),000. Due Jan. 1 1938.

IRONDEQUOIT (P. O. Rochester) Monroe County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—Farson, Son & Co. of New York, were awarded on Sept. 13, an issue of \$78,602.05 5% coupon or registered sidewalk bonds, at 100.34, a basis of about 4.93%. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due as follows: \$6,602.05, 1929: \$7,000, 1930 to 1932, incl.; \$8,000, 1933 to 1935, incl., and \$9,000, 1936 to 1938, incl. Principal and interest payable in gold at the National Bank of Rochester, Rochester. Legality to be approved by Reed, Hoyt & Washburn of New York City.

JACKSON, Hinds County, Miss.—BOND SALE.—A \$253,968.68 issue of 5½% street improvement and street intersection bonds has recently been purchased by the Federal Commerce Trust Co. of St. Louis. Denom. \$1,000, except two odd ones. Dated Aug. 1 1928. Due from Aug. 1 1929 to 1938, incl. Prin. and int. (F. & A. 1) payable at the National Park Bank in New York City.

JACKSON, Madison County, Tenn.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 2 p. m. on Sept. 18 by R. L. Balch, City Recorder, for the purchase of a \$225,000 issue of 4½% coupon high school bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Dated July 1 1928 and due on July 1 as follows: \$10,000, 1930 to 1948, and \$35,000 in 1949. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable in Jackson. Lithographing or printing of bonds and legal approval must be paid by purchaser A \$2,250 certified check, payable to the City, must accompany the bid.

JUNCTION, Kimble County, Tex.—BONDS NOT SOLD.—The 55,000 issue of 5% coupon or registered water works bonds offered for le on Sept. 4—V. 127, p. 1283—was not sold.

BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until Sept. 18, by Holekamp, Mayor, for the above issue of bonds. Denom. \$1,000. ated Sept. 1 1928. Due in 40 years without prior option. Int. payable of Mar. & Sept. 1. ted Sept. 1 1928. Mar. & Sept. 1.

on Mar. & Sept. 1.

KENOSHA, Kenosha County, Wis.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 2 p. m. (Central standard time) on Sept. 20 by H. C. Laughlin, Director of Finance, for the purchase of a \$235,000 issue of $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ coupon school bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Sept. 15 1928 and due on Sept. 15 as follows: \$12,000, 1929 to 1947 incl., and \$7,000 in 1948. Prin. ad int. (M. & S.) payable at the office of the City Treasurer. Chapman & Cutler of Chicago will furnish the legal approval. A \$2,500 certified check, payable to the City, must accompany the bid.

Financial Exhibit.

Assessed valuation for the year 1927. \$69,573,230 Estimated actual value taxable property 104,000,000 Total bonded debt including this issue 3,157,000 There is an unfunded debt, other than the bond debt 98,852 Waterworks bond, included in total debt, shown above 345,000 Estimated now 57,500 Estimated now 57,500 Tax rate

KENT COUNTY (P. O. Grand Rapids), Mich.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by the Board of County Road Commissioners, until 2:30 p. m. (eastern standard time) Sept. 18, for the purchase of \$105,300 coupon road bonds, rate of interest not to exceed 6%. Due serially on May 1, from 1930 to 1938 incl. A certified check payable to the order of the Chairman Board of County Road Commissioners, for 1% of the bonds offered is required.

bonds offered is required.

KNOXVILLE, Knox County, Tenn.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 10 a. m. on Sept. 25, by L. M. Emert, Director of Finance, for the purchase of three issues of 4½% coupon or registered bonds, aggregating \$1.367.000 as follows:
\$767.000 series G improvement bonds. Dated Aug. 1 1928 and due on Aug. 1 as follows: \$76,000, 1930 to 1932, and \$77,000, 1933 to 1939, all incl.
500,000 sewer bonds. Dated Sept. 1 1928 and due on Sept. 1 as follows: \$10,000, 1931 and 1932 and \$15,000, 1933 to 1964, incl.
100,000 bridge bonds. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due \$5,000 from Sept. 1 1931 to 1950, incl.

Denom. \$1,000. Prin. and semi-annual int. is payable in gold in New York City. The above Director or Chester B. Massilch of New York City will furnish required bidding forms. These bonds may be sold as follows: 5½% int. basis on the improvement bonds and 6% int. basis on sewer and bridge bonds, provided these bases are not exceeded. A \$27,000 certified check payable to the City Treasurer, is required. (This report amplifies that given in V. 127, p. 1617.)

LACKAWANNA UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6.—Erie

LACKAWANNA UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6.—Erie County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—John L. Monaghan, Clerk Board of Education, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. (daylight saving time) Sept. 18, for the purchase of an issue of \$840,000 coupon or registered school bonds—rate of interest not to exceed 5% and to be stated in a multiple of 1-20 of 1%. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$42,000, Sept. 1 1930 to 1949 incl. Principal and int. payable at the Lackawanna National Bank, Lackawanna or at the National Bank of Commerce, New York. A certified check payable to the order of the Board of Education, for \$16,800 is required. Legality to be approved by Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York.

LAMAR, Benton County, Miss.—BONDS VOTED.—At a special election held recently the voters authorized the issuance of \$15,000 in road bonds by a count of 29 "for" and none "against."

LAMAR PAVING DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Lamar) Prowers County, Colo.—BOND CALL.—All the outstanding bonds of this district are called for payment as of Oct. 1 1428.

LANSING, Ingham County, Mich.—BONDS VOTED.—The \$350,000 bond issue submitted at the September primaries to the electors for their approval—V. 127, p. 578—was unanimously authorized for sale. 6,845 votes were for the issue as compared with 2,466 against it. The bonds when issued will bear interest at a rate not exceeding 5% and will mature in 15 years.

LEBANON, Lebanon County, Pa.—BOND SALE.—The \$105,000 4½% coupon impt. bonds offered on Sept. 10—V. 127, p. 1417—were awarded to the First National Bank of Lebanon, at a premium of \$379. equal to 100.36, a basis of about 4.21%. Dated May 1 1928. Due serially on May 1 from 1933 to 1949, inclusive.

LEWISTOWN SCHOOL DISTRICT, Mifflin County, Pa.—BOND OFFERING.—Annie Cross, Secretary Board of School Directors, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. Sept. 24, for the purchase of an issue of \$150,000 4% coupon or registered school bonds. Dated June 1 1928. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$25,000, on June 1, from 1933 to 1938, incl.; 1943; 1948; 1953 and 1957. A certified check payable to the order of the Board of Directors, for 3% of the bonds offered is required.

LEXINGTON, Middlesex County, Mass.—BOND SALE.—The Old Colony Corp. of Boston, was recently awarded an issue of \$14,000 sewer bonds bearing interest at the rate of 4½% at 100.512, a basis of about 4.17%. The bonds are dated Sept. 1 1928 and mature serially from 1929 to 1942, incl. Estabrook & Co. of Boston, were the only other bidders offering 100.42, for the issue.

LINDEN UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT, San Joaquin County, Calif.—BOND SALE.—The \$15.000 issue of 5% semi-annual school bonds of San Francisco for a premium of \$227.53, equal to 101.516, a basis of about 4.77%. Due from 1929 to 1943 inclusive. Other bidders and their bids were as follows:

Bidder—

Bank of Malera County, where the only other bidders and their bids bidder—

 Bilder—
 \$107.00

 Bank of Italy of San Francisco
 \$107.00

 Bond & Goodwin & Tucker of San Francisco
 71.00

 Dean Witter & Co. of San Francisco
 47.00

 American National Co. of San Francisco
 28.00

 Freeman, Smith & Camp Co. of Portland
 25.50

LONG BEACH, Los Angeles County, Calif.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 9 a. m. on Sept. 21, by J. Oliver Brison, City Clerk, for the purchase of a \$201,000 issue of harbor lmpt. bonds. Denoms. 1.000 and \$500. Dated June 1 1928. A certified check for 3% of the bid is required.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY ACQUISITION AND IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 113 (P. O. Los Angeles), Calif.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 2 p. m. on Sept. 17 by L. E. Lampton, County Clerk, for the purchase of a \$39.578 issue of improvement bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 7%. Denoms. \$1,000, \$100 and one for \$78.00. Dated Aug. 13 1928, and due on Aug. 13 as follows: \$2,200 from

1930 to 1946 and \$2,178.00 in 1947. Prin. and semi-annual interest payable in gold coin at the County Treasury. No bids for less than par accepted. The attention of the bidder is directed to the Acquisition and Improvement Act of 1925, amended as of 1927, to the Resolution of Intention in the matter of said Acquisition and Improvement District No. 113 of the County of Los Angeles and to all proceedings had thereunder. Payment for and delivery of bonds will be made in the office of the Board of Supervisors. A certified check for 10% of the bonds, payable to the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors, is required.

LOS ANGELES MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 57 (P. O. Los Angeles), Calif.—BOND SALE.—An \$80,000 issue of 6% public property purchase bonds was sold on Sept. 7 to the Securities Corp. of Los Angeles for a premium of \$550, equal to 100.6875.

McKENZIE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 8 (P. O. Schafer).

McKENZIE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 8 (P. O. Schafer), N. Dak.—CERTIFICATE SALE.—The \$2,500 issue of school certificates offered for sale on Aug. 20 (V. 127, p. 578) was awarded to the First State Bank of Watford City as 6s. Denom. \$500 and \$1,000. Dated Aug. 1 1928. Due on Apr. 1 1930. Interest payable annually.

McNEIL CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Poplarville), Pearl River County, Miss.—BOND DESCRIPTION.—The \$15,000 issue of school bonds that was purchased by the Bank of Commerce of Poplarville (V. 126, p. 3006) is further described as follows: 6% bonds due in 10 years. They were awarded for a premium of \$150, equal to 101, a basis of about 5.88%.

basis of about 5.88%.

MACOMB COUNTY (P. O. Mount Clemens), Mich.—BOND OFFER-ING.—Edward A. Miller, County Drain Commissioner, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. Sept. 19, for the purchase of the following issues of coupon bonds aggregating \$68,400—rate of interest not to exceed 5½%.
\$63,000 Lateral Drain bonds. Due May 1,as follows: \$2,000, 1930; \$3,000, 1931; \$4,000, 1932 to 1934, incl.; \$5,000, 1935 to 1942, incl.; and \$6,000, 1943. A certified check payable to the order of the Commissioner for \$1,000 is required.

5,400 Lateral Drain bonds. Due May 1, as follows: \$400, 1930; and \$1,000, 1931 to 1935, incl. A certified check payable to the order of the Commissioner, for \$100 is required.

MANATEE COUNTY SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 17 (P. O. Bradenton), Fla.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by J. Goetchius. Chairman of the Board of Public Instruction, until Sept. 25 for the purchase of a \$25,000 issue of 6% semi-annual school bonds.

MANSFIELD, Richland County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The \$12,550 6% special assessment improvement bonds offered on Sept. 5 (V. 127, p. 1146) were awarded to the Citizens Savings & Loan Co. of Mansfield at a premium of \$126, equal to 101, a basis of about 5.30%. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due as follows: \$2,300 April and \$2,000 Oct. 1 1929; \$2,250 April and \$2,000 Oct. 1 1930; and \$2,000 April and Oct. 1 1931.

MANSFIELD, Richland County, Ohio,—BOND SALE.—The \$11,400 5% bonds offered on Sept. 10—V. 127, p. 1283—were awarded to the Citizens National Bank & Trust Co., Richland, at a premium of \$5.00. The bonds are dated Sept. 1 1928 and mature as follows: \$400 April 1 and \$1,000, Oct. 1 1929; and \$1,000, April and Oct. 1 1930 to 1934 incl. No other bid tendered.

MARION COUNTY (P. O. Indianapolis), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Harry Dunn, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 10 a.m. Oct. 3 for the purchase of an issue of \$150,000 4½ % track elevation bonds. Due \$10,000 Sept. 1 1929 to 1943 incl. Principal and interest payable at the office of the County Treasurer. Interest payable on March and Sept. 1. A certified check payable to the order of the Board of County Commissioners, for 3% of the bonds offered is required. These bonds were offered as 4s on July 27 (V. 127, p. 297), no bids were submitted for same (V. 127, p. 717).

MARBLEHEAD, Essex County, Mass.—BOND SALE.—E. H. Rollins & Co. of Boston were awarded on Aug. 14 an issue of \$84,000 4½% bonds at 100.781. The bonds are dated Sept. 1 1928 and mature serially from 1929 to 1943 inclusive.

MARSHALL COUNTY (P. O. Plymouth), Ind,—BOND OFFERING.—The County Auditor will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. Oct. 1, for the purchase of \$7,137.07 6% ditch bonds. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$713.77, 1929; and \$713.70, 1930 to 1938 incl. Prin. and int. payable at the office of the County Treasurer.

and int. payable at the office of the County Treasurer.

MASSACHUSETTS (State of).—TEMPORARY LOAN.—The \$4.000,-000 temporary loan offered on Sept. 10—V. 127, p. 1417—was awarded to the Old Colony Corp of Boston, on a 4.78% discount basis. The loan is dated Sept. 13 1928 and matures on Nov. 23 1928. Commenting on the award the Sept. 11 issue of the Boston "Herald" said:

"The award yesterday of the \$4.000,000 of Commonwealth of Massachusetts short term notes due Nov. 23 on a bid of 4.78% by Old Colony Corporation was somewhat of a surprise to local municipal dealers. It was generally believed that the cost of this loan to the state would not exceed a 4.60 interest basis. It is also generally believed that had the notes carried over the turn of the year a lower interest rate might have been realized.

"The successful bid is comparable with the prevailing basis for local municipal anticipated revenue notes. The state was in the market last year at about this time for funds in anticipation of revenue for the accommodation of the metropolitan district and sold \$3,000,000 of short time notes on a cost basis of 3.35%. Yesterday's sale is indicative of the present firmness of the credit situation particularly when considering the size of the loan and the fact that the call money market is ranging from 7% to 8% and time money is quoted from 6¼% to 7% for one to three months' maturities.

"The second place bid was several points away from the successful one and was submitted by West Navarana and the successful one and was submitted by West Navarana and the say from the successful one and was submitted by West Navarana and the say from the successful one and was submitted by West Navarana and the say from the successful one and was submitted by West Navarana and the say from the successful one and was submitted by West Navarana and was from the successful one and was submitted by West Navarana and the say from the successful one and was submitted by West Navarana and was submitted by West Navarana and was submitted by Say

"The second place bid was several points away from the successful one and was submitted by First National Bank at 4.85%. Salomon Bros. & Hutzler bid 4.88% and a permium of \$27 while Shawmut Corporation bid 4.88% and a premium of \$8."

4.88% and a premium of \$8."

MASACHUSETTS (State of), (P. O. Boston).—EOND OFFERING.—William S. Youngman, State Treasurer and Receiver-General, will receive bids until 12 m. Sept. 21, for the purchase of \$2,700,000 bonds maturing \$135,000, on July 1, from 1929 to 1948, incl.; and \$1,300,000 bonds maturing \$130,000, on July 1, from 1949 to 1958, incl. Bonds to be known as Metropolitan Additional Water Loan, Act of 1926 principal and interest (Jan. and July 1), payable in gold. Registered bonds exempt from Federal and Massachusetts income taxes. Interest rate either 4% or 4¼% or a combination of both preference will be shown to those bids showing the least interest cost to the State. A certified check payable to the order of the above-mentioned official for 2% of the bonds bid for is required. The Attorney-General's opinion as to the legality of the bonds will be furnished the successful bidder.

Statement of Public Debt and Taxable Property of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the successful bidder.

Statement of Public Debt and Taxable Property of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts as of Dec. 1, 1927.

The Public Debt.

The Public Debt.

For convenience, the debt of the Commonwealth, for which bonds have been issued, has two divisions:

First, the direct debt, which is an obligation incurred for the benefit of the entire Commonwealth.

Second, the contingent debt, which, while a direct obligation of the Commonwealth, has been incurred for the benefit of 40 cities and towns in the vicinity of and including Boston, called the metropolitan district, for the construction of water, sewer and park systems. The contingent debt also includes the following loans: Cambridge Subway, Defense of the Commonwealth (one-tenth), Suffolk County Court House (two-thirds), Brookline St.—Essex St.—Cottage Farm Bridge, the Northern Traffic Route and the Southern Traffic Route. This is distinct from the direct debt of the Commonwealth, for the burden of its payment is provided for by annual assessments collected by the Commonwealth from the cities and towns comprising the metropolitan district.

Net direct debt, Dec. 1 1927——\$14,479,704.28

Net direct debt, Dec. 1 1927 (A decrease for the year of \$1.714.042.53) Net contingent debt, Dec. 1 1927 (An increase for the year of \$1.166.659.24) ... 50.151.750.20

Total net debt. Dec. 1 1927 (A decrease for the year of \$547,383.29) ----\$64,631,454.48

Taxable Property.

The taxable property and taxable income in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, as given by the Commissioner of Corporations and Taxation of the Commonwealth, are as follows:

Local Taxation.	150-100
Value of assessed real estate	86,020,549,863 1,055,763,642
State Tazation.	
Value of corporate excess, public service. Value of corporate excess, street railways Value of corporate excess, business corporations. Amount of taxable income, business corporations. Taxable deposits in savings banks Taxable deposits in trust company savings departments. Taxable deposits in Massachusetts Hospital Life InsuranceCo Taxable income; individuals, etc Taxable income; National Banks and Trust Companies.	1,567,731,438 201,145,658 438,834,396 59,365,195
MEL BOLIDNE Branch Courte El- BOND SALE	mt - 000 000

MELBOURNE, Brevard County, Fla.—BOND SALE.—The \$69.6 issue of 6% refunding bonds offered for sale on Sept. 10—V. 127, p. 1146 was awarded to the Brown-Crummer Co. of Wichita, at a discount priof 95, a basis of about 7.42%. Dated Aug. 1 1928. Due from Aug. 1931 to 1934, incl.

MEXICO, Oswego County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—Nellie Foote, Village Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 7:30 p. m., Sept. 18, for the purchase of an issue of \$6,000 5% coupon village bonds. Dated Sept. 21 1928. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000, Sept. 21, from 1929 to 1934 incl. A certified check payable to the order of the Village Treasurer, for 2% of the bonds offered is required.

MIDDLEGROUND SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Statesboro), Bulloch County, Ga.—BOND SALE.—A \$15,000 issue of 6% school bonds has recently been purchased by J. H. Hilsman & Co. of Atlanta. Denom. \$500. Dated Aug. 15 1928. Due \$500 from Jan. 1 1929 to 1958 incl. Prin. and annual int. (Jan. 1) payable at the Chase National Bank in New York City.

 York City.
 Financial Statement.

 Actual values (estimated)
 \$700,000

 Assessed values, 1927
 279,837

 Total bonded debt (this issue only)
 15,000

 Population (estimated), 2,000.
 15,000

MILLCREEK TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. R. D. No. 2 Crie), Pa.—BOND SALE.—The \$40,000 4½% coupon Tracy Building sonds offered on Aug. 24—V. 127, p. 990—were awarded to A. B. Leach to Co. of Philadelphia, at 102.13. a basis of about 4.29%. Dated June 1 928. Due \$20,000 June 1 1937 to 1947, incl. Other bids were as follows:
 Bidder—
 Frem.

 rescott, Lyon & Co.
 \$521

 H. Holmes & Co.
 140

 eoples Bank & Trust Co.
 None

MONTCLAIR, Essex County, N. J.—NOTE SALE.—The First National Bank of Montclair, purchased \$226,809.33 temporary notes on an interest basis of 5½%. The Town Trust Co. of Montclair, purchased \$12,693.96 temporary notes at the same time.

NEOSHO COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 84 (P. O. Thayer), Kans.—BOND OFFERING.—An \$8,500 issue of 4 ½ % semi-annual school bonds will be offered for sale at 2 p. m. on Sept. 17 by A. E. Neill, District Clerk. Denom. \$1,000 and one for \$500. Dated Aug. 1 1928. Due \$500 on Feb. 1 1930 and \$1,000 from Feb. 1 1931 to 1938 incl. Bids must not be below par. Payne H. Ratner of Parsons will be the attorney for the issue.

NEW BEDFORD, Bristol County, Mass.—TEMPORARY LOAN.— The National Rockland Bank of Boston, was awarded on Sept. 11, a \$500,000 temporary loan on a 4.99% discount basis. The loan matures in about 6 months.

NEW CASSEL WATER DISTRICT (P. O. Manhasset) Nassau County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—The \$40.000 coupon or registered water bonds offered on Sept. 10—V. 127, p. 1284—were awarded to Graham, Parsons & Co. of New York, at 101.39, a basis of about 4.32%. Dated Sept. 1 1928, Due \$2,000 Sept. 1 1929 to 1948, incl. Sept. 1 1928.

NEW CASTLE, Lawrence County, Pa.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by the City Clerk until 9 a. m. (Eastern standard time Oct. 1 for the purchase of an issue of \$50,000 4½% coupon sewer bonds Dated Oct. 1 1928. Denom. \$1,000. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1933 and \$3,000, 1934 to 1948 incl. Principal and interest payable at the office of the City Treasurer. A certified check payable to the order of the city for \$1,000 is required.

NEW CASTLE (P. O. Chappaqua), Westchester County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—Chester R. Drum, Town Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 12 m. (daylight saving time) Sept. 20, for the purchase of an issue of \$170,000 4½% coupon highway bonds. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Denom. \$1,000. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$10,000, 1931 and 1932; and \$15,000, 1933 to 1942 incl. Prin. and int. payable in gold at the Mount Pleasant Bank & Trust Co., Pleasantville. A certified check payable to the order of the Town for 2% of the bonds offered is required.

NEW WILMINGTON, Lawrence County, Pa.—BOND SALE.— 1. K. Crawford of New Wilmington was awarded on Sept. 10 an issue 15 \$12.000 borough bonds at a premium of \$50, equal to a price of 100.416. The bonds bear interest at the rate of 4½% and mature serially from 1930

NORDHOFF UNION GRAMMAR SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Ventura), Ventura County, Calif.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 11 a. m. on Sept. 18 by L. E. Hallowell, County Clerk, for the purchase of a \$16,000 issue of 5% school bonds. Denon. \$1,000. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Due \$1,000 from Oct. 1 1929 to 1944 incl. Prin. and int. (A. & O.) payable at the County Treasury. A certified check for 2% of the bid, payable to the County Clerk, is required.

The assessed valuation of taxable property within this district is \$1,438, 35. The total bonded indebtedness, including this issue is \$63,000. The estimated population is 2,000. The area of this district is approximately 76,000 acres, and includes the incorporated city of Ojai.

NORTH CANTON. Stark County. Ohio.—BOND. SALE.—The follow—

NORTH CANTON, Stark County, Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The following issues of 5% coupon special assessment onds, aggregating \$17,465.14 offered on Sept. 7—V. 127, p. 1284—were awarded to Seasongood & Mayer of Cincinnati, at a premium of \$37, equal to 100.211, a pasis of about 4.95%:

4.95%: \$10,177.94 Wise Ave, improvement bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1929; \$1,177.94, 1930; \$1,500, 1931; \$1,000, 1932; \$1,500, 1933; \$1,000, 1934, and \$1,500, 1935 and 1936. 7,287.20 Harmon St. improvement bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$287.20, 1929, and \$1,000, 1930 to 1936, incl.

Dated Aug. 1 1928.
The following bids were also received:

Bidder—

Int. Rate. Premium.

Premium. \$29.41 88.50 32.00 51.00 Int. Rate. Bidder—
Stranahan, Harris & Oatis
Bohmer Reinhart Co
Assel, Goetz & Moerlein
Davies-Bertram Co

NORTH EVANS FIRE DISTRICT (P. O. Angola), Eric County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—George A. Kerr, Secretary Board of Fire Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. (daylight saving time) Sept. 17 for the purchase of an issue of \$35,000 coupon apparatus and building bends. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Denom. \$1,000 and \$750. Due \$1,750 Sept. 1 1929 to 1948 incl. Principal and interest payable in gold at the Bank of Angola, Angola. A certified check payable to the order of the district of 2% of the bonds offered is required. Legality to be approved by Reed, Heyt & Washburn of New York City.

OAK PARK, Cook County, III.—BOND SALE.—The \$30,000 4½% house bonds offered on Sept. 5—V. 127, p. 1284—were awarded to the Oak Park Trust & Savings Bank of Oak Park, at par. The bonds are dated May I 1928 and mature on May I as follows: \$1,000, 1930 to 1937 incl.; and \$2,000, 1938 to 1948 incl. No other bid submitted.

ORLANDO, Orange County, Fla.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until Sept. 26 by J. A. Stinson, City Clerk, for the purchase of an issue of \$135,000 refunding bonds.

OROFINO, Clearwater County, Ida.—BOND SALE.—The \$6,000 sue of 5% coupon street improvement bonds offered for sale on Aug. 27—127, p. 991—was awarded at par to the Standard Asphalt Paving Co., the contractors. Dated May 29 1928. Due in 10 years. They were not the bidders

OWOSSO, Shiawassee County, Mich.—BONDS DEFEATED.—At an election held on Sept. 4, the voters rejected a proposal to issue \$62,000 bonds, the funds to be used for the extension of the city water system. The issue received 1,354 favorable votes as compared with 1,05 against it. A two-thirds vote was required.

OWOSSO CITY UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT, Shiawassee County, Mich.—BOND SALE.—The \$468,000 school bonds offered on Sept. 6 (V. 127, p. 580) were awarded to the Bank of Detroit, Detroit, at a premium of \$243.40, equal to 100.05, a basis of about 4.38%, as follows: \$313.000 bonds maturing on Mar. 15 as follows: \$13,000, 1936; \$25,000, 1937; \$26,-000, 1938; \$27,000, 1939; \$28,000, 1940; \$29,000, 1941; \$30,000, 1942; \$32,000, 1943; \$33,000, 1934; \$34,000, 1945; and \$36,000, 1946, as 4½s; and \$155,000 bonds maturing on Mar. 15 as follows: \$38,000, 1947, and \$39,000, 1948 to 1950 incl., as 4½s.

OXNARD, Ventura County, Calif.—BOND SALE.—A \$40,000 issue of 4%% improvement bonds has recently been purchase by Redfield, Van Evera & Co. of Los Angeles for a \$400 premium, equal to 101.

PALO ALTO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. San Jose), Santa Clara County, Calif.—BOND SALE.—The \$30,000 issue of 5% semi-annual school bonds offered for sale on Sept. 4 (V. 127, p. 1147) was awarded to Dean Witter & Co. of San Francisco for a premium of \$2.561, equal to 108.536, a basis of about 4.42%. Due in 1952 and 1953. R. H. Moulton & Co. of Los Angeles were second highest, offering a premium of \$2.556.

PARMA, Cuyahoga County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by John Thompson, Village Clerk; until 12 m. Oct. 1. for the purchase of an issue of \$25,100 6% special assessment improvement bonds. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$5,100, 1929, and \$5,000, 1930 to 1933, incl. The bonds are dated Aug. 15 1928. A certified check payable to the order of the Village Treasurer, fer 5% of the bonds offered is required. Legality approved by Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland.

PARNASSUS SCHOOL DISTRICT. Westmand County, Parent

PARNASSUS SCHOOL DISTRICT, Westmoreland County, Pa.—BOND SALE.—The \$50,000 school bonds offered on Sept. 4—V. 127, p. 991—were awarded to Prescott, Lyon & Co. of Pittsburgh, as 4½s, at a premium of \$1.412.50, equal to 102.85. a basis of about 4.29%. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$20,000, 1945 and 1950, and \$10.000, 1955. The following bids were also submitted:

Premium.

*Premium.**

Premsum. \$1,300.00 1,230.00 918.50 872.50 Bidder—

. B. Leach & Co.
H. Holmes & Co.
M. Vogel & Sons
Jellon National Bank
V. H. Newbold's Sons & Co

PASCAGOULA, Jackson County, Miss.—BONDS VOTED.—At a special election held on Sept. 5 the voters approved a proposal to issue \$60,000 in bends for a public park and pleasure pier by a count of 273 "for" and 171 "against." The bonds, according to report, will be sold only as

PAYNE COUNTY (P. O. Stillwater), Okla.—BOND SALE.—The \$250,000 issue of 4½% road and bridge bonds offered for sale on Sept. 4 (V. 127, p. 1418) were awarded to the Stillwater National Bank of Stillwater at a price of 102.40, a basis of about 4.20%. Due from 1931 to 1936 incl. No other bids were submitted.

PENN YAN, Yates County, N. Y.—BOND SALE.—The following issues of 4½% registered paving bonds offered on Sept. 10—V. 127, p. 1284—were awarded to the Citizens Bank, Penn Yan, at par: \$22,000 Burns Terrace bonds. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$2,500, 1929 to 1935 incl.; and \$1,500, 1936 to 1938 incl.

17,000 Benham St. bonds. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1929 to 1932 incl.; and \$1,500, 1933 to 1938 incl.

PERRY COUNTY (P. O. Cannelton), Ind.—BOND SALE.—The \$12,000 4 ½ % road bonds offered on Aug. 21—V. 127, p. 991—were awarded to the Tell City National Bank, at a premium of \$60, equal to 100.50, a basis of about 4.40 %. Dated Aug. 15 1928. Due \$600 on May and Nov. 15 1929 to 1938 incl.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—\$5,000,000 BOND ISSUE AUTHORIZED.— The Philadelphia "News Bureau" reports the authorization of a \$5,000,000 school loan by the finance committee of the Board of Education. The date of issue has not been determined neither has the rate of interest due to the unsettled condition of the market.

PHILADELPHIA SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by Edward Merchant, Secretary School District, until 3 p. m. Oct. 5, for the purchase of an issue of \$5,000,000 4½% serial gold bonds. Dated Oct. 15 1928. Coupon bonds in denoms. of \$100,000, \$10,000 and \$1,000 Registered bonds in denoms. of \$100 or multiples. Due \$250,000, Apr. 15 1939 to 1958 incl. A certified check payable to the order of the School District, for 2% of the bonds offered is required. Int. payable on April and Oct. 1.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY (P. O. Rockland), Mass.—BIDS REJECTED.
—The \$375.000 4% coupon bonds offered on Sept. 6 (V. 127, p. 1284)
were not sold as all bids were rejected. The bonds are dated Sept. 1 1928
and mature on Sept. 1 as follows: \$19,000, 1929 to 1943 incl., and \$18,000, 1944 to 1948 incl.

BOND SALE.—The bonds have since beem sold to Estabrook & Co. of
Boston, at 100.066, a basis of about 4.04% taking \$171,000 bonds maturing
\$19,000, on Sept. 1, from 1929 to 1937 incl., as 4¼s, and \$204,000 bonds
maturing Sept. 1, as follows: \$19,000, 1938 to 1943 incl.; and \$18,000, 1944 to 1948 inclusive, as 4s.

PORTIAND Multinomals County Ore—BOND SALE—A \$49.

PORTLAND, Multnomah County, Ore.—BOND SALE.—A \$49,-468.68 issue of 6% coupon street lighting system bonds was awarded on Sept. 5 as follows: \$27,468.68 to Abe Tichner of Portland, at 103.91, and \$22,000 at par to the city sinking fund. Due in 5 years.

PURCELLVILLE, Loudoun County, Va. — BONDS OFFERED. Sealed bids were requested until 8 p. m. on Sept. 14 by A. N. Adams, Mayor, for the purchase of a \$90,000 issue of 5% water bonds. Due in from 3 to 30 years. Prin. and semi-annual int. is payable at the Purcellville National Bank.

PUTNAM COUNTY (P. O. Greencastle), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by Alva E. Lisby, County Treasurer, until 12 m. Sept. 15, for the purchase of an issue of \$24,000 road bonds to bear interest at the rate of 4½%, maturing semi-annually from 1929 to 1938, incl.

QUITAQUE, Briscoe County, Tex.—BONDS REGISTERED.—A \$60,000 issue of 51/2 % serial water works bonds was registered by the State Comptroller on Sept. 4.

Comptroller on Sept. 4.

RICHFIELD, Sevier County, Utah.—BONDS VOTED.—At a recent election the voters authorized the issuance of \$30,000 in bonds by a count of 119 "for" to 104 "against." The issues are divided as follows: \$25,000, 4\% water main bonds and \$5,000 4\% fire equipment bonds.

RICHLAND COUNTY (P. O. Mansfield), Ohio.—BOND SALE.—The \$36,300 5½% road improvement bonds offered on Sept. 7—V. 127, p. 1418—were awarded to the Citizens National Bank of Mansfield, at a premium of \$25, equal to 100.06. Dated Sept. 7 1928. Due on April and Oct. 1 1930 to 1934 incl.

RIO VISTA JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Fairfield), Solano and Sacramento Counties, Calif.—BOND SALE.—The \$19,000 issue of 5% semi-annual school bonds offered for sale on Sept. 4 (V. 127, p. 1147) was awarded to Dean Witter & Co. of San Francisco for a premium of \$432, equal to 102.273, a basis of about 4.70%. Due from 1929 to 1947 incl.

The following is a list of the other bidders and their bids:

Bidder—

Bonk of Dis Vista.

146,30

Financial Statement.

Financial Statement.

\$1,997,000, including new bonds, which include the following: \$1,045,000 road and oridge bonds, \$200,000 county home bonds, \$75,000 court house bonds, \$100,000 school bonds, \$27,000 floating debt and \$550,000 State highway loan.

From the total debt are the following deductions: \$550,000 to be repaid by State Highway Commission, and \$125,000 sinking funds; total, \$675,000. This leaves the total net debt of the county \$1,322,000.

Assessed valuation of taxable property as last fixed for county taxation, \$40,000,000; actual value, \$100,000,000.

ROCHESTER, Monroe County, N. Y. BUDS. The following bids.

ROCHESTER, Monroe County, N. Y.—BIDS.—The following bids were also submitted on Sept. 5, for the \$775.000 notes awarded to Salomon V. 127, p. 1418.

Bidder—

Bidder—

Bidger—
National Bank of Rochester (plus \$10)
Guaranty Co. of New York
S. N. Bond & Co.

ROWAN COUNTY (P. O. Salisbury), N. C.—NOTES NOT SOLD.— The \$125.000 issue of revenue anticipation notes offered on Sept. 3—V. 127. p. 1285—was not sold as all the bids were rejected. Dated Sept. 1 1928 and due on March 1 1929.

ROYAL OAK, Oakland County, Mich.—BOND OFFERING.—J. D. Newsum, Director of Finance, will receive sealed bids until 7:30 p. m. (eastern standard time) Sept. 17, for the purchase of the following issues of bonds aggregating \$800,000. Rate of interest to be named by bidder. \$625,000 special general bonds. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Due serially in from 1 to 30 years.

\$625.000 special general ponds. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Due serially in to 30 years.
\$95,000 general obligation bonds. Dated May 1 1928. Due serially in from 2 to 30 years.
\$0,000 general obligation bonds. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Due serially in from 2 to 20 years.
Denoms. \$1,000. Legality to be approved by Miller, Canfield, Paddock & Stone of Detroit.

ROYAL OAK TOWNSHIP (P. O. Royal Oak), Oakland County, Mich.—BOND SALE.—The \$38,000 special assessment bonds offered on Sept. 6 (V. 127, p. 1285) were awarded to the First National Co. of Detroit as 4\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2

SAINT LANDRY PARISH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Opelousas), La.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 10 a. m. on Oct. 1 by W. B. Prescott, Superintendent of the School Board, for the purchase of a \$40,000 issue of school bonds. Int. rate is not to exceed 6%. Denom. \$1,000 and \$200. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Due as follows: \$3,200, 1929 to 1931; \$4,000, 1932 to 1934; \$4,400, 1934 to 1937, and \$5,200 in 1938. Prin. and annual int. is payable at the office of the Parish Treasurer. Legal opinion to be paid for by purchaser. A certified check for 2½% of the bonds is required.

SALEM, Marion County, Ore.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by Mark Paulsen, City Recorder, until 7.30 p. m. on Sept. 17, for the purchase of an issue of \$100.000 4½% semi-annual sanitary sewer bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due \$5,000 from Sept. 1 1929 to 1948, inclusive.

SALINA, Salina County, Kan.—BQND SALE.—The \$20,000 issue of 4½% coupon refunding bonds offered for sale on Sept. 1—V. 127, p. 1148—was awarded at par to the First National Bank of America of Salina. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due \$2,000 July 1 1929 to 1938 incl.

SALT RIVER VALLEY WATER USERS' ASSOCIATION (P. O. Phoenix), Ariz.—BONDS OFFERED BY BANKERS.—The \$4,100,000 issue of 5½% coupon Stewart Mountain power project bonds that was recently awarded (V. 127, p. 1415), is now being offered by the successful group, consisting of Harris, Forbes & Co. and Rutter & Co., both of New York; the Angle-Londen-Paris Co. of San Francisco; the First Securities Co. of Los Angeles, and the Valley Bank of Phoenix, for public subscription at prices from 99.46 to 97.15, according to maturity, to yield about 5.70%. Denom. \$1,000. Dated June 1 1928. Due from Oct. 1 1931 to June 1 1958 incl. Redeemable as a whole at any time after June 1 1938.

SAN ANGELO, Tom Green County, Tex.—BONDS REGISTERED.—On Sept. 6 G. N. Holton, State Comptroller, registered an issue of \$162,000 5% serial street improvement bonds.

SANDUSKY, Erie County, Ohio.—No BIDS.—No bids were submitted on Sept. 10 for the \$86,600 property's portion street improvement bonds scheduled to have been sold—V. 127. p. 991—The bonds are dated July 1 1928 and mature on Jan. 1 from 1930 to 1938, inclusive.

SAN JOSE, Santa Clara County, Calif.—ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—The \$275,000 issue of 4½% municipal improvement bonds that was jointly purchased by the American National Co. and Heller, Bruce & Co., both of San Francisco, at a price of 101.89—V. 127, p. 141—is due \$11,000 from July 1 1929 to 1953, incl., giving a basis of about 432%

SAYREVILLE, Middlesex County, N. J.—NO BIDS.—No bids were submitted for the \$31,000 4½% coupon or registered school bonds scheduled for sale on Sept. 11—V. 127, p. 1285. The bonds are dated Oct. 1 1928 and mature on Oct. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1929 to 1938 incl.; and \$1,000, 1939 mature on O to 1949 incl.

SEATTLE, King County, Wash.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until Oct. 19, by H. W. Carroll, City Comptroller, for the purchase of two issues of semi-annual bonds aggregating \$1,500,000 as follows: \$1,000,000 light extension bonds and \$500,000* water extension bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%.

(*These are the bonds reported for sale on Oct. 12—V. 127, p. 1418.)

SELMA, Dallas County, Ala—BOND SALE.—A \$52,000 issue of 6% improvement bonds was recently awarded to the Selma National Bank at a price of 102.75, a basis of about 5.41%. Dated June 1 1928 and due on June 1 as follows: \$5.000 from 1929 to 1937 and \$7,000 in 1938.

(This report corrects report of sale given in V. 127, p. 1418.)

SHELBY, Richland County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by Bert Fix, Director of Finance and Public Record, until 12 m. Sept. 29, for the purchase of an issue of \$20,000 5% improvement bonds. Dated Sept. 15 1928. Due \$2,000 Sept. 15 1930 to 1939 incl. A certified check payable to the order of the above-mentioned official for 5% of the bonds offered is required. The bonds were authorized by a 55% majority in Nov. 1927.

SHELBYVILLE, Shelby County, Ind.—NO BIDS.—The \$100,000 4% city hall building bonds offered on Sept. 4 (V. 127, p. 992) were not sold, as no bids were submitted. The bonds are dated July 1 1928 and mature as follows: \$2,000, July 1 1929; \$3,000, Jan. and July 1 1930 to 1945 incl., and \$2,000, Jan. 1 1946.

and \$2,000, Jan. 1 1940.

SOUTHAMPTON, Suffolk County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—
Benjamin G. Halsey, Town Supervisor, will receive sealed bids until 12
m. Sept. 26, for the purchase of an issue of \$70,000 5% County highway
bonds. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Denoms. \$1,000. Due \$7,000, April 1 1929
to 1938, inclusive. Prin. and interest payable at the First National Bank
of Bouthampton. A certified check for 10% of the bonds offered is required. Official advertisement of the scheduled sale of this issue appears
en the last page of this section.

SOUTH PASADENA CITY HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT, Los Angeles County, Calif.—BOND SALE.—The \$105,000 issue of 5% school building improvement bonds offered for sale on Sept. 4 (V. 127, p. 1285) was awarded to R. E. Campbell & Co. of Les Angeles for a premium of \$5,777, equal to 105.50, a basis of about 4.57%. Due from July 1 1935 to 1957 incl.

SPRINGFIELD, Clark County, Ohio.—CITY COMMISSION SANCTIONS \$4,750,000 BOND PROGRAM.—The City Commission on Sept. 4, according to the Springfield "Sun" of Sept. 5, approved the placing on the ballets at the November elections a bond program aggregating \$4,750,000 for public improvements. Of the total approved \$1,800,000 will be for hospital construction purposes. \$1,750,000 for sewerage improvements, \$300,000 for park and playground extensions and \$150,000 for flood prevention.

STARK COUNTY (P. O. Canton) Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—ealed bids will be received by Edith Coke, Clerk, Board of County Comissioners, until 10 a.m. Oct. 1, for the purchase of an issue of \$95,000 tuberculosis hospital bonds. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due serially on

Sept. 1, from 1929 to 1943 inclusive. Principal and interst payable at the office of the County Treasury. A certified check payable to the order of the Board of County Commissioners, for \$500 is required.

STEELTON, Dauphin County, Pa.—BOND SALE.—The \$10,000 4% coupon borough bonds offered on Sept. 10—V. 127, p. 1148—were awarded to the Steelton Bank & Trust Co., at par. No other bid submitted. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Due \$500, Oct. 1 1929 to 1949 inclusive.

STEUBEN COUNTY (P. O. Angola), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by Ella Fischer, County Treasurer, until 10 a. m. Sept. 26, for the purchase of an issue of \$11,600 4½% Clark Wheaton et al Pleasant Township road improvement bonds. The bonds are dated Aug. 6 1928 are in denoms. of \$580 and mature \$580 on May and Nov. 15, from 1929 to 1938, incl.

TAHOKA SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Tahoka), Lynn County, Tex.—BOND SALE.—A \$20,000 issue of 5% semi-annual school bonds has been purchased at par by the State Board of Education.

TANNERSVILLE, Greene County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—Percy E. Wilson, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 6 p. m. (day-light saving time) Sept. 26, for the purchase of an issue of \$20,000 5% coupon or registered paving bonds. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Denoms. \$1,000. Due \$2,000, Sept. 1 1929 to 1938 incl. Principal and int. payable at the Mountains National Bank, Tannersville. A certified check for 10% of the bonds offered is required. Legality to be approved by Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York City.

TARRANT, Jefferson County, Ala.—BOND SALE.—A \$270,000 issue of 6% public improvement bonds has been purchased by Steiner Bros. of Birmingham. Denom. \$1,000. Dated July 1 1928. Due \$27,000 from July 1 1929 to 1938 incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable at the Bank of America in New York City.

In New York City.

TENSAS PARISH ROAD DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. St. Joseph), La.

—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by George H. Clinton,
Secretary of the Police Jury, until 11 a. m. on Oct. 24 for the purchase of a
\$200,000 issue of 5% coupon road, highway and bridge bonds. Denom.
\$1,000. Dated Oct. 1 1928 and due on Oct. 1 as follows: \$1.000, 1929 to
1933: \$2.000, 1934 to 1941: \$3.000, 1942 to 1945; \$4.000, 1946 to 1948;
\$5,000, 1949 to 1951: \$6.000, 1952 to 1954: \$7.000, 1955 and 1956; \$8,000,
1957 to 1959: \$9.000, 1960 and 1961: \$10,000, 1962: \$11,000, 1963 to 1966,
and \$12,000, 1967. Prin. and int. (A. & O.) payable at the National City
Bank in N. Y. City. Legal approval will be furnished to purchaser. A
\$2,000 certified check, payable to the President of the Police Jury, must
accompany the bid.

accompany the bid.

TOPEKA, Shawnee County, Kans.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by F. W. Knapp. City Clerk, until 10 a. m. on Sept. 18 for the purchase of an issue of \$49,986.45 4½% internal improvement bonds. Denom. \$1,000 and one for \$986.45. Dated July 15 1928 and due on July 15 as follows: \$4,986.45 in 1929 and \$5,000 from 1930 to 1938 incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable at the office of the State Treasurer in Topeka. These bonds will be sold on the basis of immediate delivery at Topeka and subject to the approval of bond transcribt by attorney for the purchaser. A certified check for 2% of the bid is required.

Financial Statement.

Assessed Valuation Aug. 25 1927—

Total tangible.

\$85,640.869

Total intangible.

\$90,716.300

Donaed Indevedness	•	
Term Bonds—	When Due.	Amount.
A. T. & S. F. Ry. Co	. Jan. 131	\$59,000.00
Electric light extension	. Jan. 1 29	40,000.00
Refunding bonds (1910)	_ July 15 30	50,000.00
Shunganunga Creek	_ Mar. 1 30	4.101.00
Melan bridge extension	_ April 1 30	39,411.41
City crematory	_ April 1 30	17,700.00
Refunding electric light (1912)	Aug. 10 32	75,000.00
Water department bonds	June-Dec 1941	535,000 00
Total		\$820,212.41
Serial Bonds (including this issue)—		
Street and alley paving bonds		2,172,215.35

Street and alley paving bonds	2.172.215.35
Sewer bonds	314.831.25
Water main extension bonds	252,435,23
Special illuminating bonds	25,020.00
Biddle Creek drain bonds	25,400.00
Sewage disposal plant bonds	55,000.00
Melan bridge repair bonds	39.500.00
Fire Headquarters Station No. 2 bonds	78,000.00
Fire Stations Nos. 2 and 4 bonds	38.783.09
Branner St. viaduct bonds	63,000.00
Water refunding bonds	100,000.00
Water refunding bonds Remodeling city administration building	49.986.45
Fairchild St. pumping station	22,908.92
Total	2 227 081 10
Floating indebtedness temporary bond notes	168 827 52

 Total
 \$4,226,121.03

 Sinking Fund Assets—
 \$60,138.67

 General sinking fund
 200,687.65

TROY, Rensselaer County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—Thomas J. Halpin, City Comptroller, will receive seal d bids until 10 a. m. (daylight saving time), Sept. 17, for the purchas) of the following issues of 4½% coupon or registered bonds aggregating \$55,000: \$50,000 improvement and betterments of structures bonds. Due \$2,500, Aug. 1 from 1929 to 1948 incl.

15,000 traffic signal signs system bonds. Due \$1,500, Aug. 1 1929 to 1938 incl.

Dated Aug. 1 1928. A certified check payable to the order of the City for 2% of the bonds offered is required.

Financial Statement. Sept. 4 1928.

Population (1920 census), 72,013.

TRUMBULL COUNTY (P. O. Warren) Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—
David H. Thomas, Clerk, Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until 1 p. m. Sept. 21, for the pruchase of the following issues of 4½% bonds aggregating \$97,800:
\$38,500 West River road bonds. Due as follows: \$2,500, April and \$2,000, Oct. 1 1929; \$2,000, April and Oct. 1 1930 to 1937 incl., and \$1,000, April and Oct. 1 1938.

33,800 Newton Falls County Line road bonds. Due as follows: \$2,800, April 1, and \$2,000, Oct. 1 1929; \$2,000, April and Oct. 1 1930 to 1934 incl.: 2,000, April and \$1,000, Oct. 1 1935, and \$1,000, April and Oct. 1 1936 to 1938 incl.

25,500 Newton Falls Southington Smith road bonds. Due as follows: \$2,500, April and \$2,000, Oct. 1 1929; \$2,000, April and Oct. 1 1930; \$2,500, April and \$1,000, Oct. 1 1931, and \$1,000, April and Oct. 1 1932 to 1938 incl.

Dated Sept. 1 1928. Principal and interest payable at the office of the County Treasurer. A certified check of \$1,000 for each issue, payable to the order of Frank Musser, County Treasurer, is required.

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY (P. O. New Philadelphia) Ohio.—BOND

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY (P. O. New Philadelphia) Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by the Board of County Commissioners, until 1 p. m. Oct. 3, for the purchase of an issue of \$195,000 5% hospital improvement bonds. Dated Mar. 1 1928. Due as follows: \$6,000, March and \$7,000, Sept. 1 1929 to 1943 incl. A certified check payable to the order of the County Commissioners, for \$500 is required. Legality to be approved by Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland.

UNION TOWNSHIP (P. O. Union) Union County, N. J.—BOND OFFERING.—William V. Friberger, Township Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. Oct. 1, for the purchase of the following coupon or re-

gistered bonds issues aggregating \$119,000—no more bonds to be awarded than will produce a premium of \$1,000 over amount of each issue: \$83,000 assessment bonds. Due June 1, as follows: \$8,000, 1929 to 1933 incl.: \$10,000, 1934, and \$11,000, 1935 to 1937 incl.

36,000 public improvement bonds. Due \$4,000, June 1 1930 to 1938 incl. Dated June 1 1928. Denoms. \$1,000. Principal and interest payable in gold at the Union Center National Bank. Union Township. A certified check payable to the order of the Township for 2% of the bonds bid for is required. Legality to be approved by Reed, Hoyt & Washburn of New York.

required. Legality to be approved by Reed, Hoyt & Washburn of New York.

VANDERBURGH COUNTY (P. O. Evansville), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Sam B. Bell, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until
10 a.m. Oct. 15 for the purchase of an issue of \$77,000 4½% tuberculosis
hospital bonds. Dated Oct. 15 1928. Denoms. \$500. Due \$2,000,
July 1 1929; \$2,000, Jan. and July 1 1930 to 1946 incl.: \$2,000, Jan. 1 1947;
\$2,500, July 1 1947; and \$2,500, Jan. 1 1948. Prin. and int. payable
at the West Side Bank, Evansville. A certified check payable to the
order of the Board of County Commissioners, for 3% of the bonds offered
is required. Legality to be approved by Matson, Carter, Ross & McCord
of Indianapolis. of Indianapolis

VIRGINIA BEACH, Princess Anne County, Va.—BOND OFFERING.
—Sealed bids will be received until Sept. 24 by the Town Clerk for the purchase of a \$25,000 issue of street and water bonds.

VISALIA, Tulare County, Calif.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by Ida Markham, City Clerk, until 8 p. m. on Sept. 17 for the purchase of a \$50,000 issue of 5% improvement bonds. Denom. \$500. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due \$2.500 from Sept. 1 1929 to 1948 incl. Prin. and semi-annual int. is payable in gold at the office of the City Treasurer. A certified check for 5% of the bid, payable to the City Treasurer, is received.

WACO, McLennan County, Tex.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received until 7:30 p. m. on Oct. 2 by E. E. McAdams, City Manager, for the purchase of five issues of 4½% bonds aggregating \$400,000 as follows:

for the purchase of live issues of 4½% bonds aggregating \$400,000 as follows:
\$180,000 school improvement bonds. Due \$4,000, 1939 to 1948; \$6,000, 1949 to 1958 and \$8,000, 1959 to 1968, all incl.

110,000 street improvement bonds. Due \$3,000, 1934 to 1963 and \$4,000, 1964 to 1968, all incl.

50,000 airport bonds. Due \$3,000, 1954 to 1963 and \$4,000, 1964 to 1968, all incl.

30,000 drainage bonds. Due \$1,000, 1949 to 1958 and \$2,000, 1959 to 1968, all incl.

30,000 bridge bonds. Due \$1,000 from 1949 to 1958 and \$2,000, 1959 to 1968, all incl.

Denom. \$1,000. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Prin. and int. (A. & O.) payable at the U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co. in New York City. Approving opinion of Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York City will be furnished. A certified check for 2% par of the bonds, payable to the Mayor, must accompany the bid.

Financial Statement, as of July 31 1928.

Taxable Values:

Taxable Values:
Assessed values of real estate for the year 1927, as shown by the last approved assessment rolls
Assessed value of personal property for the year 1927 as shown by the last approved assessment rolls
13,939,480
Tax rate for the year 1927
Bonded Indebtedness:
Total bonded debt, this issue not included
5,034,000
Slinking Funds:
Gene 'al: Cash \$231,599
Securities 511,200 \$742,799
Water works:

Net bonded indebtedness \$3,950,547

 Total
 \$5,739,340.52

 Total bonded indebtedness
 \$14,873,000.00

 Less water bonds outstanding
 7,054,000.00
 \$7,819,000.00

Street Improvement bonds \$\frac{Amounts in Sinking Funds.}{\$114,108.62}\$\$\$ Sewerage bonds, 1923 \$\frac{72,000.00}{}{}\$\$} 186,108.62 \$7.632.891.38 Net bonded indebtedness_ Net bonded indebtedness \$7.
Statistics of the City of Waterbury. Population at Different

1880------20,270 1910-----73,141 1890______33,202 1919_____125,000 The Water Depart, is owned and operated by the Municipal Government and has a total storage capacity in excess of three billion gallons. The receipts from the Water Dept. have arisen from \$91,000 in 1896 to \$400,000 u 1922.

1900____51,139

wawayanda common school district no. 7 (P. O. New Hampton), Orange County, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by Herman 8. Sly. District Clerk, until 2 p. m. (daylight saving time) Sept. 21, for the purchase of an issue of \$15.000 4\frac{3}{4}\% coupon school bonds. Dated October 1 1928. Denom. \$1.000. Due \$1,000, Oct. 1 1929 to 1943 incl. Principal and interest payable at the Merchants National Bank, Middleton. A certified check payable to the order of Walter S. Miller, trustee, for 5\% of the bonds offered is required. Legality to be approved by Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York City.

WAYNE COUNTY (P. O. Goldsboro), N. C.—BOND OFFERING.— Sealed bids will be received by Dessie Grantham, Clerk of the County Court until 2 p. m. on Oct. 1 for two issues of bonds aggregating \$277,000, a follows:

follows: \$173,000 school building bonds. Due on Oct. 1 as fellows: \$5,000, 1931 to 1945; \$8,000 in 1946 and \$10,000 in 1947 to 1955, all inclusive. 104,000 school funding bonds. Due on Oct. 1 as follows: \$4,000, 1930; \$5,000, 1931 to 1934, and \$10,000, 1935 to 1942, all inclusive. Interest rate is not to exceed 5%. Coupon bonds, registerable as to principal. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Prin. and semi-annual int. payable in New York in gold. Above Clerk will furnish required bidding forms. Bids for less than par are not aceptable. A certified check for 2% of the par of the bid, payable to the Treasurer, is required. Legality to be approved by E. A. Humphrey of Goldsboro and Bruce Craven of Trinity.

Trinity.

Financial Statement.

Assessed valuation of taxable property, \$64.012,146.
Total debts: \$1,852,000, including the new bonds, \$277,000; \$650,000 in outstanding notes to be repaid by State Highway Commission; \$105,000 in notes to be paid from current tax revenues; \$49,000 in notes for roads and bridges; \$315,000 of outstanding funding bonds for roads and bridges; \$106,000 road bonds; \$157,000 bridge bonds; \$96,000 court house bonds, and \$97,000 school bonds.

Deductions allowed by law from the total are \$650,000 due by State Highway Commission; \$105,000 to be paid by current revenues, \$115,929 sinking funds. Total \$870,927.

Net debt, \$981,571. Net school debt, \$369,400.

WELLS COUNTY (P. O. Bluffton) Ind.—BOND OFFERING.— Sealed bids will be received by Ray E. Sawyer, County Treasurer, until 2:30 p. m., Oct. 4, for the purchase of an issue of \$26,000 bridge improve-ment bonds to bear interest at the rate of 4½% and mature serially in from

ment bonds to bear interest at the rate of 4½% and mature serially in from 1 to 15 years.

WEST BUNCOMBE SPECIAL SCHOOL TAXING DISTRICT (P. O. Asheville) Buncombe County, N. C.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by A. C. Reynolds, Superintendent of the Board of Public Instruction, until noon on Oct. 6 for the purchase of a \$50,000 issue of school bonds. Int. rate is not to exceed 6%, stated in a multiple of 4 of 1%. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Oct. 1 1928. Due \$2,000 from Oct. 1 1934 to 1958 incl. Prin. and semi-annual int. is payable at the Hanover National Bank in New York City. Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston will furnish legal approval. County will furnish required bidding forms. A \$1,000 certified check, payable to the County Treasurer, must accompany bid.

WEST HAVEN SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. West Haven). New

WEST HAVEN SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. West Haven), New Haven County, Conn.—BOND SALE.—The following issues of coupon bonds agregating \$600,000 offered on Sept. 11—V. 127, p. 1286—were awarded to a syndicate composed of R. L. Day & Co., Boston, Conning & Co., Hartford, and Edward F. Bradley & Co. of New Haven, at a premium of \$2.094 equal to 100,398 a basis of about 4.43%. \$350,000 4½% school building and funding bonds. Due Sept. 1, as follows: \$15,000, 1930 to 1949 incl.; and \$5,000, 1950 to 1959 incl. \$250,000 4½% school building and funding bonds. Due \$10,000, Sept. 1 1930-1954 incl. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Other bids were as follows:

Bidder—**

Price Bid

Bidder—

Roosevelt & Son. \$598.231
G. L. Austin & Co.; Gibson, Leefe & Co. and H. L. Allen & Co. 594.120

The successful bidders are now offered the bonds for investment priced to yield 4.50 to 4.20% according to maturity. According to the offering circular they are a legal investment for savings banks and trust funds in Connecticut. The assessed valuation in 1927, is reported as \$58.055.008 and the total debt including these bonds as \$1,559,000. Population estimated at 28,000.

WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT, San Joaquin County, Calif.—BOND SALE.—The \$10,000 issue of 5% semi-annual school bonds offered for sale on Sept. 4 (V. 127, p. 1286) was awarded to Weeden & Co. of San Francisco for a premium of \$59.15, equal to 100.5915, a basis of about 4.88%. Due from 1929 to 1938 incl. Other bids were: Dean Witter & Co., offering \$17 premium, and the Bank of Italy, \$15.

WHITE COUNTY (P. O. Monticello), Ind.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by W. R. Alkire, County Treasurer, until 10 a. m. Oct. 12 for the purchase of an issue of \$8,431.89 6% John Rayman et al. ditch improvement bends. Dated Sept. 5 1928. Due \$781.89 on Dec. 1 1929 and \$850 on Dec. 1 each year thereafter until all of the bonds are retired. Interest payable on June and Dec. 1.

WICHITA FALLS, Wichita County, Tex.—BOND OFFERING.— Sealed bids will be received by W. E. McBroom, City Clerk, until Oct. 8 for the purchase of a \$250.000 issue of refunding bonds. (These are the bonds voted on Aug. 27—V. 127, p. 1419.)

WILLOUGHBY, Lake County, Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by Arvilla Miller, Village Clerk, until 12 m. (Eastern standard time) Sept. 17, for the purchase of an issue of \$120,000 4¾ % coupon special assessment refunding bonds. Due \$6,000, April and Oct. 1 1929 to 1938, incl. Principal and interest payable at the office of the Cleveland Trust Co., Willoughby. Dated April 1 1928. A certified check payable to the order of the Village Treasurer, for 5% of the bonds offered, is required.

WOOD COUNTY (P.O. Bowling Green), Ohio.—BOND OFFERING.—C. O. Cummings, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 1 p. m. (Eastern standard time) Sept. 21, for the purchase of an issue of \$30,000 5% Perrysburg Township road improvement bonds. Dated Sept. 1 1928. Due \$3,000 on March and Sept. 1 1930 to 1934, incl. Principal and interest payable at the office of the County Treasurer. A certified check for \$1,000 is required.

WORLAND, Washakie County, Wyo.—BOND SALE.—The \$22,000 issue of 5% coupon water works extension bonds offered for sale on Sept. 5—V. 127, p. 1286—was awarded to the U.S. National Co. of Denver at a price of 100.310 (includes printing of bonds), a basis of about 4.98%. Due in 30 years and optional in 15 years. The Stockgrowers National Bank of Cheyenne bid 100.50 without printing.

WYANDOT COUNTY (P. O. Upper Sandusky), Ohio—BOND SALE.—The \$7,009.84 5% road improvement bonds offered on Sept. 8—V. 127, p. 1419—were awarded to the First Citizens Corp of Columbus, at a premium of \$30.81. The bonds are dated Sept. 1 1928 and mature Sept. 1, as follows: \$709.84, 1930; and \$700, 1931 to 1939 incl. Blanchet, Bowman & Wood offered a premium of \$11.84 for 6% bonds.

WYANDOTTE COUNTY (P. O. Kansas City), Kans.—BOND OFFER ING.—Sealed bids will be received by William Beggs, County Clerk, until 2 p. m. on Sept. 17 for \$41,591.39 at 4½% coupon special road bonds. Denom. \$1.000 and one for \$591.39. Dated July 1 1928 and due on July 1 as follows: \$3,591.39, 1929; \$3,000, 1930 to 1939, and \$2,000, 1940 to 1943, all incl. Prin. and int. (J. & J. 1) payable at the State Treasurer's office in Topeka. County will print bonds and furnish legal opinion of Bowersock, Fizzell & Rhodes of Topeka. Bids must be unconditional. A certified check for 2% of the bid, payable to the Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, is required.

BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received at the same time and place by the above Clerk for the purchase of a \$35,600 issue of 4½% coupon special road, Series A, bonds. Denom. \$1,000 and one for \$600. Dated July 1 1928 and due on July 1 as follows: \$2,600, 1929; \$3,000, 1930 to 1934, and \$2,000, 1935 to 1943, all incl. The same conditions apply on this issue as on the above issue.

YPSILANTI, Washtenaw County, Mich.—BOND SALE.—The \$16,—

YPSILANTI, Washtenaw County, Mich.—BOND SALE.—The \$16,-000 paving bonds offered on Sept. 5—V. 127, p. 1286—were awarded to the Ypsilanti Savings Bank, at a premium of \$80, equal to 100.50, a basis of about 4.41%. The bonds mature on Sept. 15, as follows: \$1,000, 1930 to 1932, incl.; \$2,000, 1933 and 1934, 1936 and 1937; and \$3,000, 1938.

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EAST WHITBY TOWNSHIP (P. O. Columbus), Ont.—BONDS NOT SOLD.—The \$70,000 school section bonds bearing interest at the rate of 4½%, offered on Sept. 4 (V. 127, p. 1149), were not sold, according to P. G. Purves, Township Clerk.

JOLIET, Que.—BOND SALE.—The \$50,000 improvement bonds bearing interest at the rate of 4½% offered on Sept. 12—V. 127, p. 1419—were awarded to L. G. Beaubien & Co. of Montreal, at a price of 93.61. Interest payable semi-annually.

The following is a list of the other bids submitted for the bonds:

Rate Bid. Rate Bid.** 05.27

Buder—
Versailles, Vidricaire & Boulais
Rene T. Lerclerc, Inc.
Credit Anglo Francaise.

ST. FELICIEN, Que.—BOND OFFERING.—Sealed bids will be received by J. H. Dumas, Secretary-Treasurer, until 7.30 p. m. Sept 24, for the purchase of an issue of \$47,000 5% improvement bonds Dated Nov 1 1928. Denom. \$500 and \$100. Due serially in 40 years. Payable at St. Felicien, Quebec and Chicoutimi.

ST. JOSEPH D'ALMA, Que.—NO BIDS.—No blds were submitted on Sept. 4, for the \$20,000 improvement bonds authorized to bear interest at the rate of 5%, according to A. G. Tremblay, Secretary-Treasurer.—V. 127, p. 1286.

V. 127, p. 1286.

SASKATCHEWAN SCHOOL DISTRICTS.—DEBENTURES SOLD AND AUTHORIZED.—The items below are taken from the Sept. 7 issue of the "Monetary Times" of Toronto:
Authorizations.—The following is a list of authorizations granted by the Local Government Board from Aug. 11 to 18:
School Districts: Baldwinton, \$4,500, not exceeding 7%, 15 years; Kelstern, \$1,000 and \$3,000, not exceeding 6% for both, 10 years; Lyndale, \$5,500, not exceeding 5%, 15 years; Rozilee, \$600, not exceeding 6%, 10 installments.
Sales.—The following is a list of debentures aggregating \$49,800, reported sold by the Local Government Board from Aug. 11 to 18 1928:
School Districts: Dakota, \$4,500, 5½%, 15 years, to C. C. Cross & Co.; Mayfair, \$1,000, 5½%, 10 years, to C. C. Cross & Co.; Hodgeville, \$8,000, 5½%, 15 years, to H. M. Turner & Co.; Elliott, \$3,500 5½%, 15 years, to H. M. Turner & Co.; Elliott, \$3,500 5½%, 10 years, to Waterman-Waterbury Mfg. Co.; Clear Ridge, \$1,800 5½%, 10 years, to Waterman-Waterbury Mfg. Co.; Plato, \$4,500, 5½%, 10 years, to J. H. Birkett & Co.

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NOTICE is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the Town Board of the Town of Southampton, Suffolk County, New York, at the office of the said board in the Town Hall in the Village of Southampton, said Town, at 12.00 o'clock noen on the 26th day of September, 1928, for the purchase of any or all of an issue of bonds of said Town of Southampton, in the amount of Seventy thousand dollars, (\$70,000), to be used for the construction of Southampton-Bridgehampton County Highway No. 1789 at a greater width than originally contemplated. The said issue will consist of seventy (70) bonds for one thousand dollars, (\$1,000.) each, dated the first day of October, 1928 and maturing in numerical order as follows:—Bonds numbered One (1) to seven (7) inclusive, on the first day of April, 1929, and thereafter seven (7) bonds on the first day of April in each and every year to and including the year 1938.

The said bonds will bear interest at the rate of five per centum (5%) per annum, payable April and October first in each year and said bonds will be payable as to principal and interest at the First National Bank of Southampton at Southampton, N. Y.

All bids must be in writing, sealed and the

First National Bank of Southampton at Southampton, N. Y.

All bids must be in writing, sealed and the number of bonds bidder will purchase, stated and must be accompanied by a certified check for ten per centum (10%) of the amount of the bid.

No bonds will be sold for less than par. Interest will be charged the purchaser from the first day of October, 1928 to the date of delivery. Purchaser will be credited with any interest received by the Town upon the amount deposited with the bid, from the date the bid is accepted to the date of delivery.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids and to thereafter at the same time and place sell said bonds at public auction.

Dated September 14th, 1928.

BENJAMIN G. HALSEY,

Supervisor of the Town of Southampton, N. Y.

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